

# PQ05SZ5/51/5T/5U Series

## PQ05SZ1/11/1T/1U Series

Low Power-Loss Voltage Regulators  
With Reverse Voltage Protection Function

### ■ General Description

The Sharp's PQ05SZ5/PQ05SZ1 series surface mount type low power-loss voltage regulators provide 1A output and employ a miniature, high-efficiency heat radiation package. They are multi-function regulators with a overcurrent protection function and a function to prevent reverse voltage between input and output, which are best suited to small equipment and portable equipment.

### ■ Features

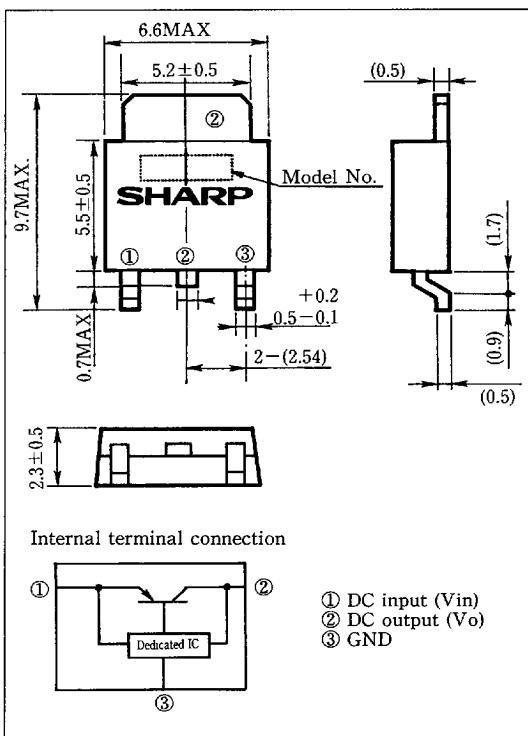
- (1) Low power-loss (voltage difference between input and output : MAX. 0.5V)
- (2) Surface mount type package (Equivalent to SC-63)
- (3) With a function to prevent reverse voltage between input and output  
The diode to prevent reverse voltage between input and output is not necessary.  
(When  $V_{o-1} \leq 13V$ )
- (4) 0.5A output (PQ05SZ5 series), 1A output (PQ05SZ1 series)  
Standard precision output ( $\pm 5\%$ ) mode and high-precision output model ( $\pm 2.5\%$ ) are also available.
- (5) Tape-packaged type (PQ05SZ1T / PQ05SZ1U / PQ05SZ5T / PQ05SZ5U) is also available.

### ■ Model Line-ups

	5V output	9V output	12V output
Output voltage precision: $\pm 5\%$	PQ05SZ5	PQ09SZ5	PQ12SZ5
Output voltage precision: $\pm 2.5\%$	PQ05SZ51	PQ09SZ51	PQ12SZ51
Output voltage precision: $\pm 5\%$	PQ05SZ1	PQ09SZ1	PQ12SZ1
Output voltage precision: $\pm 2.5\%$	PQ05SZ11	PQ09SZ11	PQ12SZ11

### ■ Outline Dimensions

(Unit : mm)



### ■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

(Ta=25°C, xx=05, 09, 12)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Rating		Unit
			PQxxSZ5/51	PQxxSZ1/11	
Input voltage	V <sub>in</sub>	*1	24		V
Input-output reverse voltage	V <sub>o-1</sub>	*2	13		V
Output current	I <sub>o</sub>		0.5	1.0	A
Power dissipation	Pd	*3	8		W
Junction temperature	T <sub>j</sub>	*4	150		°C
Operating temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>		-20 to + 80		°C
Storage temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>		-40 to +150		°C
Soldering temperature	T <sub>sot</sub>	For 10s	260		°C

\*1 All are open except GND and applicable terminals.

\*2 V<sub>o</sub> terminal applicable voltage from external : V<sub>o</sub> (characteristics value) to 24V.

\*3 With infinite heat sink

\*4 Over heat protection operates at T<sub>j</sub>>125°C**SHARP**

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## ■ Electrical Characteristics

(T<sub>j</sub>=25°C, xx=05, 09, 12)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Output voltage	V <sub>o</sub>	V <sub>in</sub> =7V	*5	4.75	5.0	5.25	V
		V <sub>in</sub> =11V		8.55	9.0	9.45	
		V <sub>in</sub> =14V		11.4	12.0	12.6	
		V <sub>in</sub> =7V		4.88	5.0	5.12	
		V <sub>in</sub> =11V		8.78	9.0	9.22	
		V <sub>in</sub> =14V		11.7	12.0	12.3	
Load regulation	R <sub>egL</sub>	*6		—	0.2	2.0	%
Line regulation	R <sub>egI</sub>	I <sub>o</sub> =5mA, *7		—	0.1	2.5	%
Temperature coefficient of output voltage	T <sub>c</sub> V <sub>o</sub>	I <sub>o</sub> =5mA, T <sub>j</sub> =0 to 125°C, *8		—	±0.01	—	%/°C
Ripple rejection	RR	Refer to Fig. 2		45	60	—	dB
Dropout Voltage	PQxxSZ1/11	V <sub>1-o</sub>	Io=0.5A Io=0.3A	—	0.2	0.5	V
	PQxxSZ5/51			—	—	—	—
Quiescent current	I <sub>q</sub>	I <sub>o</sub> =0A, *7		—	4.0	10.0	mA

\*5 PQxxSZ1/11 Series : I<sub>o</sub>=0.5A  
PQxxSZ5/51 Series : I<sub>o</sub>=0.3A

\*6 PQ05SZ1/11 : V<sub>in</sub>=7V, I<sub>o</sub>=5mA to 1.0A

PQ05SZ5/51 : V<sub>in</sub>=7V, I<sub>o</sub>=5mA to 0.5A

PQ09SZ1/11 : V<sub>in</sub>=11V, I<sub>o</sub>=5mA to 1.0A

PQ09SZ5/51 : V<sub>in</sub>=11V, I<sub>o</sub>=5mA to 0.5A

PQ12SZ1/11 : V<sub>in</sub>=14V, I<sub>o</sub>=5mA to 1.0A

PQ12SZ5/51 : V<sub>in</sub>=14V, I<sub>o</sub>=5mA to 0.5A

\*7 PQ05SZ1/11/5/51 : V<sub>in</sub>=6 to 16V

PQ05SZ5/51 : V<sub>in</sub>=7V, I<sub>o</sub>=5mA to 0.5A

PQ09SZ1/11/5/51 : V<sub>in</sub>=10 to 20V

PQ09SZ5/51 : V<sub>in</sub>=11V, I<sub>o</sub>=5mA to 0.5A

PQ12SZ1/11/5/51 : V<sub>in</sub>=13 to 23V

PQ12SZ5/51 : V<sub>in</sub>=14V, I<sub>o</sub>=5mA to 0.5A

\*8 PQ05SZ1/11/5/51 : V<sub>in</sub>=7V

PQ09SZ1/11/5/51 : V<sub>in</sub>=11V

PQ12SZ1/11/5/51 : V<sub>in</sub>=14V

\*9 Input voltage shall be the value when output voltage is 95% in comparison with the initial value.

Fig. 1 Test Circuit

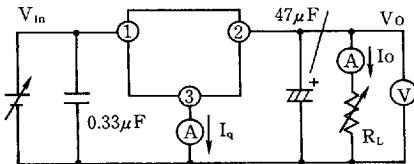
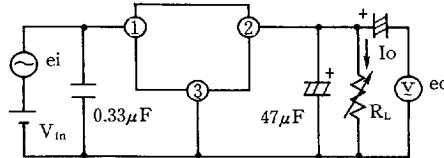


Fig. 2 Test Circuit of Ripple Rejection



$$f = 120 \text{ Hz} (\text{sine wave})$$

$$e_i = 0.5 \text{ Vrms}$$

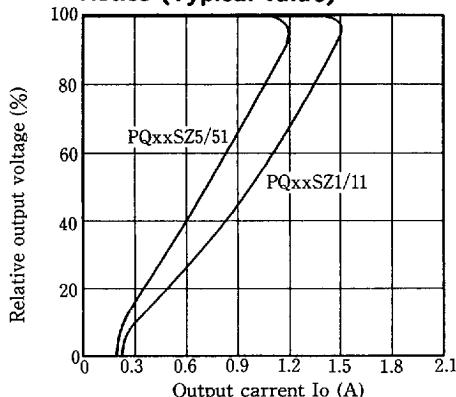
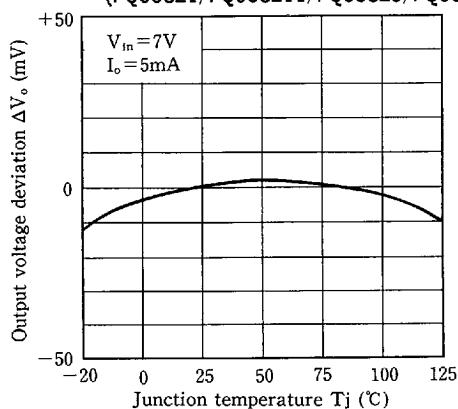
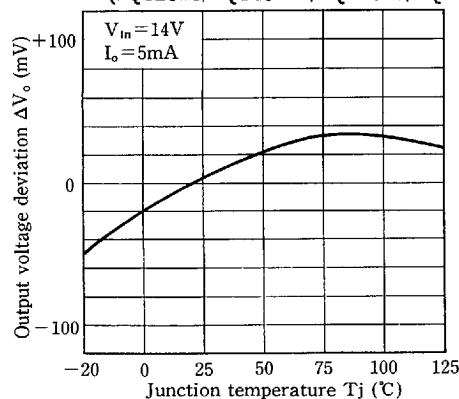
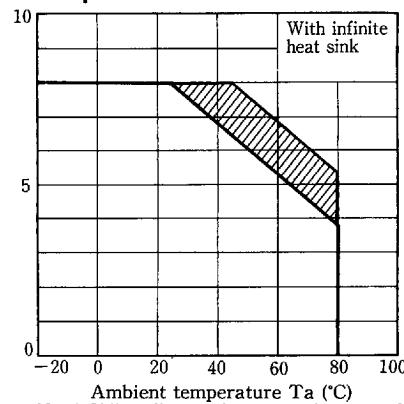
$$V_{in} = 7V (\text{PQ05SZ1/11/5/51})$$

$$V_{in} = 11V (\text{PQ09SZ1/11/5/51})$$

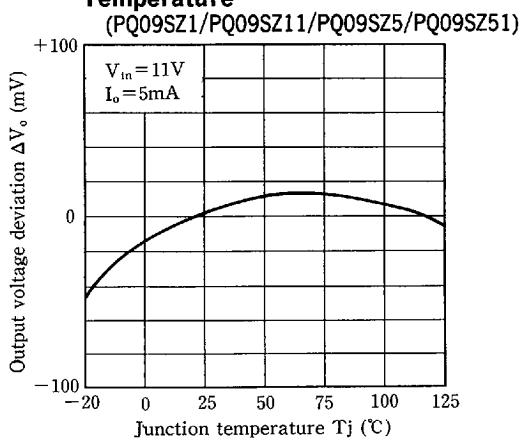
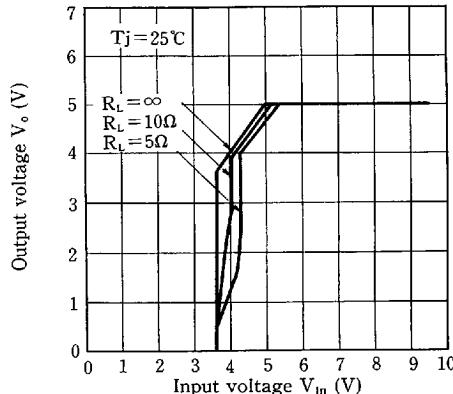
$$V_{in} = 14V (\text{PQ12SZ1/11/5/51})$$

$$I_o = 0.3A$$

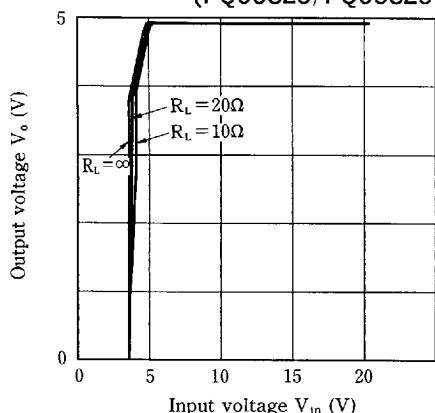
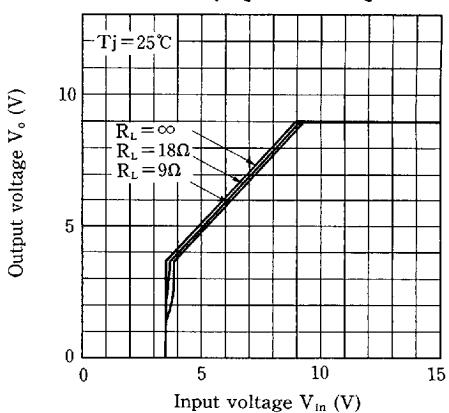
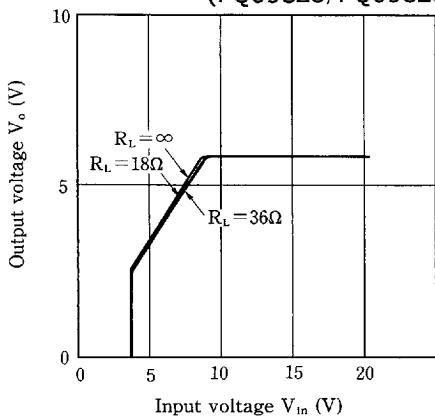
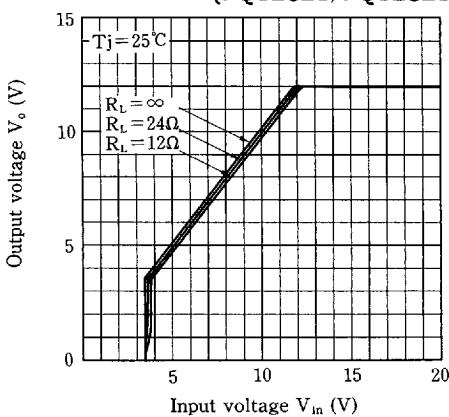
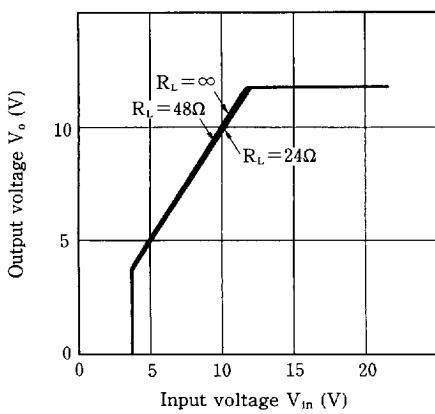
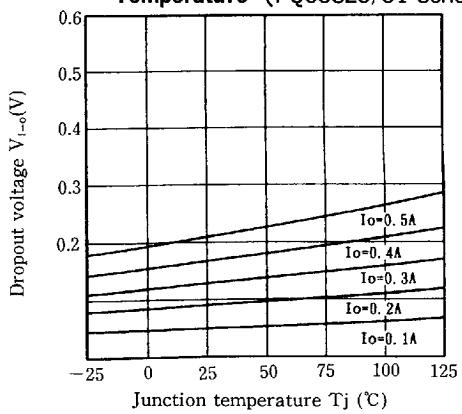
$$RR = 20 \log(ei/e_o)$$

**Fig. 3 Overcurrent Protection Characteristics (Typical value)****Fig. 5 Output Voltage Deviation vs. Junction Temperature (PQ05SZ1/PQ05SZ11/PQ05SZ5/PQ05SZ51)****Fig. 7 Output Voltage Deviation vs. Junction Temperature (PQ12SZ1/PQ12SZ11/PQ12SZ5/PQ12SZ51)****Fig. 4 Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature**

Note) Oblique line portion : operating area of overheat protection

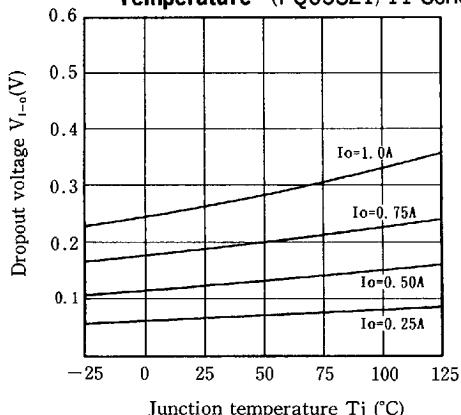
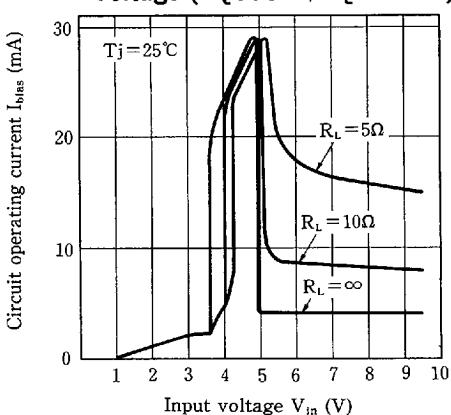
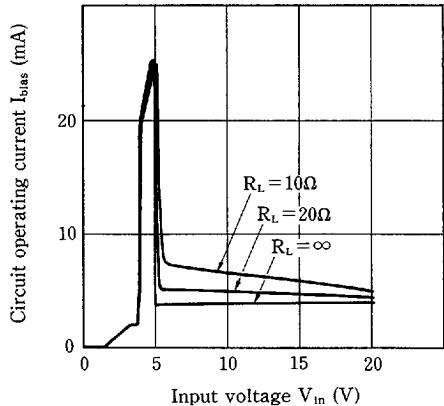
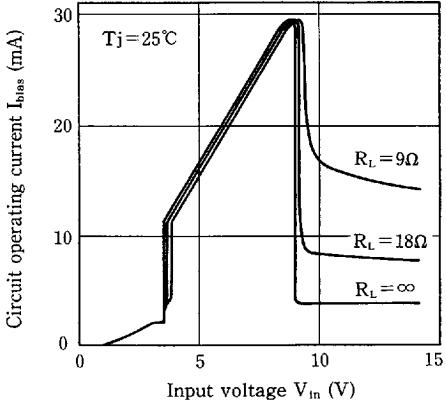
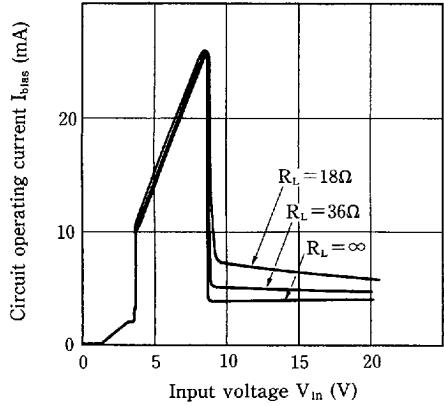
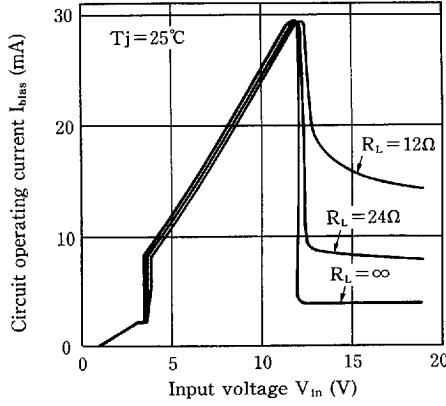
**Fig. 6 Output Voltage Deviation vs. Junction Temperature****Fig. 8 Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage (PQ05SZ1/PQ05SZ11)**

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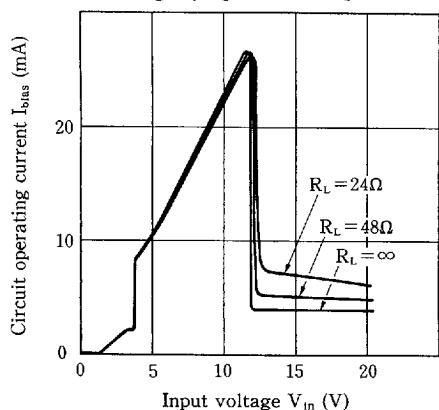
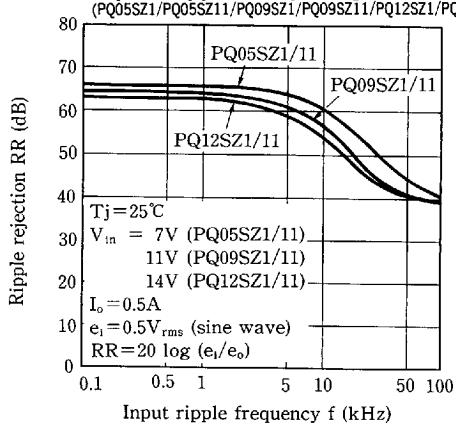
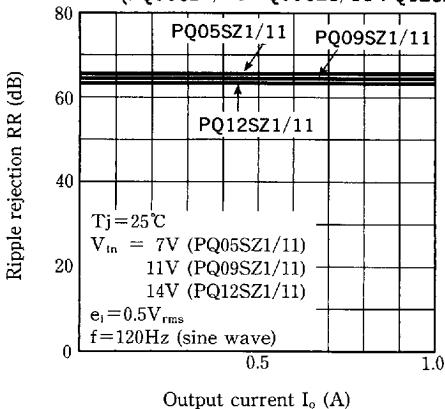
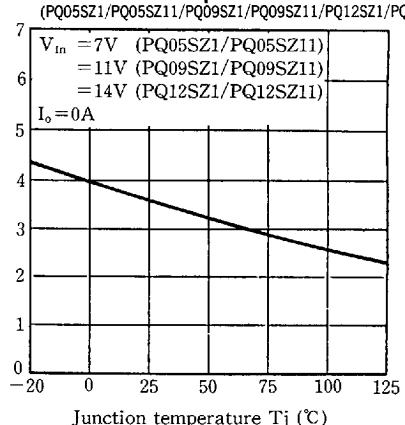
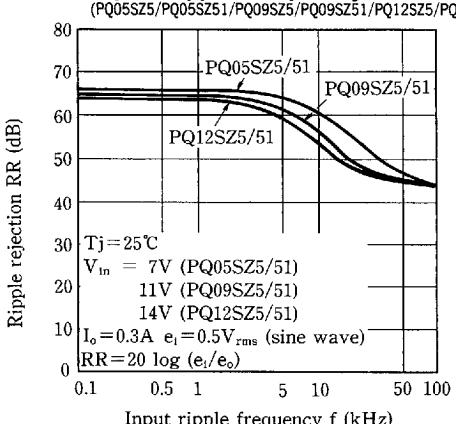
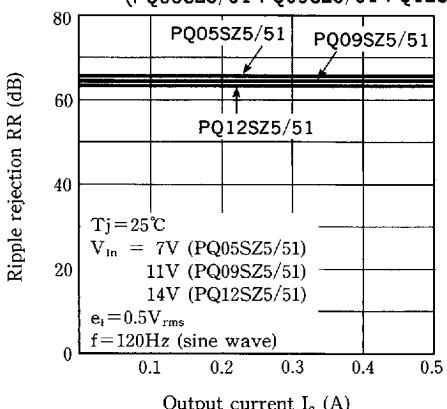
**Fig. 9 Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage (PQ05SZ5/PQ05SZ51)****Fig. 10 Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage (PQ09SZ1/PQ09SZ11)****Fig. 11 Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage (PQ09SZ5/PQ09SZ51)****Fig. 12 Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage (PQ12SZ1/PQ12SZ11)****Fig. 13 Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage (PQ12SZ5/PQ12SZ51)****Fig. 14-a Dropout Voltage vs. Junction Temperature (PQ05SZ5/51 Series)**

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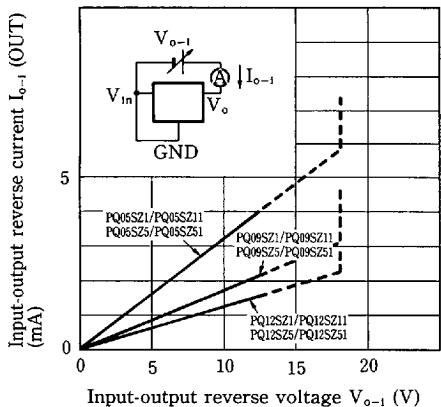
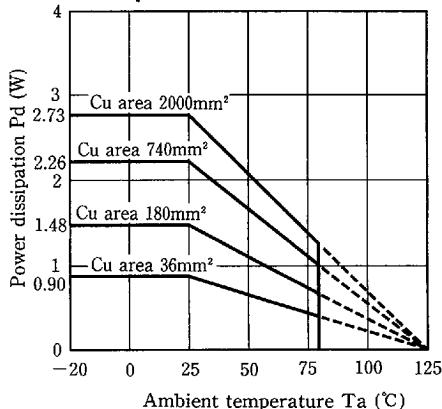
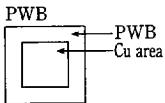
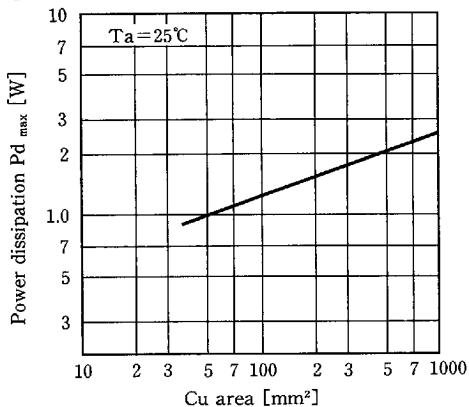
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**Fig. 14-b Dropout Voltage vs. Junction Temperature (PQ05SZ1/11 Series)****Fig. 15 Circuit Operating Current vs. Input Voltage (PQ05SZ1/PQ05SZ11)****Fig. 16 Circuit Operating Current vs. Input Voltage (PQ05SZ5/PQ05SZ51)****Fig. 17 Circuit Operating Current vs. Input Voltage (PQ09SZ1/PQ09SZ11)****Fig. 18 Circuit Operating Current vs. Input Voltage (PQ09SZ5/PQ09SZ51)****Fig. 19 Circuit Operating Current vs. Input Voltage (PQ12SZ1/PQ12SZ11)**

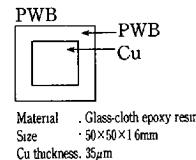
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**Fig. 20 Circuit Operating Current vs. Input Voltage (PQ12SZ5/PQ12SZ51)****Fig. 22 Ripple Rejection vs. Input Ripple Frequency (PQ05SZ1/PQ05SZ11/PQ09SZ1/PQ09SZ11/PQ12SZ1/PQ12SZ11)****Fig. 24 Ripple Rejection vs. Output Current (PQ05SZ1/11 PQ09SZ1/11 PQ12SZ1/11)****Fig. 21 Quiescent Current vs. Junction Temperature****Fig. 23 Ripple Rejection vs. Input Ripple Frequency (PQ05SZ/PQ05SZ51/PQ09SZ5/PQ09SZ51/PQ12SZ5/PQ12SZ51)****Fig. 25 Ripple Rejection vs. Output Current (PQ05SZ5/51 PQ09SZ5/51 PQ12SZ5/51)****SHARP**

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**Fig. 26 Input-Output Reverse Current vs. Input-Output Reverse Voltage****Fig. 27 Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature****Fig. 28 Power Dissipation vs. Cu Area**

Material . Glass cloth epoxy resin  
Size . 50×50×1.6mm<sup>3</sup>  
Cu thickness: 35μm



Material . Glass cloth epoxy resin  
Size . 50×50×1.6mm<sup>3</sup>  
Cu thickness: 35μm

## ■ Taping Specifications

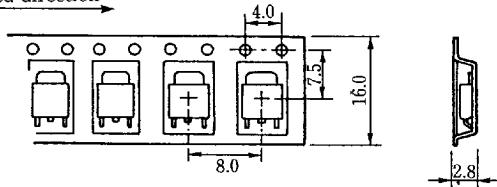
### Model Line-ups

	Sleeve-packaged products		Tape-packaged products	
	Standard type	High-precision output type	Standard type	High precision output type
1A output	PQ05SZ1 Series	PQ05SZ11 Series	PQ05SZ1T Series	PQ05SZ1U Series
0.5A output	PQ05SZ5 Series	PQ05SZ51 Series	PQ05SZ5T Series	PQ05SZ5U Series

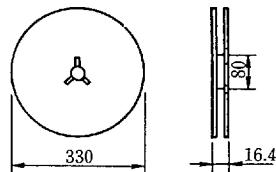
Note) The value of absolute maximum ratings and electrical characteristics is same as ones of sleeve-packaged products.  
(PQ05SZ1/11/5/51 Series)

Package form : 3,000pcs./reel ( $\phi$ 330 reel)

Tape feed direction



(Unit; mm)



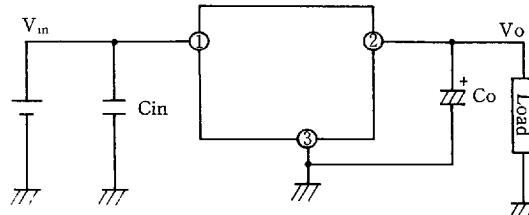
• Material for tape: polystyrene

Equivalent to EIAJ standard (RC-1009B)  
EIAJ RC-1009B-TE1608L

Equivalent to EIAJ standard (RC-1009B)  
EIAJ RC-1009B-R33

\* As for detailed specification, refer to each specification sheet.

## ■ Precautions for Use



- (1) The connecting wiring of Co and Cin to terminals and connecting wiring to fin must be as short as possible. Especially, it is recommended to use the tantalum capacitor as Co if it is used at low temperature.
- (2) If voltage is applied when the mounting is improper, such as deviation of element pin, the characteristics deterioration and damage may occur. Never allow improper mounting.

### Note:

Specifications may be changed partially without notice for its improvement.

### Cares when handling:

Follow the requirements stated in the specification and data book.