

Ultra Fast USB 2.0 Multi-Format Flash Media Controller

PRODUCT FEATURES

Datasheet

General Description

The SMSC USB2240/USB2241 is a USB 2.0 compliant, high speed Mass Storage Class Peripheral Controller intended for reading and writing to more than 20 popular flash media formats from the xD Picture Card[™] (xD)¹, Memory Stick[™] (MS), Secure Digital (SD), and MultiMediaCard[™] (MMC) families.

The SMSC USB2240/USB2241 is a fully integrated, single chip solution capable of ultra high performance operation. Average sustained transfer rates exceeding 35MB/s are possible if the media and host can support those rates.

General Features

- 36-pin QFN lead-free RoHS compliant package
- Targeted for applications in which single or "combo" media sockets are used
- Hardware-controlled data flow architecture for all self-mapped media
- Pipelined hardware support for access to non-self-mapped media

Hardware Features

- Single Chip Flash Media Controller with multiplexed interface for use with "combo" card sockets
 - Memory Stick Specification 1.43
 - Memory Stick Pro Format Specification 1.02
 - Memory Stick Pro-HG Duo Format Specification 1.01
 - Memory Stick, MS Duo, HS-MS, MS Pro-HG, MS Pro
 - xD Picture Card 1.2
 - Secure Digital 2.0
 - HS-SD, HC-SD, TransFlash[™] and reduced form factor media
 - MultiMediaCard Specification 4.2
 - 1/4/8 bit MMC
- SDIO and MMC Streaming Mode support
- Extended configuration options
 - xD player mode operation
 - Socket switch polarities, etc.
- Media Activity LED
- GPIO configuration and polarity
 - Up to 8 GPIOs for special function use: LED indicators, power control to memory devices, etc. The number of actual GPIO's depends on the implementation configuration used.
 - One GPIO with up to 200 mA drive.
- On Board 24MHz Crystal Driver Circuit
- Optional external 24MHz clock input

- Internal Card Power FET
 - 200mA
 - "Fold-back" short circuit current protected
- 8051 8-bit microprocessor
 - 60MHz - single cycle execution
 - 64KB ROM; 14KB RAM
- Internal Regulator for 1.8V core operation
- Optimized pinout improves signal routing, easing implementation and allowing for improved signal integrity.

Mask Programmable Features

- VID/PID/Language ID
- 28-character Manufacturer ID and Product string
- 12-hex digit (max) Serial Number string
- Customizable Vendor specific data LED blink interval or duration

Software Features

- Optimized for low latency interrupt handling
- Reduced memory footprint
- Please see the USB2240/USB2241 Software Release Notes for additional Software Features

Applications

- Flash Media Card Reader/Writer
- Printers
- Desktop and Mobile PCs
- Consumer A/V
- Media Players/Viewers
- Vista ReadyBoost[™]
- Compatible with Microsoft Vista, Windows XP, Windows ME, Windows 2K SP4, Apple OSx, and Linux Mass Storage Class Drivers

1.) xD Picture Card not applicable to USB2241

ORDER NUMBER:**USB2240/USB2241-AEZG-XX for 36 pin, QFN Lead-Free RoHS Compliant Package**

**“XX” in the order number indicates the internal ROM firmware revision level.
Please contact your SMSC sales representative for more information.**



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Chapter 1 Acronyms

- SD:** Secure Digital
SDC: Secure Digital Controller
MMC: MultiMediaCard
MS: Memory Stick
MSC: Memory Stick Controller
xD: xD Picture Card

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Chapter 2 Block Diagram

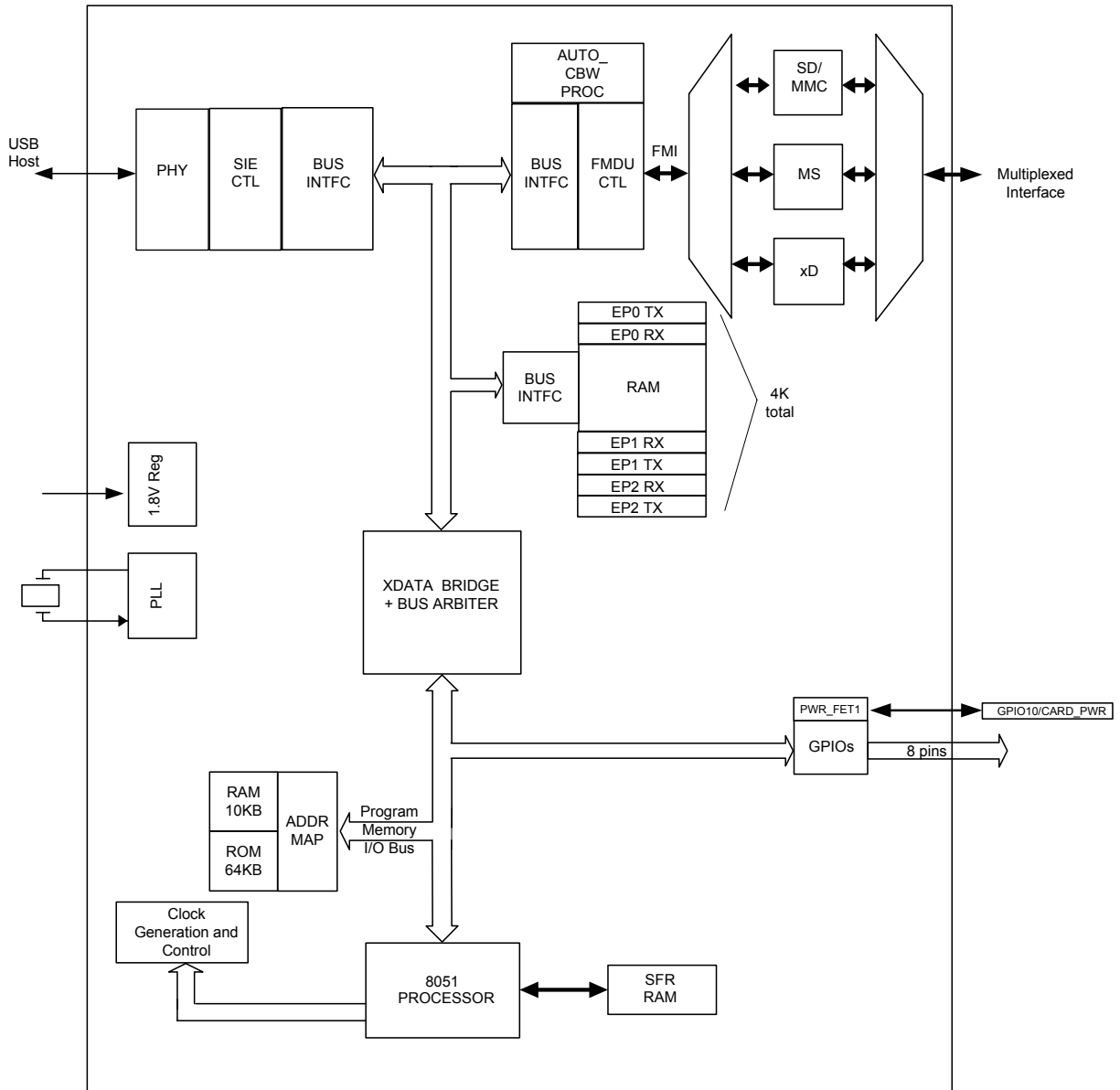
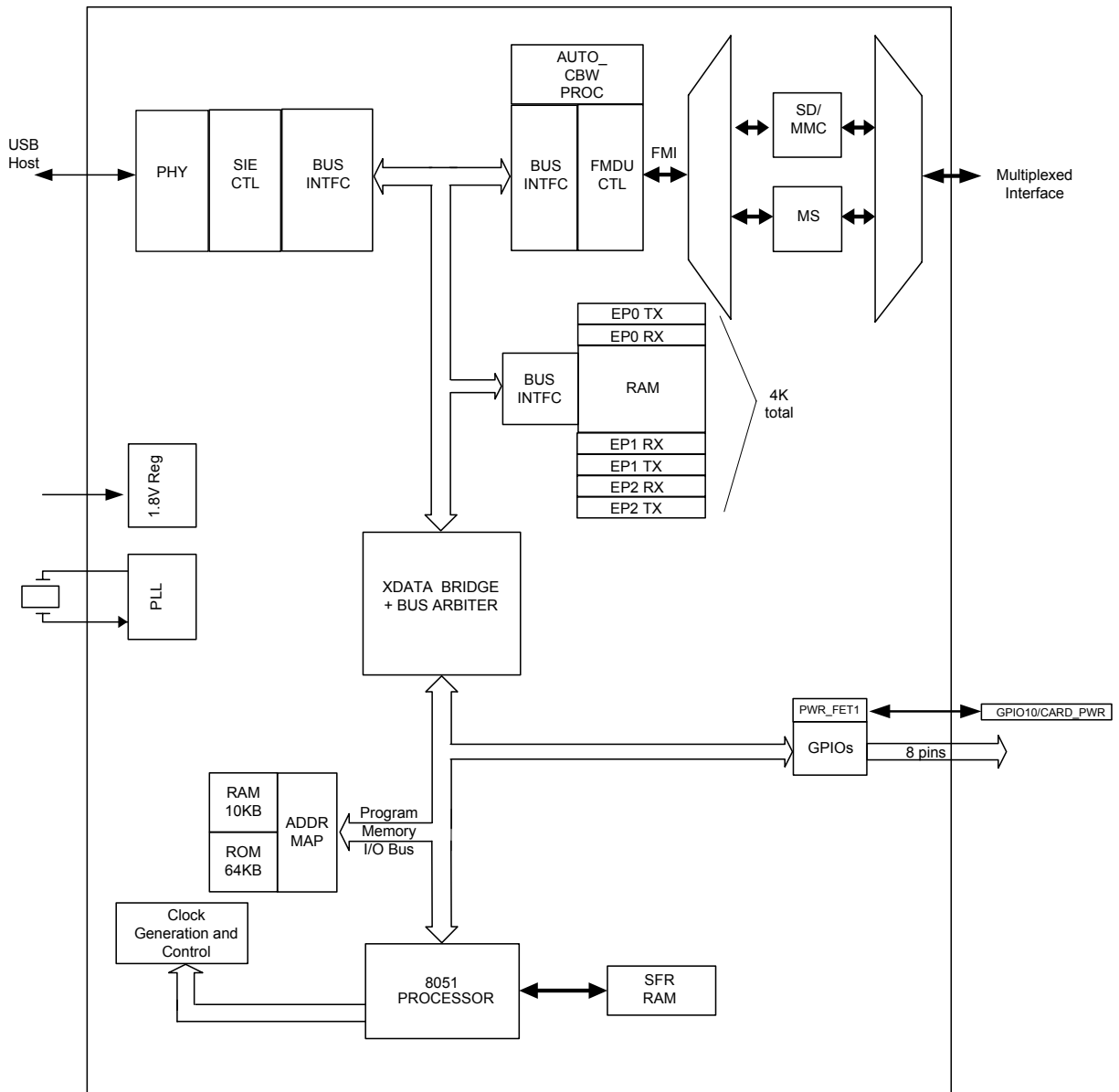


Figure 2.1 USB2240 Block Diagram


Figure 2.2 USB2241 Block Diagram

Chapter 3 Pin Table

3.1 36-Pin Package xD/SD/MS Interfaces Multiplexed

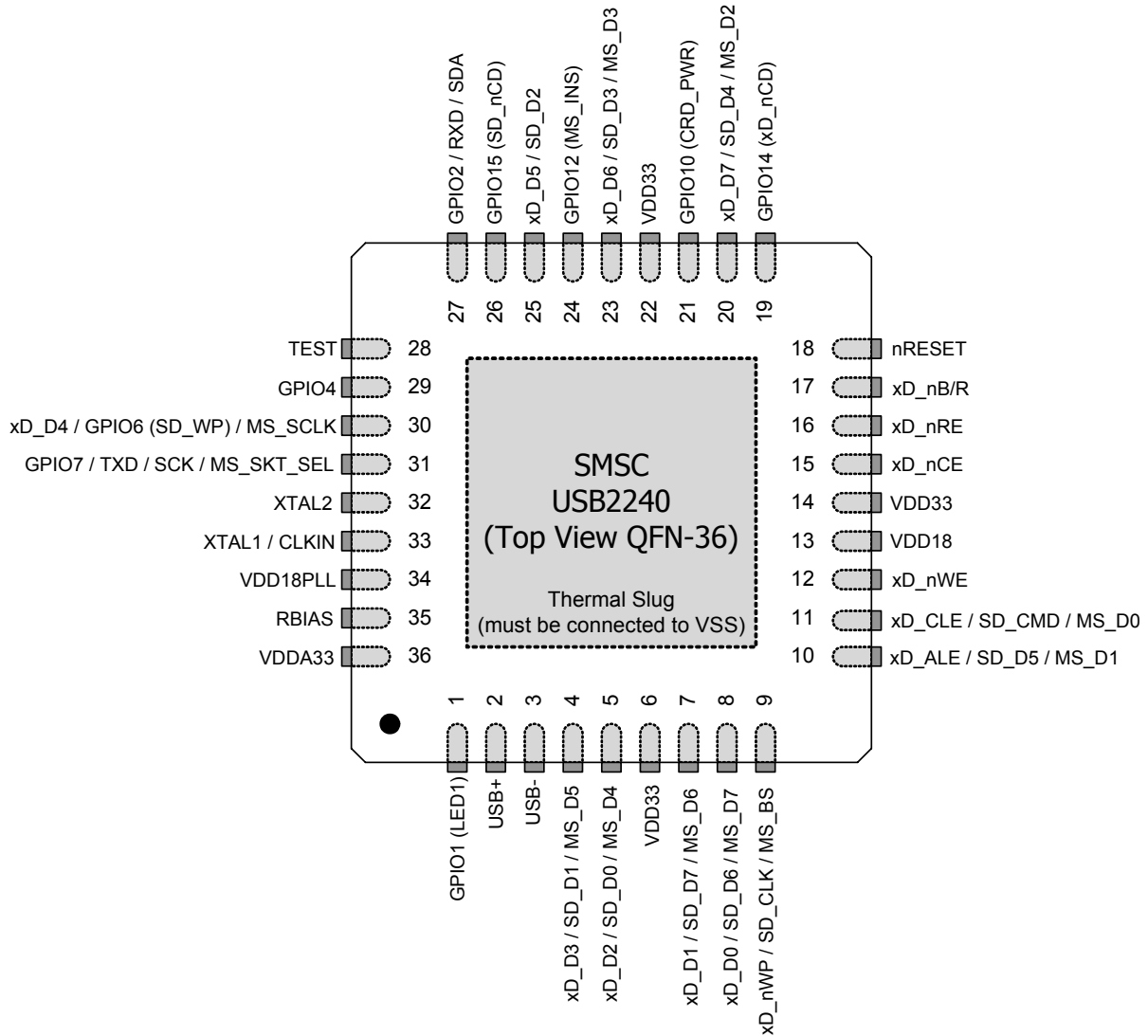
Table 3.1 USB2240 36-Pin QFN Package

xD/MS/SD INTERFACE (18 PINS)			
xD_D3 / SD_D1 / MS_D5	xD_D2 / SD_D0 / MS_D4	xD_D1 / SD_D7 / MS_D6	xD_D0 / SD_D6 / MS_D7
xD_nWP / SD_CLK / MS_BS	xD_ALE / SD_D5 / MS_D1	xD_CLE / SD_CMD / MS_D0	xD_D7 / SD_D4 / MS_D2
xD_D6 / SD_D3 / MS_D3	xD_D5 / SD_D2	xD_nRE	xD_nWE
xD_D4 / GPIO6 (SD_WP) / MS_SCLK	xD_nB/R	xD_nCE	GPIO12 (MS_INS)
GPIO14 (xD_nCD)	GPIO15 (SD_nCD)		
USB INTERFACE (7 PINS)			
USB+	USB-	RBIAS	VDDA33
VDD18PLL	XTAL1 (CLKIN)	XTAL2	
MISC (7 Pins)			
nRESET	GPIO2 / RXD / SDA	GPIO4	GPIO7 / TXD / SCK / MS_SKT_SEL
TEST	GPIO1 (LED1)	GPIO10 (CRD_PWR)	
DIGITAL, POWER (4 PINS)			
(3) VDD33	(1) VDD18		
TOTAL 36			

Table 3.2 USB2241 36-Pin QFN Package

MS/SD INTERFACE (14 PINS)			
SD_D1 / MS_D5	SD_D0 / MS_D4	SD_D7 / MS_D6	SD_D6 / MS_D7
SD_CLK / MS_BS	SD_D5 / MS_D1	SD_CMD / MS_D0	SD_D4 / MS_D2
SD_D3 / MS_D3	SD_D2	GPIO6 (SD_WP) / MS_SCLK	GPIO12 (MS_INS)
GPIO14	GPIO15 (SD_nCD)		
USB INTERFACE (7 PINS)			
USB+	USB-	RBIAS	VDDA33
VDD18PLL	XTAL1 (CLKIN)	XTAL2	
MISC (11 Pins)			
nRESET	GPIO2 / RXD / SDA	GPIO4	GPIO7 / TXD / SCK / MS_SKT_SEL
TEST	GPIO1 (LED1)	GPIO10 (CRD_PWR)	(4) NC
DIGITAL, POWER (4 PINS)			
(3) VDD33	(1) VDD18		
TOTAL 36			

Chapter 4 Pin Configuration




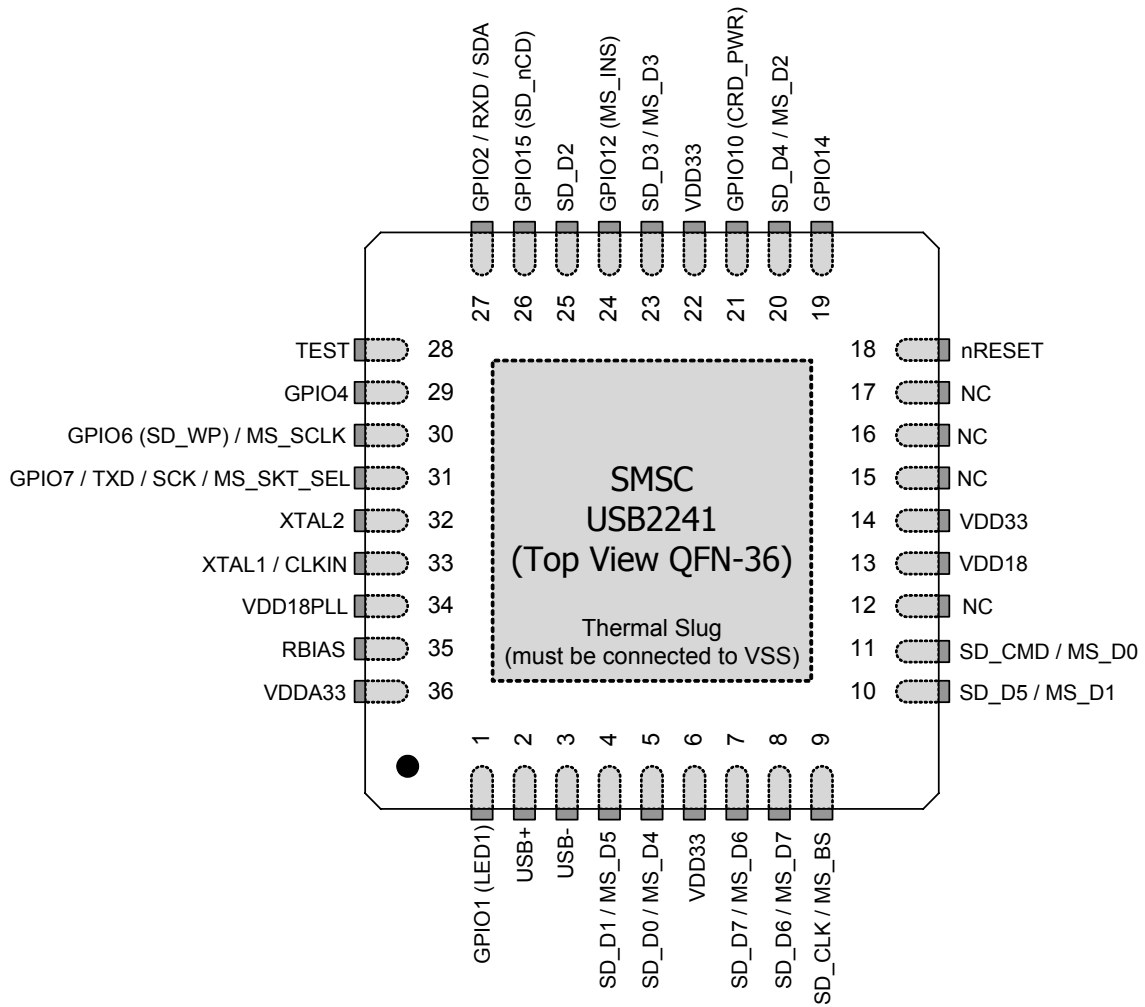
 Indicates pins on the bottom of the device.

Figure 4.1 USB2240 36-Pin QFN Diagram




 Indicates pins on the bottom of the device.

Figure 4.2 USB2241 36-Pin QFN Diagram

Chapter 5 Pin Descriptions

This section provides a detailed description of each signal. The signals are arranged in functional groups according to their associated interface.

The “n” symbol in the signal name indicates that the active, or asserted, state occurs when the signal is at a low voltage level. When “n” is not present before the signal name, the signal is asserted at the high voltage level.

The terms assertion and negation are used exclusively. This is done to avoid confusion when working with a mixture of “active low” and “active high” signals. The term assert, or assertion, indicates that a signal is active, independent of whether that level is represented by a high or low voltage. The term negate, or negation, indicates that a signal is inactive.

5.1 Pin Descriptions

Table 5.1 USB2240/USB2241 36-Pin QFN Pin Descriptions

NAME	SYMBOL	36-PIN QFN	BUFFER TYPE	DESCRIPTION
xD INTERFACE (APPLIES ONLY TO USB2240)				
xD Data	xD_D[7:0]	20 23 25 30 4 5 7 8	I/O12PD	The bi-directional data signal has an internal weak pull-down resistor.
xD Write Protect	xD_nWP	9	O12PD	This pin is an active low write protect signal for the xD device. This pin has a weak pull-down resistor that is permanently enabled.
xD Address Strobe	xD_ALE	10	O12PD	This pin is an active high Address Latch Enable signal for the xD device. This pin has a weak pull-down resistor that is permanently enabled.
xD Command Strobe	xD_CLE	11	O12PD	This pin is an active high Command Latch Enable signal for the xD device. This pin has a weak pull-down resistor that is permanently enabled.
xD Read Enable	xD_nRE	16	O12PU	This pin is an active low read strobe signal for xD device. When using the internal FET, this pin has an internal weak pull-up resistor that is tied to the output of the internal Power FET, and is controlled by the SM_PU bit of the SM_CTL register. If an external FET is used (Internal FET is disabled), then the internal pull-up is not available (external pull-ups must be used).

Table 5.1 USB2240/USB2241 36-Pin QFN Pin Descriptions (continued)

NAME	SYMBOL	36-PIN QFN	BUFFER TYPE	DESCRIPTION
xD Write Enable	xD_nWE	12	O12PU	<p>This pin is an active low write strobe signal for xD device.</p> <p>When using the internal FET, this pin has an internal weak pull-up resistor that is tied to the output of the internal Power FET, and is controlled by the SM_PU bit of the SM_CTL register.</p> <p>If an external FET is used (Internal FET is disabled), then the internal pull-up is not available (external pull-ups must be used).</p>
xD Busy or Data Ready	xD_nB/R	17	IPU	<p>This pin is connected to the BSY/RDY pin of the xD device.</p> <p>When using the internal FET, this pin has an internal weak pull-up resistor that is tied to the output of the internal Power FET, and is controlled by the SM_PU bit of the SM_CTL register.</p> <p>If an external FET is used (Internal FET is disabled), then the internal pull-up is not available (external pull-ups must be used).</p>
xD Card Detection GPIO	GPIO14 (xD_nCD)	19	I/O12	This is a GPIO designated as the xD card detection pin.
xD Chip Enable	xD_nCE	15	O12PU	<p>This pin is the active low chip enable signal to the xD device.</p> <p>When using the internal FET, this pin has an internal weak pull-up resistor that is tied to the output of the internal Power FET, and is controlled by the SM_PU bit of the SMC_CTL register.</p> <p>If an external FET is used (Internal FET is disabled), then the internal pull-up is not available (external pull-ups must be used).</p>
MEMORY STICK INTERFACE				
MS System Data In/Out	MS_D[7:0]	8 7 4 5 23 20 10 11	I/O12PD	<p>These pins are the bi-directional data signals for the MS device. In serial mode, the most significant bit (MSB) of each byte is transmitted first by either MSC or MS device on MS_D0. MS_D0, MS_D2, and MS_D3 have weak pull-down resistors. MS_D1 has a pull down resistor if in parallel mode, otherwise it is disabled. In 4 or 8 bit parallel mode, there is a weak pull-down resistor on all MS_D7 - 0 signals. The resistors are controlled by MSC_SYSTEM_0, MSC_MODE_CTL and MSC_PRO_HG registers.</p>
MS Bus State	MS_BS	9	O12	<p>This pin is connected to the BS pin of the MS device.</p> <p>It is used to control the Bus States 0, 1, 2 and 3 (BS0, BS1, BS2 and BS3) of the MS device.</p>
MS System CLK	MS_SCLK	30	O12	<p>This pin is an output clock signal to the MS device.</p> <p>The clock frequency is software configurable.</p>

Table 5.1 USB2240/USB2241 36-Pin QFN Pin Descriptions (continued)

NAME	SYMBOL	36-PIN QFN	BUFFER TYPE	DESCRIPTION
MS Card Insertion GPIO	GPIO12 (MS_INS)	24	IPU	This is a GPIO designated as the Memory Stick™ card detection pin.
SECURE DIGITAL INTERFACE				
SD Data	SD_D[7:0]	7 8 10 20 23 25 4 5	I/O12PU	The bi-directional signals should have weak pull-up resistors. The register can be controlled by: SD_MMC_INTF_EN bit of SDC_MODE_CTL
SD Clock	SD_CLK	9	O12	This is an output clock signal to SD/MMC device. The clock frequency is software configurable.
SD Command	SD_CMD	11	I/O12PU	This is a bi-directional signal that connects to the CMD signal of SD/MMC device. The bi-directional signal should have an internal weak pull-up resistor. The pull-up register can be controlled by: SD_MMC_INTF_EN bit of SDC_MODE CTL
SD Write Protected GPIO	GPIO6 (SD_nWP)	30	I/O12	This is a GPIO designated as the Secure Digital card mechanical write detect pin.
SD Card Detect GPIO	GPIO15 (SD_nCD)	26	I/O12	This is a GPIO designated as the Secure Digital card detection pin.
USB INTERFACE				
USB Bus Data	USB+ USB-	2 3	I/O-U	These pins connect to the USB bus data signals.
USB Transceiver Bias	RBIAS	35	I-R	A 12.0k , 1.0% resistor is attached from VSSA to this pin in order to set the transceiver's internal bias currents.
24MHz Crystal or external clock input	XTAL1 (CLKIN)	33	ICLKx	This pin can be connected to one terminal of the crystal or can be connected to an external 24 clock when a crystal is not used.
24MHz Crystal	XTAL2	32	OCLKx	This is the other terminal of the crystal, or left open when an external clock source is used to drive XTAL1/CLKIN. It may not be used to drive any external circuitry other than the crystal circuit.
MISC				
General Purpose I/O	GPIO1 (LED1)	1	I/O12	This pin may be used either as input, edge sensitive interrupt input, or output. In addition, as an output, the GPIO1 can be used output controlled by the LED1_GPIO1 register.

Table 5.1 USB2240/USB2241 36-Pin QFN Pin Descriptions (continued)

NAME	SYMBOL	36-PIN QFN	BUFFER TYPE	DESCRIPTION
General Purpose I/O	GPIO2 / RXD / SDA	27	I/O12	GPIO: This pin may be used either as input, edge sensitive interrupt input, or output.
			I	RXD: In addition to the above, the signal can be used as input to the RXD of UART in the device, when the TXD_RXD_SEL bit in UTIL_CONFIG1 register is cleared to "0".
			I/O12	SDA: This is the data pin when used with an external serial EEPROM.
General Purpose I/O	GPIO4	29	I/O12	This pin may be used either as input, edge sensitive interrupt input, or output. For the USB2240 only, this pin can be used as the xD card detection pin.
General Purpose I/O	GPIO7 / TXD / SCK / MS_SKT_SEL	31	I/O12	GPIO: This pin may be used either as input, edge sensitive interrupt input, or output.
			O12	TXD: In addition, as an output, the GPIO7 can be used as an output TXD of UART in the device, when the GPIO2/TXD bit in UTL_CONFIG register is set to "1"
			O12	SCK: This is the clock output when used with an external EEPROM.
			I	MS_SKT_SEL: On the positive edge of nRESET, this pin is sampled to determined the Memory Stick socket size. 1 = 8 bit 0 = 4 bit
General Purpose I/O	GPIO10 (CRD_PWR)	21	I/O200	GPIO: This pin may be used either as input, edge sensitive interrupt input, or output.
				CRD_PWR: Card Power drive of 3.3V @ either 100mA or 200mA.
RESET Input	nRESET	18	IS	This active low signal is used by the system to reset the chip. The active low pulse should be at least 1 μ s wide.
TEST Input	TEST	28	I	This signal is used for testing the chip. User should normally tie this pin low externally, if the test function is not used.
DIGITAL / ANALOG / POWER				
+1.8V Core power	VDD18	13		All VDD18 pins must be connected together on the circuit board. +1.8V core power. This pin must have a 1.0 μ F (or greater) \pm 20% (ESR <0.1 Ω) capacitor to VSS.
3.3V Power & Regulator Input.	VDD33	6 14 22		3.3V Power & Regulator Input.
3.3V Analog Power	VDDA33	36		3.3V Analog Power

Table 5.1 USB2240/USB2241 36-Pin QFN Pin Descriptions (continued)

NAME	SYMBOL	36-PIN QFN	BUFFER TYPE	DESCRIPTION
1.8V PLL Power	VDD18PLL	34		This pin is the 1.8V Power for the PLL. +1.8V Filtered analog power for internal PLL. This pin must have a 1.0 μ F(or greater) \pm 20% (ESR <0.1 Ω) capacitor to VSS.
Ground	VSS	SLUG		Ground Reference

5.2 Buffer Type Descriptions

Table 5.2 Buffer Type Descriptions

BUFFER	DESCRIPTION
I	Input.
IPU	Input with internal weak pull-up resistor.
IS	Input with Schmitt trigger.
I/O12	Input/Output buffer with 12mA sink and 12mA source.
I/O200	Input/Output buffer 12mA with FET disabled, 100/200mA source only with FET enabled.
I/O12PD	Input/Output buffer with 12mA sink and 12mA source, with an internal weak pull-down resistor.
I/O12PU	Input/Output buffer with 12mA sink and 12mA source with a pull-up resistor.
O12	Output buffer with 12mA source.
O12PU	Output buffer with 12mA sink and 12mA source, with a pull-up resistor.
O12PD	Output buffer with 12mA sink and 12mA source, with a pull-down resistor.
ICLKx	XTAL clock input.
OCLKx	XTAL clock output.
I/O-U	Analog Input/Output Defined in USB specification.
I-R	RBIAS.

Chapter 6 Pin Reset State Table

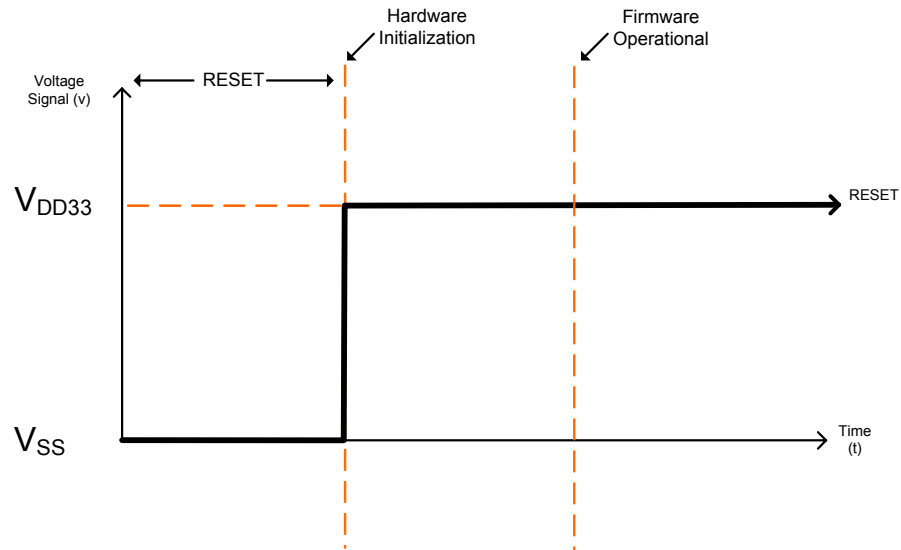


Figure 6.1 Pin Reset States

LEGEND	
yes	hardware enables function
--	hardware disables function
z	hardware disables output driver
pu	hardware enables pullup
pd	hardware enables pulldown
hw	hardware controls function, but state is protocol dependent
(fw)	firmware controls function through registers
VDD	hardware supplies power through pin, applicable only to CARD_PWR pins
none	hardware disables pad

Figure 6.2 Legend for Pin Reset States Table

6.1 36-Pin Reset States

Table 6.1 USB2240/USB2241 36-Pin Reset States Table

PIN	PIN NAME	RESET STATE				Post-Reset State xD Mode				Post-Reset State SD Mode				Post-Reset State MS Mode			
		FUNCTION	OUT-PUT	PU/PD	IN-PUT	FUNCTION	OUT-PUT	PU/PD	IN-PUT	FUNCTION	OUT-PUT	PU/PD	IN-PUT	FUNCTION	OUT-PUT	PU/PD	IN-PUT
8	xD_D0/SD_D6/MS_D7	none	z	--	--	xD_D0	hw	pd	yes	SD_D6	hw	pu	yes	MS_D7	hw	pd	yes
7	xD_D1/SD_D7/MS_D6	none	z	--	--	xD_D1	hw	pd	yes	SD_D7	hw	pu	yes	MS_D6	hw	pd	yes
5	xD_D2/SD_D0/MS_D4	none	z	--	--	xD_D2	hw	pd	yes	SD_D0	hw	pu	yes	MS_D4	hw	pd	yes
4	xD_D3/SD_D1/MS_D5	none	z	--	--	xD_D3	hw	pd	yes	SD_D1	hw	pu	yes	MS_D5	hw	hw	yes
30	xD_D4/GPIO(SD_WP)/MS_SCLK	SD_WP	0	--	--	xD_D4	hw	pd	yes	SD_WP	(fw)	(fw)	(fw)	MS_SCLK	hw	hw	--
25	xD_D5/SD_D2	none	z	--	--	xD_D5	hw	pd	yes	SD_D2	hw	pu	yes	none	z	--	--
23	xD_D6/SD_D3/MS_D3	none	z	--	--	xD_D6	hw	pd	yes	SD_D3	hw	pu	yes	MS_D3	hw	pd	yes
20	xD_D7/SD_D4/MS_D2	none	z	--	--	xD_D7	hw	pd	yes	SD_D4	hw	pu	yes	MS_D2	hw	pd	yes
9	xD_nWP/SD_CLK/MS_BS	none	z	--	--	xD_nWP	(fw)	pd	--	SD_CLK	hw	--	yes	MS_BS	hw	hw	--
10	xD_ALE/SD_D5/MS_D1	none	z	--	--	xD_ALE	hw	pd	--	SD_D5	hw	pu	yes	MS_D1	hw	hw	yes
11	xD_CLE/SD_CMD/MS_D0	none	z	--	--	xD_CLE	hw	pd	--	SD_CMD	hw	pu	yes	MS_D0	hw	pd	yes
19	GPIO14 (xD_nCD)	GPIO	z	pu	yes	GPIO	(fw)	(fw)	(fw)								
26	GPIO15 (SD_nCD)	GPIO	z	pu	yes	GPIO	(fw)	(fw)	(fw)								
24	GPIO12 (MS_INS)	GPIO	z	pu	yes	GPIO	(fw)	(fw)	(fw)								
27	GPIO2 / RXD / SDA	GPIO	0	--	--	GPIO	(fw)	(fw)	(fw)	RXD	z	pu	yes				
29	GPIO4	GPIO	0	--	--	GPIO	(fw)	(fw)	(fw)								
31	GPIO7 / TXD / SCK / MS_SKT_SEL	GPIO	0	--	--	GPIO	(fw)	(fw)	(fw)	TXD	hw	--	--				

Table 6.1 USB2240/USB2241 36-Pin Reset States Table (continued)

PIN	PIN NAME	RESET STATE				Post-Reset State xD Mode				Post-Reset State SD Mode				Post-Reset State MS Mode			
		FUNCTION	OUT- PUT	PU/ PD	IN- PUT	FUNCTION	OUT- PUT	PU/ PD	IN- PUT	FUNCTION	OUT- PUT	PU/ PD	IN- PUT	FUNCTION	OUT- PUT	PU/ PD	IN- PUT
21	GPIO10/CARD_PWR	GPIO	z	--	--	GPIO	(fw)	(fw)	(fw)	PWR	VDD	--	--				
28	TEST	TEST	z	--	yes	TEST	z	--	yes								
18	nRESET	nRESET	z	--	yes	nRESET	z	--	yes								
1	GPIO1 (LED1)	GPIO1	0	--	--	GPIO	(fw)	(fw)	(fw)								
16	xD_nRE	none	z	--	--	xD_nRE	hw	(fw)	--	none	z	--	--	none	z	--	--
12	xD_nWE	none	z	--	--	xD_nWE	hw	(fw)	--	none	z	--	--	none	z	--	--
17	xD_nB/R	none	z	--	--	xD_nBR	z	(fw)	yes	none	z	--	--	none	z	--	--
15	xD_nCE	none	z	--	--	xD_nCE	hw	(fw)	--	none	z	--	--	none	z	--	--
2	USB+	USB+	z	--	--	USB+	z	hw	hw								
3	USB-	USB-	z	--	--	USB-	z	hw	hw								
35	RBIAS																
33	XTAL1 (CLKIN)																
32	XTAL2																

Note: xD signals apply only to USB2240.

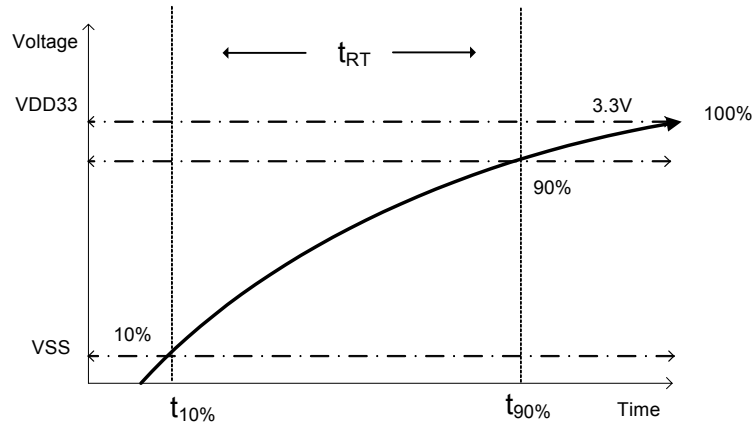
Chapter 7 DC Parameters

7.1 Maximum Guaranteed Ratings

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	UNITS	COMMENTS
Storage Temperature	T_A	-55	150	°C	
Lead Temperature			325	°C	Soldering < 10 seconds
3.3V supply voltage	V_{DD33} , V_{DDA33}	-0.5	4.0	V	
Voltage on USB+ and USB- pins		-0.5	$(3.3V \text{ supply voltage} + 2) \leq 6$	V	
Voltage on GPIO10		-0.5	$V_{DD33} + 0.3$	V	When internal power FET operation of this pin is enabled, this pin may be simultaneously shorted to ground or any voltage up to 3.63V indefinitely, without damage to the device as long as V_{DD33} and V_{DDA33} are less than 3.63V and T_A is less than 70°C.
Voltage on any signal pin		-0.5	$V_{DD33} + 0.3$	V	
Voltage on XTAL1		-0.5	4.0	V	
Voltage on XTAL2		-0.5	$V_{DD18} + 0.3$	V	

Note 7.1 Stresses above the specified parameters may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at any condition above those indicated in the operation sections of this specification is not implied.

Note 7.2 When powering this device from laboratory or system power supplies, it is important that the Absolute Maximum Ratings not be exceeded or device failure can result. Some power supplies exhibit voltage spikes on their outputs when the AC power is switched on or off. In addition, voltage transients on the AC power line may appear on the DC output. When this possibility exists, it is suggested that a clamp circuit be used.


Figure 7.1 Supply Rise Time Model

7.2 Recommended Operating Conditions

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	UNITS	COMMENTS
Operating Temperature	T_A	0	70	°C	
3.3V supply voltage	V_{DD33}, V_{DDA33}	3.0	3.6	V	(Note 7.3)
3.3V supply rise time	t_{RT}	0	400	μ s	
Voltage on USB+ and USB- pins		-0.3	5.5	V	If any 3.3V supply voltage drops below 3.0V, then the MAX becomes: (3.3V supply voltage) + 0.5 \leq 5.5
Voltage on any signal pin		-0.3	V_{DD33}	V	
Voltage on XTAL1		-0.3	V_{DDA33}	V	
Voltage on XTAL2		-0.3	V_{DD18}	V	

Note 7.3 A 3.3V regulator with an output tolerance of 1% must be used if the output of the internal power FET's must support a 5% tolerance.

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7.3 DC Electrical Characteristics

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	COMMENTS
I, IPU, IPD Type Input Buffer						
Low Input Level	V_{ILI}			0.8	V	TTL Levels
High Input Level	V_{IHI}	2.0			V	
Pull Down	PD		72		μ A	
Pull Up	PU		58		μ A	
IS Type Input Buffer						
Low Input Level	V_{ILI}			0.8	V	TTL Levels
High Input Level	V_{IHI}	2.0			V	
Hysteresis	V_{HYSI}		420		mV	
ICLK Input Buffer						
Low Input Level	V_{ILCK}			0.5	V	
High Input Level	V_{IHCK}	1.4			V	
Input Leakage	I_{IL}	-10		+10	μ A	$V_{IN} = 0$ to V_{DD33}
Input Leakage						
(All I and IS buffers)						
Low Input Leakage	I_{IL}	-10		+10	μ A	$V_{IN} = 0$
High Input Leakage	I_{IH}	-10		+10	μ A	$V_{IN} = V_{DD33}$
O12 Type Buffer						
Low Output Level	V_{OL}			0.4	V	$I_{OL} = 12\text{mA}$ @ $V_{DD33} = 3.3\text{V}$
High Output Level	V_{OH}	V_{DD33} - 0.4			V	$I_{OH} = -12\text{mA}$ @ $V_{DD33} = 3.3\text{V}$
Output Leakage	I_{OL}	-10		+10	μ A	$V_{IN} = 0$ to V_{DD33} (Note 7.4)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	COMMENTS
I/O12, I/O12PU & I/O12PD Type Buffer						
Low Output Level	V_{OL}			0.4	V	$I_{OL} = 12\text{mA} @ V_{DD33} = 3.3\text{V}$
High Output Level	V_{OH}	$V_{DD33} - 0.4$			V	$I_{OH} = -12\text{mA} @ V_{DD33} = 3.3\text{V}$
Output Leakage	I_{OL}	-10		+10	μA	$V_{IN} = 0 \text{ to } V_{DD33}$ (Note 7.4)
Pull Down	PD		72		μA	
Pull Up	PU		58		μA	
IO-U (Note 7.5)						
I-R (Note 7.6)						
I/O200 Integrated Power FET for GPIO10						
High Output Current Mode Short Circuit Current Limit 200mA	I_{OUT} I_{SC200}	200		TBD	mA mA	$V_{dropFET} = 0.46\text{V}$ $V_{outFET} = 0\text{V}$
Low Output Current Mode Short Circuit Current Limit 100mA (Note 7.7)	I_{OUT} I_{SC100}	100		TBD	mA mA	$V_{dropFET} = 0.23\text{V}$ $V_{outFET} = 0\text{V}$
On Resistance (Note 7.7)	R_{DSON}			2.1	Ω	$I_{FET} = 70\text{mA}$
Output Voltage Rise Time	t_{DSON}			800	μs	$C_{LOAD} = 10\mu\text{F}$
Supply Current Unconfigured	I_{CCINIT}		80	90	mA	
Supply Current Active						
Full Speed	I_{CC}		110	140	mA	
High Speed	I_{CC}		135	165	mA	
Supply Current Standby	I_{CSBY}		350	700	μA	

Note 7.4 Output leakage is measured with the current pins in high impedance.

Note 7.5 See The USB 2.0 Specification, Chapter 7, for USB DC electrical characteristics

Note 7.6 RBIAS is a 3.3V tolerant analog pin.

Note 7.7 Output current range is controlled by program software.

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Note 7.8 The assignment of each Integrated Card Power FET to a designated Card Connector is controlled by both firmware and the specific board implementation. Firmware will default to the settings listed in [Table 10.1, "GPIO Usage \(ROM Rev 0x00\),"](#) on page 28.

Note 7.9 The 3.3V supply should be at least at 75% of its operating condition before the 1.8V supply is allowed to ramp up.

7.4 Capacitance

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$; $f_c = 1\text{MHz}$; $V_{DD}, V_{DDP} = 1.8\text{V}$

Table 7.1 Pin Capacitance

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	LIMITS			UNIT	TEST CONDITION
		MIN	TYP	MAX		
Clock Input Capacitance	C_{XTAL}			2	pF	All pins (except USB pins and pins under test) are tied to AC ground.
Input Capacitance	C_{IN}			10	pF	
Output Capacitance	C_{OUT}			20	pF	

Chapter 8 AC Specifications

8.1 Oscillator/Clock

Crystal: Parallel Resonant, Fundamental Mode, 24 MHz ± 100ppm.

External Clock: 50% Duty cycle ± 10%, 24/48 MHz ± 100ppm, Jitter < 100ps rms.

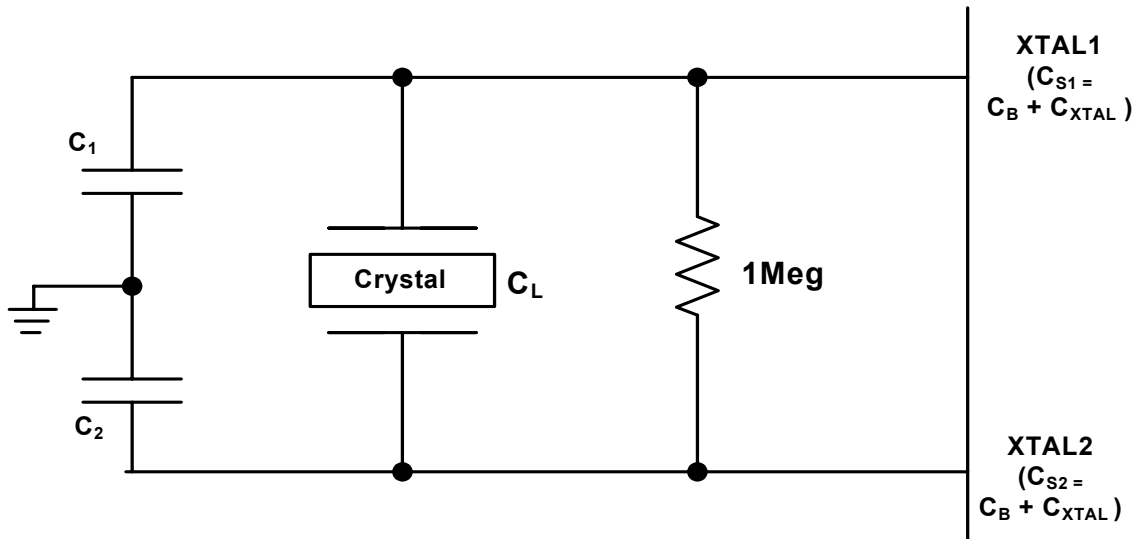


Figure 8.1 Typical Crystal Circuit

Note: C_B equals total board/trace capacitance.

$$\frac{(C_1 + C_{S1}) \times (C_2 + C_{S2})}{(C_1 + C_{S1} + C_2 + C_{S2})} = C_L$$

Figure 8.2 Formula to Find Value of C_1 and C_2

Chapter 9 Package Outline

Revision 2.6 (05-08-08)

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SMSC USB2240/USB2241

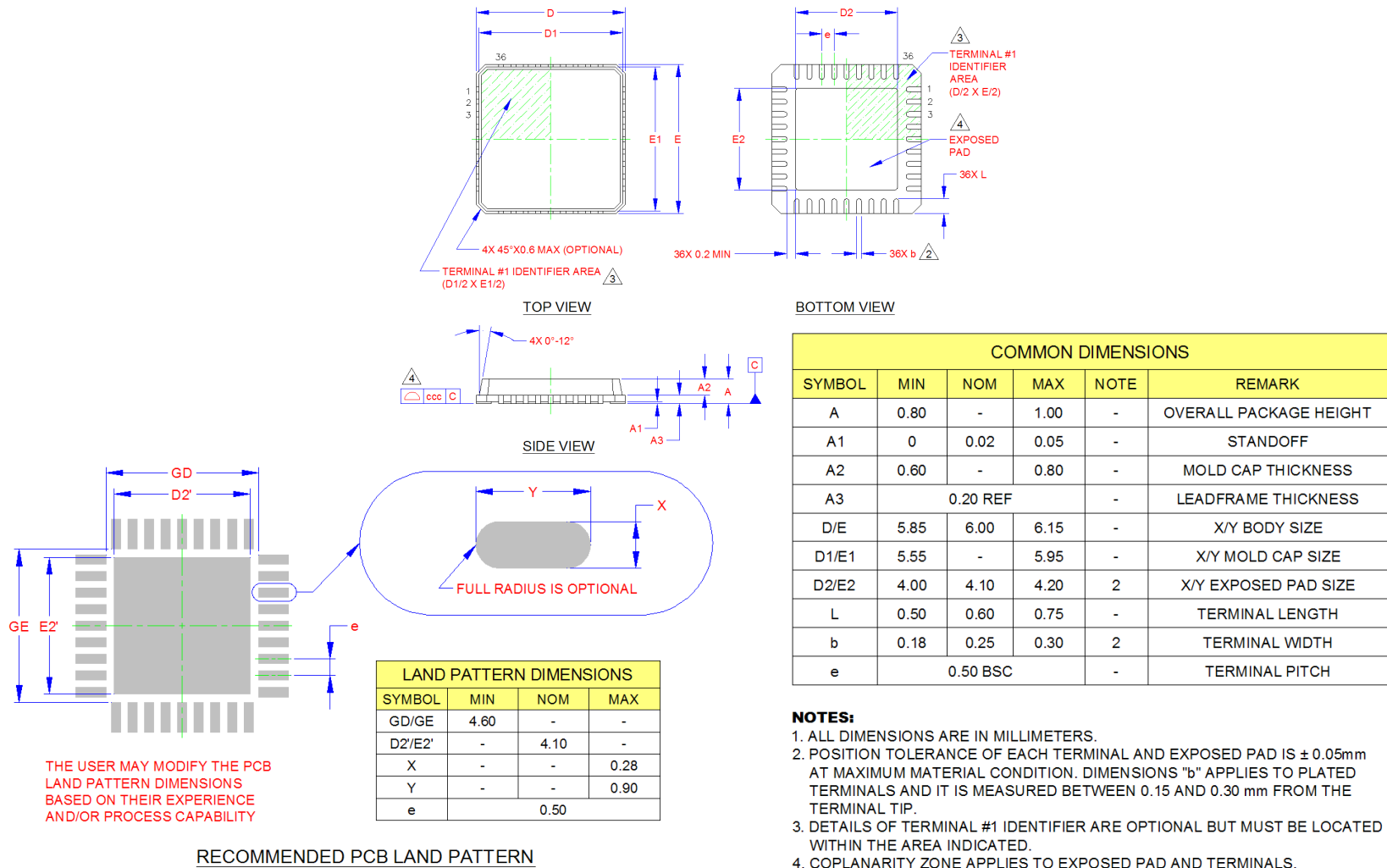


Figure 9.1 USB2240/USB2241 36-QFN, 6x6mm Body, 0.5mm Pitch

Chapter 10 GPIO Usage

Table 10.1 GPIO Usage (ROM Rev 0x00)

NAME	ACTIVE LEVEL	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION AND NOTE
GPIO1	H	LED1	LED indicator
GPIO2	H	RXD / SDA	Receive Port of Debugger / Serial EEPROM Data
GPIO4	USER	GPIO	User defined
GPIO6	L	SD_WP	SD Write Protect
GPIO7	H	TXD / SCK / MS_SKT_SEL	Transmit Port of Debugger / Serial EEPROM Clock / Memory Stick Socket (1 = 8 bit; 0 = 4 bit)
GPIO10	L	CRD_PWR	Card Power Control
GPIO12	L	MS_INS	Memory Stick Card Insertion
GPIO14	L	xD_nCD	xD card detect
GPIO15	L	SD_nCD	Secure Digital card detect