

# MPC8245

## Part Number Specification for the MPC8245ARZU $nnnX$ Series

This document describes part-number-specific changes to recommended operating conditions and revised electrical specifications, as applicable, from those described in the general *MPC8245 Integrated Processor Hardware Specifications* (Order No. MPC8245EC). The MPC8245 combines a PowerPC™ MPC603e core with a PCI bridge.

Specifications provided in this document supersede those in the *MPC8245 Integrated Processor Hardware Specifications*, Rev. 3 or later, for the part numbers listed in [Table A](#) only.

Specifications not addressed in this document are unchanged. Because this document is frequently updated, refer to <http://www.freescale.com> or to your Freescale sales office for the latest version.

Note that headings and table numbers in this document are not consecutively numbered. They are intended to correspond to the heading or table affected in the general hardware specification.

Part numbers addressed in this document are listed in [Table A](#). For more detailed ordering information, see [Section 9, “Ordering Information.”](#)

*Freescale Part Numbers Affected:*

*MPC8245RZU400D*  
*MPC8245ARZU400D*  
*MPC8245ARZU466D*

Table A. Part Numbers Addressed in this Data Sheet

Freescale Part No.	Operating Conditions			Significant Differences from Hardware Specification	Processor Version Register Value
	CPU Frequency (MHz)	V <sub>DD</sub>	T <sub>J</sub> (°C)		
MPC8245RZU400D	400	2.1 ± 100 mV	0 to 85	Modified voltage and temperature specifications to achieve 400 MHz	0x80811014
MPC8245ARZU400D	400		0 to 85	Modified voltage and temperature specifications to achieve 400 MHz	
MPC8245ARZU466D	466		0 to 85	Modified voltage and temperature specifications to achieve 466 MHz	

**Note:** The X prefix in a Freescale part number designates a 'pilot production prototype' as defined by Freescale SOP 3-13. These are from a limited production volume of prototypes that are manufactured, tested, and inspected for quality on a qualified technology to simulate normal production. These parts have only preliminary reliability and characterization data. Before pilot production prototypes can be shipped, written authorization from the customer must be on file in the applicable sales office acknowledging the qualification status and the fact that product changes may still occur while shipping pilot production prototypes.

The 'A' in the part number represents parts that are manufactured under a 29-angstrom process instead of the original 35-angstrom process.

## 2 Features

This section summarizes changes to the power management feature of the MPC8245 described in the *MPC8245 Integrated Processor Hardware Specifications*.

## 3 General Parameters

This section summarizes changes to the general parameters of the MPC8245 core power supply described in the *MPC8245 Integrated Processor Hardware Specifications*.

## 4.1.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

The tables in this section describe the MPC8245 DC electrical characteristics. [Table 1](#) provides the absolute maximum ratings.

**Table 1. Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Characteristic <sup>1</sup>	Symbol	Range	Unit
Supply voltage—CPU core and peripheral logic	V <sub>DD</sub>	–0.3 to 2.2	V
Supply voltage—memory bus drivers	GV <sub>DD</sub>	–0.3 to 3.6	V
Supply voltage—PCI and standard I/O buffers	OV <sub>DD</sub>	–0.3 to 3.6	V
Supply voltage—PLLs	AV <sub>DD</sub> /AV <sub>DD</sub> 2	–0.3 to 2.2	V
Supply voltage—PCI reference	LV <sub>DD</sub>	–0.3 to 5.4	V
Input voltage <sup>2</sup>	V <sub>in</sub>	–0.3 to 3.6	V
Operational die-junction temperature range	T <sub>j</sub>	0 to 85	°C
Storage temperature range	T <sub>stg</sub>	–55 to 150	°C

**Notes:**

- [Table 2](#) shows functional and tested operating conditions. Absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only, and functional operation at the maximums is not guaranteed. Stresses beyond those listed may affect device reliability or cause permanent damage to the device.
- PCI inputs with LV<sub>DD</sub> = 5 V ± 5% V DC may undergo corresponding stress at voltages exceeding LV<sub>DD</sub> + 0.5 V DC.

## 4.1.2 Recommended Operating Conditions

[Table 2](#) provides the recommended operating conditions for the MPC8245 part numbers described herein.

**Table 2. Recommended Operating Conditions <sup>(1)</sup>**

Characteristic	Symbol	Recommended Value for 400 MHz CPU	Unit
Supply voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>	2.1 V ± 100 mV	V
CPU PLL supply voltage	AV <sub>DD</sub>	2.1 V ± 100 mV	V
PLL supply voltage—peripheral logic	AV <sub>DD</sub> 2	2.1 V ± 100 mV	V
Die-junction temperature <sup>(2)</sup>	T <sub>j</sub>	0 to 85	°C

**Notes:**

- Freescale tested these operating conditions and recommends them. Proper device operation outside of these conditions is not guaranteed.
- For information about the thermal characteristics of this part, refer to the *MPC8245 Integrated Processor Hardware Specifications*. Note that the lower die-junction temperature creates a greater need to use a heat sink with this part.

## 4.1.5 Power Characteristics

The AC electrical characteristics and AC timing for the parts described in this document are unaffected, and comply with the *MPC8245 Integrated Processor Hardware Specifications*. Table 5 provides the power consumption for the MPC8245 part numbers described herein.

**Table 5. Power Consumption**

Mode	PCI Bus Clock/Memory Bus Clock CPU Clock Frequency (MHz)		Unit	Notes
	66/133/399	66/133/466		
Typical	2.8	3.2	W	1, 5
Max—CFP	3.3	3.6	W	1, 2
Max—INT	2.8	3.1	W	1, 3
Doze	1.9	2.1	W	1, 4, 6
Nap	0.7	0.8	W	1, 4, 6
Sleep	0.4	0.4	W	1, 4, 6
<b>I/O Power Supplies<sup>10</sup></b>				
Mode	Range	Range	Unit	Notes
Typ—OV <sub>DD</sub>	140–360	140–360	mW	7, 8
Typ—GV <sub>DD</sub>	340–920	340–930	mW	7, 9

**Notes:**

- The values include V<sub>DD</sub>, AV<sub>DD</sub>, and AV<sub>DD2</sub>, but do not include I/O supply power.
- Maximum—FP power is measured at V<sub>DD</sub> = 2.1 V with dynamic power management enabled while running an entirely cache-resident, looping, floating point multiplication instruction.
- Maximum—INT power is measured at V<sub>DD</sub> = 2.1 V with dynamic power management enabled while running entirely cache-resident, looping, integer instructions.
- Power saving mode maximums are measured at V<sub>DD</sub> = 2.1 V while the device is in doze, nap, or sleep mode.
- Typical power is measured at V<sub>DD</sub> = AV<sub>DD</sub> = 2.1 V, OV<sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V where a nominal FP value, a nominal INT value, and a value where there is a continuous flush of cache lines with alternating ones and zeros on 64-bit boundaries to local memory are averaged.
- Power saving mode data measured with only two PCI\_CLKs and two SDRAM\_CLKs enabled.
- The typical minimum I/O power values was the result of the MPC8245 performing cache resident integer operations at the slowest frequency combination of 33:66:200 (PCI:Mem:CPU) MHz.
- The typical maximum OV<sub>DD</sub> value resulted from the MPC8245 operating at the fastest frequency combination of 66:133:399 (PCI:Mem:CPU) MHz for the 400-MHz part, 66:133:466 (PCI:Mem:CPU) MHz for the 466-MHz part, and performing continuous flushes of cache lines with alternating ones and zeros to PCI memory.
- The typical maximum GV<sub>DD</sub> value resulted from the MPC8245 operating at the fastest frequency combination of 66:133:399 (PCI:Mem:CPU) MHz for the 400-MHz part, 66:133:466 (PCI:Mem:CPU) MHz for the 466-MHz part, and performing continuous flushes of cache lines with alternating ones and zeros on 64-bit boundaries to local memory.
- Power consumption of PLL supply pins (AV<sub>DD</sub> and AV<sub>DD2</sub>) < 15 mW that the design guarantees but were not tested.

### 4.3.1 Clock AC Specifications

Figure 7 through Figure 10 show the DLL locking range loop delay vs. frequency of operation for 29 angstrom parts (400 and 466 MHz). These graphs define the areas of DLL locking for various modes. The gray areas show where the DLL will lock.

Register settings that define each DLL mode are shown in Table 9.

**Table 9. DLL Mode Definition**

DLL Mode	Value of Bit 2 of Config Register at 0x76	Value of Bit 7 of Config Register at 0x72
Normal tap delay, No DLL extend	0	0
Normal tap delay, DLL extend	0	1
Max tap delay, No DLL extend	1	0
Max tap delay, DLL extend	1	1

The DLL\_MAX\_DELAY bit can lengthen the amount of time through the delay line. This is accomplished by increasing the time between each of the 128 tap points in the delay line. Although this increased time makes it easier to guarantee that the reference clock will be within the DLL lock range, it also means there may be slightly more jitter in the output clock of the DLL, should the phase comparator shift the clock between adjacent tap points. Refer to Freescale application note AN2164, *MPC8245/MPC8241 Memory Clock Design Guidelines*, for details on memory design.

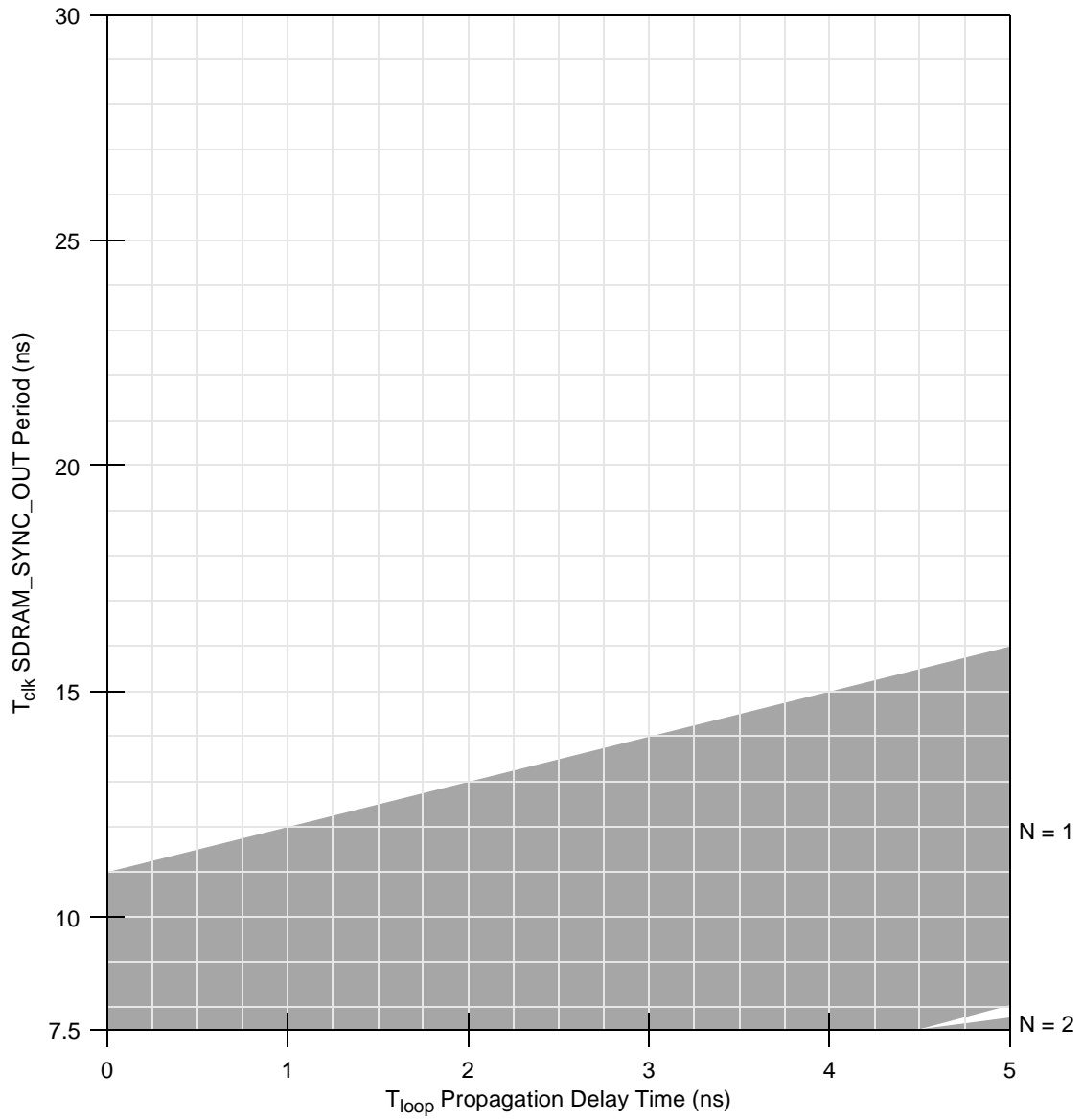


Figure 7. DLL Locking Range Loop Delay vs. Frequency of Operation for DLL\_Extend = 0 and Normal Tap Delay

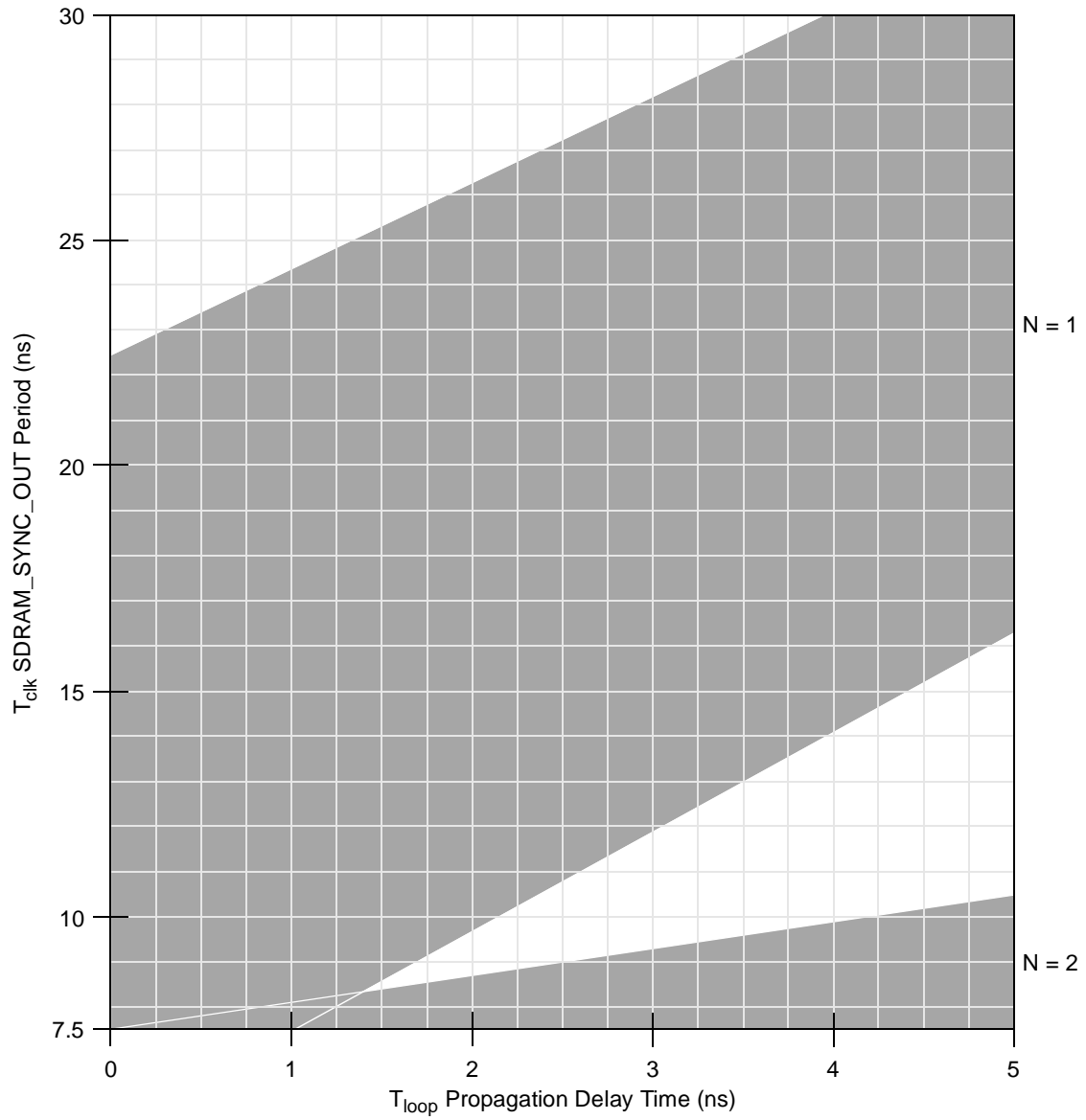


Figure 8. DLL Locking Range Loop Delay vs. Frequency of Operation for DLL\_Extend = 1 and Normal Tap Delay

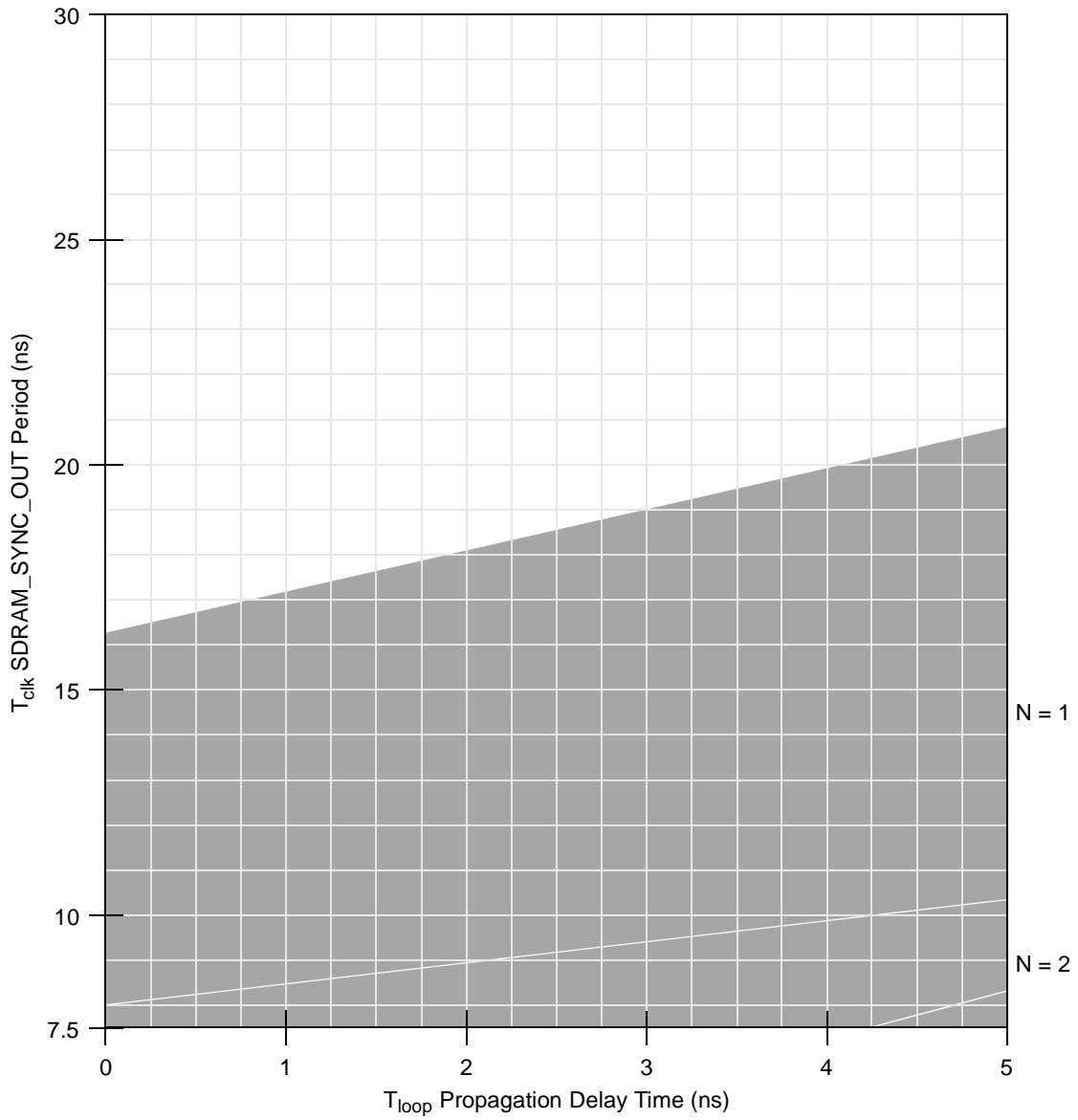


Figure 9. DLL Locking Range Loop Delay vs. Frequency of Operation for DLL\_Extend = 0 and Max Tap Delay



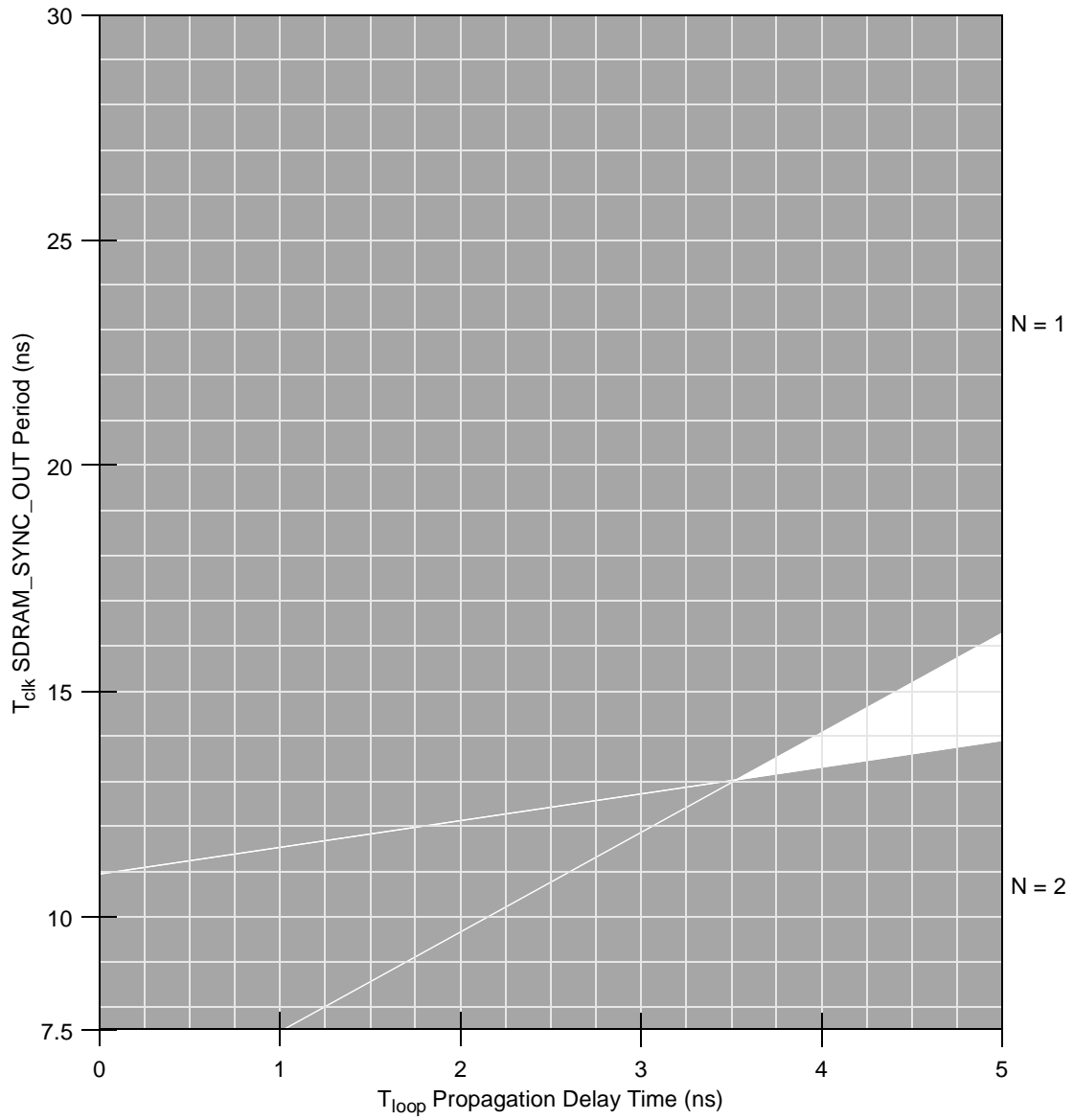


Figure 10. DLL Locking Range Loop Delay vs. Frequency of Operation for DLL\_Extend = 1 and Max Tap Delay

### 4.3.3 Output AC Timing Specification

Table 11 provides the processor bus AC timing specification for output hold time for debug signals in the 466-MHz CPU of the MPC8245 at recommended operating conditions (see Table 2) with  $LV_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$ . All output timings assume a purely resistive 50-Ω load (see Figure 14 in the *MPC8245 Integrated Processor Hardware Specifications*). Output timings are measured at the pin; time-of-flight delays must be added for trace lengths, vias, and connectors in the system. These specifications are for the default driver strengths listed in the *MPC8245 Integrated Processor Hardware Specifications*.

**Table 11. Output AC Timing Specifications**

Num	Characteristic	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
13b	Output hold (debug signals)	0.0	—	ns	1

**Note:**

1. All memory and related interface output signal specifications are specified from the  $V_M = 1.4\text{ V}$  of the rising edge of the memory bus clock, SDRAM\_SYNC\_IN to the TTL level (0.8 or 2.0 V) of the signal in question. SDRAM\_SYNC\_IN is the same as PCI\_SYNC\_IN in 1:1 mode, but is twice the frequency in 2:1 mode (processor/memory bus clock rising edges occur on every rising and falling edge of PCI\_SYNC\_IN).

## 6 PLL Configuration

The MPC8245 internal PLLs are configured by the PLL\_CFG[0:4] signals. For a given PCI\_SYNC\_IN (PCI bus) frequency, the PLL configuration signals set both the peripheral logic/memory bus PLL (VCO) frequency of operation for the PCI-to-memory frequency multiplying and the MPC603e CPU PLL (VCO) frequency of operation for memory-to-CPU frequency multiplying. The PLL configurations for the 400- and 466-MHz parts are shown in Table 18 and Table 19, respectively.

**Table 18. PLL Configurations for the 400-MHz Part Offering**

Ref	PLL_CFG [0:4] <sup>11,14,15</sup>	400-MHz Part <sup>9</sup>			Multipliers	
		PCI Clock Input (PCI_SYNC_IN) Range <sup>1</sup> (MHz)	Periph Logic/Mem Bus Clock Range (MHz)	CPU Clock Range (MHz)	PCI-to-Mem (Mem VCO)	Mem-to-CPU (CPU VCO)
0	00000	25–44 <sup>2</sup>	75–132	188–330	3 (2)	2.5 (2)
1	00001	25–44 <sup>5</sup>	75–132	225–396	3 (2)	3 (2)
2	00010 <sup>13</sup>	50 <sup>9</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>	50–66	225–297	1 (4)	4.5 (2)
3	00011 <sup>16</sup>	50 <sup>8</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>	50–66	100–133	1 (Bypass)	2 (4)
4	00100	25–46 <sup>4</sup>	50–92	100–184	2 (4)	2 (4)
6	00110 <sup>17</sup>	Bypass			Bypass	Bypass
7 (Rev. B)	00111	60 <sup>6</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>	60–66	180–198	1 (Bypass)	3 (2)
7 (Rev. D)	00111 <sup>13</sup>	25–28 <sup>5</sup>	100–112	350–392	4 (2)	3.5 (2)
8	01000	60 <sup>6</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>	60–66	180–198	1 (4)	3 (2)
9	01001	45 <sup>6</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>	90–132	180–264	2 (2)	2 (2)
A	01010	25–44 <sup>5</sup>	50–88	225–396	2 (4)	4.5 (2)
B	01011	45 <sup>3</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>	68–99	204–297	1.5 (2)	3 (2)
C	01100	36 <sup>6</sup> –46 <sup>4</sup>	72–92	180–230	2 (4)	2.5 (2)
D	01101	45 <sup>3</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>	68–99	238–347	1.5 (2)	3.5 (2)
E	01110	30 <sup>6</sup> –46 <sup>4</sup>	60–92	180–276	2 (4)	3 (2)
F	01111	25–38 <sup>5</sup>	75–114	263–399	3 (2)	3.5 (2)
10	10000	30–44 <sup>2</sup>	60–132	180–264	3 (2)	2 (2)
11	10001	25–33 <sup>2</sup>	100–132	250–330	4 (2)	2.5 (2)
12	10010	60 <sup>6</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>	90–99	180–198	1.5 (2)	2 (2)
13	10011	25–33 <sup>5</sup>	100–132	300–396	4 (2)	3 (2)
14	10100	26 <sup>6</sup> –47 <sup>4</sup>	52–94	182–329	2 (4)	3.5 (2)
15	10101	27 <sup>3</sup> –40 <sup>5</sup>	68–100	272–400	2.5 (2)	4 (2)
16	10110	25–46 <sup>4</sup>	50–92	200–368	2 (4)	4 (2)
17	10111	25–33 <sup>2</sup>	100–132	200–264	4 (2)	2 (2)

**Table 18. PLL Configurations for the 400-MHz Part Offering (continued)**

Ref	PLL_CFG [0:4] <sup>11,14,15</sup>	400-MHz Part <sup>9</sup>			Multipliers	
		PCI Clock Input (PCI_SYNC_IN) Range <sup>1</sup> (MHz)	Periph Logic/Mem Bus Clock Range (MHz)	CPU Clock Range (MHz)	PCI-to-Mem (Mem VCO)	Mem-to-CPU (CPU VCO)
18	11000	27 <sup>3</sup> –53 <sup>5</sup>	68–132	204–396	2.5 (2)	3 (2)
19	11001	36 <sup>6</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>	72–132	180–330	2 (2)	2.5 (2)
1A	11010	50 <sup>9</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>	50–66	200–264	1 (4)	4 (2)
1B	11011 <sup>13</sup>	34 <sup>3</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>	68–132	204–396	2 (2)	3 (2)
1C	11100	44 <sup>6</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>	66–99	198–297	1.5 (2)	3 (2)
1D	11101	48 <sup>6</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>	72–99	180–248	1.5 (2)	2.5 (2)
1E (Rev. B)	11110 <sup>10</sup>	Not usable			Off	Off
1E (Rev. D)	11110	33 <sup>3</sup> –57 <sup>5</sup>	66–114	231–399	2 (2)	3.5 (2)
1F	11111 <sup>10</sup>	Not usable			Off	Off

**Notes:**

1. Limited by maximum PCI input frequency (66 MHz).
2. Limited by maximum system memory interface operating frequency (133 MHz).
3. Limited by minimum memory VCO frequency (132 MHz).
4. Limited due to maximum memory VCO frequency (372 MHz).
5. Limited by maximum CPU operating frequency (400 MHz).
6. Limited by minimum CPU VCO frequency (360 MHz).
7. Limited by maximum CPU VCO frequency (800 MHz).
8. Limited by minimum CPU operating frequency (100 MHz).
9. Limited by minimum memory bus frequency (50 MHz).
10. In clock off mode, no clocking occurs inside the MPC8245, regardless of the PCI\_SYNC\_IN input.
11. Range values are shown rounded down to the nearest whole number (decimal place accuracy removed) for clarity.
12. PLL\_CFG[0:4] settings that are not listed are reserved.
13. Multiplier ratios for this PLL\_CFG[0:4] setting are different from the MPC8240 and are not backwards-compatible.
14. PCI\_SYNC\_IN range for this PLL\_CFG[0:4] setting is different from the MPC8240 and may not be fully backwards-compatible.
15. Bits 7–4 of register offset <0xE2> contain the PLL\_CFG[0:4] setting value.
16. In PLL bypass mode, the PCI\_SYNC\_IN input signal clocks the internal processor directly, the peripheral logic PLL is disabled, and the bus mode is set for 1:1 (PCI:Mem) mode operation. This mode is intended for hardware modeling support. The AC timing specifications given in this document do not apply in the PLL bypass mode.
17. In dual PLL bypass mode, the PCI\_SYNC\_IN input signal clocks the internal peripheral logic directly, the peripheral logic PLL is disabled, and the bus mode is set for 1:1 (PCI\_SYNC\_IN:Mem) mode operation. In this mode, the OSC\_IN input signal clocks the internal processor directly in 1:1 (OSC\_IN:CPU) mode operation, and the processor PLL is disabled. The PCI\_SYNC\_IN and OSC\_IN input clocks must be externally synchronized. This mode is intended for hardware modeling support. The AC timing specifications given in this document do not apply in the dual PLL bypass mode.

Table 19. PLL Configurations for the 466-MHz Part Offering

Ref	PLL_CFG [0:4] <sup>11,14,15</sup>	466-MHz Part <sup>9</sup>			Multipliers	
		PCI Clock Input (PCI_SYNC_IN) Range <sup>1</sup> (MHz)	Periph Logic/Mem Bus Clock Range (MHz)	CPU Clock Range (MHz)	PCI-to-Mem (Mem VCO)	Mem-to-CPU (CPU VCO)
0	00000	25–44 <sup>2</sup>	75–132	188–330	3 (2)	2.5 (2)
1	00001	25–44 <sup>2</sup>	75–132	225–396	3 (2)	3 (2)
2	00010 <sup>13</sup>	50 <sup>9</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>	50–66	225–297	1 (4)	4.5 (2)
3	00011 <sup>16</sup>	50 <sup>8</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>	50–66	100–133	1 (Bypass)	2 (4)
4	00100	25–46 <sup>4</sup>	50–92	100–184	2 (4)	2 (4)
6	00110 <sup>17</sup>	Bypass			Bypass	Bypass
7	00111	25–33 <sup>2</sup>	100–133	350–466	4 (2)	3.5 (2)
8	01000	60 <sup>6</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>	60–66	180–198	1 (4)	3 (2)
9	01001	45 <sup>6</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>	90–132	180–264	2 (2)	2 (2)
A	01010	25–46 <sup>4</sup>	50–96	225–432	2 (4)	4.5 (2)
B	01011	45 <sup>3</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>	68–99	204–297	1.5 (2)	3 (2)
C	01100	36 <sup>6</sup> –46 <sup>4</sup>	72–92	180–230	2 (4)	2.5 (2)
D	01101	45 <sup>3</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>	68–99	238–347	1.5 (2)	3.5 (2)
E	01110	30 <sup>6</sup> –46 <sup>4</sup>	60–92	180–276	2 (4)	3 (2)
F	01111	25–44 <sup>2</sup>	75–132	263–462	3 (2)	3.5 (2)
10	10000	30 <sup>6</sup> –44 <sup>2</sup>	60–132	180–264	3 (2)	2 (2)
11	10001	25–33 <sup>2</sup>	100–132	250–330	4 (2)	2.5 (2)
12	10010	60 <sup>6</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>	90–99	180–198	1.5 (2)	2 (2)
13	10011	25–33 <sup>2</sup>	100–132	300–396	4 (2)	3 (2)
14	10100	26 <sup>6</sup> –47 <sup>4</sup>	52–94	182–329	2 (4)	3.5 (2)
15	10101	27 <sup>3</sup> –46 <sup>5</sup>	68–115	272–460	2.5 (2)	4 (2)
16	10110	25–46 <sup>4</sup>	50–92	200–368	2 (4)	4 (2)
17	10111	25–33 <sup>2</sup>	100–132	200–264	4 (2)	2 (2)
18	11000	27 <sup>3</sup> –53 <sup>2</sup>	68–132	204–396	2.5 (2)	3 (2)
19	11001	36 <sup>6</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>	72–132	180–330	2 (2)	2.5 (2)
1A	11010	50 <sup>9</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>	50–66	200–264	1 (4)	4 (2)
1B	11011 <sup>13</sup>	34 <sup>3</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>	68–132	204–396	2 (2)	3 (2)
1C	11100	44 <sup>6</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>	66–99	198–297	1.5 (2)	3 (2)
1D	11101	48 <sup>6</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>	72–99	180–248	1.5 (2)	2.5 (2)

**Table 19. PLL Configurations for the 466-MHz Part Offering (continued)**

Ref	PLL_CFG [0:4] <sup>11,14,15</sup>	466-MHz Part <sup>9</sup>			Multipliers	
		PCI Clock Input (PCI_SYNC_IN) Range <sup>1</sup> (MHz)	Periph Logic/Mem Bus Clock Range (MHz)	CPU Clock Range (MHz)	PCI-to-Mem (Mem VCO)	Mem-to-CPU (CPU VCO)
1E	11110	33 <sup>3</sup> –66 <sup>1,2</sup>	66–132	231–462	2 (2)	3.5 (2)
1F	11111 <sup>10</sup>	Not usable			Off	Off

**Notes:**

1. Limited by maximum PCI input frequency (66 MHz).
2. Limited by maximum memory interface operating frequency (133 MHz).
3. Limited by minimum memory VCO frequency (132 MHz).
4. Limited due to maximum memory VCO frequency (372 MHz).
5. Limited by maximum CPU operating frequency (466 MHz).
6. Limited by minimum CPU VCO frequency (360 MHz).
7. Limited by maximum CPU VCO frequency (932 MHz).
8. Limited by minimum CPU operating frequency (100 MHz).
9. Limited by minimum memory bus frequency (50 MHz).
10. In clock off mode, no clocking occurs inside the MPC8245 regardless of the PCI\_SYNC\_IN input.
11. Range values are shown rounded down to the nearest whole number (decimal place accuracy removed) for clarity.
12. PLL\_CFG[0:4] settings not listed are reserved.
13. Multiplier ratios for this PLL\_CFG[0:4] setting are different from the MPC8240 and are not backwards-compatible.
14. PCI\_SYNC\_IN range for this PLL\_CFG[0:4] setting is different from the MPC8240 and may not be fully backwards-compatible.
15. Bits 7–4 of register offset <0xE2> contain the PLL\_CFG[0:4] setting value.
16. In PLL bypass mode, the PCI\_SYNC\_IN input signal clocks the internal processor directly, the peripheral logic PLL is disabled, and the bus mode is set for 1:1 (PCI:Mem) mode operation. This mode is intended for hardware modeling support. The AC timing specifications given in this document do not apply in the PLL bypass mode.
17. In dual PLL bypass mode, the PCI\_SYNC\_IN input signal clocks the internal peripheral logic directly, the peripheral logic PLL is disabled, and the bus mode is set for 1:1 (PCI\_SYNC\_IN:Mem) mode operation. In this mode, the OSC\_IN input signal clocks the internal processor directly in 1:1 (OSC\_IN:CPU) mode operation, and the processor PLL is disabled. The PCI\_SYNC\_IN and OSC\_IN input clocks must be externally synchronized. This mode is intended for hardware modeling support. The AC timing specifications given in this document do not apply in the dual PLL bypass mode.

## 9 Ordering Information

Ordering information for the parts covered in this document is provided in [Section 9.1, “Part Numbers Fully Addressed by This Document.”](#) [Section 9.2, “Part Marking,”](#) addresses the marking specifications.

### 9.1 Part Numbers Fully Addressed by This Document

[Table 21](#) provides the ordering information for the MPC8245 parts described herein. Note that the individual part numbers correspond to a maximum processor core frequency.

**Table 21. Part Numbering Nomenclature**

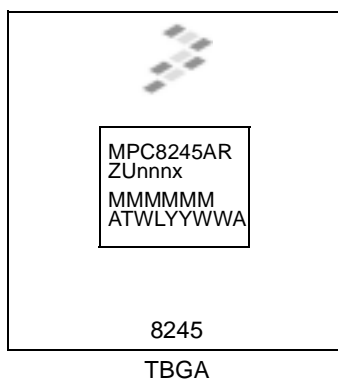
MPC	<i>nnnn</i>	<i>X</i> <sup>(1)</sup>	R	<i>xx</i>	<i>nnn</i>	<i>X</i>
Product Code	Part Identifier	Process Descriptor	Part Specification	Package	Processor Frequency (MHz)	Revision Level
MPC	8245	—	R = Partial Spec. 2.1 V ± 100 mV 0° to 85°C	ZU = TBGA	400	Contact local Freescale sales office
		A = 29 Angstrom	R = Partial Spec. 2.1 V ± 100 mV 0° to 85°C	ZU = TBGA	400, 466	Contact local Freescale sales office

**Notes:**

- Note that on the standard ‘L’ specification, the process descriptor is not added because it is the standard size for the part (35 angstrom). The 400- and 466-MHz parts marked with ‘A’ follow a different process description (29 angstrom), which is different from the 35-angstrom process on the 350-MHz and lower frequency parts.

### 9.2 Part Marking

Parts are marked as in the example shown in [Figure 33](#).



**Notes:**

- MMMMMM is the 6-digit mask number.
- ATWLYYWWA is the traceability code.

**Figure 33. Freescale Part Marking for TBGA Device**

# Document Revision History

Table B provides a revision history for this part number specification.

**Table B Document Revision History**

Rev. No.	Date	Substantive Change(s)
0		Original release.
0.1		Minor edit to part number.
1.0		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Added to list of parts covered by this document, including the non-A process identifier parts. Updated Table A and Table 20.</li> <li>Nontechnical reformatting.</li> </ul>
2	07/12/04	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Updated to Freescale template.</li> <li>Updated section numbers to accurately reflect hardware specifications sections.</li> <li>Changed junction temperature range in Table 1 to reflect range depicted in Table A (0° to 85°C).</li> <li>Added Section 4.3.1 to illustrate DLL locking graphs for 29 angstrom parts (400- and 466-MHz parts).</li> </ul>



**THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK**

**THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK**

**THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK**

### **How to Reach Us:**

#### **USA/Europe/Locations Not Listed:**

Freescale Semiconductor  
Literature Distribution Center  
P.O. Box 5405,  
Denver, Colorado 80217  
1-480-768-2130  
(800) 521-6274

#### **Japan:**

Freescale Semiconductor Japan Ltd.  
Technical Information Center  
3-20-1, Minami-Azabu, Minato-ku  
Tokyo 106-8573, Japan  
81-3-3440-3569

#### **Asia/Pacific:**

Freescale Semiconductor Hong Kong Ltd.  
2 Dai King Street  
Tai Po Industrial Estate  
Tai Po, N.T. Hong Kong  
852-26668334

#### **Home Page:**

[www.freescale.com](http://www.freescale.com)

Information in this document is provided solely to enable system and software implementers to use Freescale Semiconductor products. There are no express or implied copyright licenses granted hereunder to design or fabricate any integrated circuits or integrated circuits based on the information in this document.

Freescale Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any products herein. Freescale Semiconductor makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does Freescale Semiconductor assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation consequential or incidental damages. "Typical" parameters which may be provided in Freescale Semiconductor data sheets and/or specifications can and do vary in different applications and actual performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including "Typicals" must be validated for each customer application by customer's technical experts. Freescale Semiconductor does not convey any license under its patent rights nor the rights of others. Freescale Semiconductor products are not designed, intended, or authorized for use as components in systems intended for surgical implant into the body, or other applications intended to support or sustain life, or for any other application in which the failure of the Freescale Semiconductor product could create a situation where personal injury or death may occur. Should Buyer purchase or use Freescale Semiconductor products for any such unintended or unauthorized application, Buyer shall indemnify and hold Freescale Semiconductor and its officers, employees, subsidiaries, affiliates, and distributors harmless against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, and reasonable attorney fees arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use, even if such claim alleges that Freescale Semiconductor was negligent regarding the design or manufacture of the part.

**Learn More:** For more information about Freescale Semiconductor products, please visit [www.freescale.com](http://www.freescale.com)

Freescale™ and the Freescale logo are trademarks of Freescale Semiconductor, Inc. The described product contains a PowerPC processor core. The PowerPC name is a trademark of IBM Corp. and used under license. All other product or service names are the property of their respective owners.

© Freescale Semiconductor, Inc. 2004.

MPC8245ARZUPNS  
Rev. 2  
07/2004

