

## 16-Mbit (1M x 16) Pseudo Static RAM

### Features

- **Wide voltage range: 1.7V–1.95V**
- **Access Time: 70 ns**
- **Ultra-low active power**
  - Typical active current: 3 mA @ f = 1 MHz
  - Typical active current: 18 mA @ f = f<sub>max</sub>
- **Ultra low standby power**
- **Automatic power-down when deselected**
- **CMOS for optimum speed/power**
- **Available in 48-ball BGA package**
- **Operating Temperature: –40°C to +85°C**

### Functional Description<sup>[1]</sup>

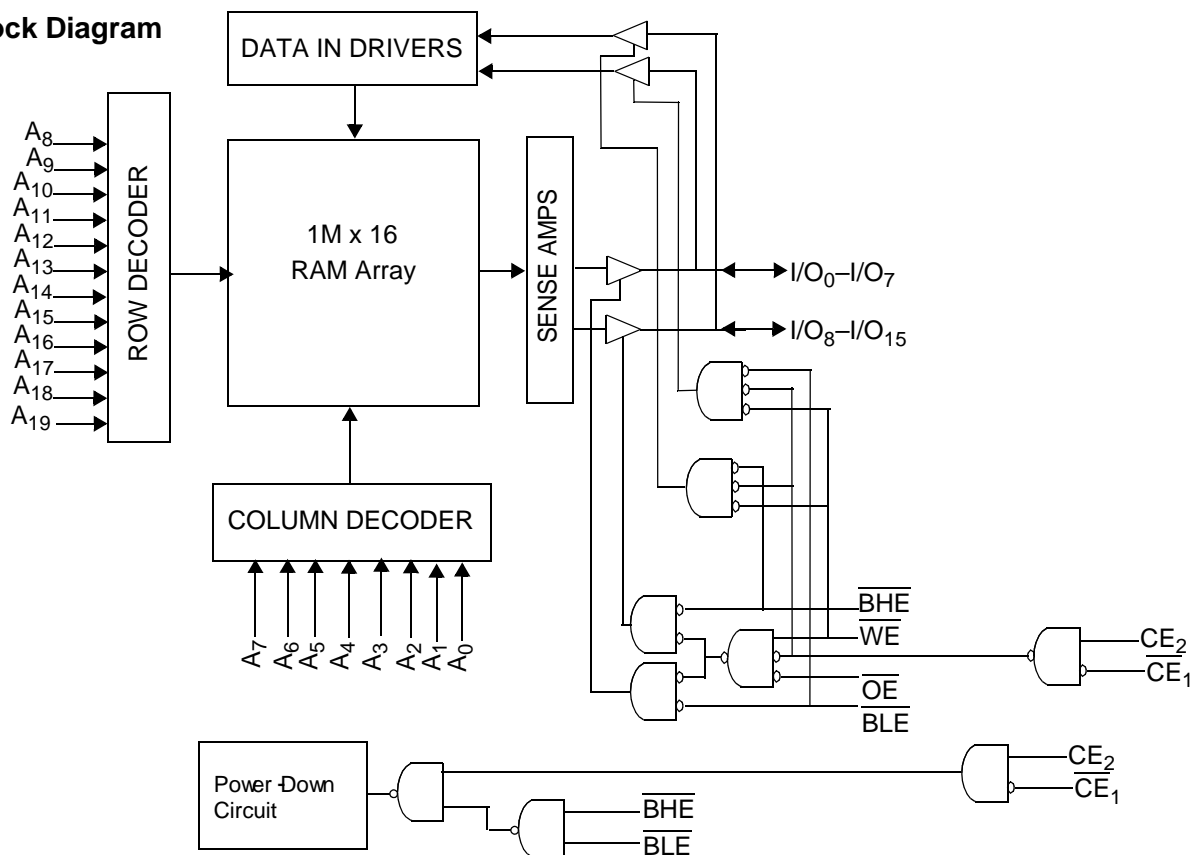
The CYU01M16SFE is a high-performance CMOS Pseudo Static RAM organized as 1M words by 16 bits that supports an asynchronous memory interface. This device features advanced circuit design to provide ultra-low active current. This is ideal for providing More Battery Life™ (MoBL®) in

portable applications such as cellular telephones. The device can be put into standby mode when deselected ( $\overline{CE}_1$  HIGH or  $CE_2$  LOW or both  $\overline{BHE}$  and  $\overline{BLE}$  are HIGH). The input/output pins ( $I/O_0$  through  $I/O_{15}$ ) are placed in a high-impedance state when: deselected ( $\overline{CE}_1$  HIGH or  $CE_2$  LOW), outputs are disabled ( $\overline{OE}$  HIGH), both Byte High Enable and Byte Low Enable are disabled ( $\overline{BHE}$ ,  $\overline{BLE}$  HIGH), or during a write operation ( $CE_1$  LOW and  $CE_2$  HIGH and  $\overline{WE}$  LOW).

To write to the device, take Chip Enable ( $\overline{CE}_1$  LOW and  $CE_2$  HIGH) and Write Enable ( $\overline{WE}$ ) input LOW. If Byte Low Enable ( $\overline{BLE}$ ) is LOW, then data from I/O pins ( $I/O_0$  through  $I/O_7$ ), is written into the location specified on the address pins ( $A_0$  through  $A_{19}$ ). If Byte High Enable ( $\overline{BHE}$ ) is LOW, then data from I/O pins ( $I/O_8$  through  $I/O_{15}$ ) is written into the location specified on the address pins ( $A_0$  through  $A_{19}$ ).

To read from the device, take Chip Enables ( $\overline{CE}_1$  LOW and  $CE_2$  HIGH) and Output Enable ( $\overline{OE}$ ) LOW while forcing the Write Enable ( $\overline{WE}$ ) HIGH. If Byte Low Enable ( $\overline{BLE}$ ) is LOW, then data from the memory location specified by the address pins will appear on  $I/O_0$  to  $I/O_7$ . If Byte High Enable ( $\overline{BHE}$ ) is LOW, then data from memory will appear on  $I/O_8$  to  $I/O_{15}$ . Refer to the truth table for a complete description of read and write modes.

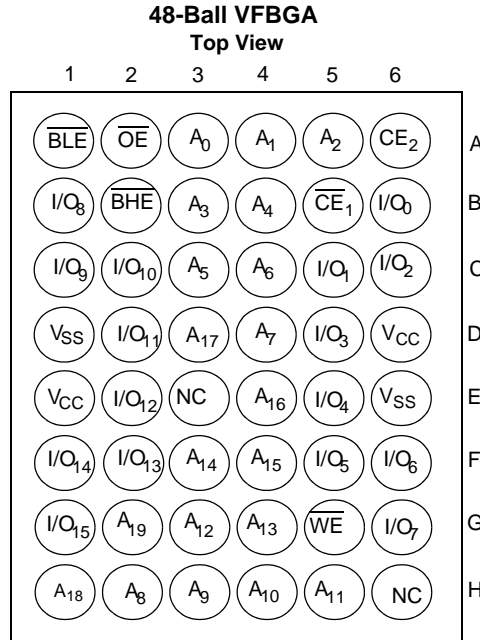
### Logic Block Diagram



**Note:**

1. For best-practice recommendations, please refer to the Cypress application note "System Design Guidelines" on <http://www.cypress.com>.

**Pin Configuration**<sup>[2, 3]</sup>

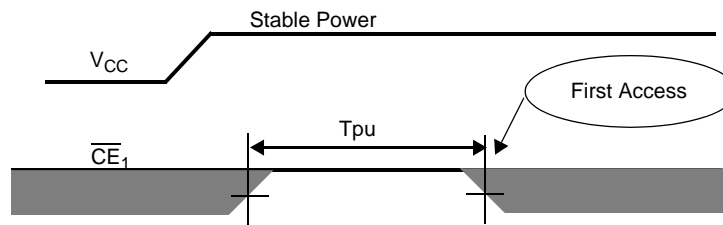


**Product Portfolio**<sup>[4]</sup>

Product	V <sub>CC</sub> Range (V)			Speed (ns)	Power Dissipation					
					Operating I <sub>CC</sub> (mA)				Standby I <sub>SB2</sub> (μA)	
					f = 1MHz		f = f <sub>max</sub>			
Min.	Typ. <sup>[4]</sup>	Max.	Typ. <sup>[4]</sup>	Max.	Typ. <sup>[4]</sup>	Max.	Typ. <sup>[4]</sup>	Max.		
CYU01M16SFE	1.7	1.8	1.95	70	3	5	18	20	55	70

**Power-up Characteristics**

The initialization sequence is shown in the figure below. Chip Select should be  $\overline{CE}_1$  HIGH or  $CE_2$  LOW for at least 200 μs after V<sub>CC</sub> has reached a stable value. No access must be attempted during this period of 200 μs.



Parameter	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
T <sub>pu</sub>	Chip Enable Low After Stable V <sub>CC</sub>	200			μs

**Notes:**

2. Ball H6 and E3 can be used to upgrade to a 32-Mbit and a 64-Mbit density, respectively.
3. NC "no connect"-not connected internally to the die.
4. Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at V<sub>CC</sub> = V<sub>CC</sub> (typ) and T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C. Tested initially and after design changes that may affect the parameters.



# CYU01M16SFE MoBL3™

## Maximum Ratings

(Above which the useful life may be impaired. For user guidelines, not tested.)

Storage Temperature ..... -65°C to +150°C  
 Ambient Temperature with  
 Power Applied..... -55°C to +125°C  
 Supply Voltage to Ground Potential. -0.2V to  $V_{CCMAX} + 0.3V$   
 DC Voltage Applied to Outputs  
 in High Z State<sup>[5, 6, 7]</sup>..... -0.2V to  $V_{CCMAX} + 0.3V$

DC Input Voltage<sup>[5, 6, 7]</sup>..... -0.2V to  $V_{CCMAX} + 0.3V$   
 Output Current into Outputs (LOW)..... 20 mA  
 Static Discharge Voltage..... > 2001V  
 (per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015)  
 Latch-Up Current..... > 200 mA

Device	Range	Operating Temperature (T <sub>A</sub> )	V <sub>CC</sub>
CYU01M16SFE	Industrial	-40°C to +85°C	1.7V to 1.95V

## DC Electrical Characteristics (Over the Operating Range) <sup>[5, 6, 7]</sup>

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	CYU01M16SFE-70 ns			Unit
			Min.	Typ. <sup>[4]</sup>	Max.	
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply Voltage		1.7	1.8	1.95	V
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output HIGH Voltage	I <sub>OH</sub> = -0.1 mA V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.7V to 1.95V	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2			V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output LOW Voltage	I <sub>OL</sub> = 0.1 mA V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.7V to 1.95V			0.2	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input HIGH Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.7V to 1.95V	0.8 * V <sub>CC</sub>		V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3V	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input LOW Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.7V to 1.95V	-0.2		0.2 * V <sub>CC</sub>	V
I <sub>IX</sub>	Input Leakage Current	GND ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ V <sub>CC</sub>	-1		+1	μA
I <sub>OZ</sub>	Output Leakage Current	GND ≤ V <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ V <sub>CC</sub>	-1		+1	μA
I <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> Operating Supply Current	f = f <sub>MAX</sub> = 1/t <sub>RC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = V <sub>CCmax</sub> I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 mA CMOS levels	18	20	mA
		f = 1 MHz		3	5	mA
I <sub>SB1</sub>	Automatic CE Power-Down Current — CMOS Inputs	$\overline{CE}_1 \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V$ , $CE_2 \leq 0.2V$ , V <sub>IN</sub> > V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2V, V <sub>IN</sub> < 0.2V f = f <sub>MAX</sub> (Address and Data Only), f = 0 (OE, WE, BHE and BLE), V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.60V		55	70	μA
I <sub>SB2</sub>	Automatic CE Power-Down Current — CMOS Inputs	$\overline{CE}_1 \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V$ , $CE_2 \leq 0.2V$ , V <sub>IN</sub> ≥ V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2V or V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 0.2V, f = 0, V <sub>CC</sub> = V <sub>CCMAX</sub>		55	70	μA

## Capacitance<sup>[8]</sup>

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Max.	Unit
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input Capacitance	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, f = 1 MHz, V <sub>CC</sub> = V <sub>CC(typ)</sub>	8	pF
C <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Capacitance		8	pF

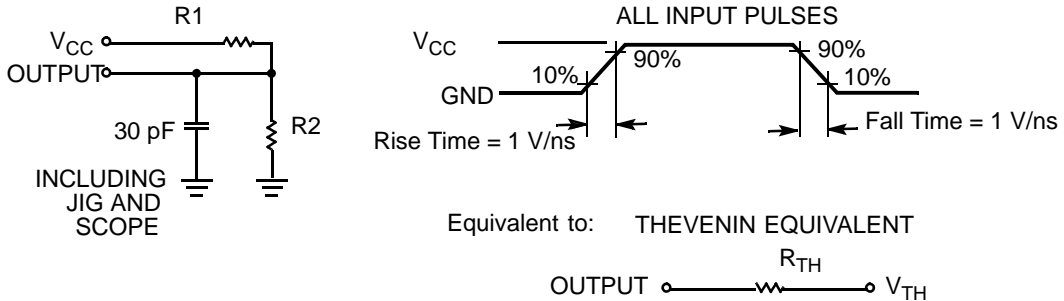
## Thermal Resistance<sup>[8]</sup>

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	VFBGA	Unit
θ <sub>JA</sub>	Thermal Resistance (Junction to Ambient)	Test conditions follow standard test methods and procedures for measuring thermal impedance, per EIA/JESD51.	56	°C/W
θ <sub>JC</sub>	Thermal Resistance (Junction to Case)		11	°C/W

### Notes:

- V<sub>IL(MIN)</sub> = -0.5V for pulse durations less than 20 ns.
- V<sub>IH(MAX)</sub> = V<sub>CC</sub> + 0.5V for pulse durations less than 20 ns.
- Overshoot and undershoot specifications are characterized and are not 100% tested.
- Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.

**AC Test Loads and Waveforms**



Parameters	1.8V (V <sub>CC</sub> )	Unit
R1	14000	Ω
R2	14000	Ω
R <sub>TH</sub>	7000	Ω
V <sub>TH</sub>	0.90	V

**Switching Characteristics** Over the Operating Range<sup>[9, 10, 11, 15, 14]</sup>

Parameter	Description	70 ns		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
<b>Read Cycle</b>				
t <sub>RC</sub> <sup>[13]</sup>	Read Cycle Time	70	40000	ns
t <sub>CD</sub>	Chip Deselect Time $\overline{CE}_1 = \text{HIGH}$ or $CE_2 = \text{LOW}$ , BLE/BHE High Pulse Time	15		ns
t <sub>AA</sub>	Address to Data Valid		70	ns
t <sub>OHA</sub>	Data Hold from Address Change	10		ns
t <sub>ACE</sub>	$\overline{CE}_1$ LOW and $CE_2$ HIGH to Data Valid		70	ns
t <sub>DOE</sub>	$\overline{OE}$ LOW to Data Valid		35	ns
t <sub>LZOE</sub>	$\overline{OE}$ LOW to Low Z <sup>[10, 11, 12]</sup>	5		ns
t <sub>HZOE</sub>	$\overline{OE}$ HIGH to High Z <sup>[10, 11, 12]</sup>		25	ns
t <sub>LZCE</sub>	$\overline{CE}_1$ LOW and $CE_2$ HIGH to Low Z <sup>[10, 11, 12]</sup>	10		ns
t <sub>HZCE</sub>	$\overline{CE}_1$ HIGH and $CE_2$ LOW to High Z <sup>[10, 11, 12]</sup>		25	ns
t <sub>DBE</sub>	BLE/BHE LOW to Data Valid		70	ns
t <sub>LZBE</sub>	BLE/BHE LOW to Low Z <sup>[10, 11, 12]</sup>	5		ns
t <sub>HZBE</sub>	BLE/BHE HIGH to High Z <sup>[10, 11, 12]</sup>		25	ns

**Notes:**

- Test conditions for all parameters other than tri-state parameters assume signal transition time of 1 ns/V, timing reference levels of  $V_{CC(typ.)}/2$ , input pulse levels of 0V to  $V_{CC}$ , and output loading of the specified  $I_{OL}/I_{OH}$  as shown in the "AC Test Loads and Waveforms" section.
- At any given temperature and voltage conditions  $t_{HZCE}$  is less than  $t_{LZCE}$ ,  $t_{HZBE}$  is less than  $t_{LZBE}$ ,  $t_{HZOE}$  is less than  $t_{LZOE}$ , and  $t_{HZWE}$  is less than  $t_{LZWE}$  for any given device. All low-Z parameters will be measured with a load capacitance of 30 pF (3V).
- $t_{HZOE}$ ,  $t_{HZCE}$ ,  $t_{HZBE}$ , and  $t_{HZWE}$  transitions are measured when the outputs enter a high-impedance state.
- High-Z and Low-Z parameters are characterized and are not 100% tested.
- If invalid address signals shorter than min.t<sub>RC</sub> are continuously repeated for 40 μs, the device needs a normal read timing (t<sub>RC</sub>) or needs to enter standby state at least once in every 40 μs.
- In order to achieve 70-ns performance, the read access must be Chip Enable ( $\overline{CE}_1$  or  $CE_2$ ) controlled. That is, the addresses must be stable prior to Chip Enable going active.



**Switching Characteristics** Over the Operating Range<sup>[9, 10, 11, 15, 14]</sup> (continued)

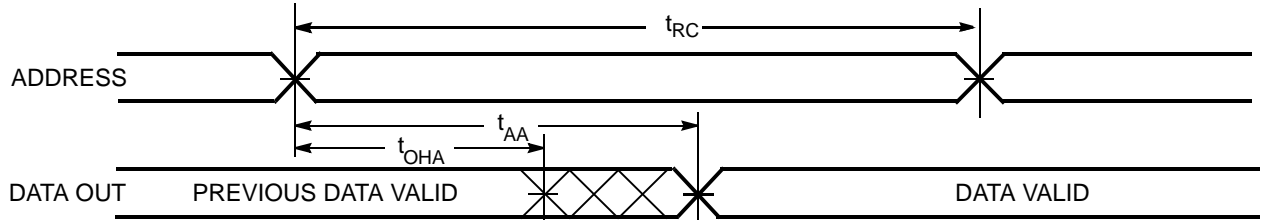
Parameter	Description	70 ns		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
<b>Write Cycle<sup>[15]</sup></b>				
t <sub>WC</sub>	Write Cycle Time	70	40000	ns
t <sub>SCE</sub>	$\overline{CE}_1$ LOW and CE <sub>2</sub> HIGH to Write End	60		ns
t <sub>AW</sub>	Address Set-Up to Write End	60		ns
t <sub>CD</sub>	Chip Deselect Time $\overline{CE}_1 = \text{HIGH}$ or CE <sub>2</sub> = LOW, $\overline{BLE}/\overline{BHE}$ High Pulse Time	15		ns
t <sub>HA</sub>	Address Hold from Write End	0		ns
t <sub>SA</sub>	Address Set-Up to Write Start	0		ns
t <sub>PWE</sub>	$\overline{WE}$ Pulse Width	50		ns
t <sub>BW</sub>	$\overline{BLE}/\overline{BHE}$ LOW to Write End	60		ns
t <sub>SD</sub>	Data Set-Up to Write End	25		ns
t <sub>HD</sub>	Data Hold from Write End	0		ns
t <sub>HZWE</sub>	$\overline{WE}$ LOW to High-Z <sup>[10, 11, 12]</sup>		25	ns
t <sub>LZWE</sub>	$\overline{WE}$ HIGH to Low-Z <sup>[10, 11, 12]</sup>	10		ns

**Note:**

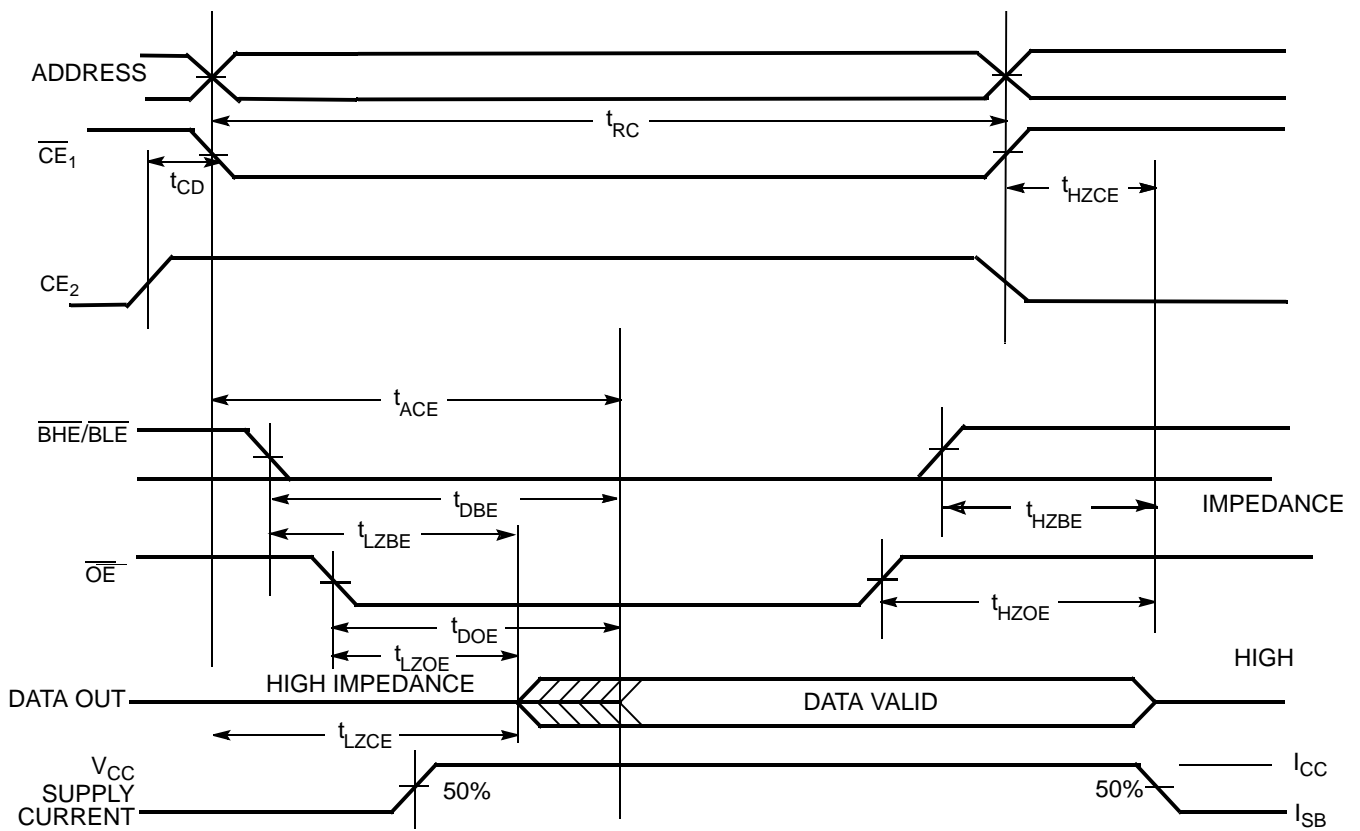
15. The internal Write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of  $\overline{WE}$ ,  $\overline{CE}_1 = V_{IL}$  or CE<sub>2</sub> = V<sub>IH</sub>,  $\overline{BHE}$  and/or  $\overline{BLE} = V_{IL}$ . All signals must be ACTIVE to initiate a write and any of these signals can terminate a write by going INACTIVE. The data input set-up and hold timing should be referenced to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.

**Switching Waveforms**

**Read Cycle 1 (Address Transition Controlled)<sup>[17, 18]</sup>**



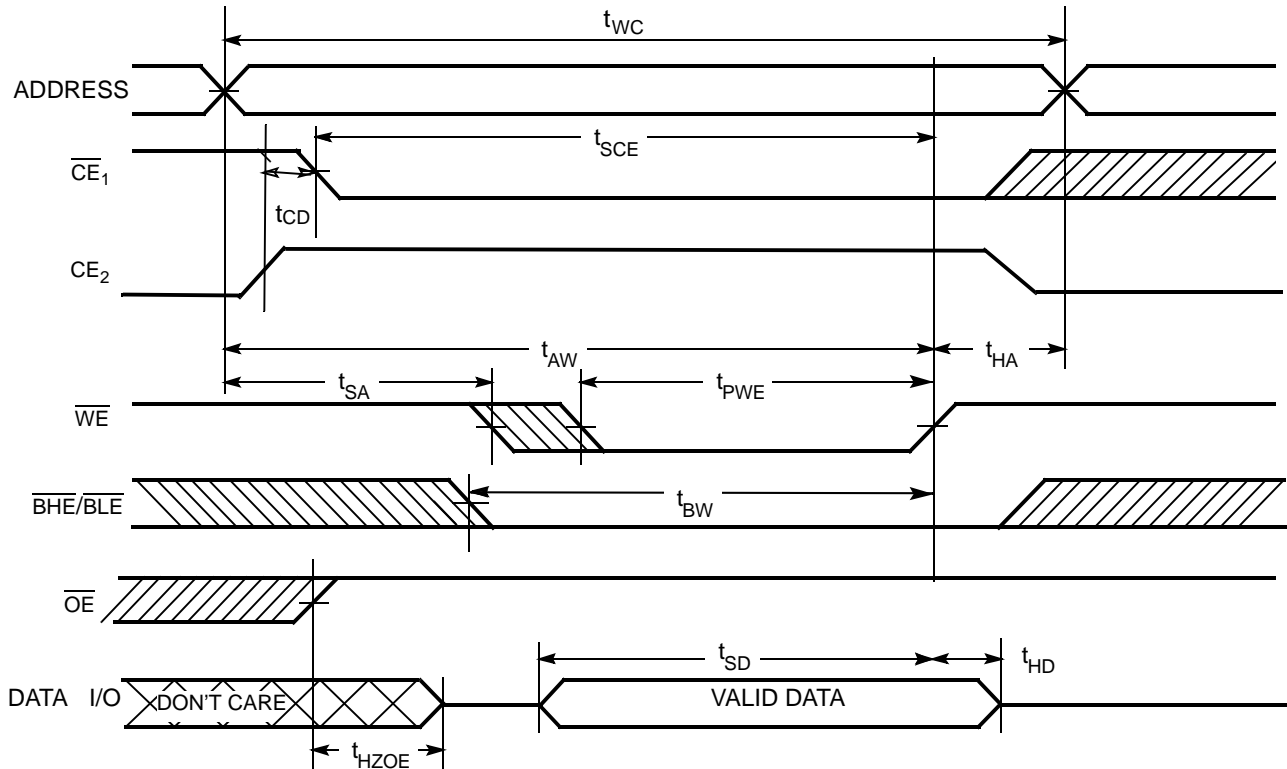
**Read Cycle 2 ( $\overline{OE}$  Controlled)<sup>[16, 18, 19]</sup>**



**Notes:**

- 16. Whenever  $\overline{CE}_1 = \text{HIGH}$  or  $\overline{CE}_2 = \text{LOW}$ ,  $\overline{BHE}/\overline{BLE}$  are taken inactive, they must remain inactive for a minimum of 5 ns.
- 17. Device is continuously selected.  $\overline{OE} = \overline{CE}_1 = V_{IL}$  and  $\overline{CE}_2 = V_{IH}$ .
- 18.  $\overline{WE}$  is HIGH for Read Cycle.
- 19.  $\overline{CE}$  is the Logical AND of  $\overline{CE}_1$  and  $\overline{CE}_2$ .

**Switching Waveforms** (continued)



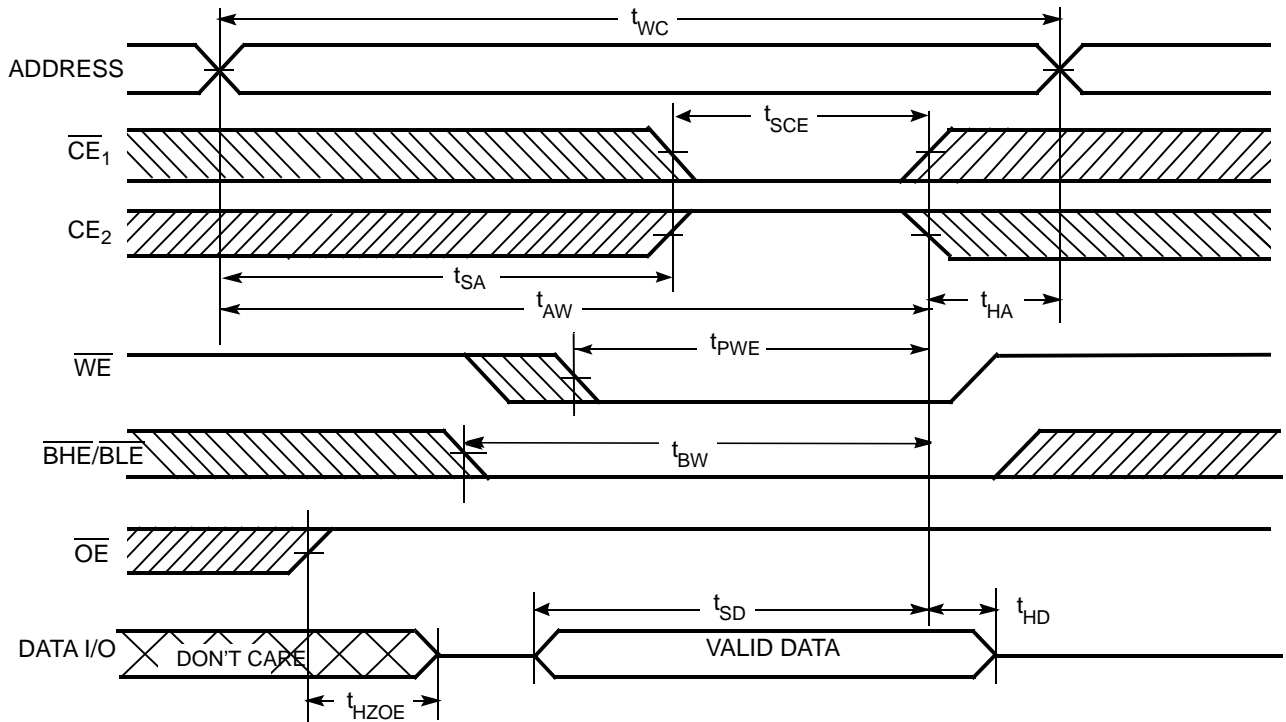
**Notes:**

20. Data I/O is high-impedance if  $\overline{OE} \geq V_{IH}$ .

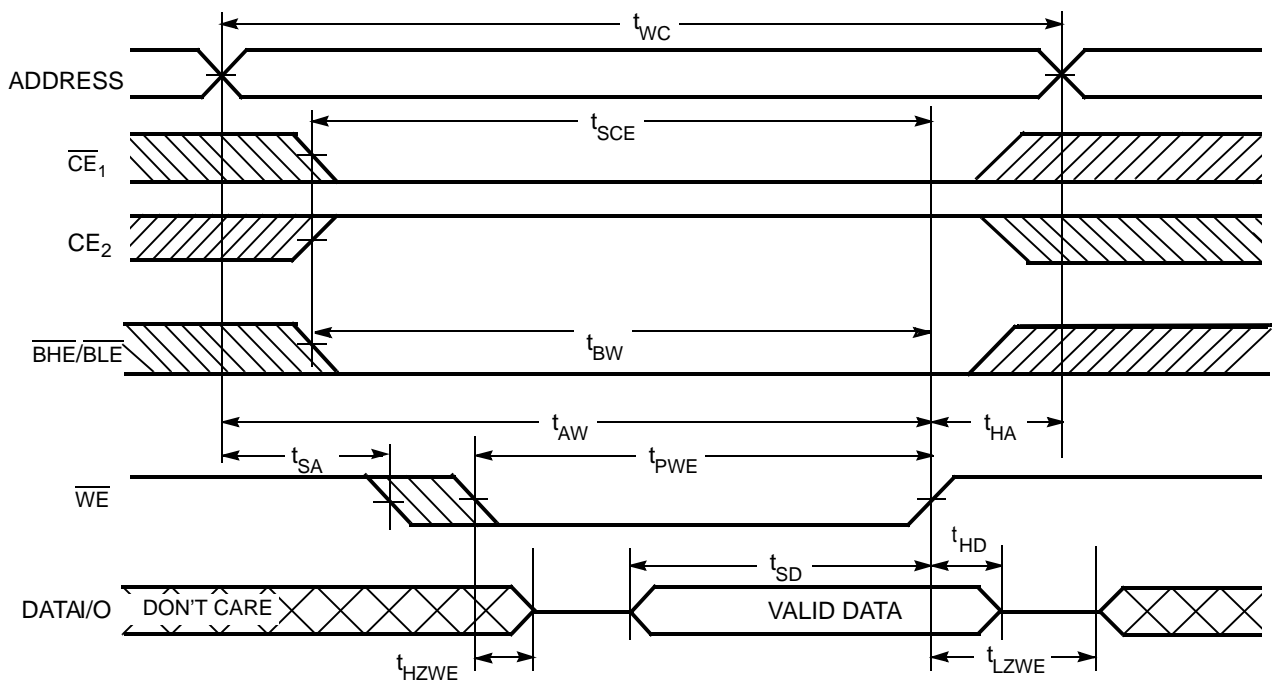
21. During the DON'T CARE period in the DATA I/O waveform, the I/Os are in output state and input signals should not be applied.

Switching Waveforms (continued)

Write Cycle 2 ( $\overline{CE}_1$  or  $CE_2$  Controlled)<sup>[15, 12, 16, 20, 21]</sup>



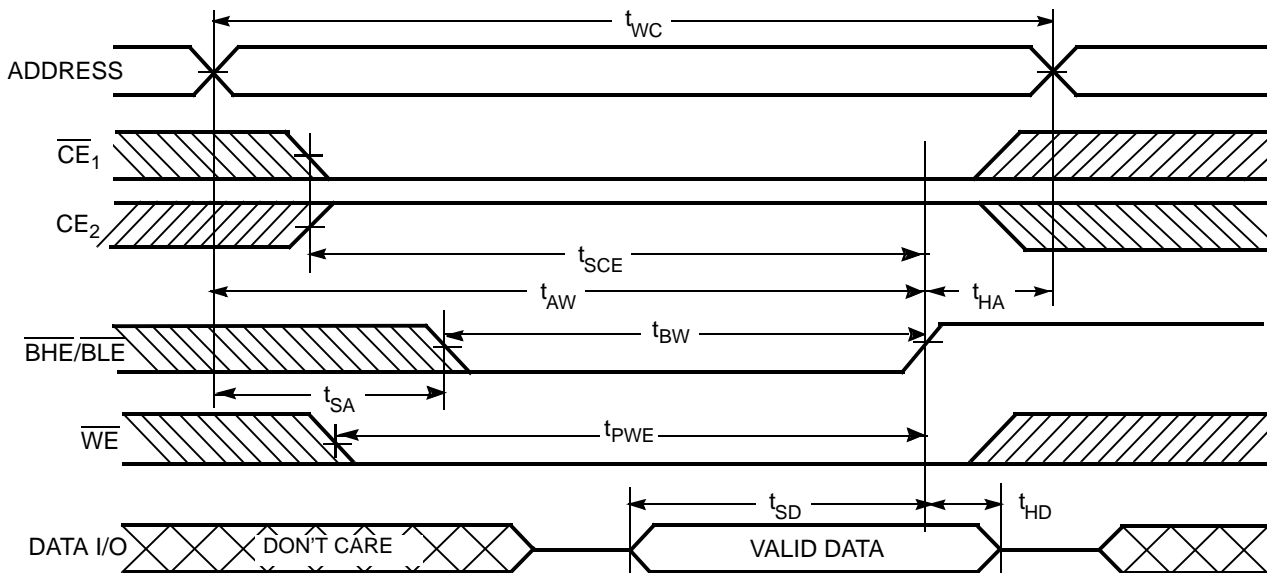
Write Cycle 3 ( $\overline{WE}$  Controlled,  $\overline{OE}$  LOW)<sup>[16, 21]</sup>





**Switching Waveforms** (continued)

**Write Cycle 4 (BHE/BLE Controlled, OE LOW)**<sup>[15, 16, 20, 21]</sup>



**Truth Table**<sup>[22]</sup>

$\overline{CE}_1$	$\overline{CE}_2$	$\overline{WE}$	$\overline{OE}$	$\overline{BHE}$	$\overline{BLE}$	Inputs/Outputs	Mode	Power
H	X	X	X	X	X	High Z	Deselect/Power-down	Standby ( $I_{SB}$ )
X	L	X	X	X	X	High Z	Deselect/Power-down	Standby ( $I_{SB}$ )
X	X	X	X	H	H	High Z	Deselect/Power-down	Standby ( $I_{SB}$ )
L	H	H	L	L	L	Data Out (I/O <sub>0</sub> –I/O <sub>15</sub> )	Read	Active ( $I_{CC}$ )
L	H	H	L	H	L	Data Out (I/O <sub>0</sub> –I/O <sub>7</sub> ); I/O <sub>8</sub> –I/O <sub>15</sub> in High Z	Read	Active ( $I_{CC}$ )
L	H	H	L	L	H	Data Out (I/O <sub>8</sub> –I/O <sub>15</sub> ); I/O <sub>0</sub> –I/O <sub>7</sub> in High Z	Read	Active ( $I_{CC}$ )
L	H	H	H	L	L	High Z	Output Disabled	Active ( $I_{CC}$ )
L	H	H	H	H	L	High Z	Output Disabled	Active ( $I_{CC}$ )
L	H	H	H	L	H	High Z	Output Disabled	Active ( $I_{CC}$ )
L	H	L	X	L	L	Data In (I/O <sub>0</sub> –I/O <sub>15</sub> )	Write (Upper Byte and Lower Byte)	Active ( $I_{CC}$ )
L	H	L	X	H	L	Data In (I/O <sub>0</sub> –I/O <sub>7</sub> ); I/O <sub>8</sub> –I/O <sub>15</sub> in High Z	Write (Lower Byte Only)	Active ( $I_{CC}$ )
L	H	L	X	L	H	Data In (I/O <sub>8</sub> –I/O <sub>15</sub> ); I/O <sub>0</sub> –I/O <sub>7</sub> in High Z	Write (Upper Byte Only)	Active ( $I_{CC}$ )

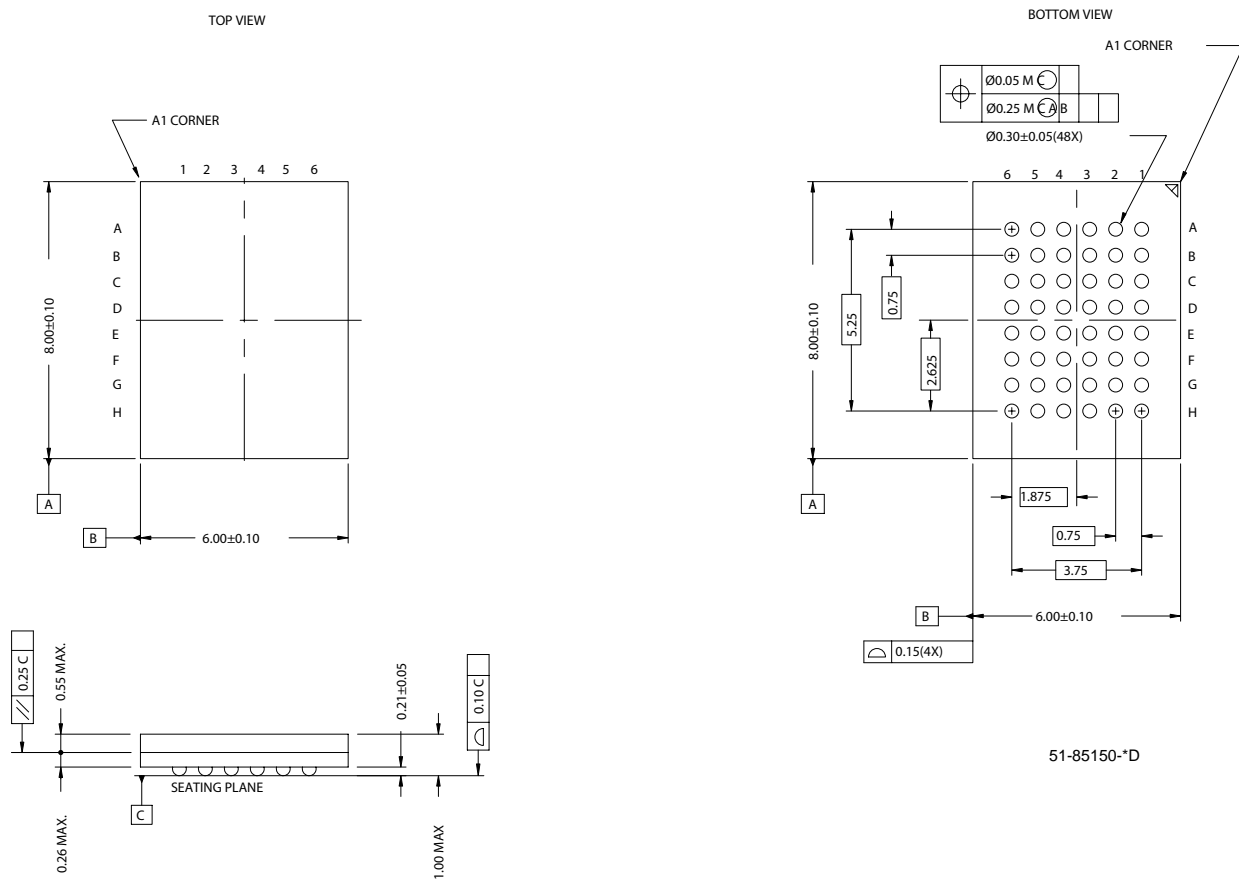
**Note:**  
22. H = Logic HIGH, L = Logic LOW, X = Don't Care.

**Ordering Information**

Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Diagram	Package Type	Operating Range
70	CYU01M16SFEU-70BVXI	51-85150	48-ball Fine Pitch VBGA (6 mm x 8 mm x 1 mm) (Pb-Free)	Industrial

**Package Diagram**

**48-ball VFBGA (6 x 8 x 1 mm) (51-85150)**



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**Document History Page**

<b>Document Title: CYU01M16SFE MoBL3™ 16-Mbit (1M x 16) Pseudo Static RAM</b>				
<b>Document Number: 38-05603</b>				
<b>REV.</b>	<b>ECN NO.</b>	<b>Issue Date</b>	<b>Orig. of Change</b>	<b>Description of Change</b>
**	342199	See ECN	PCI	New Data sheet
*A	386551	See ECN	PCI	Changed from Advance to Preliminary Replaced TBDs with appropriate values Changed $t_{PC}$ and $t_{PA}$ from 20 to 25 ns Corrected footnote # 16 as $\overline{OE} = \overline{CE}_1 = V_{IL}$ and $CE_2 = V_{IH}$ Added separate waveforms for $\overline{CE}_1$ and $CE_2$ in Read #2, Page Read and Write#1 Timing diagram
*B	422623	See ECN	HRT	Removed the 55-ns Speed Bin Changed $I_{sb2}$ Max value from 60 $\mu A$ to 70 $\mu A$ Added $I_{sb1}$ to the DC parameters Added Chip Enable Access Foot Note to AC Parameters Changed the $t_{CD}$ Min value from 5 ns to 15 ns Changed the Page Mode Values ( $t_{PC}$ and $t_{PAA}$ ) from 25 ns to 35 ns
*C	462289	See ECN	NXR	Revised MPN from CYU01M16SFCU to CYU01M16SFE Renamed Package Name column with Package Diagram
*D	492939	See ECN	NXR	Removed Page Mode feature
*E	504021	See ECN	NXR	Converted from Preliminary to Final Changed $I_{CC}(\text{Max})$ from 25 mA to 20 mA Changed $t_{OHA}(\text{Min})$ from 5 ns to 10 ns