International IƆR Rectifier

IR2136/IR21362/IR21363/IR21365/ IR21366/IR21367/IR21368 (J&S)

3-PHASE BRIDGE DRIVER

Features

- Floating channel designed for bootstrap operation
  Fully operational to +600V
  Tolerant to negative transient voltage - dV/dt immune
- Gate drive supply range from 10 to 20V (IR2136/IR21368), 11.5 to 20V (IR21362) or 12 to 20V (IR21363/IR21365/ IR21366/IR21367)
- Undervoltage lockout for all channels
- Over-current shutdown turns off all six drivers
- Independent 3 half-bridge drivers
- Matched propagation delay for all channels
- Cross-conduction prevention logic
- Lowside outputs out of phase with inputs. High side outputs out of phase (IR2136/IR21363/IR21365/ IR21366/IR21367/IR21368) or in phase (IR21362) with inputs.
- 3.3V logic compatible
- Lower di/dt gate driver for better noise immunity
- Externally programmable delay for automatic fault clear

Packages

28-Lead SOIC

28-Lead PDIP

44-Lead PLCC w/o 12 leads

Feature Comparison: IR2136/IR21362/IR21363/ IR21365/IR21366/IR21367/IR21368

Part	IR2136	IR21362	IR21363	IR21365	IR21366	IR21367	IR21368
Input Logic	$\overline{HIN}$, $\overline{LIN}$	$\overline{HIN}/\overline{LIN}$	$\overline{HIN}$, $\overline{LIN}$	$\overline{HIN}$, $\overline{LIN}$	$\overline{HIN}$, $\overline{LIN}$	$\overline{HIN}$, $\overline{LIN}$	$\overline{HIN}$,$\overline{LIN}$
Ton (typ.)	400ns	400ns	400ns	400ns	250ns	250ns	400ns
Toff (typ.)	380ns	380ns	380ns	380ns	180ns	180ns	380ns
V_{IH} (typ.)	2.7V	2.7V	2.7V	2.7V	2.0V	2.0V	2.0V
V_{IL} (typ.)	1.7V	1.7V	1.7V	1.7V	1.3V	1.3V	1.3V
Vitrip+	0.46V	0.46V	0.46V	4.3V	0.46V	4.3V	4.3V
UV CC/BS+	8.9V	10.4V	11.2V	11.2V	11.2V	11.2V	8.9V
UV CC/BS-	8.2V	9.4V	11.0V	11.0V	11.0V	11.0V	8.2V

Description

The IR2136/IR21362/IR21363/IR21365/IR21366/IR21367/IR21368(J&S) are high votage, high speed power MOSFET and IGBT drivers with three independent high and low side referenced output channels for 3-phase applications. Proprietary HVIC technology enables ruggedized monolithic construction. Logic inputs are compatible with CMOS or LSTTL outputs, down to 3.3V logic. A current trip function which terminates all six outputs can be derived from an external current sense resistor. An enable function is available to terminate all six outputs simultaneously. An open-drain FAULT signal is provided to indicate that an overcurrent or undervoltage shutdown has occurred. Overcurrent fault conditions are cleared automatically after a delay programmed externally via an RC network connected to the RCIN input. The output drivers feature a high pulse current buffer stage designed for minimum driver cross-conduction. Propagation delays are matched to simplify use in high frequency applications. The floating channel can be used to drive N-channel power MOSFETs or IGBTs in the high side configuration which operates up to 600 volts.

Typical Connection

(Refer to Lead Assignments for correct pin configuration). This/These diagram(s) show electrical connections only. Please refer to our Application Notes and DesignTips for proper circuit board layout.

IR2136(2)(3)(5)(6)(7)(8)

IR2136(2)(3)(5)(6)(7)(8)(J&S)
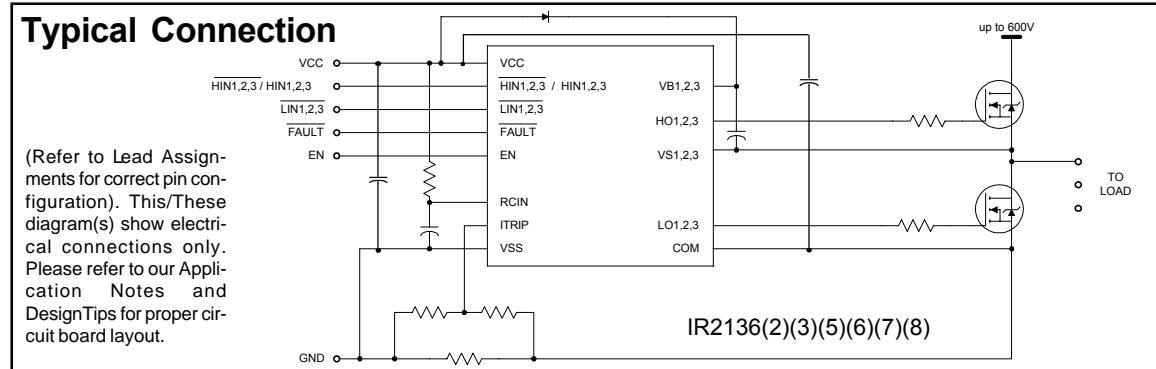
Absolute Maximum Ratings

Absolute maximum ratings indicate sustained limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. All voltage parameters are absolute voltages referenced to COM. The thermal resistance and power dissipation ratings are measured under board mounted and still air conditions.

Symbol	Definition		Min.	Max.	Units
V_S	High side offset voltage		$V_{B1,2,3}$ - 25	$V_{B1,2,3}$ + 0.3	
V_{BS}	High side floating supply voltage		-0.3	625	
V_{HO}	High side floating output voltage		$V_{S1,2,3}$ - 0.3	$V_{B1,2,3}$ + 0.3	
V_{CC}	Low side and logic fixed supply voltage		-0.3	25	
V_{SS}	Logic ground		V_{CC} - 25	V_{CC} + 0.3	V
$V_{LO1,2,3}$	Low side output voltage		-0.3	V_{CC} + 0.3	
V_{IN}	Input voltage LIN,HIN,ITRIP, EN, RCIN		V_{SS} - 0.3	lower of (V_{SS} + 15) or V_{CC} + 0.3)	
V_{FLT}	FAULT output voltage		V_{SS} - 0.3	V_{CC} + 0.3	
dV/dt	Allowable offset voltage slew rate		—	50	V/ns
P_D	Package power dissipation @ $T_A \leq$ +25°C	(28 lead PDIP)	—	1.5	
		(28 lead SOIC)	—	1.6	W
		(44leadPLCC)	—	2.0	
Rth_{JA}	Thermal resistance, junction to ambient	(28 lead PDIP)	—	83	
		(28 lead SOIC)	—	78	°C/W
		(44 lead PLCC)	—	63	
T_J	Junction temperature		—	150	
T_S	Storage temperature		-55	150	°C
T_L	Lead temperature (soldering, 10 seconds)		—	300	

Recommended Operating Conditions

The Input/Output logic timing diagram is shown in figure 1. For proper operation the device should be used within the recommended conditions. All voltage parameters are absolute referenced to COM. The V_S offset rating is tested with all supplies biased at 15V differential.

Symbol	Definition		Min.	Max.	Units
$V_{B1,2,3}$	High side floating supply voltage	IR2136(8)	$V_{S1,2,3}$ +10	$V_{S1,2,3}$ +20	
		IR21362	$V_{S1,2,3}$ +11.5	$V_{S1,2,3}$ +20	
		IR2136(3)(5)(6)(7)	$V_{S1,2,3}$ +12	$V_{S1,2,3}$ +20	
$V_{S1,2,3}$	High side floating supply offset voltage		Note 1	600	
$V_{HO1,2,3}$	High side output voltage		$V_{S1,2,3}$	$V_{B1,2,3}$	
$V_{LO1,2,3}$	Low side output voltage		0	V_{CC}	V
V_{CC}	Low side and logic fixed supply voltage	IR2136(8)	10	20	
		IR21362	11.5	20	
		IR2136(3)(5)(6)(7)	12	20	
V_{SS}	Logic ground		-5	5	
V_{FLT}	FAULT output voltage		V_{SS}	V_{CC}	
V_{RCIN}	RCIN input voltage		V_{SS}	V_{CC}	

Note 1: Logic operational for V_S of COM -5V to COM +600V. Logic state held for V_S of COM -5V to COM -V_{BS}.
(Please refer to the Design Tip DT97-3 for more details).
Note 2: All input pins (HIN-, HIN, LIN-, EN and ITRIP) are internally clamped with a 5.2V zener diode.

www.irf.com

Recommended Operating Conditions cont.

The Input/Output logic timing diagram is shown in figure 1. For proper operation the device should be used within the recommended conditions. All voltage parameters are absolute referenced to COM. The V_S offset rating is tested with all supplies biased at 15V differential.

Symbol	Definition	Min.	Max.	Units
V_{ITRIP}	ITRIP input voltage	V_{SS}	V_{SS} +5	V
V_{IN}	Logic input voltage $\overline{LIN}$, $\overline{HIN}$ (IR2136,IR21363(5)(6)(7)(8)), HIN(IR21362), EN	V_{SS}	V_{SS} +5	
T_A	Ambient temperature	-40	125	$^{\circ}$C

Note 2: All input pins (HIN-, HIN, LIN-, EN and ITRIP) are internally clamped with a 5.2V zener diode.

Static Electrical Characteristics

V_{BIAS} (V_{CC}, V_{BS}1,2,3) = 15V unless otherwise specified. The V_{IN}, V_{TH} and I_{IN} parameters are referenced to V_{SS} and are applicable to all six channels (H_S1,2,3 and L_S1,2,3). The V_O and I_O parameters are referenced to COM and V_S1,2,3 and are applicable to the respective output leads: $H_{O1,2,3}$ and $L_{O1,2,3}$.

Symbol	Definition		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
V_{IH}	Logic "0" input voltage $\overline{LIN}$1,2,3, $\overline{HIN}$1,2,3					V	
	IR2136(3)(5)		3.0	—	—		
	Logic "1" input voltage HIN1,2,3 IR21362						
	Logic "0" input voltage $\overline{LIN}$1,2,3, $\overline{HIN}$1,2,3						
	IR21366(7)(8)		2.5	—	—		
V_{IL}	Logic "1" input voltage $\overline{LIN}$1,2,3, $\overline{HIN}$1,2,3						
	IR2136(3)(5)		—	—	0.8		
	Logic "0" input voltage HIN1,2,3 IR21362						
	Logic "0" input voltage $\overline{LIN}$1,2,3, $\overline{HIN}$1,2,3						
	IR21366(7)(8)		—	—	0.8		
$V_{EN,TH+}$	EN positive going threshold		—	—	3		
$V_{EN,TH-}$	EN negative going threshold		0.8	—	—		
$V_{IT,TH+}$	ITRIP positive going threshold						
	IR2136(2)(3)(6)		0.37	0.46	0.55		
	IR21365(7)(8)		3.85	4.30	4.75		
$V_{IT,HYS}$	ITRIP input hysteresis						
	IR2136(2)(3)(6)		—	0.07	—		
	IR21365(7)(8)		—	.15	—		
$V_{RCIN,TH+}$	RCIN positive going threshold		—	8	—		
$V_{RCIN,HYS}$	RCIN input hysteresis		—	3	—		
V_{OH}	High level output voltage, V_{BIAS} - V_O		—	0.9	1.4		I_O = 20 mA
V_{OL}	Low level output voltage, V_O		—	0.4	0.6		I_O = 20 mA
V_{CCUV+} V_{BSUV+}	V_{CC} and V_{BS} supply undervoltage positive going threshold	IR2136(8)	8.0	8.9	9.8		
		IR21362	9.6	10.4	11.2		
		IR21363(5)(6)(7)	10.6	11.1	11.6		

Static Electrical Characteristics cont.

V_{BIAS} (V_{CC}, V_{BS}1,2,3) = 15V unless otherwise specified. The V_{IN}, V_{TH} and I_{IN} parameters are referenced to V_{SS} and are applicable to all six channels (H_S1,2,3 and L_S1,2,3). The V_O and I_O parameters are referenced to COM and V_S1,2,3 and are applicable to the respective output leads: $H_{O1,2,3}$ and $L_{O1,2,3}$.

Symbol	Definition		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
V_{CCUV-}	V_{CC} and V_{BS} supply undervoltage	IR2136(8)	7.4	8.2	9.0		
V_{BSUV-}	negative going threshold	IR21362	8.6	9.4	10.2	V	
		IR21363(5)(6)(7)	10.4	10.9	11.4		
V_{CCUVH}	V_{CC} and V_{BS} supply undervoltage	IR2136	0.3	0.7	—		
V_{BSUVH}	lockout hysteresis	IR21362	0.5	1.0	—		
		IR21363(5)	—	0.2	—		
I_{LK}	Offset supply leakage current		—	—	50	μA	$V_{B1,2,3}=V_{S1,2,3}=600V$
I_{QBS}	Quiescent V_{BS} supply current		—	70	120		
I_{QCC}	Quiescent V_{CC} supply current		—	1.6	2.3	mA	V_{IN} = 0V or 5V
$V_{IN, CLAMP}$	Input clamp voltage (HIN, LIN, ITRIP and EN)		4.9	5.2	5.5	V	I_{IN} =100μA
I_{LIN+}	Input bias current (LOUT = HI)	IR2136(2)(3)(5)	—	200	300		V_{LIN} = 5V
		IR21366(7)(8)	—	30	100		
I_{LIN-}	Input bias current (LOUT = LO)	IR2136(2)(3)(5)	—	100	220		V_{LIN} = 0V
		IR21366(7)(8)	—	0	1		
I_{HIN+}	Input bias current (HOUT = HI)	IR2136(3)(5)	—	200	300		V_{HIN} = 5V
		IR21362	—	30	100		
		IR21366(7)(8)	—	30	100	μA	
I_{HIN-}	Input bias current (HOUT = LO)	IR2136(3)(5)	—	100	220		V_{HIN} = 0V
		IR21362(6)(7)(8)	—	0	1		
I_{ITRIP+}	"high" ITRIP input bias current		—	30	100		V_{ITRIP} = 5V
I_{ITRIP-}	"low" ITRIP input bias current		—	0	1		V_{ITRIP} = 0V
I_{EN+}	"high" ENABLE input bias current		—	30	100		V_{ENABLE}= 5V
I_{EN-}	"low" ENABLE input bias current		—	0	1		V_{ENABLE} = 0V
I_{RCIN}	RCIN input bias current		—	0	1		V_{RCIN} = 0V or 15V
I_{O+}	Output high short circuit pulsed current		120	200	—	mA	V_O=0V, PW ≤ 10 μs
I_{O-}	Output low short circuit pulsed current		250	350	—		V_O=15V, PW ≤10 μs
$R_{ON,RCIN}$	RCIN low on resistance		—	50	100	Ω	
$R_{ON,FLT}$	FAULT low on resistance		—	50	100		

Dynamic Electrical Characteristics

$V_{CC} = V_{BS} = V_{BIAS} = 15V$, $V_{S1,2,3} = V_{SS} = COM$, $TA = 25^oC$ and $C_L = 1000$ pF unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Definition		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
t_{on}	Turn-on propagation delay	IR2136(2)(3)(5)(8)	300	425	550		
		IR21366(7)	—	250	—		$V_{IN} = 0$ & $5V$
t_{off}	Turn-off propagation delay	IR2136(2)(3)(5)(8)	250	400	550		
		IR21366(7)	—	180	—		
t_r	Turn-on rise time		—	125	190		
t_f	Turn-off fall time		—	50	75		
t_{EN}	ENABLE low to output	IR2136(2)(3)(5)(8)	300	450	600	nS	V_{IN}, $V_{EN} = 0V$ or $5V$
	shutdown propagation delay	IR21366(7)	100	250	400		
t_{ITRIP}	ITRIP to output shutdown propagation delay		500	750	1000		$V_{ITRIP} = 5V$
t_{bl}	ITRIP blanking time		100	150	—		$V_{IN} = 0V$ or $5V$ $V_{ITRIP} = 5V$
t_{FLT}	ITRIP to FAULT propagation delay		400	600	800		$V_{IN} = 0V$ or $5V$ $V_{ITRIP} = 5V$
t_{FILIN}	Input filter time (HIN, LIN, EN) (IR2136(2)(3)(5)(8) only)		100	200	—		$V_{IN} = 0$ & $5V$
t_{FLTCLR}	FAULT clear time RCIN: R=2meg, C=1nF		1.3	1.65	2	mS	$V_{IN} = 0V$ or $5V$ $V_{ITRIP} = 0V$
DT	Deadtime		220	290	360		$V_{IN} = 0$ & $5V$
MT	Matching delay ON and OFF		—	40	75	nS	External dead time >400nsec
MDT	Matching delay, max (t_{on},t_{off}) - min (t_{on},t_{off}), (t_{on},t_{off} are applicable to all 3 channels)		—	25	70		
PM	Output pulse width matching, PWin -PWout (fig.2)		—	40	75		

NOTE: For high side PWM, HIN pulse width must be $\geq 1\mu$sec

VCC	VBS	ITRIP	ENABLE	FAULT	LO1,2,3	HO1,2,3
<UVCC	X	X	X	0 (note 1)	0	0
15V	<UVBS	0V	5V	high imp	LIN1,2,3	0
15V	15V	0V	5V	high imp	LIN1,2,3	HIN1,2,3
15V	15V	>V_{ITRIP}	5V	0 (note 2)	0	0
15V	15V	0V	0V	high imp	0	0

Note: A shoot-through prevention logic prevents LO1,2,3 and HO1,2,3 for each channel from turning on simultaneously.
Note 1: UVCC is not latched, when VCC>UVCC, FAULT returns to high impedance.
Note 2: When ITRIP <V_{ITRIP}, FAULT returns to high-impedance after RCIN pin becomes greater than 8V (@ VCC = 15V)

IR2136(2)(3)(5)(6)(7)(8)(J&S)

International
IΩR Rectifier
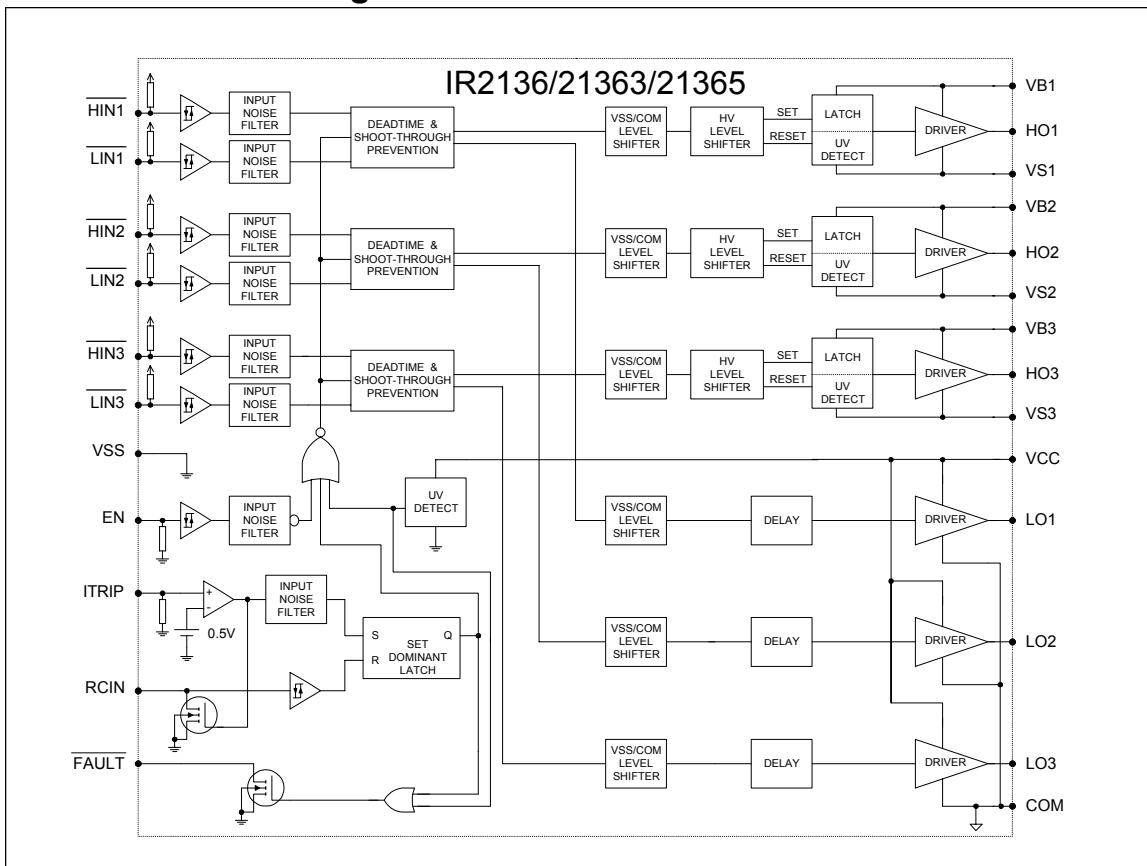
Functional Block Diagram

Functional Block Diagram

IR2136(2)(3)(5)(6)(7)(8)(J&S)
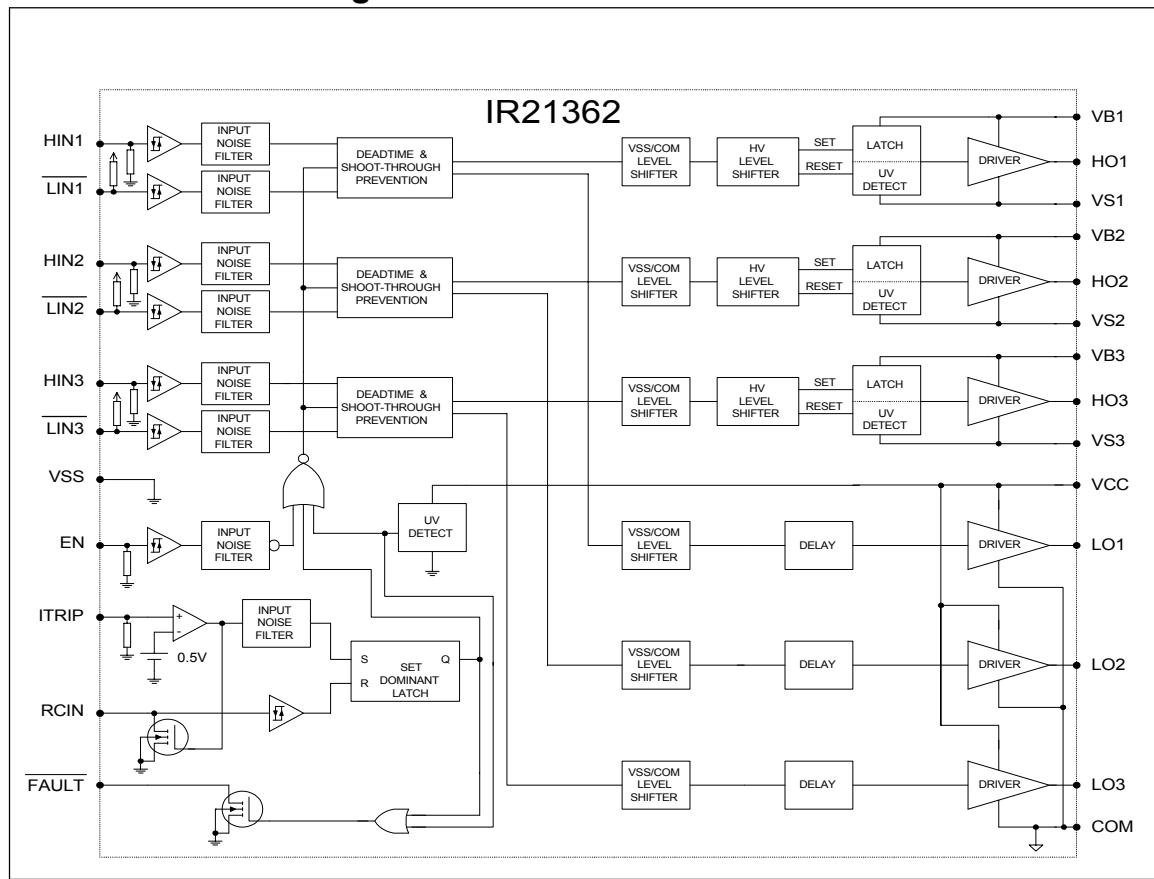
Functional Black Diagram

IR21366/IR21367/IR21368
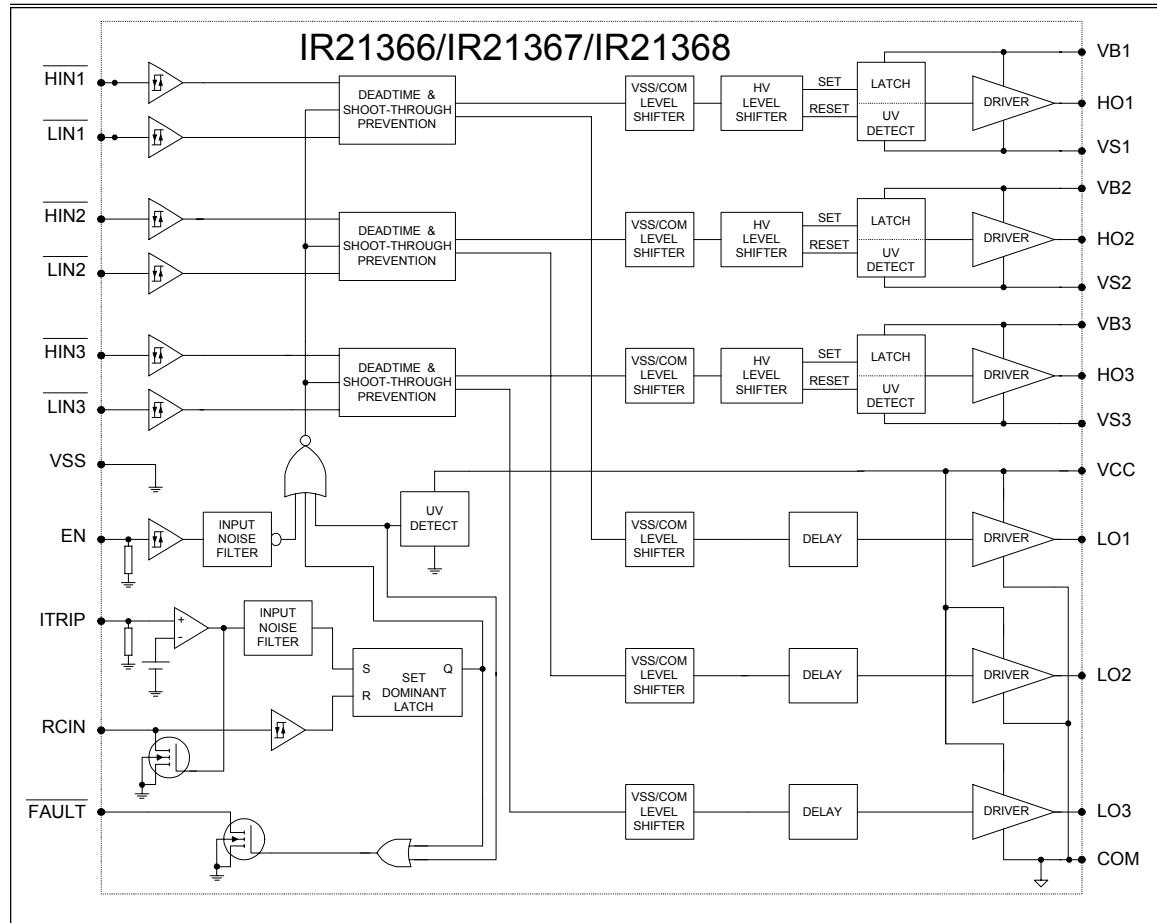
Lead Definitions

Symbol	Description
V_{CC}	Low side and logic fixed supply
VSS	Logic Ground
$\overline{HIN1,2,3}$ HIN1,2,3	Logic inputs for high side gate driver outputs (HO1,2,3), out of phase (IR2136/IR21363(5)(6)(7)(8) Logic inputs for high side gate driver outputs (HO1,2,3), in phase (IR21362)
$\overline{LIN1,2,3}$	Logic inputs for low side gate driver outputs (LO1,2,3), out of phase
FAULT	Indicates over-current (ITRIP) or low-side undervoltage lockout has occured. Negative logic, open-drain output
EN	Logic input to enable I/O functionality. Positive logic, i.e. I/O logic functions when ENABLE is high. No effect on FAULT and not latched
ITRIP	Analog input for overcurrent shutdown. When active, ITRIP shuts down outputs and activates FAULT and RCIN low. When ITRIP becomes inactive, FAULT stays active low for an externally set time T_{FLTCLR}, then automatically becomes inactive (open-drain high impedance).
RCIN	External RC network input used to define FAULT CLEAR delay, T_{FLTCLR}, approximately equal to R*C. When RCIN>8V, the FAULT pin goes back into open-drain high-impedance
COM	Low side gate driver return
$V_B1,2,3$	High side floating supply
HO1,2,3	High side gate driver outputs
$V_{S1,2,3}$	High voltage floating supply returns
LO1,2,3	Low side gate driver output

Note 2: All input pins (HIN-, HIN, LIN-, EN and ITRIP) are internally clamped with a 5.2V zener diode.

IR2136(2)(3)(5)(6)(7)(8)(J&S)

Lead Assignments
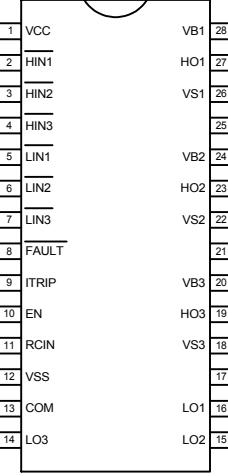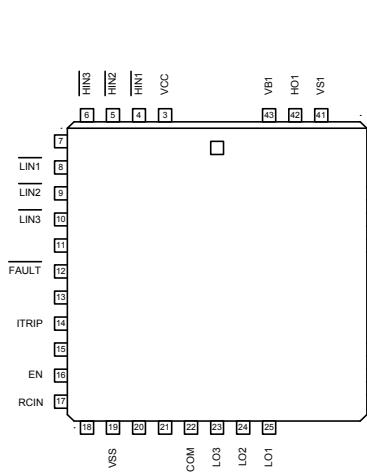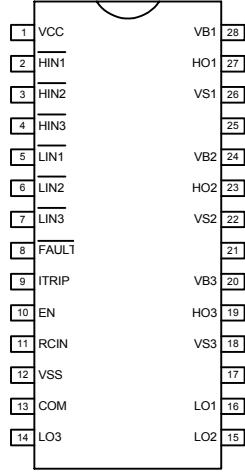
28 Lead PDIP	**44 Lead PLCC w/o 12 leads**	**28 lead SOIC (wide body)**
IR2136/IR21363(5)(6)(7)(8)	**IR2136/IR21363(5)(6)(7)(8) (J)**	**IR2136/IR21363(5)(6)(7)(8) (S)**

28 Lead PDIP:
1 VCC, 2 HIN1, 3 HIN2, 4 HIN3, 5 LIN1, 6 LIN2, 7 LIN3, 8 FAULT, 9 ITRIP, 10 EN, 11 RCIN, 12 VSS, 13 COM, 14 LO3
28 VB1, 27 HO1, 26 VS1, 25, 24 VB2, 23 HO2, 22 VS2, 21, 20 VB3, 19 HO3, 18 VS3, 17, 16 LO1, 15 LO2

44 Lead PLCC: 6 HIN3, 5 HIN2, 4 HIN1, 3 VCC, 43 VB1, 42 HO1, 41 VS1, 7, 8 LIN1, 9 LIN2, 10 LIN3, 11, 12 FAULT, 13, 14 ITRIP, 15, 16 EN, 17 RCIN, 37 VB2, 36 HO2, 35 VS2, 31 VB3, 30 HO3, 29 VS3, 18 VSS, 19, 20, 21, 22 COM, 23 LO3, 24 LO2, 25 LO1
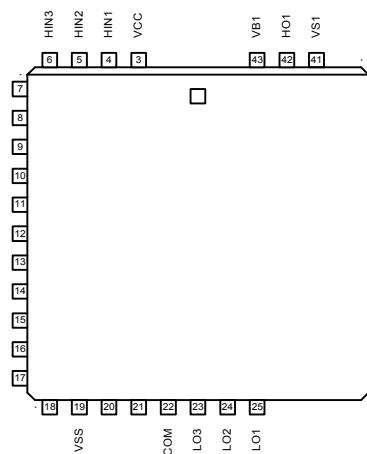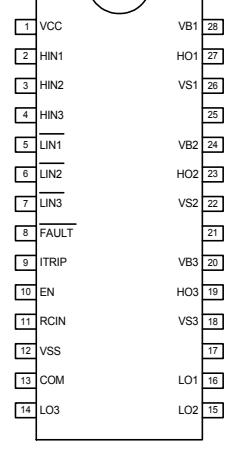
28 Lead PDIP	**44 Lead PLCC w/o 12 leads**	**28 lead SOIC (wide body)**
IR21362	**IR21362J**	**IR21362S**
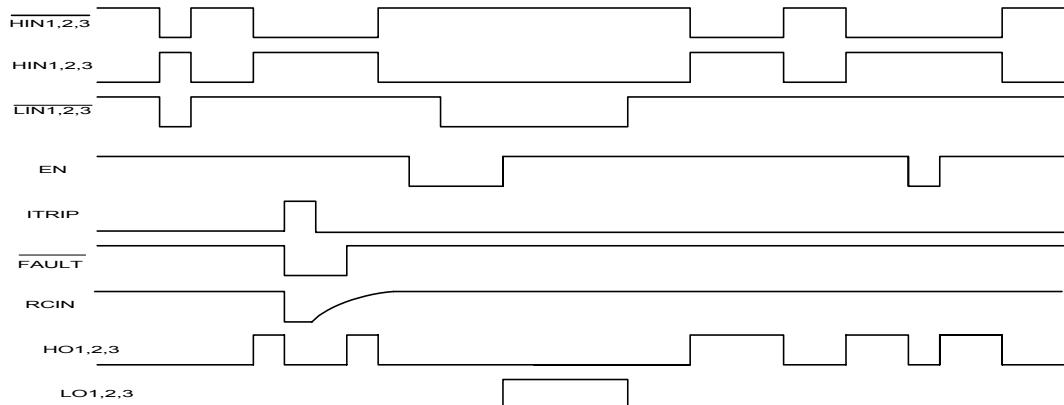
Figure 1. Input/Output Timing Diagram
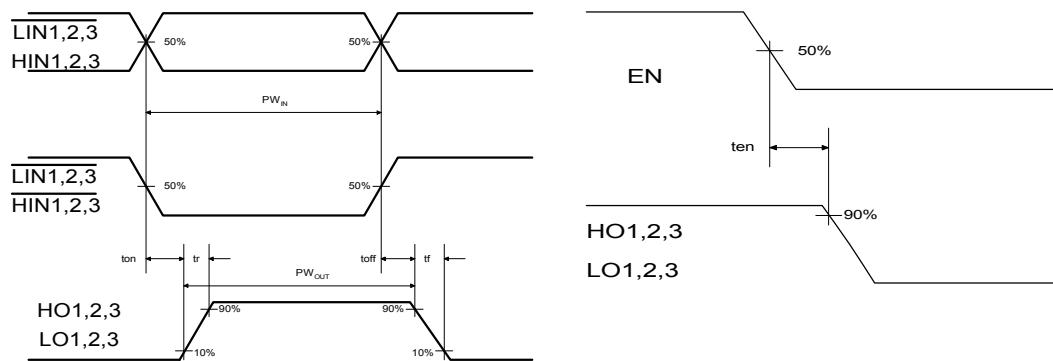
Figure 2. Switching Time Waveforms

Figure 3. Output Enable Timing Waveform
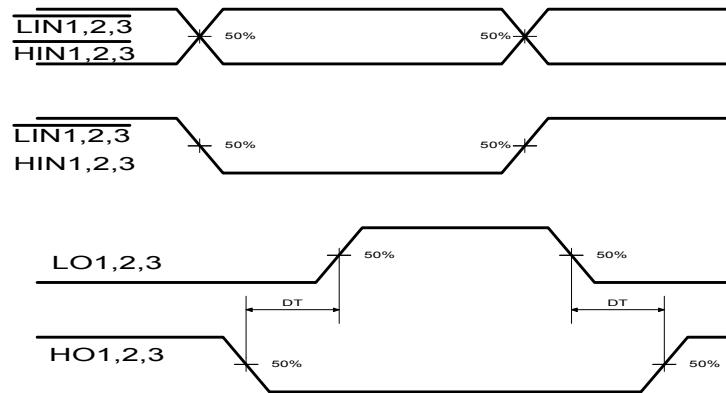
Figure 4. Internal Deadtime Timing Waveforms
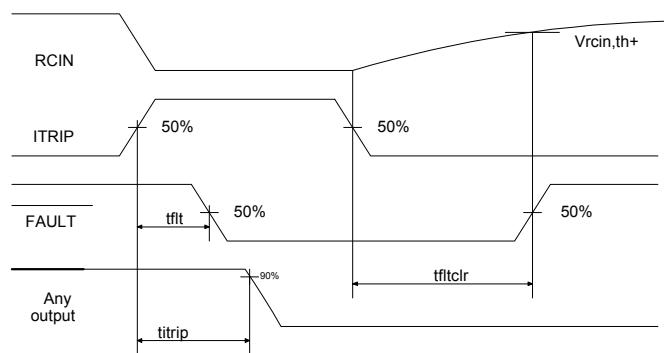
Figure 5. ITRIP/RCIN Timing Waveforms
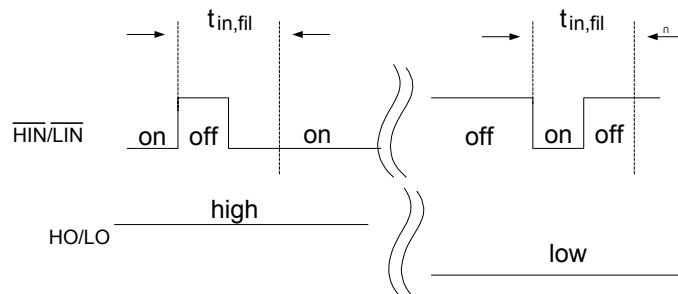
Figure 5.5 Input Filter Function
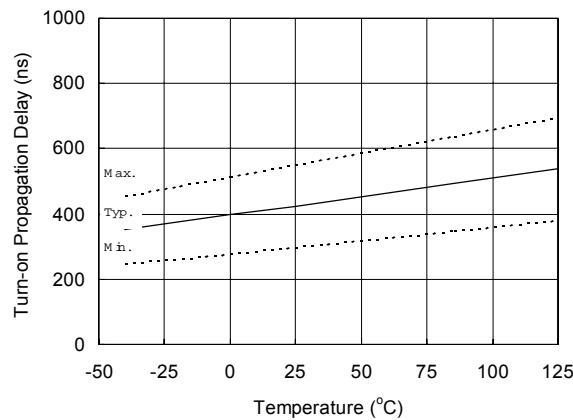
IR2136(2)(3)(5)(6)(7)(8)(J&S)

Figure 6A. Turn-on Propagation Delay vs. Temperature
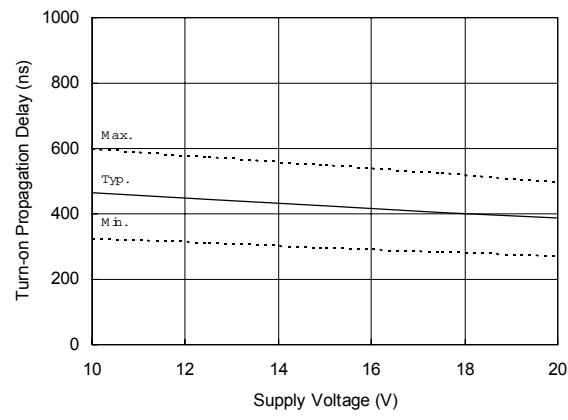
Figure 6B. Turn-on Propagation Delay vs. Supply Voltage
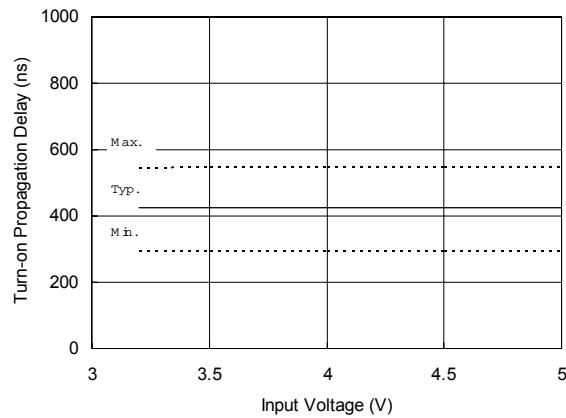
Figure 6C. Turn-on Propagation Delay vs. Input Voltage
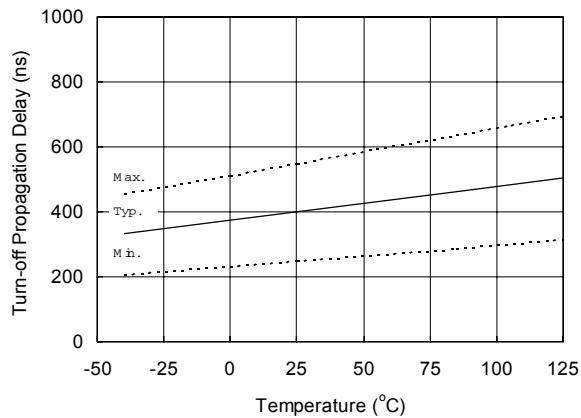
Figure 7A. Turn-off Propagation Delay vs. Temperature
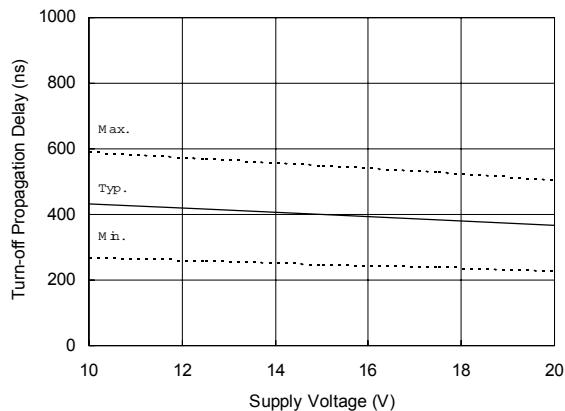
Figure 7B. Turn-off Propagation Delay vs.
Supply Voltage
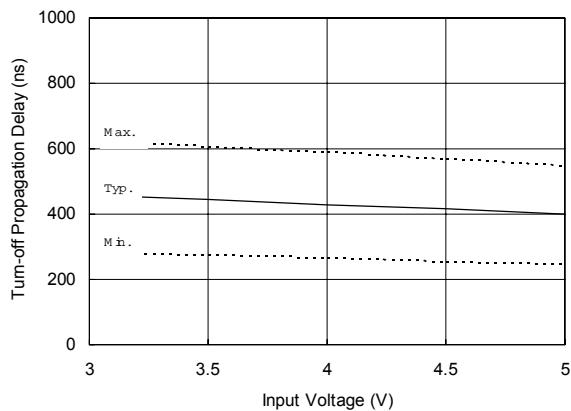
Figure 7C. Turn-off Propagation Delay vs.
Input Voltage
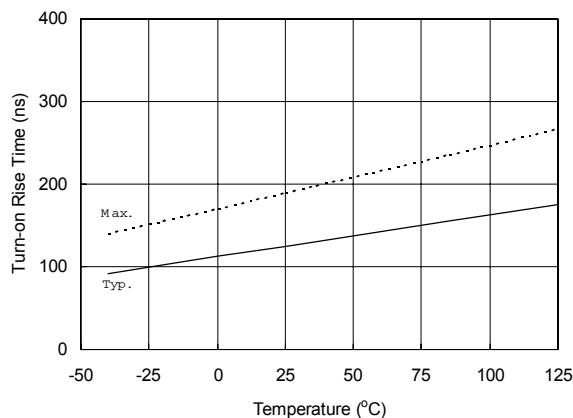
Figure 8A. Turn-on Rise Time vs. Temperature
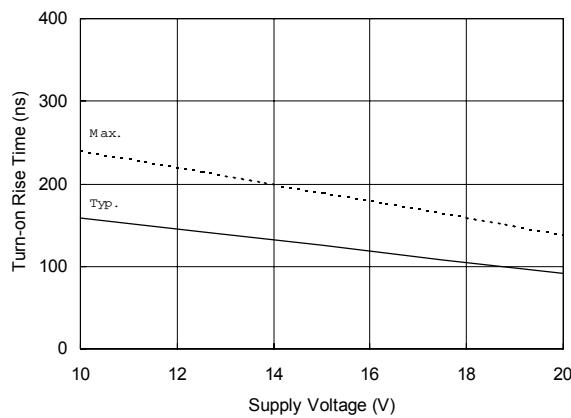
Figure 8B. Turn-on Rise Time vs. Supply Voltage
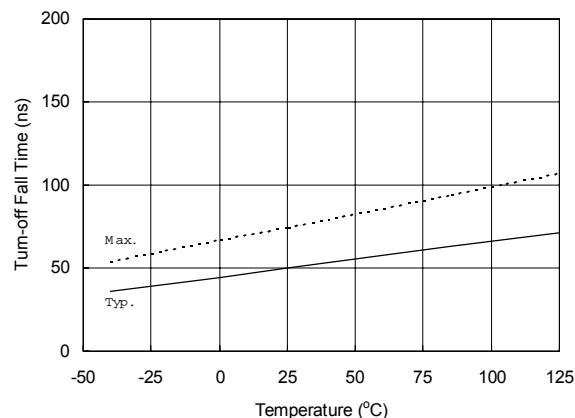
Figure 9A. Turn-off Fall Time vs. Temperature
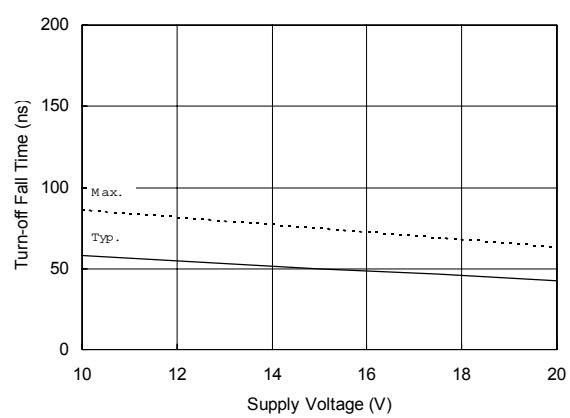
Figure 9B. Turn-off Fall Time vs. Supply Voltage
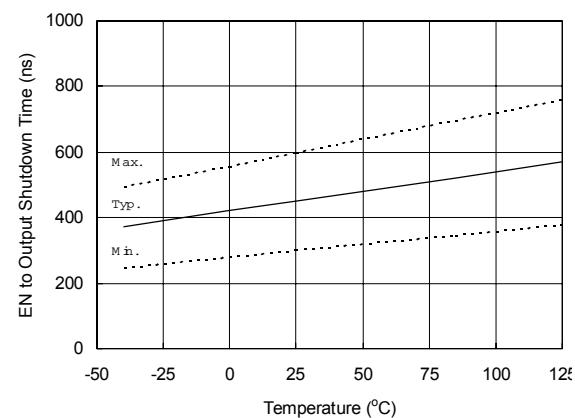
Figure 10A. EN to Output Shutdown Time vs. Temperature
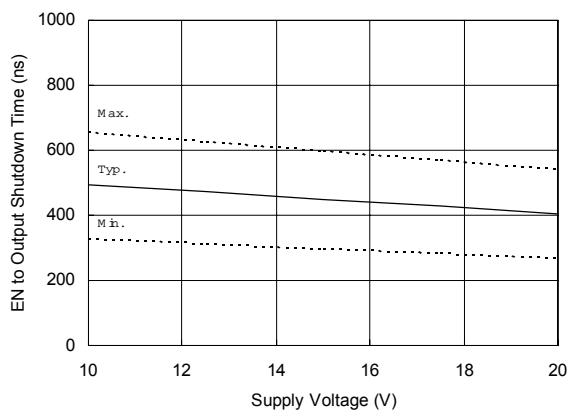
Figure 10B. EN to Output Shutdown Time vs. Supply Voltage
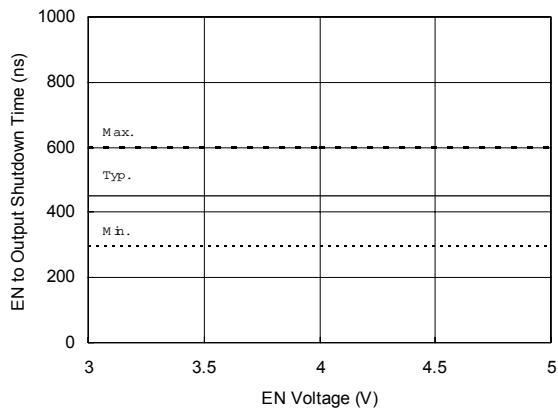
Figure 10C. EN to Output Shutdown Time vs. EN Voltage
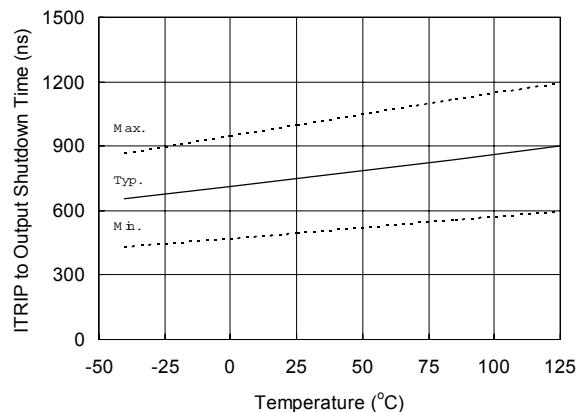
Figure 11A. ITRIP to Output Shutdown Time vs. Temperature
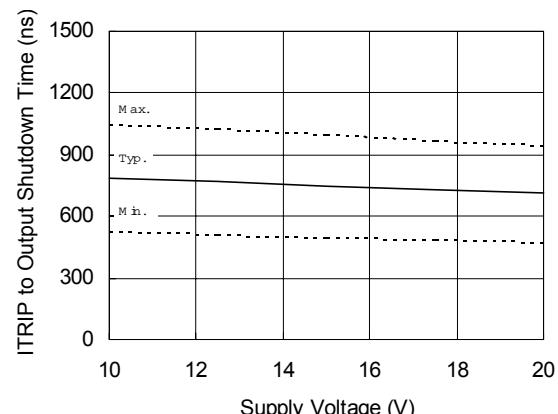
Figure 11B. ITRIP to Output Shutdown Time vs. Supply Voltage
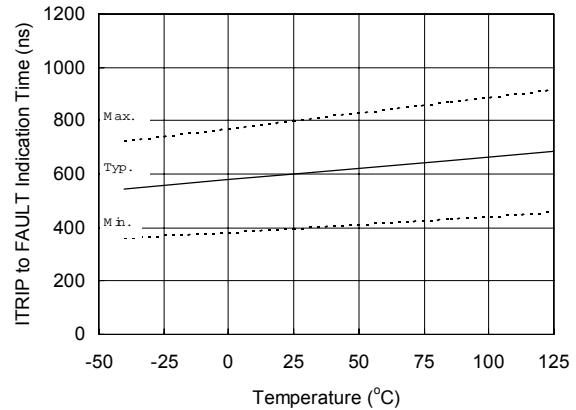
Figure 12A. ITRIP to FAULT Indication Time vs. Temperature
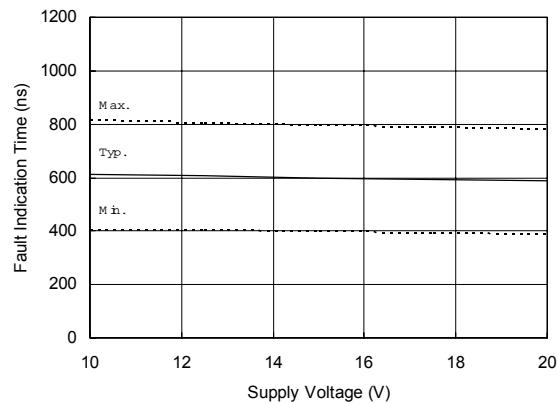
Figure 12B. ITRIP to FAULT Indication Time vs. Supply Voltage
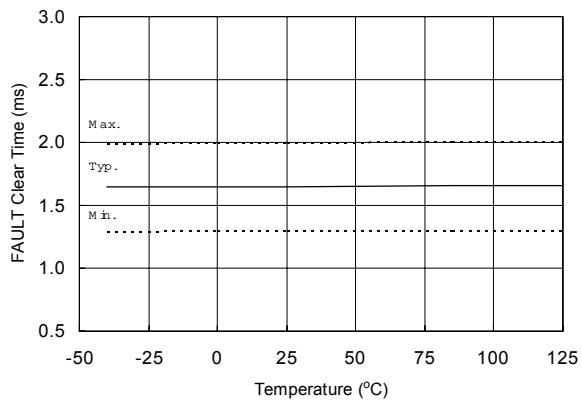
Fig13A. FAULT Clear Time vs. Temperature
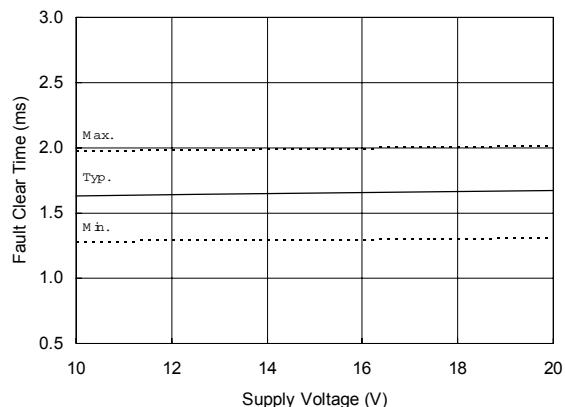
Figure 13B. FAULT Clear Time vs. Supply Voltage
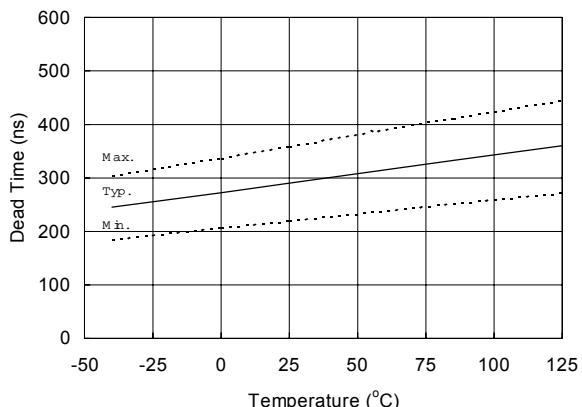
Figure 14A. Dead Time vs. Temperature
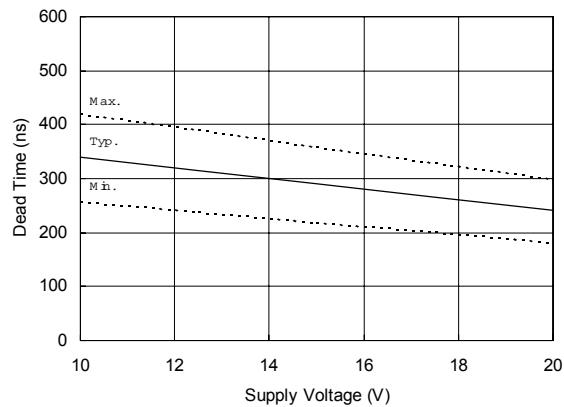
Figure 14B. Dead Time Time vs. Supply Voltage
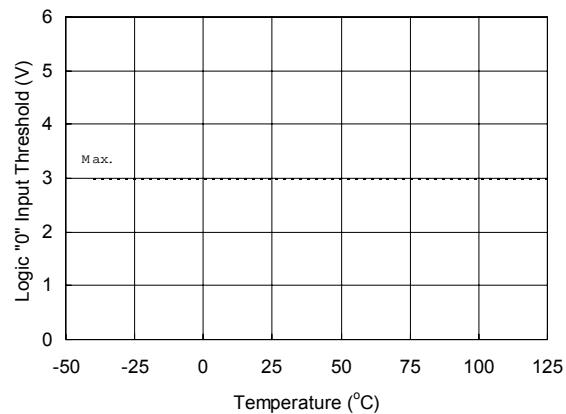
Figure 15A. Logic "0" Input Threshold vs. Temperature
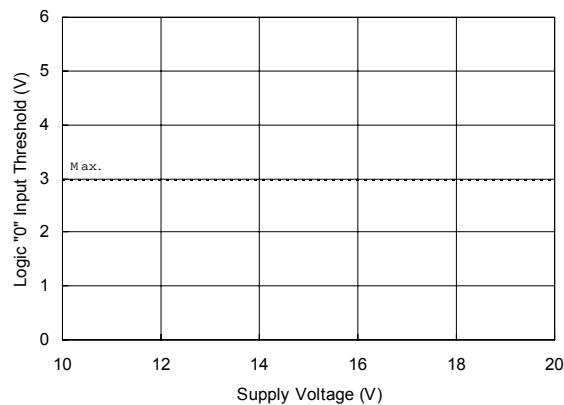
Figure 15B. Logic "0" Input Threshold vs. Supply Voltage
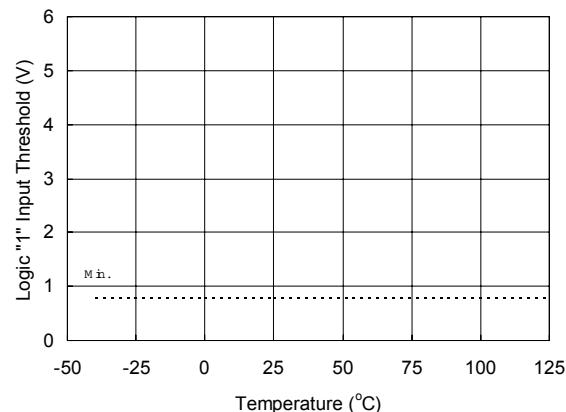
Figure 16A. Logic "1" Input Threshold vs. Temperature
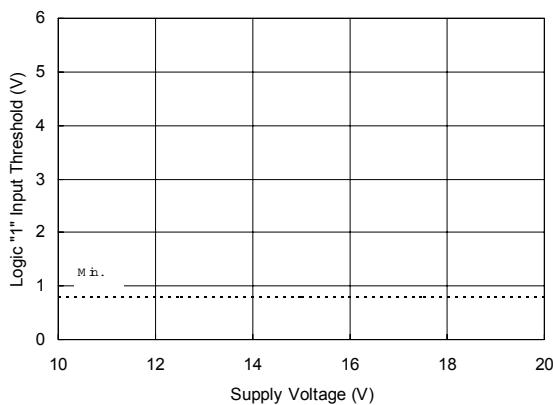
Figure 16B. Logic "1" Input Threshold vs. Supply Voltage
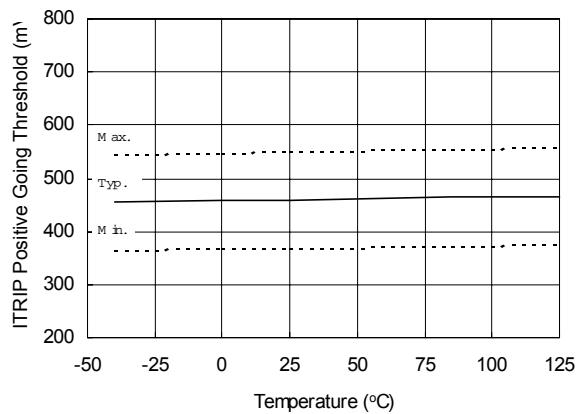
Figure 17A. ITRIP Positive Going Threshold vs. Temperature (IR2136/21362/21363/IR21366 Only)
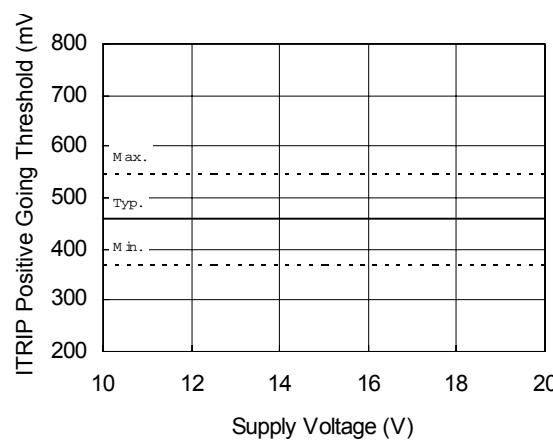
Figure 17B. ITRIP Positive Going Threshold vs. Supply Voltage (IR2136/21362/21363/IR21366 Only)
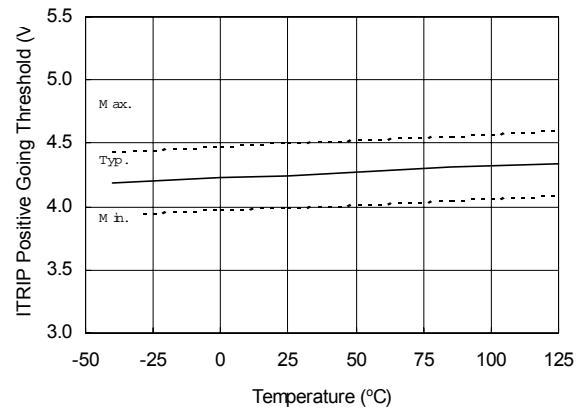
Figure 17C. ITRIP Positive Going Threshold vs. Temperature (IR21365/IR21367/IR21368 Only)
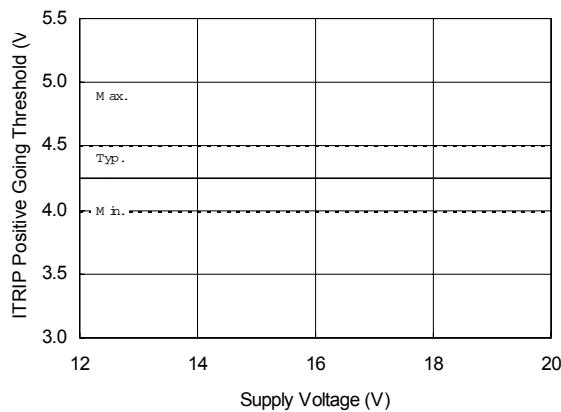
Figure 17D. ITRIP Positive Going Threshold vs. Supply Voltage (IR21365/IR21367/IR21368 Only)
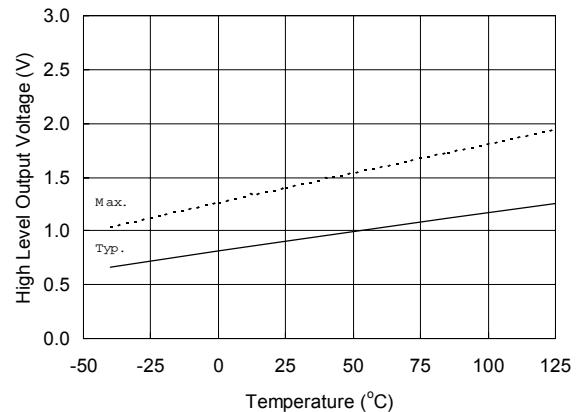
Figure 18A. High Level Output vs. Temperature
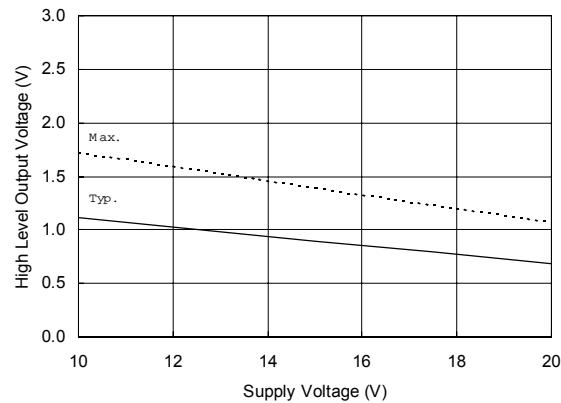
Figure 18B. High Level Output vs. Supply Voltage
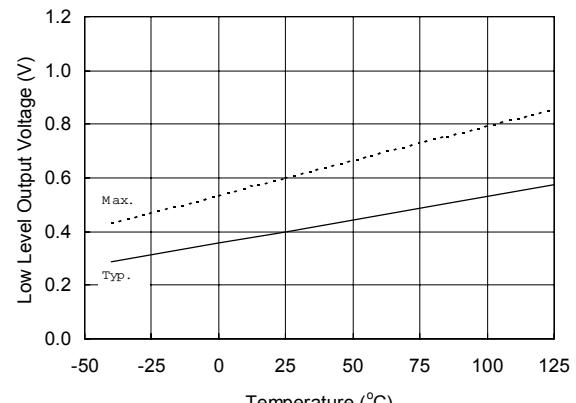
Figure 19A. Low Level Output vs. Temperature
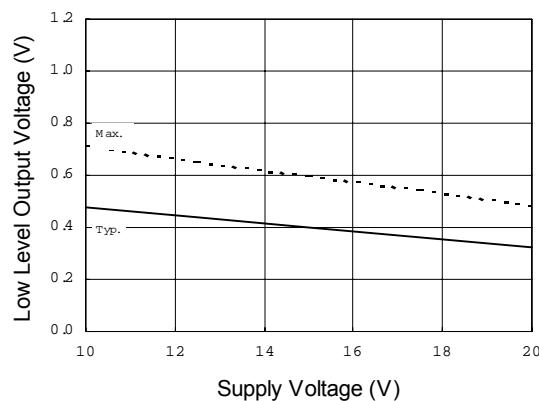
Figure 19B. Low Level Output vs. Supply Voltage
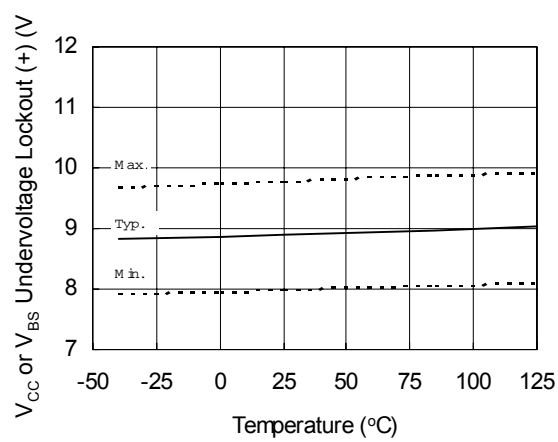
Figure 20. V$_{CC}$ or V$_{BS}$ Undervoltage (+) vs. Temperature (IR2136/IR21368 Only)
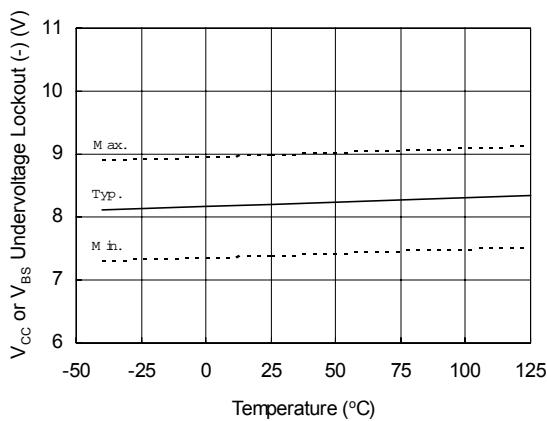
Figure 21. V$_{CC}$ or V$_{BS}$ Undervoltage (-) vs. Temperature (IR2136/IR21368 Only)
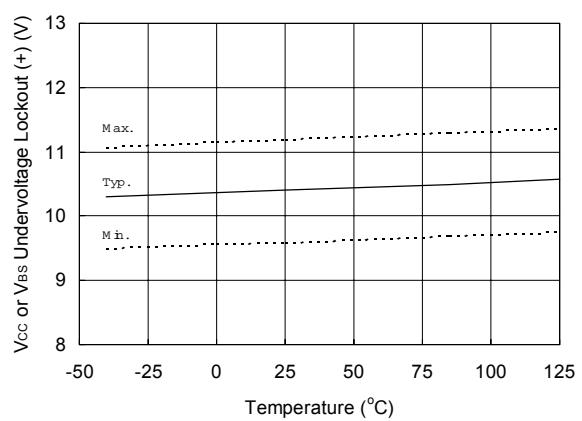
Figure 22. V$_{CC}$ or V$_{BS}$ Undervoltage (+) vs. Temperature (IR21362 Only)
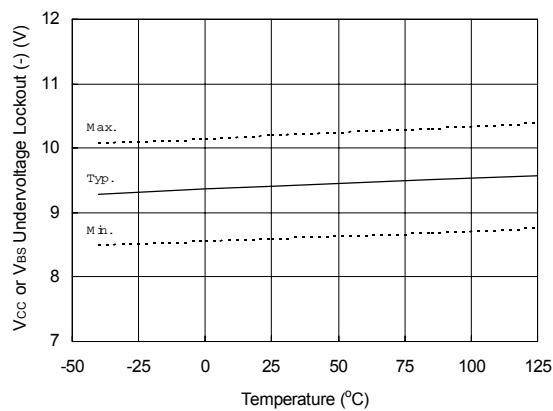
Figure 23. V$_{CC}$ or V$_{BS}$ Undervoltage (-) vs. Temperature (IR21362 Only)
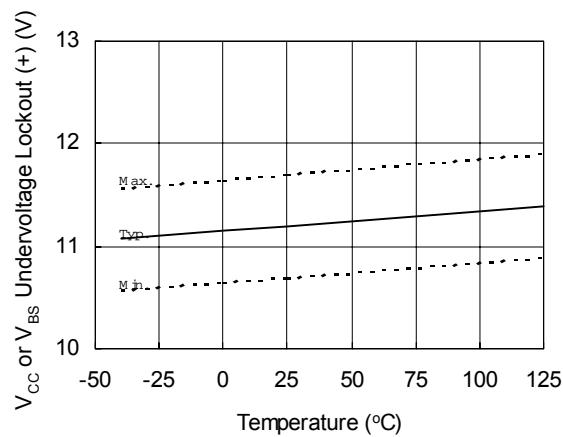
Figure 24. V$_{CC}$ or V$_{BS}$ Undervoltage (+) vs. Temperature (IR21363/21365/IR21366/IR21367 Only)
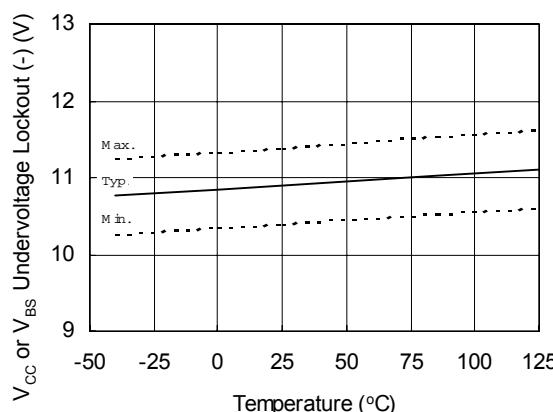
Figure 25. V$_{CC}$ or V$_{BS}$ Undervoltage (-) vs. Temperature (IR21363/21365/IR21366/IR21367 Only)
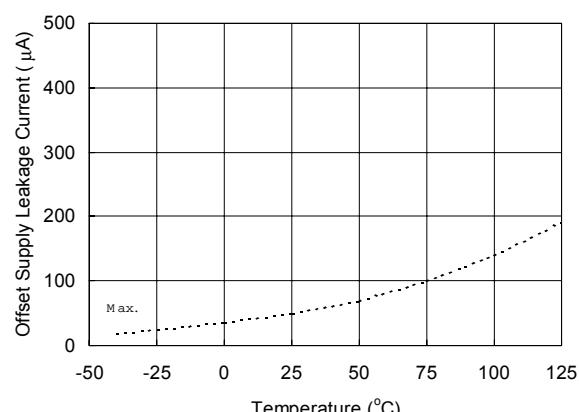
Figure 26A. Offset Supply Leakage Current vs. Temperature

www.irf.com
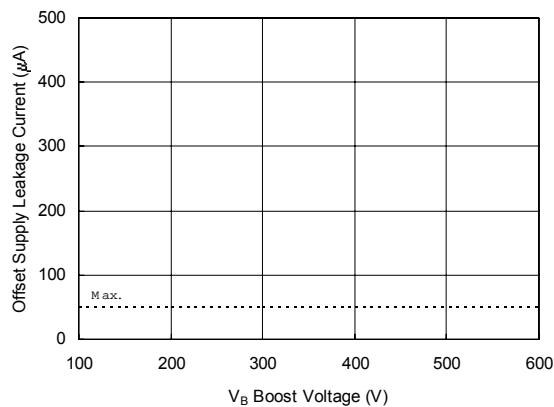
Figure 26B. Offset Supply Leakage Current vs. V$_B$ Boost Voltage
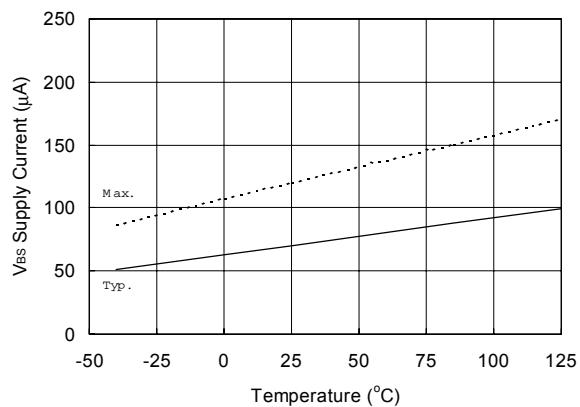
Figure 27A. V$_{BS}$ Supply Current vs. Temperature
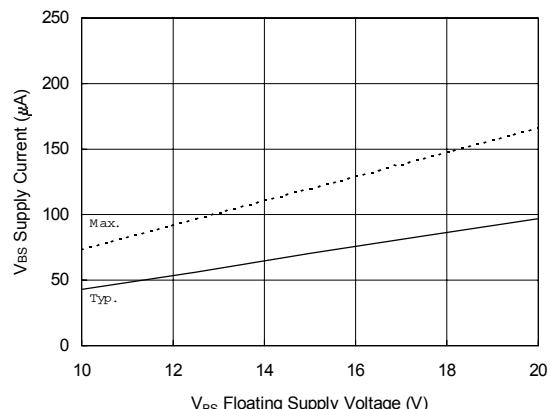
Figure 27B. V$_{BS}$ Supply Current vs. V$_{BS}$ Floating Supply Voltage
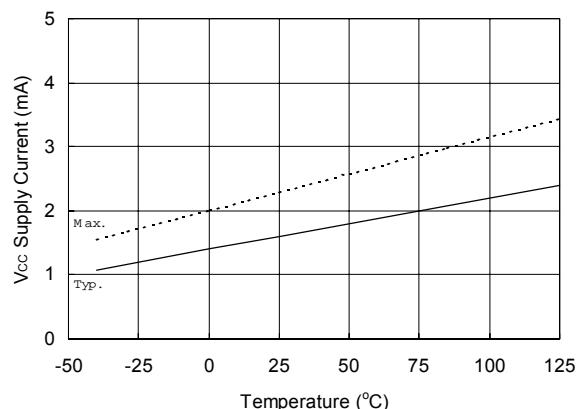
Figure 28A. V$_{CC}$ Supply Current vs. Temperature

Figure 28B. V$_{CC}$ Supply Current vs. V$_{CC}$ Supply Voltage
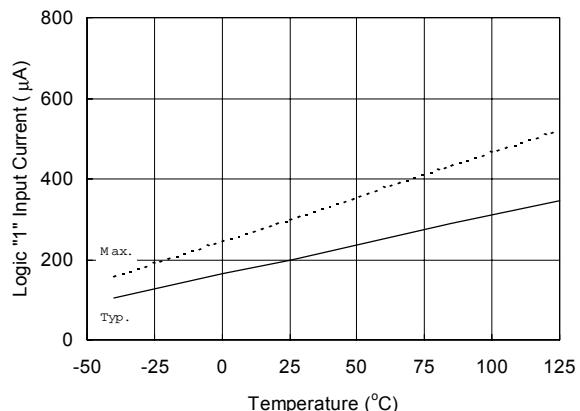
Figure 29A. Logic "1" Input Current vs. Temperature (IR2136/21363/21365 and IR21362 Low Side Only)
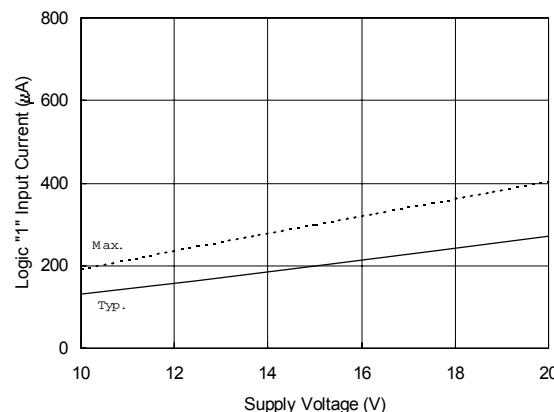
Figure 29B. Logic "1" Input Current vs. Supply Voltage (IR2136/21363/21365 and IR21362 Low Side Only)
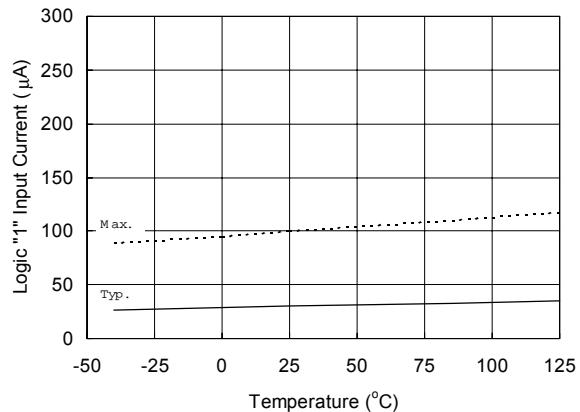
Figure 29C. Logic "1" Input Current vs. Temperature (IR21362 High Side Only)

www.irf.com
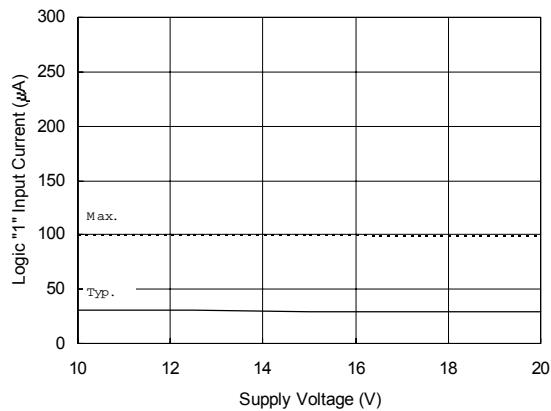
Figure 29D. Logic "1" Input Current vs. Supply Voltage (IR21362 High Side Only)
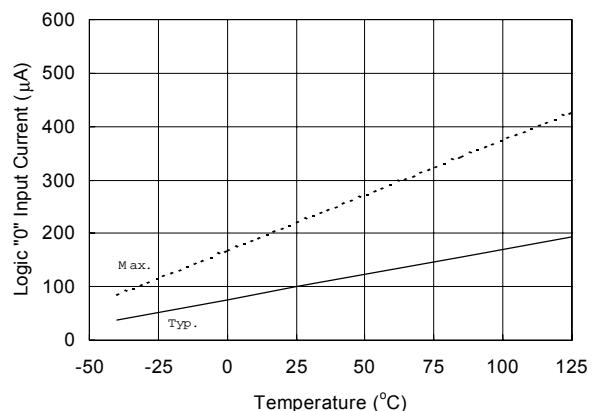
Figure 30A. Logic "0" Input Current vs. Temperature (IR2136/21363/21365 and IR21362 Low Side Only)
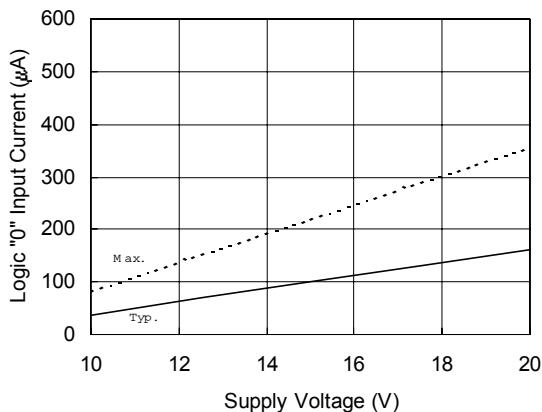
Figure 30B. Logic "0" Input Current vs. Supply Voltage (IR2136/21363/21365 and IR21362 Low Side Only)
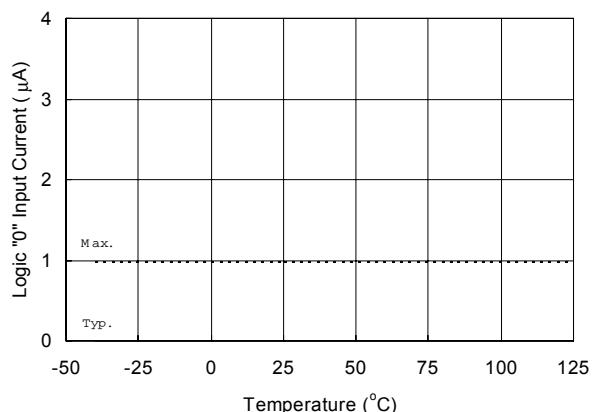
Figure 30C. Logic "0" Input Current vs. Temperature (IR21362 High Side Only)
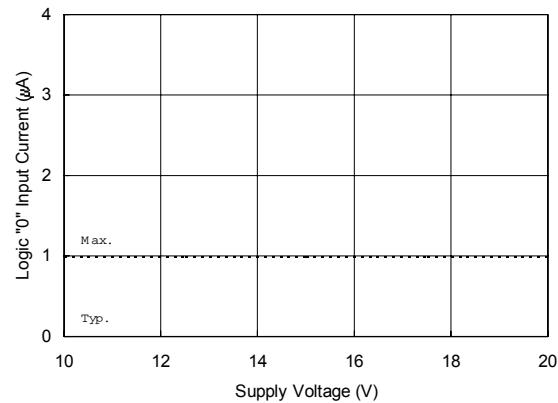
**Figure 30D. Logic "0" Input Current vs.
Supply Voltage (IR21362 High Side Only)**
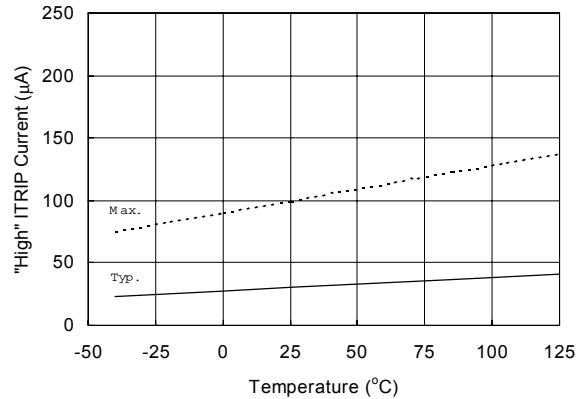
Figure 31A. "High" ITRIP Current vs. Temperature
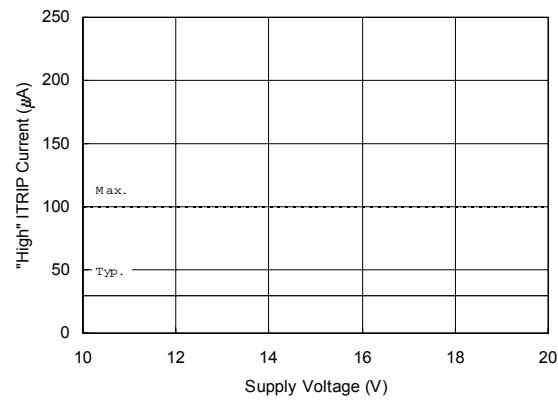
Figure 31B. "High" ITRIP Current vs. Supply Voltage
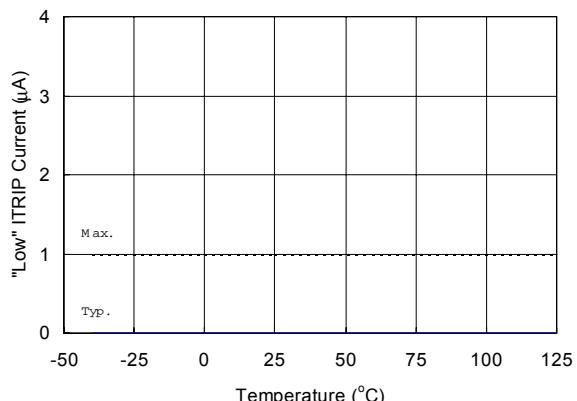
Figure 32A. "Low" ITRIP Current vs. Temperature

Figure 32B. "Low" ITRIP Current vs. Supply Voltage
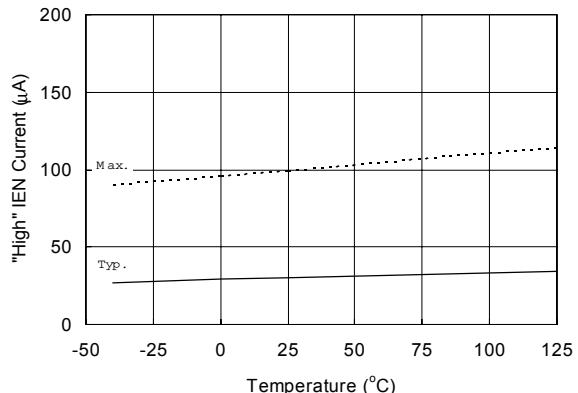
Figure 33A. "High" IEN Current vs. Temperature
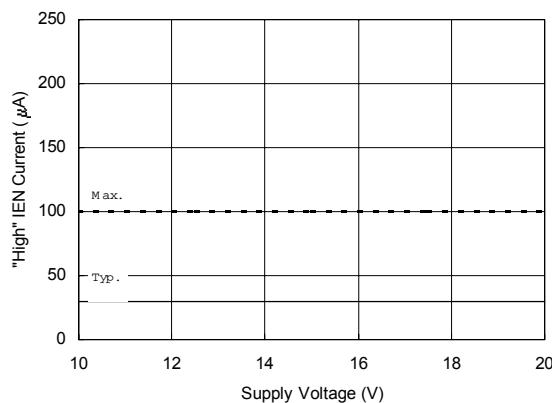

Figure 33B. "High" IEN Current vs. Supply Voltage
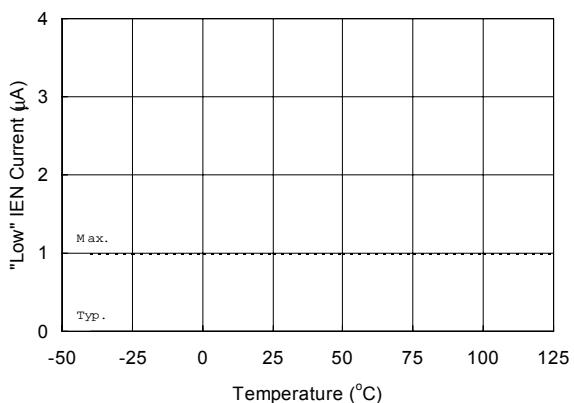

Figure 34A. "Low" IEN Current vs. Temperature

International
IƆR Rectifier

Figure 34B. "Low" IEN Current vs. Supply Voltage
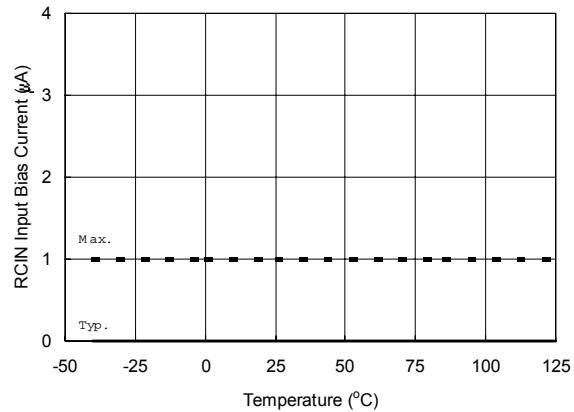
**Figure 35A. RCIN Input Bias Current
vs. Temperature**
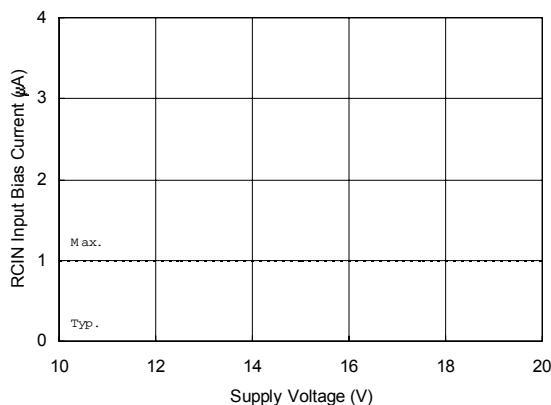
**Figure 35B. RCIN Input Bias Current vs.
Supply Voltage**
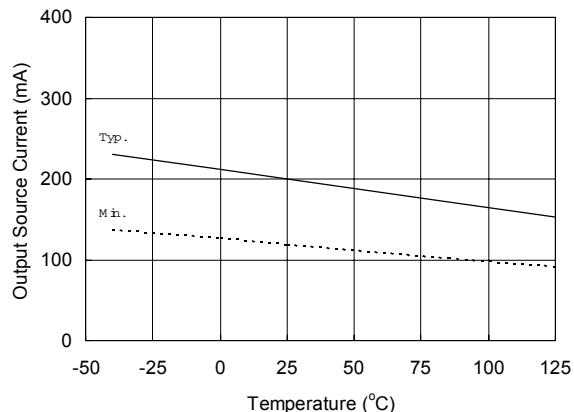
**Figure 36A. Output Source Current vs.
Temperature**
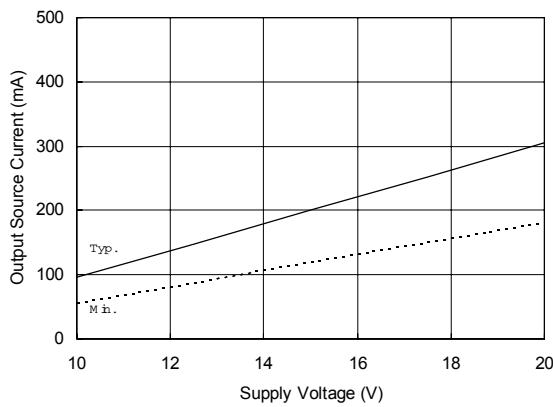
Figure 36B. Output Source Current vs. Supply Voltage
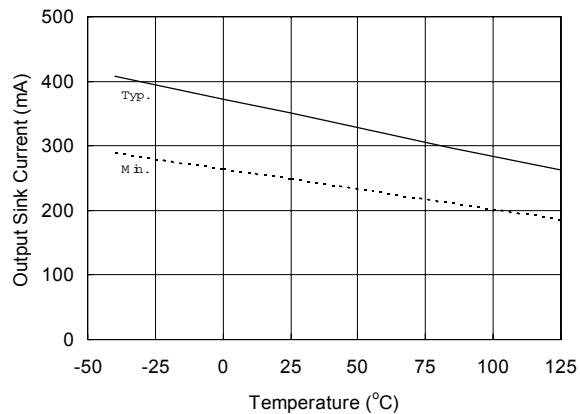

Figure 37A. Output Sink Current vs. Temperature
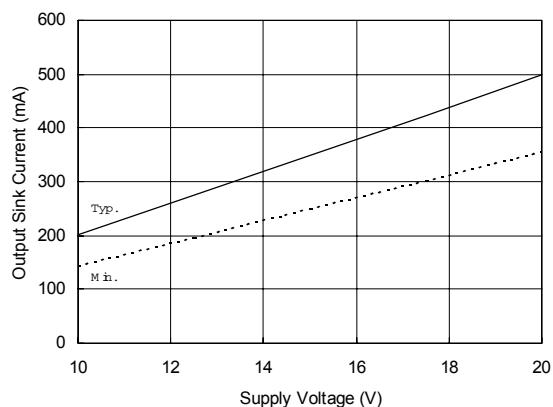

Figure 37B. Output Sink Current vs. Supply Voltage
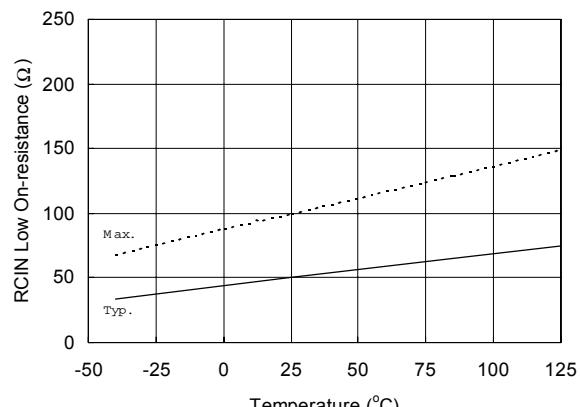
Figure 38A. RCIN Low On-resistance vs. Temperature

IR2136(2)(3)(5)(6)(7)(8)(J&S)

International **IƏR** Rectifier
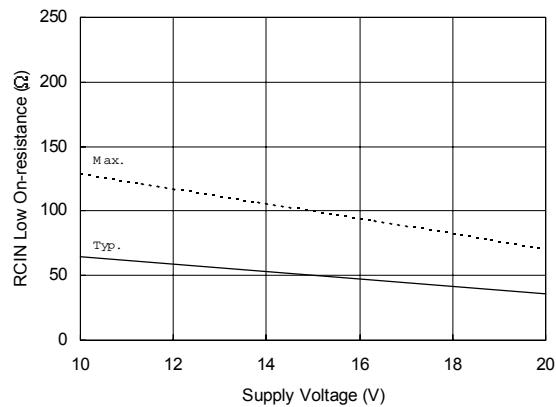
Figure 38B. RCIN Low On-resistance vs.
Supply Voltage
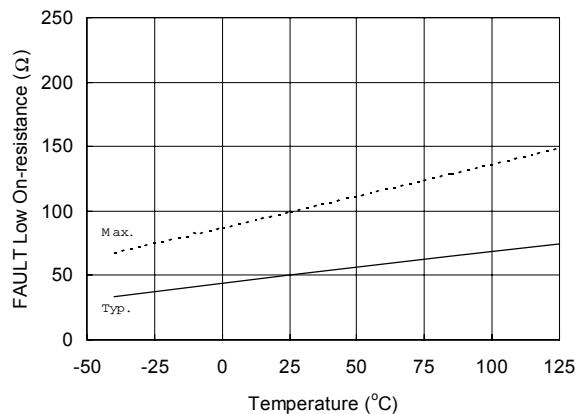
Figure 39A. FAULT Low On-resistance vs.
Temperature
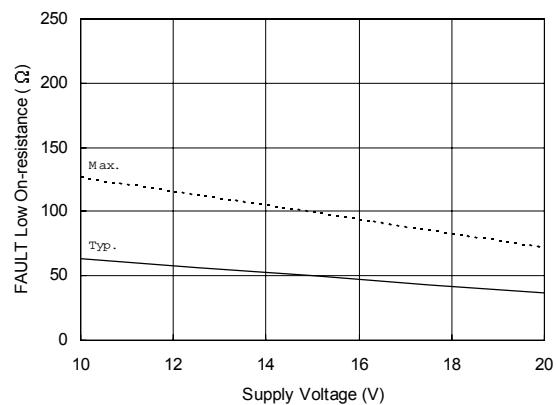
Figure 39B. FAULT Low On-resistance vs.
Supply Voltage
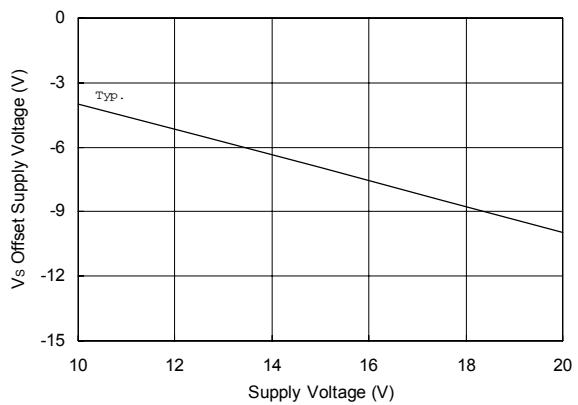
Figure 40. Maximum V_S Negative Offset vs. V_{BS}
Supply Voltage

www.irf.com
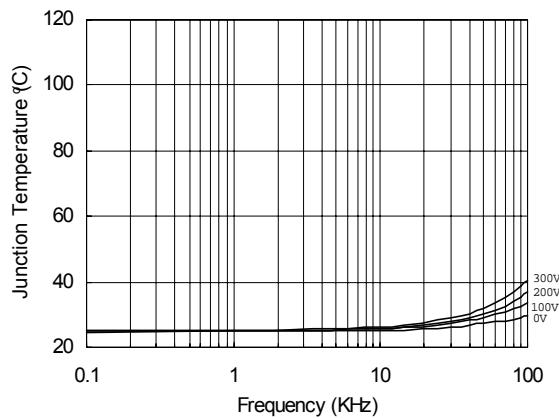
**Figure 41. IR2136/IR21362(3)(5)(6)(7)(8)
vs. Frequency (IRG4BC20W), Rgate=33Ω, Vcc=15V**
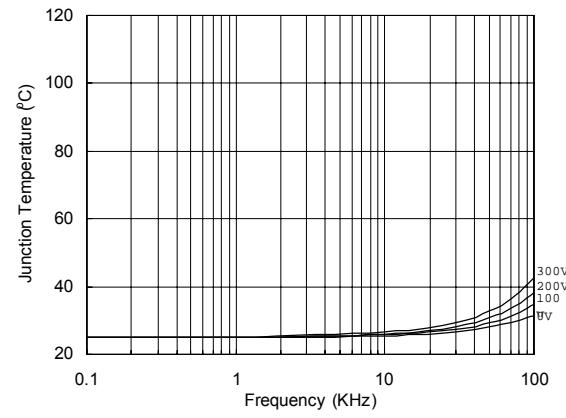
**Figure 42. IR2136/IR21362(3)(5)(6)(7)(8)
vs. Frequency (IRG4BC30W), Rgate=15Ω, Vcc=15V**
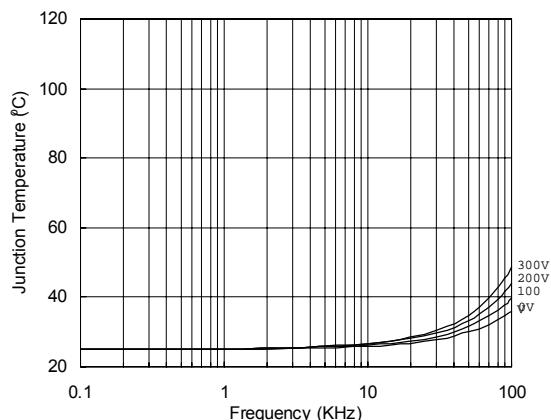
**Figure 43. IR2136/IR21362(3)(5)(6)(7)(8)
vs. Frequency (IRG4BC40W), Rgate=10Ω, Vcc=15V**
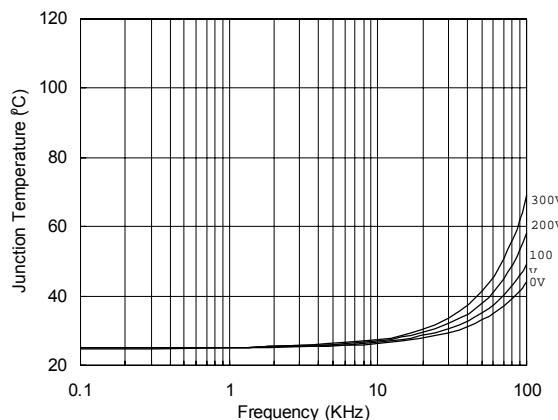

**Figure 44. IR2136/IR21362(3)(5)(6)(7)(8)
vs. Frequency (IRG4PC50W), Rgate=5Ω, Vcc=15V**

**Figure 45. IR2136/IR21362(3)(5)(6)(7)(8) (J)
vs. Frequency (IRG4BC20W), Rgate=33Ω, Vcc=15V**
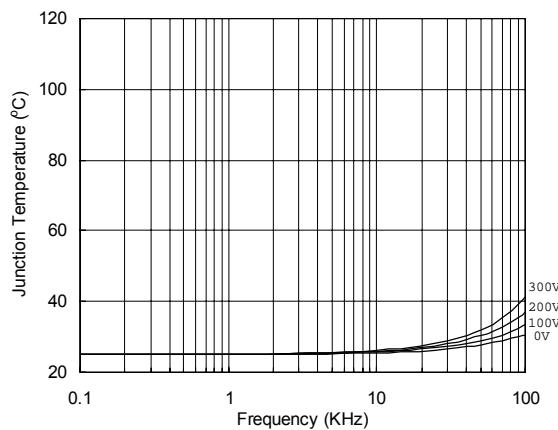
**Figure 46. IR2136/IR21362(3)(5)(6)(7)(8) (J)
vs. Frequency (IRG4BC30W), Rgate=15Ω, Vcc=15V**
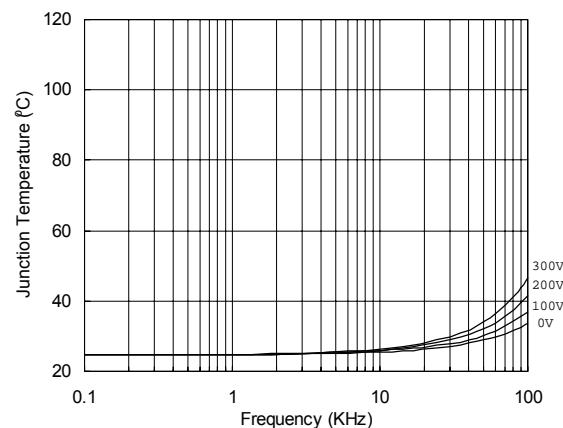
**Figure 47. IR2136/IR21362(3)(5)(6)(7)(8) (J)
vs. Frequency (IRG4BC40W), Rgate=10Ω, Vcc=15V**
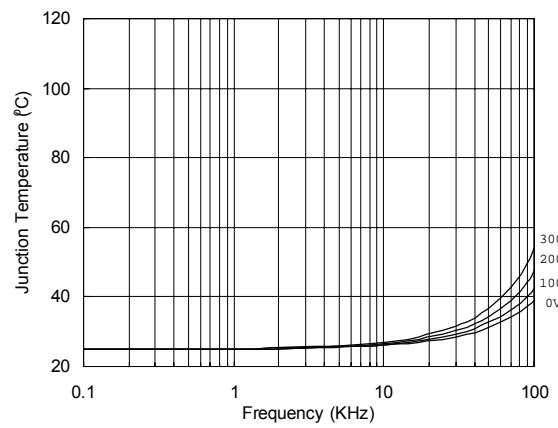
**Figure 48. IR2136/IR21362(3)(5)(6)(7)(8) (J)
vs. Frequency (IRG4PC50W), Rgate=5Ω, Vcc=15V**

Figure 49. IR2136/IR21362(3)(5)(6)(7)(8) (S) vs. Frequency (IRG4BC20W), Rgate=33Ω, Vcc=15V
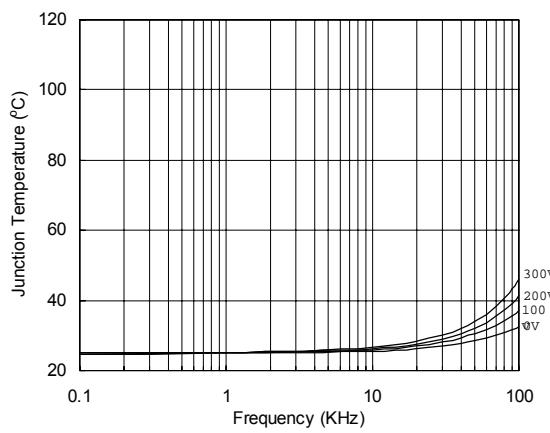
Figure 50. IR2136/IR21362(3)(5)(6)(7)(8) (S) vs. Frequency (IRG4BC30W), Rgate=15Ω, Vcc=15V
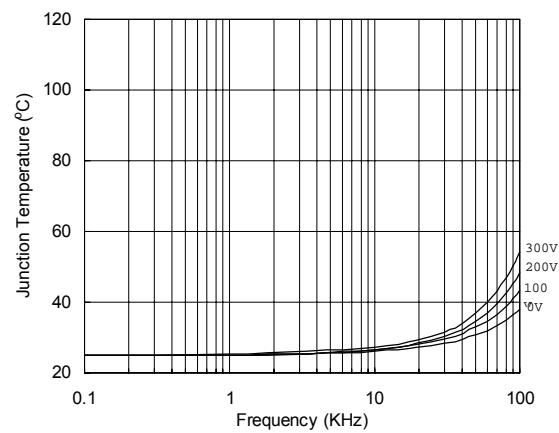

**Figure 51. IR2136/IR21362(3)(5)(6)(7)(8) (S) vs. Frequency (IRG4BC40W), Rgate=10Ω, Vcc=15V**
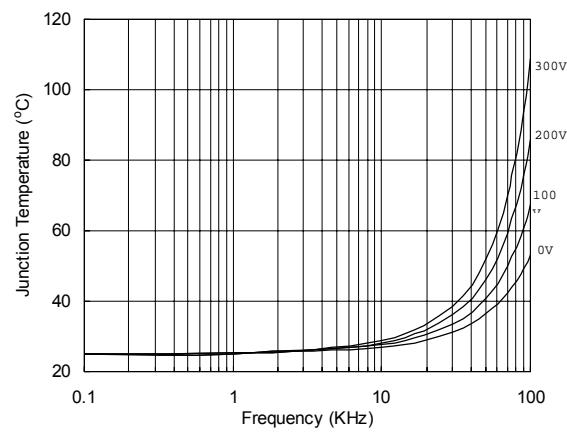
Figure 52. IR2136/IR21362(3)(5)(6)(7)(8) (S) vs. Frequency (IRG4PC50W), Rgate=5Ω, Vcc=15V

IR2136(2)(3)(5)(6)(7)(8)(J&S)

Case outlines

NOTES:
1. DIMENSIONING & TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M–1982.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
3. DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS [INCHES].
4. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE MS–011AB.
5. MEASURED WITH THE LEADS CONSTRAINED TO BE PERPENDICULAR TO DATUM PLANE C.
6. DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTUSIONS. MOLD PROTUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.25 [.010].

28-Lead PDIP (wide body)

01-6011
01-3024 02 (MS-011AB)

NOTES:
1. DIMENSIONING & TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M–1982.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.
3. DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS [INCHES].
4. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE MS–013AE.

5. DIMENSION IS THE LENGTH OF LEAD FOR SOLDERING TO A SUBSTRATE.
6. DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTUSIONS. MOLD PROTUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.15 [.006].

28-Lead SOIC (wide body)

01-6013
01-3040 02 (MS-013AE)

www.irf.com

DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
F	17.40	17.65	.685	.695
G	17.40	17.65	.685	.695
H	4.20	4.57	.165	.180
J	2.29	3.04	.090	.120
K	0.33	0.48	.013	.019
L	1.27	BSC	.050	BSC
M	0.66	0.81	.026	.032
N	0.51	—	.020	—
P	0.64	—	.025	—
R	16.51	16.66	.650	.656
S	16.51	16.66	.650	.656
T	1.07	1.21	.042	.048
V	—	0.50	—	.020
W	5.08	BSC	.200	BSC
L1	15.50	16.00	.610	.630
P1	1.53	—	.060	—

NOTES

1. DIMENSIONING & TOLERENCING PER ANSI Y14.5M−1982.
2. DIMENSIONS SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS [INCHES].
3. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
4. CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE MS−018AC.

5. DATUMS −A−, −B−, −C−, & −D− ARE DETERMINED BY WHERE THE TOP OF THE LEADS EXIT PLASTIC BODY AT MOLD PARTING LINE.
6. TO BE MEASURED AT −E− SEATING PLANE.
7. DIMENSIONS DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, ALLOWABLE FLASH IS 0.254 [.010].

44-Lead PLCC w/o 12 leads

01-6009 00
01-3004 02(mod.) (MS-018AC)