# MX·COM, INC.

Preliminary Information



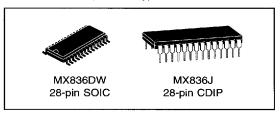
## RADIOCOM 2000 SYSTEM AUDIO PROCESSOR

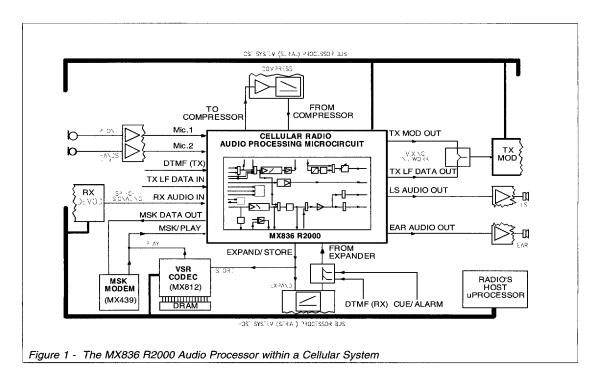
#### **Features**

- Full-Duplex Audio Processing for R2000 Cellular System
- On-Chip Speech and Data Facilities
  - TX/RX/Data Filtering & Gain
- Pre-/De-Emphasis Deviation Limiter
- Serial μProcessor Interface
- TX and RX LF-Data Paths
- MSK and (50 Baud) LF-Data Facilities
- Hands-Free Compatibility
- Powersave (Low-Current) Settings

#### Access to External Processes

- Compression Expansion
- Signaling/Data Mixing
- VSR Codec (Store/Play)





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## Description

The MX836 is a  $\mu$ Processor-controlled full-duplex audio processor on a single-chip with separate TX, RX and LF (50 baud) data paths to provide all the filter/gain/limiting functions necessary to pre-process audio, data and signaling in the Radiocom 2000 (R2000) Cellular communications system.

Selectable inputs available for transmission include a choice of two microphones, DTMF/signaling or MSK/data, with access, in this path, to external voice compression circuitry. Operationally the TX path provides input gain/filtering, pre-emphasis, a deviation limiter and TX Modulation Drive controls. Available to the transmit function is a separate path to process LF system control data for amalgamation externally with TX voiceband audio.

The RX path consists of an input gain/de-emphasis/ filter block for voice and data, inputs from an external audio expansion system and output gain controls driving loudspeaker and earpiece circuitry.

In the RX path LF data signals are separated from the incoming audio via an LF filter and made available at a separate pin for use by the system µProcessor

Unique to the MX816/826/836 cellular audio processors is the ability to route audio (TX or RX) to an external Voice Store and Retrieve (VSR) device such as the MX802 or MX812, thus providing the radio system with a voice answering and announcement facility using external DRAM.

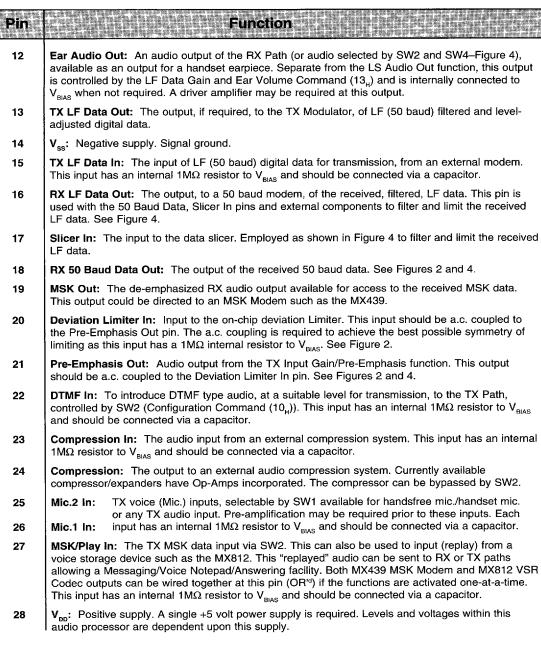
The MX836, a low-power CMOS device, which reduces the amount of microcircuits and components required in a cellular audio system by providing more functions on a single chip, is available in 28-pin plastic small outline (S.O.I.C.) surface mount and cerdip DIL packages.

. Pin	Function +
1	Xtal: The output of the on-chip clock oscillator.
2	<b>Xtal/Clock:</b> The input to the on-chip clock oscillator. A Xtal or externally derived clock ( $f_{XTAL}$ ) should be connected here. Note that operation of the MX836 without a suitable Xtal or clock input may cause device damage. See Figure 2 (notes).
3	Serial Clock: The "C-BUS" serial data clock input. This clock, produced by the $\mu$ Controller, is used for transfer timing of commands and data to the MX836. See Timing Diagrams.
4	<b>Command Data:</b> The "C-BUS" serial data input from the μController. Data is loaded to the MX836 in 8-bit bytes, MSB (B7) first, and LSB (B0) last, synchronized to the Serial Clock. See Timing Diagrams.
5	Chip Select (CS): The "C-BUS" data loading control function. This input is provided by the µController. Data transfer sequences are initiated, completed or aborted by the CS signal. See Timing Diagrams.
6	$V_{\text{BIAS}}$ : The internal circuitry bias line, held at $V_{\text{DD}}/2$ this pin must be decoupled to $V_{\text{ss}}$ . See Figure 2.
7	<b>RX Audio In:</b> Normally taken from the radio's discriminator output. This input has a $1M\Omega$ internal resistor to $V_{BIAS}$ and requires connecting via a capacitor.
8	<b>Expand/Store:</b> A common output that can be used as either an input to an external audio expandor or the input to a voice storage medium such as the MX812. Components relevant to the external device requirements should be used at this output. See Figures 2 and 4.
9	<b>(Expanded) Audio In:</b> The audio input, via SW5, from an external expander or audio mixing function. This input has a 1M $\Omega$ internal resistor to $V_{\text{BIAS}}$ and requires connecting via a capacitor. See Figures 2 and 4.
10	TX Mod Out: The composite TX audio output to the transmitter modulator from a variable attenuation stage (11 <sub>H</sub> ). This output is set to $V_{BIAS}$ via an internal 1MΩ resistor when set to Powersave or OFF.
11	LS Audio Out: An audio output of the RX Path (or audio selected by SW2 and SW4 Figure 4) for a loudspeaker system. Available for handsfree operation this output is controlled by the RX Gain and LS Volume Command (12 <sub>H</sub> ) and is internally connected to V <sub>BIAS</sub> when not required. A driver amplifier may be required at this output.
<b>Note:</b> To	minimize aliasing effects, lowpass filtering may be required at the inputs to this device (especially those

**Note:** To minimize aliasing effects, lowpass filtering may be required at the inputs to this device (especially those supplied from switched-capacitor-type devices) to ensure the input spectrum is kept below 63kHz.

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**C-BUS** is MX-COM's proprietary standard for the transmission of commands and data between a  $\mu$ Controller and the relevant Cellular IC's. It may be used with any  $\mu$ Controller, and can, if desired, take advantage of the hardware serial I/O functions embodied into many types of  $\mu$ Controller. The "C-BUS" data rate is determined solely by the  $\mu$ Controller. For further details refer to the DBS 800 System Information Document.

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## **Application Information**

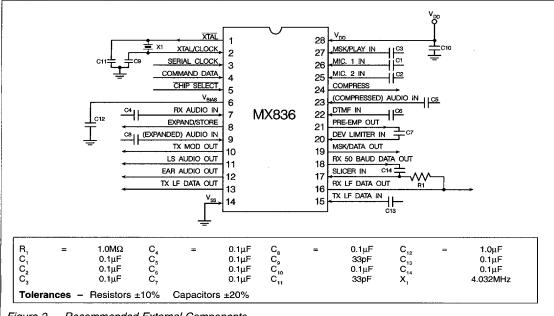


Figure 2 - Recommended External Components

#### 1. Xtal/clock operation

Operation of any MX-COM IC without a Xtal or clock input may cause device damage. To minimize damage in the event of a Xtal/drive failure, it is recommended that a current limiting device (resistor or fast-reaction fuse) is installed on the power supply (Vpp).

#### 2. MSK Modem

The MX439, a general purpose MSK Modem, could be used with this R2000 system Audio Processor. The MX439 is a non-formatted modem, which, with regard to Xtal/clock frequencies and µProcessor interface, is compatible with both Mobile/Portable and Base Station applications.



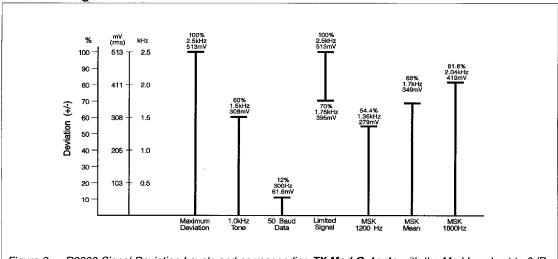
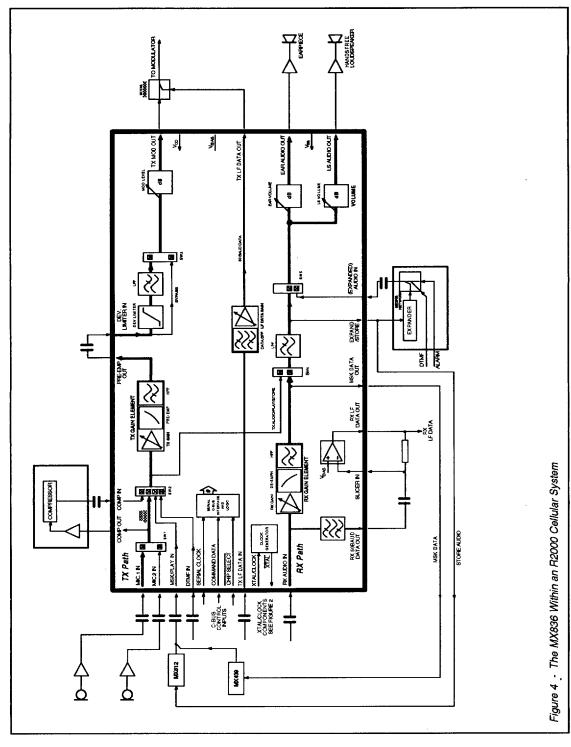


Figure 3 - R2000 Signal Deviation Levels and corresponding TX Mod Outputs with the Mod Level set to 0dB

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# The Controlling System

C-BUS is designed for low IC pin-count, flexibility in handling variable amounts of data, and simplicity of system design and  $\mu$ Controller software. It may be used with any  $\mu$ Controller, and can, if desired, take advantage of the hardware and serial I/O functions built into many types of  $\mu$ Controller. Because of this flexibility and because the BUS data rate is determined solely by the  $\mu$ Controller, the system designer has complete freedom to choose a  $\mu$ Controller appropriate to the overall system processing requirements.

Control of the functions and levels within the MX836 R2000 Audio Processor is by a group of Address/Commands and appended data instructions from the system microcontroller. The use of these instructions is detailed in the following paragraphs and tables.

Command Assignment	Hex.	Ad MSB	i.			Co ar			nd LS		Command Data	Table ;
General Reset	01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1			
Configuration Command	10	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	+	1 byte	2
TX Gain & Mod. Command	11	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	+	1 byte	3
RX Gain & LS Vol.	12	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	+	1 byte	4
LF Data Gain & Ear Vol.	13	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	+	1 byte	5
Table 1 - C-BUS Address/Co	ommands											

In C-BUS protocol the MX836 is allocated Address/ Command values 10, to 13, Configuration, TX/RX Gains, and SAT/Powersave assignments and data requirements are given in Table 1.

Each instruction consists of an Address/Command (A/C) byte followed by a data instruction formulated from the following tables.

Commands and Data are only to be loaded in the group configurations detailed, as the C-BUS interface

recognized the first byte after Chip Select (logic 0) as an Address/Command. Function or Level control data, which is detailed in Tables 2, 3, 4, and 5, is acted upon at the end of the loaded instruction. See Timing Diagrams, Figures 5 and 6.

Upon power-up the value of the "bits" in this device will be random (either "0" or "1"). A General Reset Command (01") is required to set all MX816 registers to 00".

#### **Configuration Command**

(Preceded by A/C 10,)

TX Gain & Mod. Command

(Preceded by A/C 11,)

Comiguration	Communic	(Freceded by ACC TO <sub>H</sub> )
Setting	14.14.14.14.14.14.14.14.14.14.14.14.14.1	Control Bits
(MSB) Bit 7 0 1		Transmitted First RX Gain Element Powersave Enable
<b>6</b> 0 1	(exc	All Functions ept RX Gain Element) Powersave Enable
<b>5</b> 0 1		SW5 Expander Expander Bypass Expander Route
. <b>4</b> 0 1	•	SW4 TX/RX Audio TX Store/Audio RX Store/Audio
<b>3</b> 0 1	;	SW3 Dev. Limiter Dev. Limiter Bypass Dev. Limiter Route
<b>2</b> 0 1		SW1 Mic. Inputs Mic. 1 Input Mic. 2 Input
1 0 0 1 1	0	SW2 TX Function  DTMF In  Compressor In  Compressor Bypass  MSK/Play In
Table 2 - Co	onfiguration (	Commands

Setting		Gain (dB)
(MSB) 7 6 5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0	4	Transmitted First TX Mod. Level OFF (Low Z to V <sub>eins</sub> ) -5.6dB -5.2dB -4.8dB -4.4dB -4.0dB -3.6dB
0 1 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 1 0	0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1	-3.2dB -2.8dB -2.4dB -2.0dB -1.6dB -1.2dB -0.8dB -0.4dB 0dB
3 2 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 1 0 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0	TX Input Gain -2.65dB -2.05dB -1.50dB -1.50dB -0.95dB -0.45dB 0dB 0.45dB 0.85dB 1.25dB 1.25dB 1.65dB 2.05dB 2.40dB 2.70dB 3.05dB 3.35dB 3.35dB
Table 3 - TX	K Gain & Mod	d. Commands

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# **The Controlling System**

RX Gain & LS Vol.

(Preceded by A/C 12,)

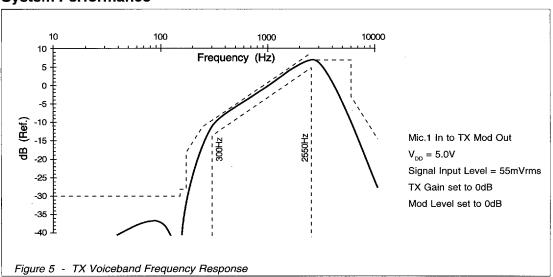
LF Data Gain & Ear Vol.

(Preceded by A/C 13,)

	,, ,
Setting	Gain (dB)
(MSB) 7 6 5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Transmitted First  4 RX LS Volume  0 OFF (Low Z to V BALS)  1 -28.0 dB  0 -26.0 dB  1 -24.0 dB  0 -22.0 dB  1 -20.0 dB  1 -18.0 dB  1 -18.0 dB  0 -14.0 dB  0 -14.0 dB  1 -12.0 dB  0 -14.0 dB  1 -12.0 dB  0 -10.0 dB  1 -8.0 dB  1 -8.0 dB  0 -6.0 dB  1 -4.0 dB
3 2 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1	0 RX Input Gain 0 3.75dB 1 4.30dB 0 4.80dB 1 5.30dB 0 5.80dB 1 6.20dB 0 6.55dB 1 7.05dB 0 7.40dB 1 7.80dB 1 8.50dB 1 9.10dB 1 9.10dB 1 9.70dB
Table 4 - RX	Gain and Volume Commands

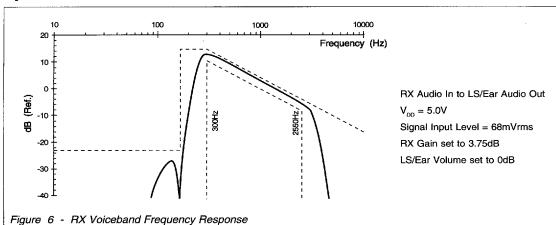
Sett	ing	Gain (dB)
MSB 7 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 1 0 1 0	5	Transmitted First RX Ear Volume OFF (Low Z to V BIAS) -28.0 -26.0 -24.0 -22.0 -20.0 -18.0 -16.0 -14.0 -12.0 -10.0 -8.0 -6.0 -4.0 -2.0 0
3 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 1 0 1	7 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 1 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 1 0	LF (50 Baud) Data Gain OFF (Low Z to V <sub>BIAS</sub> ) -2.60 -2.20 -1.80 -1.40 -1.00 -0.70 -0.35 0 0.30 0.60 0.90 1.20 1.50 1.75 2.00
Table 5 - LF	Data G	ain and RX Ear Vol. Command

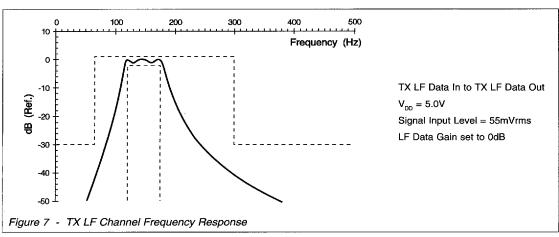
## **System Performance**

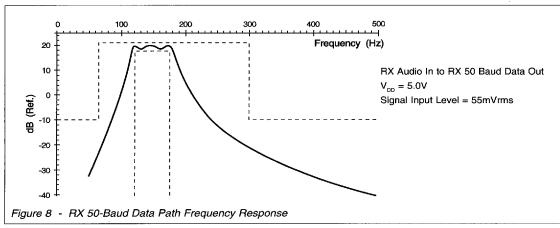


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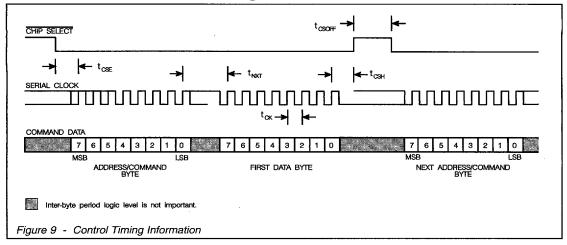




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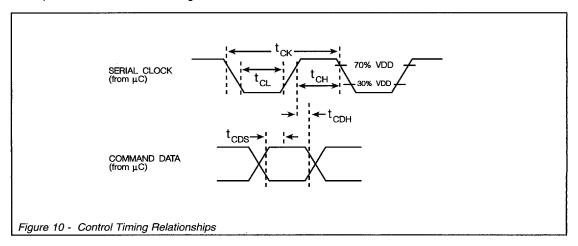
# **Timing Information**



Parameter		See Note	. Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
"CS Enable" to "clock high"	t <sub>CSE</sub>	1	2.0	-	-	μs
Last "clock high" to "CS high"	t <sub>CSH</sub>	1	4.0	-	-	μs
"CS high" time between transactions	t <sub>CSOFF</sub>	1,2	2.0	-	-	μs
Clock Cycle Time	t <sub>CK</sub>	1	2.0	-	-	μs
Inter byte time	t <sub>NXT</sub>	1	4.0	-	-	μs
Serial Clock-High Period	t <sub>CH</sub>		500	-	-	ns
Serial Clock-Low Period	t <sub>CL</sub>		500	-	-	ns
Command Data Set-up Time	t <sub>CDS</sub>		250	-	-	ns
Command Data Hold Time	t <sub>CDH</sub>		0	-	-	ns

#### Notes

- 1. These minimum timing values are altered during operation of the MX812 VSR Codec.
- 2. Chip Select must be taken to a logic "1" between each individual transaction.



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# **Specifications**

### Absolute Maximum Hatings

Exceeding the maximum rating can result in device damage. Operation of the device outside the operating limits is not suggested.

Supply Voltage Input Voltage at any pin -0.3 to 7.0 V

(ref V<sub>ss</sub> = 0V)

-0.3 to (V<sub>DD</sub>+0.3V) ±30mA

Sink/source current (supply pins) (other pins)

±20mA

Total device dissipation @ T<sub>AMB</sub> 25°C

800mW Max. 10mW/°C -40°C to +85°

Operating Temperature Storage Temperature 10mW/°C -40°C to +85°C -55°C to +125°C

# **Operating Limits**

All devices were measured under the following conditions unless otherwise noted.

 $V_{\scriptscriptstyle DD} = 5.0 V$ 

 $T_{AMB} = 25^{\circ}C$ 

Xtal/Clock f<sub>0</sub> = 4.032MHz

Audio Level 0dB ref = 308mVrms @ 1kHz

Characteristics	See Note	ii Min.	Тур.	Max.	
Static Values					
Supply Voltage		4.5	5.0	5.5	V
Supply Current - All Operating			10.0	-	mA
- RX Data Mode	1	_	2.5	_	mA
- Powersave All	'	—	0.6	_	mA
Alias Frequency		_	63.0		kHz
		_	63.0	_	KHZ
On-Chip Xtal Oscillator		10.0			MO
R <sub>IN</sub>		10.0	10.0	_	MΩ
R <sup>™</sup> ou⊤ Inverter Gain		_	10.0	_	kΩ
		-	10.0	-	V/V
Gain/Bandwidth Product		_	10.0	-	MHz
Analog Input Impedances					
Mic.1 & 2, MSK/Play, Comp. In, DTMF In,					
TX LF Data In		-	500	-	kΩ
Dev. Limiter In, RX Audio In		_	100	_	$k\Omega$
(Expanded) Audio In		-	47.0	_	kΩ
Slicer In		10.0	_	_	$M\Omega$
Analog Output Impedances					
Pre-Emp Out, TX Mod. Out, Expand/Store,					
MSK Data Out, TX 50 Baud Data Out		_	600	_	$\Omega$
LS and Ear Audio		_	1.0		kΩ
RX LF Data Out		_	2.0	_	kΩ
Switches - ON		_	1.0	_	kΩ
- OFF		10.0	_	_	MΩ
Input Logic "1" Level	2	3.5	_	_	V
Input Logic "0" Level	2	-	_	1.5	v
I <sub>IN</sub> (Logic "1" or "0")	2	-1.0	_	1.0	μA
Input Capacitance	2	-1.0		7.5	μΛ pF
TX Signal Path	4	_	_	7.5	ÞΓ
Analog Signal Input Levels					
Mic. 1 and 2, MSK/Play, DTMF,			^		<b>JD</b>
Comp. In	3	_	0	_	dB
TX LF Data In		_	0	_	dB
Analog Signal Output Levels	_		_		
Pre-Emp Out, TX Mod Out	3	-	0	_	dB
Tx LF Data Out		. —	0	_	dB
Path Gains/Levels					
TX Gain - 11 <sub>H</sub>					
Nominal Adjüstment Range		-2.65		3.65	dB
Error of any Setting		-0.2	_	0.2	dB
Dev Limiter					
Threshold		_	1375	_	mVp-p
Symmetry		_	7.0	_	% `
Mod Level Attenuation - 11					
Nominal Adjustment Range		-5.6		0	dB
Step Size		0.2	0.4	0.6	dB
Error of any Setting		-1.0	_	1.0	ďΒ
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Characteristics	See Note	MIN.	ıyp.	Max.	Unit.
TX LF Data Signal Path					
Bandpass Filter					
Passband		120		175	Hz
Gain			0	_	dB
LF Data Gain Level - 13,					
Nominal Adjustment Range		-2.6		2.0	dB
Error of any Setting		-0.2	_	0.2	dB
Overall					
TX Distortion		_	-40.0	-32.0	dBp
TX Hum and Noise		_	-40.0	-20.0	d₿
RX Signal Path					
RX Audio Input Level	3		-7.0	_	dB
LS/Ear Audio Output Level	3	_	0	-	dB
Path Gains/Levels					
RX Gain - 12					
Nominal Adjustment Range		3.75		9.70	dB
Error of any Setting		-0.2	_	0.2	dB
De-Emphasis					
Frequency Range		900	-	2100	Hz
Gain at 1kHz		-1.0	0	1.0	dB
Response		_	-6.0	_	dB/oct
LS/Ear Volume - 12,/13,					
Nominal Adjustment Range		-28.0		0	dB
Step Size		1.5	2.0	2.5	dB
Error of any Setting		-1.0	_	1.0	dB
Overall					
RX Distortion		_	-40.0	-32.0	dBp
RX Hum and Noise		_	-40.0	-34.0	dB
RX 50 Baud AudioPath					
Bandpass Filter					
Passband		120		175	Hz
Gain		19.0	20.0	21.0	dB

#### Notes

- With reference to the Configuration Command and Figure 3, all functions with the exception of the RX Gain Element may be powersaved. This will still allow signaling data through the MX836 to activate the system via the μProcessor.
- 2. Serial Clock, Command Data and Chip Select inputs.
- 3. Levels equivalent to ±1.5kHz deviation with the settings below:

 $TX \; Gain = 0dB \qquad \qquad Mod \; Level = 0dB \ RX \; Gain = 7.05dB \qquad \qquad LS/Ear \; Volume = 0dB$ 

Other levels can be achieved by adjusting the above variable gain blocks in accordance with Tables 1 to 5.