Ultrasonic Sensors Single Head System with one Switch Output

- Switch output
- 5 different output functions available
- Teaching input
- Can be synchronised
- Can be deactivated
- Watchdog

Synchronisation:



In order to suppress mutual interference, the sensor operates via one sychronised input. If the input is unswitched, the senor operates at an internally generated pulse rate. The sensor can be synchronised by the super position of the square - shaped voltage. One synchronising pulse at the synchronisation input enables one measuring cycle to be completed. The pulse width must be greater than 100 µs. The measuring cycle commences with the descending flank. The state of the switching output changes after the switching threshold has been exceeded five times, as determined internally by five measurements. A low level ≥ 1 s, or an open synchronisation input results in normal operation of the sensor. Synchronisation cannot take place during teaching and vice versa.

Two operating modes are possible:

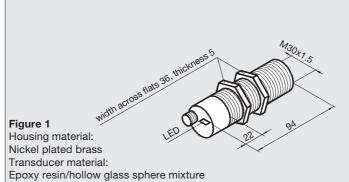
- 1. Multiple sensors are controlled with the same synchronising signal. The sensors operate on the same pulse.
- 2. The synchronising pulses are fed cyclically to only one sensor at a time. The sensors operate in multiplex mode. A high level at the sychronisation input deactivates the sensor.

To set the Switch Points:

The ultrasonic sensor is provided with a switching output with two teachable switch points. These are set up by applying the supply voltage $-U_B$ bzw. $+U_B$ to the teaching input. The supply voltage should be applied to the teaching input for at least 1 s. During the teaching process the LED's indicate whether the sensor has recognised the target. The switch points A1 and A2 are taught by voltage $-U_B$ and $+U_{B}$, respectively.

Five functions can be set:

- 1. Window mode, normally open function
- 2. Window mode, normally closed function
- 3. One switch point, normally open function 4. One switch point, normaly closed function
- 5. Detection of presence of object



Polyurethane foam

COV	/er: P	DI (PC	olybutyle	nterepht	nalate)

Detection range:	60 mm 500 mm Figure 1		
Version:	Transceiver with one switch output		

Order code:	pnp	UB 500-30GM-E2-V15
	npn	UB 500-30GM-E0-V15

Operating data:

Detecting range Standart test plate (min. flat surface) Close range (unsuitable for switching) Aperture angle of sonic lobe Transducer frequency Response time Switching hysteresis Reproducibility

Temperature drift Operating cycle frequency Measuring cycle time t_m Synchron. frequency equi-pulsed Synchron. frequency multiplex

60 mm ... 500 mm 100 mm x 100 mm 0 mm ... 60 mm approx. 5° at -3 dB approx. 375 kHz approx. 38 ms ≤ 1 % of the set operating distance < 1 % 0.2 % / K

max. 13 Hz approx. 6.5 ms $\leq 1 / t_{m1}$ $\leq 1 / t_{m1} + 1 / t_{m2} + ...$

Electrical Data:

Operating voltage U_D Ripple Rated operating current Switch output

pnp npn

Teaching input

Synchronising input Synchronisation pulse width

Synchronisation pause width Indicators: LED green LED red

vellow

I FD

20 V DC ... 30 V DC $\pm 10 \%_{ss}, U_{B} = 33 \text{ V}$

≤ 60 mÃ

200 mA (k) , U_B -3 V short circuit/overload resistent

 $^{-}\mathrm{U_{_{B}}}$... $(^{-}\mathrm{U_{_{B}}}$ +2 V) near switch point $(^{+}\mathrm{U_{_{B}}}$ -2 V) ... $^{+}\mathrm{U_{_{B}}}$ far switch point $-U_B$... $(-\dot{U}_B+1\ V)$ Low level $(-\dot{U}_B+5\ V)$... $+\dot{U}_B$ High level Input impedance 27 kΩ

≥ 100 µs ≥ 100 µs

> "Power on", teaching function object detected "Fault", object uncertain

Switching condition indicator, teaching function, no object detected

Mechanical Data:

Operating temperature range Storage temperature range Protection class to DIN 40 050 Permissible shock and vibration loading5) Connection type

5) to IEC 68-2-6 and IEC 68-2-27

248 Kelvin ... 343 Kelvin (-25 °C ... +70 °C) 233 Kelvin ... 358 Kelvin (-40 °C ... +85 °C) IP 65

 $b \le 30 \text{ g}, T \le 11 \text{ ms}$ $f \le 55 \text{ Hz}, a \le 1 \text{ mm}$ Equipment connector - V15

FN 60974-5-2 in compliance with

Subject to reasonable modifications due to technical advances.

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Teach window operation, normally open function:

- Set target at near switch point
- Teach switch point A1 with $U_{\rm B}$
- Set target at far switch point
- Teach switch point A2 with + U_B

Teach window operation, normally closed function:

- Set target at near switch point
- Teach switch point A2 with + U_B
- Set target at far switch point
- Teach switch point A1 with U_R

Teach one switch point, normally open function:

- Set target at near switch point
- Teach switch point A2 with + U_B
- Cover sensor with the palm of the hand, or remove all objects from the detection range of the sensor
- Teach switch point A1 with U_B

Teach one switch point, normally closed function:

- Set target at near switch point
- Teach switch point A1 with U
- Cover sensor with the palm of the hand, or remove all objects from the detection range of the sensor
- Teach switch point A2 with + U_B

Teach detection of presence of object:

- Cover sensor witch the palm of the hand, or remove all objects from the detection range of the sensor
- Teach switch point A1 U_B
- Teach switch point A2 + UB

Pre-setting of the switch points:

A1: Near range

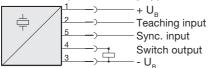
A2: Nominal range

Note:

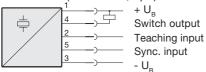
A programming Unit UB-PROG1 is o b - tainable for the basic setting of the switch points and output functions.

Standard symbol / Connections:

Transceiver (version E2, pnp)



Transceiver (version E0, npn)



V15 Connector arrangement



Accessories:

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Cable connectors, see catalogue of inductive, capacitive and magnetic sensors and section Accessories.

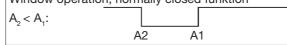
0 0 00 1 0 0	0 155	D 11.ED	\/ II IED
Operating condition - Indications	Green LED	Red LED	Yellow LED
Switch point teaching			
Object detected	flashing	off	off
No object detected	flashing	off	on
Object uncertain (teaching invalid)	off	flashing	off
Normal operation	on	off	switch condition
Interference (e.g. comp. air)	off	flashing	last condition

Programmed switching output function

Window operation, normally open function



Window operation, normally closed funktion



One switch point, normally open function



One switch point, normally closed function

 $A_1 -> \infty$, $A_2 -> \infty$: Detection of presence of object

Object detected: Switch output closed No object detected: Switch output open