FX7

## RICOH FAX1700L

## SERVICE MANUAL

July 30th, 1996
Subject to change

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## infotec 3671/3671F

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## \. WARNING

THIS MACHINE CONTAINS A LASER BEAM GENERATOR. LASER BEAMS CAN CAUSE PERMANENT EYE DAMAGE. DO NOT OPEN THE LASER UNIT OR LOOK ALONG THE LASER BEAM PATH WHILE THE MAIN POWER IS ON.

Lithium Batteries (Memory Back-up)

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\\CAUTION
The danger of explosion exists if a battery of this type is incorrectly replaced. Replace only with the same or an equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Discard used batteries in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.
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## 1. OVERALL MACHINE INFORMATION

### 1.1. SPECIFICATIONS

## Type

Desktop type transceiver
Circuit
PSTN, PABX

## Connection

Direct couple
Document Size

## Length:

105-355.6 mm [4.1-14 ins]
(automatic feed)
Up to 600 mm [23.6 ins] (manually assisted) Width:
148-216 mm [5.8-8.5 ins]
Thickness:
0.05 to 0.2 mm [2 to 8 mils]
(equivalent to $50-90 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ )

## Document Feed

Automatic feed, face up

## ADF Capacity

30 sheets (using 20 lb . or $80 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ paper)

## Scanning Method

Contact image sensor
Maximum Scan Width
204 mm [8.0 ins]

## Scan Resolutions

Main scan: 8 dots/mm [203 dpi]

## Sub scan:

Standard - 3.85 lines $/ \mathrm{mm}$ [98 lpi]
Detail - 7.7 lines/mm [196 lpi]
Fine - 15.4 lines/mm [392 lpi]
Memory Capacity
ECM: 128 kbytes
SAF: 240 kbytes (18 pages/ITU-T \#1 test document), extra 1 Mbyte memory card available (102 pages) or 2 Mbyte memory card available (186 pages)

## Compression

MH, MR, EFC, MMR, SSC

## Protocol

Group 3 with ECM

## Modulation

V. 17 (TCM), V. 29 (QAM), V.27ter (PHM), V. 21 (FM)

Data Rate (bps)
14400/12000/9600/7200/4800/2400
Automatic fallback

## Transmission Time

6 s at 14,400 bps; Measured with G3 ECM using memory for a ITU-T \#1 test document (Slerexe letter) at standard resolution

## Printing System

Laser printing, plain paper, dry toner

> Paper Size and Capacity
> Standard Tray: 150 sheets
> (using 20 lb or $80 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ paper)
> A4, Letter, Legal, F4

Paper Feed Unit (Optional): 250 sheets
(using 20 lb . or $80 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ paper)
A4, Letter, Legal

## Maximum Printing Width

216 mm [8.5 ins]
Print Resolutions
Fax and Copy Mode:
Main scan: 16 dots per mm [406 dpi]
Sub scan: 15.4 lines/mm [391 lpi]

## Power Supply

USA: $\quad(110-120 \mathrm{Vac}) \pm 10 \%, 60 \pm 3 \mathrm{~Hz}$
Europe/Asia: (220-240 Vac) $\pm 10 \%$, 50/60 $\pm 3 \mathrm{~Hz}$

## Power Consumption (Base Machine Only)

USA: Maximum 390 W
Europe/Asia: Maximum 470 W

## Operating Environment

Temperature: $15-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left[59-77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right]$
Humidity: 35-70\%Rh
Dimensions (W x D x H)
$380 \times 341 \times 219 \mathrm{~mm}$ [ $15.0 \times 13.4 \times 8.6 \mathrm{ins}$ ]
Excluding handset, trays, and optional units

## Weight

Approx. 7 kg [15 lb.]
Excluding consumables, handset, trays, and optional units

### 1.2. FEATURES

KEY: $\mathrm{O}=$ Used, $\mathrm{X}=$ Not Used, A = With optional memory only,
$B=$ With optional paper feed unit only C = With optional handset only

| Equipment |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| ADF | O |
| Book scan | X |
| Built-in handset | X |
| Bypass feed: 1 sheet | X |
| Optional paper feed unit | B |
| Cabinet | X |
| Mechanical Counter | X |
| Cutter | X |
| Handset | C |
| Hard disk | X |
| Manual feed mechanism | X |
| Marker (Stamp) | X |
| Monitor speaker | O |
| Optional printer interface (RS422) | X |


| Video Processing Features |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Contrast | O |
| Halftone (Basic \& Error Diffusion) | O |
| MTF | O |
| Enlarge/Reduction: Three en- <br> largements, 4 reductions (50\%- <br> $200 \%)$ | X |
| Resolution | O |
| Smoothing to $16 \times 15.4 \mathrm{I} / \mathrm{mm}$ | O |


| Communication Features - Auto |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Automatic fallback | O |  |
| Automatic redialing | O |  |
| Confidential reception | X |  |
| Dual Access | O |  |
| Substitute reception | O |  |
|  |  |  |


| Communication Features - <br> User Selectable |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Action as a transfer broadcaster | X |
| Al Redial | X |
| Answering machine interface | O |
| Authorized Reception | O |


| Communication Features User Selectable |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Auto-answer delay time | 0 |
| Auto dialing (pulse or DTMF) | 0 |
| Auto Document | X |
| Auto image density selection | X |
| Auto paper size selection | X |
| Automatic Voice Message | X |
| Batch Transmission (max 35 files) | 0 |
| Broadcasting | 0 |
| Chain Dialing | 0 |
| Communication Result Display | X |
| Confidential ID Override | 0 |
| Confidential Transmission | X |
| Direct Fax Number Entry | 0 |
| Economy Transmission | X |
| Fax on demand | X |
| Forwarding | X |
| Free Polling | 0 |
| Groups (3 groups) | 0 |
| Group Transfer Station | X |
| Hold | X |
| ID Transmission | 0 |
| Immediate Redialing | 0 |
| Immediate transmission | 0 |
| Keystroke Programs | X |
| Memory transmission | O |
| Multi-step Transfer | X |
| Next Transfer Station | X |
| OMR | X |
| On Hook Dial | 0 |
| Ordering Toner | X |
| Page Count | 0 |
| Personal Codes | X |
| Personal Codes with Conf. ID | X |
| Polling Reception | 0 |
| Polling Transmission | X |
| Polling tx file lifetime in the SAF | 0 |
| Quick Dial (10 stations) | 0 |
| Reception modes (Fax, Tel, Auto) | 0 |
| Length Reduction | 0 |
| Remote control features | X |
| Remote Transfer | X |
| Restricted Access | X |
| Secured Polling | 0 |


| Communication Features -  <br> User Selectable  |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Secured Polling with Stored ID <br> Override | O |
| Secure Transmission | X |
| Send Later | O |
| Silent ringing detection | X |
| Specified Image Area | X |
| Speed Dial (50 stations) | O |
| Super Fine Resolution |  |
| (16 x15.4 I/mm : 400 x 400 dpi) | X |
| Telephone Directory | X |
| Tonal Signal Transmission | O |
| Transfer Request | X |
| Transmission Deadline (TRD) | X |
| Turnaround Polling | X |
| Two-step Transfer | X |
| Two in one | X |
| Voice Request | X |


| Communication Features - <br> Service Selectable |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Al Short Protocol | O |
| Auto-reduction override option | O |
| Busy tone detection | O |
| Closed Network (tx and rx) | X |
| Continuous Polling Reception | X |
| Dedicated tx parameters | O |
| ECM | O |
| EFC | O |
| Inch-mm conversion | X |
| Page retransmission times | O |
| Page separation mark | O |
| Protection against wrong conn. | O |
| Resol'n stepdown override option | X |
| Short Preamble | X |
| Well log | X |


| Other User Features |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Area code prefix | X |
| Automatic service call | Service |
| Center mark | X |
| Checkered mark | X |
| Clearing a memory file | O |
| Clearing a polling file | O |
| Clock | O |


| Other User Features |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Confidential ID | X |
| Copy editing (Erase Center/Margin) | X |
| Copy mode | 0 |
| Copy Mode Restriction | X |
| Counters | 0 |
| Daylight Saving Time | 0 |
| Destination Check | X |
| Direct entry of names | 0 |
| File Retention Time | X |
| File Retransmission | X |
| Function Programs | X |
| ID Code | X |
| Label Insertion | X |
| Language Selection | 0 |
| LCD contrast control | Service |
| Memory Lock | X |
| Memory Lock ID | X |
| Modifying a memory file | X |
| Multi Sort Document Reception | X |
| Multicopy mode | 0 |
| Own telephone number | 0 |
| Power Saver (Night Timer and standby mode) | O |
| Print density control | 0 |
| Printing a memory file | 0 |
| RDS on/off | 0 |
| Reception Mode Switching Timer | X |
| Reception time printing | X |
| Reduction/Enlargement | X |
| Remaining memory indicator | O |
| Remote ID | X |
| Reverse Order Printing | X |
| RTI, TTI, CSI | 0 |
| Secure ID | X |
| Service Report Transmission | 0 |
| Speaker volume control | 0 |
| Specified Cassette Selection | X |
| Substitute reception on/off | O |
| Telephone line type | 0 |
| Toner Saving Mode | 0 |
| TTI on/off | 0 |
| User Function Keys | X |
| User Parameters | 0 |
| Wild Cards | 0 |


| Reports - Automatic |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Charge Control Report | X |
| Communication Failure Report | O |
| Confidential File Report | X |
| Error Report | O |
| Memory Storage Report | O |
| Mode Change Report | X |
| Polling Clear Report | O |
| Polling Reserve Report | O |
| Polling Result Report | O |
| Power Failure Report | O |
| TCR (Journal) | O |
| Toner Cassette Order Form | X |
| Transfer Result Report | X |
| Transmission Result Report | O |


| Reports - User-initiated |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Authorized Reception List | O |
| Charge Control Report | X |
| File List | O |
| Forwarding List | X |
| Group List | O |
| Personal Code List | O |
| Program List | X |
| Quick Dial List | O |
| Specified Cassette Selection List | X |
| Speed Dial List | O |
| TCR | O |
| Transmission Status Report | X |
| User Function List | X |
| User Parameter List | O |


| Service Mode Features |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Auto Paper Select test | X |
| Back-to-back test | X |
| Bit switch programming | O |
| Book mode test | X |
| Buzzer test | O |
| Cable equalizer | O |
| Comm. parameter display | O |
| Counter check | O |
| Country code | O |
| DTMF tone test | O |
| Echo countermeasure | O |
| Effective term of service calls | O |
| Error code display | O |
| Excessive jam alarm | O |


| Service Mode Features |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| File Transfer | O |
| LCD contrast adjustment | O |
| Line error mark | O |
| Memory file printout (all files) | O |
| Modem test | O |
| NCU parameters | O |
| Operation panel test | O |
| Periodic service call | O |
| PM Call | O |
| Printer mechanism test | O |
| Printer test patterns | O |
| Programmable attenuation | X |
| Protocol dump list | O |
| RAM display/rewrite | O |
| RAM dump | O |
| RAM test | O |
| Ringer test | X |
| Scanner lamp test | O |
| Scanner mechanism test | O |
| Sensor initialization | X |
| Serial number | O |
| Service monitor report | O |
| Service station number | O |
| Software upload/download | O |
| SRAM data download | O |
| System parameter list | O |
| Technical data on the TCR | O |
| Thermal head parameters | X |
| Transmission Status Report | X |
| User data transfer | O |
|  |  |

## Memory Files

Max. number of files: 100
Max. number of stations/file: 30
Max. number of stations overall: 100

### 1.3. COMPONENT LAYOUT



H528V501.wmf

### 1.3.1. Mechanical Components

| No. | Name | Description |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Document Pick-up Roller | Picks up the top sheet of the document from the <br> document table. |
| 2 | Scanner Roller | Feeds the document through the scanner. |
| 3 | Laser Unit | Consists of the LDDR (Laser Diode Driver), focusing <br> lens, F0 Lenses, square mirror motor, and other laser <br> optic components. |
| 4 | Development Toner <br> Magazine | Consists of the toner supply mechanisum, the toner <br> tank, and the development unit. |
| 5 | Paper Feed-out Roller | Feeds paper out of the machine. |
| 6 | Hot Roller | Heat from this roller fuses the toner to the copy paper. |
| 7 | Fusing Pressure Roller | Applies pressure to the paper during the fusing process |


| No. | Name | Description |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 8 | Fusing Fan | Cools the interior of the machine. |
| 9 | Transfer Roller | Applies a charge to the paper to pull the toner off the <br> drum and onto the paper. |
| 10 | Charge Brush Roller | Applies a charge to the drum. |
| 11 | Paper Feed Roller | Feeds paper from the paper tray into the printer. |
| 12 | Paper Separation Pad | Allows one sheet into the printer. |
| 13 | Paper Pick-up Roller | Picks up the top sheet of paper from the tray. |
| 14 | OPC Drum | Organic Photoconductor Drum. |
| 15 | Toner Supply Roller | Supplies the toner to the development roller. |
| 16 | Development Roller | Applies toner to the latent image on the drum. |
| 17 | Toner Agitator | Stirs up toner in the toner tank. |
| 18 | Document Feed-out <br> Roller | Feeds the document out of the scanner. |
| 19 | Document Separation Pad | Allows one sheet into the scanner. |

### 1.3.2. Electrical Components



## COMPONENT LAYOUT

## 1. PCBs

| No. | Name | Description |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | MCB (Mechacincal <br> Control Board) | Controls the printer part of the machine. |
| 2 | FCU (Facsimile Control <br> Unit) | Controls the machine. |
| 3 | NCU (Network Control <br> Unit) | Contains a relay and switches to interface the machine <br> to the network and the handset. |
| 4 | PCB-R | Contains the resistors in the transfer bias circuit, <br> between the ground plate and ground. |
| 6 | OPU (Operation Panel <br> Unit) | Consists of the LCD and the key switches. |
| 7 | High-voltage Power <br> Supply | Supplies high voltages to the charge, transfer, and <br> development bias. |
| 8 | Scanner Sensor Board | Contains the scanner sensors (document, scan line, <br> document exit), and the ADF cover open sensor. |
| 9 | 5 Power Board | Generates the +5VE supply. |
| 21 | LDDR (Laser Diode <br> Driver) | Drives the laser diode. |
| 23 | PSU (Power Supply Unit) | Supplies power to the machine. |

## 2. Motors

| No. | Name | Description |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 20 | Tx Motor | Drives the scanner rollers. |
| 18 | Main Motor | This DC stepper motor drives the printer mechanism. |
| 22 | Square Mirror Motor | This high-speed servomotor drives the square mirror in <br> the laser unit. |
| 5 | Fusing Unit Fan Motor | Cools the interior of the machine. |

## 3. Sensors

| No. | Name | Description |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 11 | Thermostat | Cuts off the ac power supply to the fusing lamp if the <br> surface temperature exceeds $180^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. |
| 12 | Thermistor | Is used to monitor the hot roller surface temparature. |
| 13 | Toner End Sensor | Is used to detect the toner end condition. |
| 10 | Registration Sensor | Is used to detect when paper is fed into the printer. |
| 14 | Paper Exit Sensor | Is used to detect when paper is at the fusing unit. |
| 16 | Paper End Sensor | Is used to detect when the paper tray is empty. |
| 27 | Synchronization Detector | Is used to synchronize the laser main scan. |

## 4. Others

| No. | Name | Description |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 15 | Contact Image Sensor | Reads and converts the light reflected from the <br> document into an analog video signal. <br> An LED array which illuminates the document is <br> included. |
| 17 | Document Pick-up <br> Solenoid | When this is energized, tx motor drive is transmitted to <br> the document pick-up roller. |
| 19 | Paper Pick-up Solenoid | When this is energized, main motor drive is transmitted <br> to the paper pick-up roller. |
| 25 | Fusing Lamp | The heat from this lamp fuses the toner to the paper. |
| 24 | Speaker | Allows the user to listen to the condition of the machine <br> and the telephone line. |
| 26 | Interlock Switch | If the top cover is open, this switch cuts off the <br> $+24 \mathrm{~V}(S W)$ power supply. This component is also used <br> as a top cover open sensor. |

### 1.4. OVERALL MACHINE CONTROL



H528D501.wmf

The FCU controls the entire system of the machine.
The printer components and the optional paper feed unit are controlled by the MCB. The FCIP in the FCU is connected with the CPU in the MCB through a synchronized 8-bit serial interface. The line synchronization signal for laser printing is sent to the FCIP from the MCB.

The scanner components are controlled by the FCU. Video data coming from the CIS is processed in the FCIP and then sent to the MCB for copying or sent to the NCU through the modem for transmission.

The operation panel is controlled by the FCU through a serial interface.

### 1.5. VIDEO DATA PATH

### 1.5.1. Transmission

## Immediate Transmission:

Scanned data from the contact image sensor passes to the DIP block in the FCIP. After analog/digital video processing, the DCR block compresses the data for transmission. The compressed data then passes either to the FIFO memory or to the ECM memory before it is sent to the telephone line through the modem.

## Memory Transmission:

First, the scanned data is stored in the SAF memory after compression in the DCR block.
At the time for transmission, the DCR block decompresses the data from the SAF memory, then compresses it again after handshaking with the other terminal is done. The compressed data then passes either to the FIFO memory or to the ECM memory, before it is sent to the telephone line through the modem.

### 1.5.2. Reception



Data from the line passes to the modem through the NCU and hybrid IC. After the modem demodulates the data, the data passes to the DCR block, through either the FIFO or the ECM memory, where the data is decompressed to raster image data.
The raster image data is then passed to the page memory for printing. After a page of data has been stored in the page memory, the data is sent to the MCB through the LIF block in the FCIP, and then to the LDDR.

### 1.5.3. Copying



LIF: Laser Interface
DCR:Data Compression \&
Reconstruction DIP:Digital Image Processor

## Single copy / Multi-page copy

The scanned data passes to the page memory after video processing in the DIP block in the FCIP. After a page of data has been stored in the page memory, the data is sent to the MCB through the LIF block, and then to the LDDR. This process is the same for multi-page copying.

### 1.6. POWER DISTRIBUTION

### 1.6.1. Distribution Diagram



H528v510.wmf
The PSU supplies $+24 \mathrm{~V},+24 \mathrm{~V}(\mathrm{SW}),+12 \mathrm{~V}$, and $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ dc power to the FCU. The +5 V Power Board generates +5 VE from the +24 V suply. The dc supplies are used as follows.

| +24 V | This is normally on when the main switch is on. |
| :---: | :--- |
| +5 VE | This is used for the document sensor, operation panel, and NCU. This is <br> supplied even if the machine is in power saver mode. |
| +12 V | This supplies the LED Array in the CIS. |
| -5 V | This is used for the image sensor. |
| +5 V | This is normally on when the main switch on. |
| +12 VP | This is supplied the to Flash ROM and the optional IC card. |
| +5 VD | This supplies back up power for the system RAM and the optional IC card. A <br> lithium battery is used to generate +5 VD. |
| $+24 \mathrm{~V}(\mathrm{SW})$ | This is interrupted if the interlock switch opens. |

## 2. DETAILED SECTION DESCRIPTIONS

### 2.1. SCANNER

### 2.1.1. Mechanisms

## 1. Document Detection



The document sensor [A] detects when a document is placed in the ADF. The fold-out extension $[B]$ helps support longer documents.

## 2. Pick-up and Separation



When the document pick-up solenoid $[A]$ is turned on, it allows the tray lifting cam $[B]$ to rotate. This allows the document plate $[C]$ to be pushed up by a spring under the plate. The document pick-up roller [D] feeds the top sheet of the document into the scanner. The separation pad [E] prevents the document pick-up roller from feeding more than one sheet at the time.

## 3. Drive Mechanism



The document is fed into the scanner by the scanner roller [A], and fed out by the exit roller $[B]$. The $t x$ motor $[C]$ drives the scanner roller and the exit roller.

The document exit sensor detects when the document leaves the scanner.


H528D513.wmf

Note: When a communication error occurrs in immediate tx, the machine stops scanning the document, then feeds it out of the scanner.

## 4. Image Scanning



The scanner consists of a contact image sensor (CIS) assembly [A] and a scanner roller [B]. Inside the CIS are an exposure glass [C], a rod lens array [D], an image sensor [E], and an LED array [F].

The image sensor consists of a row of 1728 photosensitive elements (216 mm width $\times 8$ dots $/ \mathrm{mm}$ ). Light from the LED array is reflected from the document and focused onto the image sensor by the rod lens array. Because of the short optical path inside the CIS, the focal depth is much shorter than for a CCD type scanner.

The white level adjustment is performed at the factory, then the white level is stored in the FCU's SRAM. The white level must be adjusted when the FCU or the CIS is replaced, or the SRAM is cleared in the field.

The CIS scans the document one line at a time, and outputs an analog signal for each line. The voltage from each element depends on the intensity of the light reflected by the document onto the element; the intensity of the light depends on the darkness of the area reflected.

[^0]
## Standard resolution (Scanning to memory)

- 3.85 line/mm resolution.
- One line is read each motor step.
- Scan speed: 2.75 s /A4 size.
- The tx motor rotates at 800 pps to scan the document into the memory.
- OR processing is always disabled to make scanning faster.


## Standard resolution (Immediate tx)

- 3.85 line/mm resolution.
- One line is read every two motor steps.
- Scan speed: $5.5 \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{A} 4$ size.
- The tx motor rotates at 400 pps to scan the document.
- OR processing is done, to prevent narrow vertical lines from being broken up (OR processing can be disabled with scanner switch 00 , bit 4).


## Detail resolution

- 7.7 line/mm resolution.
- One line is read every motor step.
- Scan speed: $5.5 \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{A} 4$ size.
- The tx motor rotates at 400 pps to scan the document.
- In copy and halftone mode, scanning always uses detail resolution.


## Fine resolution

- 15.4 line/mm resolution.
- One line is read every motor step.
- Scan speed: 11.0 s /A4 size.
- The tx motor rotates at 400 pps to scan the document.


### 2.1.2. Scanner Timing Chart

## 1. Timing Chart



H528d543.wmf

The following describes what is happening for the standard resolution at points 1 to 4 on the timing chart.

1. When the Start key is pressed, the pick-up solenoid turn on, then the $t x$ motor feeds the document to the scan line sensor (400 pps).
2. The tx motor feeds the document through the scanner ( 800 pps ).
3. The tx motor feeds the document out of the scanner.
4. The tx motor stops 82 steps after the document exit sensor was turned off.

## 2. Jam Conditions

The main cpu detects a document jam if one of the following conditions occurs.

| Jam Condition | Description | Error Code |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Non-feed | The scan line sensor does not switch on within 3.9 s [ T 1 ] of the tx motor starting. The jam condition is reset when the document, scan line, and exit sensors are turned off. | 1-00 |
| Maximum document length exceeded | The scan line sensor does not turn off after the maximum document length [L1] has been fed since it turned on. <br> The jam condition is reset when the document, scan line, and exit sensors are turned off. | 1-01 |
|  | The document exit sensor does not turn off after the maximum document length [ $L 3$ ] has been fed since the scan line sensor turned off. The jam condition is reset when the document, scan line, and exit sensors are turned off. | 1-17 |
| Document jam | The document exit sensor does not turn on when the tx motor has rotated for 160 mm feed length [L2] after the scan line sensor turned on. The jam condition is reset when the document, scan line, and exit sensors are turned off, and the ADF cover opened then closed. | No error code |
|  | When the document exit sensor is off while the scan line sensor goes to off. <br> The jam condition is reset when the document, scan line, and exit sensors are turned off, and the ADF cover opened then closed. |  |
| Cover open | The top cover is opened while the machine is working. <br> The jam condition is reset when the top cover and the ADF cover are closed. | No error code |
| Others | The scan line, document, or document exit sensor is on during initialization. <br> The jam condition is reset when the document, scan line, and exit sensors are turned off. | No error code |

### 2.2. PRINTING

### 2.2.1. Printing Process - Overview



This machine uses a "write to black" system, using negative toner.

- The charge brush roller applies a negative charge to the drum of -350 V to -1350 V , switched at 30 Hz .
- The surface voltage of the drum is approximately -800 V .
- The laser exposed area on the drum drops to about -50 V.
- The development roller carries toner to the latent image on the drum surface. The bias voltages during printing:

Development roller : -300 V
Doctor blade: -550V
Lower case: -287 V

- The transfer roller attracts toner from the drum onto the paper. The bias applied is +3.2 kV .
- This machine has no cleaning unit or waste toner tank.


### 2.2.2. OPC Drum



H528D506.wmf
This machine uses an organic photoconductor drum [A]. The diameter of the drum is 30 mm . It is driven by the main motor [ B ] through a gear train [C]. The charge brush roller [D] is also driven by the main motor.
The drum cartridge is replaceable by the user.

### 2.2.3. Charge



H528D517.wmf
The charge brush roller [A] is located in the drum unit. It applies the charge bias in direct contact with the drum [B]. The high voltage power supply applies a high voltage of -350 V to -1350 V , switched at 30 Hz , through plate [C].

Since the machine uses a charge brush roller, the ozone production is greatly reduced and the charge bias applied to a roller is relatively low compared to that for a corona wire.

The charge brush roller rotates faster than the drum. (The speed ratio is about 4 :1.)

There is no cleaning mechanism. Also, toner is transferred back to the drum by the transfer roller in cleaning mode. The charge brush roller picks up some of this toner. In extreme cases, this may lead to vertical black lines on copies in areas corresponding to places on the brush that have excessive toner.

### 2.2.4. Laser Exposure

## 1. Overview



The components of the laser section create a latent image on the drum. The charge on the exposed areas of the drum drops to about -50 V while non-exposed areas remain at about -800 V.

This machine uses a rotating square mirror [A]. The beam emitted from the LDDR $[B]$ is reflected by the square mirror to the line synchronization detector [C] for line synchronization in the main scan direction. The mirror's rotation speed is 8431.7 rpm .

As a safety feature, the shutter [D] closes to block the laser beam path whenever the top cover is opened.

```
Cross reference
Group 3 Facsimile Manual: section 4-3-3
```


## 2. Error Conditions

## LD Failure:

The mechanical control board detects an LD failure when the laser power is out of the specified range. When this occurs, the machine warns the user on the LCD panel (SC code 2-22).

## Mirror Motor Failure:

The machine detects a mirror motor error when the MCB does not detect the line synchronization detector signal within 1 second of the mirror motor being turned on. The machine also detects a mirror motor error when the motor rotation is not within $8431.7 \mathrm{rpm} \pm 5 \%$ at 4.2 seconds after the motor turns on or if the motor is not within $8431.7 \mathrm{rpm} \pm 3 \%$ for more than 0.5 second during mirror motor operation. Since this error is detected with the line synchronization detector signal, the machine may detect LD malfunction as a mirror motor failure. When these errors occur, the machine warns the user on the LCD panel (SC code 3-31).

## Cross reference

Service Call Conditions: section 7-3

## 3. Toner Saving Mode

In this machine, toner saving is done by reducing the number of dots actually printed, not by varying the development bias. In toner saving mode, the image data is filtered through the following four-line matrix.

| 1st line | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . | . | . | . | . |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2nd line | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . | . | . | . | . |
| 3rd line | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | . | . | . | . | . |
| 4 th line | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . | . | . | . | . |

(1: Actual data printed, black or white; 0 : Always a white pixel)
Note: - Toner saving mode only works when printing fax messages and reports. (However, toner saving is disabled when receiving a halftone mode message in NSF/NSS mode.)

- When toner saving mode is selected, the print image density is automatically set to "Normal"; in some cases, the image may become invisible if the Lighter setting is used.


## Cross Reference

Toner Saving Mode: User parameter 12, bit 2

## Edge Enhancement

In toner saving mode, the machine prints a black pixel whenever the data changes from white to black in the main scan direction. In this way, edges on the image are printed more clearly.

### 2.2.5. Development

## 1. Overview



This machine contains a development toner magazine (DTM) [A], which contains the toner agitator [B], development roller [C], toner supply roller [D], doctor blade [ E ], and the toner tank [F].

At toner end, the entire DTM is replaced by the user.
There are two rollers in the DTM: the toner application roller [D] and the development roller [C].

The toner agitator $[\mathrm{B}]$ stirs the toner and carries it to the toner supply roller [D]. The toner is then carried from the toner supply roller to the development roller. As the development roller turns past the doctor blade [E], only a thin coating of negatively charged toner particles stay adhered.

## Cross reference

Group 3 Facsimile Manual: section 4-4-2
During printing, a bias voltage of -280 V is applied to the development roller (when a print density setting of Normal is selected). The development bias changes in accordance with the print density selection (user parameter 12, Bit 3 and 4).

Since the laser exposed areas on the drum are reduced to -50 V, the toner is trasnferred from the development roller onto these areas of the latent image as they turn past the drum.

There is no DTM detection in this machine.

## 2. Development Bias



The high voltage power supply [A] applies different voltages to the components of the DTM. The applied voltages are:

- Development roller: -280 V [B] (depending on the user's print density selection)
- Doctor blade: -550 V [C]
- Lower casing: -287 V [D]

The toner is negatively charged by the friction generated by the toner agitator.

## 3. Toner End Detection

The toner end sensor $[\mathrm{A}]$ ( a reflective photosensor) is located under the DTM. When the toner is almost empty, the sensor's light is reflected by the mirror $[\mathrm{B}]$ at the top of the toner tank. The machine monitors this sensor only when the main motor is on. If the sensor detects the reflected light 5 times in a row, within a specified period, the MCB detects a toner near end condition, and informs the FCU. The machine can then print 100 more sheets, at which time the FCU
 disables printing (toner end condition). At this time the DTM must be replaced.

### 2.2.6. Paper Feed

## 1. Paper Path

[A]: Paper Pick-up Roller
[B]: Paper Feed Unit Pick-up Roller
[C]: Registration Sensor
[D]: Paper Exit Sensor
[E]: Paper End Sensor
[F]: Standard Tray
[G]: Optional Paper Feed Unit


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## 2. Paper Feed Mechanism (Standard Tray)



## [A]: Main motor

## Paper Feed Sequence

When the paper pick-up solenoid [B] is turned on, the motor rotation is transferred to the paper pick-up roller [C] by the spring clutch [D].

When the solenoid is turned on, it allows the tray lifting cam [E] to rotate. This allows the bottom plate [F] to be pushed up by the spring.

The top sheet of paper in the tray is fed by the paper pick-up roller. The paper feed solenoid is then turned off. The separation pad [G] prevents
 multi-feeding.

The paper activates the registration sensor $[\mathrm{H}]$. This sensor warns the printer that a sheet of paper is coming, to initialize the laser engine. It is also used for paper size and jam detection. If the paper size is determined not to match the selected paper size, a paper size error is detected. The machine stops printing and indicates the user of the incorrect paper size, but the image data is retained and will be printed out when the paper is reset in the tray.

When the solenoid is turned off, the paper feed roller stops and the bottom plate returns to the original position.

The paper end feeler [I] drops into the slot in the bottom plate to detect paper end when the paper tray is empty.

## 3. Paper Feed Mechanism (Optional Feed Unit)

## Paper Feed Sequence



The paper feed sequence for the optional paper feed unit (PFU) is the same as the standard tray except for the following:

- The paper pick-up roller of the PFU is driven by the machine's main motor.
- The bottom plate $[B]$ is lifted up when the release button [C] is pressed.
- A corner separator [D] is used.


## Jam Detection: Registration

Misfeed:
The machine detects a misfeed if the registration sensor does not turn on within 2 seconds ( 4 seconds for the optional tray) after the paper pick-up solenoid is turned on. A misfeed is also detected if the registration sensor turns on before the paper pick-up solenoid is turned on.
When a misfeed is detected, the machine will finish printing that page before turning off the drive components (error code 9-07 when the paper is fed from the standard tray, or 9-50 when the paper is fed from the paper feed unit).

Paper Jam:
The machine detects a paper jam if the registration sensor is on when the power is turned on or when the upper cover is closed. A jam is also detected if the registration sensor remains on for over 11 seconds. When a jam is detected, it immediately turns off all drive components, except the fusing unit fan.

### 2.2.7. Transfer

## 1. Transfer and Separation



H528D518.wmf
A transfer bias of +3.2 kV is applied to the transfer roller [A] from the high voltage supply [B]. This charge is applied through the torsion spring [C] and the conductive supporter [D].

The positively biased transfer roller pulls negatively charged toner onto the paper.

The ground plate $[E]$ and curvature of the drum both help the paper to drop away from the drum.

## 2. Cleaning Mode

If the paper is smaller than the printed image, or if a paper jam occurs during printing, toner may be transferred to the the transfer roller surface. To prevent toner from transferring to the back side of copies, the transfer roller has to be cleaned before the next printing run.

While the machine is in the cleaning mode, the charge is applied to the drum, the drum is completely exposed by the laser, and -800 V is applied to the transfer roller. The negatively charged toner on the transfer roller is then transferred back to the drum.

During the cleaning mode, the positive bias of +100 V is applied to the development roller to avoid any toner transfer to the drum.

The machine goes through the cleaning mode in the following conditions:

- At power-up
- When the printer cover is opened and then closed during printing.
- After a printer jam has been cleared.


### 2.2.8. Fusing

1. Fusing Temperature Control


The power supplied to the lamp [A] is controlled by the MCB. The MCB uses the thermistor $[B]$ to determine when to turn the fusing lamp on and off.

When the main switch is turned on, the machine turns on the fusing lamp and raises the fusing temperature to $181^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. For printing, the machine keeps the fusing temperature at $176^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

When the printing operation is finished, the machine keeps the fusing temperature at $161^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 3 minutes (depending on the power saver mode settings).

Points to note:

- Printing temperature: $176^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- Thermistor maximum: $250^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- Thermostat maximum: $180^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (the temperature of the hot roller would be about $300^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.


## 2. Power Saver Mode Settings

The behaviour of the machine after printing depends on the following:

- User level Power Saver Mode setting ( $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or room temperature)
- Power Saver Mode timer (system bit switch 0B, bits 2 and 3)


## - User Setting: Fusing Lamp On ( $\left.100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ -

After printing, the fusing lamp temperature drops to $161^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Then, the fusing lamp temperature will fall back to $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ after 3 minutes, regardless of the system bit switch setting.

- User Setting: Fusing Lamp Off -


After printing, the fusing lamp temperature drops to $161^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Then, the fusing lamp temperature will fall back to room temperature after 1 or 3 minutes, depending on the system bit switch setting.

If the system bit switch is set to 5 minutes, the lamp temperature falls back to $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ after 3 minutes, and then to room temperature after a further 2 minutes.

If the power saver mode timer is set to "no limit", the temperature stays at $161^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 3 minutes, then goes down and stays at $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

## 3. Fusing Unit Drive



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The main motor [A] drives the fusing unit through a gear train. The paper exit sensor $[B]$ detects when the paper is fed out of the unit.

## Jam Detection: Paper Exit

The exit sensor detects a jam if it does not turn on between 3.5 and 4.5 seconds after the registration sensor is turned on.
The exit sensor detects a jam if the exit sensor is on when the main switch is turned on or when the printer cover is closed. The sensor will also detect a fusing jam if it does not turn off between 3.4 and 4.7 seconds after the registration sensor is turned off (error code 9-09).

## DETAILED SECTION DESCRIPTIONS

## 4. Fusing Unit Service Call Conditions

The machine warns the customer on the LCD panel (SC code 0-02) when any of the following conditions occur (error code 9-22).

- When the fusing temperature is below $90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and does not increase at least $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ within 12 to 30 seconds after the lamp turns on.
- If the fusing temperature does not exceed $157^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ within 60 seconds after the lamp turns on.
- If the fusing temperature drops below $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ when the low temperature $\left(100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ is selected in the power saver mode.
- If the fusing temperature drops below $145^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ while printing.
- If the fusing temperature exceeds $200^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for more than 50 ms .


## Cross reference

Service Call Conditions: Section 7.3
Power Saver Mode: Section 2.3.1

## 5. Fusing Unit Fan

The fusing unit fan cools the machine. The fan motor turns on for 2 seconds when the machine is turned on. It also turns on during printing and turns off 3 seconds after printing.

The MCB detects a fusing unit fan error when the voltage of the motor falls below 160 mV for more than 2 seconds while turning.

### 2.2.9. Page Separation and Data Reduction

Incoming pages that are only slightly longer than the copy paper may be reduced in the sub-scan direction. Whether or not this happens depends on the settings of printer bit switches 03, 04 and 05.

## Reduction Enabled

If bit 0 of printer switch 03 is at 1 (Enabled), the data will be reduced in the page memory to fit on the paper. However, data will only be reduced if the length of the incoming page is between 5 mm shorter and a certain maximum length. This maximum incoming page length that can be reduced depends on the copy paper size and on the reduction ratio stored in printer switches 04 and 05 .

Each paper size can be programmed with a separate reduction ratio. In each of the two bit switches, there is one bit for each possible paper size. The combination of the bit settings determines the ratio for that paper size.

| Bit No. | Bit 7 | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Switch No. | Not used | Not used | Legal | F, F4 | A4 | Letter | Not used | Not used |
| Sw 04 | $\begin{aligned} & 0: 4 / 3 \\ & 0: \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1: 4 / 3 \\ & 0: \end{aligned}$ |  | 0: 8/7 |  | 1: 12/11 |  |  |
| Sw 05 |  |  |  |  |  | 1: |  |  |

The following table shows the maximum incoming page length that can be reduced for each paper size. All lengths are in millimeters. The factory setting of the reduction ratio is $4 / 3$.

| Copy Paper <br> Type | Copy Paper <br> Length | Maximum reducible incoming page length. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Ratio $=8 / 7$ | Ratio $=12 / 11$ |  |
| A4 | 297 | 386.0 | 330.9 | 315.8 |
| F/F4 | 330.2 | 411.7 | 368.8 | 352.2 |
| Letter | 279.4 | 362.6 | 310.6 | 296.6 |
| Legal | 355.6 | 411.7 | 397.9 | 379.7 |

Note: The page memory cannot reduce incoming pages longer than 411.7 mm .

Incoming pages that are longer than the maximum length will not be reduced, but will be printed on two pages and treated in accordance with the setting of bit 1 of printer switch 00 . If this bit is 1 , the bottom few lines of the page will continue from where the first page left off.

## DETAILED SECTION DESCRIPTIONS

## Reduction Disabled

If bit 0 of printer switch 03 is at 0 (Disabled), the data will not be reduced. However, if the incoming page is up to $x \mathrm{~mm}$ longer than the copy paper, the excess portion will not printed. The value of $x$ can be from 0 to 15 mm . It is determined by the setting of bits 4 to 7 of printer switch 03 .

| Hex value | Value of $\mathbf{X}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 |
| and so on until |  |
| $F$ | 15 |

Messages more than x mm longer than the copy paper will be printed out on two pages in accordance with the setting of bit 1 of printer switch 00 as explained earlier.

### 2.2.10. Paper Size Selection

If the machine has an optional paper feed unit installed, the paper size to use is decided in accordance with the following rules.

- If both trays contain the same paper size, the machine uses the paper in the optional paper feed unit first.
- If the received page has to be split up and printed on two pages, both pages will be the same size.
- If the trays contain different sizes, the paper size chosen for printing the received fax message is selected in accordance with the following table of priorities. The table assumes that reduction is enabled and that the reduction ratio is $4 / 3$.

| Received Fax | Selected Paper Size |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Message Size | Letter | A4 | F, F4 | Legal |
| Letter | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| A4 | $4(R)$ | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| F, F4 | $4(R)$ | $3(R)$ | 1 | 2 |
| Legal | $4(R)$ | $3(R)$ | $2(R)$ | 1 |

- The paper size priority is graded from 1 to 4.
- $R$ : The data is reduced to fit on the printer paper.


### 2.3. SYSTEM FEATURES

### 2.3.1. Power Saver Modes

## 1. Going into a Power Saver Mode

## - Power Saver Timer -

When the power saver timer expires, the machine automatically goes into a Power Saver Mode. During the power saver mode, the fusing lamp is turned off or on according to the User Switch 05, bit 6 setting. All the LEDs on the operation panel are turned off and "SAVING ENERGY" is displayed on the LCD.

The CPU is not turned off during the power saver mode.
The machine returns to the standby mode in the following conditions:

- When the document sensor is activated.
- When any key on the operation panel is pressed.
- When the handset goes off-hook.


## Cross Reference

Power saver timer initial setting: System Switch 0B, bits 2 and 3
(1 minute, 3 minutes, 5 minutes, or Unlimited: Timer disabled)

## - Turning the Fusing Lamp On or Off -

The machine will not turn off the fusing lamp if one of the following conditions exists.

- Mechanical error(s)
- Service call error(s)

It takes approximately 50 s to reach the printing temperature from room temperature after the machine turns on the fusing lamp. To avoid any communication error from memory overflow, the machine will not turn off the fusing lamp in the following conditions.

- If the remaining SAF memory is less than 64 kbytes.
- Within 30 minutes after a communication error occurs.


### 2.3.2. Automatic Service Calls

## 1. Service Call Conditions

The machine makes an automatic service call when one of the following conditions occurs.

| Service Call Conditions | Error Code | Sub-code <br> 8002F9(H) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Laser diode failure | $9-20$ | 22 |
| Fusing lamp failure | $9-22$ | 02 |
| Hexagonal mirror motor failure | $9-23$ | 31 |
| Fan motor failure | $9-34$ | 51 |
| Unexpected printer error <br> (Printer Ready signal not detected.) | $9-35$ | 61 |
| Unexpected printer error <br> (Valid signal not detected.) | $9-35$ | 62 |
| Excessive jams in the ADF/scanner | None | None |
| Excessive jams in the printer | None | None |
| The PM counter has reached the threshold (30,000 <br> prints) | None | None |
| The PM interval has expired | None | None |

[^1]
## 2. Excessive Jam Alarms



The excessive jam alarm automatically notifies the service station when the machine's scanner or printer frequently has jam problems.

Each type of jam has three counters allocated to it (JAM, NO-JAM1, NOJAM2). Each of these counters has a threshold value (CALL, DEC, and CLR respectively; these can be adjusted.) The machine uses these counters to monitor jams as follows.

Each time a jam occurs: The JAM counter is increased by 1, and NO-JAM1 and NO-JAM2 are both set to zero. When JAM reaches CALL (6 by default), the machine sends an Auto Service Report with a System Parameter List.

If a sheet of paper is fed without a jam occuring: NO-JAM1 and NO-JAM2 are both incremented by 1 . When NO-JAM1 reaches DEC ( 16 by default), NO-JAM1 is set to zero, and JAM is decremented by 1. When NO-JAM2 reaches CLR (48 by default), NO-JAM2 and JAM are both reset to zero.

The CALL, DEC, and CLR thresholds can be adjusted for each type of jam by rewriting RAM data. The addresses of these thresholds are given on the next page.

| Parameters | Address (H) |  | Initial Settings | Sys. Para. List |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ADF | Printer |  |  |
| DEC (1-255; 0 = Disabled) | 8001E6 | 8001EA | 10 (H) | X |
| CALL (3-15; 0 = Disabled) | 8001E7 | 8001EB | 06 (H) | Y |
| CLR (Low) | 8001E8 | 8001EC | 30 (H) |  |
| (High) | 8001E9 | 8001ED | 00 (H) |  |


| Counters | Address (H) |  | Sys. Para. List |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ADF | Printer |  |  |
| JAM: Jam counter used to place a service call | 8001DF | 8001E3 | Z |  |
| NO-JAM1: Counter used for JAM counter decrement | 8001DE | 8001E2 | - |  |
| NO-JAM2: Counter used for clear- | 8001E0 (Low) | 8001 E 4 (Low) |  |  |
| ing the JAM counter | $8001 \mathrm{E1}$ (High) | 8001 E 5 (High) |  |  |

The system parameter list gives the current DEC and CALL thresholds and JAM counter value as $X$, $Y$, and $Z$ respectively. The Call Service indicator does not light for an excessive jam alarm, and the machine can be operated normally after the automatic service call has been made. Also, the counters related to the jam location are reset to zero automatically after the call. Then, the alarm is disabled until either bit 3 or bit 4 of address 8002DD $(\mathrm{H})$ is reset to zero.

## 3. Periodic Service Call

The periodic service call notifies the condition of the machine to the service station. The call is made periodically at a time interval programmed in the following RAM addresses.

| Parameters | Address (H) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Call interval: 01 through 15 month(s) (BCD) 00 : Periodic Service Call Disabled | 800261 |
| Date and time of the next call |  |
| Year: last two digits of the year (BCD) | 800262 |
| Month: 01 through 12 (BCD) | 800263 |
| Day: 01 through 31 (BCD) | 800264 |
| Hour: 00 through 23 (BCD) | 800265 |

To change these settings after programming, change the call interval. Then the machine automatically changes the remaining parameters by referring to the interval and the current date and time.
The Call Service indicator does not light for a periodic service call, so that the machine can be operated normally after it has sent the service call.

## 4. PM Call

If PM call is enabled, the machine will make an automatic service call when the PM counter reaches the PM threshold.

Program the PM call interval at the following RAM addresses. (Default setting: 30,000 sheets)

| Address (H) | Bits $\mathbf{7 - 4}$ | Bits 3-0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 800191 | Tens | Units |
| 800192 | Thousands | Hundreds |
| 800193 | Hundred thousands | Ten thousands |

[^2]The Call Service indicator does not light for a PM service call, and the machine can be operated normally after it has made the service call.

## 5. Effective Term of Service Calls

If a time limit for the effectiveness of service calls is programmed, the machine stops making automatic service calls after the time limit.

Program the time limit at the following addresses. This function is disabled when all of these addresses are $00(\mathrm{H})$.

|  | Address (H) |
| :--- | :---: |
| Year: last two digits of the year (BCD) | 80026 C |
| Month: 01 through 12 (BCD) | 80026 D |
| Day: 01 through 31 (BCD) | 80026 E |

### 2.4. PCBs

### 2.4.1. FCU



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The FCU (Facsimile Control Unit) contains the FCIP (Facsimile Control and Image Processor), SRAM, System ROM, R144EFXL modem, and Video SRAM.

The CPU core (RU8) in the FCIP controls the entire system of the machine. The printer components are controlled by the CPU in the MCB. The FCIP and the MCB are connected with a serial interface.

The modem inside the FCIP is used for Tone signal and DTMF generation and reception, and V. 21 communications. In addition, the Rockwell R144EFXL modem is used for V.17, V29, and V27ter communications.

The SAF memory can be extended by 1 or 2 Mbytes with an IC optional card.
A 512 kB (4 Mbit) Flash ROM is used for the system ROM. Software in this ROM can be rewritten from the IC card slot or by RDS.

## PCBs

## 1. FCIP (Facsimile Controller and Image Processor)

- CPU (RU8 - Main CPU)
- Modem (V.21, DTMF, and Tone generator)
- Data compression and reconstruction (DCR)
- Digital image processor (DIP)
- Laser interface (LIF)
- DMA controller
- Clock generation (CKG)
- Stepper motor control
- Ringing signal detection


## 2. Modem (Rockwell R144EFXL)

- V.17, V.29, V27ter modem


## 3. ROM

- 512 kB (4 Mbit) flash ROM for system software storage


## 4. SRAM

- 2 MB SRAM for system and user parameter storage
- Backed up by the battery on the FCU


## 5. DRAM

- 1.5 MB DRAM shared between the Line Buffer, ECM Buffer, Page Memory, and SAF memory.
- This DRAM is not backed up by the battery.


## 6. Video SRAM

- 512B SRAM for video processing


## 7. Oscillators

- 29.952 MHz oscillator for system clock generation
- 32.768 MHz oscillator for the real time clock. This is backed up by the battery on the FCU
- 38.00053 MHz oscillator for the R144EFXL modem
- 27.801 MHz oscillator for the plotter clock to the LIF


## 8. FPD (Facsimile Power Driver)

- Stepper motor driver


## 9. HIC (Hybrid IC)

- 2-4 wire switching
- Filters and amplifiers
- Monitor speaker driver


## 10. CIS Video Amplifer

- Level control for the video signal from the CIS


## 11. Drivers (Transistors)

- LED array driver
- Document pick-up solenoid driver


## 12. Jumpers, Switches, and Test Points

| Item | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| SW1 | Switches the backup battery ON/OFF |
| CN5-1 | Analog video signal |
| CN5-3 | COM1 ground |
| CN5-6 | Synchronization signal |
| CN5-8 | Scanner clock |
| TB1 | Switches the power supply to the flash ROM boot block on the FCU <br> $1-2$ pins shorted: +5V (the boot block cannot be overwritten) <br> 2-3 pins shorted: +12V (the boot block can be overwritten) <br> Warning: Do not change this jumper setting, unless the boot block in <br> the Flash ROM needs to be overwritten by Function 12. <br> (Refer to Chapter 4 for more details.) |

## 13. Interlock Switch

- The interlock switch (+24VSW) disables the power supply to the drive components, the printer components, and the high voltage power supply.


## PCBs

### 2.4.2. PSU



PSU:120V/230V
The values of some parts on the primary side are different between the 120 V and 230 V versions.

- $+24 \mathrm{~V},+24 \mathrm{~V}(\mathrm{SW}),+12 \mathrm{~V}$, and $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ dc generation
- Fusing lamp ac power supply and phase control


### 2.4.3. NCU (USA)



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## 1. Jumpers

| Item | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| JP5 | These jumpers should be shorted when the machine is connected to a dry |
| JP6 | line. |

### 2.4.4. NCU (Europe/Asia)



H528D534.wmf

## 1. Control Signals and Jumpers

|  | CSEL0 | CSEL1 | RSEL | JP24 | CN5 | CN7 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Country | CN2-4 | CN2-5 | CN1-13 |  |  |  |
| Germany | L | H | H | S | O | O |
| Holland | L | H | H | S | O | O |
| Austria | L | H | H | S | O | O |
| Italy | L | L | L | S | O | O |
| Spain | L | L | L | S | O | O |
| Ireland | H | L | L | S | S | S |
| Finland | L | H | L | O | O | O |
| Switzerland | L | H | L | O | O | O |
| Other | L | H | L | S | O | O |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## 3. INSTALLATION



### 3.1. INSTALLING THE MACHINE

$\square$ Refer to the Operator's Manual for the installation environment and how to install and set up the machine.

Refer to section 2.4.4. for how to set up the NCU hardware in each country.

### 3.2. INITIAL PROGRAMMING

| Items to Program (Service Level) | Function No. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Country code (NCU parameter 00) | Function 08 |
| Country code (System switch 0F) | Function 01 |
| Protocol requirements (G3 switch 0B) | Function 01 |
| PABX access code (RAM address 8000BB) | Function 06 |
| PABX access method (RAM address 8000AD) | Function 06 |
| Machine's serial number | Function 14 |
| Service station's fax number | Function 13 |
| PM call (System switch 01 - bit 0) | Function 01 |
| Periodic service call (RAM address 800261) | Function 06 |


| Items to Program (User Administrator Level) | Function No. |
| :--- | :---: |
| Clock | Function 91 |
| Initial programming items | Function 61 |
| On/off switches | Function 62 |
| Display/report language | Function 93 |
| Fusing power control during energy saver mode <br> (User parameter switch $05-$ bit 6) | Function 63 |

### 3.3. INSTALLING OPTIONAL UNITS

An optional paper feed unit is available for this machine. Refer to the Operator's Manual for how to install and set up the paper feed unit.

## 4. SERVICE TABLES AND PROCEDURES

### 4.1. SERVICE LEVEL FUNCTIONS

In this section, frequently used keys are referred to with the following symbols.


### 4.1.1. Bit Switch Programming (Function 01)

1. 


2. 0 Yes


Bit 7 is displayed at the left, and bit 0 at the right.
3. Scroll through the bit switch menu: $\star$ or \#
COM DE : 00000000
BITSW 00: 00000000

Example: To see the communication
switches: $\# \times 3$
Then scroll through the bit switches.
Increment bit switch:
Decrement bit switch:


Example: Display bit switch 3: $\times 3$
4. Adjust the bit switch.

| COM DE : | 0000 | 0000 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| BITSW 03: | 1000 | 0000 |

Example: To change the value of bit 7 , press 7
5. Either:

- Adjust more bit switches - go to step 3.
- Finish - Function


### 4.1.2. System Parameter List (Function 02)


2. 0 Yes 1
3. Finish:

Function

### 4.1.3. Error Code Display (Function 03)

1. 


2. 0 Yes

```
ERROR CODE
    1-01 JAN 01 17:30
```

3. Either:

Scroll through the error codes or
Finish -

```
                        Function
```


### 4.1.4. Service Monitor Report (Function 04)

1. 


2. 0,4 Yes 1
3. Finish: Function

### 4.1.5. Protocol Dump (Function 05)

1. 


2. 0 Y 5

3. (1)
4. Finish: Function

### 4.1.6. RAM Display/Rewrite (Function 06)

1. 



SERVICE FUNCTIONS
3. 0

## ADDRESS $=000000$

 DATA $=00$4. Input the address that you wish to see.

Example: Address 800020

```
ADDRESS = 800020
    DATA = 20
```

$$
\begin{array}{llll}
\hline 8 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\
0
\end{array}
$$

Note: If you wish to move the cursor, press
5. If you wish to change the data, type in the new data.

Example: 80, press 80
Note: If you wish to move the cursor, press
Pressing \# will increment the number at the cursor by one.
Pressing * will decrement the number at the cursor by one.
6. Either:

- View more addresses - go to step 4.
- Finish - Function


### 4.1.7. RAM Dump (Function 06)

1. 



FUNCTION KPAD/NEXT
SERVICE FUNCTIONS
2. 0 Yes

0-MEM.R/W 1-MEM.DUMP
3. 1
4. Enter the first four digits of the start and end addresses. For example, enter

MEMORY DUMP START/N
ADD. 800000- 8001FF

```
MEMORY DUMP START/N
ADD.000000 - 0000FF
``` " 8000 " for start address \(800000(\mathrm{H})\), and enter 8001 for end address \(8001 F F(H)\). Then, press "Start" to print the dump list.

Example: Start at 800000 , end at \(8001 F F\).

5. Finish:

\subsection*{4.1.8. Counter Display/Rewrite (Function 07)}
1.

2. 0 Yes
\begin{tabular}{|ll|}
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
0-COUNTER \\
\(2-\) DTM
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
\(1-\mathrm{PM}\) \\
\(3-\) OPC
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
3. Either:

Check the transmitted, received, scanned and printed page counters, and
\begin{tabular}{|ll|}
\hline TX: & 012345 \\
RX: & 012345 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} the printer and scanner jam counters press 0
(To see the scanned and printed page counters, press \#.

To see the printer and scanner jam counters, press \# again.)
\begin{tabular}{|ll|}
\hline S.JAM: & 000000 \\
P.JAM: & 000000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Check the PM counter - press 1
PM COUNTER: 001234
```

DTM COUNTER: 001234

```

OPC COUNTER:
001234
Check the OPC counter - press 3
4. To change the contents of a counter, input the new value, then press.
5. To finish:

Function
4.1.9. NCU Parameters (Function 08)
1.


FUNCTION KPAD/NEXT SERVICE FUNCTIONS
2. 0 Yes
3. 0
\begin{tabular}{|ll|}
\hline \(0-\mathrm{NCU}\) & 1-MODEM \\
\(2-\mathrm{DTMF}\) & 3-DETECT \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
4. Scroll through the parameters using
 value, enter the new value at the keypad, then press Yes.
Example: Set NCU parameter 04 to 005.
\[
\text { (a)(B)(0) } 0 \text { (B) }
\]
5. To finish: NO Function.

Note: Parameter CC is the Country Code, Parameter 01 is the Tx level. Refer to section 4.3 for full details on NCU parameters.

\subsection*{4.1.10. Modem Test (Function 08)}
1.

2. 0 Yes
3. 1
4. Scroll through the available tests using


MODEM TEST START/< > 800 Hz

5. (1)
6. To stop the test:
7. To finish: No Function

\subsection*{4.1.11. DTMF Tone Test (Function 08)}


> UNCTION KPAD/NEXT SERVICE FUNCTIONS
2. 0 Yes

3. 2
\[
\begin{array}{ccc}
\text { DTMF } & \text { TEST } & \text { START/<> } \\
\text { TONE } & 0 &
\end{array}
\]
4. Scroll through the available tests using

5. (1)
6. To stop the test:
7. To finish: No Function

\subsection*{4.1.12. Modem Detection Test (Function 08)}

Note: This function can be used only when G3 bit switch 0B bit 5 (French PTT requirements) is 1 in European models. It cannot be used in USA models.
1.

2-DTMF 3-DETECT

\section*{MODEM DET START/<>}

V21 300BPS
4. Scroll through the available tests using
[
(
5. (1)
6. To stop the test:
7. To finish: Function

\subsection*{4.1.13. Operation Panel Test (Function 09)}
1. Function 6 10 905
then immediately Yes
2. 0 Yes
3. 0
4.

5. To stop the test, press \((\nabla)\)
6. To finish: No Function

\subsection*{4.1.14. LED Array Test (Function 10)}
1.


\section*{FUNCTION KPAD/NEXT} SERVICE FUNCTIONS
2. 1 Yes
3. 0
4.

\begin{tabular}{|llll|}
\hline & & \\
LAMP & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
5. To stop the test, press \((8)\)
6. To finish: No Function

\subsection*{4.1.15. ADF Test (Function 10)}
1.

\begin{tabular}{|cc|}
\hline FUNCTION & KPAD/NEXT \\
SERVICE & FUNCTIONS \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

SERVICE FUNCTIONS
2. 100 Yes
\begin{tabular}{|ll|}
\hline 0-LAMP & \(1-A D F\) \\
2-SHADING & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
3. 1

4. Place a document in the feeder, then press \(\square\)
5. To stop the test, press (8)
6. Finish: \(\qquad\) Function

Do the following after replacing the contact image sensor or the FCU.

\subsection*{4.1.16. Shading Test (Function 10)}
(Also after RAM reset level 1.)
1. Function 6

2. 10 Yes
3. 2
4. Open the ADF cover and hold the image sensor shading chart [A] (P/N: H0689300) against the sensor as shown in the dagram.
5. Press

\begin{tabular}{|ll|}
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
0-LAMP \\
2-SHADING
\end{tabular} & 1-ADF \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\subsection*{4.1.17. Printer Test Patterns (Function 11)}

\begin{tabular}{|rl|}
\hline FUNCTION & KPAD/NEXT \\
SERVICE & FUNCTIONS \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
2. 1) Yes

3. 0
```

PATTERN PRINT KPAD

```
0-1
5. Press a key from or 1 .
6. Press


A test pattern is printed.
7. To finish: NO Function

\subsection*{4.1.18. Printer Mechanism Test - Free Run (Function 11)}
1.


FUNCTION KPAD/NEXT
9 SERVICE FUNCTIONS
2. 1 1 Yes
3. 1
\begin{tabular}{|l|}
\hline MECH
\end{tabular} START
4.
(1)
5. To stop the test, press \(\otimes\)
6. To finish: No Function

0-PATTERN \(1-\mathrm{MECH}\)

MECH
```

                    Funcion
    ```

\subsection*{4.1.19. RAM Tests (Function 12)}
1.


FUNCTION KPAD/NEXT SERVICE FUNCTIONS
2. 1 Y Yes
\begin{tabular}{|ll|}
\hline \(0-\) SRAM & 1-SAF \\
2-SAFCARD & \(3-M-->R\)
\end{tabular}
3. Either:

Test the SRAM:
Test the SAF:
Test the SAF card:


If test is successful, the display shows "OK".
If test is unsuccessful, the display shows "ADDRESS=".
4. To finish: No Function.

\subsection*{4.1.20. Software Download (Function 12)}

Instead of replacing an EPROM to update the machine's software, use this procedure to update the software in the machine's Flash ROM.
This function copies software from an external medium to the Flash ROM on the machine's FCU. The external medium for the new software can be an FCU or an EPROM board.
1. Turn off the machine.

2. Insert the Flash/SRAM Copy Tool [A] into the IC card slot [B], then connect the EPROM board with new software [C] to the opposite side of the tool.

Note: The switch [D] on the tool [A] must be at the ON position.
3. Turn on the machine.
4.

5. 1 Q Yes \(\otimes\)
6. 4
7.


If the software is successfully downloaded, the display shows "OK".
\begin{tabular}{|lll|}
\hline OK!! \\
COPY & MACH & \(<-\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

If the software download fails, the display shows "NG".
```

NG!!
COPY
MACH <- FLROM

```
8. To finish, press Function.
9. Turn off the machine and disconnect the tool. Then turn the machine back on.
10. Print out the system parameter list and check the ROM version on it.

Note: In rare cases, the boot block will have to be rewritten. In such cases, you must do the following in addition to the above procedure.
- Before step 1, open the right cover and change the jumper at TB1 on the FCU as shown in the diagram on the previous page.
- After step 3 , set bit 5 of system switch 02 to 1.
- Before switching on the machine again in step 9, put TB1 back to the default position (pins 1-2 shorted).
- Make sure to set bit 5 of system switch 02 back to 0 when the procedure is completed.

\subsection*{4.1.21. Software Upload (Function 12)}

This function copies the software from the machine's built-in FCU to an external FCU.
1. Turn off the machine.
2. Connect the Flash/SRAM Copy Tool and an FCU as shown in the previous section.
Note: The switch [D] on the tool must be at the OFF position.
3. Turn on the machine.

5. 1 Y Yes


SERVICE FUNCTIONS
\begin{tabular}{|ll|}
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
0-SRAM \\
\(2-S A F C A R D\)
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
\(1-S A F\) \\
\(3-M-->R\)
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{SERVICE LEVEL FUNCTIONS}
6. 3 ®

If the software is successfully uploaded,

OK! !
COPY MACH \(->\) FLROM

NG! !
COPY MACH \(\rightarrow\) FLROM
MACH -> FLROM shows "NG". the display shows "OK".

If the software upload fails, the display
7. Finish:

Function
8. Turn off the machine and disconnect the tool. Then turn the machine back on again.

\subsection*{4.1.22. SRAM Data Download (Function 12)}

This function copies all the data stored in the SRAM on an external FCU to the machine's FCU. Use this after replacing a damaged FCU to save any previous settings that were programmed in the damaged FCU.
1. Turn off the machine.
2. Connect the Flash/SRAM Copy Tool [A] and the damaged FCU [C] as shown in section 4.1.20.

Note: The switch [D] on the tool must be at OFF position.
3. Turn on the machine.
4.


FUNCTION KPAD/NEXT
SERVICE FUNCTIONS
5. \(1 \rightarrow 2 \square \square\)

6.
7.

If the SRAM data is successfully downloaded, the display shows "OK".

If the SRAM download fails, the display shows "NG".

NG! !
COPY MACH <- SRAM
8. Finish : Function
9. Turn off the machine and disconnect the tool. Then turn the machine back on.

\subsection*{4.1.23. Serial Number (Function 14)}

2. 14 Yes
3. Enter the machine's serial number at the keypad.

To correct a mistake: N
4. If the display is correct: Yes
5. Finish:

\subsection*{4.1.24. Service Station Fax Number (Function 13)}
1.


FUNCTION KPAD/NEXT
2. 1 Y Yes
S.S. NO. KPAD
S.S. NO
-
3. Input the telephone number of the service station that will receive Auto Service calls from this machine.

To erase the telephone number: press No
\begin{tabular}{|ll|}
\hline S.S. NO. & KPAD \\
2125555242
\end{tabular}
4. If the display is correct: Yes Function

\subsection*{4.2. BIT SWITCHES}

\section*{\(\triangle\) WARNING}

Do not adjust a bit switch that is described as "Not used", as this may cause the machine to malfunction or to operate in a manner that is not accepted by local regulations. Such bits are for use only in other areas, such as Japan.

Note: Default settings for bit switches are not listed in this manual. Refer to the System Parameter List printed by the machine.

\subsection*{4.2.1. System Switches}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{System Switch 00} \\
\hline No & FUNCTION & COMMENTS \\
\hline 2 & \begin{tabular}{l}
Technical data printout on TCR (Journal) \\
0 : Disabled \\
1: Enabled
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
1: Instead of the personal code, the following data are listed on the TCR for each analog G3 communication.
\[
\text { e.g. V33 } 1401030002
\] \\
First number: Final modem type used \\
Second number: Final modem rate (for example, 14 means 14.4 kbps ) \\
Third and fourth numbers: Line quality data. Either a measure of the error rate or the rx level is printed, depending on the bit 3 setting below. (An M on the report indicates that it is error rate, and an L indicates Rx level.) The left hand figure is the high byte and the right hand figure is the low byte (see the note below this table for how to read this value). If it is a measure of the error rate; a larger number means more errors. Fifth number (rx mode only): Total number of error lines that occurred during non-ECM reception. Sixth number (rx mode only): Total number of burst error lines that occurred during non-ECM reception. The fifth and sixth numbers are fixed at 00 for transmission records and ECM reception records.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 3 & \begin{tabular}{l}
Line quality data output method \\
\(\mathbf{0}\) : Measure of error rate (during image data transmission only) \\
1: Rx level
\end{tabular} & This bit determines the data type to be printed on the TCR (Journal) when technical data printout is enabled by bit 2 above. \\
\hline 4 & \begin{tabular}{l}
Line error marks \\
0 : Disabled \\
1: Enabled
\end{tabular} & If this bit is 1 , a mark will be printed on the left edge of the page at any place where a line error occurred in the data. Such errors are caused by a noisy line, for example. \\
\hline 5 & \begin{tabular}{l}
Communication parameter display \\
0 : Disabled \\
1: Enabled
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
This is a fault-finding aid. The LCD shows the key parameters (see the next page). This is normally disabled because it cancels the CSI display for the user. \\
Be sure to reset this bit to 0 after testing.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 6 & Protocol dump list output after each communication 0 : Off 1: On & This is only used for communication troubleshooting. It shows the content of the transmitted facsimile protocol signals. Always reset this bit to 0 after finishing testing. \\
\hline 7 & Not used & Do not change the settings. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

How to calculate the rx level listed on the TCR (when bit 2 of system switch 00 is set to 1 )
Example: V29 96 L 01 0C 0000
The four-digit hexadecimal value ( \(N\) ) after \(L\) indicates the \(r x\) level. Divide the decimal value of N by -16 to get the rx level.

In this example, the decimal value of \(010 \mathrm{C}(\mathrm{H})\) is 268.
So, the actual \(r x\) level is \(268 / 16=-16.75 \mathrm{~dB}\).

\section*{Communication Parameters}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Mode & DCS: ITU-T standard NSS: Non-standard G3 \\
\hline Modem rate & \begin{tabular}{l}
144: 14400 bps 120: 12000 bps 96: 9600 bps \\
72: 7200 bps 48: 4800 bps 24: 2400 bps
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Communication mode & \begin{tabular}{l}
ECM: With ECM SSC: Using SSC \\
EFC: Using EFC NML: With no ECM, SSC, or EFC
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Compression mode & MMR: MMR compression MR: MR compression MH: MH compression \\
\hline Resolution & SSF: Fine, transmitted at \(8 \times 15.4\) dots per mm DTL: Detail, transmitted at \(8 \times 7.7\) dots per mm STD: Standard, transmitted at \(8 \times 3.85\) dots per mm \\
\hline I/O rate & \(\begin{array}{ll}\text { 0M: } 0 \mathrm{~ms} / \text { line } & 10 \mathrm{M}: 10 \mathrm{~ms} / \text { line } \\ 2 / \mathrm{M}: 2.5 \mathrm{~ms} / \mathrm{line} & 20 \mathrm{M}: 20 \mathrm{~ms} / \text { line } \\ 5 \mathrm{M}: 5 \mathrm{~ms} / \text { line } & 40 \mathrm{M}: 40 \mathrm{~ms} / \text { line }\end{array}\) \\
\hline Width and reduction & \begin{tabular}{l}
=A4: A4 (8.3"), no reduction \\
\(>\) A4: Reduced to A4 (8.3") before transmission
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{||l|l|l||}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{ System Switch 01} & \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{} \\
\hline No & \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ FUNCTION } & \multicolumn{1}{c|}{ COMMENTS } \\
\hline \(\mathbf{0}\) & \begin{tabular}{l} 
PM call \\
0: Disabled \\
1: Enabled
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
This bit switch determines whether the machine will \\
send an Auto Service Call to the service station when it \\
is time for PM. \\
Cross reference
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \(\mathbf{1 - 7}\) & Not used & Auto service calls: Section 2.3.2 \\
\hline \hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{System Switch 02} \\
\hline No & FUNCTION & COMMENTS \\
\hline 0 & \begin{tabular}{l}
Memory file transfer \\
0 : Disabled \\
1: Enabled
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
1: All messages in the memory are sent to the fax number which is programmed as the service station. \\
Always reset this bit to zero after transfer. \\
Cross reference \\
Service station number programming: Function 13
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 1-2 & Not used & Do not change the setting. \\
\hline 3 & \begin{tabular}{l}
Memory file printout \\
0 : Disabled \\
1: Enabled
\end{tabular} & 1: All SAF files can be printed using Function 54 or 55. Always reset this bit after printing the messages. \\
\hline 4 & Not used & Do not change the settings. \\
\hline 5 & \begin{tabular}{l}
Software download area 0 : All except the boot block 1: All areas, including the boot block \\
Keep this bit at 0 except for the rare cases when the Flash ROM boot block has to be rewritten.
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 : This is the normal setting. For normal software downloads, do not change this bit switch. \\
1: Set this bit to 1 only when you need to rewrite the boot block in the Flash ROM using Function 12. \\
Cross reference \\
Software Download: Section 4.1.20
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 6
7 & \begin{tabular}{l}
Memory read/write by RDS \\
Bit 76 Setting \\
\(0 \quad 0\) Always disabled \\
01 User selectable \\
10 User selectable \\
11 Always enabled
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
\((0,0)\) : All RDS systems are always locked out. \\
\((0,1),(1,0)\) : Normally, RDS systems are locked out, but the user can temporarily switch RDS on to allow RDS operations to take place. RDS will automatically be locked out again after a certain time, which is stored in System Switch 03 (see below). Note that if an RDS operation takes place, RDS will not switch off until this time limit has expired. \\
\((1,1)\) : At any time, an RDS system can access the machine.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|l|l|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{ System Switch 03 } \\
\hline No & \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ FUNCTION } & \multicolumn{1}{c|}{ COMMENTS } \\
\hline \(\mathbf{0}\) & Length of time that RDS is & \(00-99\) hours (BCD). \\
& temporarily switched on & \\
to & when bits 6 and 7 of & This data is only valid if bits 6 and 7 of System Switch \\
& System Switch 02 are set to & 02 are set to "User selectable". \\
\(\mathbf{7}\) & "User selectable" & The default setting is 24 hours. \\
\hline \hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{System Switch 04} \\
\hline No & FUNCTION & COMMENTS \\
\hline \[
0
\] & \begin{tabular}{ccccc}
\multicolumn{4}{l}{ LCD contrast } \\
Bit & \(\mathbf{2}\) & \(\mathbf{1}\) & \(\mathbf{0}\) & Contrast \\
& 0 & 0 & 0 & Brightest \\
& 0 & 0 & 1 & \(\downarrow\) \\
& & \(\downarrow\) & & \(\downarrow\) \\
& 1 & 1 & 0 & \(\downarrow\) \\
& 1 & 1 & 1 & Darkest
\end{tabular} & Use these bit switches to adjust the contrast of the LCD on the operation panel. \\
\hline 3 & Dedicated transmission parameter programming 0 : Disabled 1: Enabled & This bit must be set to 1 before changing any dedicated transmission parameters. \\
\hline 4 & Not used & Do not change the settings. \\
\hline 5 & \begin{tabular}{l}
OPC (DTM) replacement level \\
0: User \\
1: Service
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 : The machine asks the user to replace the OPC drum at 20,000 print intervals (default interval). After the user replaces the drum, the machine asks the user if the drum is replaced or not. If the user answers yes, the machine resets the OPC counter to zero. The drum replacement interval is programmed at addresses 8001 EE to \(8001 \mathrm{FO}(\mathrm{H})\). \\
1: The machine will not ask the user to replace the drum.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 6 & \begin{tabular}{l}
CSI programming level 0 : User level \\
1: Service level
\end{tabular} & 1: The CSI can only be programmed using a service function. \\
\hline 7 & \begin{tabular}{l}
Telephone line type programming mode \\
0 : User level \\
1: Service level
\end{tabular} & 1: Telephone line type selection can only be programmed using a service function. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|l|l|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{ System Switch 05 } \\
\hline No & \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ FUNCTION } & \multicolumn{1}{c|}{ COMMENTS } \\
\hline \(\mathbf{0 - 1}\) & Not used & Do not change the settings. \\
\hline \(\mathbf{2}\) & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Display of both RTI and CSI \\
on the LCD \\
0: Disabled 1: Enabled
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
1: Both RTI and CSI will be displayed alternately on \\
the LCD.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 3-7 & Not used & Do not change the settings. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{||l|l|l|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{ System Switch 06 } & \multicolumn{1}{c|}{ COMMENTS } \\
\hline No & \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ FUNCTION } & \multicolumn{1}{c|}{ COM } \\
\hline \(\mathbf{0}\) & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Use of the Stop key during \\
memory transmission \\
0: Disabled 1: Enabled
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
1: Memory transmissions can be stopped by pressing \\
the Stop key. However, users might accidentally cancel \\
another person's memory transmission in progress.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \(\mathbf{1 - 7}\) & Not used & Do not change the settings. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|}
\hline System Switch 07 - Not used (do not change the settings) \\
\hline System Switch 08 - Not used (do not change the settings) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{System Switch 09} \\
\hline No & FUNCTION & COMMENTS \\
\hline 0 & Not used & Do not change the setting. \\
\hline 1 & \begin{tabular}{l}
Inclusion of communications on the TCR when no image data was exchanged. \\
0 : Disabled 1: Enabled
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 : Communications which reached phase C (message \(\mathrm{tx} / \mathrm{rx}\) ) of the T .30 protocol are listed on the TCR (Journal). \\
1: Communications which reached phase A (call setup) of T. 30 protocol are listed on the TCR (Journal). This will include telephone calls.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 2 & \begin{tabular}{l}
Automatic error report printout \\
0 : Disabled 1: Enabled
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
0: Error reports will not be printed. \\
1: Error reports will be printed automatically after failed communications.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 3 & \begin{tabular}{l}
Printing of the error code on the error report \\
0 : No 1: Yes
\end{tabular} & 1: Error codes are printed on the error reports. \\
\hline 4 & Not used & Do not change the setting. \\
\hline 5 & \begin{tabular}{l}
Power failure report \\
0: Disabled 1: Enabled
\end{tabular} & 1: A power failure report will be automatically printed after the power is switched on if a fax message disappeared from the memory when the power was turned off last. \\
\hline 6 & Not used & Do not change the settings. \\
\hline 7 & Priority given to various types of remote terminal ID when printing reports 0: RTI > CSI > Dial label > Tel. number 1: Dial label > Tel. number > RTI > CSI & \begin{tabular}{l}
This bit determines which set of priorities the machine uses when listing remote terminal names on reports. \\
Dial Label: The name stored with the Quick/Speed Dial number by the user.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|l|l|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{ System Switch 0A } \\
\hline No & \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ FUNCTION } & \multicolumn{1}{c|}{ COMMENTS } \\
\hline \(\mathbf{0 - 3}\) & Not used & Do not change the settings. \\
\hline \(\mathbf{4}\) & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Dialing on the ten-key pad \\
when the handset is off-hook \\
0: Disabled 1: Enabled
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
1: The user can dial on the machine's ten-key pad \\
when the handset is off-hook.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \(\mathbf{5}\) & \begin{tabular}{l} 
On hook dial \\
0: Disabled 1: Enabled
\end{tabular} & 0: On hook dial is disabled. \\
\hline \(\mathbf{6}\) & Not used & Do not change the settings. \\
\hline \(\mathbf{7}\) & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{System Switch 0B} \\
\hline No & FUNCTION & COMMENTS \\
\hline 0
1 & \begin{tabular}{ccl}
\multicolumn{4}{c}{ Automatic reset timer } \\
Bit \(\mathbf{1}\) & Bit \(\mathbf{0}\) & Timer setting \\
0 & 0 & 1 minute \\
0 & 1 & 3 minutes \\
1 & 0 & 5 minutes \\
1 & 1 & No limit
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
\((1,1)\) : Automatic reset is disabled. \\
(Other): The machine returns to the standby mode when the timer expires after the last operation.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 2
3 & \begin{tabular}{ccl} 
Power Saver Mode timer \\
Bit \(\mathbf{3}\) & Bit 2 & Time Limit \\
0 & 0 & 1 minute \\
0 & 1 & 3 minutes \\
1 & 0 & 5 minutes \\
1 & 1 & No limit
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
(1, 1): Automatic Power Saver Mode is disabled. (Other): The machine goes into a Power Saver Mode when the timer expires after the last operation. \\
Cross reference \\
Power Saver Mode: Sections 2.2.8 and 2.3.1
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 4-7 & Not used & Do not change the settings. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

System Switch OC - Not used (do not change the settings)
System Switch 0D - Not used (do not change the settings)
System Switch 0E - Not used (do not change the settings)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{System Switch 0F} \\
\hline No & FUNCTION & COMMENTS \\
\hline \[
\begin{gathered}
0 \\
\text { to } \\
7
\end{gathered}
\] & \begin{tabular}{ll}
\begin{tabular}{l} 
Country code for functional settings \\
(Hex)
\end{tabular} \\
00: France & 10: Not used \\
01: Germany & 11: USA \\
02: UK & 12: Asia \\
03: Italy & 13: Japan \\
04: Austria & 14: Hong Kong \\
05: Belgium & 15: South Africa \\
06: Denmark & 16: Australia \\
07: Finland & 17: New Zealand \\
08: Ireland & 18: Singapore \\
09: Norway & 19: Malaysia \\
0A: Sweden & 1A: China \\
0B: Switz. & 1B: Taiwan \\
0C: Portugal & 20: Turkey \\
0D: Holland & 21: Greece \\
0E: Spain & \\
0F: Israel &
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
This country code determines the factory settings of bit switches and RAM addresses. However, it has no effect on the NCU parameter settings and communication parameter RAM addresses. \\
Cross reference \\
NCU country code: Function 08, parameter CC.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

System Switch 10 - Not used (do not change the settings)
System Switch 11 - Not used (do not change the settings)
\begin{tabular}{|c|l|l|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{ System Switch \(\mathbf{1 2}\)} \\
\hline No & \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ FUNCTION } & \multicolumn{1}{c|}{ COMMENTS } \\
\hline & TTI printing position in the & 08 to 92 (BCD) mm. Input even numbers only. \\
\(\mathbf{0}\) & main scan direction & \begin{tabular}{l} 
This setting determines the TTI print start position from \\
to
\end{tabular} \\
\(\mathbf{7}\) & & \begin{tabular}{l} 
the left edge of the paper. If the TTI is moved too far to \\
the right, it may be obscured by the file number which \\
is on the top right of the page.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|l|}
\hline System Switch 13 - Not used (do not change the settings) \\
\hline System Switch 14 - Not used (do not change the settings) \\
\hline System Switch 15 - Not used (do not change the settings) \\
\hline System Switch 16 - Not used (do not change the settings) \\
\hline System Switch 17 - Not used (do not change the settings) \\
\hline System Switch 18 - Not used (do not change the settings) \\
\hline System Switch 19 - Not used (do not change the settings) \\
\hline System Switch 1A - Not used (do not change the settings) \\
\hline System Switch 1B - Not used (do not change the settings) \\
\hline System Switch 1C - Not used (do not change the settings) \\
\hline System Switch 1D - Not used (do not change the settings) \\
\hline System Switch 1E - Not used (do not change the settings) \\
\hline System Switch 1F - Not used (do not change the settings) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\subsection*{4.2.2. Scanner Switches}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Scanner Switch 00} \\
\hline No & FUNCTION & COMMENTS \\
\hline 0 & Not used & Do not change the settings. \\
\hline 1 & Not used & Do not change the settings. \\
\hline 2
3 & Maximum transmittable document length & If the user wants to send very long documents such as well logs, select a higher setting. \\
\hline 4 & \begin{tabular}{l}
OR processing in immediate tx (Standard resolution) \\
0 : Disabled \\
1: Enabled
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
\(\mathbf{0}\) : The machine scans the document in 3.85 line \(/ \mathrm{mm}\) steps, then transmits or makes copies. \\
1: The machine scans the document in 7.7 line \(/ \mathrm{mm}\) steps. Each pair of lines is OR processed before transmission or making copies.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 5-7 & Not used & Do not change the settings. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Scanner Switch 01 - Not used (do not change the settings)
\begin{tabular}{|c|l|l||}
\hline \hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{ Scanner Switch \(\mathbf{0 2}\)} \\
\hline No & \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ FUNCTION } & \multicolumn{1}{c|}{ COMMENTS } \\
\hline \(\mathbf{0}\) & Contrast threshold with & The value can be between 00 to FF. For a darker \\
to & halftone disabled - Normal & threshold, input a lower value. \\
\(\mathbf{7}\) & setting & Default setting - 09(H) \\
\hline \hline
\end{tabular}

Scanner Switch 03 - Not used (do not change the settings)
Scanner Switch 04 - Not used (do not change the settings)
\begin{tabular}{|c|l|l|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{ Scanner Switch 05} \\
\hline No & \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ FUNCTION } & \multicolumn{1}{c|}{ COMMENTS } \\
\hline \(\mathbf{0}\) & Contrast threshold with & The value can be between 00 to 0F. For a darker \\
to & halftone enabled - Normal & threshold, input a lower value. \\
\(\mathbf{7}\) & setting & Default setting -07(H) \\
\hline \hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{||l|}
\hline Scanner Switch 06 - Not used (do not change the settings) \\
\hline Scanner Switch 07 - Not used (do not change the settings) \\
\hline Scanner Switch 08 - Not used (do not change the settings) \\
\hline Scanner Switch 09 - Not used (do not change the settings) \\
\hline Scanner Switch 0A - Not used (do not change the settings) \\
\hline Scanner Switch 0B - Not used (do not change the settings) \\
\hline Scanner Switch 0C - Not used (do not change the settings) \\
\hline Scanner Switch 0D - Not used (do not change the settings) \\
\hline Scanner Switch OE - Not used (do not change the settings) \\
\hline Scanner Switch 0F - Not used (do not change the settings) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\subsection*{4.2.3. Printer Switches}
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{ Printer Switch \(\mathbf{0 0}\)} \\
\hline No & \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ FUNCTION } & \multicolumn{1}{c|}{ COMMENTS } \\
\hline & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Page separation mark \\
0: Disabled \\
1: Enabled
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
0: No marks are printed. \\
1: If a received page has to be printed out on two \\
sheets, an "x" inside a small box is printed at the \\
bottom right hand corner of the first sheet, and a "2" \\
inside a small box is printed at the top right hand \\
corner of the second sheet. This helps the user to \\
identify pages that have been split up.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \(\mathbf{0}\) & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Repetition of data when the \\
received page is longer than \\
the printer paper \\
0: Disabled 1: Enabled
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
0: The next page continues from where the previous \\
page left off. \\
1: The final few mm of the previous page are printed at \\
the top of the next page. \\
See section 2.2.9 for details.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \(\mathbf{2 - 7}\) & Not used & Do not change the settings. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|}
\hline Printer Switch 01 - Not used (do not change the settings) \\
\hline Printer Switch 02 - Not used (do not change the settings) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|l|l|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{ Printer Switch 03 } \\
\hline No & \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ FUNCTION } & \multicolumn{1}{c|}{ COMMENTS } \\
\hline & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Length reduction of \\
received data
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
0: Incoming pages are printed without length \\
reduction. \\
0: Disabled \\
Cross reference
\end{tabular} \\
1: Enabled & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Page separation threshold: Printer Sw. 03, bits 4 to 7. \\
1: Incoming pages are reduced in the length direction \\
when printing. \\
Cross reference \\
Reduction ratio: Printer Switches 04/05 \\
Page separation and data reduction: section 2-2-9
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 1-3 & Not used & Do not change the settings. \\
\hline \hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Printer Switch 03}

No FUNCTION COMMENTS
Page separation threshold (with reduction disabled in switch 03-0 above)
If the incoming page is up to xmm longer than the copy paper, the excess portion will not be printed. If the incoming page is more than x mm longer than the copy paper, the excess portion will be printed on the next page.
The value of \(x\) is determined by these four bits.
Hex value of bits 4 to 7
\(x\) (mm)
0
1
1
and so on until
F 15

\section*{Cross reference}

Page separation and data reduction: section 2-2-9
Length reduction On/Off: Printer Switch 03, Bit 0

\section*{Printer Switches 04 and 05}
No FUNCTION COMMENTS

Reduction ratios used for different paper sizes (with reduction enabled in switch 03-0 above)

If reduction is enabled, the data will be reduced in the length direction before printing.
These switches determine the maximum reduction ratio for each paper size.

\section*{Cross reference}

Page separation and data reduction: section 2.2.9.
Switch 04/05 Paper Size
Bit 0
Not used
Bit 1
Not used
Bit 2 LT lengthwise
Bit \(3 \quad\) A4 lengthwise
Bit \(4 \quad\) F/F4 lengthwise
Bit 5 LG lengthwise
Bit 6 Not used
Bit \(7 \quad\) Not used
The available paper sizes depend on the machine's country version.
\(\left(\frac{S w .04}{S w .05}\right):\left(\frac{0}{0}\right)=4 / 3,\left(\frac{1}{0}\right)=4 / 3,\left(\frac{0}{1}\right)=8 / 7,\left(\frac{1}{1}\right)=12 / 11\)
\begin{tabular}{||l||}
\hline Printer Switch 06 - Not used (do not change the settings) \\
\hline Printer Switch 07 - Not used (do not change the settings) \\
\hline Printer Switch 08 - Not used (do not change the settings) \\
\hline Printer Switch 09 - Not used (do not change the settings) \\
\hline Printer Switch 0A - Not used (do not change the settings) \\
\hline Printer Switch 0B - Not used (do not change the settings) \\
\hline Printer Switch 0C - Not used (do not change the settings) \\
\hline Printer Switch 0D - Not used (do not change the settings) \\
\hline Printer Switch 0E - Not used (do not change the settings) \\
\hline Printer Switch OF - Not used (do not change the settings) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\subsection*{4.2.4. Communication Switches}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Communication Switch 00} \\
\hline No & FUNCTION & COMMENTS \\
\hline 0
1 & \begin{tabular}{l}
Compression modes available in receive mode \\
Bit 10 Modes \\
0 MH only \\
\(01 \mathrm{MH} / \mathrm{MR}\) \\
\(\begin{array}{lll}1 & 0 & \text { MH/MR/MMR } \\ 1 & 1 & \text { Not used }\end{array}\)
\end{tabular} & These bits determine the compression capabilities to be declared in phase \(B\) (handshaking) of the \(T .30\) protocol. \\
\hline 3 & \begin{tabular}{l}
Compression modes available in transmit mode \\
Bit 3 Modes \\
0 0 MH only \\
\(01 \mathrm{MH} / \mathrm{MR}\) \\
\(10 \mathrm{MH} / \mathrm{MR} / \mathrm{MMR}\) \\
11 Not used
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
These bits determine the compression capabilities to be used in the transmission and to be declared in phase B (handshaking) of the T. 30 protocol. \\
Cross reference \\
EFC compression in transmission: Communication Switch 01, bit 1.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 4-7 & Not used & Do not change the settings. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Communication Switch 01} \\
\hline No & FUNCTION & COMMENTS \\
\hline 0 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { ECM } \\
& 0: \text { Off 1: On }
\end{aligned}
\] & If this bit is \(0, \mathrm{ECM}\) is switched off for all communications. \\
\hline 1 & EFC during transmission 0: Off 1: On & If this bit is 0 , EFC is switched off during transmission. \\
\hline 2 & Wrong connection prevention method & \begin{tabular}{l}
( 0,1 ) - The machine will not transmit if the last 8 digits of the received CSI do not match the last 8 digits of the dialed telephone number. This does not work for manual dialing. \\
( 1,0 ) - The same as above, except that only the last 4 digits are compared. \\
\((\mathbf{1 , 1})\) - The machine will not transmit if the other end does not identify itself with an RTI or CSI. \\
\((0,0)\) - Nothing is checked; transmission will always go ahead.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 4 & \begin{tabular}{l}
Operator call if no response is received in reply to NSF/DIS \\
0 : Disabled 1: Enabled
\end{tabular} & Set this bit to 1 if the user expects to receive phone calls at the same number which the machine is connected to. \\
\hline 5 & Not used & Do not change the setting. \\
\hline 7 & Maximum printable page length available & The setting determined by these bits is informed to the transmitting terminal in the pre-message protocol exchange (in the DIS/NSF frames). \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Communication Switch 02} \\
\hline No & FUNCTION & COMMENTS \\
\hline 0 & \begin{tabular}{l}
Burst error threshold \\
0 : Low 1: High
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
If there are more consecutive error lines in the received page than the threshold, the machine will send a negative response. \\
The Low and High threshold values depend on the sub-scan resolution, and are as follows.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 1 & Acceptable total error line ratio
\[
0: 5 \% \quad 1: 10 \%
\] & If the error line ratio of a page exceeds the acceptable ratio, RTN will be sent to the other end. \\
\hline 2 & \begin{tabular}{l}
Treatment of pages received with errors during G3 reception 0 : Deleted from memory without printing \\
1: Printed
\end{tabular} & 0: Pages received with errors are not printed. \\
\hline 3 & Hang-up decision when a negative code (RTN or PIN) is received during G3 immediate transmission 0: No hang-up, 1: Hang-up & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 : The next page will be sent even if RTN or PIN is received. \\
1: The machine will send DCN and hang up if it receives RTN or PIN. \\
This bit is ignored for memory transmissions or if ECM is being used.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 4-7 & Not used & Do not change the settings. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|l|l|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{ Communication Switch 03 } \\
\hline No & \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ FUNCTION } & \multicolumn{1}{c|}{ COMMENTS } \\
\hline \(\mathbf{0}\) & Maximum number of page & \(00-\) FF (Hex) times. \\
to & retransmissions in a G3 & This setting is not used if ECM is switched on. \\
\(\mathbf{7}\) & memory transmission & Default setting - 03(H) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|}
\hline Communication Switch 04 - Not used (do not change the settings) \\
\hline Communication Switch 05 - Not used (do not change the settings) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|l|l|}
\hline \hline \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{ Communication Switch 06 } \\
\hline No & \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ FUNCTION } & \multicolumn{1}{c|}{ COMMENTS } \\
\hline \(\mathbf{0}\) & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Dialing requirements: \\
Germany \\
0: Disabled 1: Enabled
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
These switches are automatically set to the settings \\
required by each country after a country code (System \\
Switch OF) is programmed.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \(\mathbf{1}\) & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Dialing requirements: Austria \\
0: Disabled 1: Enabled
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \(\mathbf{2}\) & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Dialing requirements: \\
Norway \\
0: Disabled 1: Enabled
\end{tabular} & \\
\hline \(\mathbf{3}\) & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Dialing requirements: \\
Denmark \\
0: Disabled 1: Enabled
\end{tabular} & \\
\hline \(\mathbf{4}\) & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Dialing requirements: France \\
0: Disabled 1: Enabled
\end{tabular} & \\
\hline \(\mathbf{5}\) & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Dialing requirements: \\
Switzerland \\
0: Disabled 1: Enabled
\end{tabular} & \\
\hline \(\mathbf{6 - 7}\) & Not used
\end{tabular}

Communication Switch 07 - Not used (do not change the settings)
Communication Switch 08 - Not used (do not change the settings)
Communication Switch 09 - Not used (do not change the settings)
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l||}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{ Communication Switch OA } \\
\hline No & \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ FUNCTION } & \multicolumn{1}{c|}{ COMMENTS } \\
\hline & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Point of resumption of \\
memory transmission upon \\
redialing \\
0: From the error page \\
1: From page 1
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
0: The transmission begins from the page where \\
transmission failed the previous time. \\
1: Transmission begins from the first page.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \(\mathbf{1 - 6}\) & Not used & Do not change the settings. \\
\hline \(\mathbf{7}\) & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Emergency calls using 999 \\
0: Enabled 1: Disabled
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
If this bit is at 1, the machine will not allow you to dial \\
999 at the auto-dialer. This is a PTT requirement in the \\
UK and some other countries.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Communication Switch 0B - Not used (do not change the settings)
Communication Switch OC - Not used (do not change the settings)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Communication Switch 0D} \\
\hline No & FUNCTION & COMMENTS \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& 0 \\
& \text { to } \\
& 7
\end{aligned}
\] & The amount of remaining memory below which ringing detection (and therefore reception into memory) is disabled & \begin{tabular}{l}
00 to FF (Hex), unit = 2 kbytes \\
(e.g., \(0 \mathrm{C}(\mathrm{H})=24\) kbytes) \\
One page is about 24 kbytes. \\
If this setting is kept at 0 , the machine will detect ringing signals and go into receive mode even if there is no memory space left. This will result in communication failure.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|l|l|}
\hline \hline \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{ Communication Switch OE } \\
\hline No & \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ FUNCTION } & \multicolumn{1}{c|}{ COMMENTS } \\
\hline \(\mathbf{0}\) & Minimum interval between & 06 to \(\mathrm{FF}(\mathrm{Hex})\), unit \(=2 \mathrm{~s}\) \\
to & automatic dialing attempts & \begin{tabular}{l} 
(e.g., \(06(\mathrm{H})=12 \mathrm{~s})\) \\
\(\mathbf{7}\)
\end{tabular} \\
& This value is the minimum time that the machine waits \\
before it dials the next destination.
\end{tabular}

Communication Switch OF - Not used (do not change the setting)
\begin{tabular}{|c|l|l|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{ Communication Switch 10} \\
\hline No & \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ FUNCTION } & \multicolumn{1}{c|}{ COMMENTS } \\
\hline \(\mathbf{0}\) & Memory transmission: & 01-FF (Hex) times \\
to & Maximum number of dialing & \\
\(\mathbf{7}\) & attempts to the same & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|l|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{ Communication Switch \(\mathbf{1 1}\)} \\
\hline No & \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ FUNCTION } & \multicolumn{1}{c|}{ COMMENTS } \\
\hline \(\mathbf{0}\) & Immediate transmission: & 01-FF (Hex) times \\
to & Maximum number of dialing & \\
\(\mathbf{7}\) & attempts to the same & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|l|l|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{ Communication Switch \(\mathbf{1 2}\)} \\
\hline No & \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ FUNCTION } & \multicolumn{1}{c|}{ COMMENTS } \\
\hline \(\mathbf{0}\) & Memory transmission: & 00-FF (Hex) minutes \\
to & Interval between dialing & \\
\(\mathbf{7}\) & attempts to the same & \\
\hline & destination & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|l|l|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{ Communication Switch 13 } \\
\hline No & \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ FUNCTION } & \multicolumn{1}{c|}{ COMMENTS } \\
\hline \(\mathbf{0}\) & Immediate transmission: & 00-FF (Hex) minutes \\
to & Interval between dialing & \\
\(\mathbf{7}\) & attempts to the same & \\
\hline & destination & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Communication Switch 14 - Not used (do not change the settings)
Communication Switch 15 - Not used (do not change the settings)
Communication Switch 16 - Not used (do not change the settings)
Communication Switch 17 - Not used (do not change the settings)
Communication Switch 18 - Not used (do not change the settings)
Communication Switch 19 - Not used (do not change the settings)
Communication Switch 1A - Not used (do not change the settings)
Communication Switch 1B - Not used (do not change the settings)
Communication Switch 1C - Not used (do not change the settings)
Communication Switch 1D - Not used (do not change the settings)
Communication Switch 1E - Not used (do not change the settings)
Communication Switch 1F - Not used (do not change the settings)

\subsection*{4.2.5. G3 Switches}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{G3 Switch 00} \\
\hline No & FUNCTION & COMMENTS \\
\hline 0
1 & \begin{tabular}{l}
Monitor speaker during communication (tx and rx) \\
Bit 1 Bit 0 Setting \\
00 Disabled \\
\(0 \quad 1 \quad\) Up to Phase B \\
10 All the time \\
11 Not used
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
\((0,0)\) : The monitor speaker is disabled all through the communication. \\
\((0,1)\) : The monitor speaker is on up to phase \(B\) in the T. 30 protocol. \\
\((1,0)\) : Used for testing. The monitor speaker is on all through the communication. \\
Make sure that you reset these bits after testing.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 2 & Monitor speaker during memory transmission 0: Disabled 1:Enabled & 1: The monitor speaker is enabled during memory transmission. \\
\hline 3-6 & Not used & Do not change the settings. \\
\hline 7 & \begin{tabular}{l}
Back to back test \\
0 : Disabled \\
1: Enabled
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
Set this bit to 1 when you wish to do a back to back test. \\
115 V model: Be sure to connect jumpers JP5 and JP6 on the NCU before doing the test. \\
220 V model: Be sure to apply dc voltage between wires L1 and L2 on the NCU.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|l|l|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{ G3 Switch 01 } \\
\hline No & \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ FUNCTION } & \multicolumn{1}{c|}{ COMMENTS } \\
\hline \(\mathbf{0 - 3}\) & Not used & Do not change the settings.
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|l|l|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{ G3 Switch 02 } \\
\hline No & \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ FUNCTION } & \multicolumn{1}{c|}{ COMMENTS } \\
\hline \(\mathbf{0}\) & \begin{tabular}{l} 
G3 protocol mode used \\
0: Standard and \\
non-standard \\
1: Standard only
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
1: Disables NSF/NSS signals (these are used in \\
non-standard mode communication).
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \(\mathbf{1 - 4}\) & Not used & Do not change the settings. \\
\hline \(\mathbf{5}\) & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Use of modem rate history \\
when dialing using \\
Quick \\
0: Dpeed dials \\
1: Enabled
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
0: Communications using Quick/Speed dials always \\
start with the highest modem rate. \\
1: The machine uses the modem rate history for \\
communications with the same machine when \\
determining the most suitable rate for the current \\
communication.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \(\mathbf{6}\) & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Al short protocol \\
(transmission and reception) \\
0: Disabled 1: Enabled
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Refer to Appendix B in the Group 3 Facsimile Manual \\
for details about Al Short Protocol.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \(\mathbf{7}\) & Not used & Do not change the setting. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{G3 Switch 03} \\
\hline No & FUNCTION & COMMENTS \\
\hline 0 & \begin{tabular}{l}
DIS detection number (Echo countermeasure) 0:1 \\
1:2
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 : The machine will hang up if it receives the same DIS frame twice. \\
1: Before sending DCS, the machine will wait for the second DIS which is caused by echo on the line.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 1-2 & Not used & Do not change the setting. \\
\hline 3 & \begin{tabular}{l}
ECM frame size \\
0: 256 bytes \\
1: 64 bytes
\end{tabular} & 1: The machine transmits with a frame size of 64 bytes. Set this bit to 1 when the other terminal only has a 64 byte frame size. \\
\hline 4 & \begin{tabular}{l}
CTC transmission conditions \\
0 : Ricoh mode (PPR \(\times 1\) ) \\
1: ITU-T mode (PPR x 4)
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
When using ECM, the machine will choose a slower modem rate after receiving PPR once (Ricoh mode) or four times (ITU-T mode). \\
ITU-T: New acronym for the CCITT.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 5 & \begin{tabular}{l}
Modem rate used for the next page after receiving a negative code (RTN or PIN) \\
0 : No change 1: Fallback
\end{tabular} & 1: The machine's tx modem rate will fall back before sending the next page if a negative code is received. This bit is ignored if ECM is being used. \\
\hline 6-7 & Not used & Do not change the setting. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|l|l|}
\hline \hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{ G3 } & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{ Switch 04 } \\
\hline & \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ FUNCTION } & \multicolumn{1}{c|}{ COMMENTS } \\
\hline \(\mathbf{0}\) & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Training error detection \\
to \\
threshold
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
0-F (Hex); \(0-15\) bits \\
If the number of error bits in the received TCF is below \\
this threshold, the machine informs the sender that the
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 4-7 & Not used & Do not change the settings. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{G3 Switch 05} \\
\hline & FUNCTION & COMMENTS \\
\hline \[
\begin{gathered}
0 \\
\text { to } \\
3
\end{gathered}
\] & \begin{tabular}{l}
Initial Tx modem rate \\
Bit 3210 Setting (bps) \\
00012.4 k \\
00104.8 k \\
\(00117.2 k\) \\
\(01009.6 k\) \\
0101 12.0k \\
011014.4 k \\
Other settings - Not used
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
These bits set the initial starting modem rate for transmission. \\
Use the dedicatated transmssion parameters if you need to change this for specific receivers.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 4 & Initial modem type for 9.6 k or 7.2 kbps. Bit 5 Bit 4 Setting & These bits set the initial modem type for 14.4, 9.6 , and 7.2 kbps , if the initial modem rate is set at these speeds. \\
\hline 6-7 & & Do not change the settings. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{G3 Switch 06} \\
\hline & FUNCTION & COMMENTS \\
\hline \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { to } \\
3
\end{gathered}
\] & \begin{tabular}{l}
Initial Rx modem rate \\
Bit 3210 Setting (bps) \\
00012.4 k \\
00104.8 k \\
00117.2 k \\
01009.6 k \\
0101 12.0k \\
011014.4 k \\
Other settings - Not used
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
The setting of these bits is used to inform the transmitting terminal of the available modem rate for the machine in receive mode. \\
Use a lower setting if high speeds pose problems during reception.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { to } \\
7
\end{gathered}
\] & \begin{tabular}{l}
Modem types available for reception \\
Bit 7654 Setting \\
0001 V27ter \\
0010 V27ter and V29 \\
0100 V27ter, V29, V33, V17 \\
Other settings - Not used
\end{tabular} & The setting of these bits is used to inform the transmitting terminal of the available modem type for the machine in receive mode. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

G3 Switch 08 - Not used (do not change the settings)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{G3 Switch 0A} \\
\hline & FUNCTION & COMMENTS \\
\hline 0 & Maximum allowable carrier drop during image data reception & These bits set the acceptable modem carrier drop time. Try using a longer setting if error code 0-22 is frequent. \\
\hline 2-3 & Not used & Do not change the settings. \\
\hline 4 & Maximum allowable frame interval during image data reception.
\[
0: 5 \mathrm{~s} \quad 1: 13 \mathrm{~s}
\] & \begin{tabular}{l}
This bit set the maximum intervals between each EOL signal (end-of-line) or intervals between each ECM frame from the other end. \\
Try using a longer setting if error code 0-21 is frequent.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 5 & Not used & Do not change the settings. \\
\hline 6 & Reconstruction time for the first line in receive mode
\[
0: 6 \mathrm{~s} \quad 1: 12 \mathrm{~s}
\] & \begin{tabular}{l}
When the sending terminal is controlled by a computer, there may be a delay in receiving page data after the local machine accepts set-up data and sends CFR. If this occurs, set this bit to 1 to give the sending machine more time to send data. \\
Refer to error code 0-20.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 7 & Not used & Do not change the settings. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{G3 Switch OB} \\
\hline & FUNCTION & COMMENTS \\
\hline 0 & \begin{tabular}{l}
Protocol requirements: \\
Europe \\
0: Disabled 1: Enabled
\end{tabular} & \multirow[t]{6}{*}{Program these bit switches manually to match local requirements.} \\
\hline 1 & \begin{tabular}{l}
Protocol requirements: Spain \\
0: Disabled 1: Enabled
\end{tabular} & \\
\hline 2 & \begin{tabular}{l}
Protocol requirements: \\
Germany \\
0: Disabled 1: Enabled
\end{tabular} & \\
\hline 3 & \begin{tabular}{l}
Protocol requirements: France \\
0 : Disabled 1: Enabled
\end{tabular} & \\
\hline 4 & PTT requirements: Germany 0: Disabled 1: Enabled & \\
\hline 5 & PTT requirements: France 0 : Disabled 1: Enabled & \\
\hline 6-7 & Not used & Do not change the settings. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|l|l|}
\hline \hline \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{ G3 Switch OC } \\
\hline & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{ FUNCTION } & \\
\hline & Pulse dialing method & \(\mathrm{P}=\) Number of pulses sent out, \(\mathrm{N}=\) Number dialed. \\
\(\mathbf{0}\) & Bit \(\mathbf{1}\) & Bit 0 & Setting \\
& 0 & 0 & Normal \((\mathrm{P}=\mathrm{N})\) \\
& 0 & 1 & Oslo \((\mathrm{P}=10-\mathrm{N})\) \\
\(\mathbf{1}\) & 1 & 0 & Sweden \((\mathrm{N}+1)\) \\
& 1 & 1 & \\
& 1 & Not used & \\
\hline 2-7 & Not used & Do not change the settings. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
```

G3 Switch OD - Not used (do not change the settings)
G3 Switch OE - Not used (do not change the settings)
G3 Switch OF - Not used (do not change the settings)

```

\subsection*{4.3. NCU PARAMETERS}

The following tables give the RAM addresses and units of calculation of the parameters that the machine uses for ringing signal detection and automatic dialing. The factory settings for each country are also given. Most of these must be changed by RAM read/write (Function 06), but some can be changed using NCU Parameter programming (Function 08); if Function 08 can be used, this will be indicated in the Remarks column. The RAM is programmed in hex code unless (BCD) is included in the Unit column.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Address & Function & Unit & & Remarks \\
\hline \multirow{30}{*}{807F00} & \multirow[t]{30}{*}{Country code for NCU parameters} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Use the Hex value to program the country code directly into this address, or use the decimal value to program it using Function 08 (parameter CC).} \\
\hline & & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Country Decimal} & Hex \\
\hline & & France & 00 & 00 \\
\hline & & Germany & 01 & 01 \\
\hline & & UK & 02 & 02 \\
\hline & & Italy & 03 & 03 \\
\hline & & Austria & 04 & 04 \\
\hline & & Belgium & 05 & 05 \\
\hline & & Denmark & 06 & 06 \\
\hline & & Finland & 07 & 07 \\
\hline & & Ireland & 08 & 08 \\
\hline & & Norway & 09 & 09 \\
\hline & & Sweden & 10 & OA \\
\hline & & Switzerland & - 11 & OB \\
\hline & & Portugal & 12 & OC \\
\hline & & Holland & 13 & OD \\
\hline & & Spain & 14 & OE \\
\hline & & Israel & 15 & OF \\
\hline & & USA & 17 & 11 \\
\hline & & Asia & 18 & 12 \\
\hline & & Hong Kong & 20 & 14 \\
\hline & & South Africa & a 21 & 15 \\
\hline & & Australia & 22 & 16 \\
\hline & & New Zealand & nd 23 & 17 \\
\hline & & Singapore & 24 & 18 \\
\hline & & Malaysia & 25 & 19 \\
\hline & & China & 26 & 1A \\
\hline & & Taiwan & 27 & 1B \\
\hline & & Turkey & 32 & 20 \\
\hline & & Greece & 33 & 21 \\
\hline 807F01 & Line current detection time & \multirow[t]{3}{*}{20 ms} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{3}{*}{Line current is not detected if 807F01 contains FF.}} \\
\hline 807F02 & Line current wait time & & & \\
\hline 807F03 & Line current drop detect time & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


SERVICE TABLES AND PROCEDURES
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Address & Function & Unit & Remarks \\
\hline 807F22 & PABX ringback tone detection time & 20 ms & Detection is disabled if this contains FF. \\
\hline 807F23 & PABX ringback tone off detection time & 20 ms & \\
\hline 807F24 & PABX detection time for silent period after ringback tone detected (LOW) & 20 ms & \\
\hline 807F25 & PABX detection time for silent period after ringback tone detected (HIGH) & 20 ms & \\
\hline 807F26 & PABX busy tone frequency range (high byte) & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Hz (BCD)} & If this is FF, detection is disabled. See Note 2. \\
\hline 807F27 & PABX busy tone frequency range (low byte) & & See Note 2. \\
\hline 807F28 & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Not used} & & Do not change the factory \\
\hline 807F29 & & & settings. \\
\hline 807F2A & Busy tone ON time: range 1 & \multirow[t]{9}{*}{20 ms} & \\
\hline 807F2B & Busy tone OFF time: range 1 & & \\
\hline 807F2C & Busy tone ON time: range 2 & & \\
\hline 807F2D & Busy tone OFF time: range 2 & & \\
\hline 807F2E & Busy tone ON time: range 3 & & \\
\hline 807F2F & Busy tone OFF time: range 3 & & \\
\hline 807F30 & Busy tone ON time: range 4 & & \\
\hline 807F31 & Busy tone OFF time: range 4 & & \\
\hline 807F32 & Busy tone continuous tone detection time & & \\
\hline 807F33 & \begin{tabular}{l}
Busy tone signal state time tolerance required for detection (a setting of OFF-ON-OFF must be detected tw \\
Bits 7, 6, 5, 4 - number of cycles re
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
for all rang cycles mean ). \\
Bits 2 and be kept at
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
s, and number of cycles that ON-OFF-ON or \\
must always \\
ence detection
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 807F34 & International dial tone frequency range (high byte) & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Hz (BCD)} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{See Note 2.} \\
\hline 807F35 & International dial tone frequency range (low byte) & & \\
\hline 807F36 & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Not used} & & Do not change the factory \\
\hline 807F37 & & & settings \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Address & Function & Unit & Remarks \\
\hline 807F38 & International dial tone detection time & \multirow[t]{7}{*}{20 ms} & \multirow[t]{5}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
If 807F38 contains FF, the machine pauses for the pause time (807F3D / 807F3E). \\
See Note 3 (Belgium).
\end{tabular}} \\
\hline 807F39 & International dial tone reset time (LOW) & & \\
\hline 807F3A & International dial tone reset time (HIGH) & & \\
\hline 807F3B & International dial tone continuous tone time & & \\
\hline 807F3C & International dial tone permissible drop time & & \\
\hline 807F3D & International dial wait interval (LOW) & & \\
\hline 807F3E & International dial wait interval
(HIGH) & & \\
\hline 807F3F & Country dial tone upper frequency limit (HIGH) & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{Hz (BCD)} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{See Note 2.} \\
\hline 807F40 & Country dial tone upper frequency limit (LOW) & & \\
\hline 807F41 & Country dial tone lower frequency limit (HIGH) & & \\
\hline 807F42 & Country dial tone lower frequency limit (LOW) & & \\
\hline 807F43 & Country dial tone detection time & \multirow[t]{7}{*}{20 ms} & \multirow[t]{3}{*}{If 807F43 contains FF, the machine pauses for the pause time (807F48 / 807F49).} \\
\hline 807F44 & Country dial tone reset time (LOW) & & \\
\hline 807F45 & Country dial tone reset time (HIGH) & & \\
\hline 807F46 & Country dial tone continuous tone time & & \\
\hline 807F47 & Country dial tone permissible drop time & & \\
\hline 807F48 & Country dial wait interval (LOW) & & \\
\hline 807F49 & Country dial wait interval (HIGH) & & \\
\hline 807F4A & Time between opening or closing the Ds relay and opening the Di relay & 1 ms & See Notes 4 and 7. Function 08 (parameter 11). \\
\hline 807F4B & Break time for pulse dialing & 1 ms & See Note 4. Function 08 (parameter 12). \\
\hline 807F4C & Make time for pulse dialing & 1 ms & See Note 4. Function 08 (parameter 13). \\
\hline 807F4D & Time between final Di relay closure and Ds relay opening or closing & 1 ms & \begin{tabular}{l}
See Notes 4 and 7. \\
Function 08 (parameter 14).
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 807F4E & Minimum pause between dialed digits (pulse dial mode) & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{20 ms} & See Note 4. Function 08 (parameter 15). \\
\hline 807F4F & Time waited when a pause is entered at the operation panel & & Function 08 (parameter 16). See Note 4. \\
\hline 807F50 & DTMF tone on time & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1 ms} & Function 08 (parameter 17). \\
\hline 807F51 & DTMF tone off time & & Function 08 (parameter 18). \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

SERVICE TABLES AND PROCEDURES
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Address & Function & Unit & Remarks \\
\hline 807F52 & Tone attenuation value in DTMF signals & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text {-dBm x } \\
& 0.5 \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
\] & Function 08 (parameter 19). See Note 6. \\
\hline 807F53 & Tone attenuation value difference between high frequency tone and low frequency tone in DTMF signals & \[
\begin{aligned}
& -\mathrm{N} \times 0.5 \\
& (\mathrm{~dB})
\end{aligned}
\] & Function 08 (parameter 20). See Note 6. \\
\hline 807F54 & PSTN: DTMF tone attenuation level after dialing & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text {-dBm x } \\
& 0.5
\end{aligned}
\] & Function 08 (parameter 21). See Note 6. \\
\hline \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { 807F55 } \\
\text { to } \\
\text { 807F58 }
\end{gathered}
\] & Not used & & Do not change the settings. \\
\hline 807F59 & Grounding time (ground start mode) & 20 ms & The Gs relay is closed for this interval. \\
\hline 807F5A & Break time (flash start mode) & 1 ms & The OHDI relay is open for this interval. \\
\hline 807F5B & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{International dial access code} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{BCD} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{For a code of 100 : 807F5B - F1 807F5C - 00} \\
\hline 807F5C & & & \\
\hline 807F5D & PSTN access pause time & 20 ms & This time is waited for each pause input after the PSTN access code. Up to 7 of these can be input. If this address contains FF[H], the pause time stored in address 807 F 4 F is used. \\
\hline 807F5E & Progress tone detection level, and cadence detection enable flags & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\begin{tabular}{l}
\[
\begin{array}{rccc}
\text { Bit } 7 & \text { Bit } 6 & \text { Bit } 5 & \text { dBm } \\
0 & 0 & 0 & -25.0 \\
0 & 0 & 1 & -35.0 \\
0 & 1 & 0 & -30.0 \\
1 & 0 & 0 & -40.0 \\
1 & 1 & 0 & -49.0
\end{array}
\] \\
Bits 2, 0 - See Note 3.
\end{tabular}} \\
\hline 807F5F & Polarity detection & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Bit 4 1: Enable: Tx Polarity detection \\
Bit 5 1: Enable: Rx Polarity detection
\end{tabular}} \\
\hline \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { 807F60 } \\
\text { to } \\
807 \mathrm{~F} 64
\end{gathered}
\] & Not used & & Do not change the settings. \\
\hline 807F65 & Inter-city dial prefix (HIGH) & BCD & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
\text { For a code of 0: } \\
807 \mathrm{~F} 65-\mathrm{FF} \\
807 \mathrm{~F} 66-\mathrm{FO}
\end{array}
\]} \\
\hline 807F66 & Inter-city dial prefix (LOW) & BCD & \\
\hline \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { 807F67 } \\
\text { to } \\
\text { 807F71 }
\end{gathered}
\] & Not used & & Do not change the settings. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Address & Function & Unit & Remarks \\
\hline 807F72 & Acceptable ringing signal frequency: range 1, upper limit & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 1000 / \mathrm{N} \\
& (\mathrm{~Hz}) .
\end{aligned}
\]} & Function 08 (parameter 02). \\
\hline 807F73 & Acceptable ringing signal frequency: range 1, lower limit & & Function 08 (parameter 03). \\
\hline 807F74 & Acceptable ringing signal frequency: range 2, upper limit & & Function 08 (parameter 04). \\
\hline 807F75 & Acceptable ringing signal frequency: range 2, lower limit & & Function 08 (parameter 05). \\
\hline 807F76 & Number or rings until a call is detected & 1 & Function 08 (parameter 06). \\
\hline 807F77 & Minimum required length of the first ring & 20 ms & See Note 5. Function 09 (parameter 07). \\
\hline 807F78 & Minimum required length of the second and subsequent rings & 20 ms & Function 08 (parameter 08). \\
\hline 807F79 & Ringing signal detection reset time (LOW) & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{20 ms} & Function 08 (parameter 09). \\
\hline 807F7A & Ringing signal detection reset time (HIGH) & & Function 08 (parameter 10). \\
\hline \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { 807F7B } \\
\text { to } \\
807 \mathrm{~F} 80 \\
\hline
\end{gathered}
\] & Not used & & Do not change the settings. \\
\hline 807F81 & Interval between dialing the last digit and switching the Oh relay over to the external telephone when dialing from the operation panel in handset mode. & 20 ms & Factory setting: 500 ms \\
\hline 807F82 & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Bits 0 and 1 - Handset off-hook detection time \\
Bits 2 and 3 - Handset on-hook detection time \\
Bit 3 Setting \\
Bits 4 to 7 - Not used
\end{tabular}} & \\
\hline 807FA1 & Acceptable CED detection range (high byte) & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{BCD (Hz)} & See Note 2. \\
\hline 807FA2 & Acceptable CED detection range (low byte) & & \\
\hline 807FA3 & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Not used} & & Do not change the factory \\
\hline 807FA4 & & & setting. \\
\hline 807FA5 & CED detection time & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 20 \mathrm{~ms} \\
& \pm 20 \mathrm{~ms}
\end{aligned}
\] & Factory setting: 200 ms \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

SERVICE TABLES AND PROCEDURES
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Address & Function & Unit & Remarks \\
\hline 807FA6 & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{Not used} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{Do not change the factory setting.} \\
\hline 807FA7 & & & \\
\hline 807FA8 & & & \\
\hline 807FA9 & & & \\
\hline 807FAA & CNG detection time & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 20 \mathrm{~ms} \\
& \pm 20 \mathrm{~ms} \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
\] & Factory setting: 200 ms \\
\hline 807FAB & CNG on time & 20 ms & Factory setting: 500 ms \\
\hline 807FAC & CNG off time & 20 ms & Factory setting: 200 ms \\
\hline 807FAD & Number of CNG cycles required for detection & & \begin{tabular}{l}
The data is coded in the same way as address 807F33. \\
Factory setting: 23(H)
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 807FAE & \multirow[t]{5}{*}{Not used} & \multirow[t]{5}{*}{} & \multirow[t]{5}{*}{Do not change the settings.} \\
\hline 807FAF & & & \\
\hline 807FB0 & & & \\
\hline 807FB1 & & & \\
\hline 807FB2 & & & \\
\hline 807FB3 & Detection time for 800 Hz Al short protocol tone & 20 ms & Factory setting: 360 ms \\
\hline 807FB4 & PSTN: Tx level from the modem & - dBm & Function 08 (parameter 01). \\
\hline 807FB5 & PSTN: 1100 Hz tone transmission level & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{- N 807FB4-0.5N \(807 \mathrm{FB5}\) (dB)} \\
\hline 807FB6 & PSTN: 2100 Hz tone transmission level & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{- N 807FB4 - 0.5 N 807FB6 (dB)} \\
\hline 807FB7 & PABX: Tx level from the modem & -dBm & \\
\hline 807FB8 & PABX: 1100 Hz tone transmission level & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{- N 807FB7 - 0.5 N 807FB8 (dB)} \\
\hline 807FB9 & PABX: 2100 Hz tone transmission level & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{- N 807FB7 - 0.5 N 807FB9 (dB)} \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 807FBA } \\
& \text { to } \\
& 807 \text { FBC }
\end{aligned}
\] & Not used & & Do not change the settings. \\
\hline 807FBD & Modem turn-on level (incoming signal detection level) & \[
\begin{aligned}
& -37-0.5 \mathrm{~N} \\
& (\mathrm{dBm})
\end{aligned}
\] & \\
\hline 807FDA & T. 30 T1 timer & 1 s & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Notes}
1. If a setting is not required, store FF in the address.
2. Tone frequencies are stored as look-up tables in hex code. For each parameter, there is a look-up table for each country that uses it. The tables are given following this page. For each parameter, do not input a RAM value that is not included in the table. \(\mathrm{FF}(\mathrm{H})=\) disabled.
3. Italy and Belgium only

RAM address 807F5E: the lower four bits have the following meaning.
Bit 2 1: International dial tone cadence detection enabled (Belgium)
Bit 1 Not used
Bit 0 1: PSTN dial tone cadence detection enabled (Italy)
If bit 0 or bit 2 is set to 1 , the functions of the following RAM addresses are changed.
807 F08 (if bit \(0=1\) ) or 807F38 (if bit \(2=1\) ): tolerance for on or off state duration (\%), and number of cycles required for detection, coded as in address 807F33.
807 F0B (if bit \(0=1\) ) or 807 F3B (if bit \(2=1\) ): on time, hex code (unit \(=20\) ms)
807F0C (if bit \(0=1\) ) or 807F3C(if bit \(2=1\) ): off time, hex code (unit \(=20\) ms )
4. Pulse dial parameters (addresses 807F4A to 807F4F) are the values for 10 pps . If 20 pps is used, the machine automatically compensates.

5 . The first ring may not be detected until 1 to 2.5 wavelengths after the time specified by this parameter.
6. The calculated level must be between 0 and 10 .

The attenuation levels calculated from RAM data are:
High frequency tone: - \(0.5 \times\) N807F52/807F54 dBm
Low frequency tone: - \(0.5 \times\left(\mathrm{N}_{807 F 52 / 807 F 54}+\mathrm{N}_{807 F 53}\right) \mathrm{dBm}\)
Note: N807F52, for example, means the value stored in address 807F52(H)
7. 807F4A: Europe - Between Ds opening and Di opening, France - Between Ds closing and Di opening 807F4D: Europe - Between Ds closing and Di closing, France - Between Ds opening and Di closing
8. Settings for Hong Kong, South Africa, Singapore, and Malaysia are the same as the setting for Asia. Settings for Turkey and Greece are the same as the settings for UK.

\section*{Tone Detection Frequency Ranges}
- PSTN Dial Tone (807F04-807F05) -
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{France} & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{Germany} & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{Italy} \\
\hline RAM Value [H] & Range (Hz) & RAM Value [H] & Range (Hz) & RAM Value [ H ] & Range (Hz) \\
\hline 040 & 415-465 & 060 & 400-480 & 030 (Default) & 410-440 \\
\hline 050 & 410-470 & 070 & 390-485 & 040 & 400-450 \\
\hline 060 (Default) & 400-475 & 080 & 385-490 & 050 & 395-455 \\
\hline 070 & 395-480 & 090 (Default) & 380-495 & 060 & 385-460 \\
\hline 080 & 390-485 & OAO & 370-500 & 070 & 380-465 \\
\hline 090 & 380-490 & OBO & 365-505 & 080 & 375-470 \\
\hline OAO & 375-495 & 0 CO & 360-510 & 090 & 365-475 \\
\hline OBO & 465-500 & ODO & 350-515 & & \\
\hline & & OEO & 345-520 & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c||c|c||c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{ Austria, Belgium } & \multicolumn{2}{c|}{ Denmark } & \multicolumn{2}{c|}{ Finland } \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{c} 
RAM Value \\
[H]
\end{tabular} & Range (Hz) & \begin{tabular}{c} 
RAM Value \\
[H]
\end{tabular} & Range (Hz) & \begin{tabular}{c} 
RAM Value \\
{\([H]\)}
\end{tabular} & Range (Hz) \\
\hline OA8 & \(380-505\) & OB0 & \(360-505\) & OC8 & \(340-520\) \\
\hline OB8 & \(370-515\) & OC0 & \(350-515\) & OD8 & \(330-525\) \\
\hline OC8 (Default) & \(365-520\) & ODO (Default) & \(340-520\) & 0E8 & \(325-535\) \\
\hline OD8 & \(355-530\) & 0E0 & \(335-525\) & OF8 (Default) & \(315-540\) \\
\hline OE8 & \(345-535\) & OF0 & \(325-530\) & 108 & \(310-545\) \\
\hline OF8 & \(340-540\) & 100 & \(320-540\) & 118 & \(300-550\) \\
\hline 108 & \(335-545\) & 110 & \(310-545\) & 128 & \(295-555\) \\
\hline 118 & \(320-550\) & 120 & \(305-550\) & 138 & \(285-560\) \\
\hline & & & & 148 & \(275-565\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{Ireland} & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{Norway} & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{Sweden} \\
\hline RAM Value [H] & Range (Hz) & RAM Value [H] & Range (Hz) & RAM Value [H] & Range (Hz) \\
\hline 098 & 255-425 & OAO & 355-475 & 070 & 380-465 \\
\hline 0A8 & 245-430 & OBO & 345-490 & 080 & 375-470 \\
\hline 0B8 & 235-440 & 0C0 & 335-500 & 090 & 365-475 \\
\hline \(0 \mathrm{C8}\) & 225-445 & ODO & 325-505 & OAO (Default) & 360-480 \\
\hline 0D8 & 210-450 & OEO (Default) & 320-510 & OBO & 355-485 \\
\hline 0E8 (Default) & 200-455 & OFO & 310-515 & 0 CO & 345-490 \\
\hline & & 100 & 305-520 & ODO & 335-500 \\
\hline & & 110 & 290-525 & OEO & 330-505 \\
\hline & & & & OFO & 320-510 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c||c|c||c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{ Switzerland } & \multicolumn{2}{c|}{ Portugal } & \multicolumn{2}{c|}{ Holland } \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{c} 
RAM Value \\
[H]
\end{tabular} & Range (Hz) & \begin{tabular}{c} 
RAM Value \\
[H]
\end{tabular} & Range (Hz) & \begin{tabular}{c} 
RAM Value \\
[H]
\end{tabular} & Range (Hz) \\
\hline \hline 0F0 & \(385-560\) & 090 & \(315-440\) & 120 & \(290-580\) \\
\hline 100 & \(380-565\) & 0A0 & \(305-450\) & 130 & \(280-585\) \\
\hline 110 & \(370-570\) & 0B0 (Default) & \(295-455\) & 140 (Default) & \(270-590\) \\
\hline 120 (Default) & \(365-575\) & 0 C0 & \(285-465\) & 150 & \(265-595\) \\
\hline 130 & \(355-580\) & \(0 D 0\) & \(275-470\) & 160 & \(255-600\) \\
\hline 140 & \(350-585\) & \(0 E 0\) & \(270-475\) & & \\
\hline 150 & \(340-590\) & 0F0 & \(260-480\) & & \\
\hline 160 & \(330-595\) & 100 & \(250-490\) & & \\
\hline 170 & \(325-600\) & & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c||c|c||c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{ Spain } & \multicolumn{2}{c|}{ Israel } & \multicolumn{2}{c|}{ Australia } \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{c} 
RAM Value \\
[H]
\end{tabular} & Range (Hz) & \begin{tabular}{c} 
RAM Value \\
[H]
\end{tabular} & Range (Hz) & \begin{tabular}{c} 
RAM Value \\
[H]
\end{tabular} & Range (Hz) \\
\hline \hline 0B0 & \(320-480\) & 0AA & \(350-490\) & \begin{tabular}{c} 
FFFF \\
(Default)
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{c} 
Tone not \\
detected
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 0C0 & \(310-490\) & 0BA (Default) & \(340-500\) & 0C0 & \(190-425\) \\
\hline 0D0 & \(305-495\) & 0CA & \(335-510\) & 0D0 & \(170-435\) \\
\hline 0E0 (Default) & \(295-500\) & 0DA & \(325-515\) & 0E0 & \(160-440\) \\
\hline 0F0 & \(285-510\) & 0EA & \(320-520\) & 0F0 & \(135-435\) \\
\hline 100 & \(275-515\) & 0FA & \(310-525\) & 100 & \(130-430\) \\
\hline 110 & \(265-520\) & 10A & \(300-530\) & & \\
\hline 120 & \(255-525\) & & & & \\
\hline 130 & \(245-530\) & & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
- PABX Dial Tone (807F17-807F18) -
\begin{tabular}{|c|c||c|c||c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{ Italy } & \multicolumn{2}{c|}{ Belgium } & \multicolumn{2}{c|}{ Denmark } \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{c} 
RAM Value \\
[H]
\end{tabular} & Range (Hz) & \begin{tabular}{c} 
RAM Value \\
[H]
\end{tabular} & Range (Hz) & \begin{tabular}{c} 
RAM Value \\
[H]
\end{tabular} & Range (Hz) \\
\hline \hline 098 & \(405-495\) & 0A8 & \(370-505\) & 0 B0 & \(360-505\) \\
\hline 0A8 & \(395-505\) & 0B8 & \(380-515\) & 0 C0 & \(350-515\) \\
\hline 0B8 (Default) & \(375-515\) & 0 C8 (Default) & \(365-520\) & \(0 D 0\) (Default) & \(340-520\) \\
\hline 0C8 & \(370-520\) & \(0 D 8\) & \(355-530\) & 0 E0 & \(335-525\) \\
\hline 0D8 & \(360-525\) & \(0 E 8\) & \(345-535\) & \(0 F 0\) & \(325-530\) \\
\hline 0E8 & \(355-530\) & \(0 F 8\) & \(340-540\) & 100 & \(320-540\) \\
\hline 0F8 & \(345-540\) & 108 & \(335-545\) & 110 & \(310-545\) \\
\hline 108 & \(340-545\) & 118 & \(320-550\) & 120 & \(305-550\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c||c|c||c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{ Sweden } & \multicolumn{2}{c|}{ Switzerland } & \multicolumn{2}{c|}{ Australia } \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{c} 
RAM Value \\
[H]
\end{tabular} & Range (Hz) & \begin{tabular}{c} 
RAM Value \\
[H]
\end{tabular} & Range (Hz) & \begin{tabular}{c} 
RAM Value \\
[H]
\end{tabular} & Range (Hz) \\
\hline \hline 070 & \(380-465\) & 0F0 & \(385-560\) & \begin{tabular}{c} 
FFFF \\
(Default)
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{c} 
Tone not \\
detected
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 080 & \(375-470\) & 100 & \(380-565\) & 030 & \(405-445\) \\
\hline 090 & \(365-475\) & 110 & \(370-570\) & 040 & \(415-455\) \\
\hline 0A0 (Default) & \(360-480\) & 120 (Default) & \(365-575\) & 050 & \(400-460\) \\
\hline 0B0 & \(355-485\) & 130 & \(355-580\) & 060 & \(390-465\) \\
\hline 0C0 & \(345-490\) & 140 & \(350-585\) & 070 & \(385-470\) \\
\hline 0D0 & \(335-500\) & 150 & \(340-590\) & 080 & \(380-475\) \\
\hline 0E0 & \(330-505\) & 160 & \(330-595\) & 090 & \(370-480\) \\
\hline 0F0 & \(320-510\) & 170 & \(325-600\) & 0 0 & \(365-485\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c||c|c||c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{ Holland } & \multicolumn{2}{c|}{ Israel } & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{c} 
RAM Value \\
{\([H]\)}
\end{tabular} & Range (Hz) & \begin{tabular}{c} 
RAM Value \\
{\([H]\)}
\end{tabular} & Range (Hz) & \begin{tabular}{c} 
RAM Value \\
[H]
\end{tabular} & Range (Hz) \\
\hline \hline 120 & \(290-580\) & 040 & \(380-430\) & & \\
\hline 130 & \(280-585\) & 050 (Default) & \(365-435\) & & \\
\hline 140 (Default) & \(270-590\) & 060 & \(355-440\) & & \\
\hline 150 & \(265-595\) & 070 & \(350-445\) & & \\
\hline 160 & \(255-600\) & 080 & \(340-550\) & & \\
\hline & & 090 & \(335-555\) & & \\
\hline & 0 A0 & \(325-565\) & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
- International Dial Tone (807F34-807F35) -
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{Belgium} & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{Holland} & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{Spain} \\
\hline RAM Value [H] & Range (Hz) & RAM Value [ H ] & Range (Hz) & RAM Value
\(\qquad\) & Range (Hz) \\
\hline 08A & 1110-1160 & \begin{tabular}{l}
FFFF \\
(Default)
\end{tabular} & Tone not detected & 0C0 & 550-645 \\
\hline OAA (Default) & 1105-1165 & 112 & 305-590 & ODO & 545-650 \\
\hline OCA & 1100-1170 & 122 & 315-595 & OEO & 540-655 \\
\hline OEA & 1095-1175 & 132 & 320-600 & 0FO & 535-660 \\
\hline 10A & 1090-1180 & 142 & 300-605 & 100 & 525-665 \\
\hline 12A & 1085-1185 & 152 & 290-610 & 110 & 520-670 \\
\hline 14A & 1080-1190 & 162 & 285-615 & 120 & 515-675 \\
\hline & & 188 & 270-620 & 130 & 510-680 \\
\hline & & 198 & 260-625 & 140 & 505-685 \\
\hline & & 1 A 8 & 250-630 & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
- PSTN Busy Tone (807F13-807F14)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{France} & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{Germany} & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{U. K.} \\
\hline RAM Value [H] & Range (Hz) & RAM Value [H] & Range (Hz) & RAM Value [H] & Range (Hz) \\
\hline 042 & 415-465 & 058 & 400-480 & OAO & 330-470 \\
\hline 052 & 410-470 & 068 & 390-485 & 0B0 & 320-460 \\
\hline 062 & 400-475 & 078 & 385-490 & 0C0 (Default) & 300-480 \\
\hline 072 (Default) & 395-480 & 088 (Default) & 380-495 & 0D0 & 290-485 \\
\hline 082 & 390-485 & 098 & 370-500 & 0E0 & 285-490 \\
\hline 092 & 380-490 & 0 A 8 & 365-505 & 0FO & 275-495 \\
\hline 0 A 2 & 375-495 & 0B8 & 360-510 & 100 & 265-500 \\
\hline 0B2 & 365-500 & 0C8 & 350-515 & 110 & 255-505 \\
\hline & & 0D8 & 345-520 & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{Italy} & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{Austria} & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{Belgium} & \multirow{11}{*}{8
0
0
0
0
0
0
0
0
0} \\
\hline RAM Value [H] & Range (Hz) & RAM Value [H] & Range (Hz) & RAM Value [H] & Range (Hz) & \\
\hline 030 & 410-440 & 0E0 & 370-555 & 042 & 405-460 & \\
\hline 040 (Default) & 400-450 & 0F0 & 360-560 & 052 (Default) & 400-465 & \\
\hline 050 & 395-455 & 100 & 355-565 & 062 & 395-475 & \\
\hline 060 & 385-460 & 110 & 345-570 & 072 & 390-480 & \\
\hline 070 & 380-465 & 120 & 340-575 & 082 & 380-485 & \\
\hline 080 & 375-470 & 130 (Default) & 330-580 & 092 & 375-490 & \\
\hline 090 & 365-475 & 140 & 325-585 & 0 A 2 & 365-495 & \\
\hline & & 150 & 315-590 & & & \\
\hline & & 160 & 310-595 & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{Denmark} & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{Ireland} & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{Norway} \\
\hline RAM Value [H] & Range (Hz) & RAM Value [H] & Range (Hz) & RAM Value [H] & Range (Hz) \\
\hline 040 & 395-450 & 02E & 395-425 & 0A4 & 355-475 \\
\hline 050 & 390-460 & 03E (Default) & 385-435 & 0B4 & 345-490 \\
\hline 060 & 385-465 & 04E & 380-440 & 0C4 & 335-500 \\
\hline 070 (Default) & 375-470 & 05E & 370-445 & 0D4 & 325-505 \\
\hline 080 & 370-475 & 06E & 365-450 & 0E4 & 320-510 \\
\hline 090 & 365-480 & 07E & 355-455 & 0F4 (Default) & 310-515 \\
\hline & & 08E & 350-465 & 104 & 305-520 \\
\hline & & & & 114 & 290-525 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c||c|c||c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{ Sweden } & \multicolumn{2}{c|}{ Switzerland } & \multicolumn{2}{c|}{ Holland } \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{c} 
RAM Value \\
[H]
\end{tabular} & Range (Hz) & \begin{tabular}{c} 
RAM Value \\
[H]
\end{tabular} & Range (Hz) & \begin{tabular}{c} 
RAM Value \\
[H]
\end{tabular} & Range (Hz) \\
\hline 030 (Default) & \(410-440\) & \(0 F 0\) & \(385-560\) & \(0 F 0\) & \(335-540\) \\
\hline 040 & \(400-450\) & 100 & \(380-565\) & 100 & \(325-545\) \\
\hline 050 & \(395-455\) & 110 & \(370-570\) & 110 & \(320-555\) \\
\hline 060 & \(385-460\) & 120 (Default) & \(365-575\) & 120 & \(310-560\) \\
\hline 070 & \(380-465\) & 130 & \(355-580\) & 130 & \(300-565\) \\
\hline 080 & \(375-470\) & 140 & \(350-585\) & 140 (Default) & \(295-570\) \\
\hline 090 & \(365-475\) & 150 & \(340-590\) & 150 & \(285-575\) \\
\hline & & 160 & \(330-595\) & & \\
\hline & & 170 & \(325-600\) & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{||c|c||c|c||c|c||}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{ Spain } & \multicolumn{2}{c|}{ Israel } & \multicolumn{2}{c|}{ Australia } \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{c} 
RAM Value \\
[H]
\end{tabular} & Range (Hz) & \begin{tabular}{c} 
RAM Value \\
[H]
\end{tabular} & Range (Hz) & \begin{tabular}{c} 
RAM Value \\
[H]
\end{tabular} & Range (Hz) \\
\hline \hline 0A8 & \(330-470\) & 040 & \(380-430\) & 028 & \(405-445\) \\
\hline 0B8 & \(320-460\) & 050 (Default) & \(365-435\) & 038 & \(415-455\) \\
\hline 0C8 & \(300-480\) & 060 & \(355-440\) & 048 (Default) & \(400-460\) \\
\hline 0D8 (Default) & \(290-485\) & 070 & \(350-445\) & 058 & \(390-465\) \\
\hline 0E8 & \(285-490\) & 080 & \(340-450\) & 068 & \(385-470\) \\
\hline 0F8 & \(275-495\) & 090 & \(335-455\) & 078 & \(380-475\) \\
\hline 108 & \(265-500\) & \(0 A 0\) & \(325-465\) & 088 & \(370-480\) \\
\hline 118 & \(255-505\) & & & 098 & \(365-485\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{||c|c||c|c||c|c||}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{ Portugal } & & & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{c} 
RAM Value \\
[H]
\end{tabular} & Range (Hz) & \begin{tabular}{c} 
RAM Value \\
[H]
\end{tabular} & Range (Hz) & \begin{tabular}{c} 
RAM Value \\
[H]
\end{tabular} & Range (Hz) \\
\hline \hline \begin{tabular}{c} 
FFFF \\
(Default)
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{c} 
Tone not \\
detected
\end{tabular} & & & & \\
\hline 070 & \(415-515\) & & & & \\
\hline 080 & \(410-520\) & & & & \\
\hline 090 & \(405-525\) & & & & \\
\hline 0A0 & \(395-530\) & & & & \\
\hline 0B0 & \(390-535\) & & & & \\
\hline 0C0 & \(385-540\) & & & & \\
\hline 0D0 & \(380-545\) & & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
- PABX Busy Tone (807F26-807F27)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c||c|c||c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{ Italy } & \multicolumn{2}{c|}{ Denmark } & \multicolumn{2}{c|}{ Switzerland, Israel } \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{c} 
RAM Value \\
[H]
\end{tabular} & Range (Hz) & \begin{tabular}{c} 
RAM Value \\
[H]
\end{tabular} & Range (Hz) & \begin{tabular}{c} 
RAM Value \\
[H]
\end{tabular} & Range (Hz) \\
\hline 030 (Default) & \(410-440\) & 030 & \(405-445\) & 0 OF & \(385-560\) \\
\hline 040 & \(400-450\) & 040 & \(415-455\) & 100 & \(380-565\) \\
\hline 050 & \(395-455\) & 050 (Default) & \(400-460\) & 110 & \(370-570\) \\
\hline 060 & \(385-460\) & 060 & \(390-465\) & 120 (Default) & \(365-575\) \\
\hline 070 & \(380-465\) & 070 & \(385-470\) & 130 & \(355-580\) \\
\hline 080 & \(375-470\) & 080 & \(380-475\) & 140 & \(350-585\) \\
\hline 090 & \(365-475\) & 090 & \(370-480\) & 150 & \(340-590\) \\
\hline & & 0 A0 & \(365-485\) & 160 & \(330-595\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{||c|c||c|c|c|c||}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{ Australia } & & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{c} 
RAM Value \\
[H]
\end{tabular} & Range (Hz) & \begin{tabular}{c} 
RAM Value \\
[H]
\end{tabular} & Range (Hz) & \begin{tabular}{c} 
RAM Value \\
[H]
\end{tabular} & Range (Hz)
\end{tabular}\(|\)\begin{tabular}{ccccc|}
\hline 038 (Default) & \(395-450\) & & & \\
\hline 048 & \(390-460\) & & & \\
\hline 058 & \(385-465\) & & & \\
\hline 068 & \(375-470\) & & & \\
\hline 078 & \(370-475\) & & & \\
\hline 088 & \(365-480\) & & & \\
\hline & & & & \\
\hline & & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
- CED [2100 Hz] (807FA1-807FA2) -
\begin{tabular}{|c|c||c|c||c|c||}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{ All Areas } & & & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{c} 
RAM Value \\
[H]
\end{tabular} & Range (Hz) & \begin{tabular}{c} 
RAM Value \\
[H]
\end{tabular} & Range (Hz) & \begin{tabular}{c} 
RAM Value \\
[H]
\end{tabular} & Range (Hz) \\
\hline \hline 1F0 & \(2100 \pm 45\) & & & & \\
\hline 200 (Default) & \(2100 \pm 50\) & & & & \\
\hline 230 & \(2100 \pm 60\) & & & & \\
\hline 270 & \(2100 \pm 70\) & & & & \\
\hline \(2 E 0\) & \(2100 \pm 80\) & & & & \\
\hline 320 & \(2100 \pm 90\) & & & & \\
\hline 380 & \(2100 \pm 100\) & & & & \\
\hline & & & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Default Settings}

The factory settings are quoted either in hexadecimal code (the actual contents of the RAM address) if there is a H after the value in the table, or in decimal (converted from the actual hex contents of the RAM address) if there is no H after the value.

Some RAM must be stored using BCD; see the NCU Parameter definition table for details.
\begin{tabular}{|l|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ Country } & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F 0 1}\) & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F 0 2}\) & \(807 F 03\) & \(807 \mathrm{F04}\) & \(807 \mathrm{F05}\) \\
\hline France & FFH & FFH & FFH & 0 H & 60 H \\
\hline Germany & FFH & FFH & FFH & 0 H & 90 H \\
\hline UK & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Italy & FFH & FFH & FFH & \(0 H\) & \(30 H\) \\
\hline Austria & FFH & FFH & FFH & \(0 H\) & C8H \\
\hline Belgium & FFH & FFH & FFH & \(0 H\) & C8H \\
\hline Denmark & FFH & FFH & FFH & \(0 H\) & D0H \\
\hline Finland & FFH & FFH & FFH & \(0 H\) & F8H \\
\hline Ireland & FFH & FFH & FFH & \(0 H\) & E8H \\
\hline Norway & FFH & FFH & FFH & \(0 H\) & E0H \\
\hline Sweden & FFH & FFH & FFH & \(0 H\) & AOH \\
\hline Switzerland & FFH & FFH & FFH & \(1 H\) & \(20 H\) \\
\hline Portugal & FFH & FFH & FFH & \(0 H\) & BOH \\
\hline Holland & FFH & FFH & FFH & \(1 H\) & \(40 H\) \\
\hline Spain & FFH & FFH & FFH & \(0 H\) & EOH \\
\hline Israel & FFH & FFH & FFH & \(0 H\) & BAH \\
\hline USA & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Asia & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Hong Kong & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline South Africa & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Australia & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline New Zealand & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Singapore & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Malaysia & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|l|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ Country } & \(807 \mathrm{F06}\) & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F 0 7}\) & \(807 \mathrm{F08}\) & \(807 \mathrm{F09}\) & \(807 \mathrm{F0A}\) \\
\hline France & 4 H & 00 H & 75 & F4H & 1 H \\
\hline Germany & 4 H & 00 H & 105 & CFH & 3 H \\
\hline UK & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Italy & 4 H & 00 H & 21 H & 21 H & 2 H \\
\hline Austria & 4 H & 00 H & 40 & F4H & 1 H \\
\hline Belgium & 4 H & 00 H & 35 & 20 H & 03 H \\
\hline Denmark & 4 H & 00 H & 65 & C2H & 1 H \\
\hline Finland & 4 H & 00 H & 125 & F4H & 1 H \\
\hline Ireland & 4 H & 00 H & 105 & C2H & 1 H \\
\hline Norway & 4 H & 00 H & 55 & B6H & 3 H \\
\hline Sweden & 4 H & 00 H & 40 & 00 H & 1 H \\
\hline Switzerland & 4 H & 00 H & 40 & 21 H & 2 H \\
\hline Portugal & 4 H & 00 H & 105 & C2H & 1 H \\
\hline Holland & 04 H & 00 H & 75 & EEH & 2 H \\
\hline Spain & 4 H & 00 H & 75 & \(3 F H\) & 2 H \\
\hline Israel & 4 H & 00 H & 105 & E8H & 3 H \\
\hline USA & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Asia & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Hong Kong & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline South Africa & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Australia & \(4 H\) & \(00 H\) & 150 & \(2 C H\) & 1 H \\
\hline New Zealand & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Singapore & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Malaysia & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|l|c|c|c|c|c||}
\hline \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ Country } & 807F0B & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F 0 C}\) & 807F0D & 807F0E & 807F0F \\
\hline France & 75 & 2 & 100 & 0 & FFH \\
\hline Germany & 105 & 4 & 200 & 0 & FFH \\
\hline UK & FFH & FFH & 250 & 0 & FFH \\
\hline Italy & 30 & 50 & 200 & 0 & FFH \\
\hline Austria & 39 & 3 & 200 & 0 & FFH \\
\hline Belgium & 30 & 4 & 200 & 0 & FFH \\
\hline Denmark & 65 & 4 & 200 & 0 & FFH \\
\hline Finland & \(64 H\) & 4 & 200 & 0 & FFH \\
\hline Ireland & 105 & 4 & 200 & 0 & FFH \\
\hline Norway & 55 & 4 & 175 & 0 & FFH \\
\hline Sweden & 35 & 4 & 200 & 0 & FFH \\
\hline Switzerland & 38 & 2 & 200 & 0 & 5 \\
\hline Portugal & 105 & 4 & 200 & 0 & FFH \\
\hline Holland & 55 & 4 & 200 & 0 & FFH \\
\hline Spain & 50 & 5 & 150 & 0 & FFH \\
\hline Israel & 105 & 4 & 200 & 0 & FFH \\
\hline USA & FFH & FFH & 100 & 0 & FFH \\
\hline Asia & FFH & FFH & 200 & 0 & FFH \\
\hline Hong Kong & FFH & FFH & 100 & 0 & FFH \\
\hline South Africa & FFH & FFH & 100 & 0 & FFH \\
\hline Australia & 100 & 8 & 150 & 0 & FFH \\
\hline New Zealand & FFH & FFH & 200 & 0 & FFH \\
\hline Singapore & FFH & FFH & 100 & 0 & FFH \\
\hline Malaysia & FFH & FFH & 100 & 0 & FFH \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

SERVICE TABLES AND PROCEDURES
\begin{tabular}{|l|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ Country } & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F 1 0}\) & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F 1 1}\) & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F 1 2}\) & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F 1 3}\) & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F 1 4}\) \\
\hline France & FFH & FFH & FFH & \(0 H\) & 72 H \\
\hline Germany & FFH & FFH & FFH & 0 H & 98 H \\
\hline UK & FFH & FFH & FFH & 0 H & COH \\
\hline Italy & FFH & FFH & FFH & \(0 H\) & 40 H \\
\hline Austria & FFH & FFH & FFH & 1 H & 28 H \\
\hline Belgium & FFH & FFH & FFH & \(0 H\) & 50 H \\
\hline Denmark & FFH & FFH & FFH & \(0 H\) & \(46 H\) \\
\hline Finland & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Ireland & FFH & FFH & FFH & \(0 H\) & \(3 E H\) \\
\hline Norway & FFH & FFH & FFH & \(0 H\) & F9H \\
\hline Sweden & FFH & FFH & FFH & \(0 H\) & \(32 H\) \\
\hline Switzerland & 50 & \(26 H\) & \(2 H\) & \(1 H\) & \(20 H\) \\
\hline Portugal & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Holland & FFH & FFH & FFH & \(1 H\) & \(40 H\) \\
\hline Spain & FFH & FFH & FFH & \(0 H\) & D8H \\
\hline Israel & FFH & FFH & FFH & \(0 H\) & \(50 H\) \\
\hline USA & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Asia & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Hong Kong & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline South Africa & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Australia & FFH & FFH & FFH & \(0 H\) & \(38 H\) \\
\hline New Zealand & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Singapore & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Malaysia & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|l|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ Country } & 807 F 15 & 807 F 16 & 807 F 17 & 807 F 18 & 807 F 1 B \\
\hline France & 4 H & 00 H & FFH & FFH & 100 \\
\hline Germany & 4 H & 00 H & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline UK & 4 H & 00 H & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Italy & 4 H & 00 H & 0 H & B8H & 100 \\
\hline Austria & 4 H & 00 H & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Belgium & 4 H & 00 H & 0 H & C8H & 30 \\
\hline Denmark & 4 H & 00 H & 0 H & D0H & 65 \\
\hline Finland & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Ireland & 4 H & 00 H & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Norway & 4 H & 00 H & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Sweden & 4 H & 00 H & 0 H & AOH & 40 \\
\hline Switzerland & 4 H & 00 H & 1 H & \(20 H\) & 40 \\
\hline Portugal & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Holland & 4 H & 00 H & 1 H & 40 H & 55 \\
\hline Spain & 4 H & 00 H & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Israel & 4 H & \(00 H\) & \(0 H\) & 50 H & 105 \\
\hline USA & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Asia & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Hong Kong & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline South Africa & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Australia & \(4 H\) & \(00 H\) & FFH & FFH & 150 \\
\hline New Zealand & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Singapore & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Malaysia & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline
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\begin{tabular}{|l|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ Country } & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F 1 C}\) & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F 1 D}\) & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F 1 E}\) & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F 1 F}\) & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F 2 0}\) \\
\hline France & 58 H & 2 H & 50 & 2 H & 100 \\
\hline Germany & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & 200 \\
\hline UK & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & 200 \\
\hline Italy & F9H & 1 H & 9 & 4 & 200 \\
\hline Austria & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & 200 \\
\hline Belgium & 150 & 0 & 30 & 4 & 200 \\
\hline Denmark & F4H & 1 H & 65 & 4 & 200 \\
\hline Finland & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & 200 \\
\hline Ireland & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & 200 \\
\hline Norway & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & 200 \\
\hline Sweden & \(00 H\) & \(1 H\) & 40 & 3 & 200 \\
\hline Switzerland & EFH & \(1 H\) & 40 & 4 & 200 \\
\hline Portugal & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & 200 \\
\hline Holland & EEH & \(2 H\) & 55 & 4 & 200 \\
\hline Spain & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & 150 \\
\hline Israel & E8H & \(3 H\) & 105 & 4 & 200 \\
\hline USA & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & 200 \\
\hline Asia & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & 200 \\
\hline Hong Kong & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & 200 \\
\hline South Africa & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & 200 \\
\hline Australia & 2 CH & \(1 H\) & 100 & 1 & 150 \\
\hline New Zealand & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & 200 \\
\hline Singapore & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & 200 \\
\hline Malaysia & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & 200 \\
\hline
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\begin{tabular}{|l|c|c|c|c|c||}
\hline \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ Country } & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F 2 1}\) & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F 2 2}\) & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F 2 3}\) & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F 2 4}\) & 807 F 25 \\
\hline France & 0 & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Germany & 0 & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline UK & 0 & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Italy & 0 & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Austria & 0 & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Belgium & 0 & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Denmark & 0 & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Finland & 0 & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Ireland & 0 & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Norway & 0 & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Sweden & 0 & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Switzerland & 0 & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Portugal & 0 & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Holland & 0 & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Spain & 0 & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Israel & 0 & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline USA & 0 & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Asia & 0 & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Hong Kong & 0 & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline South Africa & 0 & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Australia & 0 & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline New Zealand & 0 & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Singapore & 0 & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Malaysia & 0 & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
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SERVICE TABLES AND PROCEDURES
\begin{tabular}{|l|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ Country } & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F 2 6}\) & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F 2 7}\) & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F 2 8}\) & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F 2 9}\) & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F 2 A}\) \\
\hline France & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & 25 \\
\hline Germany & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & 12 \\
\hline UK & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & 19 \\
\hline Italy & \(0 H\) & \(30 H\) & \(4 H\) & \(00 H\) & \(13 H\) \\
\hline Austria & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & 00 H \\
\hline Belgium & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & 25 \\
\hline Denmark & \(0 H\) & \(50 H\) & \(4 H\) & \(00 H\) & \(14 H\) \\
\hline Finland & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Ireland & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & 25 \\
\hline Norway & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & 10 \\
\hline Sweden & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & 12 \\
\hline Switzerland & 1 H & \(20 H\) & \(4 H\) & \(00 H\) & \(16 H\) \\
\hline Portugal & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Holland & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & \(14 H\) \\
\hline Spain & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & 8 \\
\hline Israel & \(0 H\) & \(50 H\) & \(4 H\) & \(00 H\) & 12 \\
\hline USA & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Asia & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Hong Kong & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline South Africa & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Australia & OH & \(38 H\) & \(4 H\) & \(00 H\) & 12 \\
\hline New Zealand & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Singapore & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Malaysia & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
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\begin{tabular}{|l|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ Country } & 807F2B & 807F2C & 807F2D & 807F2E & 807F2F \\
\hline France & 25 & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Germany & 12 & 24 & 24 & 7 & 24 \\
\hline UK & 19 & 20 & 17 & 11 & 26 \\
\hline Italy & 10 H & 11 H & 14 H & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Austria & 0 DH & 10 H & 10 H & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Belgium & 23 & 8 & 8 & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Denmark & 14 H & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Finland & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Ireland & 25 & 37 & 37 & 18 & 18 \\
\hline Norway & 0 & 21 & 0 & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Sweden & 12 & 12 & 37 & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Switzerland & \(16 H\) & \(0 D H\) & 0 CM & \(09 H\) & \(09 H\) \\
\hline Portugal & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Holland & \(14 H\) & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Spain & 8 & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Israel & 12 & 24 & 24 & FFH & FFH \\
\hline USA & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Asia & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Hong Kong & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline South Africa & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Australia & 12 & 25 & 25 & FFH & FFH \\
\hline New Zealand & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Singapore & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Malaysia & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline
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\begin{tabular}{|l|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ Country } & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F 3 0}\) & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F 3 1}\) & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F 3 2}\) & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F 3 3}\) & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F 3 4}\) \\
\hline France & FFH & FFH & FFH & 41 H & 4 H \\
\hline Germany & FFH & FFH & FFH & 31 H & FFH \\
\hline UK & FFH & FFH & 100 & 42 H & FFH \\
\hline Italy & FFH & FFH & FFH & 40 H & FFH \\
\hline Austria & FFH & FFH & FFH & \(40 H\) & FFH \\
\hline Belgium & FFH & FFH & FFH & \(42 H\) & \(00 H\) \\
\hline Denmark & FFH & FFH & FFH & \(40 H\) & FFH \\
\hline Finland & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Ireland & FFH & FFH & 35 & \(43 H\) & FFH \\
\hline Norway & FFH & FFH & FFH & \(40 H\) & FFH \\
\hline Sweden & FFH & FFH & FFH & \(42 H\) & FFH \\
\hline Switzerland & FFH & FFH & FFH & \(40 H\) & FFH \\
\hline Portugal & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Holland & FFH & FFH & FFH & \(40 H\) & FFH \\
\hline Spain & FFH & FFH & FFH & 41 H & \(0 H\) \\
\hline Israel & FFH & FFH & FFH & 41 H & FFH \\
\hline USA & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Asia & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Hong Kong & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline South Africa & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Australia & FFH & FFH & FFH & 41 H & FFH \\
\hline New Zealand & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Singapore & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Malaysia & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
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\begin{tabular}{|l|c|c|c|c|c||}
\hline \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ Country } & \(807 F 35\) & 807 F36 & \(807 F 37\) & \(807 F 38\) & 807 F39 \\
\hline France & \(74 H\) & \(4 H\) & \(06 H\) & 57 & 58 H \\
\hline Germany & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline UK & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Italy & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Austria & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Belgium & AAH & \(04 H\) & \(00 H\) & \(42 H\) & E8H \\
\hline Denmark & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Finland & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Ireland & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Norway & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Sweden & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Switzerland & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Portugal & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Holland & FFH & \(04 H\) & \(00 H\) & 55 & EEH \\
\hline Spain & FOH & \(4 H\) & \(00 H\) & 75 & \(3 F F H\) \\
\hline Israel & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline USA & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Asia & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Hong Kong & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline South Africa & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Australia & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline New Zealand & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Singapore & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Malaysia & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
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SERVICE TABLES AND PROCEDURES
\begin{tabular}{|l|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ Country } & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F 3 A}\) & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F 3 B}\) & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F 3 C}\) & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F 3 D}\) & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F 3 E}\) \\
\hline France & 2 & 57 & 6 & 0 & 0 \\
\hline Germany & FFH & FFH & FFH & 00 H & 00 H \\
\hline UK & FFH & FFH & FFH & 00 H & 00 H \\
\hline Italy & FFH & FFH & FFH & 00 H & 00 H \\
\hline Austria & FFH & FFH & FFH & 00 H & 00 H \\
\hline Belgium & \(3 H\) & 16 & 33 & 00 H & 00 H \\
\hline Denmark & FFH & FFH & FFH & 00 H & 00 H \\
\hline Finland & FFH & FFH & FFH & 00 H & 00 H \\
\hline Ireland & FFH & FFH & FFH & 00 H & 00 H \\
\hline Norway & FFH & FFH & FFH & 00 H & 00 H \\
\hline Sweden & FFH & FFH & FFH & 00 H & 00 H \\
\hline Switzerland & FFH & FFH & FFH & 00 H & 00 H \\
\hline Portugal & FFH & FFH & FFH & 00 H & 00 H \\
\hline Holland & \(2 H\) & 55 & 4 & 00 H & 00 H \\
\hline Spain & \(2 H\) & 55 & 5 & 150 & 0 \\
\hline Israel & FFH & FFH & FFH & 00 H & 00 H \\
\hline USA & FFH & FFH & FFH & 00 H & 00 H \\
\hline Asia & FFH & FFH & FFH & 00 H & 00 H \\
\hline Hong Kong & FFH & FFH & FFH & 00 H & 00 H \\
\hline South Africa & FFH & FFH & FFH & 00 H & 00 H \\
\hline Australia & FFH & FFH & FFH & 00 H & 00 H \\
\hline New Zealand & FFH & FFH & FFH & 00 H & 00 H \\
\hline Singapore & FFH & FFH & FFH & 00 H & 00 H \\
\hline Malaysia & FFH & FFH & FFH & 00 H & 00 H \\
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\begin{tabular}{|l|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ Country } & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F 3 F}\) & \(807 F 40\) & \(807 F 41\) & \(807 F 42\) & \(807 F 43\) \\
\hline France & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Germany & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline UK & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Italy & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Austria & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Belgium & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Denmark & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Finland & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Ireland & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Norway & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Sweden & OH & DOH & 4 H & 00H & 40 \\
\hline Switzerland & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Portugal & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Holland & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Spain & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Israel & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline USA & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Asia & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Hong Kong & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline South Africa & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Australia & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline New Zealand & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Singapore & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
\hline Malaysia & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH \\
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\begin{tabular}{|l|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ Country } & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F 4 4}\) & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F 4 5}\) & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F 4 6}\) & \(807 F 47\) & \(807 \mathrm{F48}\) \\
\hline France & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & 0 \\
\hline Germany & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & 00 H \\
\hline UK & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & 00 H \\
\hline Italy & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & 00 H \\
\hline Austria & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & 00 H \\
\hline Belgium & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & 00 H \\
\hline Denmark & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & 00 H \\
\hline Finland & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & 00 H \\
\hline Ireland & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & 00 H \\
\hline Norway & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & 00 H \\
\hline Sweden & \(00 H\) & \(1 H\) & 40 & 3 & 200 \\
\hline Switzerland & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & 00 H \\
\hline Portugal & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & 00 H \\
\hline Holland & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & 00 H \\
\hline Spain & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & 00 H \\
\hline Israel & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & 00 H \\
\hline USA & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & \(00 H\) \\
\hline Asia & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & 00 H \\
\hline Hong Kong & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & 00 H \\
\hline South Africa & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & \(00 H\) \\
\hline Australia & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & 00 H \\
\hline New Zealand & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & 00 H \\
\hline Singapore & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & \(00 H\) \\
\hline Malaysia & FFH & FFH & FFH & FFH & 00 H \\
\hline
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\begin{tabular}{|l|c|c|c|c|c||}
\hline \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ Country } & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F 4 9}\) & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F 4 A}\) & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F 4 B}\) & 807F4C & 807F4D \\
\hline France & 0 & 67 & 65 & 35 & 50 \\
\hline Germany & 00 H & 50 & 61 & 41 & 44 \\
\hline UK & 00 H & 252 & 66 & 35 & 44 \\
\hline Italy & 00 H & 58 & 60 & 40 & 44 \\
\hline Austria & 00 H & 53 & 62 & 39 & 50 \\
\hline Belgium & 00 H & 61 & 67 & 33 & 50 \\
\hline Denmark & 00 H & 53 & 67 & 33 & 50 \\
\hline Finland & 00 H & 61 & 60 & 42 & 50 \\
\hline Ireland & 00 H & 255 & 67 & 33 & 50 \\
\hline Norway & 00 H & 61 & 59 & 41 & 50 \\
\hline Sweden & 0 & 100 & 60 & 40 & 70 \\
\hline Switzerland & 00 H & 60 & 60 & 40 & 60 \\
\hline Portugal & 00 H & 61 & 66 & 34 & 50 \\
\hline Holland & 00 H & 58 & 62 & 40 & 42 \\
\hline Spain & 00 H & 75 & 60 & 32 & 75 \\
\hline Israel & 00 H & 61 & 62 & 39 & 50 \\
\hline USA & 00 H & 77 & 60 & 41 & 74 \\
\hline Asia & 00 H & 61 & 66 & 34 & 50 \\
\hline Hong Kong & 00 H & 61 & 66 & 34 & 50 \\
\hline South Africa & 00 H & 61 & 66 & 34 & 50 \\
\hline Australia & 00 H & 255 & 68 & 32 & 70 \\
\hline New Zealand & 00 H & 245 & 66 & 34 & 50 \\
\hline Singapore & 00 H & 61 & 66 & 34 & 50 \\
\hline Malaysia & 00 H & 61 & 66 & 34 & 50 \\
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\end{tabular}

SERVICE TABLES AND PROCEDURES
NCU PARAMETERS
\begin{tabular}{|l|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ Country } & 807F4E & 807F4F & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F 5 0}\) & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F 5 1}\) & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F 5 2}\) \\
\hline France & 40 & 0 & 70 & 70 & 12 \\
\hline Germany & 46 & 46 & 90 & 90 & 0 CH \\
\hline UK & 27 & 33 & 100 & 100 & 17 \\
\hline Italy & 40 & 150 & 70 & 70 & 11 \\
\hline Austria & 44 & 46 & 80 & 80 & 11 \\
\hline Belgium & 43 & 26 & 70 & 70 & 11 \\
\hline Denmark & 26 & 26 & 90 & 90 & 17 \\
\hline Finland & 40 & 60 & 70 & 75 & 17 \\
\hline Ireland & 30 & 33 & 70 & 70 & 17 \\
\hline Norway & 33 & 33 & 70 & 70 & 17 \\
\hline Sweden & 18 & 26 & 70 & 70 & 17 \\
\hline Switzerland & 26 & 00 H & 70 & 70 & 8 \\
\hline Portugal & 33 & 33 & 70 & 70 & 17 \\
\hline Holland & 33 & 33 & 70 & 70 & 17 \\
\hline Spain & 32 & 100 & 70 & 140 & 11 \\
\hline Israel & 46 & 101 & 90 & 90 & 17 \\
\hline USA & 46 & 101 & 100 & 100 & 14 \\
\hline Asia & 36 & 101 & 100 & 110 & 0 EH \\
\hline Hong Kong & 36 & 101 & 100 & 110 & 12 \\
\hline South Africa & 36 & 101 & 100 & 110 & 12 \\
\hline Australia & 36 & 101 & 100 & 110 & 14 \\
\hline New Zealand & 25 & 101 & 100 & 110 & 17 \\
\hline Singapore & 36 & 101 & 100 & 110 & 12 \\
\hline Malaysia & 36 & 101 & 100 & 110 & 12 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|l|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ Country } & 807F53 & 807F54 & 807F59 & 807F5A & 807F5B \\
\hline France & 4 & 34 & 0 & 0 & FFH \\
\hline Germany & 5 & 34 & 15 & 90 & FFH \\
\hline UK & 4 & 34 & 15 & 90 & F0H \\
\hline Italy & 4 & 34 & 15 & 90 & FFH \\
\hline Austria & 4 & 34 & 15 & 100 & FFH \\
\hline Belgium & 4 & 34 & 100 & 90 & FFH \\
\hline Denmark & 4 & 34 & 15 & 90 & FOH \\
\hline Finland & 4 & 34 & 15 & 90 & F9H \\
\hline Ireland & 4 & 34 & 15 & 90 & FFH \\
\hline Norway & 4 & 34 & 25 & 90 & FFH \\
\hline Sweden & 4 & 34 & 15 & 90 & F0H \\
\hline Switzerland & 4 & 34 & 10 & 90 & FFH \\
\hline Portugal & 4 & 34 & 15 & 202 & FFH \\
\hline Holland & 4 & 34 & 15 & 90 & FFH \\
\hline Spain & 4 & 34 & 100 & 90 & FFH \\
\hline Israel & 4 & 34 & 15 & 90 & FFH \\
\hline USA & 4 & 34 & 00 H & 00 H & FFH \\
\hline Asia & 4 & 34 & 00 H & 00 H & FFH \\
\hline Hong Kong & 4 & 34 & 00 H & 00 H & FFH \\
\hline South Africa & 4 & 34 & 00 H & 00 H & FFH \\
\hline Australia & 4 & 34 & 00 H & 00 H & FFH \\
\hline New Zealand & 4 & 34 & 00 H & 00 H & FFH \\
\hline Singapore & 4 & 34 & 00 H & 00 H & FFH \\
\hline Malaysia & 4 & 34 & 00 H & 00 H & FFH \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|l|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ Country } & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F 5 C}\) & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F 5 D}\) & 807 F 5 E & 807 F 5 F & 807 F 65 \\
\hline France & 19 H & FFH & 20 H & 10 H & FFH \\
\hline Germany & 00 H & FFH & 20 H & 10 H & FFH \\
\hline UK & 10 H & 50 & COH & 10 H & FFH \\
\hline Italy & 00 H & FFH & C1H & 10 H & FFH \\
\hline Austria & 00 H & FFH & 80 H & 10 H & FFH \\
\hline Belgium & 00 H & FFH & 80 H & 10 H & FFH \\
\hline Denmark & 9 H & FFH & 80 H & 10 H & FFH \\
\hline Finland & 90 H & 100 & 80 H & 10 H & FFH \\
\hline Ireland & 40 H & FFH & 40 H & 10 H & FFH \\
\hline Norway & 00 H & FFH & 20 H & 10 H & FFH \\
\hline Sweden & 09 H & FFH & 20 H & 10 H & FFH \\
\hline Switzerland & 00 H & FFH & 20 H & 10 H & FFH \\
\hline Portugal & 00 H & FFH & 80 H & 10 H & FFH \\
\hline Holland & 00 H & FFH & 60 H & 10 H & FFH \\
\hline Spain & 07 H & FFH & 80 H & 10 H & FFH \\
\hline Israel & 00 H & FFH & COH & 10 H & FFH \\
\hline USA & FFH & FFH & COH & 10 H & FFH \\
\hline Asia & FFH & FFH & COH & 10 H & FFH \\
\hline Hong Kong & FFH & FFH & COH & 10 H & FFH \\
\hline South Africa & FFH & FFH & COH & 10 H & FFH \\
\hline Australia & FFH & FFH & COH & 10 H & FFH \\
\hline New Zealand & FFH & FFH & COH & 10 H & FFH \\
\hline Singapore & FFH & FFH & COH & 10 H & FFH \\
\hline Malaysia & FFH & FFH & COH & 10 H & FFH \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|l|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ Country } & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F 6 6}\) & \(807 \mathrm{F72}\) & \(807 \mathrm{F73}\) & \(807 \mathrm{F74}\) & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F 7 5}\) \\
\hline France & 16 H & 17 & 28 & FFH & 00 H \\
\hline Germany & FFH & 15 H & 36 H & FFH & 00 H \\
\hline UK & FFH & 20 & 84 & FFH & 00 H \\
\hline Italy & FFH & 18 & 77 & FFH & 00 H \\
\hline Austria & FFH & 13 & 54 & FFH & 00 H \\
\hline Belgium & FFH & 21 & 72 & FFH & 00 H \\
\hline Denmark & FFH & 11 H & 43 H & 16 & 24 \\
\hline Finland & FFH & 16 & 56 & FFH & 00 H \\
\hline Ireland & FFH & 36 & 53 H & FFH & 00 H \\
\hline Norway & FFH & 16 & 43 H & FFH & 00 H \\
\hline Sweden & FFH & 17 & 43 H & FFH & 00 H \\
\hline Switzerland & FFH & 16 & 55 & FFH & 00 H \\
\hline Portugal & FFH & 1 AH & 53 H & 16 & 24 \\
\hline Holland & FFH & 16 & 52 & FFH & 00 H \\
\hline Spain & FFH & 25 & 43 H & FFH & 00 H \\
\hline Israel & FFH & 16 & 43 H & FFH & 00 H \\
\hline USA & FFH & 13 & 83 & FFH & 00 H \\
\hline Asia & FFH & 17 & 83 & FFH & 00 H \\
\hline Hong Kong & FFH & 17 & 83 & FFH & 00 H \\
\hline South Africa & FFH & 17 & 83 & FFH & 00 H \\
\hline Australia & FFH & 14 & 83 & FFH & 00 H \\
\hline New Zealand & FFH & 17 & 83 & FFH & 00 H \\
\hline Singapore & FFH & 17 & 83 & FFH & 00 H \\
\hline Malaysia & FFH & 17 & 83 & FFH & 00 H \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

SERVICE TABLES AND PROCEDURES NCU PARAMETERS
\begin{tabular}{|l|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ Country } & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F 7 6}\) & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F 7 7}\) & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F} 78\) & \(807 F 79\) & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F 7 A}\) \\
\hline France & 2 & 15 & 15 & 04 H & 1 H \\
\hline Germany & 1 & 7 & 7 & 90 H & 1 H \\
\hline UK & 1 & 10 & 10 & 90 H & 1 H \\
\hline Italy & 3 & 10 & 10 & 90 H & 1 H \\
\hline Austria & 1 & 9 & 10 & 90 H & 1 H \\
\hline Belgium & 2 & 5 & 10 & 90 H & 1 H \\
\hline Denmark & 2 & 10 & 10 & 90 H & 1 H \\
\hline Finland & 2 & 25 & 25 & 90 H & 1 H \\
\hline Ireland & 1 & 10 & 10 & 90 H & 1 H \\
\hline Norway & 1 & 10 & 10 & 90 H & 1 H \\
\hline Sweden & 1 & 5 & 5 & 90 H & 1 H \\
\hline Switzerland & 3 & 10 & 10 & 90 H & 1 H \\
\hline Portugal & 1 & 0 FH & 0 FH & 90 H & 1 H \\
\hline Holland & 2 & 15 & 15 & 90 H & 1 H \\
\hline Spain & 2 & 28 H & 28 H & 2 CH & 1 H \\
\hline Israel & 2 & 14 H & 14 H & 90 H & 1 H \\
\hline USA & 1 & 10 & 10 & 90 H & 1 H \\
\hline Asia & 1 & 10 & 10 & 90 H & 1 H \\
\hline Hong Kong & 1 & 10 & 10 & 90 H & 1 H \\
\hline South Africa & 1 & 10 & 10 & 90 H & 1 H \\
\hline Australia & 3 & 10 & 10 & 90 H & 1 H \\
\hline New Zealand & 3 & 10 & 10 & 90 H & 1 H \\
\hline Singapore & 1 & 10 & 10 & 90 H & 1 H \\
\hline Malaysia & 1 & 10 & 10 & 90 H & 1 H \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|l|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ Country } & 807 F 81 & 807 F 82 & 807 FA 1 & \(807 \mathrm{FA2}\) & 807 FA 3 \\
\hline France & 25 & 0 & 02 H & 00 H & 04 H \\
\hline Germany & 25 & 00 H & 02 H & 00 H & 04 H \\
\hline UK & 25 & 00 H & 02 H & 00 H & 04 H \\
\hline Italy & 25 & 00 H & 02 H & 00 H & 04 H \\
\hline Austria & 25 & 00 H & 02 H & 00 H & 04 H \\
\hline Belgium & 25 & 00 H & 02 H & 00 H & 04 H \\
\hline Denmark & 25 & 00 H & 02 H & 00 H & 04 H \\
\hline Finland & 25 & 00 H & 02 H & 00 H & 04 H \\
\hline Ireland & 25 & 00 H & 02 H & 00 H & 04 H \\
\hline Norway & 25 & 00 H & 02 H & 00 H & 04 H \\
\hline Sweden & 25 & 00 H & 02 H & 00 H & 04 H \\
\hline Switzerland & 25 & 00 H & 02 H & 00 H & 04 H \\
\hline Portugal & 25 & 00 H & 02 H & 00 H & 04 H \\
\hline Holland & 25 & 00 H & 02 H & 00 H & 04 H \\
\hline Spain & 25 & 00 H & 02 H & 00 H & 04 H \\
\hline Israel & 25 & 00 H & 02 H & 00 H & 04 H \\
\hline USA & 25 & 00 H & 02 H & 00 H & 04 H \\
\hline Asia & 25 & 00 H & 02 H & 00 H & 04 H \\
\hline Hong Kong & 25 & 00 H & 03 H & 00 H & 04 H \\
\hline South Africa & 25 & 00 H & 03 H & 00 H & 04 H \\
\hline Australia & 25 & 00 H & 02 H & 00 H & 04 H \\
\hline New Zealand & 25 & 00 H & 02 H & 00 H & 04 H \\
\hline Singapore & 25 & 00 H & 03 H & 00 H & 04 H \\
\hline Malaysia & 25 & 00 H & 03 H & 00 H & 04 H \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|l|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ Country } & \(807 \mathrm{FA4}\) & \(807 \mathrm{FA5}\) & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F A 6}\) & \(807 \mathrm{FA7}\) & \(807 \mathrm{FA8}\) \\
\hline France & 00 H & 16 & 00 H & 81 H & 04 H \\
\hline Germany & 00 H & 10 & 00 H & 81 H & 04 H \\
\hline UK & 00 H & 10 & 00 H & 81 H & 04 H \\
\hline Italy & 00 H & 10 & 00 H & 81 H & 04 H \\
\hline Austria & 00 H & 10 & 00 H & 81 H & 04 H \\
\hline Belgium & 00 H & 10 & 00 H & 81 H & 04 H \\
\hline Denmark & 00 H & 10 & 00 H & 81 H & 04 H \\
\hline Finland & 00 H & 10 & 00 H & 81 H & 04 H \\
\hline Ireland & 00 H & 10 & 00 H & 81 H & 04 H \\
\hline Norway & 00 H & 10 & 00 H & 81 H & 04 H \\
\hline Sweden & 00 H & 10 & 00 H & 81 H & 04 H \\
\hline Switzerland & 00 H & 10 & 00 H & 81 H & 04 H \\
\hline Portugal & 00 H & 10 & 00 H & 81 H & 04 H \\
\hline Holland & 00 H & 10 & 00 H & 81 H & 04 H \\
\hline Spain & 00 H & 10 & 00 H & 81 H & 04 H \\
\hline Israel & 00 H & 10 & 00 H & 81 H & 04 H \\
\hline USA & 00 H & 10 & 00 H & 81 H & 04 H \\
\hline Asia & 00 H & 10 & 01 H & 81 H & 04 H \\
\hline Hong Kong & 00 H & 10 & 01 H & E 0 H & 04 H \\
\hline South Africa & 00 H & 10 & 01 H & E 0 H & 04 H \\
\hline Australia & 00 H & 10 & 00 H & 81 H & 04 H \\
\hline New Zealand & 00 H & 10 & 00 H & 81 H & 04 H \\
\hline Singapore & 00 H & 10 & 01 H & E 0 H & 04 H \\
\hline Malaysia & 00 H & 10 & 01 H & E 0 H & 04 H \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|l|c|c|c|c|c||}
\hline \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ Country } & 807 FA9 & 807 FAA & 807 FAB & 807 FAC & 807 FAD \\
\hline France & 00 H & 10 & 23 H & 91 H & 32 H \\
\hline Germany & 00 H & 10 & 23 H & 91 H & 32 H \\
\hline UK & 00 H & 10 & 23 H & 91 H & 32 H \\
\hline Italy & 00 H & 10 & 23 H & 91 H & 32 H \\
\hline Austria & 00 H & 10 & 23 H & 91 H & 32 H \\
\hline Belgium & 00 H & 10 & 23 H & 91 H & 32 H \\
\hline Denmark & 00 H & 10 & 23 H & 91 H & 32 H \\
\hline Finland & 00 H & 10 & 23 H & 91 H & 32 H \\
\hline Ireland & 00 H & 10 & 23 H & 91 H & 32 H \\
\hline Norway & 00 H & 10 & 23 H & 91 H & 32 H \\
\hline Sweden & 00 H & 10 & 23 H & 91 H & 32 H \\
\hline Switzerland & 00 H & 10 & 23 H & 91 H & 32 H \\
\hline Portugal & 00 H & 10 & 23 H & 91 H & 32 H \\
\hline Holland & 00 H & 10 & 23 H & 91 H & 32 H \\
\hline Spain & 00 H & 10 & 23 H & 91 H & 32 H \\
\hline Israel & 00 H & 10 & 23 H & 91 H & 32 H \\
\hline USA & 00 H & 10 & 23 H & 91 H & 32 H \\
\hline Asia & 00 H & 10 & 23 H & 91 H & 32 H \\
\hline Hong Kong & 00 H & 10 & 19 H & 96 H & 22 H \\
\hline South Africa & 00 H & 10 & 19 H & 96 H & 22 H \\
\hline Australia & 00 H & 10 & 23 H & 91 H & 32 H \\
\hline New Zealand & 00 H & 10 & 23 H & 91 H & 32 H \\
\hline Singapore & 00 H & 10 & 19 H & 96 H & 22 H \\
\hline Malaysia & 00 H & 10 & 19 H & 96 H & 22 H \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

SERVICE TABLES AND PROCEDURES NCU PARAMETERS
\begin{tabular}{|l|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ Country } & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F A E}\) & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F A F}\) & \(\mathbf{8 0 7 F B}\) & 807 FB 2 & 807 FB 3 \\
\hline France & 2 FH & 0 H & 00 H & 11 & 18 \\
\hline Germany & 2 FH & 0 H & 00 H & 11 & 18 \\
\hline UK & 2 FH & 0 H & 00 H & 11 & 18 \\
\hline Italy & 2 FH & 0 H & 00 H & 11 & 18 \\
\hline Austria & 2 FH & 0 H & 00 H & 11 & 18 \\
\hline Belgium & 2 FH & 0 H & 00 H & 11 & 18 \\
\hline Denmark & 2 FH & 0 H & 00 H & 11 & 18 \\
\hline Finland & 2 FH & 0 H & 00 H & 11 & 18 \\
\hline Ireland & 2 FH & 0 H & 00 H & 11 & 18 \\
\hline Norway & 2 FH & 0 H & 00 H & 11 & 18 \\
\hline Sweden & 2 FH & 0 H & 00 H & 11 & 18 \\
\hline Switzerland & 2 FH & 0 H & 00 H & 11 & 18 \\
\hline Portugal & 2 FH & 0 H & 00 H & 11 & 18 \\
\hline Holland & 2 FH & 0 H & 00 H & 11 & 18 \\
\hline Spain & 2 FH & 0 H & 00 H & 11 & 18 \\
\hline Israel & 2 FH & 0 H & 00 H & 11 & 18 \\
\hline USA & 2 FH & 0 H & 00 H & 11 & 18 \\
\hline Asia & 2 FH & 0 H & 00 H & 11 & 18 \\
\hline Hong Kong & 2 FH & 0 H & 00 H & 11 & 10 \\
\hline South Africa & 2 FH & 0 H & 00 H & 11 & 10 \\
\hline Australia & 2 FH & 0 H & 00 H & 11 & 18 \\
\hline New Zealand & 2 FH & 0 H & 00 H & 11 & 18 \\
\hline Singapore & 2 FH & 0 H & 00 H & 11 & 10 \\
\hline Malaysia & 2 FH & 0 H & 00 H & 11 & 10 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|l|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ Country } & 807FB4 & 807FB5 & 807FB6 & 807FB7 & 807FB8 \\
\hline France & 9 & 0 & 0 & 10 & 0 \\
\hline Germany & 9 & 2 & 00 H & 6 & 3 \\
\hline UK & 9 & 02 H & 00 H & 8 & 2 \\
\hline Italy & 5 & 00 H & 00 H & 6 & 0 \\
\hline Austria & 8 & 00 H & 00 H & 6 & 0 \\
\hline Belgium & 5 & 00 H & 00 H & 6 & 0 \\
\hline Denmark & 9 & 00 H & 00 H & 10 & 0 \\
\hline Finland & 9 & 00 H & 00 H & 10 & 0 \\
\hline Ireland & 9 & 00 H & 00 H & 10 & 0 \\
\hline Norway & 9 & 00 H & 00 H & 9 & 2 H \\
\hline Sweden & 9 & 00 H & 00 H & 10 & 0 \\
\hline Switzerland & 3 & 00 H & 01 H & 5 & 1 \\
\hline Portugal & 5 & 00 H & 00 H & 6 & 0 \\
\hline Holland & 0 BH & 00 H & 00 H & 7 & 0 \\
\hline Spain & 9 & 00 H & 00 H & 10 & 0 \\
\hline Israel & 12 & 00 H & 00 H & 6 & 0 \\
\hline USA & 9 & 0 & 0 & 9 & 0 \\
\hline Asia & 8 & 00 H & 00 H & 6 & 0 \\
\hline Hong Kong & 6 & 0 & 0 & 6 & 0 \\
\hline South Africa & 6 & 0 & 0 & 6 & 0 \\
\hline Australia & 7 & 0 & 01 H & 11 & 2 \\
\hline New Zealand & 12 & 0 & 00 H & 8 & 0 \\
\hline Singapore & 6 & 0 & 0 & 6 & 0 \\
\hline Malaysia & 6 & 0 & 0 & 6 & 0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|l|c|c|c|l|l|}
\hline \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ Country } & 807FB9 & 807FBD & 807FDA & & \\
\hline France & 0 & 11 H & 53 & & \\
\hline Germany & FEH & 15 H & 53 & & \\
\hline UK & 0 & 12 H & 53 & & \\
\hline Italy & 0 & 11 H & 53 & & \\
\hline Austria & 0 & 11 H & 59 & & \\
\hline Belgium & 0 & 11 H & 59 & & \\
\hline Denmark & 0 & 11 H & 53 & & \\
\hline Finland & 0 & 11 H & 53 & & \\
\hline Ireland & 0 & 11 H & 53 & & \\
\hline Norway & 0 & 12 H & 53 & & \\
\hline Sweden & 0 & 11 H & 53 & & \\
\hline Switzerland & FFH & 11 H & 92 & & \\
\hline Portugal & 0 & 11 H & 53 & & \\
\hline Holland & 0 & 11 H & 53 & & \\
\hline Spain & 0 & 11 H & 80 & & \\
\hline Israel & 0 & 11 H & 59 & & \\
\hline USA & 0 & 16 H & 53 & & \\
\hline Asia & 0 & 16 H & 47 & & \\
\hline Hong Kong & 0 & 0 FH & 53 & & \\
\hline South Africa & 0 & 0 FH & 53 & & \\
\hline Australia & 0 & 0 FH & 53 & & \\
\hline New Zealand & 0 & 12 H & 53 & & \\
\hline Singapore & 0 & 0 FH & 53 & & \\
\hline Malaysia & 0 & 0 FH & 53 & & \\
\hline \hline
\end{tabular}

\subsection*{4.4. DEDICATED TRANSMISSION PARAMETERS}

Each Quick Dial Key and Speed Dial Code has four bytes of programmable parameters allocated to it. If transmissions to a particular machine often experience problems, store that terminal's fax number as a Quick Dial or Speed Dial, and adjust the parameters allocated to that number.

The programming procedure will be explained first. Then, the four bytes will be described.

\subsection*{4.4.1. Programming Procedure}
1. Set bit 3 of System Switch 04 to 1.
2. Either use Function 31 (for a Quick Dial number) or Function 32 (for a Speed Dial number)

Example: Change the Parameters in Quick Dial 10.
3. Function 3 1 Yes
4. Press Quick Dial key 10.

Note: When selecting Speed Dial 10 with Function 32, press 10 at the ten key pad.
5. Press Yes four times.
6. The settings for byte 0 are now displayed. Press a number from 0 to 7 corresponding to the bit that you wish to change.

Example: Change bit 7 to 1: Press 7
7. To scroll through the parameter bytes, either:

Select the next byte:
or
Select the previous byte: until the correct byte is displayed. Then go back to step 6.
8. After the setting is changed, press Yes
9. To finish, press Function.
10. After finishing, reset bit 3 of System Switch 04 to 0 .

\subsection*{4.4.2. Parameters}

The initial settings of the following parameters are all \(\mathrm{FF}(\mathrm{H})\) - all the parameters are disabled.
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|}
\hline Byte \(\mathbf{0}\) \\
\hline \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ FUNCTION AND COMMENTS } \\
\hline CCITT T1 time \\
If the connection time to a particular terminal is longer than the NCU parameter setting, \\
adjust this byte. The T1 time is the value stored in this byte (in hex code), multiplied by 1 \\
second. \\
Range: \\
1 to 127 s ( 01 h to \(7 \mathrm{7Fh}\) ) \\
00h or FFh - The local NCU parameter factory setting is used. \\
Do not program a value between 80h and FEh. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Byte 1} \\
\hline & FUNCTION & COMMENTS \\
\hline 0
to
3 & \begin{tabular}{l}
Tx level \\
\(\begin{array}{llllll}\text { Bit } & 3 & 2 & 1 & 0 & \text { Setting (dBm) }\end{array}\)
\end{tabular} & If communication with a particular remote terminal often contains errors, the signal level may be inappropriate. Adjust the Tx level for communications with that terminal until the results are better. \\
\hline 4 & \begin{tabular}{l}
Tx level setting \\
0 : Enabled \\
1: Disabled (bits 0 to 4 must all be at 1 to disable)
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 : When enabling the tx level setting, change this bit to 0 , then change the settings of bits 0 through 3 above. \\
1: When disabling the tx level setting, change all of the bits 0 through 4 to 1 .
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 5
6 & \begin{tabular}{ccl} 
Cable equalizer & \\
Bit \(\mathbf{6}\) & Bit 5 & Setting \\
0 & 0 & None \\
0 & 1 & Low \\
1 & 0 & Medium \\
1 & 1 & High
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
Use a higher setting if there is signal loss at higher frequencies because of the length of wire between the modem and the telephone exchange when calling the number stored in this Quick/Speed Dial. \\
Also, try using the cable equalizer if one or more of the following symptoms occurs. \\
- Communication error with error codes such as 0-20, 0-23, etc. \\
- Modem rate fallback occurs frequently.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 7 & \begin{tabular}{l}
Cable equalizer setting \\
0: Enabled \\
1: Disabled (bits 5 to 7 must all be at 1 to disable)
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 : When enabling the cable equalizer setting, change this bit to 0 , then change the settings of bits 5 and 6 above. \\
1: When disabling the cable equalizer setting, change all of the bits 5,6 and 7 to 1 .
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline & te 2 & \\
\hline & FUNCTION & COMMENTS \\
\hline \multirow{11}{*}{\[
\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered}
\mathbf{0} \\
\text { to } \\
\mathbf{3}
\end{gathered}\right.
\]} & Initial Tx modem rate & \multirow[t]{11}{*}{If training with a particular remote terminal always takes too long, the initial modem rate may be too high. Reduce the initial Tx modem rate using these bits.} \\
\hline & \(\begin{array}{llllll}\text { Bit } & 3 & 2 & 1 & 0 & \text { Setting (bps) }\end{array}\) & \\
\hline & \(\begin{array}{llllll}0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \text { Not used }\end{array}\) & \\
\hline & \(\begin{array}{lllll}0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 2,400\end{array}\) & \\
\hline &  & \\
\hline & \(\begin{array}{lllll}0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 7,200\end{array}\) & \\
\hline & \(\begin{array}{lllll}0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 9,600\end{array}\) & \\
\hline & \(\begin{array}{lllll}0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 12,000\end{array}\) & \\
\hline & \(\begin{array}{lllll}0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 14,400\end{array}\) & \\
\hline & \(\begin{array}{llllll}1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & & \text { Setting disabled }\end{array}\) & \\
\hline & Other settings: Not used & \\
\hline & Not used & Do not change the settings. \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{|c} 
to \\
7 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


\subsection*{4.5. SERVICE RAM ADDRESSES}

\section*{\(\triangle\) CAUTION \\ Do not change the settings which are marked as "Not used" or "Read only."}

\section*{800000(H) - RAM Reset Level 1}

Change the data at this address to \(00(\mathrm{H})\), then switch the machine off and on to reset all the system settings.
Caution: Before using this RAM, print the settings of all the system parameters (System Parameter List).

800001 to 800004(H) - ROM version (Read only)
800001(H) - Revision number (BCD)
800002(H) - Year (BCD)
800003(H) - Month (BCD)
800004(H) - Day (BCD)
800006 to 800016(H) - Machine's serial number (17 digits - ASCII)
800018(H) - Total program checksum (low)
800019(H) - Total program checksum (high)
\(80001 \mathrm{~A}(\mathrm{H})\) - Boot program checksum (low)
80001B(H) - Boot program checksum (high)
80001C(H) - Main program checksum (low)
80001D(H) - Main program checksum (high)
80001E(H) - RDS program update counter (hex)
800020 to \(80003 \mathrm{~F}(\mathrm{H})\) - System bit switches
800040 to \(80004 \mathrm{~F}(\mathrm{H})\) - Scanner bit switches
800050 to \(80005 \mathrm{~F}(\mathrm{H})\) - Printer bit switches
800060 to \(80007 \mathrm{~F}(\mathrm{H})\) - Communication bit switches
800080 to \(80008 F(H)\) - G3 bit switches
8000A0(H) - User parameter switch 00
Bit 0 to 3: Not used
Bits 4 and 5: Scanning resolution home position
Bit 54 Setting
00 Standard
01 Detail
10 Fine
11 Halftone
Bit 6: Transmission mode home position \(\quad 0\) : Memory tx, 1: Immediate tx
Bit 7: Not used
8000A1(H) - User parameter switch 01
Bits 0 to 6: Not used
Bit 7: Settings return to home position after transmission 0 : Disabled, 1: Enabled
8000A2(H) - User parameter switch 02
Bits 0 to 7: Not used

8000A3(H) - User parameter switch 03 (Automatic report printout)
Bit 0: Transmission result report (memory transmissions)
0 : Off, 1: On
Bit 1: Not used
Bit 2: Memory storage report 0: Off, 1: On
Bit 3: Not used
Bit 4: Polling result report (polling reception) 0: Off, 1: On
Bit 5: Transmission result report (immediate transmissions) 0: Off, 1: On
Bit 6: Not used
Bit 7: TCR (Journal) 0: Off, 1: On

\section*{8000A4(H) - User parameter switch 04}

Bits 0 to 6: Not used
Bit 7: Inclusion of a sample image on reports 0: Off, 1: On
8000A5(H) - User parameter switch 05
Bit 0: Substitute reception
0 : Off, 1: On
Bit 1: Memory reception if no RTI or CSI received 0 : Possible, 1: Impossible
Bits 2 to 5: Not used
Bits 6 and 7: Fusing lamp during the energy saver mode
Bit 766 Setting
0 Lamp off
10 Standby temperature \(\left(100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)\)

\section*{8000A6(H) - User parameter switch 06}
\begin{tabular}{ll} 
Bit 0: TTI & \(0:\) Off, 1: On \\
\begin{tabular}{ll} 
Bits 1 to 3: Not used & \\
Bit 4: Batch transmission & \(0:\) Off, 1: On \\
Bits 5 to \(7:\) Not used &
\end{tabular}
\end{tabular}

Bits 5 to 7: Not used
8000A7(H) - User parameter switch 07
Bits 0 to 7: Not used
8000A8(H) - User parameter switch 08
Bits 0 to 7: Not used
8000A9(H) - User parameter switch 09
Bits 0 to 7: Not used
8000AA(H) - User parameter switch 10
Bits 0 to 6: Not used
Bit 7: Halftone type 0: Error diffusion, 1: Dither
8000AB(H) - User parameter switch 11
Bits 0 to 7: Not used

\section*{8000AC(H) - User parameter switch 12}

Bit 1: Distinctive Ring Detection (This mode is only used in the US.)
0 : Disabled, 1: Enabled
Bit 2: Toner saving mode
0: Disabled, 1: Enabled
Bits 3 and 4: Printout image density (Fax mode)
Bit \(4 \quad 3 \quad\) Setting
0 Normal
01 Lighten
10 Darken
1 Not used
Bits 5 to 7: Not used

\section*{8000AD(H) - User parameter switch 13}

Bits 0 and 1: PSTN access method from behind a PABX
Bit 100 Setting
00 PSTN
01 Loop start
10 Ground start (not available in France)
11 Flash start
8000AE - 8000AF(H) - User parameter 14 to 15
Not used
8000B8(H) - User function 62 settings
Bits 0 to 3: Not used
Bit 4: Default setting in the Auto Select mode 0: Auto Receive Mode, 1: Fax Mode
Bits 5 to 7: Not used

\section*{8000B9(H) - User function 62 settings}

Bit 0: Night timer
Bits 1 to 3: Not used
Bit 4: RDS operation 0: Not acceptable
1: Acceptable for the limit specified by system switch 03
Bits 5 and 6: Not used
Bit 7: Daylight saving time
0: Disabled, 1: Enabled
8000BA(H) - User function 62 settings
Bit 0: Not used
Bit 1: Dialing type \(\quad 0\) : Pulse dialing (10 pps), 1: Tone (DTMF) dialing
Bits 2 to 7: Not used
8000BB(H) - PSTN access number for loop start
Access number Hex value to program (BCD)
\begin{tabular}{lc}
0 & F0 \\
\(\sqrt{3}\) & \(\Omega\) \\
0 & F0 \\
00 & 00 \\
\(\Omega\) & \(\Omega\) \\
99 & 99
\end{tabular}

8000C8 to 8000DB(H) - RTI (Max. 20 characters - ASCII) - Note 1
8000DC to 8000EF(H) - CSI (Max. 20 characters - ASCII)
8000F0 to 80010F(H) - TTI (Max. 32 characters - ASCII) - Note 1
800110(H) - Number of CSI characters (Hex)
Note 1: If the number of characters is less than the maxumum ( 20 for RTI, 32 for TTI), add a stop code ( \(\mathrm{FF}[\mathrm{H}]\) ) after the last character.
800111 to \(80011 \mathrm{~F}(\mathrm{H})\) - Service station's fax number (Service function 13)
\(\mathbf{8 0 0 1 2 0}\) to \(\mathbf{8 0 0 1 2 E}(\mathrm{H})\) - Own fax number (User function 61)

800140 to 800146(H) - Last power off time (Read only)
```

800140(H) - Year (BCD)

```
800141(H) - Month (BCD)

800142(H) - Day (BCD)
800143(H) - 00: Monday, 01: Tuesday, 02: Wednesday, ....... , 06: Sunday
800144(H) - Hour
800145(H) - Minute
800146(H) - Second
800150(H) - Optional equipment (Read only)
\begin{tabular}{ll} 
Bit 0: Memory card & \(0:\) Not installed, 1: Installed \\
Bits 1-4: Not used & \\
Bit 5: Optional paper feed unit & \(0:\) Not installed, 1: Installed \\
Bits 6 and 7: Not used &
\end{tabular}

The following counters are listed on the System Parameter List. The names used on the system parameter list are given in brackets.
800158 to \(\mathbf{8 0 0 1 5 A ( H )}\) - Tx counter (TX)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Address & High & Low \\
\hline \(800158(\mathrm{H})\) & Tens digit & Unit digit \\
\hline \(800159(\mathrm{H})\) & Thousands digit & Hundreds digit \\
\hline \(80015 \mathrm{~A}(\mathrm{H})\) & Millions digit & Ten thousands digit \\
\hline \hline
\end{tabular}

Note: The following counters have the same data format as above.
80015B to 80015D(H) - Rx counter (RX)
80015E to 800160(H) - Scan counter (SCN)
800161 to 800163(H) - Print counter (PRT)
800164 to 800166(H) - Paper feed counter: standard paper tray
800167 to 800169(H) - Paper feed counter: optional paper feed unit
800170 to 800172(H) - ADF counter (ADF)
800176 to 800178(H) - Printer total jam counter (COPY JAM)
800179 to \(80017 \mathrm{~B}(\mathrm{H})\) - Paper jam counter: standard tray
80017C to 80017E(H) - Paper jam counter: optional paper feed unit
800185 to 800187(H) - Scanner total jam counter (DOC. JAM)
800188 to 80018A(H) - Fusing exit jam counter (EJECT JAM)
80018B to 80018D(H) - Registration jam counter (PAPER JAM)
80018E to 800190(H) - PM counter (PM)
800191 to 800193(H) - PM call interval: default 30,000 (PM DEFAULT)
800194 to 800196(H) - Copy counter (COPY)
800197 to 800199(H) - OPC (master drum) counter (PCU)
80019A to 80019C(H) - DTM counter (TONER)
8001DE to 8001ED(H) - Excessive jam call parameters (Refer to section 2.3.2 for details.)

8001EE to \(8001 \mathrm{FO}(\mathrm{H})\) - OPC (master drum) replacement interval (default: 20,000 prints) The machine asks the user to replace the drum at this interval, if bit 5 of system switch 04 is 0.

8001F9 to 800223(H) - Night timer period (User function 71)
8001F1 to 8001F3(H) - Setting \#1 for Monday
8001F4 to 8001F6(H) - Setting \#2 for Monday
8001F7 to 8001F9(H) - Setting \#1 for Tuesday
8001FA to 8001FC(H) - Setting \#2 for Tuesday
8001FD to 8001FF(H) - Setting \#1 for Wednesday
800200 to 800202(H) - Setting \#2 for Wednesday
800203 to 800205(H) - Setting \#1 for Thursday
800206 to 800208(H) - Setting \#2 for Thursday
800209 to 80020B(H) - Setting \#1 for Friday
80020C to 80020E(H) - Setting \#2 for Friday
80020F to 800211(H) - Setting \#1 for Saturday
800212 to 800214(H) - Setting \#2 for Saturday
800215 to 800217(H) - Setting \#1 for Sunday
800218 to 80021 A(H) - Setting \#2 for Sunday

\section*{Program format}

First byte - Hour (BCD)
Second byte - Minute (BCD)
Third byte - 00(H): Timer start time, 01(H): Timer end time
80024F to 800254(H) - Last RDS operation (Read only)
80024F(H) - Year (BCD)
800250(H) - Month (BCD)
800251(H) - Day (BCD)
800252(H) - Hour
800253(H) - Minute
800254(H) - Second
800256(H) - Daylight saving time setting (User function 62)
80025B(H) - Transmission monitor volume 00-07(H)
80025C(H) - Reception monitor volume 00-07(H)
80025D(H) - On-hook monitor volume 00-07(H)
80025E(H) - Buzzer volume 00-07(H)
800261 to \(\mathbf{8 0 0 2 6 3 ( H )}\) - Periodic service call parameters (Refer to section 2.3.2 for details)
80026C to \(80026 \mathrm{E}(\mathrm{H})\) - Effective term of automatic service calls
(Refer to section 2.3.2 for details)
800296 to 800297(H) - Scanning top margin adjustment
800298 to 800299(H) - Scanning bottom margin adjustment
Refer to section 6.5 for details.
8002C0(H) - Print left margin (standard paper tray)
8002C1(H) - Print left margin (optional paper feed unit)
8002B4(H) - Print top margin (standard paper tray)
8002B5(H) - Print top margin (optional paper feed unit)
Refer to section 6.6 for details.

\section*{8002DC(H) - Fusing unit failure \\ When a service call was caused by a fusing unit failure (code 02)}

When a fusing error occurs, the contents of this RAM are changed to 02. After fixing the problem, reset the data at this address to \(00(\mathrm{H})\), then restart the machine to clear the service call. (Refer to address 8002F9(H) for other hardware failures.)

\section*{8002DD(H) - Excessive jam alarm}

Bit 3: Scanner excessive jam alarm
Bit 4: Printer excessive jam alarm
1: An alarm has occurred
Either or both of these bits will change to 1 when an excessive jam alarm occurs. Reset each bit to 0 when you have solved the problem. The machine will not be able to detect excessive jams in future if you do not reset these bits.

8002F9(H) - Details of the service call (hardware error)
02(H): Fusing unit failure
22(H): Laser power is out of the specified range
31(H): Mirror motor error
51(H): Fan motor error
61(H): Unexpected printer error. (Printer Ready signal is not received.)
62(H): Unexpected printer error. (Valid signal is not received.)
When a service call was caused by a fusing lamp failure (codes 02):
The same code is stored at address 8002DC(H).
After fixing the problem, reset the data at address 8002DC(H) to \(00(\mathrm{H})\), then restart the machine to clear the service call.

When a service call was caused by another hardware failure:
If the problem remains after restarting the machine (power off/on), fix the hardware problem. The service call condition is cleared after power on.

\section*{800340 to 800347 (H) - Scanner Video Processing Parameters}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Mode} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Resolution} & Bit no. & 7 & 6 & 5 & 4 & 3 & 2 & 1 & 0 \\
\hline & & Address & \multicolumn{8}{|l|}{The functions of each bit are described below this table.} \\
\hline \multirow{4}{*}{Text} & Standard (Memory tx) & 800340(H) & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
\hline & Standard (Immediate tx) & 800341(H) & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
\hline & Detail & 800342(H) & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
\hline & Fine & 800343(H) & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
\hline \multirow{4}{*}{Halftone} & Standard (Memory tx) & 800344(H) & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
\hline & Standard (Immediate tx) & 800345(H) & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
\hline & Detail & 800346(H) & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
\hline & Fine & 800347(H) & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Bit 0: Not used; do not adjust the factory setting
Bit 1: Not used; do not adjust the factory setting
Bit 2: Threshold value for edge detection
0 : Normal, 1: High
Bit 3: Background detection threshold
0: Low, 1: High
Bit 4: Edge detection
1: On
Bit 5: MTF algorithm
0: Low, 1: High
Bit 6: Not used; do not adjust the factory setting Bit 7: MTF

0 : Off, 1: On
80224E to 80248D(H) - Latest 64 error codes (Read only)
One error record consists of 6 bytes of data.
First error record start address - \(80224 \mathrm{E}(\mathrm{H})\)
Second error record start address - 802254(H)
Third error record start address - 80225A(H)
64th error record start address - 802488(H)
The format is as follows:
1st byte - Minute (BCD)
2nd byte - Hour (BCD)
3rd byte - Day (BCD)
4th byte - Month (BCD)
5th byte - Error code (low) [If the error code is 1-23, 23 is stored here.]
6 th byte - Error code (high) [If the error code is \(1-23,01\) is stored here.]

\section*{802A54 to 802C65(H) - Latest 10 error communication records}

One error communication record consists of 53 bytes. The format is as follows:
1st byte - Header
\(\begin{array}{ll}\text { Bit 0: Communication result } & 0: \text { OK, 1: NG } \\ \text { Bit 1: Document jam } & \text { 1: Occurred }\end{array}\)
Bits 2-3: Not used
Bit 4: Technical data printout instead of personal codes 0: No, 1: Yes
\(\begin{array}{ll}\text { Bit 5: Type of technical data } & 0: \text { Rx level, 1: Measure of error rate } \\ \text { Bit 6: Error report } & 0 \text { : Not printed, 1: Printed }\end{array}\)
Bit 6. Error report 0: Not printed, 1: Printed
Bit 7: Data validity
0 : Not valid, 1: Valid
2nd to 5th bytes - Date and time when the communication started
2nd byte - Month (BCD)
3rd byte - Day (BCD)
4th byte - Hour (BCD)
5th byte - Minute (BCD)
6th and 7th bytes - Communication time
6th byte - Minutes (BCD)
7th byte - Seconds (BCD)
8th byte - Number of pages transmitted or received (Hex)
9th and 10th bytes - Personal code or number of total/burst error lines If bit 4 of the 1 st byte is 0 :

> 9th byte - Personal code (low - BCD)
> 10th byte - Personal code (high - BCD)

If bit 4 of the 1 st byte is 1 :
9th byte - Number of total error lines (Hex)
10th byte - Number of burst error lines (Hex)
11th byte - File number (low - Hex)
12th byte - File number (high - Hex)
13th and 14th bytes - Rx level or measure of error rate If bit 5 of the 1 st byte is 0 :

13th byte - Rx level (low - Hex)
14th byte - Rx level (high - Hex)
If bit 4 of the 1 st byte is 1 :
13th byte - Measure of error rate (low - Hex)
14th byte - Measure of error rate (high - Hex)
15th byte - Final modem rate
Bits 0 to 2: Final modem speed
\[
\left(\begin{array}{l}
\text { Bit 0 } \\
\text { Bit } 1 \\
\text { Bit } 2
\end{array}\right)=\left(\begin{array}{l}
1 \\
0 \\
0
\end{array}\right): 2.4 k\left(\begin{array}{l}
0 \\
1 \\
0
\end{array}\right): 4.8 k\left(\begin{array}{l}
1 \\
1 \\
0
\end{array}\right): 7.2 k\left(\begin{array}{l}
0 \\
0 \\
1
\end{array}\right): 9.6 k\left(\begin{array}{l}
1 \\
0 \\
1
\end{array}\right): 12.0 k\left(\begin{array}{l}
0 \\
1 \\
1
\end{array}\right): 14.4 k
\]

Bit 3: Not used
Bits 4 to 6: Final modem type
\[
\left(\begin{array}{l}
\text { Bit } 4 \\
\text { Bit } 5 \\
\text { Bit } 6
\end{array}\right)=\left(\begin{array}{l}
1 \\
0 \\
0
\end{array}\right): V .27 \text { ter }\left(\begin{array}{l}
0 \\
1 \\
0
\end{array}\right): V .29\left(\begin{array}{l}
1 \\
1 \\
0
\end{array}\right): T . B . D .
\]

Bit 7: Not used

16th byte to 35th byte - Remote terminal's ID (RTI, TSI or CSI) (ASCII)
36th byte - Communication mode \#1
Bits 0-1: Resolution used
\[
\binom{\text { Bit } 0}{\text { Bit } 1}=\binom{1}{0}: \text { Standard }\binom{0}{1}: \text { Detail, }\binom{1}{1}: \text { Fine }
\]

Bit 2: Not used

\section*{Bit 3: ECM}

Bits 4 to 7: Communication mode used
\(\left(\begin{array}{l}\text { Bit } 4 \\ \text { Bit } 5 \\ \text { Bit } 6 \\ \text { Bit 7 }\end{array}\right)=\left(\begin{array}{l}0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0\end{array}\right):\) Normal \(\left(\begin{array}{l}1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0\end{array}\right):\) Confidential \(\left(\begin{array}{l}0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0\end{array}\right):\) Polling \(\left(\begin{array}{l}1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0\end{array}\right):\) Transfer
\(\left(\begin{array}{l}\text { Bit } 4 \\ \text { Bit } 5 \\ \text { Bit } 6 \\ \text { Bit 7 }\end{array}\right)=\left(\begin{array}{l}0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0\end{array}\right):\) Forwarding \(\left(\begin{array}{l}1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0\end{array}\right): \quad\) Automatic
Service Call

37th byte - Communication mode \#2
Bit 0: Tx or Rx
Bit 1: Reduction in Tx
Bit 2: Batch transmission
Bit 3: Send later transmission
Bit 4: Transmission from
Bits 5 to 7: Not used
38th byte - Number of errors during communication (Hex)

0: Tx, 1: Rx
0 : Not reduced, 1: Reduced
0: Not used, 1: Used
0 : Not used, 1: Used
0 : ADF, 1: Memory

39th to 41 st byte -1 st error code and page number where the error occurred 39th byte - Page number where the error occurred (Hex) 40th byte - Error code (low - BCD) 41st byte - Error code (high - BCD)
42th to 44th byte - 2nd error code and page number where the error occurred 45th to 47th byte - 3rd error code and page number where the error occurred 48th to 50th byte - 4th error code and page number where the error occurred 51st to 53rd byte - 5th error code and page number where the error occurred

F80006 to F8000E(H) - ROM part number and suffix (ASCII)

\section*{5. PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE}

\subsection*{5.1. SPECIAL TOOLS AND LUBRICANTS}
- Flash/SRAM data copy tool (P/N: A1939353)
- Flash/SRAM data copy board (P/N: H5159500)
- Image Sensor Shading Chart (P/N: H0689300)

\subsection*{5.2. PM TABLE}

\section*{Scanner}
\begin{tabular}{||l|c|c|l|}
\hline \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ Item } & 30K & 60K & \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ Notes } \\
\hline Exposure Glass & C (user) & C (user) & Soft cloth and water \\
\hline ADF White Roller & C (user) & C (user) & Soft cloth and water \\
\hline Document Pick-up Roller & C (user) & C (user) & Soft cloth and water \\
\hline Separation Pad & C (user) & C (user) & Soft cloth and water \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Printer}
\begin{tabular}{|l|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ Item } & 30K & 60K & Notes \\
\hline Paper Pick-up Roller & C & C & Soft cloth and water \\
\hline Transfer Unit & R & R & \\
\hline Fusing Unit & R & R & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Paper Feed Unit (Optional)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Item & 30K & 60K & Notes \\
\hline Paper Pick-up Roller & C & C & Soft cloth and water \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\author{
C: Clean, R: Replace
}

\section*{6. REPLACEMENT AND ADJUSTMENT}
\begin{tabular}{|l|}
\hline\(\triangle\) WARNING \\
The machine contains a laser beam generator. Laser beams can cause \\
permanent eye damage. Do not open the laser unit or look along the \\
laser beam path while the main power is on. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{\(\triangle\) CAUTION}

Before starting disassembly, be sure to print all message files in the SAF memory. Then, turn off the main switch and disconnect the power cord for safety.

\section*{Lithium Battery}

The danger of explosion exists if a battery of this type is incorrectly replaced. Replace only with the same or an equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Discard used batteries in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

\subsection*{6.1. COVERS}

\subsection*{6.1.1. Left and Right Covers}

A: Left Cover (2 screws, 2 hooks)
B: Right Cover (2 screws, 2 hooks)

\subsection*{6.1.2. Shield Covers}

Remove the Right Cover (see Left and Right Covers).


\subsection*{6.1.3. Front Cover}

Remove the Left and Right Covers (see Left and Right Covers).


\subsection*{6.1.4. Operation Panel Assembly}

Remove the Upper Right Cover (see Shield Covers).

h528r505.wmf

A: Operation Panel Assembly (2 screws, 1 tapping screw with ground wire, 1 connector, 2 hooks)

\subsection*{6.2. SCANNER}

\subsection*{6.2.1. Scanner Unit}

Remove the following:
Left and Right Covers (see Left and Right Covers)
Right Shield Cover and Upper Right Cover (see Shield Covers) Operation Panel Assembly (see Operation Panel Assembly)
FCU (see FCU and Mechanical Control Board)

h528r508.wmf

A: Scanner Unit (4 tapping screws, 1 screw with ground wire)

\subsection*{6.2.2. Contact Image Sensor}

Remove the Operation Panel (see Operation Panel Assembly).

h528r509.wmf
Unhook the left [A] and right pins of the scanner upper cover.
B: Contact Image Sensor Assembly ( 1 screw with ground wire, 1 connector, 2 hooks)
Contact Image Sensor (3 screws, 1 screw with ground wire)
After replacing the image sensor, do the shading initialization by service function 10-2. (See section 4-1-16 for details.)

\subsection*{6.2.3. Tx Motor and Document Feed Solenoid}

Remove the following:
Left Cover and Right Cover (see Left and Right Covers)
Upper Right Cover and Right Shield Cover (see Shield Covers)
Front Cover (see Front Cover)

h528r510.wmf

A: Tx Motor (2 screws, 2 wire clamps, 1 connector on the FCU)
B: Document Feed Solenoid (1 tapping screw, 2 wire clamps, 1 connector on the FCU)

\subsection*{6.2.4. Document Pick-up Roller}

Remove the scanner upper cover (see Contact Image Sensor).


A: Ground Plate (1 tapping screw)
B: Scanner Right Inner Cover (1 hook, 1 pin)
C: Document Pick-up Roller Assembly (2 E-rings, 1 gear, 1 coil spring, 1 spring cover, 1 plastic cam, 1 pin, 2 bushings, 2 hooks)
Note: Be careful not to break the hooks [D] when removing the document pick-up roller assembly.
Slide the Document Feed Roller [E] to the right together with the white plastic roller clipped to the shaft on the right.
Note: Be careful not to drop the pins when disassembling.
E: Document Feed Roller
Note: During reassembly, ensure that the end of the spring \([\mathrm{F}]\) is placed into any of the five notches [G]. Also ensure that the other end of the spring \([\mathrm{H}]\) is placed into the notch on the cam [I].

\subsection*{6.2.5. Document Exit Roller}

Remove the Scanner Unit (see Scanner Unit).



A: Mounting Plate (4 tapping screws)
B: Tx Motor Assembly (3 tapping screw, 1 screw)
C: Exit Roller Drive Gear
D: Document Exit Roller (see the next page)

h528r515.wmf

\subsection*{6.2.6. Document Sensor Board}


A: Speaker Mount Bracket (1 screw, 1 screw with ground wire, 1 connector)
B: Document Sensor Board (3 tapping screws, 1 connector)

\subsection*{6.2.7. Document Exit Feeler, Document Raising Plate, and Lower Document Feed Guide Assembly}

Unhook the scanner upper cover, and remove the document sensor board (see Document Sensor Board) and the document exit roller (see Document Exit Roller).

[A]

A: Document Exit Feeler (1 clip): Remove the document feed roller (see Document Feed Roller).
B: Document Upper Guide (4 pins)
C: Document Raising Plate (2 pins)
D: Ground Plate (1 screw)
E: Lower Document Feed Guide Assembly (3 tapping screws)
Note: Be careful not to break the feelers when removing the lower document feed guide assembly.

\subsection*{6.2.8. Platen Roller, Document Set Feeler, and Registration Feeler}

Remove the lower document feed guide assembly (see Document Exit Feeler, Document Raising Plate, and Lower Document Feed Guide Assembly).

h528r517.wmf

A: Platen Roller (1 clipped gear, 2 bushings)
B: Document Set Feeler (2 hooks)
C: Registration Feeler (2 hooks)
Note: Be careful not to break the hooks.

\subsection*{6.2.9. Friction Pad}

Remove the document feed roller (see Document Feed Roller).


A: Friction Pad (2 hooks)
Note: Be careful not to break the hooks.

\subsection*{6.3. PRINTER}

\subsection*{6.3.1. FCU and Mechanical Control Board}

Remove the Right Cover (see Left and Right Covers) and Right Shield Cover (see Shield Covers).


A: FCU (4 screws, 10 connectors on the face, 1 connector on the back)
B: Mechanical Control Board (1 screw, 1 stud, 11 connectors)
After replacing the FCU, do the shading initialization by service function 10-2. (See section 4-1-16 for details.)

\subsection*{6.3.2. NCU and 5V PSU Board}

Remove the Right Cover (see Left and Right Covers), Right Shield Cover (see Shield Covers), and FCU (see FCU and Mechanical Control Board).

h528r504.wmf

A: NCU (4 screws, 2 connectors)
B: 5V PSU Board ( 2 screws, 1 stud, 1 connector)

\subsection*{6.3.3. Speaker}

Remove the Right Cover (see Left and Right Covers) and Right Shield Cover (see Shield Covers).


A: Speaker (2 screws, 1 connector).

\subsection*{6.3.4. Optical Unit}

Remove the scanner unit (see Scanner Unit), the FCU (see FCU and Mechanical Control Board), and the left cover (see Left and Right Covers).


Laser beams can cause permanent eye damage. Do not open the laser unit or look along the laser beam path while the main power is on.

\subsection*{6.3.5. Transfer Unit}


A: Cable Cover 1 (1 screw, 4 hooks)
B: Transfer Unit (2 screws, 2 connectors)

\subsection*{6.3.6. Fusing Unit Fan}

\section*{[C]}


A: Harness Cover (2 hooks)
B: Fusing Unit Fan Cover (1 screw, 2 hooks)
C: Fusing Unit Fan (2 hooks)

\subsection*{6.3.7. Top Cover Assembly}

h528r521.wmf
Remove cable cover 1 (see Transfer Unit).
A: Cable Cover 2 (1 screw)
B: Top Cover Assembly (2 pins, 1 harness clamp, 4 connectors)

\subsection*{6.3.8. Fusing Cover Gears}


To remove components in the fusing section, remove the top cover assembly first (see Top Cover Assembly).

Remove the gear cover [ A ] (1 screw), then the inner gears and the torsion springs can be taken off.

\subsection*{6.3.9. Fusing Cover and Harness Cover}

h521r523.wmf
Remove the gear cover (see Fusing Cover Gears).
A: Fusing Cover (4 screws)
B: Harness Cover (2 hooks)

\subsection*{6.3.10. Fusing Lamp}

Remove the fusing cover (see Fusing Cover and Harness Cover).


A: Fusing Lamp (2 terminals)

\subsection*{6.3.11. Fusing Unit}


A: Fusing Unit (3 screws, 1 screw with ground plate, 1 connector, entrance guide)
Remove the fusing cover (see Fusing Cover and Harness Cover) and the transfer unit (see Transfer Unit).

\subsection*{6.3.12. Thermistor, Thermostat, and Exit Sensor}

Remove the fusing unit (see Fusing Unit), then remove the thermistor [A] with bracket (1 screw).
 ness clamp)
B: Thermostat (2 screws)
C: Exit Sensor (3 hooks)
h528r526.wmf

\subsection*{6.3.13. Pressure Roller and Hot Roller}


A: Pressure Roller (2 springs, 2 bushings)
B: Hot Roller (2 G-rings, 1 gear, 2 bushings)

\subsection*{6.3.14. Exit Roller and PCB-R}

Remove the fusing unit (see Fusing Unit).

h528r529.wmf
A: Exit Roller (2 bushings, 1 gear)
B: PCB-R (2 screws with ground plate)

\subsection*{6.3.15. PSU}

Remove the transfer unit (see Transfer Unit).


A: Bracket (2 screws with washer, 3 screws, 1 screw with ground plate)
B: PSU (4 screws, 1 connector, 1 harness clamp)

\subsection*{6.3.16. High Voltage Power Supply, Toner End Sensor, and Paper End Sensor}


A: Bottom Cover (1 screw, 1 hook)
B: High Voltage Power Supply (3 tapping screws with terminals, 1 screw with cable, 2 connectors)
C: Toner End Sensor (3 hooks)
D: Paper End Sensor (2 hooks)

\subsection*{6.4. PAPER FEED SECTION}

To disassemble the feed section, turn the machine upside down and approach it from the bottom.


\subsection*{6.4.1. Bottom Plate Assembly and Paper Lifting Plate}


A: Bottom Plate Assembly (4 screws)
B: Paper Raising Plate (2 pins)

\subsection*{6.4.2. Paper Pick-up Solenoid, Registration Sensor, Paper Feed Roller, and Paper Separation Pad}

To remove these components, remove 3 screws then turn the paper feed guide assembly [A] upside down as shown in the diagram.


B: Paper Separation Pad (2 hooks)
C: Paper Feed Roller (1 clipped gear)
D: Registration Sensor (4 hooks, 1 connector)
E: Paper Pick-up Solenoid (1 screw with ground plate, 1 connector)

\subsection*{6.4.3. Paper Pick-up Roller}

Remove the following:
- Left cover (see Left and Right Covers)
- Bottom plate assembly and paper lifting plate (see Bottom Plate Assembly and Paper Lifting Plate)
- Paper feed guide assembly (see Paper Pick-up Solenoid, and Registration Sensor, etc).

[B]

Remove 4 screws [A].
Remove bushing [B] (1 E-ring, 2 hooks).
Unhook the two hooks on bushing [C].
Remove the pick-up roller [D] (1 pin).
Note: Be careful not to drop the pin [E] when removing the pick-up roller.

\subsection*{6.5. 2ND PAPER FEED UNIT}

\subsection*{6.5.1. Upper Guard, and Left and Right Covers}


A: Upper Guard (3 hooks)
B: Left Cover (2 screws, 2 pins)
C: Right Cover (2 screws, 2 pins)

\subsection*{6.5.2. Paper Pick-up Roller and Paper Pick-up Solenoid}

h528r539.wmf

A: Paper Pick-up Assembly (5 screws, 1 connector)

h528r544.wmf
B: Feed Gear Assembly (1 screw, 1 screw with upper left feed guide [C])
D: Pick-up Roller (1 E-ring, 1 bushing, 1 pin)
Note: Be careful not to drop the pin when removing the pick-up roller.
E: Paper Pick-up Solenoid (1 screw)

\subsection*{6.6. IMAGE ADJUSTMENT}

\subsection*{6.6.1. Overview}


This section explains how to adjust various scanning and printing parameters. Among these are the margin parameters shown in the diagram below, which are named in accordance with the table below the diagram.
\begin{tabular}{|c|l|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{2}{*}{ Parameters } & \multirow{2}{*}{ Description } & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{ Adjustable by } \\
\cline { 3 - 5 } & & Fax - Tx & Fax - Rx & Copying \\
\hline W1 & Left margin & Not adjustable & Printer & Printer \\
\hline W2 & Print/Scan width & Not adjustable & Not adjustable & Not adjustable \\
\hline L1 & Top margin & Scanner & Printer & Scanner/Printer \\
\hline L2 & Print/Scan length & Not adjustable & Not adjustable & Not adjustable \\
\hline L3 & Bottom margin & Scanner & Not adjustable & Scanner \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{§ CAUTION}

The factory settings may not be the same as the "Initial settings" described in the following procedures. The RAM reset level 1 will reset all the scan and print margin parameters to the "Initial settings."

\subsection*{6.6.2. Scanner Parameters}

\section*{1. Contrast}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{2}{*}{} & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{ Text Mode } & \multicolumn{2}{c|}{ Halftone Mode } \\
\cline { 2 - 5 } & Bit Switch & Initial Setting & Bit Switch & Initial Setting \\
\hline Normal & Scanner 02 & \(09(\mathrm{H})\) & Scanner 05 & \(07(\mathrm{H})\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{2. Margins}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Parameter & Formula & RAM Address & Unit & Initial Setting \\
\hline W1, W2 & Not adjustable & & & \\
\hline L1 & \begin{tabular}{l}
This parameter changes the number of \(t x\) motor steps after the scan line sensor is activated. \\
To increase the margin by x mm : \\
New setting = Current setting + 7.7x \\
To decrease the margin by x mm : \\
New setting = Current setting - 7.7x
\end{tabular} & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { 800296(H) } \\
\text { (low) } \\
800297(H) \\
\text { (high) }
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\frac{1}{7.7} \mathrm{~mm}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{BB}(\mathrm{H}) \\
& 00(\mathrm{H})
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline L2 & Not adjustable (Original length - L1 - L3) & & & \\
\hline L3 & \begin{tabular}{l}
This parameter changes the number of tx motor steps after the scan line sensor is deactivated. \\
To increase the margin by xmm : \\
New setting = Current setting - 7.7x \\
To decrease the margin by x mm : \\
New setting = Current setting + 7.7x
\end{tabular} & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { 800298(H) } \\
\text { (low) } \\
800299(\mathrm{H}) \\
\text { (high) }
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\frac{1}{7.7} \mathrm{~mm}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 10(\mathrm{H}) \\
& 00(\mathrm{H})
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\subsection*{6.6.3. Printer Parameters}

\section*{1. Margins (Main Scan Direction)}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Parameter & Formula & \begin{tabular}{l}
RAM \\
Address
\end{tabular} & Unit & Initial Setting \\
\hline W1 & \begin{tabular}{l}
1. Fax and Copy Mode \\
To increase the margin by \(\times \mathrm{mm}\) : New setting \(=\) Current setting \(+0.5 x\) \\
To decrease the margin by x mm : New setting = Current setting - 0.5 x
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
Standard paper tray 8002C0(H) \\
Optional paper feed 8002C1(H)
\end{tabular} & 0.5 mm & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 05(\mathrm{H}) \\
& 05(\mathrm{H})
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline W2 & Not adjustable & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{2. Margins (Sub Scan Direction)}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Parameter & Formula & \begin{tabular}{l}
RAM \\
Address
\end{tabular} & Unit & Initial Setting \\
\hline L1 & To increase the margin by x mm : New setting = Current setting + 0.45x To decrease the margin by xmm : New setting = Current setting - 0.45x & \begin{tabular}{l}
Standard paper tray 8002B4(H) \\
Optional paper feed 8002B5(H)
\end{tabular} & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 0.45 \\
& \mathrm{~mm}
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 06(\mathrm{H}) \\
& 06(\mathrm{H})
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline L2 & Not adjustable & & & \\
\hline L3 & Not adjustable & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{7. TROUBLESHOOTING}

\subsection*{7.1. COPY QUALITY TROUBLESHOOTING}

If there is a copy quality problem that cannot be solved easily, try using the following troubleshooting procedures, while referring to the point-to-point diagram. The procedures may not be exhaustive, but they may help you to find the problem.


H516T514.wmf

First, distinguish whether the problem is caused by the remote terminal or by your machine. If the problem is caused by your machine, distinguish whether it is due to a scanner problem or a printer problem.

\subsection*{7.1.1. Blank Copies}

\section*{Possible Cause (Printer):}
- The DTM is not installed.
- Poor drum sensitivity.
- Laser optic components are out of position.
- The proper bias is not applied to the development roller.
- The proper bias is not applied to the transfer roller.

\section*{Action:}
1. Check if the DTM is installed in the machine.

If it is, do the following.
2. Print a test pattern, and open the cover in the middle of printing.
3. Check if there is toner adhered to the drum surface. If there is, do the following. If not, go to step 4.
- Check if the transfer roller is installed correctly or not.
4. Check if there is toner on the surface of the development roller. If there is, do the following. If not, go to step 5.
- Check if all the laser optic components are properly positioned.
- Try replacing the DTM.
5. Check if the toner tank in the DTM is empty or not. (Try replacing the DTM.) If it is, do the following. If not, go to step 6.
- Check or replace the toner end sensor.
6. If the problem still remains, check the connections behind the high voltage power supply and the power supply itself.

\subsection*{7.1.2. Black Copies}

\section*{Possible Cause (Scanner)}
- The contact image sensor is defective.

\section*{Action:}
1. Check the connection between the FCU (CN5) and the contact image sensor.
2. Replace the contact image sensor.

\section*{Possible Cause (Printer)}
- The charge is not properly applied.

\section*{Action:}
1. Check if all the charge bias terminals on the DTM are properly connected.
- If they are, go to step 2.
- If not, fix the connections.
2. Check the connctions behind the high voltage power supply. If the problem still remains, replace the high voltage power supply.

\subsection*{7.1.3. Dirty or Dark Background}

\section*{Possible Cause (Scanner)}
- Scanner shading correction error or wrong threshold.

\section*{Action:}
1. Do the image sensor initialization with service function 10 (Shading Test). (Refer to section 4-1.)
2. Adjust the scanner contrast threshold settings.

\section*{Possible Cause (Printer)}
- Poor drum sensitivity.
- The charge is not properly applied.
- The hot roller is dirty.

\section*{Action:}
1. Try replacing the DTM.
2. Check if the hot roller surface is dirty or not.
- If it is, clean the roller
- If not, go to step 3.
3. Check if all the charge bias terminals on the DTM are properly connected.
- If they are, check or replace the high voltage power supply.
- If not, fix the connections.

\subsection*{7.1.4. Uneven Image Density Across the Main Scan}

\section*{Possible Cause (Scanner)}
- Dirty exposure glass
- Partial scanner lamp defect
- Scanner shading correction error or wrong threshold.

\section*{Action}
- Clean the exposure glass of the image sensor.
- Replace the image sensor.
- Do the image sensor initialization with service function 10 (Shading Test). Refer to section 4-1.

\section*{Possible Cause (Printer)}
- Poor drum sensitivity.
- Dirty laser optic components.
- The doctor blade is deformed, or incorrectly positioned.
- Uneven toner supply in the toner hopper.

\section*{Action:}
1. Print a test pattern, and open the cover in the middle of printing.
2. Check if the toner is evenly distributed on the development roller.
- If it is not, check the doctor blade, and the toner supply mechanism in the toner hopper. If it is, go to step 3.
3. Check if the toner is evenly distributed on the drum.
- If it is not, check the drum sensitivity and the laser optic components.
- If it is, check if there is any dirt on the transfer roller surface.

\subsection*{7.1.5. Vertical Black Lines}

\section*{Possible Cause (Scanner)}
- Defective contact image sensor element(s).
- Dirt or dust on the exposure glass.

\section*{Action:}
1. Clean the exposure glass.
2. Replace the contact image sensor.

\section*{Possible Cause (Printer)}
- Dirty hot roller stripper.

\section*{Action:}
1. Clean the hot roller stripper.

\subsection*{7.1.6. Horizontal Black Lines}

\section*{Possible Cause (Printer)}
- The drum surface is scratched or damaged..

\section*{Action:}
1. Check that the surface of the drum is not damaged.
- Change the DTM if it is damaged.

\subsection*{7.1.7. Vertical White Lines}

\section*{Possible Cause (Scanner)}
- Defective image sensor element(s).

\section*{Action:}
- Replace the image sensor.

\section*{Possible Cause (Printer)}
- The laser optic components are dirty.

\section*{Action:}
- Clean the laser optic components.

\subsection*{7.1.8. Horizontal White Lines}

\section*{Possible Cause (Printer)}
- The surface of the development roller is damaged or deformed.
- The development bias is not stable.
- Transfer bias is not stable.

\section*{Action:}
1. Print a test pattern, and open the cover in the middle of printing.
2. Check if horizontal white lines (where toner is not adhered) appear on the drum surface or not.
- If they do, go to step 3.
- If not, check the transfer roller surface and the transfer bias terminals connections. If they are OK, check or replace the high voltage power supply.
3. Check if horizontal white lines (where toner is not adhered) appear on the development roller surface or not.
- If they do, check if the development roller surface is not deformed. If it is OK, check or replace the high voltage power supply.
- If not, check for damage on the drum surface.

\subsection*{7.1.9. Black Dots/Spots}


\section*{Possible Cause (Scanner)}
- Dust on the exposure glass.

\section*{Action:}
- Clean the exposure glass.
- Try disabling MTF.

\section*{Possible Cause (Printer)}
- The drum surface is damaged (this is likely if the dots appear at 94.2 mm intervals).

\section*{Action:}
- Replace the DTM.

\subsection*{7.1.10. White Spots in Black Image Areas}


\section*{Possible Cause (Printer)}
- The drum surface is damaged (this is likely if the dots appear at 94.2 mm intervals).
- The development roller surface is damaged (this is likely if the dots appear at 51.8 mm intervals).

\section*{Action:}
- Replace the DTM.

\subsection*{7.1.11. Faint Copies}

\section*{Possible Causes (Scanner)}
- Scanner shading correction error or wrong scan threshold.
- Contact image sensor (LED, sensor element) defect

\section*{Action:}
- Do the image sensor initialization by service function 10 (Shading Test). (Refer to section 4-1.)
- Adjust the scan threshold settings.
- Replace the image sensor.

\section*{Possible Causes (Printer)}
- Poor drum sensitivity.
- Dirty laser optic components.
- Incorrect development/ transfer bias.
- Low toner.
- Low fusing temperature.

\section*{Action:}
1. Check whether the toner saving feature has not been selected with the user parameters. (If it has been selected, there is no problem.)
2. Print a test pattern, and open the cover in the middle of printing.
3. Check if the toner on the paper at the entrance of the fusing unit looks faint or not.
- If it does, check or replace the fusing lamp, thermistor, and PSU.
- If it does not, go to step 4.
4. Check if the toner on the drum looks faint or not.
- If it does, go to step 5 .
- If it does not, check the connection between the transfer bias terminals and high voltage power supply.
5. Check if the toner on the development roller looks faint or not.
- If it does, check all the connections between the development roller and the high voltage power supply.
- If it does not, try replacing the DTM.

\subsection*{7.1.12. Unfused Copies}

\section*{Possible Cause (Printer)}
- The thermistor is defective.
- The fusing pressure roller spring mechanism is defective.
- The wrong type of toner is being used.
- A non-recommended type of paper is being used.

\section*{Action:}
1. Check if the correct type of paper and toner are being used.
- If it is, go to step 2.
- If not, use recommended types of paper and toner.
2. Try replacing the fusing lamp and the roller.

\subsection*{7.1.13. Ghost Image}

\section*{Possible Cause (Printer)}
- Poor drum sensitivity.
- Dirty hot roller

\section*{Action:}
- Replace the DTM.
- Clean the hot roller surface.

\subsection*{7.1.14. Toner on the Back of the Printer Paper}

\section*{Possible Cause (Printer)}
- Dirty transfer roller
- Dirty fusing pressure roller

\section*{Action:}
1. Check if the transfer roller is dirty with toner or not.
- If it is, clean the roller surface.
- If not, go to step 2.
2. Check if the fusing pressure roller is dirty with toner or not.
- If it is, clean the fusing pressure roller.
- If not, check for any other dirty rollers and clean them.

\subsection*{7.1.15. Misaligned Output (Data shifted to the right or left)}

\section*{Possible Cause (Scanner)}
- Incorrect setting of the document guide.

\section*{Action:}
- Align each side of the document to the document guides.

\section*{Possible Cause (Printer)}
- The laser optics are misaligned.
- Improper print margin setting (main scan direction).

\section*{Action:}
- Adjust the main scan print margin. (Refer to Section 5-5.)
- Check that the laser optics are aligned correctly.

\subsection*{7.1.16. Misaligned Output (Image shifted vertically)/Reduced Image}

\section*{Possible Cause:}
- Improper print margin (sub scan direction).

\section*{Action:}
- Adjust the sub scan print margin. (Refer to Section 5-5.)

\subsection*{7.2. MECHANICAL PROBLEMS}

\subsection*{7.2.1. ADF/Scanner}

\section*{1. Non Feed}

\section*{Possible Cause:}
- An incorrect type or size of document is used.
- The operation panel is not properly closed.
- The pick-up and feed rollers are dirty or worn out.
- The document pick-up solenoid is defective.
- The clutch mechanism for document pick-up is defective.
- Incorrect positioning of the separation pad, or the pad is missing.
- The Tx motor is defective.

\section*{Action:}
1. Check that a correct type of document is being used.
2. Check that the operation panel is securely closed.
3. If the problem still remains, do the following.
- Clean the pick-up and feed rollers with a soft cloth and water, and replace them if they are damaged.
- Check the document pick-up solenoid is working properly.
- Check the spring clutch mechanism for the pick-up roller and replace it if it is damaged.
- Check the connection between the FCU (CN7) and the Tx motor.
- Replace the Tx motor.

\section*{2. Jam}

\section*{Possible Cause:}
- An incorrect type or size of document is used.
- The document is too long.
- The scanner rollers (pick-up and feed rollers) are dirty.
- Obstruction in the document paper path.
- The scan line sensor is defective.
- Defective tx motor

\section*{Action:}
1. Check that a correct type of document is being used, and that the document length is within the maximum setting.
2. Check for obstructions in the paper path.
3. If the problem still remains, do the following.
- Clean the rollers with a soft cloth and water, and replace them if they are damaged.
- Check that the scan line sensor is working correctly.
- Replace the Tx motor.

\section*{3. Skew}

\section*{Possible Cause:}
- An incorrect type or size of document is used.
- The document guide is not properly set.
- The operation panel is not properly closed.
- The scanner rollers (pick-up and feed rollers) are dirty.
- Obstruction in the document paper path.

\section*{Action:}
1. Check that a correct type of document is being used.
2. Check that the operation panel is securely closed and also check that the document guide is properly set.
3. Check for obstructions in the paper path.
4. If the problem still remains, do the following.
- Clean the rollers with a soft cloth and water, and replace them if they are damaged.

\section*{4. Multi-feed}

\section*{Action:}
- Clean or replace the separation pad.

\subsection*{7.2.2. Printer}

\section*{1. Non-feed}

\section*{Possible Cause:}
- A non-recommended type of paper is being used.
- The paper tray and the paper guide is not properly set.
- The paper pick-up mechanism is not working properly.
- Malfunction in the paper pick-up solenoid.
- Malfunction in the paper feed clutch.
- The paper pick-up roller is not properly set.
- The main motor is defective.
- The registration sensor is defective.

\section*{Action:}
1. Check that a correct type of paper is being used.
2. Check that the paper tray and the paper guide is correctly set and check that the paper is correctly set.
3. Check that the paper pick-up mechanism (the paper pick-up solenoid and the spring clutch is working properly.
4. Check that the paper pick-up roller is properly installed. Clean or replace if necessary.
5. Check that the registration sensor is working correctly.

\section*{2. Paper Jam - Inside the Printer}

\section*{Possible Cause:}
- A non-recommended type of paper is being used.
- The paper, paper tray, and/or the paper guide is not properly set.
- The registration sensor is defective.
- Obstruction in the paper path.
- The main motor is defective.

\section*{Action:}
1. Check if a correct type of paper is being used, and check that the paper and the paper tray and the paper guide are correctly set.
2. Check for obstructions in the paper path.
3. Check that the registration sensor is working properly.
5. If the problem still remains, do the following.
- Replace the main motor.
- Check the FCU output of power and drive signals to the main motor

\section*{3. Jam - Fusing Exit}

\section*{Possible Cause:}
- A non-recommended type of paper is being used.
- Obstruction in the paper path.
- The registration sensor is defective.
- Malfunction in the fusing drive mechanism.
- The paper exit sensor is defective.
- Malfunction in the pressure mechanism in the fusing unit.

\section*{Action:}
1. Check if a correct type of paper is being used.
2. Check for obstructions in the paper path.
3. Check that the registration sensor is working correctly.
4. Check all the gears in the fusing drive mechanism.
5. Check that the paper exit sensor is working correctly.
6. Check pressure mechanism in the fusing unit.

\section*{4. Skew}

\section*{Possible Cause:}
- A non-recommended type of paper is being used.
- Incorrect positioning of the paper guide.
- The paper pick-up rollers are worn out or damaged.
- Obstruction in the paper path.

\section*{Action:}
1. Check if a correct type of paper is being used.
2. Check that the paper guide is correctly set.
3. Check that the paper pick-up rollers are correctly installed and clean or replace them if necessary.
4. Check for obstructions in the paper path.

\section*{5. Multi-feed}

\section*{Possible Cause:}
- A non-recommended type of paper is being used.
- Incorrect positioning of the paper guide and/or the paper is not properly set.

\section*{Action:}
- Check if a correct type of paper is being used.
- Check that the paper guide and the paper are correctly set.

\subsection*{7.3. SERVICE CALL CONDITIONS}

If the Call Service indicator is lit, one of the following conditions has occurred.
\begin{tabular}{|l|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ Symptom } & Error Code & Sub-code & SC Code \\
\hline Laser diode failure & \(9-20\) & 22 & \(2-22\) \\
\hline Fusing unit failure & \(9-22\) & 02 & \(0-02\) \\
\hline Mirror motor error & \(9-23\) & 31 & \(3-31\) \\
\hline Fusing unit fan motor error & \(9-34\) & 51 & \(5-51\) \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
Unexpected printer error \\
(Printer Ready signal is not detected.)
\end{tabular} & \(9-35\) & 61 & \(6-61\) \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
Unexpected printer error \\
(Valid signal is not received.)
\end{tabular} & \(9-35\) & 62 & \(6-62\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

To find out which problem has occurred, either:
- See the Auto Service Call report that was sent to the service station by the machine. The sub-code is stored at RAM addresses 8002DC(H) and 8002F9(H).
- Check the error code history using service function 03.
- Try to clear the service call condition (for failures which are not related to the fusing unit): switch the power off, wait 10 seconds, then switch back on.
- An SC Code is displayed on the LCD panel when the error occurs.

If the problem remains, work through the appropriate troubleshooting procedure from the following pages.

After each troubleshooting attempt, reset the machine and try to operate it. If the machine still does not work, continue troubleshooting.

Symptom: LD Failure (Error Code 9-20)
This error occurs in the following condition:
- The laser power is out of the specified range (sub-code 22).

\section*{Action:}

Check that all the laser optic components are aligned correctly and clean them if necessary.
Check the connection between the MCB (CN5) and the LDDR.
Check that the square mirror and LDDR are correctly positioned.
If the problem still remains, replace the LDDR, MCB or FCU.

Symptom: Fusing Unit Failure (Error Code 9-22)
This error occurs in any of the following conditions:
- When the fusing temperature is below \(90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\) and does not increase at least \(20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\) within 12 to 30 seconds after the lamp turns on.
- If the fusing temperature does not exceed \(157{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\) within 60 seconds after the lamp turns on.
- If the fusing temperature drops below \(70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\) when low temperature mode \(\left(100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)\) is selected in the power saver mode.
- If the fusing temperature drops below \(145^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\) while printing.
- If the fusing temperature exceeds \(200^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\) for more than 50 ms .

\section*{Action:}

Before checking anything, do the following.
Reset the RAM address 8002DC(H) to \(00(\mathrm{H})\), then switch the power off, wait for a few seconds, then switch back on. If the problem remains, check the following points.
1. Check if ac power is supplied to the lamp from the PSU or not.

If not, replace the PSU.
2. Check the connection between the PSU and the fusing lamp.
3. Check if the thermistor is shorted or not. If it is, replace the thermistor.
4. Check the connection between the MCB (CN2) and the thermistor.
5. Replace the fusing lamp, thermistor, and/or PSU.

\section*{Symptom: Mirror Motor Failure (Error Code 9-23)}

This error occurs in either of the following conditions:
- When the line synchronization signal is not detected within 1 second of the mirror motor being turned on.
- When the motor rotation is not within \(8431.7 \mathrm{rpm} \pm 5 \%\) at 4.2 seconds after the motor turns on or if the motor is not within \(8431.7 \mathrm{rpm} \pm 3 \%\) for more than 0.5 second during mirror motor operation.

\section*{Action:}
1. Check the connection between the MCB (CN10) and the square mirror motor.
2. Replace the square mirror motor.
3. Replace the MCB.

\section*{Symptom: Fusing Unit Fan Motor Failure (Error Code 9-34)}

This error occurs in either of the following conditions:
- When the voltage of the fusing unit fan motor drops below 160 mV for more than \(2 \mathrm{sec}-\) onds while turning.

\section*{Action:}
1. Check the connection between the MCB (CN11) and the fusing unit fan motor.
2. Replace the fusing unit fan motor.
3. Replace the MCB.

Symptom: Unexpected printer error (Error Code 9-35)
This error occurs in either of the following conditions:
- When the Printer Ready signal is not detected longer than a certain period of time.
- When a valid signal from the printer is not detected within a certain period of time.

\section*{Action:}
1. Check the connection between the FCU (CN1) and the MCB.
2. Replace the MCB.
3. Replace the FCU.

\subsection*{7.4. ERROR CODES}

If an error code occurs, retry the communication. If the same problem occurs, try to fix the problem as suggested below. Note that error codes 4-00, 01, 02, and 10 only appear in the error code display and on the service report.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Code & Meaning & Suggested Cause/Action \\
\hline 0-00 & DIS/NSF not detected within 40 s of Start being pressed & \begin{tabular}{l}
Check the line connection. \\
Check the NCU - FCU connectors. \\
The machine at the other end may be incompatible. \\
Replace the NCU or FCU. \\
Check for DIS/NSF with an oscilloscope. \\
If the rx signal is weak, there may be a bad line.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 0-01 & DCN received unexpectedly & \begin{tabular}{l}
The other party is out of paper or has a jammed printer. \\
The other party pressed Stop during communication.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 0-03 & Incompatible modem at the other end & The other terminal is incompatible. \\
\hline 0-04 & CFR or FTT not received after modem training & \begin{tabular}{l}
Check the line connection. \\
Check the NCU - FCU connectors. \\
Try changing the tx level and/or cable equalizer settings. \\
Replace the FCU or NCU. \\
The other terminal may be faulty; try sending to another machine. \\
If the rx signal is weak or defective, there may be a bad line. \\
Cross reference \\
Tx level - NCU Parameter 01 (PSTN), RAM 807FB7 \\
(PABX) \\
Cable equalizer - G3 Switch 07 (PSTN) \\
Dedicated Tx parameters - Section 4-4
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 0-05 & Unsuccessful after modem training at 2400 bps & \begin{tabular}{l}
Check the line connection. \\
Check the NCU - FCU connectors. \\
Try adjusting the tx level and/or cable equalizer. \\
Replace the FCU or NCU. \\
Check for line problems. \\
Cross reference \\
See error code 0-04.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 0-06 & The other terminal did not reply to DCS & \begin{tabular}{l}
Check the line connection. \\
Check the FCU - NCU connectors. \\
Try adjusting the tx level and/or cable equalizer settings. \\
Replace the NCU or FCE. \\
The other end may be defective or incompatible; try sending to another machine. \\
Check for line problems. \\
Cross reference \\
See error code 0-04.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Code & Meaning & Suggested Cause/Action \\
\hline 0-07 & No post-message response from the other end after a page was sent & \begin{tabular}{l}
Check the line connection. \\
Check the FCU - NCU connectors. \\
Replace the NCU or FCU. \\
The other end may have jammed or run out of paper. The other end user may have disconnected the call. Check for a bad line. \\
The other end may be defective; try sending to another machine.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 0-08 & The other end sent RTN or PIN after receiving a page, because there were too many errors & \begin{tabular}{l}
Check the line connection. \\
Check the FCU - NCU connectors. \\
Replace the NCU or FCU. \\
The other end may have jammed, or run out of paper or memory space. \\
Try adjusting the tx level and/or cable equalizer settings. \\
The other end may have a defective modem/NCU/FCU; try sending to another machine. Check for line problems and noise. \\
Cross reference \\
Tx level - NCU Parameter 01 (PSTN), RAM 807FB7 (PABX) \\
Cable equalizer - G3 Switch 07 (PSTN) \\
Dedicated Tx parameters - Section 4-4
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 0-14 & Non-standard post message response code received & \begin{tabular}{l}
Check the FCU - NCU connectors. \\
Incompatible or defective remote terminal; try sending to another machine. \\
Noisy line: resend. \\
Try adjusting the tx level and/or cable equalizer settings. \\
Replace the NCU or FCU. \\
Cross reference \\
See error code 0-08.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 0-15 & The other end does not have the confidential or transfer function & The other terminal does not have the confidential rx or transfer function, or the other terminal's memory is full. \\
\hline 0-16 & CFR or FTT not detected after modem training in confidential or transfer mode & \begin{tabular}{l}
Check the line connection. \\
Check the FCU - NCU connectors. \\
Replace the NCU or FCU. \\
Try adjusting the tx level and/or cable equalizer settings. \\
The other end may have disconnected, or it may be defective; try calling another machine. \\
If the rx signal level is too low, there may be a line problem. \\
Cross reference \\
See error code 0-08.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 0-17 & Communication was interrupted by pressing the Stop key. & If the Stop key was not pressed and this error keeps occurring, replace the operation panel or OPU. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{ERROR CODES}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Code & Meaning & Suggested Cause/Action \\
\hline 0-20 & Facsimile data not received within 6 s of retraining & \begin{tabular}{l}
Check the line connection. \\
Check the FCU - NCU connectors. \\
Replace the NCU or FCU. \\
Check for line problems. \\
Try calling another fax machine. \\
Try adjusting the reconstruction time for the first line and/or rx cable equalizer setting. \\
Cross reference \\
Reconstruction time - G3 Switch 0A, bit 6 \\
Rx cable equalizer - G3 Switch 07 (PSTN)
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 0-21 & EOL signal (end-of-line) from the other end not received within 5 s of the previous EOL signal & \begin{tabular}{l}
Check the connections between the FCU, NCU, \& line. \\
Check for line noise or other line problems. \\
Replace the NCU or FCU. \\
The remote machine may be defective or may have disconnected. \\
Cross reference \\
Maximum interval between EOLs and ECM frames - \\
G3 Bit Switch 0A, bit 4
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 0-22 & The signal from the other end was interrupted for more than the acceptable modem carrier drop time (default: 0.2 s) & \begin{tabular}{l}
Check the line connection. \\
Check the FCU - NCU connectors. \\
Replace the NCU or FCU. \\
Defective remote terminal. \\
Check for line noise or other line problems. \\
Try adjusting the acceptable modem carrier drop time. \\
Cross reference \\
Acceptable modem carrier drop time - G3 Switch 0A, bits 0 and 1
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 0-23 & Too many errors during reception & \begin{tabular}{l}
Check the line connection. \\
Check the FCU - NCU connectors. \\
Replace the NCU or FCU. \\
Defective remote terminal. \\
Check for line noise or other line problems. \\
Try asking the other end to adjust their tx level. \\
Try adjusting the rx cable equalizer setting and/or rx error criteria. \\
Cross reference \\
Rx cable equalizer - G3 Switch 07 (PSTN) \\
Rx error criteria - Communication Switch 02, bits 0 and 1
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 0-24 & Printer failure occurred while the memory was full during non-ECM reception; negative response returned & \begin{tabular}{l}
There is no memory space available, or substitute reception is disabled. \\
Try asking the user to add optional extra memory.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{3}{*}{单} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Code} & Meaning & Suggested Cause/Action & \\
\hline & & The other terminal did not reply to NSS(A) in AI short protocol mode & \begin{tabular}{l}
Check the line connection. \\
Check the FCU - NCU connectors. \\
Try adjusting the tx level and/or cable equalizer settings. \\
The other terminal may not be compatible. \\
Cross reference \\
Dedicated tx parameters - Section 4-4
\end{tabular} & \\
\hline & 0-52 & Polarity changed during communication & Check the line connection. Retry communication. & \\
\hline & 1-00 & Document jam & \begin{tabular}{l}
Incorrectly inserted document or unsuitable document type. \\
Check the ADF drive components and sensors. \\
Cross reference \\
ADF mechanical problems - Section 7-2-1
\end{tabular} & \\
\hline & 1-01 & Document length exceeded the maximum & \begin{tabular}{l}
Try changing the maximum acceptable document length. \\
Divide the document into smaller pieces. \\
Check the ADF drive components and sensors. \\
Cross reference \\
Max. document length - Scanner switch 00, bits 2 and 3 \\
ADF mechanical problems - Section 7-2-1
\end{tabular} & \\
\hline & 1-10 & Paper at the scan line when the power was turned on. & \begin{tabular}{l}
Remove the paper. Check the scan line sensor. \\
Cross reference \\
ADF mechanical problems - Section 7-2-1
\end{tabular} & \\
\hline & 1-17 & Document jam in the feed-out area & \begin{tabular}{l}
Clear any debris from the sensor actuator. Check the ADF drive components and sensors. \\
Cross reference \\
ADF mechanical problems - Section 7-2-1
\end{tabular} & \\
\hline & 1-20 & Paper did not reach the fusing exit at the end of printing & \begin{tabular}{l}
Remove the paper. Check the printer drive components and sensors. \\
Cross reference Printer mechanical problems - Section 7-2-2
\end{tabular} & \\
\hline & 1-21 & Paper present at the fusing exit after printing & \begin{tabular}{l}
Remove the paper. \\
Check the printer drive components and sensors. \\
Cross reference \\
Printer mechanical problems - Section 7-2-2
\end{tabular} & \\
\hline & 1-30 & Paper ran out during printing & Add paper in the paper tray. & O \\
\hline & 1-34 & Paper ran out after printing & Add paper in the paper tray. & \% \\
\hline & 1-71 & The cover was opened during printing & Close the cover. & O
0
0
0 \\
\hline & 2-10 & The modem cannot enter tx mode & Replace the FCU. & \(\stackrel{1}{1}\) \\
\hline & 2-11 & Only one V. 21 connection flag was received & Change the FCU. & \\
\hline & 2-12 & Modem clock irregularity & Replace the FCU. & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{ERROR CODES}
\(\left.\)\begin{tabular}{||l|l|l||}
\hline Code & \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ Meaning } & \multicolumn{1}{c|}{ Suggested Cause/Action } \\
\hline \(2-20\) & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Abnormal \\
coding/decoding (cpu not \\
ready)
\end{tabular} & Replace the FCU. \\
\hline \(2-50\) & The machine reset itself & Replace the FCU. \\
\hline \(4-00\) & \begin{tabular}{l} 
One page took longer \\
than 8 minutes to transmit
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Check for a bad line. \\
Try the communication at a lower resolution, or \\
without halftone. \\
Change the FCU.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \(4-01\) & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Line current was cut \\
\hline \(4-02\)
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Check the line connector. \\
Check the connection between FCU and NCU. \\
received page as it was \\
longer than the maximum \\
limit.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Check for line problems. \\
Replace the FCU or the NCU.
\end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{l} 
Split the page into smaller pieces, or ask the other \\
end to change their maximum receive length setting, \\
then resend.
\end{tabular} \right\rvert\, \begin{tabular}{l} 
Communication failed \\
because of ID Code \\
mismatch (Closed \\
Network) or Tel. No./CSI \\
mismatch (Protection \\
against Wrong \\
Connections)
\end{tabular}\(\quad\)\begin{tabular}{l} 
Get the ID Codes the same and/or the CSIs \\
programmed correctly, then resend. \\
The machine at the other end may be defective.
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Code & Meaning & Suggested Cause/Action \\
\hline 6-04 & G3 ECM - RTC not detected & Check the line connection. Check connections from the NCU to the FCU. Check for a bad line or defective remote terminal. Replace the FCU or NCU. \\
\hline 6-05 & G3 ECM - facsimile data frame not received within 18 s of CFR, but there was no line fail & \begin{tabular}{l}
Check the line connection. \\
Check connections from the NCU to the FCU. \\
Check for a bad line or defective remote terminal. \\
Replace the FCU or NCU. \\
Try adjusting the rx cable equalizer \\
Cross reference \\
Rx cable equalizer - G3 Switch 07 (PSTN)
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 6-06 & G3 ECM coding/decoding error & \begin{tabular}{l}
Defective FCU. \\
The other terminal may be defective.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 6-08 & G3 ECM - PIP/PIN received in reply to PPS.NULL & The other end pressed Stop during communication. The other terminal may be defective. \\
\hline 6-09 & G3 ECM - ERR received & \begin{tabular}{l}
Check for a noisy line. \\
Adjust the tx levels of the communicating machines. \\
See code 6-05.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 6-10 & G3 ECM - error frames still received at the other end after all communication attempts at 2400 bps & \begin{tabular}{l}
Check for line noise. \\
Adjust the tx level (use NCU parameter 01 or the dedicated tx parameter for that address). \\
Check the line connection. \\
Defective remote terminal.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 6-11 & G3 ECM - printing impossible because of a missing first line in the MMR coding & Check for problems in the printer mechanism. \\
\hline 6-21 & V. 21 flag detected during high speed modem communication & The other terminal may be defective or incompatible. \\
\hline 6-39 & V. 21 signal not stopped within 6 s & Replace the FCU. \\
\hline 9-07 & Paper non-feed or jam at the paper entrance & \begin{tabular}{l}
If the problem persists, replace the FCU. \\
Cross reference \\
Paper non-feed - Section 7-2-2 \\
Jam at the paper entrance - Section 7-2-2
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 9-08 & Paper jam inside the development area & If the problem persists, replace the FCU. Cross reference Paper jam - Section 7-2-2 \\
\hline 9-09 & Paper jam in the fusing exit area & \begin{tabular}{l}
If the problem persists, replace the FCU. \\
Cross reference \\
Paper jam - Section 7-2-2
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 9-10 & Toner end detected & Replace the DTM. \\
\hline 9-12 & Cover open detected during printing & Close the cover, or check the cover sensors. \\
\hline 9-20 & Laser diode failure & \begin{tabular}{l}
If the problem persists, replace the MCB. Cross reference \\
LD failure - Section 7-3
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{ERROR CODES}
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|}
\hline Code & \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ Meaning } & \multicolumn{1}{c|}{ Suggested Cause/Action } \\
\hline \(9-22\) & Fusing lamp failure & \begin{tabular}{l} 
If the problem persists, replace the MCB. \\
Cross reference \\
Fusing lamp failure - Section 7-3
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \(9-23\) & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Polygonal mirror motor \\
failure
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
If the problem persists, replace the MCB. \\
Cross reference \\
Mirror motor failure - Section 7-3
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \(9-34\) & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Fusing unit fan motor \\
error
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
If the problem persists, replace the MCB. \\
Cross reference \\
Fusing unit fan motor error - Section 7-3
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \(9-35\) & Unexpected printer error & \begin{tabular}{l} 
If the problem persists, replace the MCB or FCU. \\
Cross reference \\
Fusing unit fan motor error - Section 7-3
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \(9-50\) & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Paper non-feed or jam at \\
the paper entrance \\
(when the paper feed \\
unit is used)
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
If the problem persists, replace the FCU. \\
Cross reference \\
Paper non-feed - Section 7-2-2 \\
Jam at the paper entrance - Section 7-2-2
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\subsection*{7.5. ELECTRICAL COMPONENT DEFECTS}

\subsection*{7.5.1. Defective Sensor Table}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Sensor & Symptoms if Defective \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Document sensor} & "CLEAR ORIGINAL" or "DIAL FAX NO" is displayed at power-up. \\
\hline & "SET DOCUMENT" is still displayed after a document is placed in the feeder. \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Scan line sensor} & "CLEAR ORIGINAL" is displayed at powerup. \\
\hline & "CLEAR ORIGINAL" is displayed soon after the start of copying. \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Interlock switches} & There is no alarm on opening the cover, and "CLOSE COVER" is not displayed. \\
\hline & "CLOSE COVER" is displayed at power-up. \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Registration sensor \\
Fusing exit sensor
\end{tabular}} & "CLEAR COPY" is displayed at power-up. \\
\hline & "CLEAR COPY" is displayed soon after the start of copying. \\
\hline Toner end sensor & Toner end is not indicated. \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Paper end sensor - Standard paper tray} & The Add Paper indicator lights even if paper is remaining. \\
\hline & The Add Paper indicator does not light when the paper has run out. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
```


[^0]:    Cross reference
    White level adjustment: Service Tables and Procedures (chapter 4) - Function 10, Shading Test

[^1]:    Cross reference
    Service station number: Service Function 13
    Troubleshooting: Chapter 7

[^2]:    Cross reference
    PM call enable/disable: System switch 01, bit 0

