

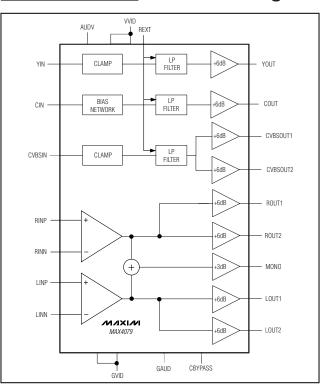
### \_ Features

- Integrated Video Reconstruction Filters—6MHz Lowpass Filter Supports NTSC, PAL, or DVB per ITU-601
- Integrated Video and Audio Amplifiers
- Integrated Video Input Clamps and Biasing
- Mono Audio and CVBS Output to Drive External Modulator
- +5V (Video) and +9V to +12V (Audio) Single-Supply Operation
- Differential/Single-Ended Audio Inputs
- ♦ 24-Pin TSSOP Package

### **Ordering Information**

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX4079CUG+	0°C to +70°C	24 TSSOP
	00104700	24 10001

+Denotes lead(Pb)-free package.



### **Functional Diagram**

### **General Description**

The MAX4079 filters and buffers video (NTSC/PAL/DVB) and stereo audio signals from the MPEG decoder of a cable/satellite receiver, VCR/DVD player, or a TV to an external load. The MAX4079 has luma-chroma (Y-C) and composite (CVBS) video inputs with one Y-C and two CVBS outputs. All video inputs are AC-coupled with internal DC biasing on the chroma input and active clamps for the luma and composite.

The MAX4079 video reconstruction filters have a 6MHz cutoff frequency and 50dB attenuation at 27MHz. The filters are matched with flat group delay for standard-definition video. The video gain is fixed at +6dB to drive a 75 $\Omega$  back-terminated load (150 $\Omega$ ) to unity gain. The video outputs can be either DC- or AC-coupled and are powered by a single +5V supply.

The MAX4079 audio amplifiers have differential inputs for optimum performance, but can be used with singleended sources with external biasing. The audio channels have a fixed gain of +6dB and deliver 2.6V<sub>RMS</sub> output with a differential input of  $\pm$ 1.85V. The audio amplifiers operate from a +9V to +12V single supply and feature an internal bias generator. An on-chip mixer also provides a mono output, with +3dB gain, derived from the left and right audio channels.

The MAX4079 is available in 24-pin TSSOP package, and is fully specified over the 0°C to +70°C commercial temperature range. The MAX4079 Evaluation Kit is available to help speed designs.

# \_\_ Applications

Satellite Receivers Cable Receivers Home Theater Systems DVD Players AV Receivers

Televisions

# Pin Configuration appears at end of data sheet.

\_ Maxim Integrated Products 1

For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim Direct at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim's website at www.maxim-ic.com.

### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

GVID to GAUD0.1V to +0.1V VVID to GVID0.3V to +6V
AUDV to GAUD0.3V to +14V
LINP, LINN, RINP, RINN, CBYPASS to GAUD0.3V to +6V
LOUT1, LOUT2, ROUT1, ROUT2,
MONO to GAUD0.3V to lower of (+9V and AUDV + 0.3V)
YIN, CIN, CVBSIN, REXT to GVID0.3V to (VVID + 0.3V)
YOUT, COUT, CVBSOUT1, CVBSOUT2 to
GVID0.3V to (VVID + 0.3V)
Video Output Short-Circuit Duration to GVID or
VVID

Audio Output Short-Circuit Duration to GAUD or

AUDVContinuous
Continuous Power Dissipation ( $T_A = +70^{\circ}C$ )
24-Pin TSSOP (derate 12.2mW/°C above +70°C)975.6mW
Operating Temperature Range0°C to +70°C
Storage Temperature Range65°C to +150°C
Junction Temperature+150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)+300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

### DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $(V_{VVID} = +5V, V_{AUDV} = +12V, V_{GVID} = V_{GAUD} = 0V, R_{LOAD\_VID} = 150\Omega$  to GVID,  $R_{REXT} = 10k\Omega \pm 1\%$ ,  $C_{CBYPASS} = 1\mu$ F,  $T_A = 0^{\circ}$ C to +70°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}$ C.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL CONDITIONS		MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS	
SUPPLIES				•			
Audio Supply Voltage Range	AUDV			8.5		12.6	V
Video Supply Voltage Range	VVID			4.75	5.0	5.25	V
Video Quiescent Supply Current	ICCV	$V_{VVID} = 5.25V$ , no AC-coupled to gro	load, all video inputs und		60	100	mA
Audio Quiescent Supply Current	ICCA	V <sub>AUDV</sub> = 12.6V, no biased at 2.5V	o load, audio inputs		8	15	mA
Thermal Shutdown	T <sub>SD</sub>	Rising die tempera	ature		+150		°C
Thermal-Shutdown Hysteresis	T <sub>SD,HYS</sub>				25		°C
VIDEO							
Voltage Gain	A <sub>V,VID</sub>	$V_{IN} = 1V_{P-P}$ , all vic	leo inputs, no load	5.8	6	6.2	dB
Gain Matching	$\Delta A_{V,VID}$	V <sub>IN</sub> = 1V <sub>P-P</sub> , all video inputs, no load		-0.4		+0.4	dB
	Varia	V <sub>IN,VID</sub> YIN, CVBSIN CIN		0		1.2	
Input Voltage Swing	VIN,VID			0		0.9	Vp-p
Clamp Voltage	VCLMP	CVBSOUT_ and YOUT, no signal, no load			1.0		V
Chroma Bias	VBIAS	COUT, no signal, no load			2.1		V
Droop	D	(Note 2)				2	%
REXT Reference Voltage	V <sub>REXT</sub>			0.85	1.00	1.15	V
		CVBSIN or YIN			2.3		MΩ
Input Resistance	R <sub>IN,VID</sub>	CIN			10		kΩ
Input Clamping Current	ICLMP	CVBSIN or YIN input, V <sub>IN</sub> = 3.5V		1	2.5	4	μA
		Vout,vid CVBSOUT_, YOUT COUT		2.4			
Output Voltage Swing	VOUT,VID			1.8			VP-P
Short-Circuit Current	ISC,VID	Video output shorted to VVID or GVID			50		mA
Power Supply Dejection Datio		$4.75V \le V_{VVID} \le$	YOUT/COUT		48		dD
Power-Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRRVID	5.25V	CVBSOUT_		48		dB

### DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

 $(V_{VVID} = +5V, V_{AUDV} = +12V, V_{GVID} = V_{GAUD} = 0V, R_{LOAD\_VID} = 150\Omega$  to GVID,  $R_{REXT} = 10k\Omega \pm 1\%$ ,  $C_{CBYPASS} = 1\mu$ F,  $T_A = 0^{\circ}$ C to +70°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}$ C.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
AUDIO						
Voltage Gain	Av, Aud	1.414VP-P differential input	5.8	6	6.2	dB
Mono Voltage Gain	Av,mono	$1.414V_{P-P}$ differential input, $L_{IN} = R_{IN}$	2.8	3	3.2	dB
Gain Matching Between Channels	ΔAv,aud	1.414VP-P differential input	-0.4		+0.4	dB
Input Voltage Range	Vin,aud	Inferred from CMRR test	0.3		5.2	V
Differential Input Voltage Range	VIN, AUD DIF	Inferred from output voltage swing	-1.85		+1.85	V
Input Current	I <sub>IN,AUD</sub>				2	μΑ
Output Voltage Swing	Vout, aud	Input overdriven, $10k\Omega$ load to 4.15V	7.4			Vp-p
Short-Circuit Current	ISC,AUD			15		mA
Power-Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRRAUD	$8.5V \le V_{AUDV} \le 12.6V$	70			dB
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR <sub>AUD</sub>	$0.3V \le V_{CM} \le 5.2V$	50	60		dB

### **AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

 $(V_{VVID} = +5V, V_{AUDV} = +12V, V_{GVID} = V_{GAUD} = 0V, R_{IN_VIDEO} = 75\Omega$  to GVID,  $C_{IN_VIDEO} = 0.1\mu$ F,  $R_{LOAD_VID} = 150\Omega$  to GVID,  $C_{OUT_AUDIO} = 10\mu$ F,  $R_{LOAD_AUD} = 10k\Omega \pm 1\%$  to GAUD,  $R_{REXT} = 10k\Omega$ ,  $C_{CBYPASS} = 1\mu$ F,  $T_A = 0^{\circ}$ C to +70°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}$ C.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
VIDEO							
		CVBSOUT1 = CVBSOUT2 = YOUT = COUT = 2VP-P;	f = 4MHz	-0.5		+0.5	
Filter Attenuation	AVIDEO	$R_L = 150\Omega$ to ground,	f = 7MHz		3		dB
		attenuation is referred to 100kHz	f = 27MHz	40	50		
Slew Rate	SR	$V_{OUT} = 2V_{P-P}$			30		V/µs
Differential Gain	DG	CVBSOUT_, YOUT, COUT, 5-step modulated staircase			0.5		%
Differential Phase	DP	CVBSOUT_, YOUT, COUT, 5-step modulated staircase			0.9		degrees
Power-Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRRVID	f = 100kHz, 0.5V <sub>P-P</sub>	YOUT/COUT		48		dB
rower-supply nejection hatto	FSNNVID	T = TOUKHZ, 0.3VP-P	CVBSOUT_		44		uВ
Peak Signal to RMS Noise	SNR <sub>VID</sub>	CVBSOUT_, YOUT, COUT, $V_{IN} = 1V_{P-P}$			65		dB
Group Delay Deviation	GD	CVBSOUT_, YOUT, COUT, $f_{IN} = 0.1MHz$ to 4.5MHz			25		ns
Output Impedance	Zout, vid	f = 3.58MHz			0.5		Ω
Capacitive Load	C <sub>L,VID</sub>	No sustained oscillations			35		pF
Video Crosstalk	X <sub>TALK,VID</sub>	$f = 3.58MHz$ , $1V_{P-P}$ input, between any two active inputs			-63		dB
Audio/Video Crosstalk	X <sub>TALK</sub> , VD/AD	f = 15kHz, 1V <sub>P-P</sub> input, betwe active audio or video inputs	een any two		-76		UD

### AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

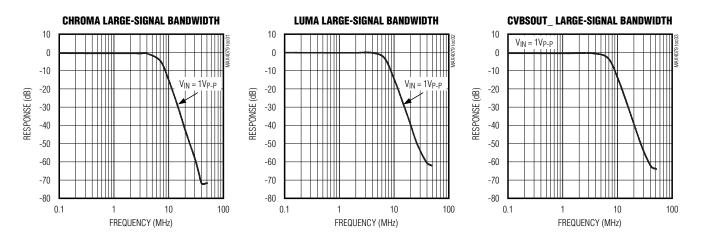
 $(V_{VVID} = +5V, V_{AUDV} = +12V, V_{GVID} = V_{GAUD} = 0V, R_{IN_VIDEO} = 75\Omega$  to GVID,  $C_{IN_VIDEO} = 0.1\mu$ F,  $R_{LOAD_VID} = 150\Omega$  to GVID,  $C_{OUT_AUDIO} = 10\mu$ F,  $R_{LOAD_AUD} = 10k\Omega \pm 1\%$  to GAUD,  $R_{REXT} = 10k\Omega$ ,  $C_{CBYPASS} = 1\mu$ F,  $T_A = 0^{\circ}$ C to +70°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}$ C.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
AUDIO	·					
Gain Flatness	ΔΑΑυρ	LOUT_, ROUT_, f <sub>IN</sub> = 20Hz to 20kHz, 0.5V <sub>RMS</sub> input		0.01		dB
Gain Flatness	AUD	MONO, $f_{IN} = 20Hz$ to 20kHz, 0.5V <sub>RMS</sub> input		0.01		UD UD
Signal-to-Noise Ratio	SNR <sub>AUD</sub>	f <sub>IN</sub> = 1.0kHz, 0.5V <sub>RMS</sub> , CCIR weighing highpass filter at 20Hz, lowpass filter at 20kHz		85		dB
Total Harmonic Distortion		$f_{IN} = 1.0 \text{kHz}, 0.5 \text{V}_{RMS}$		0.005		0/
Plus Noise	THD+N	$f_{IN} = 1.0 kHz, 1 V_{RMS}$		0.003		%
Output Impedance	Zo,aud	f = 1kHz		0.2		Ω
Power-Supply Rejection Ratio PSRRAUD, AC		$f = 1 kHz, V_{RIPPLE} = 200 mV_{P-P}$		60		dB
Crosstalk	$X_{TLK,AUD}$ f = 1kHz, 0.5V <sub>RMS</sub> input 70			dB		
Capacitive Load CL,AUD		No sustained oscillations		200		pF

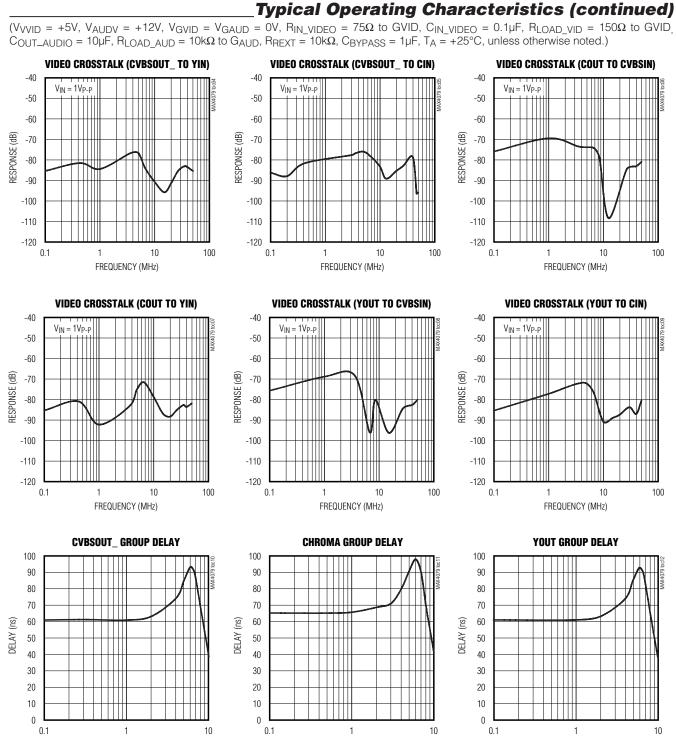
Note 1: All devices are 100% production tested at T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C. Specifications over temperature limits are guaranteed by design.
Note 2: Droop is defined as the percentage change in the DC level from the start to the end of a video line. Inferred from input clamping current with a 0.1µF coupling capacitor.

## **Typical Operating Characteristics**

 $(V_{VVID} = +5V, V_{AUDV} = +12V, V_{GVID} = V_{GAUD} = 0V, R_{IN\_VIDEO} = 75\Omega$  to GVID,  $C_{IN\_VIDEO} = 0.1\mu$ F,  $R_{LOAD\_VID} = 150\Omega$  to GVID,  $C_{OUT\_AUDIO} = 10\mu$ F,  $R_{LOAD\_AUD} = 10k\Omega$  to  $G_{AUD}$ ,  $R_{REXT} = 10k\Omega$ ,  $C_{BYPASS} = 1\mu$ F,  $T_A = +25^{\circ}$ C, unless otherwise noted.)



**MAX4079** 



FREQUENCY (MHz)

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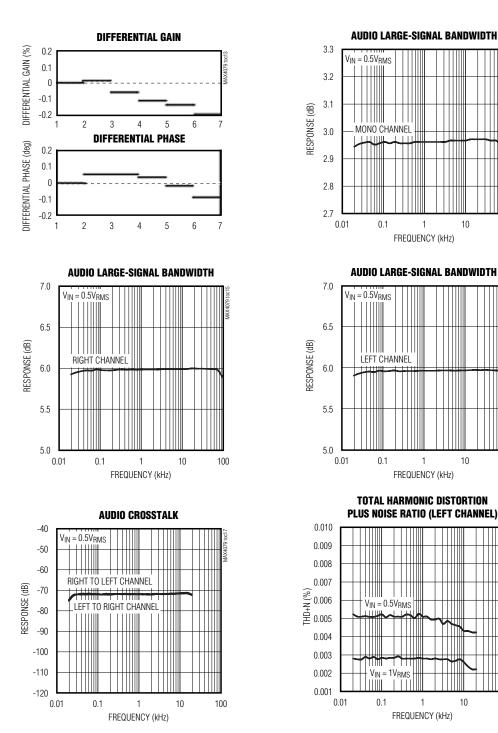
FREQUENCY (MHz)

FREQUENCY (MHz)

**MAX4079** 

### **Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)**

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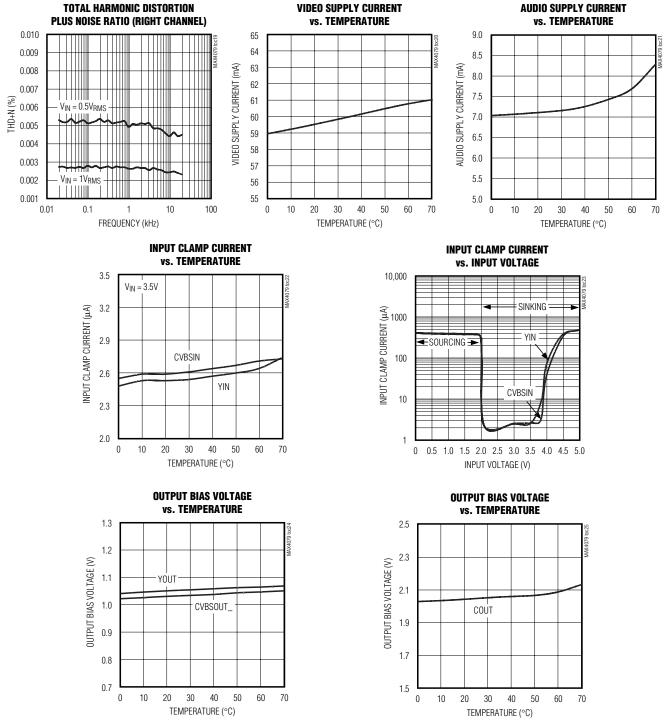
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### \_Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

 $(V_{VVID} = +5V, V_{AUDV} = +12V, V_{GVID} = V_{GAUD} = 0V, R_{IN\_VIDEO} = 75\Omega$  to GVID,  $C_{IN\_VIDEO} = 0.1\mu$ F,  $R_{LOAD\_VID} = 150\Omega$  to GVID,  $C_{OUT\_AUDIO} = 10\mu$ F,  $R_{LOAD\_AUD} = 10k\Omega$  to  $G_{AUD}$ ,  $R_{REXT} = 10k\Omega$ ,  $C_{BYPASS} = 1\mu$ F,  $T_A = +25^{\circ}$ C, unless otherwise noted.)



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**MAX4079** 

Pin Description
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	1	
PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1	REXT	External Filter Resistor. Bypass with a 10k $\Omega$ ±1% resistor and a 0.1µF capacitor to GVID
2, 24	VVID	Video Power-Supply Input
3	CVBSIN	Composite Video Input
4, 21	GVID	Video Ground
5	YIN	Luma Input
6	CBYPASS	Audio LDO Regulator Bypass Capacitor. Bypass with a1µF capacitor to GAUD.
7	CIN	Chroma Input
8	AUDV	Audio Power-Supply Input
9	LINP	Left-Channel Audio Positive Input
10	LINN	Left-Channel Audio Negative Input
11	RINN	Right-Channel Audio Negative Input
12	RINP	Right-Channel Audio Positive Input
13	ROUT2	Right-Channel Audio Output 2
14	ROUT1	Right-Channel Audio Output 1
15	GAUD	Audio Ground
16	MONO	Mono Audio Output
17	LOUT2	Left-Channel Audio Output 2
18	LOUT1	Left-Channel Audio Output 1
19	COUT	Chroma Video Output
20	YOUT	Luma Video Output
22	CVBSOUT1	Composite Video Output 1
23	CVBSOUT2	Composite Video Output 2

### **Detailed Description**

The MAX4079 filters and buffers video (NTSC/PAL/DVB) and stereo audio signals from the MPEG decoder of a cable/satellite receiver, VCR/DVD player, or a TV to an external load. The MAX4079 has luma-chroma (Y-C) and composite (CVBS) video inputs with one Y-C and two CVBS outputs. All video inputs are AC-coupled with internal DC biasing on the chroma input and active clamps for the luma and composite.

The MAX4079 video reconstruction filters have a 6MHz cutoff frequency and 50dB attenuation at 27MHz. The filters are matched, with flat group delay for standard-definition video. The video gain is fixed at +6dB to drive a 75 $\Omega$  back-terminated load (150 $\Omega$ ) to unity gain. The video outputs can be either DC- or AC-coupled and are powered by a single +5V supply.

The MAX4079 audio amplifiers have differential inputs for optimum performance, but can be used with singleended sources with external biasing. The audio channels have a fixed gain of +6dB and deliver  $2.6V_{RMS}$ output with a differential input of ±1.85V. The audio amplifiers operate from a +9V to +12V single supply and feature an internal bias generator. An on-chip mixer also provides a mono output, with +3dB gain, derived from the left and right audio channels.

#### Video

The video section of the MAX4079 implements DC restore/biasing, amplification, and reconstruction filtering for the Y-C and CVBS input signals. All of the video inputs are AC-coupled. DC restore is performed using a sync tip clamp for both luma and composite video channels. The chroma DC level input is biased at the midlevel of the signal.

All video channels have a fixed gain of +6dB. The DC level at the video outputs is controlled so that coupling capacitors are not required.

All composite and luma video outputs are capable of driving 2.4V<sub>P-P</sub>, and the chroma output is capable of driving 1.8V<sub>P-P</sub> into 150 $\Omega$  resistive load to ground. Up to 35pF of load capacitance can be tolerated at each video output without stability or slew-rate issues.





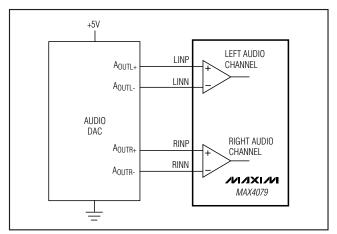


Figure 1. Differential Audio Inputs

All video inputs are stable with up to  $150\Omega$  source resistance. For higher values, consult Maxim applications.

#### Video Reconstruction Filter

The MAX4079 reconstruction filters are 4th-order Butterworth filters that provide a cutoff frequency of 6MHz and flat group delay response up to 4.5MHz. The stopband offers 26dB of attenuation at 13.5MHz and 50dB at 27MHz.

#### Audio

The audio section of the MAX4079 is a stereo amplifier with one differential input and two single-ended outputs for each channel (left and right). A mono output is provided by summing the two channels of the stereo signal together. The stereo channels have a +6dB typical gain, while the mono has a +3dB gain.

The audio inputs can be DC-coupled, eliminating spaceconsuming coupling capacitors. Each of the five outputs can deliver 2.6V<sub>RMS</sub> into an AC-coupled 10k $\Omega$  load.

#### Applications Information

#### **Audio DAC Interfacing**

#### Differential Audio DAC

The MAX4079 accepts differential audio signals. Figure 1 shows a typical configuration for connecting the device to an audio DAC with differential outputs. Figure 2 shows the reconstruction filters that can be used for the differential audio inputs. Carefully select resistors and capacitors to attenuate out-of-band noise and mini-

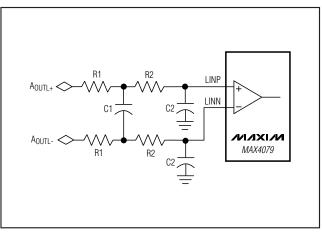


Figure 2. Filtering Differential Audio Inputs

mize the effect on the gain. The common-mode voltage for these signals is typically 2.5V.

#### Single-Ended Audio DAC

The MAX4079 can also be configured for single-ended inputs. Figure 3 shows how to connect an audio DAC with single-ended outputs to the MAX4079. Figure 4 shows how reconstruction filters can be used for single-ended audio inputs. Choose these values to minimize the effect on gain.

If the single-ended audio DAC does not include a common-mode voltage output, create a bias point with wellmatched resistors and couple the audio signal to the positive differential input (see Figure 5). The bias point can also be created using a resistor-divider network from the video supply voltage. Note that the tolerance of the resistors will affect the common-mode and powersupply rejection ratios. Tighter tolerances improve the performance of CMRR and PSRR, e.g., 1% resistors will not give any better than 40dB of CMRR and PSRR, whereas 0.1% resistors could improve the number to 60dB.

#### **Power Supplies and Bypassing**

The MAX4079 features single +5V (video) and +12V (audio) supply operation, and requires no negative supply. Connect the VVID pins together and bypass to GVID with 0.01 $\mu$ F, 0.1 $\mu$ F, and 4.7 $\mu$ F capacitors in parallel. Bypass the AUDV to GAUD with 0.1 $\mu$ F, 1 $\mu$ F, and 47 $\mu$ F capacitors in parallel. Bypass CBYPASS to GAUD with a 1 $\mu$ F capacitor (see the *Typical Operating Circuit*).

#### Layout and Grounding

For optimal performance, stitch ground vias between the narrow adjacent signal traces to minimize crosstalk. Avoid running video traces parallel to high-speed data lines. The MAX4079 provides separate ground connections

+5V LEFT AUDIO LINP CHANNEL AOUTL LINN ~2.5V AUDIO Vсм DAC **RIGHT AUDIO** RINP AOUTR CHANNEL RINN MAXIM MAX4079

Figure 3. Single-Ended Audio Inputs

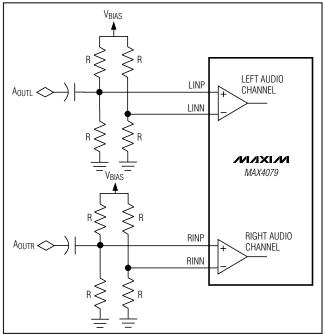


Figure 5. Biasing Single-Ended Audio Inputs

for video and audio supplies. For best performance use separate ground planes for each of the ground returns, and connect all ground planes together at a single point. Refer to the MAX4079 Evaluation Kit for a proven circuit board layout example.

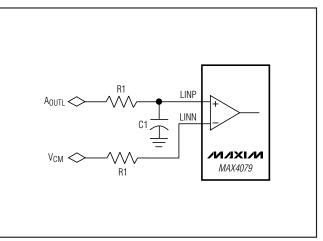


Figure 4. Filtering Single-Ended Audio Inputs

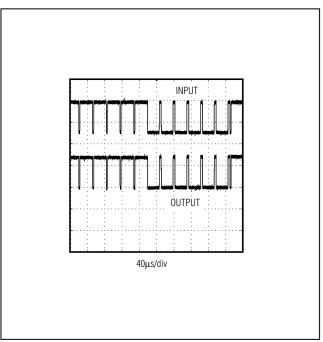
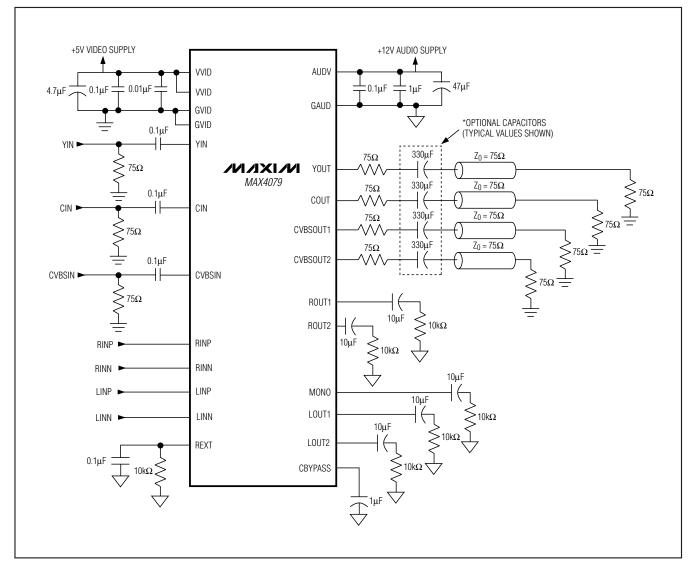
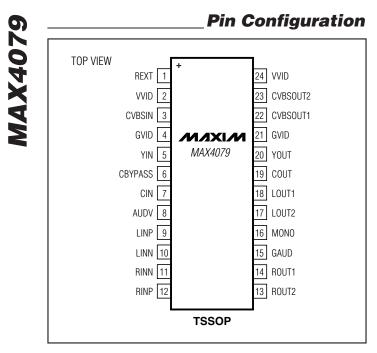


Figure 6. Vertical Sync Interval



# **Typical Operating Circuit**





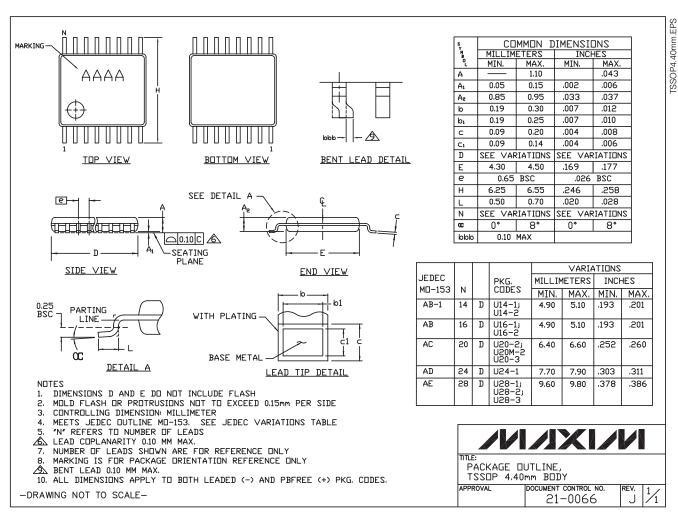
**Chip Information** 

PROCESS: BiCMOS

### \_\_Package Information

For the latest package outline information and land patterns, go to www.maxim-ic.com/packages.

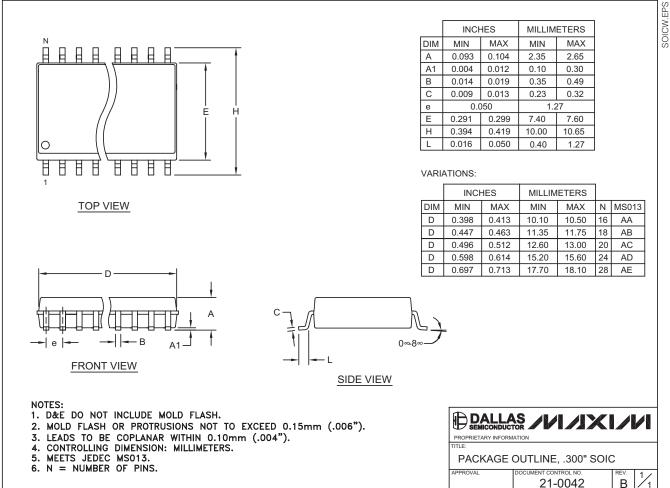
PACKAGE TYPE	PACKAGE CODE	DOCUMENT NO.
24 TSSOP	U24+1	<u>21-0066</u>



**MAX4079** 

### **Package Information (continued)**

For the latest package outline information and land patterns, go to www.maxim-ic.com/packages.



M/XI/M

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# **Revision History**

REVISION NUMBER	REVISION DATE	DESCRIPTION	PAGES CHANGED
0	8/05	Initial release	—
1	3/09	Changes to remove SO package, style edits	1–7, 12, 13, 14

Maxim cannot assume responsibility for use of any circuitry other than circuitry entirely embodied in a Maxim product. No circuit patent licenses are implied. Maxim reserves the right to change the circuitry and specifications without notice at any time.

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