

# STR 80000 Series

T-58-29

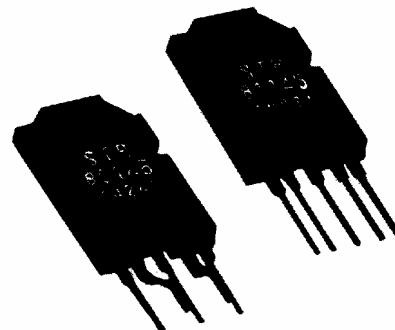
## Hybrid Auto-Switch Module—Doubler

### Features

- For automatic switch-over from voltage-doubler to bridge rectification and from bridge rectification to voltage doubler
- With a planar triac incorporated
- Fixed switch-over voltage
- Plastic package (transfer mold)

### Applications

- PC and other OA equipment
- Test equipment
- TV monitors
- Telecommunication equipment



External View

### Absolute Maximum Ratings ( $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )

Description	Symbol	Unit	Conditions	Ratings	
				STR80145A	STR81145A, STR81159A
Peak Repetitive Off-state Voltage	V DRM	V	$T_j = -10 \sim +125^\circ\text{C}$	500	
Static On-state Current	I T(RMS)	A	$T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$ Conduction Angle = $360^\circ$	5.0	10.0
Surge On-state Current	I TMS	A	$T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$ 50Hz, Full Sine Wave Peak Value, Non-repetitive	50	100
Operating Temperature*	$T_{op}$	$^\circ\text{C}$		$-10 \sim +100(T_c)$	
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	$^\circ\text{C}$		$-30 \sim +125$	
Junction Temperature	$T_j$	$^\circ\text{C}$		$+125$	

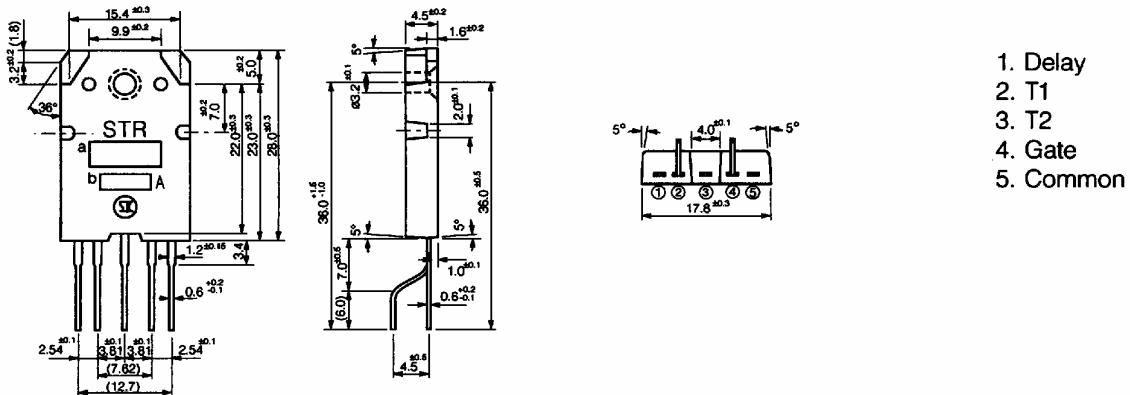
\*Temperature of Frame

### Electrical Characteristics ( $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )

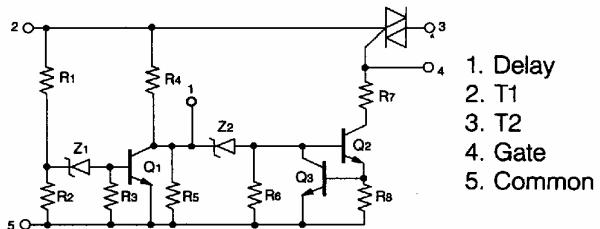
Description	Symbol	Unit	Conditions	Ratings	
				STR80145A, STR81145A	STR81159A
Starting Voltage of Voltage-Doubler	V <sub>s</sub>	V(AC)	Test Circuit 2	80 Max	
Fixed Switchover Voltage	VC1	V	Test Circuit 1	$196 \pm 5$	$215 \pm 5$
	VC2	V(AC)	Test Circuit 2	145	159
Temperature Coefficient of Switch-over Voltage	K <sub>t</sub>	mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$	$T_c = -20 \sim +100^\circ\text{C}$	-30 Typ	
Off-state Current	I DRM	$\mu\text{A}$	$V_D = V_{DRM}$ , $R_{GK} = \infty$	100 Max	
On-state Voltage	V TM	V	$I_{TM} = 5\text{A}$	1.8 Max	
Thermal Resistance	$\theta_{j-c}$	$^\circ\text{C/W}$	Between Junction and Frame	1.8	

\*\*VC2 is just a reference value.

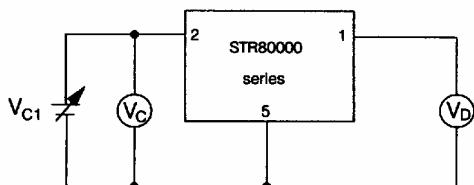
## ■ Outline Drawings, Dimensions and Pin Connections



## ■ Equivalent Circuit

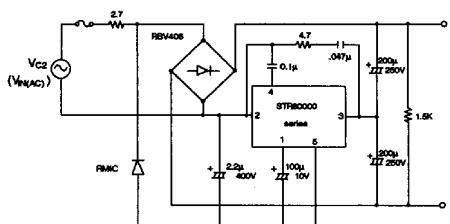


## ■ Fixed Output Voltage Test Circuit (Test Circuit 1)

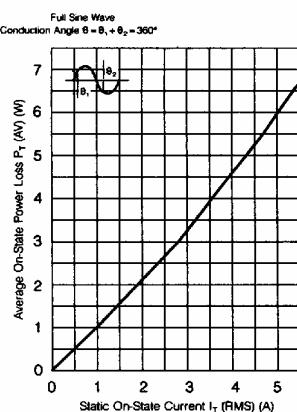


Fixed switch over voltage 1 is defined as voltage which gets  $V_D$  being 3V.

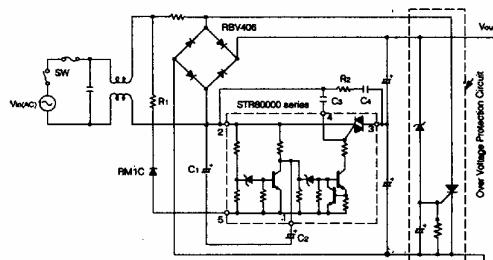
## ■ Actual Working Circuit (Test Circuit 2)



## ■ PT(AV)-IT(RMS) Characteristics



## ■ Application Circuit Example



### Circuit Constants (Recommended Value)

$R_1: 2.2\Omega$     $R_2: 4.7\Omega$   
 $C_1: 2.2\mu F/400V$     $C_2: 100\mu F/10V$   
 $C_3: 0.1\mu F$     $C_4: 0.047\mu F$