

ISDN transformers

U_{K0} interface, 2B1Q RM 6, 14.5 mH, 0.8:0.8:1

Series/Type: B78386P1114A005

Date: October 2008

RM 6

Applications

- Use in NT and local central office
- Matched to the ICs Infineon PSB 8091, 8191, 24902, 24911; AMD AM2091

Features

- Complies with CCITT G.961
- Remote power feeding to NT
- RoHS-compatible

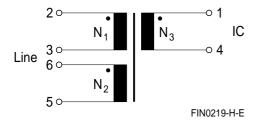
Marking

Manufacturer, middle block of ordering code, date code

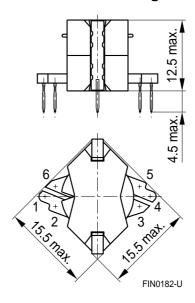
Delivery mode and packing unit

- Polyfoam tray
- Packing unit: 500 pcs.

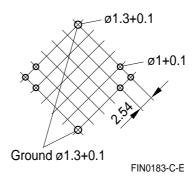
Pinning



Dimensional drawing



Recommended hole arrangement (view in mounting direction)



Dimensions in mm



Transformers for information technology (ISDN)

B78386P1114A005

U_{K0} interface, 2B1Q

RM 6

Technical data and measuring conditions

Main inductance L (2-5)	10 kHz, 50 mV, short 3-6	
Stray inductance L _{stray} L (2-5)	10 kHz, 50 mV, short 3-6, 1-4	
Interwinding capacitance C _i (1-2)	100 kHz, 50 mV, short 3-6	
Resistance R _{DC (Line)} ; R _{DC (IC)}	R _{DC(Line)} : short 3-6; R _{DC(IC)} : –	
Test voltage V _{test}	50 Hz, 1 s; N ₁ , N ₂ against N ₃	
DC current I _{DC}	With I _{DC} bias L drops < 5%	
Transmission code	2B1Q	
Operating temperature range	−25 °C +85 °C	
Weight	Approx. 8 g	

Characteristics and ordering code

(electrical specifications at 25 °C)

Ordering code	B78386P1114A005	B78386P1114A005	
Type/Core	RM 6	RM 6	
$\overline{N_1:N_2:N_3}$	0.8 : 0.8 : 1	0.8 : 0.8 : 1	
L	14.5 ±10%	mH	
L _{stray} (typ.)	87	μΗ	
C _i (typ.)	130	pF	
R _{DC (Line)} (typ.)	5.8	Ω	
R _{DC (IC)} (typ.)	4.2	Ω	
V _{test}	500	V AC	
I _{DC} (typ.)	50	mA	



Cautions and warnings

- Please note the recommendations in our Inductors data book (latest edition) and in the data sheets.
 - Particular attention should be paid to the derating curves given there.
 - The soldering conditions should also be observed. Temperatures quoted in relation to wave soldering refer to the pin, not the housing.
- If the components are to be washed varnished it is necessary to check whether the washing varnish agent that is used has a negative effect on the wire insulation, any plastics that are used, or on glued joints. In particular, it is possible for washing varnish agent residues to have a negative effect in the long-term on wire insulation.
- The following points must be observed if the components are potted in customer applications:
 - Many potting materials shrink as they harden. They therefore exert a pressure on the plastic housing or core. This pressure can have a deleterious effect on electrical properties, and in extreme cases can damage the core or plastic housing mechanically.
 - It is necessary to check whether the potting material used attacks or destroys the wire insulation, plastics or glue.
 - The effect of the potting material can change the high-frequency behaviour of the components.
- Ferrites are sensitive to direct impact. This can cause the core material to flake, or lead to breakage of the core.
- Even for customer-specific products, conclusive validation of the component in the circuit can only be carried out by the customer.



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