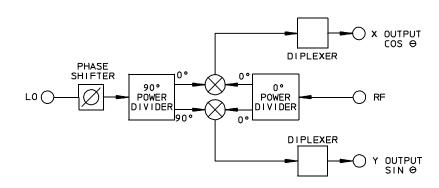
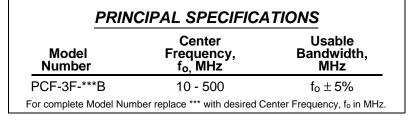
# **PCF-3F Series**

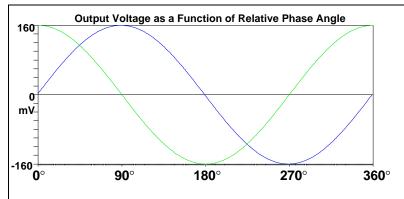
## PHASE COMPARATORS

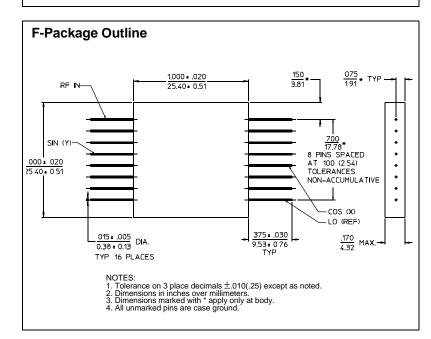
#### 10 to 500 MHz / High Signal Isolation / High Accuracy / Hi-Rel Flatpack

www.DataSheet4U.com









### GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

| RF Characteristics              |                               |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Phase Difference Range:         | 0 - 360°                      |
| VSWR (RF/LO):                   | 2.0:1 max.                    |
| LO Input Power (Ref.):          | +10 ±1 dBm                    |
| RF Input Power (Unknown):       | +2 dBm max.                   |
| Rise Time/Fall Time:            | 100 ns typ.                   |
| Impedance (Unknown & Ref        | f.): 50 Ω nom.                |
| Video Output Characteristics    |                               |
| "X" Output:                     | K Cos θ                       |
| "Y" Output:                     | K Sin θ                       |
| Peak Amplitude (RF=0 dBm        | ):150 mV min.<br>(into 150 Ω) |
| Bandwidth:                      | DC-10% of RF                  |
| Impedance (X and Y):            | 150 $\Omega$ nom.             |
| Signal Leakage (Isolation):     | 30 dB typ.                    |
| Output Accuracy                 |                               |
| Amplitude Balance:              | $\pm$ 5 mV max.               |
| Zero Crossing (In-Phase In)     | :± 2° @ f <sub>o</sub>        |
| Phase Error, Arc tan $\theta$ : | ± 5° @ f <sub>o</sub>         |
| Weight, nominal:                | 0.32 oz (9 g)                 |
| Operating Temperature:          | – 55 to +85°C                 |
|                                 |                               |

#### **General Notes:**

1. Merrimac Phase Comparators provide two output signals each of which is proportional to the phase relation of the two inputs.

2. One output is proportional to the sine of the relative phase angle between the RF and LO inputs while the other output represents the cosine of the relative phase angle between the inputs. Using the sine and cosine outputs together resolves the inherent  $\pi$ -period ambiguity across four quadrants for both outputs.

3. The phase comparator is an integrated assembly consisting of a power divider, two balanced mixers and a 90° quadrature hybrid. Two diplexers attenuate the second harmonic (2  $f_0$ ) at the outputs.

4. Custom designs are available that provide higher precision and better accuracy. Inquiries concerning your special applications are welcomed.

Forfuther information contact MERRIMAC /41 Fairfield PL,W estCally ell,NJ,07006 / 973-575-1300 /FAX 973-575-0531