

- Ideal for 902.30 MHz Transmitters
- Very Low Insertion Loss
- Quartz Stability
- Ultra Miniature Ceramic SMD Package (QCC8C)

SR5000

Absolute Maximum Rating (Ta=25°C)							
Parameter		Rating	Unit				
CW RF Power Dissipation	Р	0	dBm				
DC Voltage	V_{DC}	±30	V				
Operating Temperature Range	T_{A}	-10 ~ +60	°C				
Storage Temperature Range	$T_{ m stg}$	-40 ~ +85	°C				

Electronic Characteristics								
Parameter		Sym	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit		
Frequency (25°C)	Nominal Frequency	f _c	NS	902.30	NS	MHz		
	Tolerance from 902.30 MHz	Δf_c	-	-	± 150	KHz		
Insertion Loss		IL	-	1.3	2.2	dB		
Quality Factor	Unloaded Q-Value	Q_u	-	9,800	-	-		
	50Ω Loaded Q-Value	$Q_{\scriptscriptstyle L}$	-	1,350	-	-		
Temperature Stability	Turnover Temperature	To	25	-	55	°C		
	Turnover Frequency	f _o	-	f_c	-	KHz		
	Frequency Temperature Coefficient	FTC	-	0.032	-	ppm/°C2		
Frequency Aging	Absolute Value during the First Year	$ f_A $	-	-	10	ppm/yr		
DC Insulation Resistance Between any Two Pins		-	1.0	-	-	ΜΩ		
RF Equivalent RLC Model	Motional Resistance	R _M	-	16	26	Ω		
	Motional Inductance	$L_{\scriptscriptstyle M}$	-	27,6364	-	μН		
	Motional Capacitance	$C_{\scriptscriptstyle M}$	-	1.1269	-	fF		
	Shunt Static Capacitance	C _o	2.30	2.60	2.90	pF		

NS = Not Specified

Note:

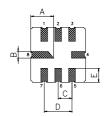
- The frequency f_c is the frequency of minimum IL with the resonator in the specified test fixture in a 50Ω test system with VSWR ≤ 1.2:1.
- 2. Unless noted otherwise, case temperature TC = +25°C±2°C.
- 3. Frequency aging is the change in fC with time and is specified at +65°C or less. Aging may exceed the specification for prolonged temperatures above +65°C. Typically, aging is greatest the first year after manufacture, decreasing in subsequent years.
- Turnover temperature, T0, is the temperature of maximum (or turnover) frequency, f0. The nominal frequency at any case temperature, TC, may be calculated from: f = f₀ [1 - FTC (T₀ - T_C)²].
- 5. This equivalent RLC model approximates resonator performance near the resonant frequency and is provided for reference only. The capacitance C₀ is the measured static (nonmotional) capacitance between input terminal and ground or output terminal and ground.

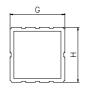
- The measurement includes case parasitic capacitance.
- Derived mathematically from one or more of the following directly measured parameters: f_c, IL, 3 dB bandwidth, f_C versus T_C, and Co.
- The specifications of this device are based on the test circuit shown above and subject to change or obsolescence without notice.
- Typically, equipment utilizing this device requires emissions testing and government approval, which is the responsibility of the equipment manufacturer.
- Our liability is only assumed for the Surface Acoustic Wave (SAW) component(s) per se, not for applications, processes and circuits implemented within components or assemblies.
- For questions on technology, prices and delivery, please contact our sales offices or e-mail to sales@vanlong.com.

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Package Dimensions (QCC8C)







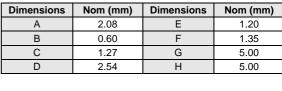
Marking

R5000 902.3 YWW

- R5000 Part Code
- Frequency in MHz
- Date Code:

Y: Last digit of year WW: Week No.

Equivalent LC Model and Test Circuit



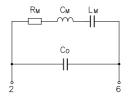
Connection

Terminal 1

Terminal 2 Case-Ground

NC

Dimensions



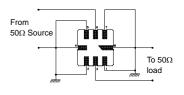
Electrical Connections

Terminals

6

4,8 1,3,5,7

Package Dimensions

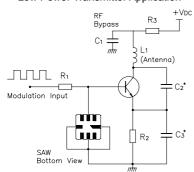


Equivalent LC Model

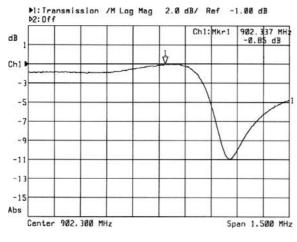
Test Circuit

Typical Application Circuit

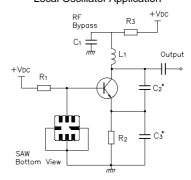
Low Power Transmitter Application



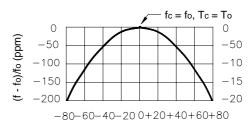
Typical Frequency Response



Local Oscillator Application



Temperature Characteristics



 $\Delta T = Tc - To (°C)$

The curve shown above accounts for resonator contribution only and does not include oscillator temperature characteristics.

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