

Low-Dropout, Constant-Current White LED with Channel Control

FEATURES

- Up to 400mA LED Bias Current
- 3% LED Current Matching
- Simple LED Brightness Control
- Low 0.05uA Shutdown Current
- 3V to 5.5V Supply Voltage Range
- MSOP-10L Package
- Output channel : MSOP-10L package for four channel
- LED1~4 Channels ON / OFF states: T6326A-AM with 16 channel states T6326A-BM with 5 channel states
 - Build in Thermal Protect 140 °C

Applications

- Cellular Phones
- Portable Communication Devices
- Handheld Electronics
- Digital Cameras
- PDAs
- LED/Display Back Light Driver
- LEDs for Camera Flash

PART NUMBER EXAMPLES

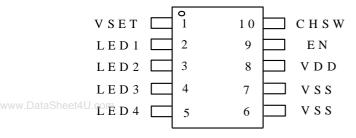
PART NO.	PACKAGE	ON states
T6326A-AM	MSOP-10L	16
T6326A-BM	MSOP-10L	5

GRNERAL DESCRIPTION

The T6326A low-dropout bias supply for white LEDs is a high-performance alternative to the simple ballast resistors used in conventional white LED designs. The T6326A with internal channel on/off select function. The T6326A uses a single resistor to set the bias current for four LEDs, which are matched to 3%. The T6326A advantages over ballast resistors include significantly better LED to LED bias matching, much lower bias variation with supply voltage variation, significantly lower dropout voltage, and in some applications, significantly improved efficiency. The T6326A is available in MSOP-10L package.



PIN ARRANGEMENT(Top view)



MSOP-10L

PIN DESCRIPTION

SYMBOL	MSOP -10L	DESCRIPTION		
VSET	1	VSET terminal is used to connect an external resistor to set output current. The current flowing into VSET sets the bias current into each LED by ILED_= 250 x ISET. VSET is internally biased to 0.306V. VSET is high impedance when EN is low.		
LED1	2	LED 1 Cathode Connection. Current flowing into LED1 is 250 times the current flowing into SET. LED1 is high impedance when EN is low.		
LED2	3	LED 2 Cathode Connection. Current flowing into LED1 is 250 times the current flowing into SET. LED2 is high impedance when EN is low.		
LED3	4	LED 3 Cathode Connection. Current flowing into LED1 is 250 times the current flowing into SET. LED3 is high impedance when EN is low.		
LED 4 Cathode Connection. Current flowing into LED1 is 250 times the current		LED 4 Cathode Connection. Current flowing into LED1 is 250 times the current flowing into SET. LED4 is high impedance when EN is low.		
VSS	6,7	Ground		
VDD	8	Power supply		
EN	9	Enables T6326A signal, H: Ative, L: Power Down.		
CHSW	10	Set LED1~4 Channels ON / OFF, the rising edge of CHSW will change next states.		

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ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Voltage on any pin relative to GND	Vin	-0.3 to 6	V
Operating Temperature Rang	T_{A}	-40 to +85	°C
Maximum Soldering Temperature (at leads, 10 sec)	T_{LEAD}	300	°C
Storage Temperature Rang	T_{S}	-65 to +150	°C
Continuous Power Dissipation ($T_A = +70^{\circ}C$)		1	W

Electrical Characteristics

 $(TA = -40 \text{ to } 85^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ unless otherwise noted.}$ Typical values are at $TA = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$,

VEN =3.3V, VLED1 = VLED2= VLED3= VLED4= 1V)

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max	Unit
VEN	Operating voltage range	EN is power supply input	3		5.5	V
Iset	SET input current range			1400	1600	uA
Isetr	SET to LED current ratio	ILED / ISET, ISET=400uA		250		A/A
VSET	SET bias voltage	Iset=400uA		0.306		V
Ісм	LED to LED current matching	Iset=400uA		3		%
ILED	Maximum LED sink current	Each LED		350	400	mA
Ilsd	LED leakage current in shutdown	VLED1=VLED2=VLED3=VLED4= 3.3V, EN=GND, Ta=+25°C, each LED	0.01		1	uA
V _{IH}	Input high voltage	VEN >VIH for enable, VDD=5V	2.5			V
VIL	Input low voltage	VEN <vil disable,="" for="" vdd="5V</td"><td></td><td></td><td>2.2</td><td>V</td></vil>			2.2	V
Ттр	Thermat Protect			140		°C

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Functional Description

The T6326A provides constant current bias supply for white LED designs. The T6326A uses a single resistor to set the bias current for up to three LEDs. LED bias currents are matched to 3% by the T6326A current matching architecture (Fig. 1). The T6326A offers several advantages over using ballast resistors, such as improved LED to LED brightness matching, lower bias variation with supply voltage changes, significantly lower dropout voltage, and in some applications, significantly improved efficiency.

Enable Input

EN powers the input of the T6326A. Drive EN high (> 2.5V) to enable the device; drive EN low (< 2.2V) to disable the device. Driving EN low forces LED1, LED2, LED3, LED4 and SET into a high-impedance state.

CHSW Input

The Set LED1~4 Channels ON / OFF , the rising edge of CHSW will change next states. The T6326A with Internal SEL pad Channel function select.

The T6326A-AM with 16 channel states: LED[1:4]=[1111],[1110],[1101],[1100], [1011],[1010],[1001],[1000], [0111],[0110],[0001],[0000]

The T6326A-BM with 5 channel states: LED[1:4]=[1111],[1110],[1100],[1000],[0000]

Setting the Output Current

SET controls the LED bias current. Current flowing into LED1, LED2, LED3 and LED4 is 250 times greater than the current flowing into SET. Set the output current as follows:

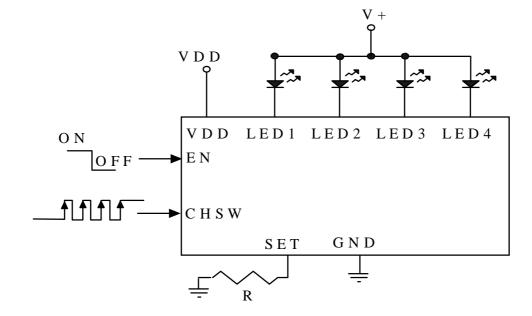
 $\begin{aligned} \text{Iled} &= 250 \; (\text{Vset} \, / \, \text{Rset}\,) \\ \text{Vset} &= 0.306 V \end{aligned}$

Applications Information

Very Low-Cost, High-Efficiency Solution . A battery (single Li+ or three NiMH cells) powers the LEDs directly. This is the least expensive and most efficient architecture. Due to the high forward voltage of white LEDs, the LED brightness may dim slightly at the end of battery life. The T6326A current regulating architecture and low dropout greatly minimize this effect compared to using simple ballast resistors. The enable function of the T6326A turns on and off the LEDs.



TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUITS



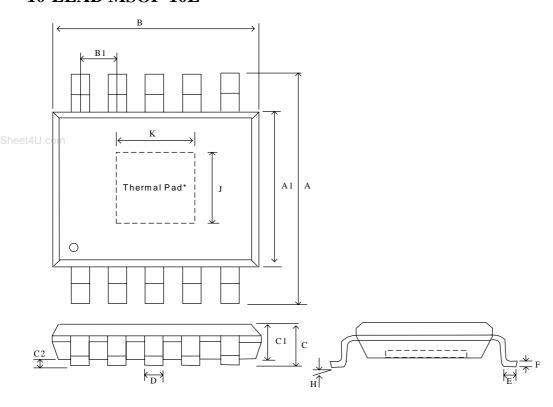
Very low-cost, high-efficiency solution

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PACKAGE DIMENSIONS 10-LEAD MSOP-10L



Symbol	Dimension in mm			Dimension in inch			
Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	
A	-	4.90	=	ı	0.193	ı	
A1	-	3.00	-	-	0.118	-	
В	-	3.00	=	ı	0.118	ı	
B1	-	0.50	=	ı	0.019	ı	
C	-	-	1.10	ı	-	0.043	
C1	0.75	0.85	0.95	0.029	0.033	0.037	
C2	0.00	-	0.15	0.000	-	0.006	
D	0.17	-	0.27	0.007	-	0.010	
Е	0.40	0.60	0.80	0.015	0.024	0.031	
F	0.10	0.15	0.25	0.004	0.006	0.010	
J	-	1.715 REF	-	-	0.067 REF	-	
K	-	1.600 REF	=	-	0.063 REF	-	
Н	•	0~8°			0~8°		

*Note:

The thermal pad on the IC's bottom has to be mounted on the copper foil.

To eliminate the noise influence, the thermal pad is suggested to be connected to GND on PCB. In addition, desired thermal conductivity will be improved, if a heat-conducting copper foil on PCB is soldered with thermal pad. The thermal pad enhances the power dissipation. As a result, a large amount of current can be sunk safely in one package.