AlGaAs laser diodes RLD-78MIT / RLD-78PIT / RLD-78NIT

The RLD-78MIT, RLD-78PIT and RLD-78NIT are the world's first massproduced laser diodes those are manufactured by molecular beam epitaxy. Modal noise is controlled by relaxation oscillation, and they are ideal for short-distance, high-speed optical communications.

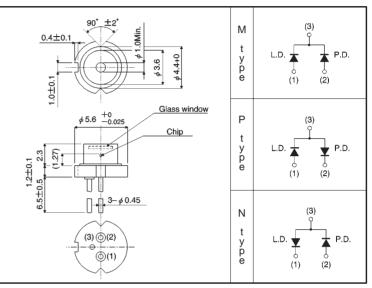
Applications

Short-distance optical communications

Features

- 1) High oscillation relaxation frequency.
- Little transmission loss within optical fiber.
- 3) High-precision, compact package.
- 4) Little dispersion of characteristics.
- 5) Long life.
- Can be driven by single power supply (P and N types).

External dimensions (Units: mm)



•Absolute maximum ratings (Tc = 25° C)

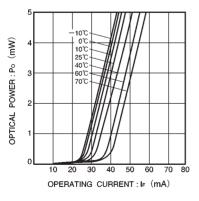
Parameter		Symbol	Limits	Unit
Output		Po	5	mW
Reverse voltage	Laser	VR	2	V
	PIN photodiode	Vr (pin)	30	V
Operating temperature		Topr	-10~+80	°C
Storage temperature		Tstg	$-40 \sim +90$	Ĵ

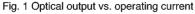
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Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Conditions	
Threshold current	lth	—	35	50	mA	_	
Operating current	lop	_	45	65	mA	Po=3mW	
Operating voltage	Vop	_	1.9	2.3	V	Po=3mW	
Differential efficiency	η	0.1	0.25	0.6	mW / mA	2mW I(3mW)—I(1mW)	
Monitor current	lm	0.1	0.2	0.6	mA	Po=3mW,VR(PIN)=15V	
Parallel divergence angle	θ // *	8	11	15	deg		
Perpendicular divergence angle	θ⊥*	28	37	45	deg	Po=3mW	
Parallel deviation angle	Δ φ //	_	_	±2	deg	-	
Perpendicular deviation angle	$\Delta \phi \perp$	_	_	±з	deg		
Emission point accuracy	ΔX ΔY ΔZ	_	_	±80	μm	_	
Peak emission wavelength	λ	770	785	810	nm	Po=3mW	
Relaxation oscillation frequency	fr	1.8	_	_	GHz	Pave=1.5mV,50%duty	

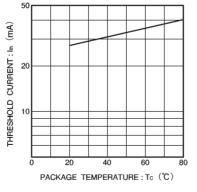
•Electrical and optical characteristics (Tc = 25° C)

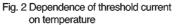
* θ // and θ \perp are defined as the angle within which the intensity is 50% of the peak value.

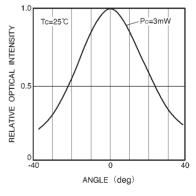
Electrical and optical characteristic curves















OPERATIVE OPTICAL INTENSITY

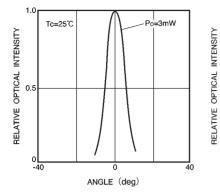


Fig. 4 Parallel far field pattern

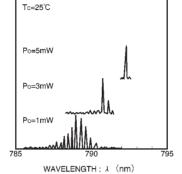


Fig. 5 Dependence of emission spectrum on optical output

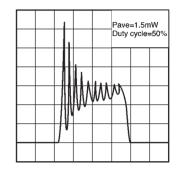




Fig. 6 Pulse response characteristic

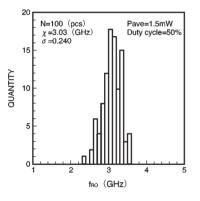


Fig. 7 Distribution of relaxation oscillation frequency

