

Radiation	Type	Technology	Case
Red	DDH	AlGaAs/AlGaAs	5 mm plastic lens

	Description High-power, high-speed deep red LED in standard 5 mm package, with lens for optimal beam forming, housing without standoff leads Note: Special packages with standoff available on request
	Applications Optical communications, safety equipment, automation

Maximum Ratings

$T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Test conditions	Symbol	Value	Unit
Forward current (DC)		I_F	50	mA
Peak forward current	($t_p \leq 50 \mu\text{s}$, $t_p/T = 1/2$)	I_{FM}	100	mA
Power dissipation		P_D	150	mW
Operating temperature range		T_{amb}	-20 to +80	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Storage temperature range		T_{stg}	-30 to +100	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Soldering temperature	$t \leq 5 \text{ s}$, 3 mm from case	T_{Sd}	260	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Optical and Electrical Characteristics

$T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Test conditions	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Forward voltage	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$	V_F		1.8	2.2	V
Reverse voltage	$I_R = 10 \mu\text{A}$	V_R	5			V
Radiant power	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$	Φ_e	4	6		mW
Radiant power*	$I_F = 50 \text{ mA}$	Φ_e		13		mW
Luminous intensity	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$	I_v	280	400		mcd
Luminous intensity*	$I_F = 50 \text{ mA}$	I_v		750		mcd
Peak wavelength	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$	λ_p	675	685	695	nm
Spectral bandwidth at 50%	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$	$\Delta\lambda_{0.5}$		25		nm
Viewing angle	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$	φ		22		deg.
Switching time	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$	t_r, t_f		40		ns

*measured after 30s current flow

Note: All measurements carried out on *EPIGAP* equipment

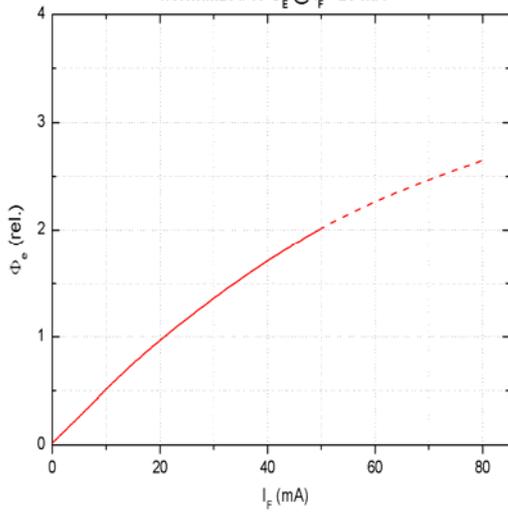
We reserve the right to make changes to improve technical design and may do so without further notice.

Parameters can vary in different applications. All operating parameters must be validated for each customer application by the customer.

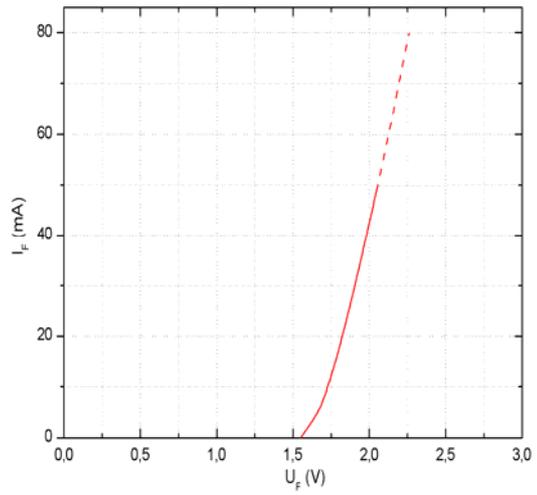
EPIGAP Optoelektronik GmbH, D-12555 Berlin, Köpenicker Str.325 b, Haus 201

Tel.: +49-30-6576 2543, Fax : +49-30-6576 2545

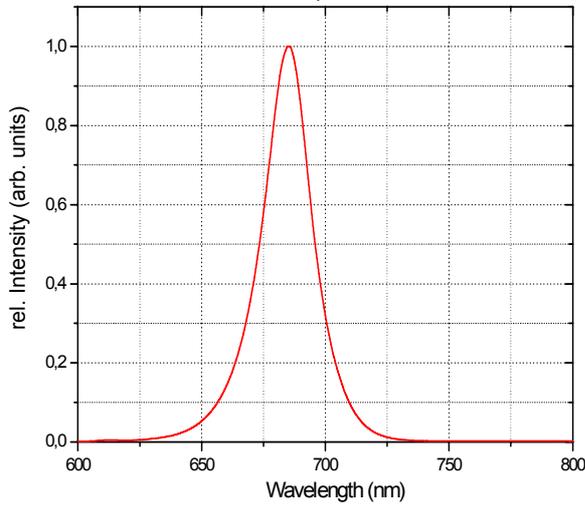
Radiant power vs. forward current (typical)
normalized to $\Phi_e @ I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$



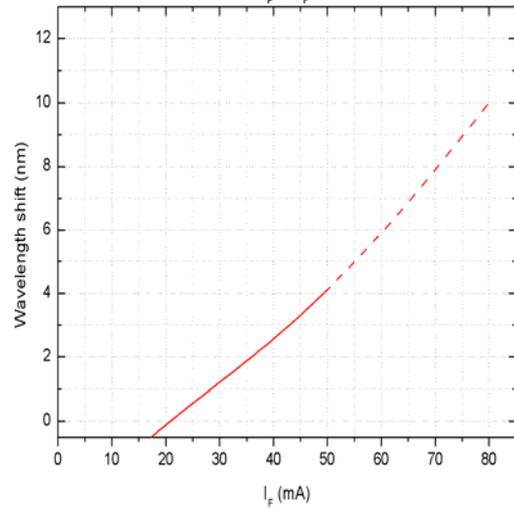
Forward current vs. forward voltage (typical)



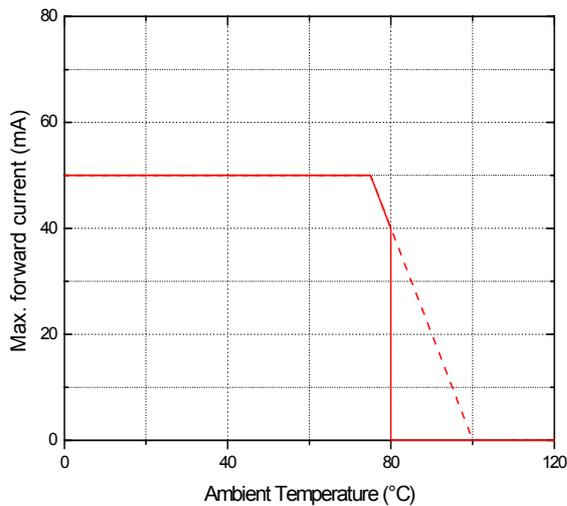
Spectral power distribution (typical)
at $I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$



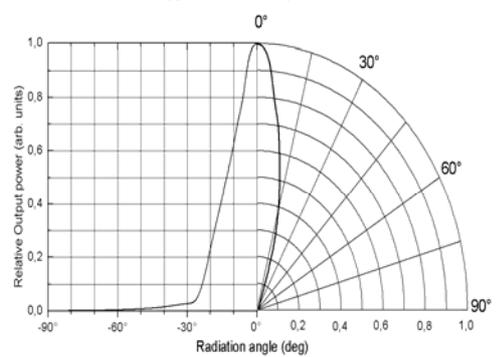
Typical wavelength shift vs. forward current
(rel. to $\lambda_s @ I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$)



Ambient Temperature vs. maximal forward current



Typical radiant pattern



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Remarks concerning optical radiation safety*

At maximum forward current and continuous operation, this LED may be classified as LED product *Class 2*, according to standard IEC 60825-1:A2. *Class 2* products emit in the visible region, damaging exposure is usually prevented through avert reactions including blink reflex. It can be expected that these reactions provide sufficient protection under reasonably predictable conditions. This also implicates a direct observation of the light beam by means of optical instruments.

*Note: Safety classification of an optical component mainly depends on the intended application and the way the component is being used. Furthermore, all statements made to classification are based on calculations and are only valid for this LED "as it is", and at continuous operation. Using pulsed current or altering the light beam with additional optics may lead to different safety classifications. Therefore these remarks should be taken as recommendation and guideline only.

