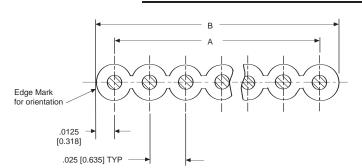




0.025" [0.64mm] Centerline PVC IDC Ribbon Cable



| Product | Specifications |
|---------|-----------------------|
| riouuci | Specifications |

▲ Insulation: PVC

▲ Voltage Rating: 150 Volts

▲ UL Recognized: AWM Style 2678

▲ CSA Certification: AWM 1A FTI

| No. of | Dimens | ions | Roll | Part | Spec |
|----------------|----------------------------|---------------|---------|-----------|----------|
| Cond. | Α | В | Length | Number | Number |
| AWG Solid Bar | e Copper - 0.025 [.64] | | | | |
| 20 | 0.475 [12.07] | 0.500 [12.70] | 100 ft. | 1-57013-3 | 100-4136 |
| 40 | 0.975 [24.77] | 1.000 [25.40] | 100 ft. | 1-57013-7 | 100-4136 |
| 50 | 1.225 [31.12] | 1.250 [31.75] | 100 ft. | 1-57013-9 | 100-4136 |
| 68 | 1.675 [42.55] | 1.700 [43.18] | 100 ft. | 2-57013-1 | 100-4136 |
| 80 | 1.975 [50.17] | 2.000 [50.80] | 100 ft. | 2-57013-3 | 100-4136 |
| 100 | 2.475 [62.87] | 2.500 [63.50] | 100 ft. | 2-57013-4 | 100-4136 |
| 20 | 0.475 [12.07] | 0.500 [12.70] | 500 ft. | 57013-1 | 100-4136 |
| 40 | 0.975 [24.77] | 1.000 [25.40] | 500 ft. | 57013-2 | 100-4136 |
| 50 | 1.225 [31.12] | 1.250 [31.75] | 500 ft. | 1-57013-0 | 100-4136 |
| 68 | 1.675 [42.55] | 1.700 [43.18] | 500 ft. | 1-57013-1 | 100-4136 |
| 80 | 1.975 [50.17] | 2.000 [50.80] | 500 ft. | 57013-4 | 100-4136 |
| 100 | 2.475 [62.87] | 2.500 [63.50] | 500 ft. | 57013-5 | 100-4136 |
| AWG 7/38 Tin F | Plated Copper - 0.025 [.64 | 4] | | | |
| 20 | 0.475 [12.07] | 0.500 [12.70] | 100 ft. | 1-57131-3 | 100-7147 |
| 40 | 0.975 [24.77] | 1.000 [25.40] | 100 ft. | 1-57131-7 | 100-7147 |
| 50 | 1.225 [31.12] | 1.250 [31.75] | 100 ft. | 1-57131-9 | 100-7147 |
| 68 | 1.675 [42.55] | 1.700 [43.18] | 100 ft. | 2-57131-1 | 100-7147 |
| 80 | 1.975 [50.17] | 2.000 [50.80] | 100 ft. | 2-57131-3 | 100-7147 |
| 100 | 2.475 [62.87] | 2.500 [63.50] | 100 ft. | 2-57131-4 | 100-7147 |
| 20 | 0.475 [12.07] | 0.500 [12.70] | 500 ft. | 57131-1 | 100-7147 |
| 40 | 0.975 [24.77] | 1.000 [25.40] | 500 ft. | 57131-2 | 100-7147 |
| 50 | 1.225 [31.12] | 1.250 [31.75] | 500 ft. | 1-57131-0 | 100-7147 |
| 68 | 1.675 [42.55] | 1.700 [43.18] | 500 ft. | 1-57131-1 | 100-7147 |
| 80 | 1.975 [50.17] | 2.000 [50.80] | 500 ft. | 57131-4 | 100-7147 |
| 100 | 2.475 [62.87] | 2.500 [63.50] | 500 ft. | 57131-5 | 100-7147 |

Electrical Specifications 30 AWG Solid Bare Copper

▲ Impedance (0hms): 80 ▲ Capacitance (pf/ft): 23.0

▲ Crosstalk:

▲ Near End: 4.0% Far End: 6.0%

▲ Propagation Delay ns/ft: 1.51

30 AWG 7/38 Tin Plated Copper

▲ Impedance (Ohms): 70 ▲ Capacitance (pf/ft): 22.0

▲ Crosstalk:

▲ Near End: 5.2% Far End: 6.9%

▲ Propagation Delay ns/ft: 1.55

Other Conductor Counts Available on Request.

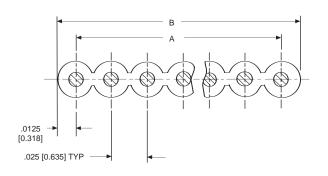
are metric equivalents.











Product Specifications

▲ Insulation: FEP

▲ Voltage Rating: 150 Volts
▲ UL Recognized: AWM Style

20726

▲ CSA Certification: AWM 1A FTI

▲ Color: Opaque w/Blue Edge

Mark

| No. of | Dimensi | ons | Roll | Part | Spec |
|-----------------|-----------------------|---------------|--------|------------|----------|
| Cond. | Α | В | Length | Number | Number |
| 30 AWG Solid Si | ilver Plated Copper - | 0.025 [.64] | | | |
| 10 | 0.225 [5.72] | 0.250 [6.35] | 100 ft | 102BY00002 | 100-4907 |
| 20 | 0.475 [12.07] | 0.500 [12.70] | 100 ft | 202BY00002 | 100-4907 |
| 40 | 0.975[24.77] | 1.000 [24.50] | 100 ft | 402BY00011 | 100-4907 |
| 50 | 1.225 [31.12] | 1.250 [31.75] | 100 ft | 502BY00002 | 100-4907 |
| 64 | 1.675 [42.55] | 1.700 [43.18] | 100 ft | 642BY00012 | 100-4907 |
| 68 | 1.675 [42.55] | 1.700 [43.18] | 100 ft | 682BY00012 | 100-4907 |
| 80 | 1.975 [50.17] | 2.000 [50.80] | 100 ft | 802BY00010 | 100-4907 |
| 30 AWG 7/38 Sil | ver Plated Copper - 0 | .025 [.64] | | | |
| 10 | 0.225 [5.72] | 0.250 [6.35] | 100 ft | 102BY00001 | 100-4428 |
| 20 | 0.475 [12.07] | 0.500 [12.70] | 100 ft | 202BY00010 | 100-4428 |
| 40 | 0.975[24.77] | 1.000 [24.50] | 100 ft | 402BY00010 | 100-4428 |
| 50 | 1.225 [31.12] | 1.250 [31.75] | 100 ft | 502BY00011 | 100-4428 |
| 64 | 1.675 [42.55] | 1.700 [43.18] | 100 ft | 642BY00001 | 100-4428 |
| 68 | 1.675 [42.55] | 1.700 [43.18] | 100 ft | 682BY00011 | 100-4428 |
| 80 | 1.975 [50.17] | 2.000 [50.80] | 100 ft | 802BY00011 | 100-4428 |
| 32 AWG 7/40 Sil | ver Plated Copper - 0 | .025 [.64] | | | |
| 10 | 0.225 [5.72] | 0.250 [6.35] | 100 ft | 102AY00001 | 100-4952 |
| 20 | 0.475 [12.07] | 0.500 [12.70] | 100 ft | 202AY00001 | 100-4952 |
| 40 | 0.975 [24.77] | 1.000 [24.50] | 100 ft | 402AY00002 | 100-4952 |
| 50 | 1.225 [31.12] | 1.250 [31.75] | 100 ft | 502AY00002 | 100-4952 |
| 64 | 1.675 [42.55] | 1.700 [43.18] | 100 ft | 642AY00001 | 100-4952 |
| 68 | 1.675 [42.55] | 1.700 [43.18] | 100 ft | 682AY00001 | 100-4952 |
| 80 | 1.975 [50.17] | 2.000 [50.80] | 100 ft | 802AY00001 | 100-4952 |

Other Conductor Counts Available on Request

Electrical Specifications 30 AWG Solid Bare Copper

▲ Impedance (Ohms): 90 ▲ Capacitance (pf/ft): 14.7

▲ Crosstalk:

▲ Near End: 2.6% Far End: 2.1%

30 AWG 7/38 Silver Plated Copper

▲ Impedance (Ohms): 85 ▲ Capacitance (pf/ft): 15.5

▲ Crosstalk:

▲ Near End: 2.5% Far End: 2.1%

30 AWG 7/40 Silver Plated Copper

▲ Impedance (Ohms): 95 ▲ Capacitance (pf/ft): 13.5

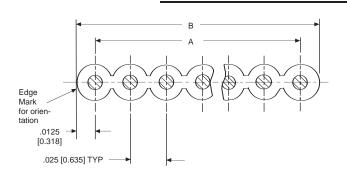
▲ Crosstalk:

▲ Near End: 2.8% Far End: 2.0%





0.025" [0.64mm] Centerline TPO IDC Ribbon Cable



Product Specifications

▲ Insulation: TPO

▲ Voltage Rating: 150 Volts
▲ UL Recognized: AWM Style

20297

▲ CSA Certification: AWM 1A FTI

▲ Color: Natural

| No. of | No. of Dimensions Cond. A B | | No. of Dimensions Roll | Part Number | Spec Number | |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|---------------|------------------------|----------------|----------------|--|
| Cond. | | | B Length | | | |
| 31 AWG 7/39 Tir | n Plated Copper - 0.0 | 25 [.64] | | | | |
| 68 | 1.675 [42.55] | 1.700 [43.18] | 300 ft. | 1-219253-1 | 15400 | |

Electrical Specifications 31 AWG 7/39 Tin Plated Copper

▲ Impedance (Ohms): 90 ▲ Capacitance (pf/ft): 15.4

▲ Crosstalk:

▲ Near End: 2.4% Far End: 3.0%

30 AWG Solid Bare Copper - 0.025 [.64] 68 1.675 [42.55] 1.700 [43.18] 300 ft. 1-219054-1 100-7444

Other Conductor Counts Available on Request

30 AWG Solid Bare Copper

▲ Impedance (Ohms): 90 ▲ Capacitance (pf/ft): 15.3

▲ Crosstalk:

▲ Near End: 2.4% Far End: 3.0%

| 30 AWG | 7/38 Tin Plated Copper - | 0.025 [.64] | | | | |
|--------|--------------------------|---------------|---------|------------|----------|--|
| 68 | 1.675 [42.55] | 1.700 [43.18] | 300 ft. | 1-219055-1 | 100-7491 | |

30 AWG 7/38 Tin Plated Copper

▲ Impedance (Ohms): 80 ▲ Capacitance (pf/ft): 19.5

▲ Crosstalk:

▲ Near End: 2.4% Far End: 3.0%

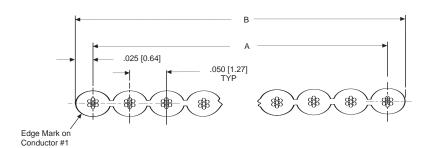
are metric equivalents







0.050" [1.27mm] Centerline Flat PVC and TPO IDC Ribbon Cable



Product Specifications

- ▲ Voltage Rating: 300 Volts
- ▲ UL Recognized: AWM Style 2651 or 20297
- ▲ CSA: AWM 1A FTI

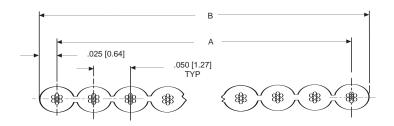
| No. of | Dimens | ions | Roll | Part | Spec |
|----------------------|----------------------------|---------------|---------|------------|----------|
| Cond. | Α | В | Length | Number | Number |
| 3 AWG 7/36 Tin Plate | ed Copper - PVC Insulation | - 0.035 [.89] | | | |
| 9 | 0.400 [10.16] | 0.450 [11.43] | 100 ft. | 1-57040-2 | 100-4703 |
| 10 | 0.450 [11.43] | 0.500 [12.70] | 100 ft. | 1-57040-3 | 100-4703 |
| 20 | 0.950 [24.13] | 1.000 [25.40] | 100 ft. | 57040-1 | 100-4703 |
| 34 | 1.650 [41.91] | 1.700 [43.18] | 100 ft. | 57040-4 | 100-4703 |
| 40 | 1.950 [49.53] | 2.000 [50.80] | 100 ft. | 57040-5 | 100-4703 |
| 50 | 2.450 [62.23] | 2.500 [63.50] | 100 ft. | 57040-6 | 100-4703 |
| 60 | 2.950 [74.93] | 3.000 [76.20] | 100 ft. | 57040-7 | 100-4703 |
| 64 | 3.150 [80.01] | 3.200 [81.28] | 100 ft. | 2-57040-2 | 100-4703 |
| 9 | 0.400 [10.16] | 0.450 [11.43] | 500 ft. | 1-971111-2 | 100-4703 |
| 10 | 0.450 [11.43] | 0.500 [12.70] | 500 ft. | 1-971111-3 | 100-4703 |
| 20 | 0.950 [24.13] | 1.000 [25.40] | 500 ft. | 971111-1 | 100-4703 |
| 34 | 1.650 [41.91] | 1.700 [43.18] | 500 ft. | 971111-4 | 100-4703 |
| 40 | 1.950 [49.53] | 2.000 [50.80] | 500 ft. | 971111-5 | 100-4703 |
| 50 | 2.450 [62.23] | 2.500 [63.50] | 500 ft. | 971111-6 | 100-4703 |
| 60 | 2.950 [74.93] | 3.000 [76.20] | 500 ft. | 971111-7 | 100-4703 |
| 64 | 3.150 [80.01] | 3.200 [81.28] | 500 ft. | 2-971111-2 | 100-4703 |
| AWG 7/36 Tin Plate | ed Copper - TPO Insulation | - 0.035 [.89] | | | |
| 14 | 0.650 [16.51] | 0.700 [17.80] | 300 ft. | 219350-4 | 100-6257 |
| 34 | 1.650 [41.91] | 1.700 [43.18] | 300 ft. | 219350-3 | 100-6257 |
| 40 | 1.950 [49.53] | 2.000 [50.80] | 300 ft. | 219350-2 | 100-6257 |
| 50 | 2.450 [62.23] | 2.500 [63.50] | 300 ft. | 219350-1 | 100-6257 |
| AWG 7/34 Tin Plat | ed Copper - PVC Insulation | - 0.039 [.99] | | | |
| 9 | 0.400 [10.16] | 0.450 [11.43] | 500 ft. | 57034-2 | 100-7077 |
| 10 | 0.450 [11.43] | 0.500 [12.70] | 500 ft. | 57034-3 | 100-7077 |
| 20 | 0.950 [24.13] | 1.000 [25.40] | 500 ft. | 57034-7 | 100-7077 |
| 34 | 1.650 [41.91] | 1.700 [43.18] | 500 ft. | 1-57034-1 | 100-7077 |
| 40 | 1.950 [49.53] | 2.000 [50.80] | 500 ft. | 1-57034-4 | 100-7077 |
| 50 | 2.450 [62.23] | 2.500 [63.50] | 500 ft. | 1-57034-5 | 100-7077 |
| 60 | 2.950 [74.93] | 3.000 [76.20] | 500 ft. | 1-57034-6 | 100-7077 |
| 64 | 3.150 [80.01] | 3.200 [81.28] | 500 ft. | 2-57034-5 | 100-7077 |

Other Conductor Counts Available on Request





0.050" [1.27mm] Centerline Flat FEP IDC Ribbon Cable



Product Specifications

▲ Insulation: FEP

▲ Temperature Rating: -65°C to +200°C

▲ Voltage Rating: 300 Volts

▲ UL Recognized: AWM Style

20424

| No. of | Dimer | nsions | Roll | Part | Spec | |
|-------------------|--------------------|---------------|--------|------------|----------|--|
| Cond. | Α | В | Length | Number | Number | |
| 28 AWG 7/36 Silve | er Plated Copper - | 0.035 [.89] | | | | |
| 10 | 0.450 [11.43] | 0.500 [12.70] | 100 FT | 102DY00016 | 100-4673 | |
| 20 | 0.950 [24.13] | 1.000 [25.40] | 100 FT | 202DY00015 | 100-4673 | |
| 40 | 1.950 [49.53] | 2.000 [50.80] | 100 FT | 402DY00016 | 100-4673 | |
| 64 | 3.150 [80.01] | 3.200 [81.28] | 100 FT | 642DY00012 | 100-4673 | |

Other Conductor Counts Available on Request

Electrical Specifications 28 AWG 7/36 Silver Plated Copper

▲ Impedance (Ohms): 115 ▲ Capacitance (pf/ft): 10

▲ Crosstalk:

▲ Near End: 3.0% Far End: 2.8%

| No. of | No. of Dimensions | | o. of Dimensions Roll | | Part | Spec | |
|-------------------|--------------------|---------------|-----------------------|------------|----------|------|--|
| Cond. | Α | В | Length | Number | Number | | |
| 26 AWG 7/34 Silve | er Plated Copper - | 0.032 [.81] | | | | | |
| 10 | 0.450 [11.43] | 0.500 [12.70] | 100 FT | 102EY00002 | 100-5021 | _ | |
| 20 | 0.950 [24.13] | 1.000 [25.40] | 100 FT | 202EY00001 | 100-5021 | _ | |
| 40 | 1.950 [49.53] | 2.000 [50.80] | 100 FT | 402EY00001 | 100-5021 | | |
| 64 | 3.150 [80.01] | 3.200 [81.28] | 100 FT | 642DY00002 | 100-5021 | _ | |

Other Conductor Counts Available on Request

26 AWG 7/34 Silver Plated Copper

▲ Impedance (Ohms): 100 ▲ Capacitance (pf/ft): 11.5

▲ Crosstalk:

▲ Near End: 2.8% Far End: 2.8%

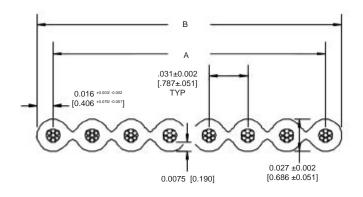
are metric equivalents.





0.8 mm [0.0315"] Centerline PVC Insulation Ribbon Cable





Product Specifications

▲ Insulation: PVC

▲ Impedance, GSG: 90 Ohms ▲ Capacitance, GSG: 21.0 ft/ft

▲ Crosstalk:

▲ Near End: 3.25% Far End: 3.31%

▲ Propagation Delay: 1.49 ns/ft▲ Voltage Rating: 150 Volts

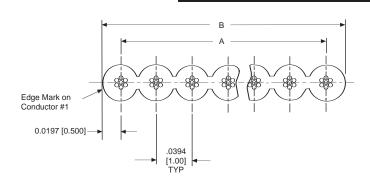
▲ UL Recognized: 2678 ▲ CSA: AWM 1A FT1

▲ Color: Gray

| No. of | Dimer | nsions | Roll | Part | Spec |
|-----------------|----------------------------|--------------|--------|-----------|----------|
| Cond. | Α | В | Length | Number | Number |
| 30 AWG 7/38 Tin | Plated Copper - 0.027 [.68 |] | | | |
| 10 | 0.279 [7.09] | 0.31 [7.87] | 100 ft | 1284416-1 | 100-6364 |
| 20 | 0.589 [14.96] | 0.62 [15.75] | 100 ft | 1284417-1 | 100-6364 |
| 40 | 1.21 [30.73] | 1.24 [31.50] | 100 ft | 1284418-1 | 100-6364 |

Other Conductor Counts Available on Request

1 mm [0.0394"] Centerline PVC IDC Ribbon Cable



Product Specifications

▲ Insulation: PVC

▲ Impedance, GSG: 90 Ohms ▲ Capacitance, GSG: 16.5 ft/ft

▲ Crosstalk:

▲ Near End: 4.0% Far End: 6.0%

▲ Propagation Delay: 1.47 ns/ft▲ Voltage Rating: 150 Volts

▲ UL Recognized: AWM Style

2678

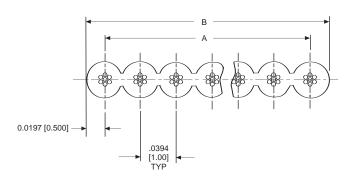
| No. of | Dime | nsions | Roll | Part | Spec |
|-----------------|----------------------------|----------------|---------|-----------|----------|
| Cond. | Α | В | Length | Number | Number |
| 28 AWG 7/36 Tin | Plated Copper - 0.031 [.79 | 9] | | | |
| 6 | 0.197 [5.00] | 0.236 [6.00] | 100 ft. | 1-57051-7 | 100-7096 |
| 10 | 0.354 [9.00] | 0.394 [10.00] | 100 ft. | 1-57051-9 | 100-7096 |
| 12 | 0.433 [11.00] | 0.472 [12.00] | 100 ft. | 5-57051-2 | 100-7096 |
| 20 | 0.748 [19.00] | 0.787 [20.00] | 100 ft. | 2-57051-2 | 100-7096 |
| 40 | 1.535 [39.00] | 1.575 [40.00] | 100 ft. | 2-57051-7 | 100-7096 |
| 44 | 1.693 [43.00] | 1.732 [44.00] | 100 ft. | 2-57051-8 | 100-7096 |
| 50 | 1.929 [49.00] | 1.969 [50.00] | 100 ft. | 2-57051-9 | 100-7096 |
| 6 | 0.197 [5.00] | 0.236 [6.00] | 500 ft. | 57051-1 | 100-7096 |
| 10 | 0.354 [9.00] | 0.394 [10.00] | 500 ft. | 57051-3 | 100-7096 |
| 12 | 0.433 [11.00] | 0.472 [12.00] | 500 ft. | 5-57051-3 | 100-7096 |
| 20 | 0.748 [19.00] | 0.787 [20.00] | 500 ft. | 57051-6 | 100-7096 |
| 40 | 1.535 [39.00] | 1.575 [40.00] | 500 ft. | 1-57051-1 | 100-7096 |
| 44 | 1.693 [43.00] | 1.732 [44.00] | 500 ft. | 1-57051-2 | 100-7096 |
| 50 | 1.929 [49.00] | 1.969 [50.00] | 500 ft. | 1-57051-3 | 100-7096 |

Other Conductor Counts Available on Request





1 mm [0.0394"] Centerline FEP Insulation IDC Ribbon Cable



Product Specifications

▲ Insulation: FEP

▲ Impedance, GSG: 100 Ohms ▲ Capacitance, GSG: 12.0 ft/ft

▲ Crosstalk:

▲ Near End: 2.8% Far End: 2.5%

▲ Propagation Delay: 1.21 ns/ft ▲ Voltage Rating: 300 Volts

▲ UL Recognized: AWM Style

20424

▲ Color: Blue

| No. of | Dime | nsions | Roll | Part | Spec |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|---------------|--------|------------|----------|
| Cond. | Α | В | Length | Number | Number |
| 28 AWG 7/36 Sil | ver Plated Copper - 0.031 [| .79] | | | |
| 10 | 0.354 [9.00] | 0.394 [10.00] | 100 Ft | 102DY00017 | 100-5109 |
| 20 | 0.748 [19.00] | 0.787 [20.00] | 100 Ft | 202DY00016 | 100-5109 |
| 30 | 1.143 [29.00] | 1.182 [30.00] | 100 Ft | 302DY00013 | 100-5109 |
| 40 | 1.535 [39.00] | 1.575 [40.00] | 100 Ft | 402DY00017 | 100-5109 |
| 50 | 1.929 [49.00] | 1.969 [50.00] | 100 Ft | 502DY00015 | 100-5109 |
| 80 | 3.110 [79.00] | 3.150 [80.00] | 100 Ft | 802DY00001 | 100-5109 |

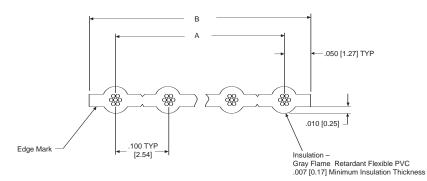
Other Conductor Counts Available on Request





0.100" [2.54 mm] Centerline IDC Ribbon Cable, PVC Insulation





Product Specifications

▲ Voltage Rating: 300 Volts

▲ UL Recognized: AWM Style 2651

▲ CSA: AWM IA FTI

▲ Temperature Rating: -20°C to

+105°C

▲ Flammability: UL: VW1

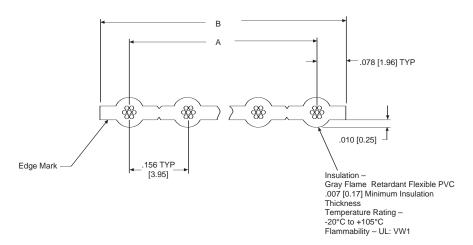
| No. of | Dime | Dimensions | | Part | Spec |
|-----------------|----------------------------|-------------------|--------|-----------|----------|
| Cond. | Α | В | Length | Number | Number |
| 6 AWG 7/34 Tin | Plated Copper - 0.035 [.89 |)] | | | |
| 5 | 0.400 [10.16] | 0.500 [12.70] | 250 ft | 57744-5 | 100-7244 |
| 10 | 0.900 [22.86] | 1.000 [25.40] | 250 ft | 1-57744-0 | 100-7244 |
| 15 | 1.400 [35.56] | 1.500 [38.10] | 250 ft | 1-57744-5 | 100-7244 |
| 20 | 1.900 [48.26] | 2.000 [50.80] | 250 ft | 2-57744-0 | 100-7244 |
| 25 | 2.400 [60.96] | 2.500 [63.50] | 250 ft | 2-57744-5 | 100-7244 |
| 28 | 2.700 [68.58] | 2.800 [71.12] | 250 ft | 2-57744-8 | 100-7244 |
| 6 AWG 7/34 Ove | ercoated Tin Plated Coppe | er - 0.039 [.99] | | | |
| 5 | 0.400 [10.16] | 0.500 [12.70] | 250 ft | 57745-5 | 100-7245 |
| 10 | 0.900 [22.86] | 1.000 [25.40] | 250 ft | 1-57745-0 | 100-7245 |
| 15 | 1.400 [35.56] | 1.500 [38.10] | 250 ft | 1-57745-5 | 100-7245 |
| 20 | 1.900 [48.26] | 2.000 [50.80] | 250 ft | 2-57745-0 | 100-7245 |
| 25 | 2.400 [60.96] | 2.500 [63.50] | 250 ft | 2-57745-5 | 100-7245 |
| 28 | 2.700 [68.58] | 2.800 [71.12] | 250 ft | 2-57745-8 | 100-7245 |
| 4 AWG 7/32 Tin | Plated Copper - 0.044 [1.1 | 2] | | | |
| 5 | 0.400 [10.16] | 0.500 [12.70] | 250 ft | 57746-5 | 100-7137 |
| 10 | 0.900 [22.86] | 1.000 [25.40] | 250 ft | 1-57746-0 | 100-7137 |
| 15 | 1.400 [35.56] | 1.500 [38.10] | 250 ft | 1-57746-5 | 100-7137 |
| 20 | 1.900 [48.26] | 2.000 [50.80] | 250 ft | 2-57746-0 | 100-7137 |
| 25 | 2.400 [60.96] | 2.500 [63.50] | 250 ft | 2-57746-5 | 100-7137 |
| 28 | 2.700 [68.58] | 2.800 [71.12] | 250 ft | 2-57746-8 | 100-7137 |
| 4 AWG 7/32 Ove | ercoated Tin Plated Coppe | er - 0.044 [1.12] | | | |
| 5 | 0.400 [10.16] | 0.500 [12.70] | 250 ft | 57747-5 | 100-7242 |
| 10 | 0.900 [22.86] | 1.000 [25.40] | 250 ft | 1-57747-0 | 100-7242 |
| 15 | 1.400 [35.56] | 1.500 [38.10] | 250 ft | 1-57747-5 | 100-7242 |
| 20 | 1.900 [48.26] | 2.000 [50.80] | 250 ft | 2-57747-0 | 100-7242 |
| 25 | 2.400 [60.96] | 2.500 [63.50] | 250 ft | 2-57747-5 | 100-7242 |
| 28 | 2.700 [68.58] | 2.800 [71.12] | 250 ft | 2-57747-8 | 100-7242 |
| 22 AWG 7/30 Tin | Plated Copper - 0.051 [1.3 | 80] | | | |
| 5 | 0.400 [10.16] | 0.500 [12.70] | 250 ft | 57748-5 | 100-7178 |
| 10 | 0.900 [22.86] | 1.000 [25.40] | 250 ft | 1-57748-0 | 100-7178 |
| 15 | 1.400 [35.56] | 1.500 [38.10] | 250 ft | 1-57748-5 | 100-7178 |
| 20 | 1.900 [48.26] | 2.000 [50.80] | 250 ft | 2-57748-0 | 100-7178 |
| 25 | 2.400 [60.96] | 2.500 [63.50] | 250 ft | 2-57748-5 | 100-7178 |
| 28 | 2.700 [68.58] | 2.800 [71.12] | 250 ft | 2-57748-8 | 100-7178 |





0.156" [3.96mm] Centerline IDC Ribbon Cable, PVC Insulation





Product Specifications

- ▲ Voltage Rating: 300 Volts
- ▲ UL Recognized: AWM Style 2651
- ▲ CSA: AWM IA FTI

| No. of | Dimer | nsions | Roll | Part | Spec |
|----------------|----------------------------|---------------|--------|-------------|----------|
| Cond. | ond. A B | | Length | Part Number | Number |
| 2 AWG 7/30 Tin | Plated Copper - 0.051 [1.3 | [0] | | | |
| 2 | 0.156 [3.96] | 0.312 [7.92] | 250 Ft | 57750-2 | 100-7234 |
| 5 | 0.624 [15.85] | 0.780 [19.81] | 250 Ft | 57750-5 | 100-7234 |
| 10 | 1.404 [35.66] | 1.560 [39.62] | 250 Ft | 1-57750-0 | 100-7234 |
| 15 | 2.184 [55.47] | 2.340 [59.44] | 250 Ft | 1-57750-5 | 100-7234 |
| 20 | 2.964 [75.29] | 3.120 [79.25] | 250 Ft | 2-57750-0 | 100-7234 |
| 24 | 3.588 [91.14] | 3.744 [95.10] | 250 Ft | 2-57750-4 | 100-7234 |
| 3 AWG 7/26 Tin | Plated Copper - 0.068 [1.7 | [3] | | | |
| 2 | 0.156 [3.96] | 0.312 [7.92] | 250 Ft | 57752-2 | 100-4394 |
| 5 | 0.624 [15.85] | 0.780 [19.81] | 250 Ft | 57752-5 | 100-4394 |
| 10 | 1.404 [35.66] | 1.560 [39.62] | 250 Ft | 1-57752-0 | 100-4394 |
| 13 | 1.872 [47.55] | 2.028 [51.51] | 250 Ft | 1-57752-3 | 100-4394 |
| | | | | | |

Other Conductor Counts Available on Request



RF Coaxial Cables

Theory and Application

The proper selection and application of cables requires a knowledge of factors not involved in other types of cables. The following paragraphs have been prepared to aid in the selection of proper coax cable:

Signal Integrity and Propagation

To explain how to maintain signal integrity, it is necessary to review how the signal is configured in a cable and how it propagates. Ignoring digital signals for this discussion we will identify the issues that deal with the integrity of a sine wave. Consider a coaxial cable consisting of an inner conductor surrounded by a dielectric material and then an outer conductor (See Figure 1). The outer conductor may be a braid, a foil, or a solid metal.

An electromagnetic wave traveling in a coaxial cable produces an electric and a magnetic field between the inner conductor and the outer conductor (Figure 2).

The electric (E field) is radial and varies in time. An alternating current flows along the inner conductor and the outer conductor. An oscillating magnetic field (H field) circles the inner conductor.

The alternating current on a conductor is not spread throughout the conductor but is strongest at the surface and decays exponentially at points further into the conductor. This is called the skin effect. At a frequency of 1MHz, three skin depths is 0.0078" (95% of the current is within three skin depths of the surface) and at 10GHz three skin depths is 0.00078". As a result, the current is on the outer surface of the inner conductor and the inner surface of the outer conductor over the entire range of interest for most RF systems. The dimensions and material beyond several skin depths have no effect on the wave; gold plated plastic will propagate as well as gold plated copper at sufficiently high frequencies.

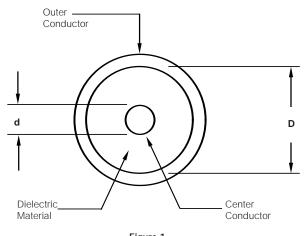


Figure 1

Diagram of a Cable

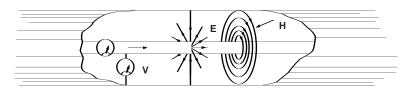


Figure 2

Electric field (E) and magnetic field (H) belonging to the principal mode in a coaxial line.



RF Coaxial Cables (Continued)

Velocity of Propagation

When an electromagnetic wave travels in a medium other than air or vacuum, the **velocity** for the wave is reduced by a factor of the square root of the dielectric constant (ϵ) of the media. The velocity (v) of the propagation of a signal is given by:

$$V = \sqrt{\frac{C}{\epsilon}}$$

Where c is the speed of light, 3×10^8 m/sec or 1.18×10^{10} in/sec, and ϵ is the dielectric constant of the medium. (See Table 1 for dielectric constants of various materials)



The **wavelength** of a signal is given by the formula
$$\lambda = v/f = \frac{c}{\sqrt{\epsilon} \ x \ f \ (GHz)} = \frac{1.18 \ x \ 10^{10}}{\sqrt{\epsilon} \ x \ f \ (GHz)}$$
 inches

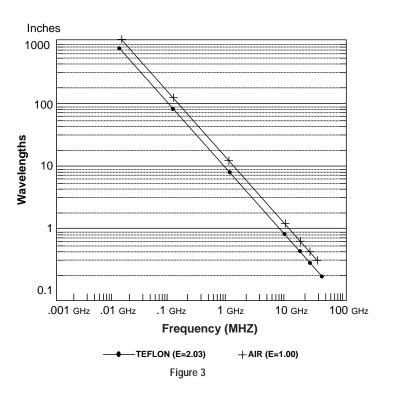


Table 1. Properties of Insulating Materials

| Dielectric Material | Dielectric Constant | Operating Temperature Range |
|------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|
| TFE | 2.03 | -70 +250°C |
| Polyethylene | 2.3 | -60 +80°C |
| Nylon | 4.6-4.0 | -40 +120°C |
| Polypropylene | 2.25 | -40 +105°C |

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RF Coaxial Cables (Continued)

Attenuation

A wave loses energy (attenuates) in several ways: (1) The resistance of the inner and outer conductors is small but can be significant over long lengths and will produce some heat. (2) The dielectric may cause loss; it's resistance is high but not infinite, and some energy is lost.

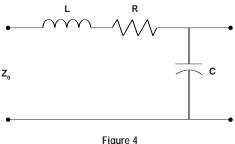
(3) Electromagnetic energy radiates at high frequencies; significant energy losses are caused by radiation of electromagnetic energy (the cable acts like an antenna). (4) Energy is reflected due to impedance mismatches or impedance discontinuities. The combination of these four types of losses are referred to as the insertion loss of a transmission line system.

Characteristic Impedance

A parameter which defines the behavior of a cable, connector, or any propagating system is Characteristic Impedance, Zo. The characteristic impedance of a lossless cable is related to the inductance per unit length, L, and the capacitance per unit length, C, as follows:

$$Zo = \sqrt{L/C}$$
 in ohms

The equivalent circuit of a transmission line is shown in Figure 4. R represents the conductor resistance for a unit length.



Typical Transmission Line Schematic

For a coaxial cable the characteristic impedance is given by:

$$Zo = \sqrt{\frac{138}{\epsilon}} \qquad x \ Log_{10} \frac{D}{d} \text{ in ohms}$$

where "D" is the inner diameter of the outer conductor and "d" is the outer diameter of the inner conductor, respectively. Similar equations apply for other geometries such as two parallel wires.

As can be observed from this equation, the impedance is a function of the diameters. Generally the conductor diameter can be very accurately controlled, but the dielectric diameter can vary based on the accuracy of the process. If the impedance changes are a consistent spacing of one 1/4 wavelength, this can cause significant signal loss.

Reflections

When the characteristic impedance changes in a transmission line system, part of an incident wave is reflected. The reflection coefficient can be calculated as:

$$Reflection \ Coefficient = \ \rho = \frac{V_i}{V_R} = \frac{Z_R - Z_O}{Z_R + Z_O}$$

Where Vi and Zo are the incident voltage and impedance of the first media. V_{R} and Z_{R} represent the reflected voltage and impedance of the media that caused the reflection. The decibel loss due to reflection is given by:

Return Loss =
$$10 \text{ Log}_{10} \left(\frac{1}{1-\rho^2} \right) \text{ dB}$$

VSWR

The traditional way to determine the reflection coefficient is to measure the standing wave caused by the superposition of the incident wave and the reflected wave. Traditionally the voltage is measured at a series of points using a slotted line. The ratio of the maximum divided by the minimum is the Voltage Standing Wave Ratio (VSWR). The VSWR is infinite for total reflections because the minimum voltage is zero. If no reflection occurs the VSWR is 1.0. VSWR and reflection coefficient are related as follows:

$$VSWR = (1 + \rho)/(1 - \rho)$$

Present instrumentation measures the return loss.

Figure 5 represents the relationship between VSWR and its equivalent in return loss (expressed in dB).

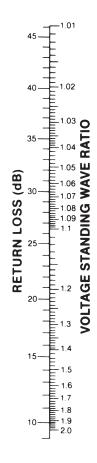


Figure 5 VSWR vs. Return Loss

Multiple Reflections

If there is a series of impedance changes, each one will cause a reflection. The total reflection is the vector addition of each of the individual coefficients accounting for the distance between discontinuities. Even though the calculations are difficult, a total VSWR can still be measured.

Cable Design

Conductor - Materials/Construction:

Conductor Material:

The ability of a material to act as a conductor, semi-conductor or insulator is determined by that material's molecular structure.

Copper

Copper is by far the most versatile and the most widely used conductor material. It is also compatible with numerous coatings to enhance termination and retard corrosion. Annealed copper conductors provide better flex life than hard copper conductors.

Copper Clad Steel

Copper covered steel is utilized when greater strength than that of solid copper conductor is required and where some of the conductivity of solid copper can be sacrificed. Copper clad steel consists of a steel core with a concentric copper covering thoroughly bonded to it. The most widely used grades are:

High Strength - 40% Conductivity

High Strength - 30% Conductivity.

The above conductivity is expressed in terms of conductivity of a solid copper wire of equal diameter. Where greater flexibility is necessary, the annealed grade should be specified since it employs a soft steel core with the flexibility near that of copper but with twice the strength. High strength will be achieved by using the hard drawn form. In the applications of high frequency transmission, no loss of conductivity is evident from that of solid copper due to transmission along the copper surface (skin effect). However, at power frequencies, the conductivity is 30 or 40% that of copper wire.

High Strength Alloys

Greater breaking strength and flex life are achieved by alloying copper with cadmium chromium, cadmium, chromium and zirconium. With only a slight increase in resistivity compared with copper clad steel, these alloys allow size and weight reduction to be achieved in electronic and aerospace applications.

Cadmium Chromium copper provides the highest conductivity of the above four alloys and is suitable for high temperature application.

Copper Conductors:

Resistivity

All conductor materials possess resistance to pass electrical energy.

Ampacity

Ampacity (or current carrying capacity) is determined by a number of factors;

- 1. The maximum continuous thermal performance of the covering insulation,
- 2. By the heat generated in the cable (result of conductor and insulation loses) and
- 3. By the heat-dissipating properties of the cable and its environment.

Heat generated in a conductor varies as the square of the applied current. The factors influencing current carrying capacity are:

- * Conductivity of Conductor Material The higher conductivity materials such as silver and copper possess higher current carrying capacity compared with alloys or aluminum hence generating less heat.
- * **Conductor Size-** Ampacity varies directly with conductor size and will increase as the diameter increases.
- * Insulation Material The specific heat of the insulating material will determine its ability to conduct heat through the wall to the surrounding medium (air, water, etc.) In no case should the conductor temperature exceed the thermal rating of the insulation.
- * **Surrounding Temperature** Ambient conditions such as a higher air temperature will reduce heat transfer away from the conductor.

Stranding

Stranded conductor constructions were developed as a means of overcoming the rigidity of solid wires. For any given wire size, the greater the number of strands with corresponding decrease in individual strand size, the more flexible and costly the conductor.

An increase in diameter must be associated with the use of stranded wires; resistance and weight are affected as well, depending on the number of strands and lay length used.

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There are specific numbers of strands which lend themselves to round configurations, i.e., 7, 12, 19, 27 and 37. Normally beyond 37 strands, rope type constructions are utilized consisting of 7 or 19 strand groups.

| Property | Annealed Copper | Copper Clad Steel (40% Conductivity) | High Strength Alloy 135 |
|---------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Density (gm/cm3) | 8.89 | 8.15 | 8.71 |
| Resistivity (ohm-cm/ft) | 10.37 | 26.45 | 11.30 |
| Tensile Strength (psi) | 35,000 | 110,000 | 60,000 |
| Coating Available* | T S N | S | S N |
| Maximum Service Temp (°C) | 150 200 260 | 200 | 200 200 |

^{*}T-Tin S-Silver N-Nickel



Cable Design (Continued)

Table 2 Conductor Data (Solid Copper)

| AWG | | Diameter | | Cross S Are | | Wei | ght | DCR @ Tinned | 20°C Copper | DCR Bare C | @ 20° Copper | Bre Stren | |
|-----|--------|----------|-------|----------------|--------|---------|--------|-----------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------|--------------|-----------|
| | inches | mils | mm | circ. mils | sq. mm | lbs/Kft | Kg/Km | ohms/Kft | ohms/Km | ohms/Kft | ohms/Km | lbs. (max). | Kg (max.) |
| 36 | 0.0050 | 5.0 | 0.127 | 25.0 | 0.0127 | 0.0757 | 0.113 | 441 | 1447 | 415 | 1360 | 0.78 | 0.36 |
| 35 | 0.0056 | 5.6 | 0.142 | 31.4 | 0.0159 | 0.0949 | 0.141 | 350 | 1148 | 331 | 1080 | 0.99 | 0.45 |
| 34 | 0.0063 | 6.3 | 0.160 | 39.7 | 0.0201 | 0.1200 | 0.179 | 274 | 890 | 261 | 857 | 1.25 | 0.57 |
| 33 | 0.0071 | 7.1 | 0.180 | 50.4 | 0.0255 | 0.1530 | 0.228 | 215 | 705 | 206 | 675 | 1.57 | 0.71 |
| 32 | 0.0080 | 8.0 | 0.203 | 64.0 | 0.0324 | 0.1940 | 0.289 | 169 | 554 | 162 | 532 | 1.98 | 0.90 |
| 31 | 0.0089 | 8.9 | 0.226 | 79.2 | 0.0401 | 0.2400 | 0.357 | 136 | 446 | 131 | 430 | 2.50 | 1.14 |
| 30 | 0.0100 | 10.0 | 0.254 | 100 | 0.0507 | 0.3030 | 0.451 | 107 | 351 | 104 | 340 | 3.16 | 1.43 |
| 29 | 0.0113 | 11.3 | 0.287 | 128 | 0.0649 | 0.3870 | 0.576 | 83.9 | 275 | 81.2 | 266 | 3.98 | 1.81 |
| 28 | 0.0126 | 12.6 | 0.320 | 159 | 0.0806 | 0.4810 | 0.716 | 67.5 | 221 | 65.3 | 214 | 5.02 | 2.27 |
| 27 | 0.0142 | 14.2 | 0.361 | 202 | 0.1020 | 0.6100 | 0.908 | 53.1 | 174 | 51.4 | 169 | 6.33 | 2.87 |
| 26 | 0.0159 | 15.9 | 0.404 | 253 | 0.1280 | 0.7650 | 1.140 | 42.4 | 139 | 41.0 | 135 | 7.98 | 3.62 |
| 25 | 0.0179 | 17.9 | 0.455 | 320 | 0.1620 | 0.9700 | 1.440 | 33.4 | 109 | 32.4 | 106 | 10.07 | 4.55 |
| 24 | 0.0201 | 20.1 | 0.511 | 404 | 0.2050 | 1.2200 | 1.820 | 26.5 | 86.9 | 25.7 | 84.2 | 12.69 | 5.76 |
| 23 | 0.0226 | 22.6 | 0.574 | 511 | 0.2590 | 1.5500 | 2.310 | 20.9 | 68.6 | 20.3 | 66.6 | 15.41 | 6.99 |
| 22 | 0.0253 | 25.3 | 0.643 | 640 | 0.3240 | 1.9400 | 2.890 | 16.7 | 54.8 | 16.2 | 53.2 | 19.43 | 8.81 |
| 21 | 0.0285 | 28.5 | 0.724 | 812 | 0.4110 | 2.4600 | 3.660 | 13.1 | 42.9 | 12.8 | 41.9 | 24.50 | 11.11 |
| 20 | 0.0320 | 32.0 | 0.813 | 1020 | 0.5190 | 3.1000 | 4.610 | 10.5 | 34.4 | 10.1 | 33.2 | 30.89 | 14.01 |
| 19 | 0.0359 | 35.9 | 0.912 | 1290 | 0.6530 | 3.9000 | 5.800 | 8.31 | 27.3 | 8.05 | 26.4 | 38.95 | 17.67 |
| 18 | 0.0403 | 40.3 | 1.020 | 1620 | 0.8230 | 4.9200 | 7.320 | 6.59 | 21.6 | 6.39 | 21.0 | 49.12 | 22.28 |
| 17 | 0.0453 | 45.3 | 1.150 | 2050 | 1.0400 | 6.2300 | 9.240 | 5.22 | 17.1 | 5.05 | 16.6 | 61.93 | 28.09 |
| 16 | 0.0508 | 50.8 | 1.290 | 2580 | 1.3100 | 7.8100 | 11.600 | 4.15 | 13.6 | 4.02 | 13.2 | 78.10 | 35.43 |
| 15 | 0.0571 | 57.1 | 1.450 | 3260 | 1.6500 | 9.8700 | 14.700 | 3.29 | 10.8 | 3.18 | 10.4 | 98.48 | 44.67 |
| 14 | 0.0641 | 64.1 | 1.630 | 4110 | 2.0800 | 12.4000 | 18.500 | 2.61 | 8.56 | 2.52 | 8.28 | 124.2 | 56.34 |
| 13 | 0.0720 | 72.0 | 1.830 | 5180 | 2.6300 | 15.7000 | 23.400 | 2.07 | 6.79 | 2.00 | 6.56 | 156.6 | 71.03 |
| 12 | 0.0808 | 80.8 | 2.050 | 6530 | 3.3100 | 19.8000 | 29.500 | 1.64 | 5.38 | 1.59 | 5.21 | 197.5 | 89.58 |
| 11 | 0.0907 | 90.7 | 2.300 | 8230 | 4.1700 | 24.9000 | 37.100 | 1.30 | 4.27 | 1.26 | 4.14 | 249.0 | 112.9 |
| 10 | 0.1019 | 101.9 | 2.590 | 10380 | 5.2600 | 31.4000 | 46.800 | 1.03 | 3.38 | 0.99 | 3.28 | 314.0 | 142.4 |

Table 3 Conductor Data (Stranded Copper)

| AWG | Stranding | Diam | eter | Cross-Section Area | | Weight DCR @ 20°C DCR @ 20°C Tinned Copper Bare Copper | | Weight | | | |
|-----|-----------|--------|-------|-----------------------|--------|--|-------|----------|---------|----------|---------|
| | | inches | mm | circ. mils | sq. mn | lbs/Kft | Kg/Km | ohms/Kft | ohms/km | ohms/Kft | ohms/km |
| 32 | 7/40 | 0.0093 | 0.236 | 67 | 0.0434 | 0.203 | 0.302 | 171.0 | 561.0 | 165.7 | 543.6 |
| 30 | 7/38 | 0.0117 | 0.297 | 112 | 0.0723 | 0.339 | 0.504 | 100.6 | 330.1 | 98.0 | 321.5 |
| 30 | 19/42 | 0.0120 | 0.305 | 119 | 0.0766 | 0.366 | 0.546 | 98.0 | 321.5 | 94.9 | 311.4 |
| 29 | 7/37 | 0.0135 | 0.343 | 142 | 0.0915 | 0.429 | 0.638 | 78.7 | 258.2 | 76.6 | 251.3 |
| 28 | 7/36 | 0.0147 | 0.373 | 175 | 0.113 | 0.529 | 0.788 | 64.1 | 210.3 | 62.2 | 204.1 |
| 28 | 19/40 | 0.0147 | 0.373 | 183 | 0.118 | 0.563 | 0.839 | 63.6 | 208.7 | 61.7 | 202.4 |
| 27 | 7/35 | 0.0170 | 0.432 | 220 | 0.142 | 0.664 | 0.989 | 51.2 | 170.0 | 50.1 | 164.4 |
| 26 | 7/34 | 0.0190 | 0.483 | 278 | 0.179 | 0.840 | 1.25 | 39.8 | 130.6 | 38.8 | 127.3 |
| 26 | 10/36 | 0.0190 | 0.483 | 250 | 0.163 | 0.756 | 1.13 | 44.2 | 145.0 | 43.3 | 142.1 |
| 26 | 19/38 | 0.0190 | 0.483 | 304 | 0.196 | 0.956 | 1.42 | 36.9 | 121.1 | 36.0 | 118.1 |
| 26 | 26/40 | 0.0180 | 0.457 | 250 | 0.161 | 1.03 | 1.15 | 46.0 | 150.9 | 44.4 | 145.7 |
| 25 | 7/33 | 0.0210 | 0.533 | 353 | 0.228 | 1.07 | 1.59 | 31.2 | 102.4 | 30.7 | 100.7 |
| 24 | 7/32 | 0.0240 | 0.610 | 448 | 0.289 | 1.36 | 2.01 | 24.3 | 79.7 | 24.0 | 78.7 |
| 24 | 10/34 | 0.0220 | 0.559 | 397 | 0.256 | 1.20 | 1.79 | 27.8 | 91.2 | 27.1 | 88.9 |
| 24 | 16/36 | 0.0220 | 0.559 | 400 | 0.258 | 1.21 | 1.80 | 27.9 | 91.5 | 27.1 | 88.9 |
| 24 | 19/36 | 0.0240 | 0.610 | 475 | 0.306 | 1.47 | 2.18 | 23.4 | 76.8 | 23.2 | 76.1 |
| 24 | 41/140 | 0.0220 | 0.559 | 394 | 0.254 | 1.23 | 1.83 | 29.5 | 96.8 | 28.2 | 92.5 |



Cable Design (Continued)

Table 3 Conductor Data (Stranded Copper) (continued)

| | | Di- | -1 | Cross-S | Section | 187 - 1 | | DCR @ | 20°C | DCR @ | 20°C |
|----------|----------------|--------|-------|------------|---------|---------|-------|----------|---------|----------|---------|
| AWG | Stranding | Diam | eter | Are | ea | Wei | ght | Tinned | Copper | Bare C | opper |
| | | inches | mm | circ. mils | sq. mm | lbs/Kft | Kg/Km | ohms/Kft | ohms/km | ohms/Kft | ohms/km |
| 22 | 7/30 | 0.0300 | 0.762 | 700 | 0.452 | 2.11 | 3.15 | 15.4 | 50.5 | 15.4 | 50.5 |
| 22 | 16/34 | 0.0280 | 0.711 | 635 | 0.410 | 1.92 | 2.86 | 17.3 | 56.8 | 17.1 | 56.1 |
| 22 | 19/34 | 0.0300 | 0.762 | 754 | 0.487 | 2.32 | 3.46 | 14.9 | 48.9 | 14.3 | 46.9 |
| 22 | 26/36 | 0.0290 | 0.737 | 650 | 0.419 | 2.10 | 2.99 | 17.3 | 56.8 | 16.8 | 55.1 |
| 22 | 27/36 | 0.0290 | 0.737 | 675 | 0.435 | 2.08 | 3.1 | 16.8 | 55.1 | 16.1 | 52.8 |
| 22 | 66/40 | 0.0280 | 0.711 | 634 | 0.409 | 1.99 | 2.97 | 18.6 | 61.0 | 18.1 | 59.4 |
| 21 | 19/33 | 0.0345 | 0.876 | 958 | 0.618 | 2.96 | 4.4 | 11.6 | 38.1 | 11.3 | 37.1 |
| 20 | 7/28 | 0.0380 | 0.965 | 1111 | 0.717 | 3.36 | 5.01 | 9.8 | 32.2 | 9.6 | 31.5 |
| 20 | 10/30 | 0.0360 | 0.914 | 1000 | 0.645 | 3.02 | 4.5 | 10.8 | 35.4 | 10.9 | 35.8 |
| 20 | 19/32 | 0.0380 | 0.965 | 1216 | 0.785 | 3.75 | 5.59 | 9.2 | 30.2 | 8.9 | 29.1 |
| 20 | 26/34 | 0.0360 | 0.914 | 1032 | 0.666 | 3.20 | 4.77 | 10.7 | 35.1 | 10.5 | 34.4 |
| 20 | 41/36 | 0.0360 | 0.914 | 1025 | 0.661 | 3.19 | 4.76 | 11.0 | 36.1 | 10.8 | 35.4 |
| 20 | 42/36 | 0.0360 | 0.914 | 1050 | 0.677 | 3.27 | 4.87 | 10.8 | 35.4 | 10.4 | 34.1 |
| 20 | 7x38/44 | 0.0300 | 1.02 | 1064 | 0.686 | 3.35 | 4.98 | 11.2 | 36.7 | 11.1 | 36.4 |
| 19 | 24/32 | 0.0400 | 1.02 | 1536 | 0.000 | 4.77 | 7.1 | 7.1 | 23.3 | 7.0 | 22.9 |
| 18 | 7/0.0152 | 0.0420 | 1.16 | 1617 | 1.04 | 4.77 | 7.1 | 6.7 | 21.9 | 6.7 | 21.9 |
| 18 | 7/0.0152 | 0.0455 | 1.154 | 1770 | 1.14 | 5.35 | 7.28 | 6.2 | 20.3 | 6.1 | 20.0 |
| 18 | | | 1.134 | 1600 | 1.03 | 4.84 | 7.21 | 6.8 | 22.3 | 6.7 | 21.9 |
| | 16/30 19/30 | 0.0450 | | 1900 | 1.03 | | 8.73 | 5.8 | 19.0 | 5.7 | |
| 18 18 | 41/34 | 0.0480 | 1.219 | 1627 | | 5.86 | | 6.9 | | | 18.7 |
| | | 0.0440 | 1.118 | | 1.05 | 5.07 | 7.55 | | 22.6 | 6.7 | 21.9 |
| 18 | 65/36 | 0.0440 | 1.118 | 1625 | 1.05 | 5.11 | 7.61 | 6.8 | 22.3 | 6.8 | 22.3 |
| 18 | 7x59/44 | 0.0530 | 1.346 | 1652 | 1.07 | 5.20 | 7.74 | 7.3 | 23.9 | 7.0 | 22.9 |
| 16 | 7/24 | 0.0600 | 1.524 | 2828 | 1.82 | 8.55 | 12.7 | 3.9 | 12.8 | 3.8 | 12.5 |
| 16 | 7/0.0192 | 0.0570 | 1.448 | 2580 | 1.66 | 7.81 | 11.6 | 4.3 | 14.1 | 4.2 | 13.8 |
| 16 | 19/29 | 0.0540 | 1.372 | 2426 | 1.57 | 7.49 | 11.1 | 4.5 | 14.8 | 4.4 | 14.4 |
| 16 | 19/0.0117 | 0.0560 | 1.422 | 2601 | 1.68 | 8.02 | 11.9 | 4.2 | 13.8 | 4.2 | 13.8 |
| 16 | 26/30 | 0.0570 | 1.448 | 2600 | 1.68 | 8.07 | 12.0 | 4.3 | 14.1 | 4.2 | 13.8 |
| 16 | 65/34 | 0.0570 | 1.448 | 2580 | 1.66 | 8.12 | 12.1 | 4.3 | 14.1 | 4.3 | 14.1 |
| 16 | 105/36 | 0.0570 | 1.448 | 2625 | 1.69 | 8.26 | 12.3 | 4.3 | 14.1 | 4.2 | 13.8 |
| 14 | 7/0.0242 | 0.0725 | 1.842 | 4099 | 2.64 | 12.4 | 18.5 | 2.7 | 8.86 | 2.7 | 8.86 |
| 14 | 7/22 | 0.0760 | 1.930 | 4481 | 2.89 | 13.6 | 20.2 | 2.5 | 8.20 | 2.6 | 8.53 |
| 14 | 19/27 | 0.0675 | 1.715 | 3831 | 2.47 | 12.1 | 17.9 | 2.8 | 9.19 | 2.6 | 8.53 |
| 14 | 19/0.0147 | 0.0710 | 1.803 | 4106 | 2.65 | 12.9 | 19.2 | 2.7 | 8.86 | 2.7 | 8.86 |
| 14 | 41/30 | 0.0700 | 1.778 | 4100 | 2.65 | 12.8 | 19.0 | 2.7 | 8.86 | 2.7 | 8.86 |
| 12 | 7/0.0305 | 0.0920 | 2.337 | 6512 | 4.20 | 19.7 | 29.3 | 1.7 | 5.58 | 1.7 | 5.58 |
| 12 | 19/25 | 0.0850 | 2.159 | 6088 | 3.93 | 18.8 | 28.0 | 1.8 | 5.91 | 1.8 | 5.91 |
| 12 | 19/0.0185 | 0.0880 | 2.235 | 6502 | 4.19 | 20.1 | 29.9 | 1.7 | 5.58 | 1.7 | 5.58 |
| 12 | 65/30 | 0.0890 | 2.261 | 6500 | 4.19 | 20.4 | 30.4 | 1.7 | 5.58 | 1.7 | 5.58 |
| 12 | 7x24/34 | 0.1000 | 2.540 | 6668 | 4.30 | 21.0 | 31.2 | 1.7 | 5.58 | 1.7 | 5.58 |
| 10 | 19/0.0234 | 0.1120 | 2.845 | 10404 | 6.71 | 32.1 | 47.8 | 1.1 | 3.61 | 1.1 | 3.61 |
| 10 | 37/26 | 0.1080 | 2.743 | 9354 | 6.03 | 29.0 | 43.2 | 1.2 | 3.94 | 1.2 | 3.94 |
| 10 | 105/30 | 0.1150 | 2.921 | 10500 | 6.77 | 33.0 | 49.2 | 1.1 | 3.61 | 1.0 | 3.28 |
| 8 | 19/0.0295 | 0.1380 | 3.505 | 16535 | 10.7 | 51.0 | 75.9 | 0.66 | 2.17 | 0.66 | 2.17 |
| 8 | 7x19/29 | 0.1600 | 4.064 | 16983 | 11.0 | 53.4 | 79.5 | 0.65 | 2.13 | 0.65 | 2.13 |
| 8 | 7x24/30 | 0.1620 | 4.115 | 16800 | 10.8 | 52.8 | 178.7 | 0.65 | 2.13 | 0.65 | 2.13 |
| 6 | 7x19/27 | 0.1990 | 5.055 | 26818 | 17.3 | 84.4 | 125.6 | 0.41 | 1.35 | 0.41 | 1.35 |
| 4 | 7x19/25 | 0.2500 | 6.350 | 42615 | 27.5 | 134.1 | 199.6 | 0.39 | 1.28 | 0.39 | 1.28 |
| | | 0.2000 | 0.000 | 0.0 | | | 196.7 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 |

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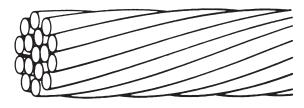


Cable Design (Continued)

MADISON Cable

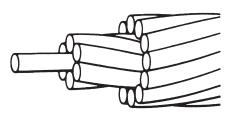
Strand Construction

Bunched - Conductor strands of any number twisted together in the same direction without regard to the geometric arrangement.



Bunch Stranding

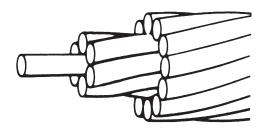
True Concentric - A central wire surrounded by layers of helically laid wires. Each layer has reversed lay direction and an increasing lay length in each succeeding layer. The inner layer will support the outer layers to prevent migration of strand that can occur in bunch constructions.



True Concentric and Equilay Stranding

Unidirectional Concentric - A central wire surrounded by one or more layers of helically laid wires with same direction of lay and increasing lay length in each succeeding layer. It has an advantage of much greater flexibility and flex life than true concentric.

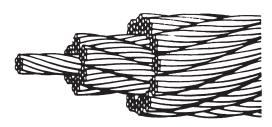
Unilay - A multi-layer of helically laid wires with the same direction and same lay length for each layer.



Unidirectional Concentric and Unilay Stranding

Equilay - Composed of multi-layers of helically laid wire, with the direction of lay reversed for succeeding layers. As the name designates, all layers have equal lay length.

Rope - Is cabled groups of any of the above stranded members. It is standard to use a number of groups that provide a round construction (7, 13, 19, 27). Rope lay is basically used for large gauge (No. 10 AWG and larger) constructions that consist of a central core stranded member surrounded by one or more layers of stranded members.



Rope Stranding

Conductor Coatings

Bare copper conductor will oxidize from exposure to the atmosphere forming copper oxide on the surface. Oxidation and other types of corrosion are accelerated by the presence of heat, moisture, and some insulating materials such as rubber. The oxide film is a poor conducting material and must be removed to assure a good, reliable terminal connection. To prevent corrosion and enhance terminating (soldering), bare copper is coated with a metal that is not susceptible to oxidation and corrosion. Contact resistance between conductors and terminals is reduced with coating materials like tin, silver and nickel.

Tin is the most frequently used coating; however, nickel and silver are used for specific applications.

Tin - The least expensive coating for ordinary usage is tin. It is a soldering aid and is specified when that type of terminating method is used.

Tinned Copper - Normally a film thickness of 20 micro-inches (.000020") is applied to each strand. The strands are twisted together to form the tinned copper conductor.

Heavy Tinned Copper - Carries a heavier tin thickness on the individual strand - 100 micro-inches on smaller than 30 AWG strands; 150 micro-inches on 30 AWG and larger.



Cable Design (Continued)

Prefused Copper - Consists of twisted strands of heavy tinned copper fused with heat along the length.

Overcoated Copper - Consists of tinned strands of copper twisted together followed by a tin coating over the twisted conductor. The finished product is bonded along its entire length.

Topcoated Copper - Consists of bare copper strands twisted together, with the resulting conductor given a coating of tin. The finished product is bonded along its entire length.

Silver - Silver is primarily electroplated to copper and then drawn down to the proper conductor size with a resulting 40 micro-inch coating. Silver-coated conductors are reliable for continuous temperature application through 200°C. Although higher in cost than tinned copper, silver coated conductors have a lower resistance, than either tin or nickel coated conductors. At higher frequencies, the current density is at the conductor surface (skin effect) thereby making this highly conductive coating material the most effective of all coatings.

Nickel - Nickel plating is considered suitable for continuous service up to 260°C. At these elevated temperatures, nickel does not tarnish as does silver.

Insulation/Jacket

Introduction:

Based on the requirements the best insulating material for the application will be selected. The selection may involve examination of many different performance properties. The properties are addressed in the following sections and tables.



General Terms:

Thermoplastic: Materials that soften and flow when heated. Usually possess a definite melting point. The material will become firm again upon cooling. These materials can be molded and shaped with a heating and cooling process. (This process can be repeated.) Extrusion of melt flow polymers on wire is an example of this type of material.

Thermoset: Materials are soft and pliable during one stage of processing, can be molded and extruded at this state after which they are set or cured, usually at a higher temperature. After the setting process (cross linking) is complete they cannot be softened by reheating, hence heat and solvent resistance properties are improved over thermoplastic materials.

Insulation: Materials possessing good dielectric properties used on wire components in cable usually as direct covering on conductors.

Jacket: Materials that provide a protection in mechanical and chemical properties applied as a direct covering over cable components. The choice of materials for cable design to satisfy any given combination of installation and environmental conditions can often be more critical than the electrical requirements.

Insulation and Jacket Compound Properties*

| Material | Max Operating | Dielectric | Specific | Oxygen |
|-------------------------|---------------|------------|-------------------|--------|
| Material | Temp °C | K @ 1Mhz | Gravity | Index |
| Vinyl (PVC) | | | | |
| Plasticized (Convention | nal) 105 | 4-6 | 1.38 | 26-30 |
| Semi Rigid | 80 | 4.0 | 1.39 | 36 |
| Irradiated | 105 | 2.70 | 1.38 | 27 |
| Polyethylene | | | | |
| Low Density | 80 | 2.28 | 0.92 | 18 |
| High Density | 80 | 2.34 | 0.95 | 18 |
| Flame Retardant | 80 | 2.35 | 1.0 | 27 |
| Cellular (Foam) | 80 | 1.55¹ | 0.50 ¹ | 18 |
| Cross-Linked | 90 | 2.44 | 1.19 | 27 |
| Polypropylene | | | | |
| Solid | 90 | 2.30 | 0.91 | 18 |
| Cellular (Foam) | 90 | 1.50¹ | 0.50 ¹ | 18 |
| Thermoplastic Elaston | ner 105 | 2.80 | 1.20 | 32 |
| Teflon® FEP | | | | |
| Solid | 200 | 2.1 | 2.15 | 95 |
| Cellular (Foam) | 200 | 1.41 | 1.1 ¹ | 40 |
| Teflon® PFA | 250 | 2.1 | 2.15 | 30 |
| Tefzel® ETFE | 150 | 2.6 | 1.7 | 30 |
| Kynar® PVDF | 135 | 6.4 | 1.76 | 44 |
| Halar® ECTFE | 150 | 2.56 | 1.7 | 30 |
| Nylon | 105 | 4-8 | 1.13 | 22 |
| Mylar (Polyester) | 150 | 3.0 | 1.40 | 20 |
| Polyurethane | 80 | | 1.13 | 20-29 |
| Solef® PVDF | 150 | _ | 1.78 | 40 |
| | | | | |

^{*} Nominal Values

¹ Properties based on expansion level



MADISON Cable

Cable Design (Continued)

General Properties of Insulation Compounds

The primary insulation material is the most important of the cable materials for overall performance reasons.

- ▲ Voltage dielectric for higher voltage charge at the conductor surface.
- ▲ Low loss material for higher frequency signal cables.
- ▲ Heat resistance in high temperature environments.
- ▲ Low temperature flexibility.
- ▲ Toughness for cut-through, abrasion and crush resistance.

Insulation compounds serve an electrical function first. Secondary properties consider the environmental factors.

Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC): This material is available in many formulations tailored to meet specific needs. Madison provides two (2) basic types:

Plasticized flexible materials for 80°, 90°, and 105°C applications.

Semi-rigid compounds rated at 80°C that can be made as thin wall products (8-9 mils).

PVC compounds are moderately good dielectric materials. Depending on the formulation, the dielectric constant can vary from 3 to 6. Formulations typically include the PVC resin, plasticizer, stabilizer, flame retardants, fillers, and specialty additives.

PVC compounds are limited to 105°C temperature applications and a cold environment of -40°C. Plasticizers can migrate from the compound causing the material to become brittle, especially at lower temperatures.

Typical Properties of Madison PVC Insulations

| Property | Flexible* | Semi-Rigid |
|--|------------------------------------|--------------|
| Physical | | |
| Specific Gravity | 1.30-1.40 | 1.5 |
| Durometer (Hardness) | 90 Shore A | 63 Shore D |
| Tensile Strength (psi) | 1500 | 3500 |
| Elongation (%) | 150-300 | 200 |
| Max. Opr. Temperature (°C) | 60-105 | 80 |
| Oxygen Index | 25-30 | 30 |
| Solder Iron Resistance | Poor | Poor to Fair |
| Cut-through | Poor to Fair | Good |
| Electrical | | |
| Dielectric Constant | 4-6 | 3.0-3.5 |
| Volume Resistivity (Ω-cm) | 10 ¹¹ -10 ¹² | 1014 |
| Dielectric Strength (Volts/Mil) | 300-600 | 700 |
| Insulation Resistance (Megohm - 1000 ft.) | 500-2000 | 5000 |
| | | |

^{*} Properties vary depending on compound design.

Polyolefins

Polyolefins are made up of a family of hydrocarbons similar in nature to paraffin oils and waxes. Over the past few decades they have been the most common of insulation materials because of a number of superior characteristics, low cost and availability.

Polyethylene: It is specified by general classifications of density (low, medium, and high). Combined high performance of electrical and physical properties have made this versatile polymer widely accepted.

are metric equivalents.

Electrical performance of polyethylene is excellent. Dielectric quality is known by a high dielectric strength (volts per mil), low dielectric constant, low dissipation factor and high insulation resistance. These properties are stable over a broad range of frequencies and temperature.

Physical properties of polyethylene are generally considered good except for fire resistance and ultra-violet resistance (weatherability). Modifiers are used to tailor specific improvements in these areas.



Cable Design (Continued)

Polypropylene: This polyolefin material is characteristic in many ways to high density polyethylene; electrical and chemical resistance are similar. It has superior physical properties such as abrasion, cut through, and heat resistance; however, it has a lower density. It is flammable, but flame retardant grades can be made available. It is preferred to polyethylene for stress crack resistance applications. Much of polypropylene is used in telecommunication cables for physical and dielectric quality.

Cellular Polyolefin: Dielectric improvements in capacitance within insulations are provided by production of a cellular

structure in the finished insulation. Processes of producing an inert gas in the polymer melt are controlled in the extruder and the resulting extrudate can be provided with a variation in the amount of voids (air to solid regions). This allows control over the dielectric constant and dissipation factor. Polyolefin dielectric constant (typically 2.27) can be lowered to 1.55 by expansion.

Flame Retardant Polyethylene: Compounds of polyethylene employing fire retardant additives are available, but there is some sacrificing of properties to consider when designing these materials into electrical wire applications.

Typical Properties of Madison Polyolefin Insulations

| Property | Low Density | High Density | Flame Retardant | Polypropylene | Cellular (1) |
|---|-------------|--------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------|
| Physical | | | | | |
| Density | .92 | .95 | 1.0 | .90 | .4580 |
| Tensile Strength (psi) | 2000 | 3000 | 2000 | 3000 | 600-1000 |
| Elongation (%) | 300 | 500 | 300 | 500 | 100-200 |
| Max. Opr. Temp (°C) | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 |
| Low Temp. Brittleness (°C) | -65 | -76 | -20 | -40 | -65 |
| Solder Iron | Poor | Poor | Poor | Poor | Poor |
| Abrasion Resistance | Good | Good | Fair | Good | Poor |
| Flame Resistance | Poor | Poor | Good | Poor | Poor |
| Electrical | | | | | |
| Dielectric Constant | 2.28 | 2.34 | 2.35 | 2.27 | 1.45-1.75 |
| Dissipation Factor | .0002 | .0001 | .001 | .0003 | .0002 |
| Insulation Resistance (Megohm-1000 ft.) | 20000 | 20000 | 10000 | 20000 | 1000 |
| Dielectric Strength (Volts/Mil |) 800 | 1000 | 800 | 1000 | 200-500 |

⁽¹⁾⁻properties vary with amount of expansion

Non Halogen Compounds:

Over the past few years, non halogen, flame retardant, reduced emissions compounds have been developed in response to a growing demand for products which offer greater protection against fatalities, injuries and property damage from fire. When burned, cables made with non-halogen flame retardant compounds give off as little as one-quarter the smoke and fumes of conventional cable materials. These compounds have good crush and deformation resistance, good flexibility, excellent long term aging properties plus physical integrity at low temperatures.

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Cable Design (Continued)

Fluorocarbons

There are a number of fluorocarbon resins available as insulating materials. Each fluorocarbon type is distinctly different, however they all can be classified as highly fire resistant and physically and electrically stable at elevated temperature.

FEP: FEP has a service temperature of 200°C with excellent electrical properties - dielectric constant (2.1) and dissipation factor (.001) that is consistent through its maximum operating temperature and frequency range.

Low temperature properties of FEP are similar to those of TFE resulting in a -65°C rating. FEP insulated wire can be supplied in long continuous lengths allowing it to service a wider range of applications. FEP cannot be used in applications where thermosetting quantities are required (solder iron or short term overload). Along with the inherent flame resistance, this material is widely used in plenum cable applications because it produces low smoke in fire events.

PFA: PFA has a 260°C temperature rating, therefore it is an excellent choice for wiring requiring TFE properties and long ETFE (Tefzel®): For application where properties of FEP are needed, with better chemical resistance.

ECTFE (Halar®): This material is slightly different from ETFE in chemical resistance, cross-linking ability, electrical, physical and thermal properties.

Like FEP and TFE, ECTFE is not useful where corona conditions prevail as in high voltage applications. As with other resins, irradiation cross-linking improves stress crack resistance. ECTFE ranks among the most radiation resistant polymers comparing with ETFE and polyethylene in this property.

PVDF (Kynar®): This material is rated for continuous use over a temperature range of -65° to 125°C. It has good resistance to corrosive chemical and organic solvents. Although this material is very hard with high tensile strength, abrasion resistance and excellent cut-through, limitations of flexibility are evident. It is resistant to creep and fatigue. It can be used in exterior applications because it is stable in sunlight and other sources of UV radiation.

Typical Properties of Madison Fluorocarbon Insulations

| Type Property | FEP | PFA | ETFE Trade Name TEFZEL® | ECTFE Trade Name HALAR® | PVDF Trade Name KYNAR® | PVDF Trade name SOLEF® | Foam TEFLON® FLUORO- CARBON |
|----------------------------|---|---|--|--|---|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Specific Gravity | 2.15 | 2.15 | 1.70 | 1.68 | 1.76 | 1.75 | 1.10-1.40 |
| Tensile Strength (psi) | 2500 | 2500 | 6500 | 4500 | 4500 | 4500 | 700-1400 |
| Elongation (%) | 250 | 250 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 100-150 |
| Hardness | D55 | D60 | D75 | D75 | D75 | D75 | _ |
| Temperature Rating (°C) | 200 | 260 | 150 | 150 | 125 | 150 | 200 |
| Low Temperature (°C) | -65 | -65 | -65 | -75 | -65 | -35 | -65 |
| Flame Resistance (VW-1) | Pass | Pass | Pass | Pass | Pass | Pass | Pass |
| Dielectric Constant | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 9.7 | 9.6 | 1.3-1.7 |
| Dissipation Factor | .001 | .002 | .005 | .003 | .019 | _ | .0003 |
| Volume Resistivity (Ω-cm | n) >10 ¹⁸ | >1018 | >1016 | >1015 | >10 ⁷ | >1014 | _ |
| Applications | Coaxial Cable Plenum Cable Heater Cable Computer Cable | High Temp Wire Heater Wire Geophysical Fiber Optic Jacket | Nuclear Control Cable Aircraft Wire Computer Back Panel Rapid Transit | Nuclear Control Cable Oil-well Insul. Computer Wire Rapid Transit | Computer Back Panel Plenum Jacket Cathodic Protection Cable | Plenum Jacket | Data Transmission Plenum Coax |

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Cable Design (Continued)

Electrical properties of PVDF are not as good as other fluoropolymers. Most common use of this material is for jackets and back panel wire where electrical performance is not critical. PVDF is highly flame resistant and low smoke producing finding wide use as plenum cable jackets.

Foam Fluorocarbons: To further improve on the superb properties of Teflon® FEP, processes have been developed to foam the FEP, resulting in lower dielectric material. These materials are increasingly used in plenum applications. They produce little smoke and minimize dripping and fire propagation.

Jacket Compounds

Jacket or sheaths over multicomponent cable or single components act as a protective covering as well as contain the component elements and shields. Jackets can be made semiconductive, depending on the application. Jacket materials are called upon to be flame resistant, physically tough, flexible, chemically resistant and to have a good appearance.

Types

PVC: Is the most widely used non-plenum jacket. A variety of compounds are available to serve a wide range of applications. Fire safety is an important role served by PVC jackets.

Polyurethane: A material used for severe service of abrasion and cut-through with flexibility. A range of grades are available to meet various applications, such as extreme low temperatures.

Polyethylene: Inherent properties make it ideal for direct burial applications.

Thermoplastic Elastomer (TPE): A suitable replacement to rubber where the thermosetting properties of rubber are not critical.

Fluorocarbon: Physical toughness and fire resistant characteristics override the slight increase in cost. See description of benefits in the section on dielectric material.

Typical Properties of Madison Jacket Compounds

| Property | TPE Thermoplastic Elastomer | Nylon Polyamide | PU Polyurethane | PVC Polyvinyl Chloride* | PE Polyethylene | Fluorocarbon** | Non-Halogen | PVC Alloy |
|---------------------------------|--|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|------------------|
| Tensile Strengtl (psi) | h 1700 | 6500 | 5000 | 1500-3000 | 3000 | 3500 | 1200-2000 | 2500 |
| Elongation (%) | 450 | 250 | 500 | 200 | 500 | 150 | 150-200 | 200 |
| Operating Temperature | | | | | | | | |
| High (°C) | 125 | 105 | 80 | 80-105 | 80 | 125 | 90 | 75 |
| Low (°C) | -50 | -40 | -50 | -25 | -40 | -40 | -40 | 0 |
| Oil Aging ASTN No. 2 (Days/ | | _ | 30/15.6 | 7/60 | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Tear Strength Die C (lb./in. |) 380 | _ | 290 | _ | 450 | _ | _ | _ |
| Specific Gravity | 1.20 | 1.13 | 1.20 | 1.25-1.40 | 0.93 | 1.76 | 1.3-1.6 | 1.6 |
| Shore Hardness | s A95 | D85 | A82 | A70-A95 | D45 | D65 | A80 - A95 | C83 |
| Fire Resistance Oxygen Inde | | 23 | 30* | 25-35 | 18 | 44 | 35-48 | 47 |
| Dielectric Strength | | | | | | | | |
| (Volts/mil) | 500 | 450 | 400 | 450 | 500 | 500 | 500 | 500 |
| Volume Resistivity (Ω-cm) | 2 x 10 ¹⁶ | 1012 | 2 x 10 ¹¹ | 1014 | 2 x 10 ¹⁶ | 1014 | 1012 | 1012 |
| Applications | -Appliance Wire -Coiled Cord -Arctic | -THHN/THWN -Jackets for Small Cables -Industrial Control Cable | -Camera Cable -Military Cable -Fiber Optics -coil cord | -Computer Cable -Coaxial Cable | -Direct Burial -Control Cable | -Plenum Cable -Control Cable | -Data Processing Cable -Industrial Cable -Transit Cable | -Plenum Cable |

Note: *Varies with formulation **Based upon Copolymer — Data Not Available

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MADISON Cable

Cable Design (Continued)

Shields

The increasing number of high frequency interference sources has emphasized the necessity for shielding in electronic equipment. Shields, are used for EMI and RFI protection.

If a shield is required, the end user has a choice among several options - braided copper wire; spiral (served) copper wire; copper and aluminum tapes; laminates of aluminum/polyester and aluminum/polyester/aluminum with spiral drain wires for ease of termination; semi-conductive plastics.

The most effective for high frequency applications is a braided copper shield. For the majority of audio frequency applications (20 to 20,000 Hz) a coverage of 75% to 85% will prove effective, but for the high frequency range (3 to 30 MHz) a coverage of 85% to 95% will be necessary to give adequate protection.

The most economical shield is an aluminum polyester laminated tape used in conjunction with a drain wire applied either spirally or longitudinally, directly adjacent to the aluminum side of the tape. For frequencies up to 400 MHz it is as effective as a braid copper shield since it provides 100% coverage.

Cables

Cabling of individual layers may be either concentric or bunched. The concentric lay-up consists of a central wire or filler surrounded by one or more layers of helically laid wires, with the direction of lay reversed for successive layers and with the length of lay increasing for each successive layer. The direction of lay of the outer layer is generally left-hand. This construction assures cable roundness and greater mechanical strength. A bunched or unilay cable lay-up consists of any number of insulated wires cabled together in the same direction. It results in a smaller overall cable diameter, lighter weight, and has greater flexibility than concentric lay-ups.

Flexibility of a cable is directly related to the lay length of the individual layers. Usually this is 8 to 16 times the pitch diameter of each layer; the smaller the lay length, the greater the flexibility of the cable.

Fillers, are used to round out a cable and obtain symmetry.

Binders and Servers, sometimes needed (depending on construction) to prevent flaring or untwisting of components.

Tapes are frequently placed under the outer jacket as an added protection against mechanical abuse, and between overall shields and underlying conductors to prevent physical damage to the insulation.

are metric equivalents



Color Chart

Multi-Conductor Cables

Multi-Pair Cables

| Т | ้ล | h | lρ | Δ |
|-----|----|---|----|---|
| - 1 | а | v | ıc | М |

| TUDIO A | | | |
|----------------------|------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Number of Conductors | Base Color | 1st Stripe/ Bandmark | 2nd Stripe/ Bandmark |
| 1 | Black | | |
| 2 | Brown | | |
| 3 | Red | | |
| 4 | Orange | | |
| 5 | Yellow | | |
| 6 | Green | | |
| 7 | Blue | | |
| 8 | Violet | | |
| 9 | Gray | | |
| 10 | White | | |
| 11 | White | Black | |
| 12 | White | Brown | |
| 13 | White | Red | |
| 14 | White | Orange | |
| 15 | White | Yellow | |
| 16 | White | Green | |
| 17 | White | Blue | |
| 18 | White | Violet | |
| 19 | White | Gray | |
| 20 | White | Black | Brown |
| 21 | White | Black | Red |
| 22 | White | Black | Orange |
| 23 | White | Black | Yellow |
| 24 | White | Black | Green |
| 25 | White | Black | Blue |
| 26 | White | Black | Violet |
| 27 | White | Black | Gray |
| 28 | White | Brown | Red |
| 29 | White | Brown | Orange |
| 30 | White | Brown | Yellow |
| 31 | White | Brown | Green |
| 32 | White | Brown | Blue |
| 33 | White | Brown | Violet |
| 34 | White | Brown | Gray |
| 35 | White | Red | Orange |
| 36 | White | Red | Yellow |
| 37 | White | Red | Green |
| 38 | White | Red | Blue |
| 39 | White | Red | Violet |
| 40 | White | Red | Gray |
| 41 | White | Orange | Yellow |
| 42 | White | Orange | Green |
| 43 | White | Orange | Blue |
| 44 | White | Orange | Violet |
| 45 | White | Orange | Gray |
| 46 | White | Yellow | Green |
| 47 | White | Yellow | Blue |
| 48 | White | Yellow | Violet |
| 49 | White | Yellow | Gray |
| 50 | White | Green | Blue |
| 51 | White | Green | Violet |
| 52 | White | Green | Gray |
| 53 | White | Blue | Violet |
| 54 | White | Blue | Gray |
| 55 | White | Violet | Gray |

| - | | B. I | | |
|---|----|------|----|---|
| | ıa | n | le | ĸ |
| | ıa | v | | u |

| Table B | | | |
|----------------------|----------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Number of Conductors | Base Color | 1st Stripe/ Bandmark | 2nd Stripe/ Bandmark |
| 1 | Black | | |
| 2 | Red | | |
| 3 | White | | |
| 4 | Green | | |
| 5 | Orange | | |
| 6 | Blue | | |
| 7 | Brown | | |
| 8 | Yellow | | |
| 9 | Violet | | |
| 10 | Gray | | |
| 11 | Pink | | |
| 12 | Tan | C**** | |
| 14 | Red Red | Green Yellow | |
| 15 | Red | Black | |
| 16 | White | Black | |
| 17 | White | Red | |
| 18 | White | Green | |
| 19 | White | Yellow | |
| 20 | White | Blue | |
| 21 | White | Brown | |
| 22 | White | Orange | |
| 23 | White | Gray | |
| 24 | White | Violet | |
| 25 | White | Black | Red |
| 26 | White | Black | Green |
| 27 | White | Black | Yellow |
| 28 | White | Black | Blue |
| 29 | White | Black | Brown |
| 30 | White | Black | Orange |
| 31 | White | Black | Gray |
| 32 | White | Black | Violet |
| 33 | White | Black | Black |
| 34 | White | Red | Black |
| 35 | White | Red | Red |
| 36 | White | Red | Green |
| 37 | White | Red | Blue |
| 38 | White | Red | Brown |
| 39 | White | Red | Violet |
| 40 | White | Green | Black |
| 41 | White | Green | Red |
| 42 | White | Green | Green |
| 43 | White | Green | Blue |
| 44 | White | Green | Brown |
| 45 | White | Green | Violet |
| 46 | White | Blue | Black |
| 47 | White | Blue | Red |
| 48 | White | Blue | Green |
| 49 | White | Blue | Blue |
| 50 | White | Blue | Brown |
| 51 | White | Blue | Violet |
| 52 | White | Brown | Black |
| 53 | White | Brown | Red |
| 54 | White | Brown | Green |
| 55 | White | Brown | Blue |
| 56 | White | Brown | Brown |
| 57 | White | Brown | Violet Red |
| 58 59 | White White | Violet | Green |
| 60 | White | Violet Violet | Blue |
| - 00 | vviille | violet | Diue |

Table C

| Pair | Color |
|--------|---------------------------|
| Number | Combination |
| 1 | Black paired with Red |
| 2 | Black paired with White |
| 3 | Black paired with Green |
| 4 | Black paired with Blue |
| 5 | Black paired with Yellow |
| 6 | Black paired with Brown |
| 7 | Black paired with Orange |
| 8 | Red paired with White |
| 9 | Red paired with Green |
| 10 | Red paired with Blue |
| 11 | Red paired with yellow |
| 12 | Red paired with Brown |
| 13 | Red paired with Orange |
| 14 | Green paired with White |
| 15 | Green paired with Blue |
| 16 | Green paired with Yellow |
| 17 | Green paired with Brown |
| 18 | Green paired with Orange |
| 19 | White paired with Blue |
| 20 | White paired with Yellow |
| 21 | White paired with Brown |
| 22 | White paired with Orange |
| 23 | Blue paired with Yellow |
| 24 | Blue paired with Brown |
| 25 | Blue paired with Orange |
| 26 | Brown paired with Yellow |
| 27 | Brown paired with Orange |
| 28 | Orange paired with Yellow |
| 29 | Violet paired with Orange |
| 30 | Violet paired with Red |
| 31 | Violet paired with White |
| 32 | Violet paired with Green |
| 33 | Violet paired with Blue |
| 34 | Violet paired with Yellow |
| 35 | Violet paired with Brown |
| 36 | Violet paired with Black |
| 37 | Gray paired with White |



Color Chart (Continued)

Color Combination

White/Brown paired with Green

White/Brown paired with Blue

White/Brown paired with Violet

White/Red paired with Gray

White/Red paired with Black

White/Red paired with Brown

White/Red paired with Yellow

White/Red paired with Green

White/Red paired with Blue

White/Red paired with Violet

White/Red paired with Gray White/Orange paired with Black

White/Orange paired with Brown

White/Orange paired with Orange

White/Orange paired with Yellow White/Orange paired with Green

White/Orange paired with Blue

White/Orange paired with Violet White/Orange paired with Gray

White/Yellow paired with Black White/Yellow paired with Brown

White/Yellow paired with Red

White/Yellow paired with Orange

White/Yellow paired with Yellow

White/Yellow paired with Green White/Yellow paired with Blue

White/Yellow paired with Violet White/Yellow paired with Gray

White/Green paired with Black

White/Green paired with Brown

White/Green paired with Yellow

White/Green paired with Green

White/Green paired with Blue White/Green paired with Violet

White/Green paired with Gray

White/Green paired with Red White/Green paired with Orange

White/Orange paired with Red

White/Red paired with Red White/Red paired with Orange

Multi-Pair Cables (Continued)

| Table | D |
|-------|---|

| Table D | | Table D (d | continued) |
|---------|--|------------|----------------------|
| Pair | Color | Pair | |
| Number | Combination | Number | |
| 1 | White paired with Black | 60 | White/Br |
| 2 | White paired with Brown | 61 | White/Br |
| 3 | White paired with Red | 62 | White/Br |
| 4 | White paired with Orange | 63 | White/Re |
| 5 | White paired with Yellow | 64 | White/Re |
| 6 | White paired with Green | 65 | White/Re |
| 7 | White paired with Blue | 66 | White/Re |
| 8 | White paired with Violet | 67 | White/Re |
| 9 | White paired with Gray | 68 | White/Re |
| 10 | Black paired with Brown | 69 | White/Re |
| 11 | Black paired with Red | | White/Re |
| 12 | Black paired with Orange | 71 | White/Re |
| 13 | Black paired with Yellow | | White/Re |
| 14 | Black paired with Green | 73 | White/Or |
| 15 | Black paired with Blue | 74 | White/Or |
| 16 | Black paired with Violet | 75 | White/Or |
| 17 | Black paired with Gray | | White/Or |
| 18 | Brown paired with Red | | White/Or |
| 19 | Brown paired with Orange | | White/Or |
| 20 | Brown paired with Yellow | | White/Or |
| 21 | Brown paired with Green | 80 | White/Or |
| 22 | Brown paired with Blue | 81 | White/Or |
| 23 | Brown paired with Violet | 82 | White/Ye |
| 24 | Brown paired with Gray | 83 | White/Ye |
| 25 | Red paired with Orange | 84 | White/Ye |
| 26 | Red paired with Yellow | 85 | White/Ye |
| 27 | Red paired with Green | 86 | White/Ye |
| 28 | Red paired with Blue | 87 | White/Ye |
| 29 | Red paired with Violet | 88 | White/Ye |
| 30 | Red paired with Gray | 89 | White/Ye |
| 31 | Orange paired with Yellow | 90 | White/Ye |
| 32 | Orange paired with Green | 91 92 | White/Gr |
| 33 | Orange paired with Nielet | | White/Gr White/Gr |
| 35 | Orange paired with Violet | 93 94 | White/Gr |
| 36 | Orange paired with Gray Yellow paired with Green | 95 | White/Gr |
| 37 | Yellow paired with Blue | | White/Gr |
| 38 | Yellow paired with Violet | | White/Gr |
| 39 | Yellow paired with Violet Yellow paired with Gray | | White/Gr |
| 40 | Green paired with Blue | | White/Gr |
| 41 | Green paired with Violet | | vviille/Gi |
| 42 | Green paired with Gray | _ | |
| 43 | Blue paired with Violet | _ | |
| 44 | Blue paired with Gray | _ | |
| 45 | Violet paired with Gray | _ | |
| 46 | White/Black paired with Black | _ | |
| 47 | White/Black paired with Brown | _ | |
| 48 | White/Black paired with Red | _ | |
| 49 | White/Black paired with Orange | _ | |
| 50 | White/Black paired with Yellow | _ | |
| 51 | White/Black paired with Tellow White/Black paired with Green | _ | |
| 52 | White/Black paired with Blue | _ | |
| 53 | White/Black paired with Violet | _ | |
| 54 | White/Black paired with Gray | _ | |
| 55 | White/Brown paired with Black | _ | |
| 56 | White/Brown paired with Brown | _ | |
| 57 | White/Brown paired with Red | _ | |
| 58 | White/Brown paired with Orange | _ | |

Table E

| Pair | Color |
|--------|--|
| Number | Combination |
| 1 | Black paired with White |
| 2 | Red paired with Green |
| 3 | Brown paired with Blue |
| 4 | Orange paired with Yellow |
| 5 | Violet paired with Gray |
| 6 | Tan paired with Pink |
| 7 | White/Blue paired with Blue/White |
| 8 | White/Brown paired with Brown/White |
| 9 | White/Orange paired with Orange/White |
| 10 | White/Green paired with Green/White |
| 11 | White/Red paired with Red/White |
| 12 | White/Black paired with Black/White |
| 13 | White/Gray paired with Gray/White |
| 14 | Red/Blue paired with Blue/Red |
| 15 | Red/Orange paired with Orange/Red |
| 16 | Red/Green paired with Green/Red |
| 17 | Red/Brown paired with Brown/Red |
| 18 | Red/Gray paired with Gray/Red |
| 19 | Black/Blue paired with Blue/Black |
| 20 | Black/Orange paired with |
| | Orange/Black |
| 21 | Black/Green paired with Green/Black |
| 22 | Black/Brown paired with Brown/Black |
| 23 | Black/Gray paired with Gray/Black |
| 24 | Yellow/Blue paired with Blue/Yellow |
| 25 | Yellow/Orange with Orange/Yellow |

^{*}Single conductor - Green/Yellow

58

59

White/Brown paired with Orange

White/Brown paired with Yellow



Color Chart (Continued)

Multi-Pair Cables (Continued)

| Pair | Color | 13 | Tan/Yellow paired with Yellow/Tan |
|--------|---|----|---|
| Number | Combination | 14 | Tan/Green paired with Green/Tan |
| 1 | White/Black paired with Black/White | 15 | Tan/Blue paired with Blue/Tan |
| 2 | White/Brown paired with Brown/White | 16 | Tan/Violet paired with Violet/Tan |
| 3 | White/Red paired with Red/White | 17 | Tan/Gray paired with Gray/Tan |
| 4 | White/Orange paired with Orange/White | 18 | Brown/Pink paired with Pink/Brown |
| 5 | White/Yellow paired with Yellow/White | 19 | Brown/Orange paired with Orange/Brown |
| 6 | White/Green paired with Green/White | 20 | Brown/Yellow paired with Yellow/Brown |
| 7 | White/Blue paired with Blue/White | 21 | Brown/Green paired with Green/Brown |
| 8 | White/Violet paired with Violet/White | 22 | Brown/Blue paired with Blue/Brown |
| 9 | White/Gray paired with Gray/White | 23 | Brown/Violet paired with Violet/Brown |
| 10 | Black/Brown paired with Brown/Black | 24 | Brown/Gray paired with Gray/Brown |
| 11 | Black/Red paired with Red/Black | 25 | Pink/Orange paired with Orange/Pink |
| 12 | Black/Orange paired with Orange/Black | 26 | Pink/Yellow paired with Yellow/Pink |
| 13 | Black/Yellow paired with Yellow/Black | 27 | Pink/Green paired with Green/Pink |
| 14 | Black/Green paired with Green/Black | 28 | Pink/Blue paired with Blue/Pink |
| 15 | | 29 | |
| | Black/Blue paired with Blue/Black | | Pink/Violet paired with Violet/Pink |
| 16 | Black/Violet paired with Violet/Black | 30 | Pink/Gray paired with Gray/Pink |
| 17 | Black/Gray paired with Gray/Black | 31 | Orange/Yellow paired with Yellow/Orang |
| 18 | Brown/Red paired with Red/Brown | 32 | Orange/Green paired with Green/Orange |
| 19 | Brown/Orange paired with Orange/Brown | 33 | Orange/Blue paired with Blue/Orange |
| 20 | Brown/Yellow paired with Yellow/Brown | 34 | Orange/Violet paired with Violet/Orange |
| 21 | Brown/Green paired with Green/Brown | 35 | Orange/Gray paired with Gray/Orange |
| 22 | Brown/Blue paired with Blue/Brown | 36 | Yellow/Green paired with |
| 23 | Brown/Violet paired with Violet/Brown | | Green/Yellow |
| 24 | Brown/Gray paired with Gray/Brown | 37 | Yellow/Blue paired with Blue/Yellow |
| 25 | Red/Orange paired with Orange/Red | 38 | Yellow/Violet paired with |
| 26 | Red/Yellow paired with Yellow/Red | | Violet/Yellow |
| 27 | Red/Green paired with Green/Red | 39 | Yellow/Gray paired with Gray/Yellow |
| 28 | Red/Blue paired with Blue/Red | 40 | Green/Blue paired with Blue/Green |
| 29 | Red/Violet paired with Violet/Red | 41 | Green/Violet paired with Violet/Green |
| 30 | Red/Gray paired with Gray/Red | 42 | Green/Gray paired with Gray/Green |
| 31 | Orange/Yellow paired with Yellow/Orange | 43 | Blue/Violet paired with Violet/Blue |
| 32 | Orange/Green paired with Green/Orange | 44 | Blue/Gray paired with Gray/Blue |
| 33 | Orange/Blue paired with Blue/Orange | 45 | Violet/Gray paired with Gray/Violet |
| 34 | Orange/Violet paired with Violet/Orange | 46 | Aqua/Tan paired with Tan/Black |
| 35 | Orange/Gray paired with Gray/Orange | 47 | Aqua/Brown paired with Brown/Black |
| 36 | Yellow/Green paired with Green/Yellow | 48 | Aqua/Pink paired with Pink/Black |
| 37 | Yellow/Blue paired with Blue/Yellow | 49 | Aqua/Orange paired with range/Black |
| 38 | Yellow/Violet paired with Violet/Yellow | 50 | Aqua/Yellow paired with Yellow/Black |
| 39 | Yellow/Gray paired with Gray/Yellow | 51 | Aqua/Green paired with Green/Black |
| 40 | Green/Blue paired with Blue/Green | 52 | Aqua/Blue paired with Blue/Black |
| 41 | Green/Violet paired with Violet/Green | 53 | Aqua/Violet paired with Violet/Black |
| 42 | Green/Gray paired with Gray/Green | 54 | Aqua/Gray paired with Gray/Black |
| 43 | Blue//Violet paired with Violet/Blue | 55 | Aqua/White paired with White/Black |
| 44 | Blue/Gray paired with Gray/Blue | 56 | White paired with Tan |
| 45 | Violet/Gray paired with Gray/Violet | 57 | Gray paired with Brown |
| | 1.0.03 Oray pairod With Oray/ Violot | 58 | Blue paired with Pink |
| | | 59 | Violet paired with Orange |
| ahla C | | 60 | Green paired with Vellow |

Table G

| Pair | Color |
|--------|---------------------------------------|
| Number | Combination |
| 1 | White/Tan paired with Tan/White |
| 2 | White/Brown paired with Brown/White |
| 3 | White/Pink paired with Pink/White |
| 4 | White/Orange paired with Orange/White |
| 5 | White/Yellow paired with Yellow/White |
| 6 | White/Green paired with Green/White |
| 7 | White/Blue paired with Blue/White |
| 8 | White/Violet paired with Violet/White |
| 9 | White/Gray paired with Gray/White |
| 10 | Tan/Brown paired with Brown/Tan |
| 11 | Tan/Pink paired with Pink/Tan |
| 12 | Tan/Orange paired with Orange/Tan |

Table H

60

| Pair | Color |
|--------|-------------------------------------|
| Number | Combination |
| 1 | White/Blue paired with Blue/White |
| 2 | White/Orange paired with |
| | Orange/White |
| 3 | White/Green paired with Green/White |
| 4 | White/Brown paired with Brown/White |
| 5 | White/Gray paired with Gray/White |
| 6 | Red/Blue paired with Blue/Red |
| 7 | Red/Orange paired with Orange/Red |
| 8 | Red/Green paired with Green/Red |
| | |

Green paired with Yellow

Table H (continued)

| | (|
|----|---------------------------------------|
| 9 | Red/Brown paired with Brown/Red |
| 10 | Red/Gray paired with Gray/Red |
| 11 | Black/Blue paired with Blue/Black |
| 12 | Black/Orange paired with |
| | Orange/Black |
| 13 | Black/Green paired with Green/Black |
| 14 | Black/Brown paired with Brown/Black |
| 15 | Black/Gray paired with Gray/Black |
| 16 | Yellow/Blue paired with Blue/Yellow |
| 17 | Yellow/Orange paired with |
| | Orange/Yellow |
| 18 | Yellow/Green paired with |
| | Green/Yellow |
| 19 | Yellow/Brown paired with |
| | Brown/Yellow |
| 20 | Yellow/Gray paired with Gray/Yellow |
| 21 | Violet/Blue paired with Blue/Violet |
| 22 | Violet/Orange paired with |
| | Orange/Violet |
| 23 | Violet/Green paired with Green/Violet |
| 24 | Violet/Brown paired with Brown/Violet |
| 25 | Violet/Gray paired with Gray/Violet |
| | |

Table I

| lable I | |
|---------|--|
| Pair | Color |
| Number | Combination |
| 1 | Black/Red paired with Red/Black |
| 2 | Black/White paired with White/Black |
| 3 | Black/Green paired with Green/Black |
| 4 | Black/Blue paired with Blue/Black |
| 5 | Black/Yellow paired with Yellow/Black |
| 6 | Black/Brown paired with Brown/Black |
| 7 | Black/Orange paired with Orange/Black |
| 8 | Red/White paired with White/Red |
| 9 | Red/Green paired with Green/Red |
| 10 | Red/Blue paired with Blue/Red |
| 11 | Red/Yellow paired with Yellow/Red |
| 12 | Red/Brown paired with Brown/Red |
| 13 | Red/Orange paired with Orange/Red |
| 14 | Green/White paired with White/Green |
| 15 | Green/Blue paired with Blue/Green |
| 16 | Green/Yellow paired with |
| | Yellow/Green |
| 17 | Green/Brown paired with |
| | Brown/Green |
| 18 | Green/Orange paired with |
| | Orange/Green |
| 19 | White/Blue paired with Blue/White |
| 20 | White/Yellow paired with |
| | Yellow/White |
| 21 | White/Brown paired with |
| | Brown/White |
| 22 | White/Orange paired with Orange/White |
| 23 | Blue/Yellow paired with Yellow/Blue |
| 24 | Blue/Brown paired with Brown/Blue |
| 25 | Blue/Orange paired with Orange/Blue |
| | |