NEC

MOS FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR
2SJ606

SWITCHING
P-CHANNEL POWER MOS FET

DESCRIPTION

The 2SJ606 is P-channel MOS Field Effect Transistor designed for high current switching applications.

FEATURES

- Super low on-state resistance:
  $R_{DS(on)1}$ = 15 mΩ MAX. (V_{GS} = –10 V, I_D = –42 A)
  $R_{DS(on)2}$ = 23 mΩ MAX. (V_{GS} = –4.0 V, I_D = –42 A)
- Low input capacitance:
  C_{iss} = 4800 pF TYP. (V_{DS} = –10 V, V_{GS} = 0 V)
- Built-in gate protection diode

ORDERING INFORMATION

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE
2SJ606	TO-220AB
2SJ606-S	TO-262
2SJ606-ZJ	TO-263
2SJ606-Z	TO-220SMD Note

Note TO-220SMD package is produced only in Japan

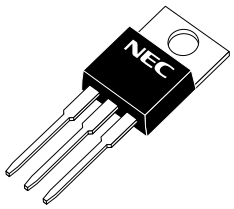
ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (T_A = 25°C)

Drain to Source Voltage (V_{GS} = 0 V)	V_{DSS}	–60	V
Gate to Source Voltage (V_{DS} = 0 V)	V_{GSS}	∓20	V
Drain Current (DC) (T_C = 25°C)	$I_{D(DC)}$	∓83	A
Drain Current (pulse) Note1	$I_{D(pulse)}$	∓300	A
Total Power Dissipation (T_C = 25°C)	P_T	120	W
Total Power Dissipation (T_A = 25°C)	P_T	1.5	W
Channel Temperature	T_{ch}	150	°C
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}	–55 to +150	°C
Single Avalanche Current Note2	I_{AS}	–40	A
Single Avalanche Energy Note2	E_{AS}	160	mJ

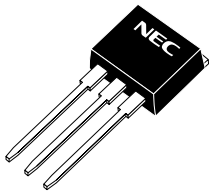
Notes 1. PW ≤ 10 μs, Duty cycle ≤ 1%

2. Starting T_{ch} = 25°C, V_{DD} = –30 V, R_G = 25 Ω, V_{GS} = –20 → 0 V

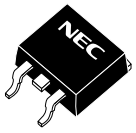
(TO-220AB)



(TO-262)



(TO-263, TO-220SMD)



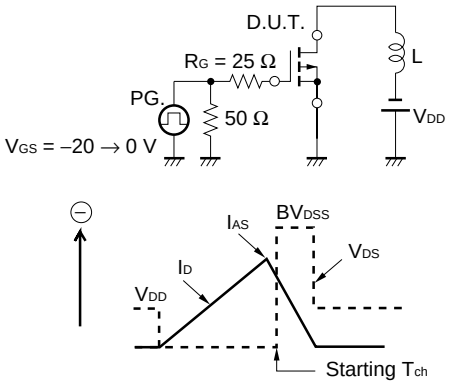
Document No. D14654EJ3V0DS00 (3rd edition)
Date Published July 2002 NS CP(K)
Printed in Japan

The mark ★ shows major revised points.

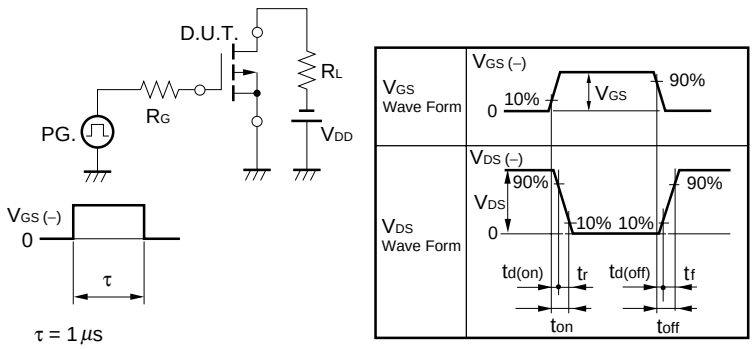
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_A = 25°C)

CHARACTERISTICS	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I_{DSS}	V_{DS} = –60 V, V_{GS} = 0 V			–10	μA
Gate Leakage Current	I_{GSS}	V_{GS} = ∓20 V, V_{DS} = 0 V			∓10	μA
Gate Cut-off Voltage	$V_{GS(off)}$	V_{DS} = –10 V, I_D = –1 mA	–1.5	–2.0	–2.5	V
Forward Transfer Admittance	$\|y_{fs}\|$	V_{DS} = –10 V, I_D = –42 A	38	74		S
Drain to Source On-state Resistance	$R_{DS(on)1}$	V_{GS} = –10 V, I_D = –42 A		12	15	mΩ
	$R_{DS(on)2}$	V_{GS} = –4.0 V, I_D = –42 A		16	23	mΩ
Input Capacitance	C_{iss}	V_{DS} = –10 V		4800		pF
Output Capacitance	C_{oss}	V_{GS} = 0 V		1200		pF
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C_{rss}	f = 1 MHz		340		pF
Turn-on Delay Time	$t_{d(on)}$	V_{DD} = –30 V, I_D = –42 A		13		ns
Rise Time	t_r	V_{GS} = –10 V		13		ns
Turn-off Delay Time	$t_{d(off)}$	R_G = 0 Ω		290		ns
Fall Time	t_f			160		ns
Total Gate Charge	Q_G	V_{DD}= –48 V		120		nC
Gate to Source Charge	Q_{GS}	V_{GS} = –10 V		20		nC
Gate to Drain Charge	Q_{GD}	I_D = –83 A		30		nC
Body Diode Forward Voltage	$V_{F(S-D)}$	I_F = 83 A, V_{GS} = 0 V		1.1		V
Reverse Recovery Time	t_{rr}	I_F = 83 A, V_{GS} = 0 V		60		ns
Reverse Recovery Charge	Q_{rr}	di/dt = 100 A/ μs		120		nC

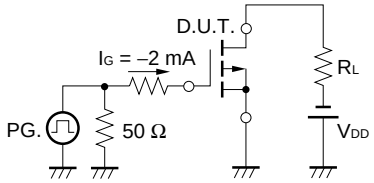
TEST CIRCUIT 1 AVALANCHE CAPABILITY



TEST CIRCUIT 2 SWITCHING TIME

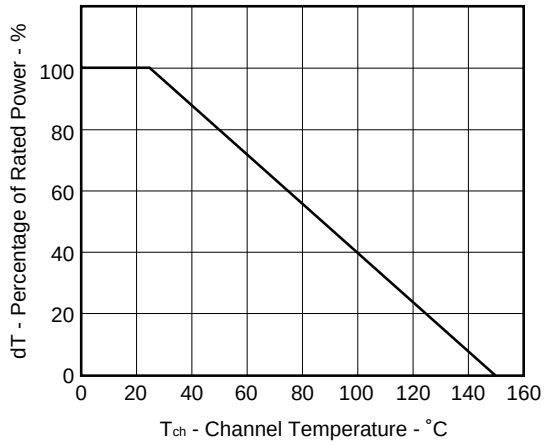


TEST CIRCUIT 3 GATE CHARGE

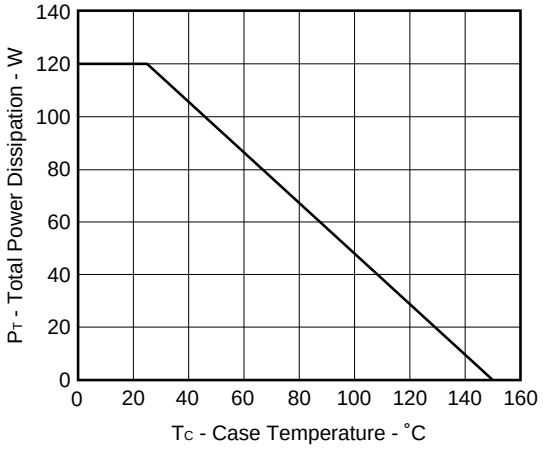


TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_A = 25°C)

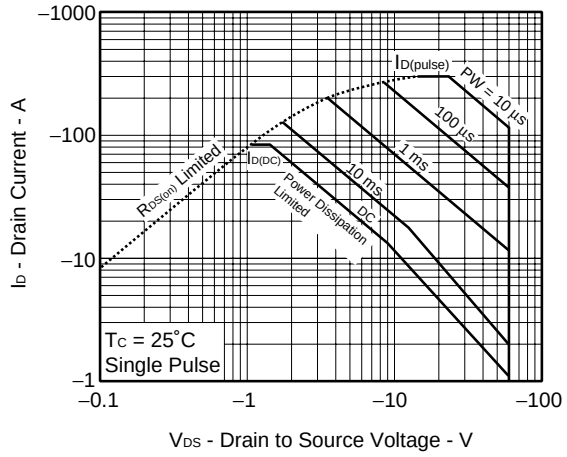
DERATING FACTOR OF FORWARD BIAS SAFE OPERATING AREA



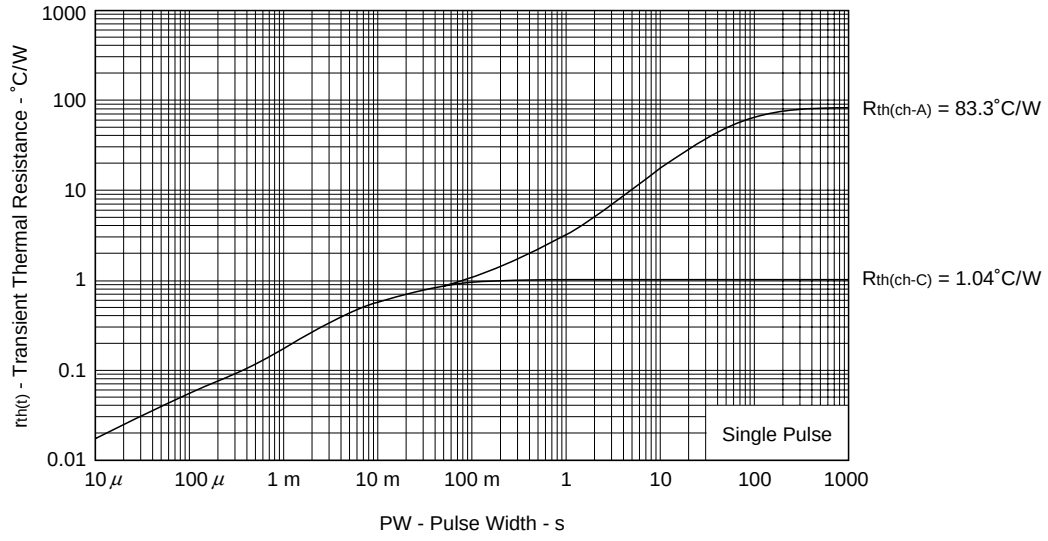
TOTAL POWER DISSIPATION vs. CASE TEMPERATURE



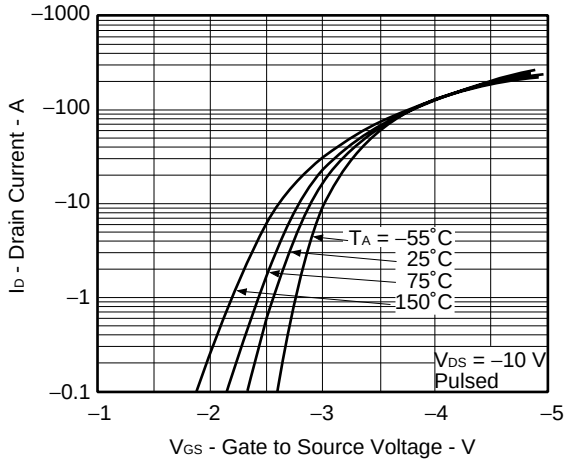
FORWARD BIAS SAFE OPERATING AREA



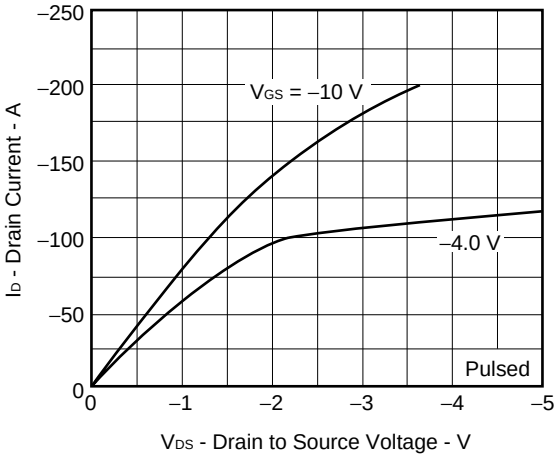
TRANSIENT THERMAL RESISTANCE vs. PULSE WIDTH



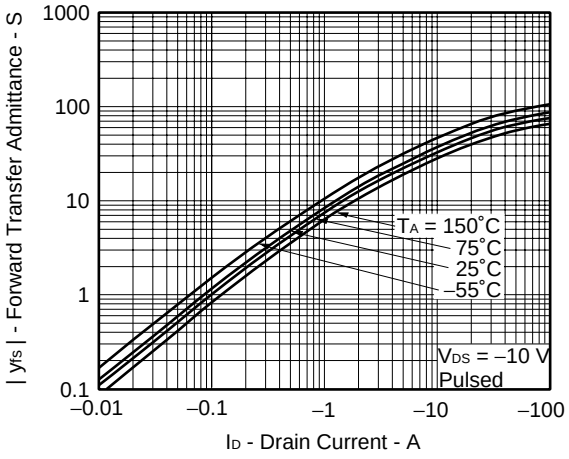
FORWARD TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS



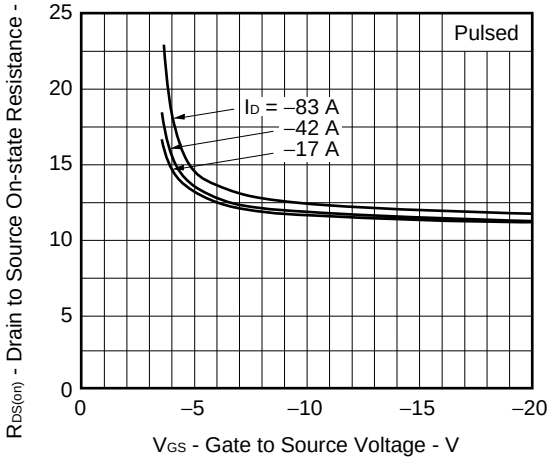
DRAIN CURRENT vs.
DRAIN TO SOURCE VOLTAGE



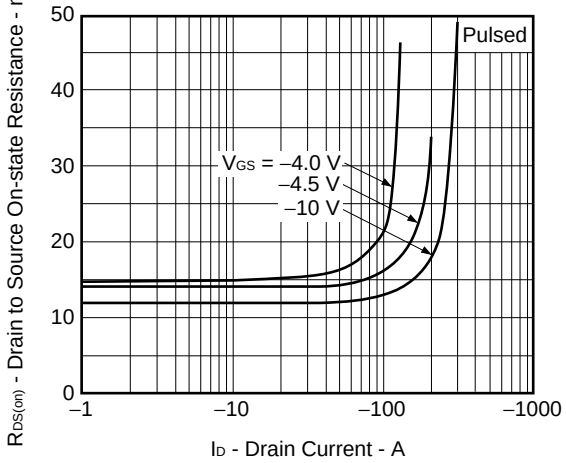
FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE vs.
DRAIN CURRENT



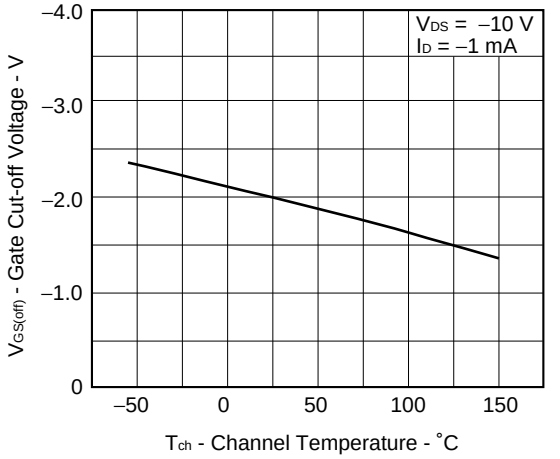
DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs.
GATE TO SOURCE VOLTAGE



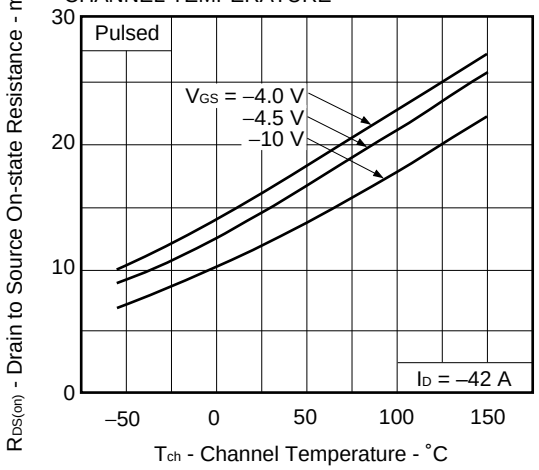
DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE
RESISTANCE vs. DRAIN CURRENT



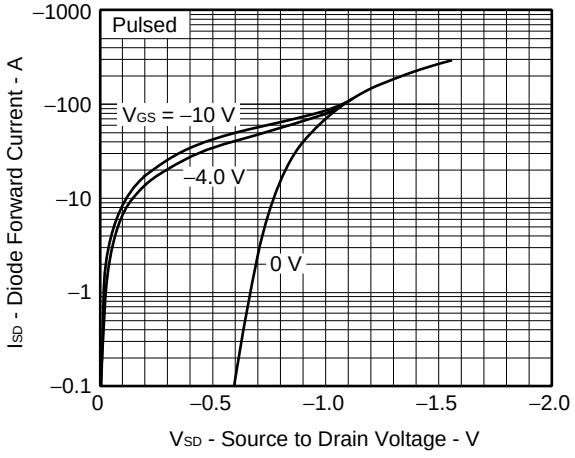
GATE CUT-OFF VOLTAGE vs.
CHANNEL TEMPERATURE



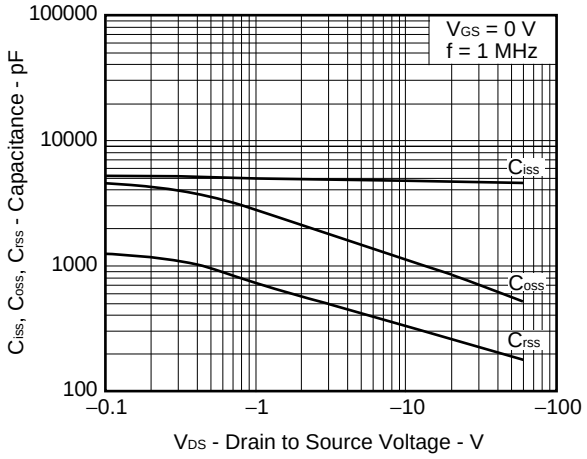
DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. CHANNEL TEMPERATURE



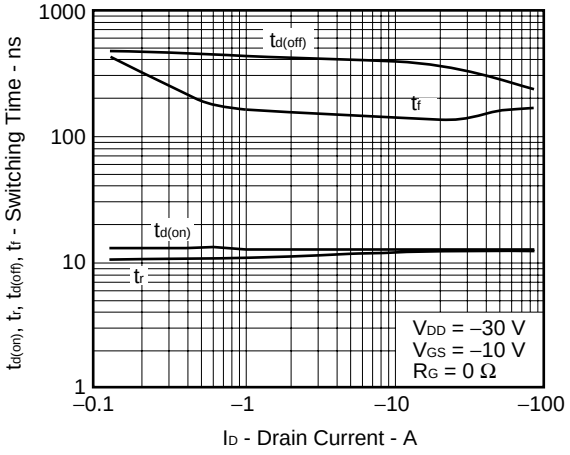
SOURCE TO DRAIN DIODE FORWARD VOLTAGE



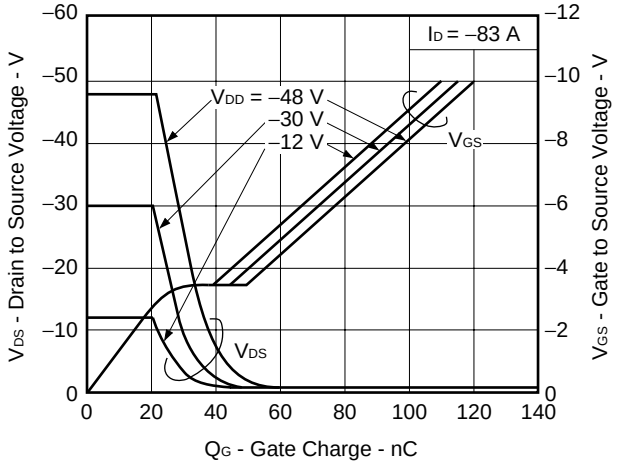
CAPACITANCE vs. DRAIN TO SOURCE VOLTAGE



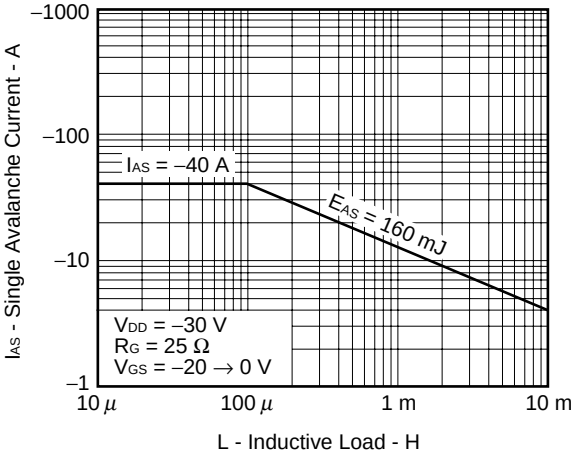
SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS



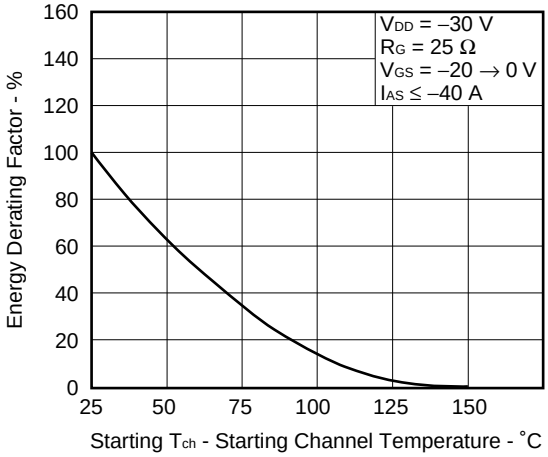
DYNAMIC INPUT/OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS



SINGLE AVALANCHE CURRENT vs. INDUCTIVE LOAD

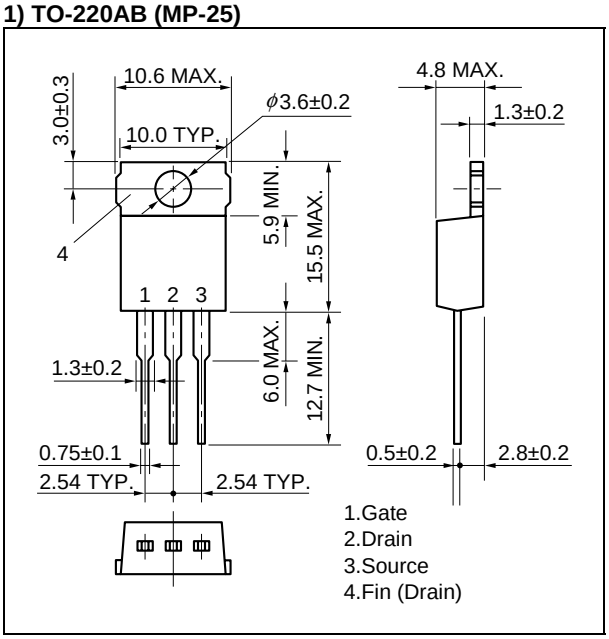


SINGLE AVALANCHE ENERGY
DERATING FACTOR

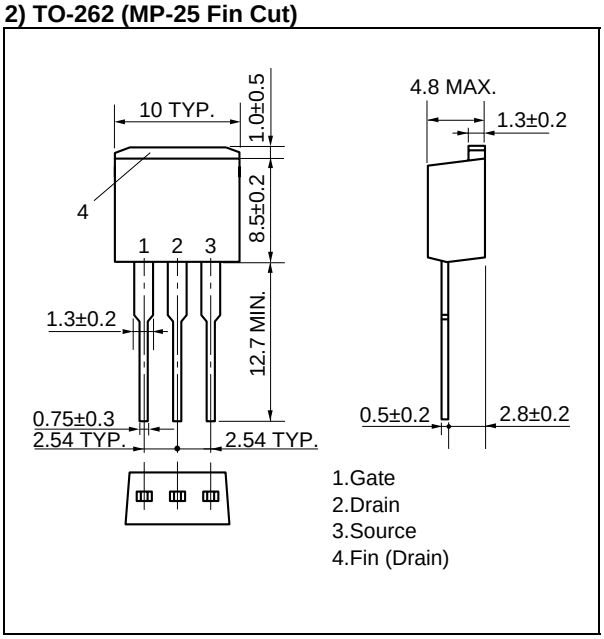


★ **PACKAGE DRAWINGS (Unit: mm)**

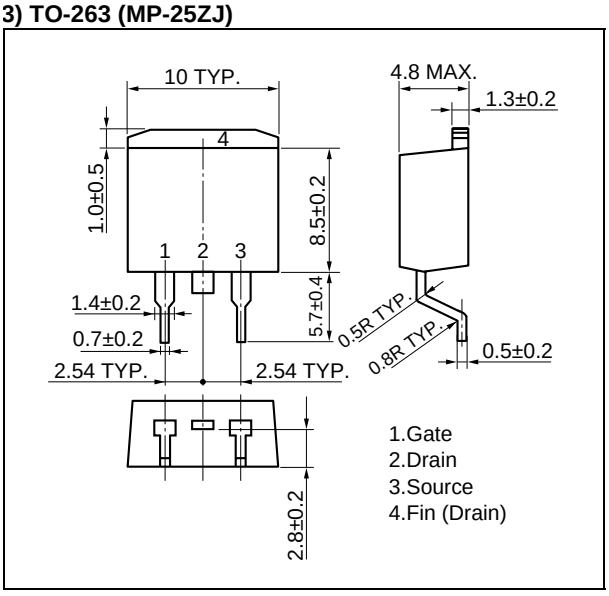
1) TO-220AB (MP-25)



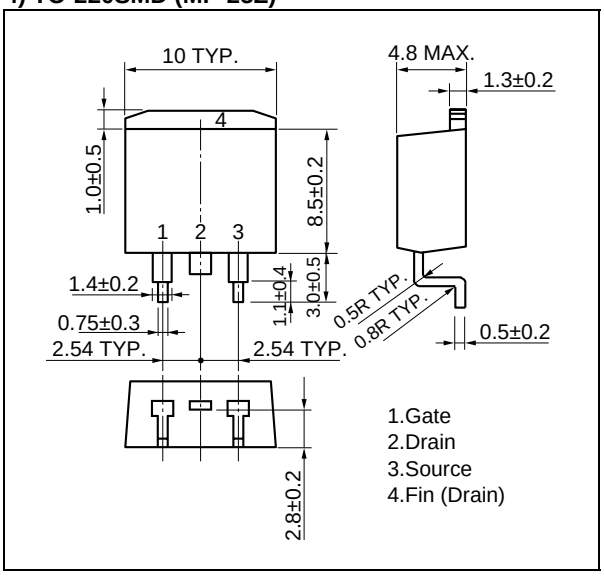
2) TO-262 (MP-25 Fin Cut)



3) TO-263 (MP-25ZJ)

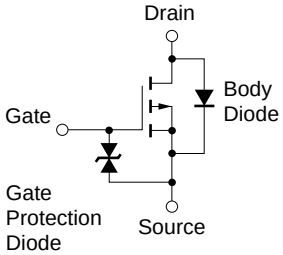


4) TO-220SMD (MP-25Z) Note



Note This package is produced only in Japan.

EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT



Remark The diode connected between the gate and source of the transistor serves as a protector against ESD. When this device actually used, an additional protection circuit is externally required if a voltage exceeding the rated voltage may be applied to this device.

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