# DATA SHEET

**PLS168** 

Field programmable logic sequencer (12 x 48 x 8)

Product specification

Military and Special Products Data Handbook

1995 Jan 5

## **Philips Semiconductors**



PHILIPS

**PLS168** 

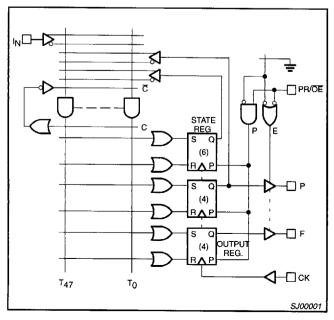
#### **FEATURES**

- Field-programmable (Ni-Cr link)
- 12 True/Complement buffered inputs
- 48 programmable AND gates
- 29 programmable OR gates
- 10-bit state register
- 4-bit shared state/output register
- 4-bit output register
- Transition complement array
- Programmable asynchronous preset/output enable
- Positive edge-trigger clock
- · Power-on preset to logic "1" of all registers
- Automatic logic "HOLD" state via S/R flip-flops
- On-chip test array
- Power: 600mW
- TTL compatible
- 3-State outputs
- Single +5V supply
- 300mil-wide 24-pin DIP

#### **APPLICATIONS**

- Interface protocols
- Sequence detectors
- Peripheral controllers

#### **FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM**



- Timing generators
- Sequential circuits
- Elevator controllers
- Security locking systems
- Counters
- Shift registers

#### DESCRIPTION

The PLS168 is a bipolar, programmable state machine of the Mealy type. It contains logic AND-OR gate arrays with user programmable connections which control the inputs of on-chip state and output registers. These consist respectively of 10  $\rm Q_p$ , and 4  $\rm Q_f$  edge-triggered, clocked S/R flip-flops, with an asynchronous preset option.

All flip-flops are unconditionally preset to "1" during power turn-on.

The AND array combines 12 external inputs,  $l_{0-11}$ , with 10 internal inputs,  $P_{0-9}$ , fed back from the State register to form up to 48 transition terms (AND terms). In addition,  $P_0$ - $P_3$  of the internal state register are brought off-chip to allow extending the output register to 8 bits, if so desired.

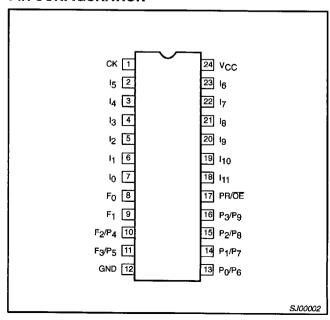
All transition terms can include True, False, or Don't Care states of the controlling variables, and are merged in the OR array to issue next-state and next-output commands to their respective registers on the log to high transition of the Clock pulse.

Both True and Complement transition terms can be generated by optional use of the internal variable (C) from the complement array. Also, if desired, the Preset input can be converted to output-enable function, as an additional user programmable option.

Order codes for this device are listed in the Ordering Information table.

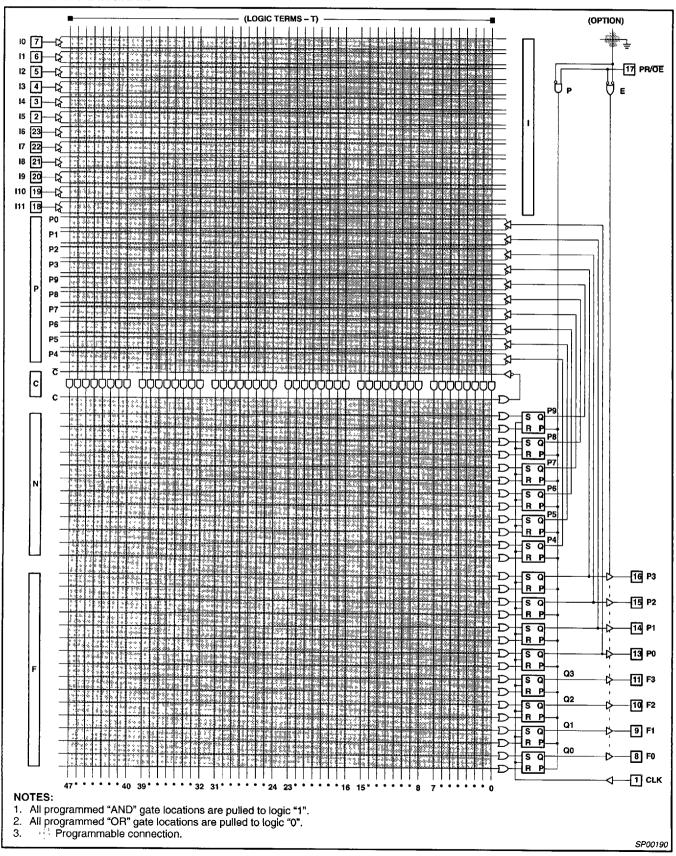
#### **PIN CONFIGURATION**

2



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#### **FPLS LOGIC DIAGRAM**



**PLS168** 

#### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

DESCRIPTION	ORDER CODE
24-Pin Ceramic DIP 300mil-wide	PLS168/BLA

#### **PIN DESCRIPTION**

PIN NO.	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION	POLARITY
1	СК	Clock: The Clock input to the state and output registers. A Low-to-High transition on this line is necessary to update the contents of both registers.	Active-High
2 - 7 18 - 23	11 - 11	Logic Inputs: The 11 external inputs to the AND array used to program jump conditions between machine states, as determined by a given logic sequence.	Active-High/Low
7	l <sub>o</sub>	<b>Logic/Diagnostic Input:</b> A 12th external logic input to the AND array, as above, when exercised with standard TTL levels. When $I_0$ is held at +10V, device outputs $F_{2-3}$ and $P_{0-3}$ reflect the contents of state register bits $P_{4-9}$ (see Diagnostic Output Mode diagram on page 7). The contents of flip-flops $P_{0-1}$ and $F_{0-3}$ remain unaltered.	Active-High/Low
13 - 16	P <sub>0-3</sub>	<b>Logic/Diagnostic Outputs:</b> Four device outputs which normally reflect the contents of state register bits $P_{0-3}$ . When $I_0$ is held at +10V these pins reflect ( $P_6 - P_9$ ).	Active-High
10 - 11	F <sub>2</sub> - F <sub>3</sub>	<b>Logic/Diagnostic Outputs:</b> Two register bits $(F_2 - F_3)$ which normally reflect output register bits $(Q_2 - Q_3)$ . When $I_0$ is held at +10V these pins reflect $(P_4 - P_5)$ .	Active-High
17	PR/OE	Preset or Output Enable Input: A user programmable function:  Preset: Provides an asynchronous preset to logic "1" of all state and output register bits. Preset overrides Clock, and when held High, clocking is inhibited and P <sub>0-9</sub> and F <sub>0-3</sub> are High. Normal clocking resumes with the first full clock pulse following a High-to-Low clock transition, after Preset goes Low.  Output Enable: Provides an Output Enable function to all output buffers.	Active-High (H)  Active-Low (L)
8, 9	F <sub>0</sub> - F <sub>1</sub>	<b>Logic Output:</b> Two device outputs which reflect output registers $Q_0 - Q_1$ . When $I_0$ is held at +10V $F_0 - F_1 = \text{Logic "1"}$ .	, ,

#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS<sup>1</sup>**

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	RA	TING	
OTHIBOL	FARAMETER	Min	Max	TINU
$v_{cc}$	Supply voltage		+7	V <sub>DC</sub>
$V_{I}$	Input voltage		+10.0	V <sub>DC</sub>
V <sub>O</sub>	Output voltage		+5.5	V <sub>DC</sub>
łı	Input currents	-30	+30	mA
lo	Output currents		+100	mA
TA	Operating Temperature range	-55	+125	°C
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage Temperature range	-65	+150	°C

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## DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS -55°C $\leq$ T<sub>A</sub> $\leq$ +125°C, 4.5V $\leq$ V<sub>CC</sub> $\leq$ 5.5V

SYMBOL	PARAMETER <sup>3</sup>	TEST CONDITIONS <sup>3</sup>		LIMITS3		UNIT
			Min	Typ <sup>2</sup>	Max	
Input Volta	ge			·		
V <sub>IH</sub>	High	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5V	2			V
$V_{IL}$	Low	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5V	1		0.8	٧
V <sub>IK</sub>	Clamp <sup>4</sup>	$V_{CC} = 4.5V, I_{I} = -18mA$	1	-0.8	-1.2	٧
Output Volt	age		•	·	<u> </u>	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5V				
$V_{OH}$	High <sup>5</sup>	$I_{OH} = -2mA$	2.4			٧
V <sub>OL</sub>	Low <sup>6</sup>	I <sub>OL</sub> = 9.6mA		0.35	0.5	V
Input Curre	nt		•	<u> </u>	·	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5V				
I <sub>IH</sub>	High	V <sub>I</sub> = 5.5V	1	<1	50	μΑ
I <sub>IL</sub>	Low	$V_1 = 0.45V$	1	-10	-150	μ <b>Α</b>
I <sub>IL</sub>	Low (CK input)	V <sub>I</sub> = 0.45V		-50	-350	μA
Output Cur	rent				*	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5V				
lo(OFF)	Hi-Z state <sup>7</sup>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5V		1	60	μΑ
		$V_{O} = 0.45V$		-1	-60	μ <b>Α</b>
los	Short circuit <sup>4,</sup> 8	$V_O = 0V$	-15		-85	mA
Icc	V <sub>CC</sub> supply current <sup>9</sup>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5V		120	185	mA
Capacitanc	e <sup>7, 10</sup>			-	<u> </u>	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0V				
CIN	Input	V <sub>I</sub> = 2.0V		8	10	pF
C <sub>OUT</sub>	Output	$V_0 = 2.0V$		10	13	pF

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### AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS -55°C $\leq$ T<sub>A</sub> $\leq$ +125°C, 4.5V $\leq$ V<sub>CC</sub> $\leq$ 5.5V

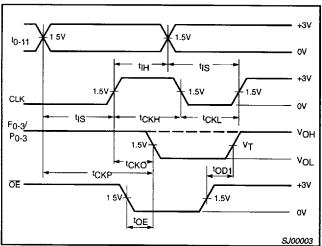
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	то	FROM	-	LIMITS		UNIT
				Min	Typ <sup>2</sup>	Max	
Pulse Wid	th				4 <u></u>		
t <sub>CKH</sub>	Clock High <sup>11</sup>	CK-	CK+	40	15		ns
t <sub>CKL</sub>	Clock Low	CK+	CK-	40	15	i	ns
t <sub>CKP1</sub>	Period (w/o C-array)	CK+	CK+	95	40		l ns
t <sub>CKP2</sub>	Period (w/C-array) <sup>10</sup>	CK+	CK+	135	60		ns
t <sub>PRH</sub>	Preset pulse	PR+	PR-	40	15		ns
Setup Tim	е					<u> </u>	
t <sub>IS1</sub>	Input <sup>13</sup>	CK+	Input±	60			ns
t <sub>IS2</sub>	Input (through Complement array)12, 13	CK+	Input±	100			ns
t <sub>vs</sub>	Power-on preset <sup>10</sup>	CK-	V <sub>CC</sub> +	5	-10	ļ	ns
t <sub>PRS</sub>	Preset <sup>10</sup>	CK-	PR-	5	-10		ns
Hold Time			•	<u> </u>		<del></del>	
t <sub>IH</sub>	Input <sup>10</sup>	Input±	CK+	10	-10	<u> </u>	ns
Propagati	on Delay				1	1	
tcko	Clock	Output ±	CK+		15	35	ns
toE	Output Enable <sup>12</sup>	Output-	OE-		20	40	ns
top	Output Disable <sup>12</sup>	Output+	OE+		20	40	ns
$t_{PR}$	Preset	Output+	PR+		18	45	ns
t <sub>PPR</sub>	Power-on preset	Output+	V <sub>CC</sub> +		0	20	ns
Frequency	of Operation		1		·	<u> </u>	
f <sub>MAX</sub>	w/o C-array		l			10.5	MHz
f <sub>MAX</sub> C	w/C-array <sup>10</sup>			1		7.4	MHz

#### NOTES:

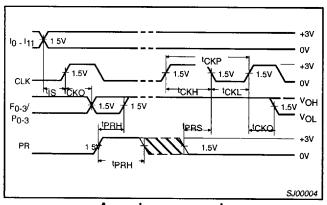
- 1. Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause malfunction or permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only. Functional operation at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational and programming specification of the device is not implied.
- All typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = 5V, T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C.
   All voltage values are with respect to network ground terminal.
- 4. Test one at a time.
- 5. Measured with V<sub>IL</sub> applied to  $\overline{\text{OE}}$  and a logic High stored, or with V<sub>IH</sub> applied to PR.
- 6. Measured with a programmed logic condition for which the output is at a Low logic level, and V<sub>IL</sub> applied to PR/OE Output sink current is applied through a resistor to V<sub>CC</sub>
- Measured with VIH applied to PR/OE.
- 8. Duration of short circuit should not exceed 1 second.
- I<sub>CC</sub> is measured with the PR/OE input grounded, all other inputs at 4.5V, ant the outputs open.
- 10. Guaranteed, but not tested.
- 11. To prevent spurious clocking, clock rise time (10% 90%)  $\leq$  30ns.
- Not testable on unprogrammed devices.
- 13. Set up time must be increased with increased number of product terms programmed. Time shown is with two product terms programmed.

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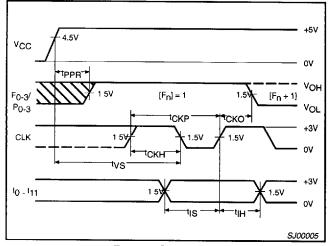
#### **TIMING DIAGRAMS**



#### **Sequential Mode**



#### Asynchronous mode



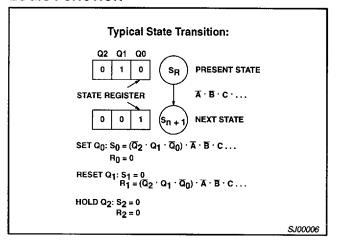
**Power-On Preset** 

#### **TIMING DEFINITIONS**

SYMBOL	PARAMETER
tскн	Width of input clock pulse.
t <sub>CKL</sub>	Interval between clock pulses.
t <sub>CKP1</sub>	Clock period - when not using Complement Array.
t <sub>IS1</sub>	Required delay between beginning of valid input and positive transition of clock.
t <sub>CKP2</sub>	Clock period - when using Complement Array.
t <sub>IS2</sub>	Required delay between beginning of valid input and positive transition of clock, when using optional Complement array (two passes necessary through the AND array).
tvs	Required delay between V <sub>CC</sub> (after power-on) and negative transition of clock preceding first reliable clock pulse.
t <sub>PRS</sub>	Required delay between negative transition of asynchronous Preset and negative transition of clock preceding first reliable clock pulse.
t <sub>iH</sub>	Required delay between positive transition of clock and end of valid input data.
t <sub>CKO</sub>	Delay between positive transition of clock and when Outputs become valid (with PR/OE Low).
toe	Delay between beginning of Output Enable Low and when Outputs become valid.
t <sub>OD</sub>	Delay between beginning of Output Enable High and when Outputs are in the OFF-State.
t <sub>PR</sub>	Delay between positive transition of Preset and when Outputs become valid at "1".
t <sub>PPR</sub>	Delay between V <sub>CC</sub> (after power-on) and when Outputs become preset at "1".
t <sub>PRH</sub>	Width of preset input pulse.
f <sub>MAX</sub>	Maximum clock frequency.

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#### LOGIC FUNCTION



#### **VIRGIN STATE**

A factory shipped virgin device contains all fusible links intact, such

- 1. PR/OE option is set to PR. Thus, all outputs will be at "1", as preset by initial power-up procedure.
- 2. All transition terms are disabled (0).
- 3. All S/R flip-flop inputs are disabled (0).
- 4. The device can be clocked via a Test Array pre-programmed with a standard test pattern.

NOTE: The Test Array pattern must be deleted before incorporating a user program. This is accomplished automatically by any Philips qualified programming equipment.

#### **TRUTH TABLE 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6**

	ОРТ	TON				-		
V <sub>CC</sub>	PR	OE	l <sub>o</sub>	СК	S	R	Q <sub>P/F</sub>	F
	Н		•	Х	Х	Х	Н	Н
	L		+10V	X	X	X	Q <sub>n</sub>	(Q <sub>P</sub> ) <sub>n</sub>
	L		Х	X	X	X	Qn	(Q <sub>F</sub> ) <sub>n</sub>
		н	•	X	X	Х	Q <sub>n</sub>	Hi-Z
+5V		L	+10V	Х	X	X	Qn	(Q <sub>P</sub> ) <sub>n</sub>
		L	X	X	X	X	Qn	(Q <sub>F</sub> ) <sub>n</sub>
		L	x	1	L	L	Q <sub>n</sub>	(Q <sub>F</sub> ) <sub>n</sub>
		L	X	<b>↑</b>	L	н	L.	l `L'''
		L	Х	<b>↑</b>	Н	L	Н	H
		L	X	<b>↑</b>	Н	Н	IND.	IND.
1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Н	

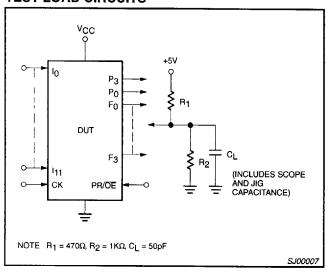
- NOTES:
- Positive Logic

  S/R = T<sub>0</sub> + T<sub>1</sub> + T<sub>2</sub> + ... + T<sub>47</sub>

  T<sub>n</sub> = C(l<sub>0</sub> l<sub>1</sub> l<sub>2</sub> ...) (P<sub>0</sub> P<sub>1</sub> ... P<sub>5</sub>)

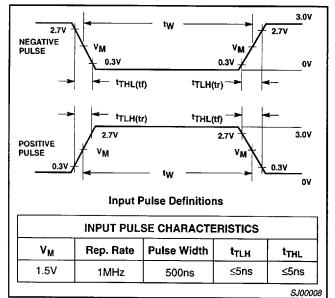
  Either Preset (Active-High) or Output Enable (active-Low) are available, but not both. The desired function is a user programmable option.
- R = S = High is an illegal input condition
- = H/L/+10V.
- X = Don't Care (< 5 5V)

#### **TEST LOAD CIRCUITS**



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#### **VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS**



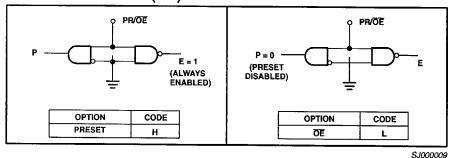
#### **LOGIC PROGRAMMING**

The FPLS can be programmed by means of Logic programming equipment.

With Logic programming, the AND/OR gate input connections necessary to implement the desired logic function are coded directly from the State Diagram using the Program Table on the following page.

In this table, the logic state or action of control variables C, I, P, N and F, associated with each Transition term  $\mathsf{T}_n$  is assigned a symbol which results in the proper fusing pattern of corresponding link pairs, defined as follows:

#### PRESET/OE OPTION - (P/E)

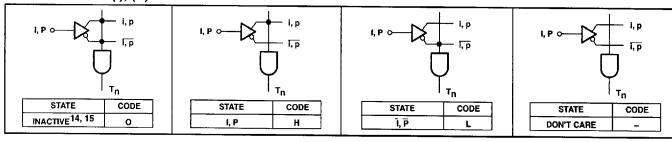


#### PROGRAMMING:

The PS168 has a power-up preset feature. This feature insures that the device will power-up in a known state with all register elements (state and output register) at logic High (H). When programming the

device it is important to realize this is the initial state of the device. You *must* provide a next state jump if you do not wish to use all Highs (H) as the present state.

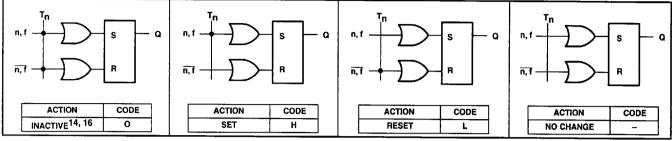
#### "AND" ARRAY - (I), (P)



SJ00010

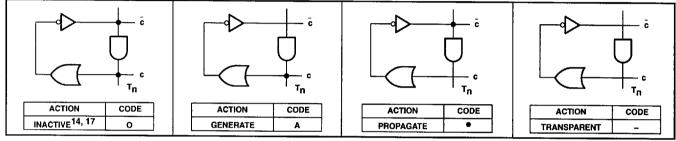
**PLS168** 

## "OR" ARRAY - (N), (F)



SJ00011

#### "COMPLEMENT" ARRAY - (C)



SJ00012

- 14. This is the initial unprogrammed state of all link pairs. It is normally associated with all unused (inactive) AND gates T<sub>n</sub>.

  15. Any gate T<sub>n</sub> will be unconditionally inhibited if any one of its I or P link pairs are left intact.

  16. To prevent simultaneous Set and Reset flip-flop commands, this state is not allowed for N and F link pairs coupled to active gates T<sub>n</sub> (see flip-flop truth tables).
- 17. To prevent oscillations, this state is not allowed for C link pairs coupled to active gates T<sub>n</sub>.

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#### **FPLS PROGRAM TABLE PLS168**

												_										_	FN	OGRAM TABLE		ru											
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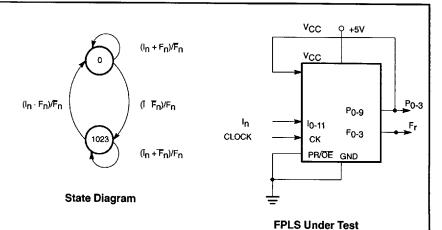
**PLS168** 

#### **TEST ARRAY**

The FPLS may be subjected to AC and DC parametric tests prior to programming via an on-chip test array.

The array consists of test transition terms 48 and 49, factory programmed as shown below.

Testing is accomplished by clocking the FPLS and applying the proper input sequence to  $l_{0-13}$  as shown in the test circuit timing diagram.



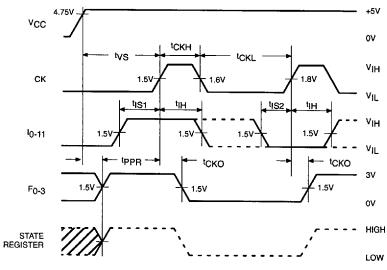
#### **TEST ARRAY PROGRAM**

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#### **Test Array Program**

Both terms 48 and 49 must be deleted during user programming to avoid interfering with the desired logic function. This is accomplished automatically by any Philips qualified programming equipment.



**Test Circuit Timing Diagram** 

#### **TEST ARRAY DELETED**

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**Test Array Deleted** 

SJ00013