



## Description

The ZXRE060 is a 5-terminal adjustable shunt regulator offering excellent temperature stability and output handling capability up to 20mA. The ZXRE060 simplifies the design of isolated low voltage DC-DC regulators. With its low 0.6V FB pin, it can control the regulation of rails as low 0.6V. This makes it ideal for state of the art microprocessor/DSP and PLD core voltage POL converters.

The device open-collector output can operate from 0.2V to 18V and regulated output voltage can be set by selection of two external divider resistors.

Separating the input from the open collector output enables the ZXRE060 to be used to make low-cost low drop-out regulators operating at low input voltages.

The ZXRE060 is available in two grades with initial tolerances of 0.5% and 1% for the A and standard grades respectively. It is available in space saving low profile 5 pin SC70/SOT353 and Thin SOT23 packages.

The ZXRE060 in TSOT23-5 has its OUT, GND and FB pins matching the Cathode, Anode and reference pins of the TL432 and TLV431 in SOT23-3, thereby facilitating simple upgrade paths.

### Features

- Low reference voltage (V<sub>FB</sub> = 0.6V)
- -40 to 125°C temperature range
- Reference voltage tolerance at 25°C
  - o 0.5% ZXRE060A
  - o 1% ZXRE060
  - Typical temperature drift
    - <4 mV (0°C to 70°C)
    - o <6 mV (-40°C to 85°C)</p>
  - <12mV (-40°C to 125°C)</li>
- 0.2V to 18V open-collector output
- High power supply rejection
- o (>45dB at 300kHz)
- Lead Free by design/RoHS Compliant (Note 1)
- "Green"/Halogen free device (Note 2)

### **Applications**

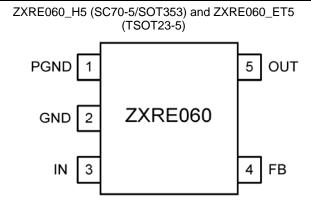
- Isolated DC-DC converters
- Core voltage POL
- Low Voltage Low-Dropout linear regulators
- Shunt regulators
- Adjustable voltage reference

Notes: 1. No purposefully added lead.

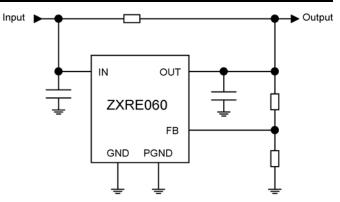
2. Diodes Inc.'s "Green" ploicy can be found on our website at http://www.diodes.com/products/lead\_free/index.php.

#### ZXRE060 0.6V ADJUSTABLE PRECISION SHUNT REGULATOR

### **Pin Assignments**



# **Typical Application Circuit**



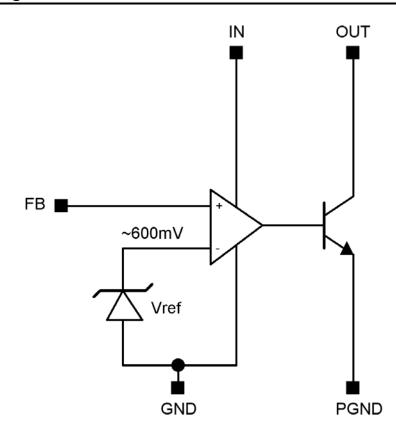




### **Pin Description**

Pin	Name	Function			
1	PGND	Power Ground: Ground return for emitter of output transistor: Connect PGND and GND together.			
2 GND Analog Ground: Ground return for reference and amplifier: Connect GND and PGND together					
3	3 IN Supply Input. Connect a 0.1µF ceramic capacitor close to the device from IN to GND.				
4 FB Feedback Input. Regulates to 600mV nominal.					
5	OUT	Output. Connect a capacitor close to device between OUT and GND. See the <i>Applications Information</i> section.			

### **Function Block Diagram**



The ZXRE060 differs from most other shunt regulators in that it has separate input and output pins and a low voltage reference. This enables it to regulate rails down to 600mV and makes the part ideal for isolated power supply applications that use optocouplers in the feedback loop and where the open-collector output is required to operate down to voltages as low as 200mV.

The wide input voltage range of 2V to 18V and output voltage range of 0.2V to 18V enables the ZXRE060 to be powered from an auxiliary rail, while controlling a master rail which is above the auxiliary rail voltage, or below the minimum  $V_{IN}$  voltage. This allows it to operate as a low-dropout voltage regulator for microprocessor/DSP/PLD cores.

As with other shunt regulators (and shunt references), the ZXRE060 compares its internal amplifier FB pin to a high accuracy internal reference; if FB is below the reference then OUT turns off, but if FB is above the reference then OUT sinks current – up to a maximum of 15mA.





### Absolute Maximum Ratings (Voltages to GND Unless Otherwise Stated)

Symbol	Parameter	Rating	Unit	
V <sub>IN</sub>	IN Voltage relative to GND 20		V	
Vout	OUT Voltage relative to GND	20	V	
V <sub>FB</sub>	FB Voltage relative to GND	20	V	
P <sub>GND</sub>	PGND Voltage relative to GND -0.3 to +0.3		V	
TJ	Operating Junction Temperture	-40 to 150	°C	
T <sub>ST</sub>	Storage Temperature	55 to 150	°C	

These are stress ratings only. Operation outside the absolute maximum ratings may cause device failure. Operation at the absolute maximum rating for extended periods may reduce device reliability.

Semiconductor devices are ESD sensitive and may be damaged by exposure to ESD events. Suitable ESD precautions should be taken when handling and transporting these devices.

## **Package Thermal Data**

Package	θ <sub>JA</sub>	P <sub>DIS</sub> T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, T <sub>J</sub> = 150°C
SC70-5/SOT353	400°C/W	310mW
TSOT23-5	250°C/W	500mW

## **Recommended Operating Conditions**

Symbol	Symbol Parameter		Max	Units
V <sub>IN</sub>	IN Voltage Range (0 to 125°C)	2	18	
V <sub>IN</sub>	IN Voltage Range (-40 to 0°C)	2.2	18	V
Vout	V <sub>OUT</sub> OUT Voltage Range		18	
IOUT	OUT Pin Current	0.3	15	mA
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating Ambient Temperature Range	-40	125	°C





## **Electrical Characteristics**

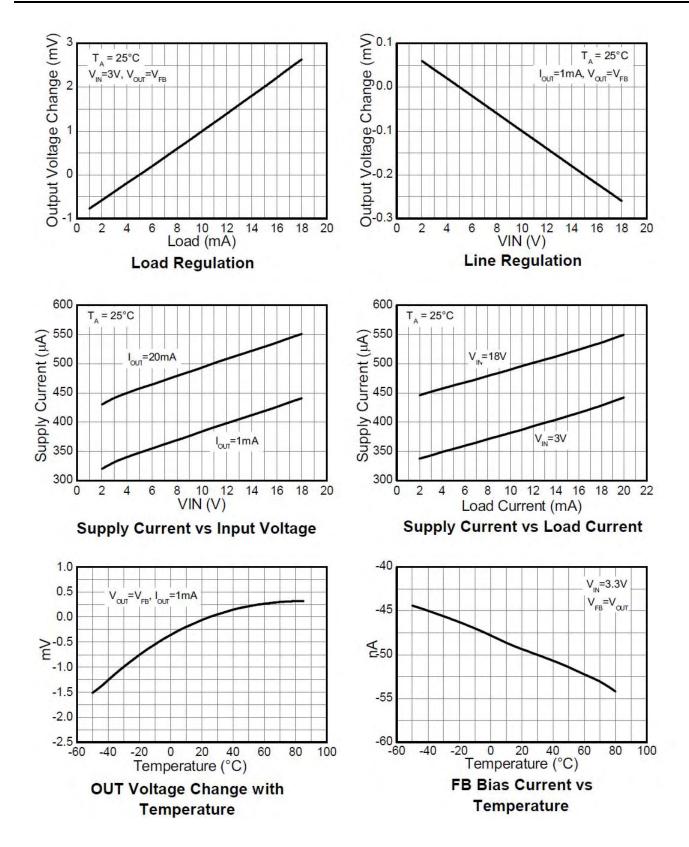
	Parameter	DUT = 5mA unless otherwise stated (Note 3). Conditions			Тур	Max	Units
			ZXRE060A	<b>Min</b> 0.597	0.6	0.603	
	Feedback voltage		ZXRE060	0.594	0.6	0.606	V
$V_{\text{FB}}$			ZXRE060A	0.595		0.605	
		$T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	ZXRE060	0.592		0.608	
		T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to 85°C	ZXRE060A	0.594		0.606	
			ZXRE060	0.591		0.609	
		T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to 125°C	ZXRE060A	0.593		0.607	
			ZXRE060	0.590		0.610	
FBLOAD	Feedback pin load regulation	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 1 to 15mA	T <sub>A</sub> = -40 to 125°C		3.8	6 10	mV
	Ecodbook pin line	$V_{IN} = 2V$ to 18V	14 - 10 10 120 0		0.1	1	
FB <sub>LINE</sub>		$V_{IN} = 2.2V \text{ to } 18V$	T <sub>A</sub> = -40 to 125°C			1.5	mV
FB <sub>OVR</sub>	Output voltage regulation	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.2V to 18V,				1	mV
		I <sub>OUT</sub> =1mA (Ref. Figure 1)	$T_{A} = -40$ to $125^{\circ}C$			1.5	
1	FB input bias current	V <sub>IN</sub> = 18V			-45		nA
I <sub>FB</sub>			T <sub>A</sub> = -40 to 125°C	-200		0	
	Input current	V <sub>IN</sub> = 2V to 18V			0.35	0.7	mA
I <sub>IN</sub>		$V_{IN} = 2.2V \text{ to } 18V$	$T_A = -40$ to 125°C			1	
٩N		V <sub>IN</sub> = 2V to 18V			0.48	1	mA
		V <sub>IN</sub> = 2.2V to 18V	$T_{A} = -40$ to $125^{\circ}C$			1.5	
	OUT leakage current	$V_{IN} = 18V,$				0.1	μA
I <sub>OUT(LK)</sub>			T <sub>A</sub> = 125°C			1	
Z <sub>OUT</sub>	Dynamic Output	$I_{OUT} = 1$ to 15mA	T 40.1-40500		0.25	0.4	Ω
	Impedance	f < 1kHz	T <sub>A</sub> = -40 to125°C			0.6	ļ
PSRR	Power supply rejection ratio	f=300kHz V <sub>AC</sub> = 0.3V <sub>PP</sub>			>45		dB
BW	Amplifier Unity Gain Frequency	Ref: Fig 2			600		kHz
G	Amplifier Transconductance				5000		mA/V

3. Production testing of the device is performed at 25 °C. Functional operation of the device and parameters specified over the operating temperature range are guaranteed by design, characterisation and process control. Note:



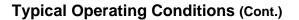


## **Typical Characteristics**









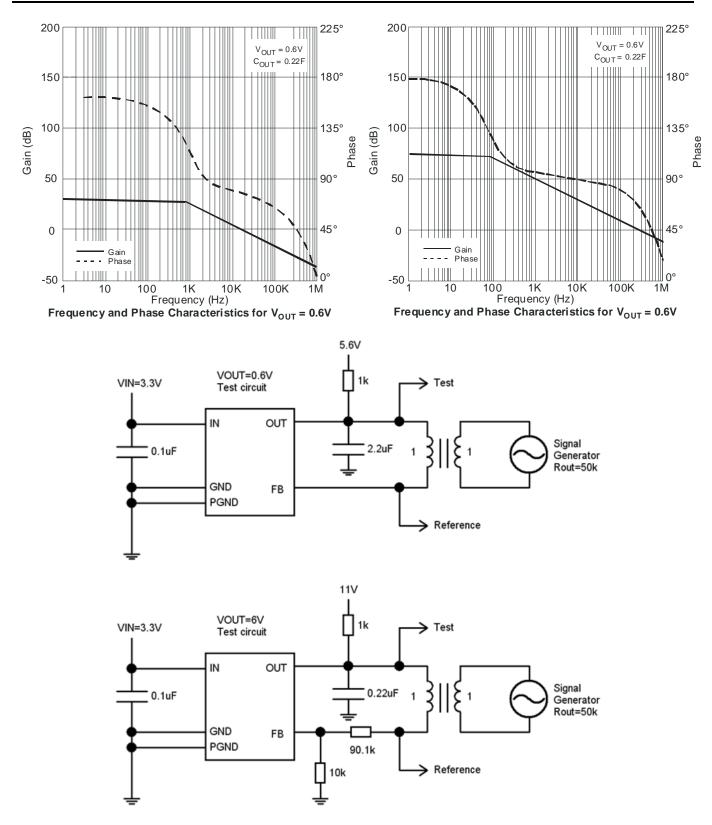


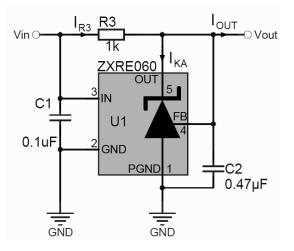
Figure 2. Test circuits for gain and phase plots



### **Application Information**

The following show some typical application examples for the ZXRE060. It is recommended to include the compensation capacitor C2 to guarantee stability. C2 may range in value from  $0.1\mu$ F to  $10\mu$ F depending on the application and the environment.

Both C1 and C2 should be as close to the ZXRE060 as possible and connected to it with the shortest possible track. In the case of and, it means the opto-coupler will have to be carefully positioned to enable this.



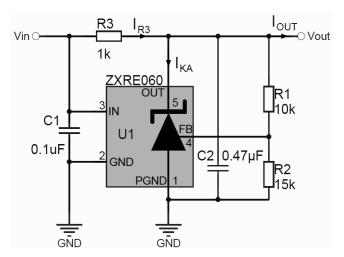




Figure 4. 1.0V Shunt Regulator  $V_{OUT} = V_{REF} \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2}\right)$ 

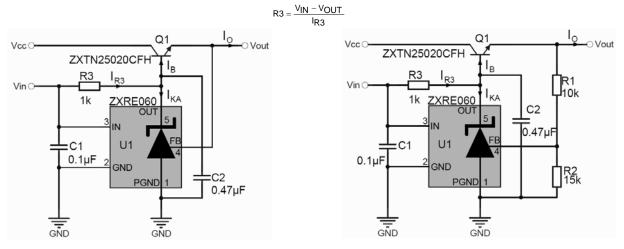


Figure 5. 0.6V series LDO regulator

#### $V_{OUT} = V_{REF}$



# $V_{OUT} = V_{REF} \left( 1 + \frac{R1}{R2} \right)$

### **Design guides**

- 1. Determine I<sub>OUT</sub> and choose a suitable transistor taking power dissipation into consideration.
- 2. Determine  $I_B$  from  $I_B = \frac{I_{OUT(max)}}{(h_{FE(min)} + 1)}$
- 3. Determine  $I_{R3}$  from  $I_{R3} \ge I_B + I_{KA(min)}$ . The design of the ZXRE060 effectively means there is no  $I_{KA(min)}$  limitation as in conventional references. There is only an output leakage current which is a maximum of 1µA. Nevertheless, it is necessary to determine an  $I_{KA(min)}$  to ensure that the device operates within its linear range at all times.  $I_{KA(min)} \ge 10\mu$ A should be adequate for this.
- 4. Determine R3 from  $_{R3} = \frac{V_{IN} (V_{OUT} + V_{BE})}{I_{R3}}$ .
- 5. Although unlikely to be a problem, ensure that  $I_{R3} \le 15$  mA.



### **Application Information (Continued)**

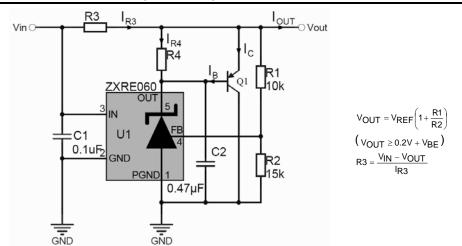
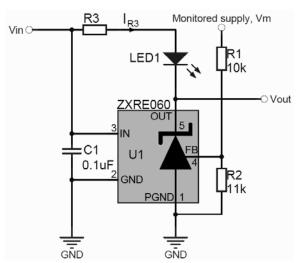


Figure 7. 1V Current-boosted shunt regulator

#### **Design guides**

- 1. Determine I<sub>OUT</sub> and choose a suitable transistor taking power dissipation into consideration.
- 2. Determine I<sub>B</sub> from  $I_B = \frac{I_{OUT(max)}}{(h_{FE(min)} + 1)}$
- 3. Determine  $I_{R3}$  from  $I_{R3} = I_{OUT(max)}$
- 4. Determine R3 from  $R3 = \frac{V_{IN} V_{OUT}}{I_{R3}}$
- It is best to let the ZXRE060 supply as much current as it can before bringing Q1 into conduction. Not
  only does this minimise the strain on Q1, it also guarantees the most stable operation. Choose a nominal
  value between 10mA and <15mA for this current, I<sub>R4</sub>.
- 6. Calculate R4 from  $_{R4} = \frac{V_{BE}}{I_{R4}}$



V<sub>OUT</sub> goes low and LED is lit when monitored supply

$$V_{M} > V_{REF} \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2}\right)$$
$$R_{3} = \frac{V_{IN} - (V_{F} + 0.2)}{I_{R3}}$$
$$15mA \ge I_{R3} \le I_{F(MAX)}$$

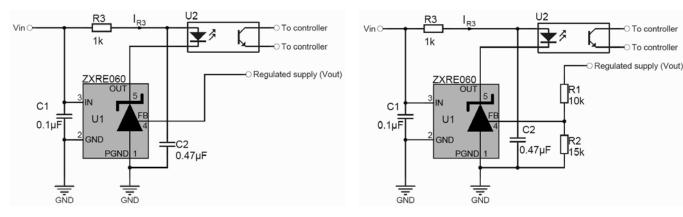
 $V_{\text{F}}$  and  $I_{\text{F}}$  are forward voltage drop and current of LED1.

Figure 8. 1.15V over-voltage indicator





# **Application Information (Continued)**



#### Figure 9. Opto-isolated 0.6V shunt regulator

VOUT = VREF

Figure 10. Opto-isolated 1.0V shunt regulator  $V_{OUT} = V_{REF} \left( 1 + \frac{R1}{R2} \right)$ 

$$R3 = \frac{V_{IN} - (V_F + 0.2)}{I_{R3}}$$
$$15mA \ge I_{R3} \le I_{F(MAX)}$$

$$5mA \ge IR3 \le IF(MAX)$$

V<sub>F</sub> and I<sub>F</sub> are forward voltage drop and forward current respectively for the optocoupler LED. More applications information is available in the following publications which can be found on Diodes' web site.

- AN57 Designing with Diodes' References Shunt Regulation

- AN57 Designing with Diodes' References Shuh Regulation AN58 Designing with Diodes' References Series Regulation AN59 Designing with Diodes' References Fixed Regulators and Opto-Isolation AN60 Designing with Diodes' References Extending the operating voltage range AN61 Designing with Diodes' References Other Applications AN62 Designing with Diodes' References ZXRE060 Low Voltage Regulator





### **Ordering Information**

	Tol.	Order Code	Part	Part Mark	Reel Size	Tape Width	Quantity/Reel
Pb	0.50/	ZXRE060AET5TA	TSOT23-5	S6A	7", 180mm	8mm	3000
had free	0.5%	ZXRE060AH5TA	SC70-5/SOT353	S6A	7", 180mm	8mm	3000
Pb,	1%	ZXRE060ET5TA	TSOT23-5	S06	7", 180mm	8mm	3000
		ZXRE060H5TA	SC70-5/SOT353	S06	7", 180mm	8mm	3000

Notes: 4. For packaging details, go to our website at http://www.diodes.com/datasheets/ap02007.pdf

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