## MHF+ Single, Dual and Triple DC/DC Converters

## 28 VOLT INPUT - 15 WATT

## FEATURES

## Only 0.33 inches ( 8.38 mm ) high in a hermetically sealed case

- Operating temperature $-55^{\circ}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- Input voltage 16 to 40 VDC
- MHF+281R9S 20 to 32 VDC
- Triple output models16 to 48 VDC
- Transient protection
- Single and dual: 50 V for 50 ms
- Triple: 80 V for 120 ms
- Fully isolated
- Fixed high frequency switching
- Inhibit and synchronization functions
- Indefinite short circuit protection
- Up to $84 \%$ efficiency


## DESCRIPTION

## MHF+ SINGLE AND DUAL DC/DC CONVERTERS

 The MHF+ Single and Dual Series ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ of high frequency $D C /$ DC converters offers a wide input voltage range of 16 to 40 volts (MHF+281R9S, 20 to 32 volts) and up to 15 watts of output power. The units are capable of withstanding short term transients up to 50 volts. The converters are offered with standard screening, "ES" screening, or fully compliant to " 883 " MIL-PRF-38534 Class H screening. Standard microcircuit drawings (SMD) are available.
## Converter Design

The MHF+ converters are switching regulators that use a quasi-square wave, single-ended forward converter design with a constant switching frequency of 550 kHz typical. Isolation between input and output circuits is provided with a transformer in the forward path and a temperature compensated optical link in the feedback control loop. See Figure 1.

For the MHF+ dual output models, good cross regulation is maintained by tightly coupled output magnetics. Up to $90 \%$ of the total output power ( $80 \%$ on 2805 D ) is available from either output, providing the opposite output is simultaneously carrying $10 \%$ of the total output power ( $20 \%$ on 2805D models). Predictable current limit is accomplished by directly monitoring the output load current and providing a constant current output above the overload point.

## Inhibit Function

MHF+ converters provide an inhibit terminal that can be used to disable internal switching, resulting in no output current and very low quiescent input current. The converter is inhibited when an active low of $\leq 0.8 \mathrm{~V}$ is applied to the inhibit pin. The unit is


| MODELS <br> VDC OUTPUT |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SINGLE | DUAL | TRIPLE |  |
| 1.9 | $\pm 5$ | $+5 \& \pm 12$ |  |
| 3.3 | $\pm 12$ | $+5 \& \pm 15$ |  |
| 5 | $\pm 15$ |  |  |
| 5.2 |  |  |  |
| 5.3 |  |  |  |
| 12 |  |  |  |
| 15 |  |  |  |
| 28 |  |  |  |

enabled when the pin, which is internally connected to a pull-up resistor, is left unconnected or is connected to an open-collector gate. The open circuit output voltage associated with the inhibit pin is 8.5 to 12 V . In the inhibit mode, a maximum of 4 mA must be sunk from the inhibit pin. See Figure 3.

## SYnchronization

An external synchronization feature is included that allows the user to adjust the nominally 550 kHz operating frequency to any frequency within the range of 500 kHz to 600 kHz . This is initiated by applying a signal input of the desired frequency to pin 5 . The capacitively coupled sync input will synchronize on a differential signal of as low as 4 volts to as high as 5 V . For single and dual output models, if the sync function is not used, connect the terminal to input common.

## Short Circuit Protection

MHF+ Series single and dual output converters provide short circuit protection by restricting the output current to approximately $115 \%$ of the
full load output current. The output current is sensed in the secondary stage to provide highly predictable and accurate current limiting, and to eliminate foldback characteristics.

## Undervoltage Lockout

Undervoltage lockout prevents the single and dual output converters from operating below approximately 14 VDC input voltage to keep system current levels smooth, especially during initialization or re-start operations.

## MHF+ Single, Dual and Triple DC/DC Converters

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MHF+ SERIES ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ TRIPLE DC/DC CONVERTERS MHF+ Series ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ Triple DC/DC converters provide a wide input voltage range of 16 to 48 VDC delivering 15 watts of total output power with output voltages of +5 and $\pm 12$ or +5 and $\pm 15 \mathrm{VDC}$. The main output, +5 VDC, will supply up to 7.5 watts and the auxiliaries will supply up to 7.5 watts of combined power. Full power operation at $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ plus the ability to withstand transients of up to 80 V for up to 120 milliseconds make these converters an ideal choice for your high reliability systems.

## Converter Design

MHF+ Triple Series of DC/DC converters incorporate dual-phase, phase-shifted technology with a continuous flyback topology. This design eliminates a minimum load requirement on the main output and eliminates cross regulation effects between the main output voltage and auxiliary output voltages. See Figure 2. The phase-shifted design offers reduced input and output ripple. To meet MIL-STD-461 requirements use an EMI filter, see Figure 5. FMH-461 is the recommended filter.

## Inhibit Function

An open collector inhibit terminal (pin 1) provides shut-down and start-up control. Applying an active low of $\leq 0.8 \mathrm{~V}$, referenced to input common, will disable the output of the converter. When inhibited, input current is reduced to 5 mA or less and there is no generation of switching noise. The inhibit terminal typically sinks 3 mA when the converter is inhibited.

Leaving the terminal open or pulling it high will enable the converter. Use an open collector interface for active high voltages of up to 11 volts. (Refer to Figure 2 for a connection diagram.) An open collector interface is not required if the active high is in excess of the open circuit voltage of the inhibit terminal (11 volts) but less than 40 volts. See Figure 2.

## Soft Start Feature

The soft-start feature provides a controlled 25 milliseconds maximum turn-on to minimize inrush current and reduce overshoot at initial start-up or when inhibit is released.

## SYnchronization

To synchronize the converter's switching frequency to a system clock apply the clock signal to the sync terminal (pin 7). When multiple converters are powered from a single power source, asynchronous (free run) operation will result in lower peak noise for common spectral peaks, but synchronous operation will eliminate any possibility of interference frequencies in the low audio band. Source impedance of the signal should be less than 100 ohms and the transition time should be less than 100 nanoseconds. The capacitively coupled sync input will synchronize on a differential signal of as low as 4 volts to as high as 5 V . For triple output models, if the sync function is not used, the terminal should be left open. See Figure 4.

## Short Circuit Protection

On the triple output models, internal current limiting circuitry protects on all three outputs against short circuits. When output power exceeds approximately $130 \%$ of maximum output power, the output currents are limited. In addition, separate current limiting circuitry protects each output individually resulting in normal operation of either the main or the auxiliaries, whichever is not in a shorted condition.

## Undervoltage Lockout

Undervoltage lockout prevents the triple output models units from operating below approximately 8.5 VDC input voltage to keep system current levels smooth, especially during initialization or re-start operations.

## MHF+ SERIES ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ ALL MODELS

## Packaging

MHF+ Series of converters are packaged in hermetically sealed metal cases and can be purchased in a flanged or non-flanged case. The flanged option provides increased heat dissipation and also provides greater stability when mechanically secured.

## Output Voltage Options

The MHF+ Series converters are capable of providing other output voltage options in addition to those characterized on this datasheet. Contact your sales representative to discuss other output voltage options.

## US Patents

Interpoint converters may use one or more of the following US patents $5,521,807,5,694,303$ and $5,631,822$.

## MHF+ Single, Dual and Triple DC/DC Converters

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## OPERATING CONDITIONS AND CHARACTERISTICS

## Input Voltage Range

- Single and dual models:
- 16 to 40 VDC continuous
- MHF+281R9S 20 to 32 DC continuous
- 50 V for up to 50 ms transient
- MHF+281R9S 35 V for up to 50 ms transient
- Triple models:
- 16 to 48 VDC continuous
- 80 V for up to 120 ms transient


## Output Power

- 6.65 to 15 watts depending on model


## Power Dissipation (Pd)

- Single and dual models: 6 watts
- 1.9 and 3.3 V single: 8 watts
- Triple models: 12 watts triple


## Lead Soldering Temperature ( 10 sec per pin)

- $300^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$


## Storage Temperature Range (Case)

- $-65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

Case Operating Temperature ( $\mathrm{T}_{\mathbf{C}}$ )
$-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ full power

- $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+135^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ absolute


## Derating Output Power/Current

- Linearly from $100 \%$ at $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $0 \%$ at $135^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient

- $100 \mathrm{ppm} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ typical
- $150 \mathrm{ppm} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ maximum


## Input to Output Capacitance

- 60 pF typical


## Current Limit

- Single and dual models: 115\% of full load typical
- Triple models: $130 \%$ of full load typical triple


## Isolation

- 100 megohm minimum at 500 V


## Audio Rejection

- 50 dB typical


## Conversion Frequency $\left(-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $\left.+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}\right)$

## - Free run

- Single and dual models: 480 kHz min, 550 kHz typ, 620 kHz max
- Triple models: 375 kHz min, 500 kHz max


## Undervoltage Lockout

- Single and dual models: 14 V input typical
- Triple models: 8.5 V input typical


## SYNC AND INHIBIT

Sync In

- Input frequency
- Single and dual models: 500 to 600 kHz
- Triple models: 400 to 600 kHz
- Duty cycle $40 \%$ to $60 \%$
- Active low 0.8 V max
- Active high 4 V min, 5 V max
- Triple models: source impedance should be $<100$ ohms and the transition time should be $<100$ nanoseconds
- If sync is not used
- Single and dual models: connect to input common
- Triple models: leave unconnected
- Referenced to input common

Inhibit:

- Active low (output disabled)
- Active low voltage $\leq 0.8 \mathrm{~V}$ max - Inhibit pin current
- Single and dual models: 4.0 mA max, 3.0 mA typ
- Triple models: 5.0 mA max, 3.0 mA typ
- Referenced to input common
- Active high (output enabled)
- Single and dual models
- Open collector or unconnected
- Open pin 8.5 to $12 \mathrm{~V}, 10 \mathrm{~V}$ typical
- Triple models
- Open collector or unconnected
- Open collector interface not required if active high is greater than 11 V and less than 40 V
- Open pin voltage, 11 V typical


## MECHANICAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL

Size (maximum)

- Non flanged $1.460 \times 1.130 \times 0.330(37.08 \times 28.70 \times 8.38 \mathrm{~mm})$
- Flanged $2.005 \times 1.130 \times 0.330(50.93 \times 28.70 \times 8.38 \mathrm{~mm})$
- See cases E1, E2, G1 and G2 for dimensions.

Weight, flanged or unflanged (maximum)

- Single and dual models: 30 grams
- Triple models: 35 grams

Screening:
Standard, ES or 883 (Class H). See Screening Tables 1 and 2 for more information.

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SIMPLIFIED SCHEMATIC DIAGRAMS



## MHF+ Single, Dual and Triple DC/DC Converters

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## CONNECTION DIAGRAMS




If the sync terminal ([pin 7) is not used, it must be left floating. The ac coupling shown will prevent sync signal failure.

Figure 4: AC Coupling of Sync Signal, Triple Models

*The case ground connection should be as low an impedance as possible to minimize EMI Direct contact of baseplate to chassis ground provides the lowest impedance.

Figure 5: EMI Filter Connection

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| PIN OUT |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Pin | Single Output | MHF+2828S | Dual Output | Triple Output |
| 1 | Inhibit | Inhibit | Inhibit | Inhibit |
| 2 | No Connection | Positive Output | Positive Output | Main (+5) Output |
| 3 | Output Common | (See note 1) | Output Common | Output Common |
| 4 | Positive Output | Output Common | Negative Output | Pos. Aux. Output |
| 5 | Sync In | Sync In | Sync In | Neg. Aux. Output |
| 6 | Case Ground | Case Ground | Case Ground | Case Ground |
| 7 | Input Common | Input Common | Input Common | Sync |
| 8 | Positive Input | Positive Input | Positive Input | Input Common |
| 9 | - | - | - | Positive Input |

1. Pin 3 of MHF+2828S will provide 14 Vout referenced to output common (pin 4).

| PINS NOT IN USE |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Inhibit: single, dual and triple, pin 1 | Leave unconnected |
| MHF+2828S, pin 3 | Leave unconnected |
| Sync: single and dual, pin 5 | Connect to input common |
| Sync: triple, pin 7 | Leave unconnected |



See cases E1 and G1 for dimensions.

Figure 6: MHF+ Single and Dual Pin Out


See cases E2 and G2 for dimensions.

Figure 7: MHF+ Triple Pin Out

## MHF+ Single, Dual and Triple DC/DC Converters

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## MODEL NUMBERING KEY



| SMD NUMBERS |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Standard MICROCIRCUIT <br> Drawing (SMD) | MHF+ SimiLAR Part |
| 5962-0251001HXC | MHF+283R3S/883 |
| 5962-9213901HXC | MHF+2805S/883 |
| 5962-0325301HXC | MHF+285R2S/883 |
| 5962-9166401HXC | MHF+2812S/883 |
| 5962-9160101HXC | MHF+2815S/883 |
| 5962-9689801HXC | MHF+2828S/883 |
| 5962-9555901HXC | MHF+2805D/883 |
| 5962-9214401HXC | MHF+2812D/883 |
| 5962-9161401HXC | MHF+2815D/883 |
| 5962-9560101HXC | MHF+28512T/883 |
| 5962-9560201HXC | MHF+28515T/883 |
| Flanged SMDs have the suffix <br> For exact specifications for an <br> SMD <br> SMD drawing. SMDs can be downloaded of HXC. <br> www.dscc.dla.mil/programs/smcr http:// |  |

## MODEL SELECTION

On the lines below, enter one selection from each category to determine the model number.

| CATEGORY | MHF+28 <br> Base Model and Input Voltage | Output Voltage ${ }^{1}$ | Number of Outputs ${ }^{2}$ | Case/Lead Options ${ }^{3}$ | $1 \begin{aligned} & \text { Screening } 4 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SELECTION | MHF+28 is the only available option | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1R9, 3R3, 05, 5R2, } \\ & \text { 5R3, 12, 15, } 28 \end{aligned}$ | S | (NON-FLANGED leave blank) <br> F (FLANGED) | (STANDARD leave blank) |
|  |  | 05, 12, 15 | D |  | ES |
|  |  | 512, 515 | T |  |  |

## Notes:

1. Output Voltage: An R indicates a decimal point. 1R9 is 1.9 volts out. The values of $1 R 9,3 R 3,5 R 2$ and $5 R 3$ are only available in single output models. The 512 and 515 triple output converters are +5 volt main and $\pm 12$ or $\pm 15$ volt auxiliaries.
2. Number of Outputs: $S$ is a single output, $D$ is a dual output, and $T$ is a triple output
3. Case Options: For the standard case (non-flanged) leave the case option blank. For the flanged case, use an F in the case option.
4. Screening: For standard screening leave the screening option blank. For other screening options, insert the desired screening level. For more information see Screening Tables 1 and 2.

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Electrical Characteristics: $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{TO}+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}, 28$ VDC Vin, $100 \%$ load, free run, unless otherwise specified.

| SINGLE OUTPUT MODELS |  | MHF+281R9S |  |  | MHF+283R3S |  |  | MHF+2805S |  |  | UNITS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX |  |
| OUTPUT VOLTAGE |  | 1.84 | 1.90 | 1.96 | 3.20 | 3.30 | 3.40 | 4.85 | 5.00 | 5.15 | VDC |
| OUTPUT CURRENT | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=16$ то 40 VDC | 0 | - | 3.5 | 0 | - | 2.4 | 0 | - | 2.4 | A |
| OUTPUT POWER | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=16$ то 40 VDC | 0 | - | 6.65 | 0 | - | 8 | 0 | - | 12 | W |
| OUTPUT RIPPLE | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | - | 7 | 30 | - | 30 | 80 | - | 30 | 80 | mV p-p |
| $10 \mathrm{kHz}-2 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  | - | 12 | 40 | - | 50 | 240 | - | 60 | 100 |  |
| LINE REGULATION | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=16$ TO 40 VDC | - | 1 | 40 | - | 5 | 100 | - | 5 | 50 | mV |
| LOAD REGULATION | NO LOAD TO FULL ${ }^{2}$ | - | 35 | 55 | - | 20 | 50 | - | 20 | 50 | mV |
| INPUT VOLTAGE NO LOAD TO FULL | CONTINUOUS | 20 | 28 | 32 | 16 | 28 | 40 | 16 | 28 | 40 | VDC |
|  | TRANSIENT $50 \mathrm{~ms}{ }^{1}$ | - | - | 35 | - | - | 50 | - | - | 50 | V |
| INPUT CURRENT | NO LOAD | - | 16 | 35 | - | 25 | 40 | - | 25 | 40 | mA |
|  | INHIBITED | - | 2 | 7 | - | 5 | 12 | - | 5 | 12 |  |
| INPUT RIPPLE CURRENT | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | - | 30 | 60 | - | 45 | 80 | - | 35 | 80 | mA p-p |
| 10 kHz - 10 MHz |  | - | - | 70 | - | - | 120 | - | - | 100 |  |
| EFFICIENCY |  | 56 | 62 | - | 67 | 75 | - | 72 | 77 | - | \% |
| LOAD FAULT ${ }^{3,4}$ | POWER DISSIPATION SHORT CIRCUIT | - | 4 | 8 | - | 5 | 8 | - | 3.5 | 6 | W |
|  | RECOVERY ${ }^{1}$ | - | 5 | 30 | - | 7.5 | 30 | - | 7.5 | 30 | ms |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { STEP LOAD } \\ & \text { RESPONSE } 4,5 \end{aligned}$ | $50 \%-100 \%-50 \%$ <br> TRANSIENT | - | $\pm 75$ | $\pm 500$ | - | $\pm 150$ | $\pm 400$ | - | $\pm 150$ | $\pm 400$ | mV pk |
|  | RECOVERY | - | 500 | 2000 | - | 150 | 300 | - | 150 | 300 | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| STEP LINE RESPONSE ${ }^{1,4,5}$ | $\begin{gathered} 16-40-16 \text { VDC }^{6} \\ \text { TRANSIENT } \end{gathered}$ | - | $\pm 300$ | $\pm 600$ | - | $\pm 550$ | $\pm 800$ | - | $\pm 550$ | $\pm 800$ | mV pk |
|  | RECOVERY | - | 0.5 | 1.2 | - | 0.8 | 1.2 | - | 0.8 | 1.2 | ms |
| START-UP 5 | DELAY | - | 12 | 35 | - | 10 | 25 | - | 10 | 25 | ms |
|  | OVERSHOOT ${ }^{1}$ | - | 500 | 850 | - | 200 | 300 | - | 100 | 600 | mV pk |
| CAPACITIVE LOAD ${ }^{1}$ |  | - | - | 100 | - | - | 300 | - | - | 300 | $\mu \mathrm{F}$ |

## Notes

1. Guaranteed by design, not tested.
2. For MHF+281R9, load regulation is tested from a 10 mA load to full load.
3. Indefinite short circuit protection not guaranteed above $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (case).
4. Recovery time is measured from application of the transient.
to the point at which $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OUT}}$ is within regulation.
5. Step transition time $>10 \mu \mathrm{~s}$
6. Step line is 20-32-20 VDC for MHF+281R39S.

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Electrical Characteristics: $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{TO}+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}, 28$ VDC Vin, $100 \%$ load, free run, unless otherwise specified.

| SINGLE OUTPUT MODELS |  | MHF+285R2S |  |  | MHF+285R3S |  |  | MHF+2812S |  |  | UNITS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX |  |
| OUTPUT VOLTAGE |  | 5.04 | 5.20 | 5.36 | 5.19 | 5.35 | 5.51 | 11.76 | 12.00 | 12.24 | VDC |
| OUTPUT CURRENT | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=16$ то 40 VDC | 0 | - | 2.4 | 0 | - | 2.83 | 0 | - | 1.25 | A |
| OUTPUT POWER | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=16$ то 40 VDC | 0 | - | 12.48 | 0 | - | 15 | 0 | - | 15 | W |
| OUTPUT RIPPLE | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | - | 30 | 50 | - | 30 | 50 | - | 30 | 80 | mV p-p |
| 10 kHz - 2 MHz |  | - | 60 | 100 | - | 60 | 100 | - | 50 | 120 |  |
| LINE REGULATION | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=16$ TO 40 VDC | - | 5 | 50 | - | 5 | 50 | - | 5 | 50 | mV |
| LOAD REGULATION | NO LOAD TO FULL | - | 20 | 50 | - | 20 | 50 | - | 20 | 50 | mV |
| INPUT VOLTAGE NO LOAD TO FULL | CONTINUOUS | 16 | 28 | 40 | 16 | 28 | 40 | 16 | 28 | 40 | VDC |
|  | TRANSIENT $50 \mathrm{~ms}{ }^{1}$ | - | - | 50 | - | - | 50 | - | - | 50 | V |
| INPUT CURRENT | NO LOAD | - | 25 | 43 | - | 24 | 43 | - | 25 | 50 | mA |
|  | INHIBITED | - | 5 | 12 | - | 5 | 12 | - | 5 | 12 |  |
| INPUT RIPPLE CURRENT | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | - | 35 | 80 | - | 35 | 80 | - | 35 | 80 | mA p-p |
| 10 kHz - 10 MHz |  | - | - | 120 | - | - | 120 | - | - | 120 |  |
| EFFICIENCY |  | 72 | 77 | - | 72 | 77 | - | 74 | 79 | - | \% |
| LOAD FAULT ${ }^{2,3}$ | POWER DISSIPATION SHORT CIRCUIT | - | 3.5 | 6 | - | 3.5 | 6 | - | 3.5 | 6 | W |
|  | RECOVERY ${ }^{1}$ | - | 7.5 | 30 | - | 7.5 | 30 | - | 7.5 | 30 | ms |
| STEP LOAD RESPONSE 4, 3 | 50\%-100\%-50\% TRANSIENT | - | $\pm 150$ | $\pm 400$ | - | $\pm 150$ | $\pm 400$ | - | $\pm 150$ | $\pm 500$ | mV pk |
|  | RECOVERY | - | 150 | 300 | - | 150 | 300 | - | 150 | 300 | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| STEP LINE RESPONSE ${ }^{1,3,4}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 16-40-16 VDC } \\ \text { TRANSIENT } \end{gathered}$ | - | $\pm 550$ | $\pm 800$ | - | $\pm 550$ | $\pm 800$ | - | $\pm 550$ | $\pm 800$ | mV pk |
|  | RECOVERY | - | 0.8 | 1.2 | - | 0.8 | 1.2 | - | 0.8 | 1.2 | ms |
| START-UP ${ }^{4}$ | DELAY | - | 10 | 25 | - | 10 | 25 | - | 10 | 25 | ms |
|  | OVERSHOOT ${ }^{1}$ | - | 100 | 600 | - | 100 | 600 | - | 200 | 1200 | mV pk |
| CAPACITIVE LOAD ${ }^{1}$ |  | - | - | 300 | - | - | 300 | - | - | 100 | $\mu \mathrm{F}$ |

## Notes

1. Guaranteed by design, not tested.
2. Indefinite short circuit protection not guaranteed above $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (case).
3. Recovery time is measured from application of the transient. to the point at which $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }}$ is within regulation.

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Electrical Characteristics: $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{TO}+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}, 28$ VDC Vin, $100 \%$ load, free run, unless otherwise specified.

| SINGLE OUTPUT MODELS |  | MHF+2815S |  |  | MHF+2828S |  |  | UNITS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX |  |
| OUTPUT VOLTAGE |  | 14.70 | 15.00 | 15.30 | 27.44 | 28.00 | 28.56 | VDC |
| OUTPUT CURRENT | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=16$ то 40 VDC | 0 | - | 1.00 | 0 | - | 0.536 | A |
| OUTPUT POWER | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=16$ то 40 VDC | 0 | - | 15 | 0 | - | 15 | W |
| OUTPUT RIPPLE$10 \mathrm{kHz}-2 \mathrm{MHz}$ | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | - | 30 | 80 | - | 60 | 120 | $m \mathrm{l}$ p-p |
|  |  | - | 50 | 120 | - | 100 | 180 |  |
| LINE REGULATION | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=16$ TO 40 VDC | - | 5 | 50 | - | 50 | 150 | mV |
| LOAD REGULATION | NO LOAD TO FULL | - | 20 | 50 | - | 50 | 150 | mV |
| input voltage NO LOAD TO FULL | CONTINUOUS | 16 | 28 | 40 | 16 | 28 | 40 | VDC |
|  | TRANSIENT 50 ms ${ }^{1}$ | - | - | 50 | - | - | 50 | V |
| INPUT CURRENT | NO LOAD | - | 25 | 62 | - | 25 | 60 | mA |
|  | INHIBITED | - | 5 | 12 | - | 5 | 12 |  |
| INPUT RIPPLE CURRENT$10 \mathrm{kHz}-10 \mathrm{MHz}$ | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | - | 35 | 80 | - | 35 | 80 | mA p-p |
|  |  | - | - | 120 | - | - | 120 |  |
| EFFICIENCY |  | 74 | 80 | - | 78 | 84 | - | \% |
| LOAD FAULT ${ }^{2,3}$ | POWER DISSIPATION SHORT CIRCUIT | - | 3.5 | 6 | - | 3.5 | 6 | W |
|  | RECOVERY ${ }^{1}$ | - | 7.5 | 30 | - | 7.5 | 30 | ms |
| STEP LOAD RESPONSE ${ }^{3,4}$ | $50 \%-100 \%-50 \%$ TRANSIENT | - | $\pm 200$ | $\pm 600$ | - | $\pm 600$ | $\pm 800$ | mV pk |
|  | RECOVERY | - | 150 | 300 | - | 200 | 400 | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| STEP LINE RESPONSE 1,3,4 | 16-40-16 VDC TRANSIENT | - | $\pm 550$ | $\pm 800$ | - | $\pm 1100$ | $\pm 1200$ | mV pk |
|  | RECOVERY | - | 0.8 | 1.2 | - | 0.8 | 1.2 | ms |
| START-UP 4 | DELAY | - | 10 | 25 | - | 10 | 25 | ms |
|  | OVERSHOOT ${ }^{1}$ | - | 200 | 1500 | - | 200 | 280 | mV pk |
| CAPACITIVE LOAD ${ }^{1}$ |  | - | - | 100 | - | - | 100 | $\mu \mathrm{F}$ |

Notes

1. Guaranteed by design, not tested.
2. Indefinite short circuit protection not guaranteed above $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (case).
3. Recovery time is measured from application of the transient . to the point at which $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }}$ is within regulation.

## MHF+ Single, Dual and Triple DC/DC Converters

28 VOLT INPUT - 15 WATT

Electrical Characteristics: $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{TO}+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}, 28$ VDC Vin, $100 \%$ load, free run, unless otherwise specified.

| DUAL OUTPUT MODELS |  | MHF+2805D |  |  | MHF+2812D |  |  | MHF+2815D |  |  | UNITS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX |  |
| OUTPUT VOLTAGE | $+\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUt }}$ | 4.85 | 5.00 | 5.15 | 11.76 | 12.00 | 12.24 | 14.70 | 15.00 | 15.30 | VDC |
|  | $-\mathrm{V}_{\text {out }}$ | 4.82 | 5.00 | 5.18 | 11.70 | 12.00 | 12.30 | 14.63 | 15.00 | 15.38 |  |
| OUTPUT CURRENT ${ }^{2,3}$$\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=16 \text { то } 40 \mathrm{VDC}$ | Each Output | 0 | $\pm 1.2$ | $1.92{ }^{1}$ | 0 | $\pm 0.625$ | $1.125^{1}$ | 0 | $\pm 0.50$ | $0.90{ }^{1}$ | A |
|  | Total | - | - | 2.4 | - | - | 1.25 | - | - | 1.0 |  |
| OUTPUT POWER ${ }^{2,3}$$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=16 \text { то } 40 \mathrm{VDC}$ | Each Output | 0 | $\pm 6$ | $9.6{ }^{1}$ | 0 | $\pm 7.5$ | $13.5{ }^{1}$ | 0 | $\pm 7.5$ | $13.5{ }^{1}$ | W |
|  | Total | - | - | 12 | - | - | 15 | - | - | 15 |  |
| OUTPUT RIPPLE$\pm \mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }}, 10 \mathrm{kHz}-2 \mathrm{MHz}$ | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | - | 30 | 80 | - | 30 | 80 | - | 30 | 60 | $m \vee p-p$ |
|  |  | - | 60 | 80 | - | 60 | 120 | - | 50 | 120 |  |
| LINE REGULATION Vin = 16 то 40 VDC | $+\mathrm{V}_{\text {Out }}$ | - | 5 | 50 | - | 5 | 50 | - | 5 | 50 | mV |
|  | $-V_{\text {out }}$ | - | - | 80 | - | - | 100 | - | - | 100 |  |
| LOAD REGULATION <br> Balanced Loads <br> No Load to Full | $+\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }}$ | - | 20 | 50 | - | 20 | 50 | - | 20 | 50 | mV |
|  | $-V_{\text {out }}$ | - | - | 100 | - | - | 100 | - | - | 100 |  |
| CROSS REGULATION ${ }^{4}$ | $\begin{gathered} 25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ \text { EFFECT ON -Vout } \end{gathered}$ | - | 6 | 7.5 | - | 3 | 6 | - | 3 | 5 | \% |
| InPUT VOLTAGE | CONTINUOUS | 16 | 28 | 40 | 16 | 28 | 40 | 16 | 28 | 40 | VDC |
|  | TRANSIENT $50 \mathrm{~ms}{ }^{1}$ | - | - | 50 | - | - | 50 | - | - | 50 | V |
| INPUT CURRENT | NO LOAD | - | 20 | 40 | - | 25 | 50 | - | 25 | 50 | mA |
|  | INHIBITED | - | 6 | 12 | - | 5 | 12 | - | 5 | 12 |  |
| INPUT RIPPLE CURRENT $10 \mathrm{kHz}-10 \mathrm{MHz}$ | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | - | 20 | 50 | - | 35 | 60 | - | 35 | 60 | mA p-p |
|  |  | - | 40 | 80 | - | 50 | 100 | - | 50 | 100 |  |
| EFFICIENCY |  | 75 | 79 | - | 74 | 83 | - | 75 | 84 | - | \% |
| LOAD FAULT ${ }^{5,6}$ | POWER DISSIPATION SHORT CIRCUIT | - | 3 | 6 | - | 3 | 6 | - | 3 | 6 | W |
|  | RECOVERY ${ }^{1}$ | - | 7.5 | 30 | - | 7.5 | 30 | - | 7.5 | 30 | ms |
| STEP LOAD <br> RESPONSE 7,8 <br> 50\%-100\%-50\% <br> Balanced Loads | TRANSIENT $+\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }}$ | - | $\pm 200$ | $\pm 600$ | - | $\pm 300$ | $\pm 700$ | - | $\pm 300$ | $\pm 700$ | mV pk |
|  | TRANSIENT - $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }}$ | - | $\pm 150$ | $\pm 600$ | - | $\pm 100$ | $\pm 700$ | - | $\pm 100$ | $\pm 700$ |  |
|  | RECOVERY | - | 150 | 500 | - | 200 | 500 | - | 200 | 500 | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| STEP LINE RESPONSE ${ }^{1,8}$ $\pm \mathrm{V}_{\text {out }}$ | $16-40-16 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IN}}$ <br> TRANSIENT | - | $\pm 600$ | $\pm 800$ | - | $\pm 550$ | $\pm 750$ | - | $\pm 550$ | $\pm 750$ | mV pk |
|  | RECOVERY | - | 0.8 | 1.2 | - | 0.8 | 1.2 | - | 0.8 | 1.2 | ms |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { START-UP } 8 \\ & \text { VIN }=40 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | DELAY | - | 12 | 20 | - | 12 | 25 | - | 12 | 25 | ms |
|  | OVERSHOOT ${ }^{1}$ | - | 80 | 250 | - | 200 | 750 | - | 200 | 750 | mV pk |
| CAPACITIVE LOAD ${ }^{1}$ |  | - | - | 47 | - | - | 10 | - | - | 10 | $\mu \mathrm{F}$ |

Notes (see following page)

## MHF+ Single, Dual and Triple DC/DC Converters

## 28 VOLT INPUT - 15 WATT

Electrical Characteristics: $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{TO}+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ TC, 28 VDC Vin, $100 \%$ load, free run, unless otherwise specified.

## Notes for Dual Output Models

## 1. Guaranteed by design, not tested.

2. Up to 13.5 watts, $90 \%$ ( 9.6 watts, $80 \%$ for 2805 D ) of the total output power is available from either output provided that the opposite output is simultaneously carrying $10 \%$ ( $20 \%$ for 2805D) of the total output power. One of the outputs must always provide a minimum of $10 \%$ ( $20 \%$ for 2805D) of the total output power used to meet cross regulation. Negative Vout cross regulation is referenced to $50 \% / 50 \%$ balanced loads (at $100 \%$ of total rated output power - full load).
3. The "Total" specification is the maximum combined current/power of both outputs.
4. Effect on $-\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }}$ for the following conditions, A and B

Condition A:
$+P_{\mathrm{o}}=50 \%$ to $10 \%$ and $-\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{o}}=50 \%$
$+P_{0}=50 \%$ and $-P_{0}=50 \%$ to $10 \%$
Condition B, outputs are switched simultaneously between the "From" and "To" conditions:
From $+P_{0}=70 \%,-P_{0}=30 \%$
To $+P_{o}=30 \%,-P_{0}=70 \%$
Both conditions are referenced to the balanced loads condition: 50\%/50\%
5. Indefinite short circuit protection not guaranteed above $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (case)
6. Recovery time is measured from application of the transient to point at which $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OUT}}$ is within regulation.
7. Response of either output with the opposite output held at half of the total output power.
8. Step transition time $>10 \mu \mathrm{~s}$.

## MHF+ Single, Dual and Triple DC/DC Converters

## 28 VOLT INPUT - 15 WATT

Electrical Characteristics: $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{TO}+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}, 28$ VDC Vin, $100 \%$ load, free run, unless otherwise specified.

| TRIPLE OUTPUT MODEL - MHF+28512T |  | $5^{2}$ (MAIN) |  |  | $\pm 12$ (AUXILIARIES) |  |  | UNITS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX |  |
| OUTPUT VOLTAGE | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }}$ | $4.85{ }^{2}$ | 5.00 | 5.15 | $\pm 11.52$ | $\pm 12.00$ | $\pm 12.48$ | VDC |
| OUTPUT CURRENT ${ }^{3}$ |  | - | - | 1.5 | 0 | $\pm 0.313$ | $0.416{ }^{1}$ | A |
|  | Total | - | - | 1.5 | - | - | 0.625 |  |
| OUTPUT POWER 4 |  | - | - | 7.5 | - | $\pm 3.75$ | $5^{1}$ | W |
| VIN $=16-48 \mathrm{VDC}$ | Total | - | - | 7.5 | - | - | 7.5 |  |
| OUTPUT RIPPLE | $10 \mathrm{kHz}-2 \mathrm{MHz}$ | - | 20 | 90 | - | $\pm 30$ | $\pm 180$ | $m \vee p-p$ |
| LINE REGULATION | $\mathrm{VIN}=16$ то 48 VDC | - | 25 | 75 | - | $\pm 120$ | $\pm 240$ | mV |
| LOAD REGULATION ${ }^{6}$ | NO LOAD TO FULL | - | 22 | 75 | - | $\pm 120$ | $\pm 240$ | mV |
| CROSS REGULATION ${ }^{6}$ $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | EFFECT ON NEGATIVE AUXILIARY | - | - | - | - | - | 6.25 | \% |
| INPUT VOLTAGE | CONTINUOUS | 16 | 28 | 48 | - | - | - | VDC |
|  | TRANSIENT ${ }^{1} 120 \mathrm{~ms}$ | - | - | 80 | - | - | - | V |
| INPUT CURRENT | NO LOAD | - | 30 | 45 | - | - | - | mA |
|  | INHIBITED | - | 3 | 5 | - | - | - |  |
| INPUT RIPPLE CURRENT | $10 \mathrm{kHz}-20 \mathrm{MHz}$ | - | 20 | 50 | - | - | - | mA p-p |
| EFFICIENCY |  | 72 | 76 | - | - | - | - | \% |
| LOAD FAULT ${ }^{7,9}$ | POWER DISSIPATION SHORT CIRCUIT | - | - | 12 | - | - | $\pm 12$ | W |
|  | RECOVERY ${ }^{1}$ | - | - | 25 | - | - | 25 | ms |
| STEP LOAD RESPONSE 8, 9 | TRANSIENT | - | - | $\pm 850$ | - | - | $\pm 950$ | mV pk |
|  | RECOVERY | - | 5 | 8 | - | 2 | 3 | ms |
| STEP LINE <br> RESPONSE ${ }^{1,9,10}$ | $16-48-16$ <br> TRANSIENT | - | - | $\pm 800$ | - | - | $\pm 800$ | mV pk |
|  | RECOVERY | - | - | 5 | - | - | 5 | ms |
| START-UP | $\begin{gathered} \text { DELAY } \\ \text { NO LOAD AND FULL } \end{gathered}$ | - | 10 | 25 | - | 10 | $\pm 25$ | ms |
|  | OVERSHOOT ${ }^{1}$ | - | - | 500 | - | - | $\pm 500$ | mV pk |

Notes

1. Guaranteed by design, not tested.
2. If running with external sync, at temperature extremes $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }}$ main may be a minimum of 4.80 VDC to a maximum of 5.20 VDC
3. The sum of the 12 volt auxiliary output currents may not exceed 625 mA .
4. The sum of the auxiliary output power may not exceed 7.5 watts. Up to 5 watts (approximately $66 \%$ ) of the total auxiliary output power is available from either output providing the opposite output is simultaneously carrying 2.5 watts (approximately $33 \%$ ) of the total auxiliary power.
5. Load regulation for the +5 is specified at 0.0 to 1.5 A with the auxiliaries both held at $3.75 \mathrm{~W}(313 \mathrm{~mA})$. Load regulation for the auxiliaries is specified as both auxiliaries from 0.0 to $3.75 \mathrm{~W}(313 \mathrm{~mA})$ at the same time with the +5 held at 1.5 A .
6. Cross regulation only occurs between the two auxiliaries and is measured on -aux. +5 is held constant at 1.0 A. Cross regulation is specified for two conditions:
Negative aux. $=3.76 \mathrm{~W}$; positive aux. $=0.37 \mathrm{~W}$ to 3.76 W .
Negative aux. $=0.37 \mathrm{~W}$ to 3.76 W ; positive aux. $=3.76 \mathrm{~W}$.
7. Load fault $=<0.100 \Omega$.
8. Step transition time $>10 \mu \mathrm{~s}$.
9. Time to settle to within $1 \%$ of $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }}$ final value.
10. Step transition time between 2 and $10 \mu \mathrm{~s}$.

## MHF+ Single, Dual and Triple DC/DC Converters

## 28 VOLT INPUT - 15 WATT

Electrical Characteristics: $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{TO}+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}, 28 \mathrm{VDC}$ Vin, $100 \%$ load, free run, unless otherwise specified.

| TRIPLE OUTPUT MODEL - MHF+28515T |  | $5^{2}$ (MAIN) |  |  | $\pm 15$ (AUXILIARIES) |  |  | UNITS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX |  |
| OUTPUT VOLTAGE | Vout | 4.85 | 5.00 | 5.15 | 14.40 | 15.00 | 15.60 | VDC |
| OUTPUT CURRENT ${ }^{3}$ |  | - | - | 1.5 | 0 | $\pm 0.250$ | $0.333^{1}$ | A |
|  | TOTAL | - | - | 1.5 | - | - | 0.500 |  |
| OUTPUT POWER ${ }^{9}$ |  | - | - | 7.5 | - | $\pm 2.5$ | $5{ }^{1}$ | W |
| $\mathrm{VIN}=16$ то 48 VDC | TOTAL | - | - | - | - | - | 7.5 |  |
| OUTPUT RIPPLE | $10 \mathrm{kHz}-2 \mathrm{MHz}$ | - | 20 | 90 | - | $\pm 30$ | $\pm 225$ | mV p-p |
| LINE REGULATION | $\mathrm{VIN}=16,48 \mathrm{VDC}$ | - | 25 | 75 | - | $\pm 150$ | $\pm 300$ | mV |
| LOAD REGULATION ${ }^{5}$ NO LOAD TO FULL | VIN $=28 \mathrm{VDC}$ | - | 25 | 75 | - | $\pm 150$ | $\pm 300$ | mV |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { CROSS REGULATION }{ }^{6} \\ & \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ | EFFECT ON NEGATIVE AUXILIARY OUTPUT | - | - | - | - | - | 5.0 | \% |
| INPUT VOLTAGE | CONTINUOUS | 16 | 28 | 48 | - | - | - | VDC |
|  | TRANSIENT ${ }^{1} 120 \mathrm{~ms}$ | - | - | 80 | - | - | - | V |
| INPUT CURRENT | NO LOAD | - | 30 | 45 | - | - | - | mA |
|  | INHIBITED | - | 3 | 5 | - | - | - |  |
| INPUT RIPPLE CURRENT | $10 \mathrm{kHz}-20 \mathrm{MHz}$ | - | 20 | 50 | - | - | - | mA p-p |
| EFFICIENCY |  | 72 | 76 | - | - | - | - | \% |
| LOAD FAULT 7 , 9 | POWER DISSIPATION SHORT CIRCUIT | - | - | 12 | - | - | $\pm 12$ | W |
|  | RECOVERY ${ }^{1}$ | - | - | 25 | - | - | 25 | ms |
| STEP LOAD RESPONSE 8,9 | TRANSIENT | - | - | $\pm 850$ | - | - | $\pm 950$ | mV pk |
|  | RECOVERY | - | 5 | 8 | - | 2 | 3 | ms |
| STEP LINE RESPONSE ${ }^{1,9,10}$ | $\text { 16-48-16 } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}$ TRANSIENT | - | - | $\pm 800$ | - | - | $\pm 800$ | mV pk |
|  | RECOVERY | - | - | 5 | - | - | 5 | ms |
| START-UP | DELAY <br> NO LOAD AND FULL | - | 10 | 25 | - | 10 | 25 | ms |
|  | OVERSHOOT ${ }^{1}$ | - | - | 500 | - | - | $\pm 500$ | mV pk |

Notes

1. Guaranteed by design, not tested.
2. If running with external sync, at temperature extremes $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }}$ main may be a minimum of 4.80 VDC to a maximum of 5.20 VDC .
3. The sum of the 15 volt auxiliary output currents may not exceed 500 mA .
4. The sum of the auxiliary output power may not exceed 7.5 watts. Up to 5 watts (approximately $66 \%$ ) of the total auxiliary output power is available from either output providing the opposite output is simultaneously carrying 2.5 watts (approximately $33 \%$ ) of the total auxiliary power.
5. Load regulation for the +5 is specified at 0.0 to 1.5 A with both auxiliaries held at $3.75 \mathrm{~W}(250 \mathrm{~mA})$. Load regulation for the auxiliary. is specified as both auxiliaries from 0.0 to $3.75 \mathrm{~W}(250 \mathrm{~mA})$ at the same time with the +5 held at 1.5 A .
6. Cross regulation only occurs between the two auxiliaries and is measured on -aux. +5 is held constant at 1.0 A . Cross regulation is specified for two conditions:
Negative aux. $=3.76 \mathrm{~W}$; positive aux. $=0.37 \mathrm{~W}$ to 3.76 W .
Negative aux. $=0.37 \mathrm{~W}$ to 3.76 W ; positive aux. $=3.76 \mathrm{~W}$.
7. Load fault $=<0.100 \Omega$.
8. Step transition time $>10 \mu \mathrm{~s}$.
9. Time to settle to within $1 \%$ of $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }}$ final value.
10. Step transition time between 2 and $10 \mu \mathrm{~s}$.

## MHF+ Single, Dual and Triple DC/DC Converters

28 VOLT INPUT - 15 WATT

Typical Performance Curves: $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Tc , 28 VDC Vin, $100 \%$ load, free run, unless otherwise specified.


Figure 8


Figure 11


Figure 14


Figure 9


Figure 12


MHF+2805S STEP LINE RESPONSE

Figure 15


Figure 10


Figure 13


MHF+2805S STEP LOAD RESPONSE

Figure 16

## MHF+ Single, Dual and Triple DC/DC Converters

28 VOLT INPUT - 15 WATT

Typical Performance Curves: $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Tc , 28 VDC Vin, $100 \%$ load, free run, unless otherwise specified.


Figure 17

$\mathrm{MHF}+2815 \mathrm{D}+\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }}$ STEP LOAD RESPONSE

Figure 20


POSITIVE OUTPUT LOAD (\% OF TOTAL LOAD)
$-V_{\text {OUT }}$ WITH SHIFT IN LOAD BALANCE CROSS REGULATION

Figure 23


MHF+2805S TURN-ON INTO FULL LOAD

Figure 18


Figure 21


COND. A: $50 \%$ LOAD + V; $50 \%$ to $10 \%-V$ COND. B: $50 \%$ LOAD $-\mathrm{V} ; 50 \%$ to $10 \%+V$ MHF+2805D/MHF+2812D/MHF+2815D CROSS REGULATION

Figure 24


MHF+2815D STEP LINE RESPONSE

Figure 19


MHF+2815D TURN-ON INTO FULL LOAD

Figure 22


Figure 25

## MHF+ Single, Dual and Triple DC/DC Converters

## 28 VOLT INPUT - 15 WATT

Typical Performance Curves: $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Tc , 28 VDC Vin, $100 \%$ load, free run, unless otherwise specified.


Figure 26


Figure 27


MHF+ 28515 T STEP LINE RESPONSE MHF+28512T has a similar response Figure 28


MHF+28512T TURN ON INTO FULL LOAD MAIN
MHF+28515T has a similar response
Figure 29


MHF+28512T TURN ON INTO FULL LOAD AUXILIARIES

MHF+28515T has a similar response
Figure 31


MHF+28512T TURN ON INTO FULL LOAD MAIN
MHF+28515T has a similar response
Figure 30


Figure 32

## MHF+ Single, Dual and Triple DC/DC Converter Cases

## 28 VOLT INPUT - 15 WATT

## BOTTOM VIEW CASE E1



## Case dimensions in inches (mm)

Tolerance $\pm 0.005$ (0.13) for three decimal places $\pm 0.01$ (0.3) for two decimal places unless otherwise specified

## CAUTION

Heat from reflow or wave soldering may damage the device. Solder pins individually with heat application not exceeding $300^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 10 seconds per pin.

## Materials

Header Cold Rolled Steel/Nickel/Gold
Cover Kovar/Nickel
Pins \#52 alloy/Gold compression glass seal. Seal Hole: $0.080 \pm 0.002(2.03 \pm 0.05)$

Case E1, Rev D, 20091105
Please refer to the numerical dimensions for accuracy. All information is believed to be accurate, but no responsibility is assumed for errors or omissions. Interpoint reserves the right to make changes in products or specifications without notice. Copyright © 1999-2009 Interpoint Corp. All rights reserved.

Figure 33: Case E1- Single and Dual Models

## MHF+ Single, Dual and Triple DC/DC Converter Cases

## 28 VOLT INPUT - 15 WATT

## BOTTOM VIEW CASE E2



Case dimensions in inches (mm)
Tolerance $\pm 0.005$ (0.13) for three decimal places $\pm 0.01$ (0.3) for two decimal places unless otherwise specified

## CAUTION

Heat from reflow or wave soldering may damage the device. Solder pins individually with heat application not exceeding $300^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 10 seconds per pin.

| Materials |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Header | Cold Rolled Steel/Nickel/Gold |
| Cover | Kovar/Nickel |
| Pins | \#52 alloy/Gold compression glass seal. |
|  | Seal Hole: $0.080 \pm 0.002(2.03 \pm 0.05)$ |

Case E2, Rev D, 20091105
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Figure 34: Case E2 - Triple Models

## MHF+ Single, Dual and Triple DC/DC Converter Cases

## 28 VOLT INPUT - 15 WATT

BOTTOM VIEW CASE G1
Flanged cases: Designator "F" required in Case Option position of model number


Case dimensions in inches ( $\mathbf{m m}$ )
Tolerance $\pm 0.005$ ( 0.13 ) for three decimal places $\pm 0.01$ (0.3) for two decimal places unless otherwise specified

## CAUTION

Heat from reflow or wave soldering may damage the device. Solder pins individually with heat application not exceeding $300^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 10 seconds per pin.

Materials

| Header | Cold Rolled Steel/Nickel/Gold |
| :--- | :--- |
| Cover | Kovar/Nickel |
| Pins | \#52 alloy/Gold compression glass seal. |
|  | Seal Hole: $0.080 \pm 0.002(2.03 \pm 0.05)$ |

Case G1, Rev C, 20091105
Please refer to the numerical dimensions for accuracy. All information is believed to be accurate, but no responsibility is assumed for errors or omissions. Interpoint reserves the right to make changes in products or specifications without notice. Copyright © 1999-2009 Interpoint Corp. All rights reserved.

Figure 35: Case G1 - Single and Dual Models

## MHF+ Single, Dual and Triple DC/DC Converter Cases

## 28 VOLT INPUT - 15 WATT

BOTTOM VIEW CASE G2
Flanged cases: Designator "F" required in Case Option position of model number


## Case dimensions in inches (mm)

Tolerance $\pm 0.005$ (0.13) for three decimal places

$$
\pm 0.01 \text { (0.3) for two decimal places }
$$

unless otherwise specified

## CAUTION

Heat from reflow or wave soldering may damage the device. Solder pins individually with heat application not exceeding $300^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 10 seconds per pin.

| Materials |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Header | Cold Rolled Steel/Nickel/Gold |
| Cover | Kovar/Nickel |
| Pins | \#52 alloy/Gold compression glass seal. |
|  | Seal Hole: $0.080 \pm 0.002(2.03 \pm 0.05)$ |

Case G2, Rev D, 20091105
Please refer to the numerical dimensions for accuracy. All information is believed to be accurate, but no responsibility is assumed for errors or omissions. Interpoint reserves the right to make changes in products or specifications without notice.
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Figure 36: Case G2 - Triple Models

## MHF+ Single, Dual and Triple DC/DC Converters

## Standard and /ES (NON-QML) AND 1883 (CLASS H, QML) Product Element Evaluation

| COMPONENT-LEVEL TEST PERFORMED | STANDARD AND /ES NON-QML ${ }^{1}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { /883 } \\ \text { CLASS H QML } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | M/S ${ }^{2}$ | $\mathrm{P}^{3}$ | M/S ${ }^{2}$ | $P^{3}$ |
| Element Electrical (probe) | yes | no | yes | yes |
| Element Visual | no | no | yes | yes |
| Internal Visual | no | N/A | yes | N/A |
| Final Electrical | no | no | yes | yes |
| Wire Bond Evaluation ${ }^{4}$ | no | no | yes | yes |
| SLAM ${ }^{\text {™ }} / \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{SAM}$ : <br> Input capacitors only (Add'I test, not req. by H) | no | no | no | yes |

Notes:

1. Standard and /ES, non-QML products, do no meet all of the requirements of MIL-PRF-38534.
2. $\mathrm{M} / \mathrm{S}=$ Active components (Microcircuit and Semiconductor Die)
3. $P=$ Passive components
4. Not applicable to EMI filters that have no wire bonds.

Definitions:
Element Evaluation: Component testing/screening per MIL-STD-883 as determined by MIL-PRF-38534
SLAM ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ : Scanning Laser Acoustic Microscopy
C-SAM: C - Mode Scanning Acoustic Microscopy

Screening Table 1: Element Evaluation

## MHF+ Single, Dual and Triple DC/DC Converters

## Standard and /ES (NON-QML) AND 1883 (CLASS H, QML) Product Environmental Screening

| TEST PERFORMED | $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ STANDARD NON-QML ${ }^{1}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 125^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{ES} \\ & \text { NON-QML } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { /883 } \\ \text { CLASS H QML } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pre-cap Inspection Method 2017, 2032 | yes | yes | yes |
| Temperature Cycle (10 times) <br> Method 1010, Cond. C, $-65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, ambient Method 1010 , Cond. $\mathrm{B},-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, ambient | $\begin{aligned} & \text { no } \\ & \text { no } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { no } \\ & \text { yes } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { yes } \\ \text { no } \end{gathered}$ |
| Constant Acceleration <br> Method 2001, 3000 g <br> Method 2001, 500 g | $\begin{aligned} & \text { no } \\ & \text { no } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { no } \\ \text { yes } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { yes } \\ \text { no } \end{gathered}$ |
| Burn-in ${ }^{2}$ <br> Method $1015,125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ case, typical 96 hours 160 hours | $\begin{aligned} & \text { no } \\ & \text { no } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { yes } \\ \text { no } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { no } \\ \text { yes } \end{gathered}$ |
| Final Electrical Test MIL-PRF-38534, Group A <br> Subgroups 1 through $6:-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C},+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C},+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ case Subgroups 1 and $4:+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ case | $\begin{aligned} & \text { no } \\ & \text { yes } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { no } \\ & \text { yes } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { yes } \\ \text { no } \end{gathered}$ |
| Hermeticity Test <br> Fine Leak, Method 1014, Cond. A Gross Leak, Method 1014, Cond. C Gross Leak, Dip ( $1 \times 10^{-3}$ ) | $\begin{gathered} \text { no } \\ \text { no } \\ \text { yes } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { yes } \\ \text { yes } \\ \text { no } \end{gathered}$ | yes <br> yes <br> no |
| Final visual inspection Method 2009 | yes | yes | yes |

Test methods are referenced to MIL-STD-883 as determined by MIL-PRF-38534.
Notes:

1. Standard and /ES, non-QML products, do not meet all of the requirements of MIL-PRF-38534.
2. Burn-in temperature designed to bring the case temperature to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

Screening Table 2: Environmental Screening

