



SAW Components

SAW RF filter

Short range devices

Series/type:	B3790
Ordering code:	B39431B3790Z810
Date:	March 03, 2008
Version:	2.0



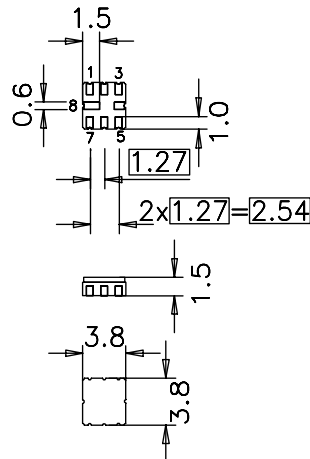
Application

- Low-loss RF filter for remote control receivers
- Balanced and unbalanced operation possible



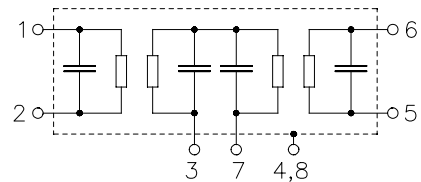
Features

- Package size 3.8 x 3.8 x 1.5 mm³
- Package code QCC8B
- RoHS compatible
- Approximate weight 0.07 g
- Package for **Surface Mount Technology (SMT)**
- Ni, gold-plated terminals
- Lead free soldering compatible with J - STD20C
- Passivation layer Elpas
- AEC-Q200 qualified component family
- **Electrostatic Sensitive Device (ESD)**



Pin configuration¹⁾

- 1 Input ground (recommended) or input
- 2 Input (recommended) or input ground
- 5 Output (recommended) or output ground
- 6 Output ground (recommended) or output
- 7 External coupling coil
- 4,8 Ground (case)
- 3 to be grounded



1) The recommended pin configuration usually offers best suppression of electrical crosstalk. The filter characteristics refer to this configuration.



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Data sheet



Characteristics

Temperature range for specification: T = -30 °C to +80 °C
 Terminating source impedance: Z_S = 50 Ω and matching network
 Terminating load impedance: Z_L = 50 Ω and matching network

		min.	typ. @ 25 °C	max.	
Center frequency (center frequency between 3dB points)	f _C	—	433.92	—	MHz
Minimum insertion attenuation (including losses in matching network) 433.86 ... 433.98 MHz	α _{min}	—	3.6	4.3	dB
Pass band (relative to α _{min}) 433.86 ... 433.98 MHz		—	0.5	1.5	dB
Relative attenuation (relative to α _{min})	α _{rel}				
10.00 ... 250.00 MHz		60	65	—	dB
250.00 ... 330.00 MHz		53	58	—	dB
330.00 ... 430.00 MHz		55	60	—	dB
430.00 ... 433.32 MHz		32	48	—	dB
434.52 ... 437.00 MHz		29	34	—	dB
437.00 ... 530.00 MHz		55	60	—	dB
530.00 ... 1000.00 MHz		60	65	—	dB
Impedance for pass band matching ¹⁾					
Input: Z _{IN} = R _{IN} C _{IN}		—	510 1.0	—	Ω pF
Output: Z _{OUT} = R _{OUT} C _{OUT}		—	510 1.0	—	Ω pF

¹⁾ Impedance for passband matching bases on an ideal, perfect matching of the SAW filter to source- and to load impedance (here 50 Ohm). After removal of the SAW filter the input impedance of the input and output matching network is calculated. The conjugate complex value of these characteristic impedances are the input and output impedances for flat passband. For more details we refer to EPCOS application note #4.



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Characteristics

Temperature range for specification: $T = -40\text{ °C to }+90\text{ °C}$
 Terminating source impedance: $Z_S = 50\ \Omega$ and matching network
 Terminating load impedance: $Z_L = 50\ \Omega$ and matching network

		min.	typ. @ 25 °C	max.	
Center frequency (center frequency between 3dB points)	f_C	—	433.92	—	MHz
Minimum insertion attenuation (including losses in matching network) 433.86 ... 433.98 MHz	α_{min}	—	3.6	4.4	dB
Pass band (relative to α_{min}) 433.86 ... 433.98 MHz		—	0.5	3.0	dB
Relative attenuation (relative to α_{min})	α_{rel}				
10.00 ... 250.00 MHz		60	65	—	dB
250.00 ... 330.00 MHz		53	58	—	dB
330.00 ... 430.00 MHz		55	60	—	dB
430.00 ... 433.32 MHz		30	48	—	dB
434.52 ... 437.00 MHz		29	34	—	dB
437.00 ... 530.00 MHz		55	60	—	dB
530.00 ... 1000.00 MHz		60	65	—	dB
Impedance for pass band matching ¹⁾					
Input: $Z_{IN} = R_{IN} \parallel C_{IN}$		—	510 \parallel 1.0	—	$\Omega \parallel$ pF
Output: $Z_{OUT} = R_{OUT} \parallel C_{OUT}$		—	510 \parallel 1.0	—	$\Omega \parallel$ pF

¹⁾ Impedance for passband matching bases on an ideal, perfect matching of the SAW filter to source- and to load impedance (here 50 Ohm). After removal of the SAW filter the input impedance of the input and output matching network is calculated. The conjugate complex value of these characteristic impedances are the input and output impedances for flat passband. For more details we refer to EPCOS application note #4.

Maximum ratings

Operable temperature range	T	-45/+125	°C	
Storage temperature range	T _{stg}	-45/+125	°C	
DC voltage	V _{DC}	6	V	
Source power	P _S	5	dBm	source impedance 50 Ω

Please read *cautions and warnings and important notes* at the end of this document.



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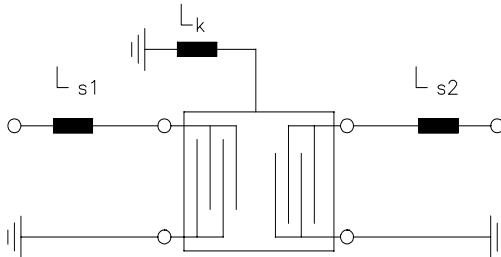
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433.92 MHz

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Matching network to 50 Ω (element values depend on pcb layout and equivalent circuit)



$$L_{s1} = 56 \text{ nH}$$

$$L_{s2} = 56 \text{ nH}$$

$$L_k = 56 \text{ nH}$$

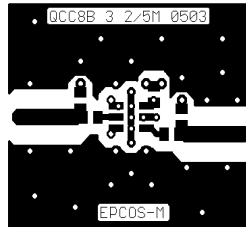
Minimising the crosstalk

For a good ultimate rejection a low crosstalk is necessary. Low crosstalk can be realised with a good RF layout. The major crosstalk mechanism is caused by the “ground-loop” problem.

Grounding loops are created if input- and output transducer GND are connected on the top-side of the PCB and fed to the system grounding plane by a common via hole. To avoid the common ground path, the ground pin of the input- and output transducer are fed to the system ground plane (bottom PCB plane) by their own via hole. The transducers' grounding pins should be isolated from the upper grounding plane.

A common GND inductivity of 0.5nH degrades the ultimate rejection (crosstalk) by 20dB.

The optimised PCB layout, including matching network for transformation to 50 Ohm, is shown here. In this PCB layout the grounding loops are minimised to realise good ultimate rejection



Optimised PCB layout for SAW filters in QCC8B package, pinning 2,5 (top side, scale 1:1)

The bottom side is a copper plane (system ground area). The input and output grounding pins are isolated and connected to the common ground by separated via holes.

For good contact of the upper grounding area with the lower side it is necessary to place enough via holes.

ESD protection of SAW filters

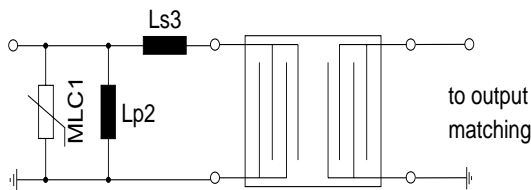
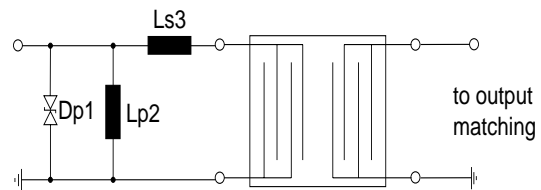
SAW filters are **E**lectro **S**tatic **D**ischarge sensitive devices. To reduce the probability of damages caused by ESD, special matching topologies have to be applied.

In general, “ESD matching” has to be ensured at that filter port, where electrostatic discharge is expected.

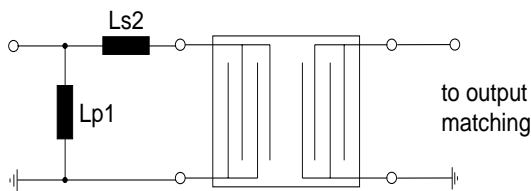
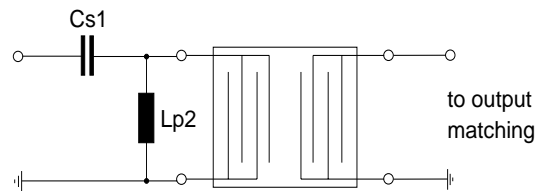
Electrostatic discharges predominantly appear at the antenna input of RF receivers. Therefore only the input matching of the SAW filter has to be designed to short circuit or to block the ESD pulse.

Below two figures show recommended “ESD matching” topologies.

Depending on the input impedance of the SAW filter and the source impedance, the needed component values have to be determined from case to case.


Fig. 1 MLC varistor plus ESD matching

Fig. 2 Suppressor diode plus ESD matching

In cases where minor ESD occur, following simplified “ESD matching” topologies can be used alternatively.


Fig. 3 shunt L – series L matching

Fig. 4 series C – shunt L matching

Effectiveness of the applied ESD protection has to be checked according to relevant industry standards or customer specific requirements.

For further information, please refer to EPCOS Application report:

“**ESD protection for SAW filters**”. This report can be found under www.epcos.com/rke. Click on “data sheets” and then “Applications” under category “Further information”.



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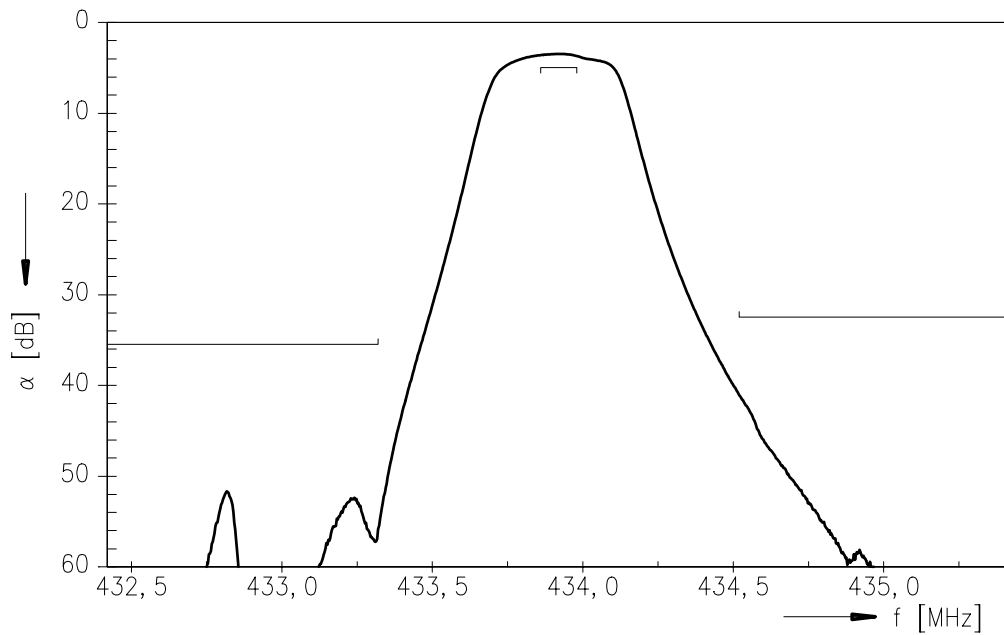
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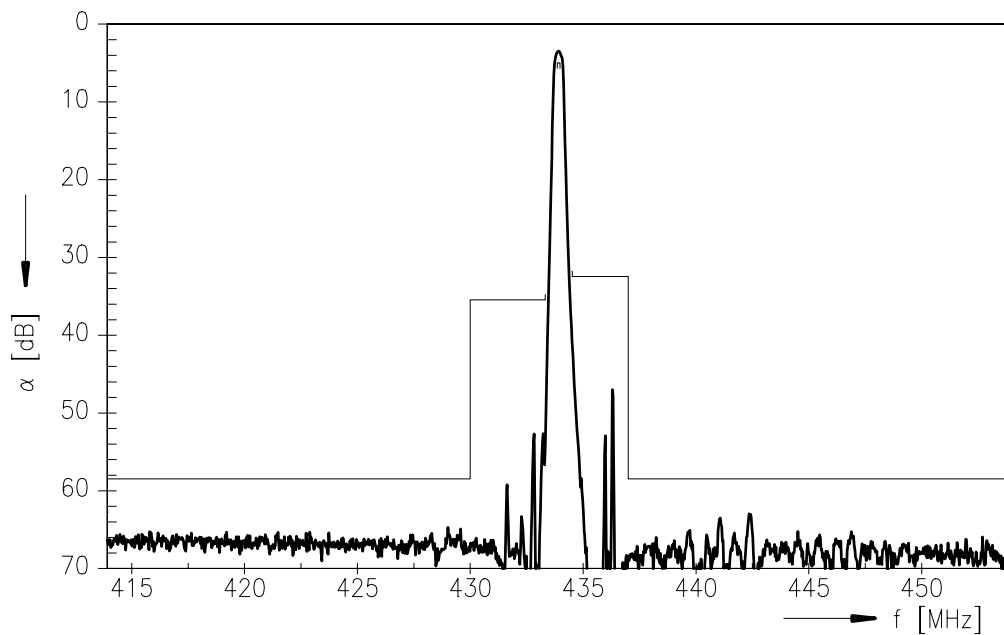
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Normalized frequency response



Normalized frequency response (wideband)



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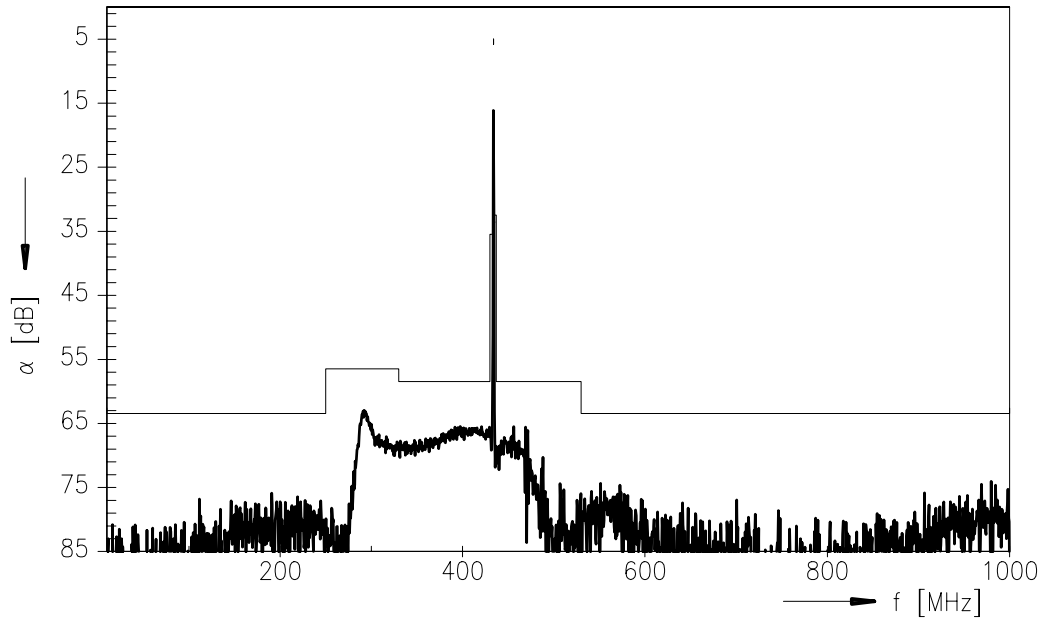
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Transfer response (ultimate rejection)



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References

Type	B3790
Ordering code	B39431B3790Z810
Marking and package	C61157-A7-A46
Packaging	F61074-V8167-Z000
Date codes	L_1126
S-parameters	B3790_SB.s2p B3790_WB.s2p
Soldering profile	S_6001
RoHS compatible	defined as compatible with the following documents: "DIRECTIVE 2002/95/EC OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 27 January 2003 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment. 2005/618/EC from April 18th, 2005, amending Directive 2002/95/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council for the purposes of establishing the maximum concentration values for certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment."

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