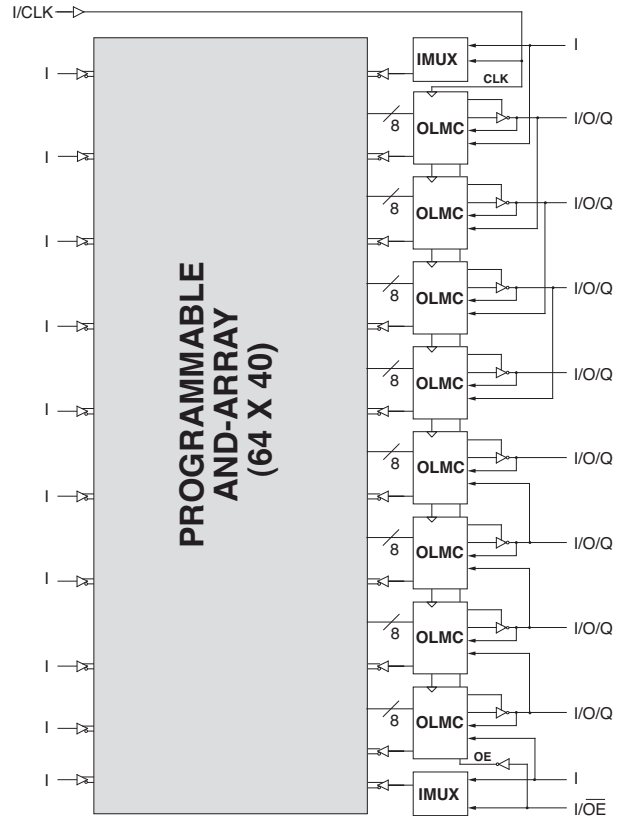




Features

- **HIGH PERFORMANCE E²CMOS® TECHNOLOGY**
 - 5 ns Maximum Propagation Delay
 - F_{max} = 166 MHz
 - 4 ns Maximum from Clock Input to Data Output
 - UltraMOS® Advanced CMOS Technology
- **50% to 75% REDUCTION IN POWER FROM BIPOLAR**
 - 75mA Typ I_{cc} on Low Power Device
 - 45mA Typ I_{cc} on Quarter Power Device
- **ACTIVE PULL-UPS ON ALL PINS**
- **E² CELL TECHNOLOGY**
 - Reconfigurable Logic
 - Reprogrammable Cells
 - 100% Tested/100% Yields
 - High Speed Electrical Erasure (<100ms)
 - 20 Year Data Retention
- **EIGHT OUTPUT LOGIC MACROCELLS**
 - Maximum Flexibility for Complex Logic Designs
 - Programmable Output Polarity
 - Also Emulates 24-pin PAL® Devices with Full Function/ Fuse Map/Parametric Compatibility
- **PRELOAD AND POWER-ON RESET OF ALL REGISTERS**
 - 100% Functional Testability
- **APPLICATIONS INCLUDE:**
 - DMA Control
 - State Machine Control
 - High Speed Graphics Processing
 - Standard Logic Speed Upgrade
- **ELECTRONIC SIGNATURE FOR IDENTIFICATION**
- **LEAD-FREE PACKAGE OPTIONS**

Functional Block Diagram



Select devices have been discontinued. See Ordering Information section for product status.

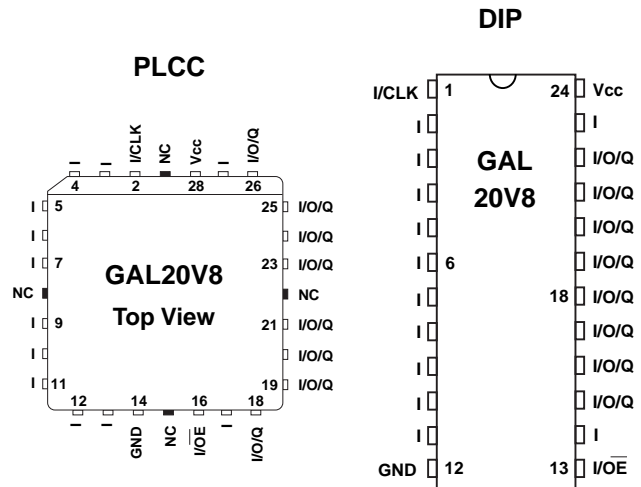
Description

The GAL20V8C, at 5ns maximum propagation delay time, combines a high performance CMOS process with Electrically Erasable (E²) floating gate technology to provide the highest speed performance available in the PLD market. High speed erase times (<100ms) allow the devices to be reprogrammed quickly and efficiently.

The generic architecture provides maximum design flexibility by allowing the Output Logic Macrocell (OLMC) to be configured by the user. An important subset of the many architecture configurations possible with the GAL20V8 are the PAL architectures listed in the table of the macrocell description section. GAL20V8 devices are capable of emulating any of these PAL architectures with full function/fuse map/parametric compatibility.

Unique test circuitry and reprogrammable cells allow complete AC, DC, and functional testing during manufacture. As a result, Lattice Semiconductor delivers 100% field programmability and functionality of all GAL products. In addition, 100 erase/write cycles and data retention in excess of 20 years are specified.

Pin Configuration



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GAL20V8 Ordering Information
**Conventional Packaging
 Commercial Grade Specifications**

Tpd (ns)	Tsu (ns)	Tco (ns)	Icc (mA)	Ordering #	Package
5	3	4	115	GAL20V8C-5LJ ¹	28-Lead PLCC
7.5	7	5	115	GAL20V8C-7LJ	28-Lead PLCC
			115	GAL20V8B-7LP ¹	24-Pin Plastic DIP
10	10	7	115	GAL20V8C-10LJ	28-Lead PLCC
			115	GAL20V8B-10LP	24-Pin Plastic DIP
15	12	10	55	GAL20V8B-15QP	24-Pin Plastic DIP
			55	GAL20V8B-15QJ	28-Lead PLCC
			90	GAL20V8B-15LP	24-Pin Plastic DIP
			90	GAL20V8B-15LJ	28-Lead PLCC
25	15	12	55	GAL20V8B-25QP	24-Pin Plastic DIP
			55	GAL20V8B-25QJ	28-Lead PLCC
			90	GAL20V8B-25LP	24-Pin Plastic DIP
			90	GAL20V8B-25LJ	28-Lead PLCC

Industrial Grade Specifications

Tpd (ns)	Tsu (ns)	Tco (ns)	Icc (mA)	Ordering #	Package
10	10	7	130	GAL20V8C-10LJI	28-Lead PLCC
			130	GAL20V8B-10LPI ¹	24-Pin Plastic DIP
			130	GAL20V8B-10LJI	28-Lead PLCC
15	12	10	130	GAL20V8B-15LPI	24-Pin Plastic DIP
			130	GAL20V8B-15LJI	28-Lead PLCC
20	13	11	65	GAL20V8B-20QPI	24-Pin Plastic DIP
			65	GAL20V8B-20QJI	28-Lead PLCC
25	15	12	65	GAL20V8B-25QPI	24-Pin Plastic DIP
			65	GAL20V8B-25QJI	28-Lead PLCC
			130	GAL20V8B-25LPI	24-Pin Plastic DIP
			130	GAL20V8B-25LJI	28-Lead PLCC

1. Discontinued per PCN #06-07. Contact Rochester Electronics for available inventory.

**Select devices have been discontinued.
 See Ordering Information section for product status.**

Lead-Free Packaging Commercial Grade Specifications

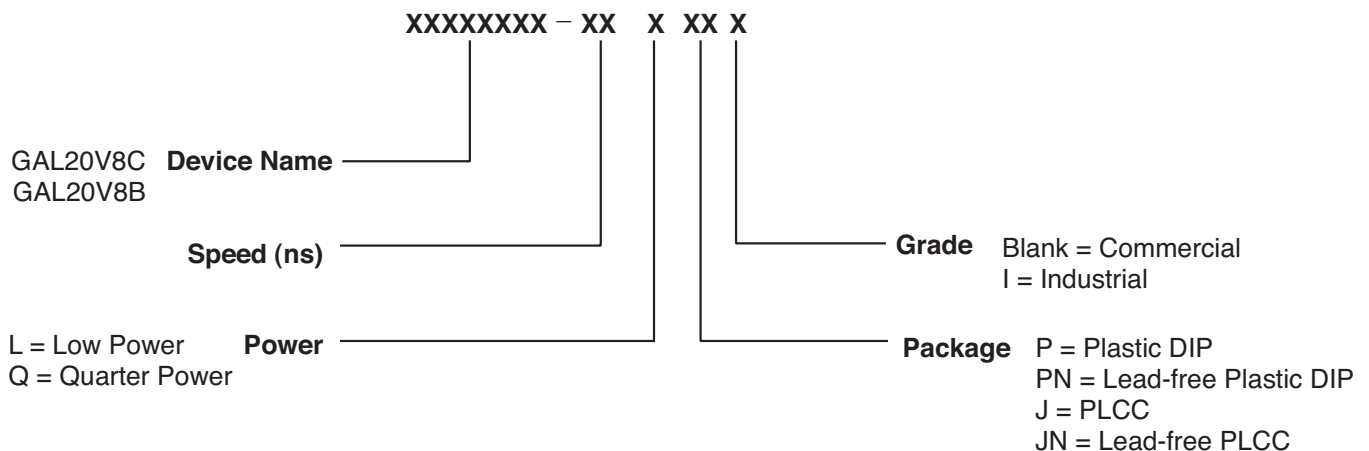
Tpd (ns)	Tsu (ns)	Tco (ns)	Icc (mA)	Ordering #	Package
5	3	4	115	GAL20V8C-5LJN ¹	Lead-Free 28-Lead PLCC
7.5	7	5	115	GAL20V8C-7LJN	Lead-Free 28-Lead PLCC
			115	GAL20V8B-7LPN ¹	Lead-Free 24-Pin Plastic DIP
10	10	7	115	GAL20V8C-10LJN	Lead-Free 28-Lead PLCC
			115	GAL20V8B-10LPN	Lead-Free 24-Pin Plastic DIP
15	12	10	55	GAL20V8B-15QJN	Lead-Free 28-Lead PLCC
			55	GAL20V8B-15QPN	Lead-Free 24-Pin Plastic DIP
			90	GAL20V8B-15LJN	Lead-Free 28-Lead PLCC
			90	GAL20V8B-15LPN	Lead-Free 24-Pin Plastic DIP
25	15	12	55	GAL20V8B-25QJN	Lead-Free 28-Lead PLCC
			55	GAL20V8B-25QPN	Lead-Free 24-Pin Plastic DIP
			90	GAL20V8B-25LJN	Lead-Free 28-Lead PLCC
			90	GAL20V8B-25LPN	Lead-Free 24-Pin Plastic DIP

Industrial Grade Specifications

Tpd (ns)	Tsu (ns)	Tco (ns)	Icc (mA)	Ordering #	Package
10	10	7	130	GAL20V8C-10LJNI	Lead-Free 28-Pin Plastic DIP
			130	GAL20V8B-10LPNI ¹	Lead-Free 24-Pin Plastic DIP
15	12	10	130	GAL20V8B-15LJNI	Lead-Free 28-Lead PLCC
			130	GAL20V8B-15LPNI	Lead-Free 24-Pin Plastic DIP
20	13	11	65	GAL20V8B-20QJNI	Lead-Free 28-Lead PLCC
			65	GAL20V8B-20QPNI	Lead-Free 24-Pin Plastic DIP
25	15	12	65	GAL20V8B-25QJNI	Lead-Free 28-Lead PLCC
			65	GAL20V8B-25QPNI	Lead-Free 24-Pin Plastic DIP
			130	GAL20V8B-25LJNI	Lead-Free 28-Lead PLCC
			130	GAL20V8B-25LPNI	Lead-Free 24-Pin Plastic DIP

1. Discontinued per PCN #06-07. Contact Rochester Electronics for available inventory.

Part Number Description



Select devices have been discontinued. See Ordering Information section for product status.

Output Logic Macrocell (OLMC)

The following discussion pertains to configuring the output logic macrocell. It should be noted that actual implementation is accomplished by development software/hardware and is completely transparent to the user.

There are three global OLMC configuration modes possible: **simple**, **complex**, and **registered**. Details of each of these modes is illustrated in the following pages. Two global bits, SYN and AC0, control the mode configuration for all macrocells. The XOR bit of each macrocell controls the polarity of the output in any of the three modes, while the AC1 bit of each of the macrocells controls the input/output configuration. These two global and 16 individual architecture bits define all possible configurations in a GAL20V8. The information given on these architecture bits is only to give a better understanding of the device. Compiler software will transparently set these architecture bits from the pin definitions, so the user should not need to directly manipulate these architecture bits.

The following is a list of the PAL architectures that the GAL20V8 can emulate. It also shows the OLMC mode under which the devices emulate the PAL architecture.

PAL Architectures Emulated by GAL20V8	GAL20V8 Global OLMC Mode
20R8	Registered
20R6	Registered
20R4	Registered
20RP8	Registered
20RP6	Registered
20RP4	Registered
20L8	Complex
20H8	Complex
20P8	Complex
14L8	Simple
16L6	Simple
18L4	Simple
20L2	Simple
14H8	Simple
16H6	Simple
18H4	Simple
20H2	Simple
14P8	Simple
16P6	Simple
18P4	Simple
20P2	Simple

Select devices have been discontinued. See Ordering Information section for product status.

Compiler Support for OLMC

Software compilers support the three different global OLMC modes as different device types. These device types are listed in the table below. Most compilers have the ability to automatically select the device type, generally based on the register usage and output enable (OE) usage. Register usage on the device forces the software to choose the registered mode. All combinatorial outputs with OE controlled by the product term will force the software to choose the complex mode. The software will choose the simple mode only when all outputs are dedicated combinatorial without OE control. The different device types listed in the table can be used to override the automatic device selection by the software. For further details, refer to the compiler software manuals.

When using compiler software to configure the device, the user must pay special attention to the following restrictions in each mode. In **registered mode** pin 1 and pin 13 (DIP pinout) are permanently

configured as clock and output enable, respectively. These pins cannot be configured as dedicated inputs in the registered mode.

In **complex mode** pin 1 and pin 13 become dedicated inputs and use the feedback paths of pin 22 and pin 15 respectively. Because of this feedback path usage, pin 22 and pin 15 do not have the feedback option in this mode.

In **simple mode** all feedback paths of the output pins are routed via the adjacent pins. In doing so, the two inner most pins (pins 18 and 19) will not have the feedback option as these pins are always configured as dedicated combinatorial output.

	Registered	Complex	Simple	Auto Mode Select
ABEL	P20V8R	P20V8C	P20V8AS	P20V8
CUPL	G20V8MS	G20V8MA	G20V8AS	G20V8
LOG/iC	GAL20V8_R	GAL20V8_C7	GAL20V8_C8	GAL20V8
OrCAD-PLD	"Registered" ¹	"Complex" ¹	"Simple" ¹	GAL20V8A
PLDesigner	P20V8R ²	P20V8C ²	P20V8C ²	P20V8A
TANGO-PLD	G20V8R	G20V8C	G20V8AS ³	G20V8

1) Used with **Configuration** keyword.

2) Prior to Version 2.0 support.

3) Supported on Version 1.20 or later.

Registered Mode

In the Registered mode, macrocells are configured as dedicated registered outputs or as I/O functions.

Architecture configurations available in this mode are similar to the common 20R8 and 20RP4 devices with various permutations of polarity, I/O and register placement.

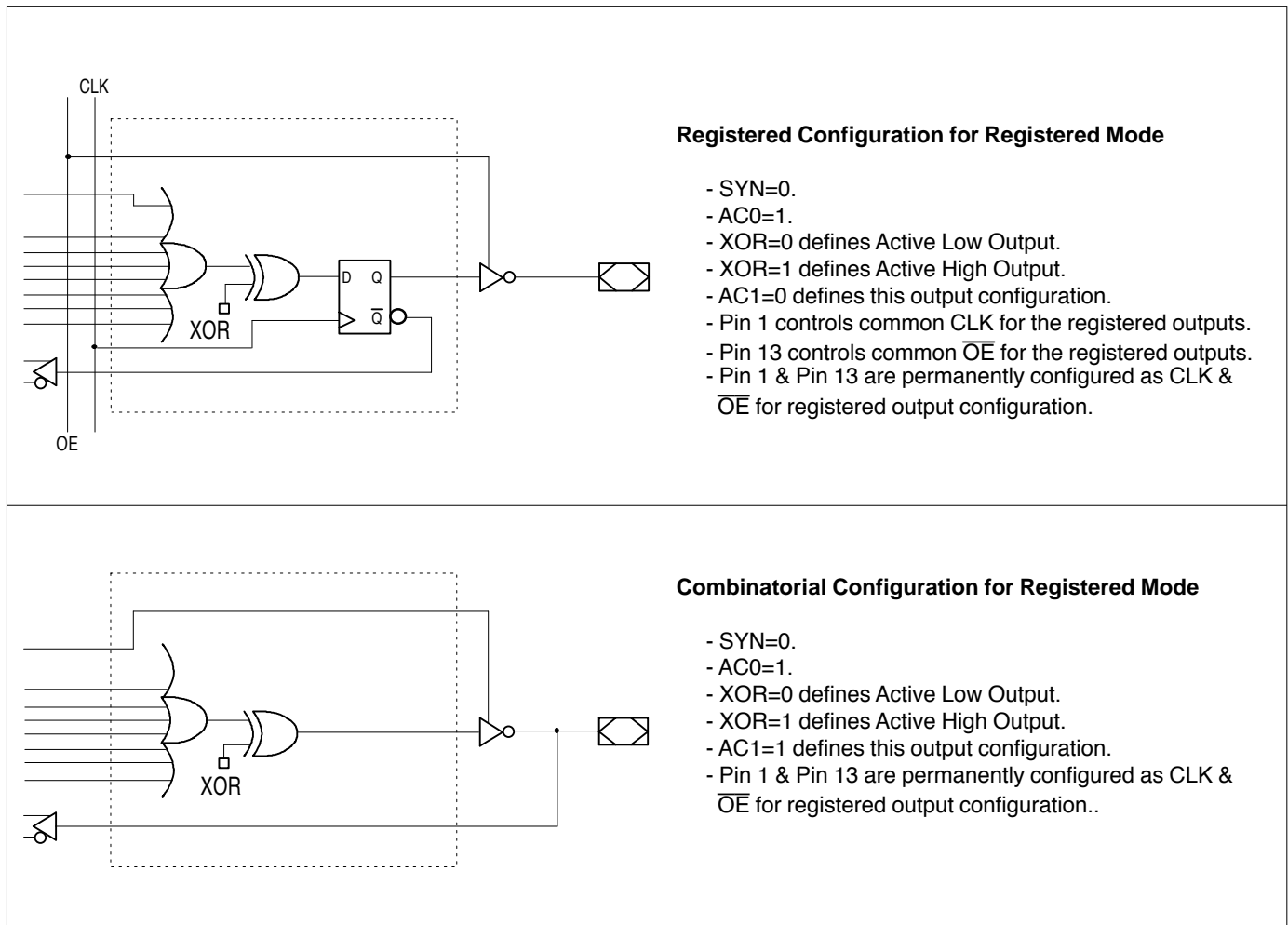
All registered macrocells share common clock and output enable control pins. Any macrocell can be configured as registered or I/O. Up to eight registers or up to eight I/Os are possible in this mode.

Dedicated input or output functions can be implemented as subsets of the I/O function.

Registered outputs have eight product terms per output. I/Os have seven product terms per output.

The JEDEC fuse numbers, including the User Electronic Signature (UES) fuses and the Product Term Disable (PTD) fuses, are shown on the logic diagram on the following page.

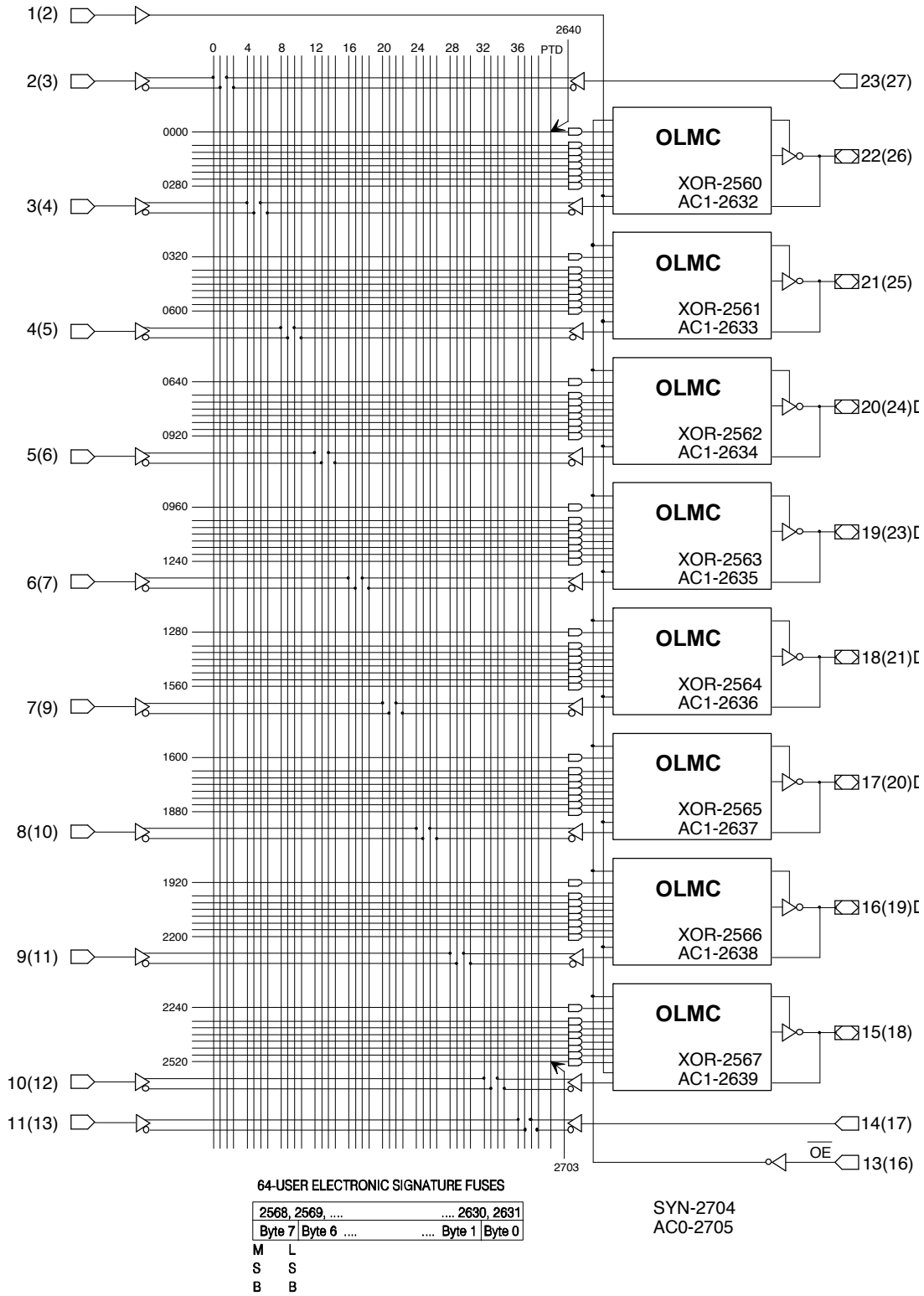
Select devices have been discontinued. See Ordering Information section for product status.



Note: The development software configures all of the architecture control bits and checks for proper pin usage automatically.

Registered Mode Logic Diagram

DIP (PLCC) Package Pinouts



Select devices have been discontinued. See Ordering Information section for product status.

Complex Mode

In the Complex mode, macrocells are configured as output only or I/O functions.

Architecture configurations available in this mode are similar to the common 20L8 and 20P8 devices with programmable polarity in each macrocell.

Up to six I/Os are possible in this mode. Dedicated inputs or outputs can be implemented as subsets of the I/O function. The two outer most macrocells (pins 15 & 22) do not have input capability. De-

signs requiring eight I/Os can be implemented in the Registered mode.

All macrocells have seven product terms per output. One product term is used for programmable output enable control. Pins 1 and 13 are always available as data inputs into the AND array.

The JEDEC fuse numbers including the UES fuses and PTD fuses are shown on the logic diagram on the following page.

Select devices have been discontinued. See Ordering Information section for product status.

Combinatorial I/O Configuration for Complex Mode

- SYN=1.
- AC0=1.
- XOR=0 defines Active Low Output.
- XOR=1 defines Active High Output.
- AC1=1.
- Pin 16 through Pin 21 are configured to this function.

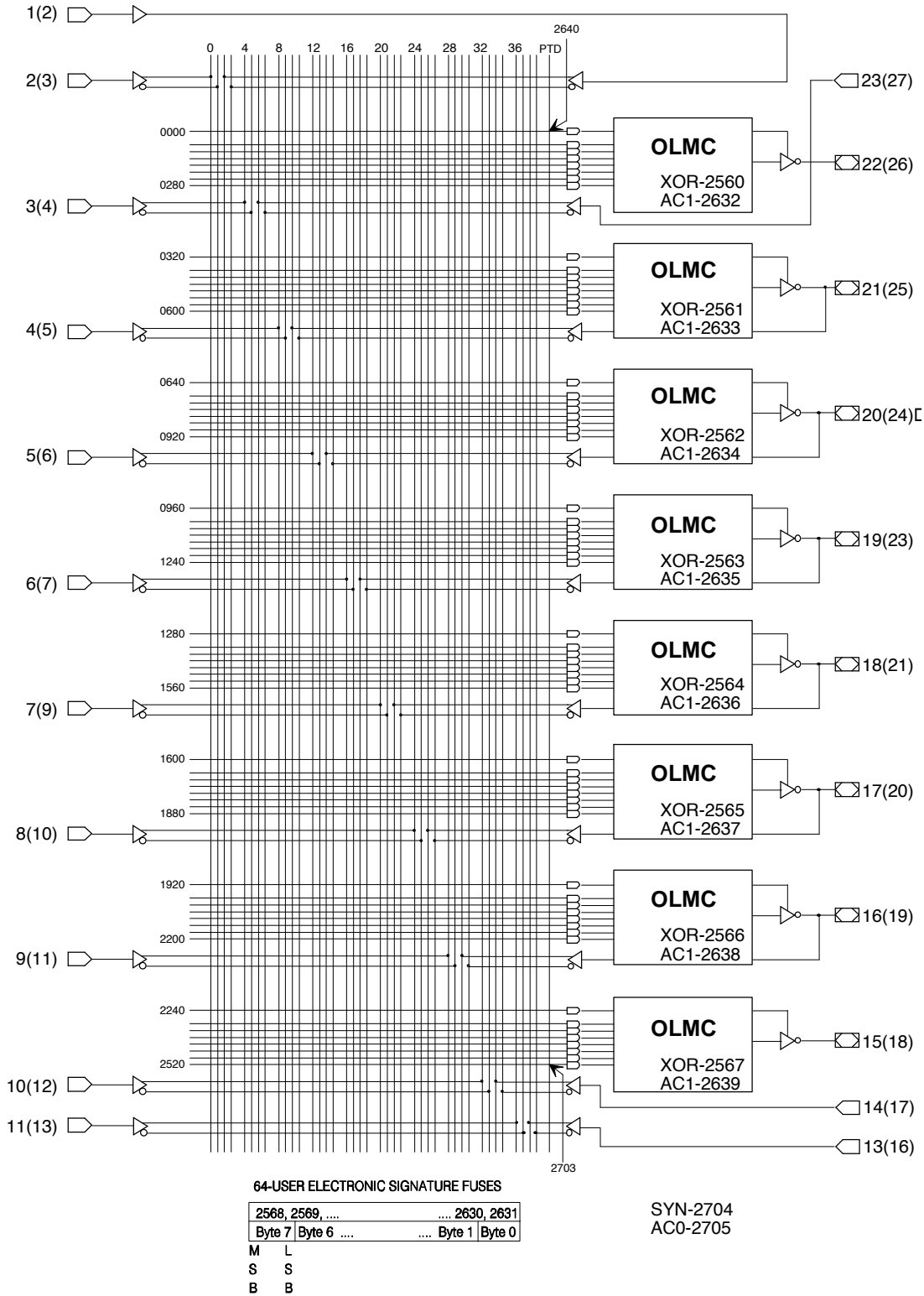
Combinatorial Output Configuration for Complex Mode

- SYN=1.
- AC0=1.
- XOR=0 defines Active Low Output.
- XOR=1 defines Active High Output.
- AC1=1.
- Pin 15 and Pin 22 are configured to this function.

Note: The development software configures all of the architecture control bits and checks for proper pin usage automatically.

Complex Mode Logic Diagram

DIP (PLCC) Package Pinouts



Select devices have been discontinued. See Ordering Information section for product status.

Simple Mode

In the Simple mode, pins are configured as dedicated inputs or as dedicated, always active, combinatorial outputs.

Architecture configurations available in this mode are similar to the common 14L8 and 16P6 devices with many permutations of generic output polarity or input choices.

All outputs in the simple mode have a maximum of eight product terms that can control the logic. In addition, each output has programmable polarity.

Pins 1 and 13 are always available as data inputs into the AND array. The “center” two macrocells (pins 18 and 19) cannot be used in the input configuration.

The JEDEC fuse numbers including the UES fuses and PTD fuses are shown on the logic diagram on the following page.

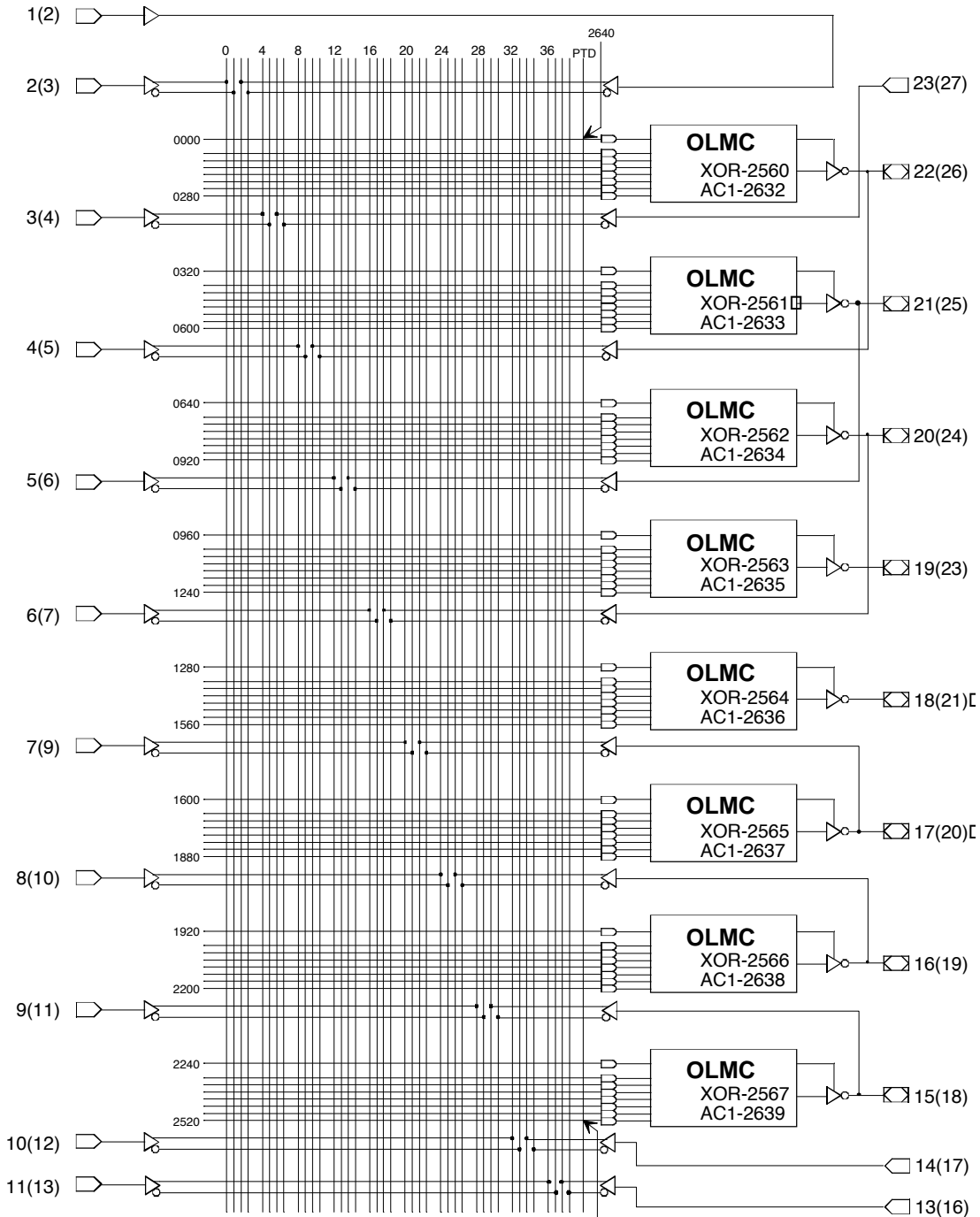
Select devices have been discontinued. See Ordering Information section for product status.

	<p>Combinatorial Output with Feedback Configuration for Simple Mode</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - SYN=1. - AC0=0. - XOR=0 defines Active Low Output. - XOR=1 defines Active High Output. - AC1=0 defines this configuration. - All OLMC except pins 18 & 19 can be configured to this function.
	<p>Combinatorial Output Configuration for Simple Mode</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - SYN=1. - AC0=0. - XOR=0 defines Active Low Output. - XOR=1 defines Active High Output. - AC1=0 defines this configuration. - Pins 18 & 19 are permanently configured to this function.
	<p>Dedicated Input Configuration for Simple Mode</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - SYN=1. - AC0=0. - XOR=0 defines Active Low Output. - XOR=1 defines Active High Output. - AC1=1 defines this configuration. - All OLMC except pins 18 & 19 can be configured to this function.

Note: The development software configures all of the architecture control bits and checks for proper pin usage automatically.

Simple Mode Logic Diagram

DIP (PLCC) Package Pinouts



64-USER ELECTRONIC SIGNATURE FUSES

2568, 2569, 2630, 2631
Byte 7 Byte 6 Byte 1 Byte 0

M L
S S
B B

SYN-2704
AC0-2705

Select devices have been discontinued. See Ordering Information section for product status.

Absolute Maximum Ratings⁽¹⁾

Supply voltage V_{CC} -0.5 to +7V
 Input voltage applied -2.5 to $V_{CC} + 1.0V$
 Off-state output voltage applied -2.5 to $V_{CC} + 1.0V$
 Storage Temperature -65 to 150°C
 Ambient Temperature with

Power Applied -55 to 125°C
 1. Stresses above those listed under the “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress only ratings and functional operation of the device at these or at any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied (while programming, follow the programming specifications).

Recommended Operating Conditions

Commercial Devices:

Ambient Temperature (T_A) 0 to 75°C
 Supply voltage (V_{CC})
 with Respect to Ground +4.75 to +5.25V

Industrial Devices:

Ambient Temperature (T_A) -40 to 85°C
 Supply voltage (V_{CC})
 with Respect to Ground +4.50 to +5.50V

DC Electrical Characteristics

Over Recommended Operating Conditions (Unless Otherwise Specified)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITION	MIN.	TYP. ³	MAX.	UNITS
V_{IL}	Input Low Voltage		$V_{SS} - 0.5$	—	0.8	V
V_{IH}	Input High Voltage		2.0	—	$V_{CC} + 1$	V
I_{IL}^1	Input or I/O Low Leakage Current	$0V \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{IL} (MAX.)$	—	—	-100	μA
I_{IH}	Input or I/O High Leakage Current	$3.5V \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{CC}$	—	—	10	μA
V_{OL}	Output Low Voltage	$I_{OL} = MAX. V_{in} = V_{IL} \text{ or } V_{IH}$	—	—	0.5	V
V_{OH}	Output High Voltage	$I_{OH} = MAX. V_{in} = V_{IL} \text{ or } V_{IH}$	2.4	—	—	V
I_{OL}	Low Level Output Current		—	—	16	mA
I_{OH}	High Level Output Current		—	—	-3.2	mA
I_{OS}^2	Output Short Circuit Current	$V_{CC} = 5V \quad V_{OUT} = 0.5V \quad T_A = 25^\circ C$	-30	—	-150	mA

COMMERCIAL

I_{CC}	Operating Power Supply Current	$V_{IL} = 0.5V \quad V_{IH} = 3.0V$ $f_{toggle} = 15MHz$ Outputs Open	L -5/-7/-10	—	75	115	mA
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INDUSTRIAL

I_{CC}	Operating Power Supply Current	$V_{IL} = 0.5V \quad V_{IH} = 3.0V$ $f_{toggle} = 15MHz$ Outputs Open	L-10	—	75	130	mA
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- 1) The leakage current is due to the internal pull-up resistor on all pins. See **Input Buffer** section for more information.
- 2) One output at a time for a maximum duration of one second. $V_{out} = 0.5V$ was selected to avoid test problems caused by tester ground degradation. Characterized but not 100% tested.
- 3) Typical values are at $V_{CC} = 5V$ and $T_A = 25^\circ C$

Select devices have been discontinued. See Ordering Information section for product status.

AC Switching Characteristics

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

PARAMETER	TEST COND ¹ .	DESCRIPTION	COM		COM		COM/IND		UNITS
			-5		-7		-10		
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
t_{pd}	A	Input or I/O to	1	5	3	7.5	3	10	ns
		Comb. Output	—	—	—	7	—	—	ns
t_{co}	A	Clock to Output Delay	1	4	2	5	2	7	ns
t_{cf}²	—	Clock to Feedback Delay	—	3	—	3	—	6	ns
t_{su}	—	Setup Time, Input or Feedback before Clock↑	3	—	5	—	7.5	—	ns
t_h	—	Hold Time, Input or Feedback after Clock↑	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns
f_{max}³	A	Maximum Clock Frequency with External Feedback, 1/(t _{su} + t _{co})	142.8	—	100	—	66.7	—	MHz
	A	Maximum Clock Frequency with Internal Feedback, 1/(t _{su} + t _{cf})	166	—	125	—	71.4	—	MHz
	A	Maximum Clock Frequency with No Feedback	166	—	125	—	83.3	—	MHz
t_{wh}	—	Clock Pulse Duration, High	3	—	4	—	6	—	ns
t_{wl}	—	Clock Pulse Duration, Low	3	—	4	—	6	—	ns
t_{en}	B	Input or I/O to Output Enabled	1	6	3	9	3	10	ns
	B	$\overline{\text{OE}}$ to Output Enabled	1	6	2	6	2	10	ns
t_{dis}	C	Input or I/O to Output Disabled	1	5	2	9	2	10	ns
	C	$\overline{\text{OE}}$ to Output Disabled	1	5	1.5	6	1.5	10	ns

1) Refer to **Switching Test Conditions** section.

2) Calculated from f_{max} with internal feedback. Refer to **f_{max} Descriptions** section.

3) Refer to **f_{max} Descriptions** section. Characterized initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.

Capacitance (T_A = 25°C, f = 1.0 MHz)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MAXIMUM*	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
C _I	Input Capacitance	8	pF	V _{CC} = 5.0V, V _I = 2.0V
C _{I/O}	I/O Capacitance	8	pF	V _{CC} = 5.0V, V _{I/O} = 2.0V

*Characterized but not 100% tested

Select devices have been discontinued. See Ordering Information section for product status.

Absolute Maximum Ratings⁽¹⁾

Supply voltage V_{CC} -0.5 to +7V
 Input voltage applied -2.5 to $V_{CC} + 1.0V$
 Off-state output voltage applied -2.5 to $V_{CC} + 1.0V$
 Storage Temperature -65 to 150°C
 Ambient Temperature with

Power Applied -55 to 125°C
 1. Stresses above those listed under the “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress only ratings and functional operation of the device at these or at any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied (while programming, follow the programming specifications).

Recommended Operating Conditions

Commercial Devices:
 Ambient Temperature (T_A) 0 to 75°C
 Supply voltage (V_{CC})
 with Respect to Ground +4.75 to +5.25V

Industrial Devices:
 Ambient Temperature (T_A) -40 to 85°C
 Supply voltage (V_{CC})
 with Respect to Ground +4.50 to +5.50V

DC Electrical Characteristics

Over Recommended Operating Conditions (Unless Otherwise Specified)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITION	MIN.	TYP. ³	MAX.	UNITS
V_{IL}	Input Low Voltage		$V_{SS} - 0.5$	—	0.8	V
V_{IH}	Input High Voltage		2.0	—	$V_{CC} + 1$	V
I_{IL}¹	Input or I/O Low Leakage Current	$0V \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{IL} (MAX.)$	—	—	-100	μA
I_{IH}	Input or I/O High Leakage Current	$3.5V \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{CC}$	—	—	10	μA
V_{OL}	Output Low Voltage	$I_{OL} = MAX. V_{IN} = V_{IL} \text{ or } V_{IH}$	—	—	0.5	V
V_{OH}	Output High Voltage	$I_{OH} = MAX. V_{IN} = V_{IL} \text{ or } V_{IH}$	2.4	—	—	V
I_{OL}	Low Level Output Current		—	—	24	mA
I_{OH}	High Level Output Current		—	—	-3.2	mA
I_{OS}²	Output Short Circuit Current	$V_{CC} = 5V \quad V_{OUT} = 0.5V \quad T_A = 25^\circ C$	-30	—	-150	mA

COMMERCIAL

I _{CC}	Operating Power Supply Current	V _{IL} = 0.5V V _{IH} = 3.0V f _{toggle} = 15MHz Outputs Open	L -7/-10	—	75	115	mA
			L -15/-25	—	75	90	mA
			Q -15/-25	—	45	55	mA

INDUSTRIAL

I _{CC}	Operating Power Supply Current	V _{IL} = 0.5V V _{IH} = 3.0V f _{toggle} = 15MHz Outputs Open	L -10/-15/-25	—	75	130	mA
			Q -20/-25	—	45	65	mA

- 1) The leakage current is due to the internal pull-up resistor on all pins. See **Input Buffer** section for more information.
- 2) One output at a time for a maximum duration of one second. $V_{out} = 0.5V$ was selected to avoid test problems caused by tester ground degradation. Characterized but not 100% tested.
- 3) Typical values are at $V_{CC} = 5V$ and $T_A = 25^\circ C$

Select devices have been discontinued. See Ordering Information section for product status.

AC Switching Characteristics

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

PARAM.	TEST COND ¹ .	DESCRIPTION	COM		COM / IND		COM / IND		IND		COM / IND		UNITS
			-7		-10		-15		-20		-25		
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
t_{pd}	A	Input or I/O to 8 outputs switching	3	7.5	3	10	3	15	3	20	3	25	ns
		Comb. Output 1 output switching	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ns
t_{co}	A	Clock to Output Delay	2	5	2	7	2	10	2	11	2	12	ns
t_{cf}²	—	Clock to Feedback Delay	—	3	—	6	—	8	—	9	—	10	ns
t_{su}	—	Setup Time, Input or Fdbk before Clk ↑	7	—	10	—	12	—	13	—	15	—	ns
t_h	—	Hold Time, Input or Fdbk after Clk ↑	0	—	0	—	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns
f_{max}³	A	Maximum Clock Frequency with External Feedback, 1/(t _{su} + t _{co})	83.3	—	58.8	—	45.5	—	41.6	—	37	—	MHz
	A	Maximum Clock Frequency with Internal Feedback, 1/(t _{su} + t _{cf})	100	—	62.5	—	50	—	45.4	—	40	—	MHz
	A	Maximum Clock Frequency with No Feedback	100	—	62.5	—	62.5	—	50	—	41.7	—	MHz
t_{wh}	—	Clock Pulse Duration, High	5	—	8	—	8	—	10	—	12	—	ns
t_{wl}	—	Clock Pulse Duration, Low	5	—	8	—	8	—	10	—	12	—	ns
t_{en}	B	Input or I/O to Output Enabled	3	9	3	10	—	15	—	18	—	25	ns
	B	\overline{OE} to Output Enabled	2	6	2	10	—	15	—	18	—	20	ns
t_{dis}	C	Input or I/O to Output Disabled	2	9	2	10	—	15	—	18	—	25	ns
	C	\overline{OE} to Output Disabled	1.5	6	1.5	10	—	15	—	18	—	20	ns

1) Refer to **Switching Test Conditions** section.

2) Calculated from f_{max} with internal feedback. Refer to **f_{max} Descriptions** section.

3) Refer to **f_{max} Descriptions** section.

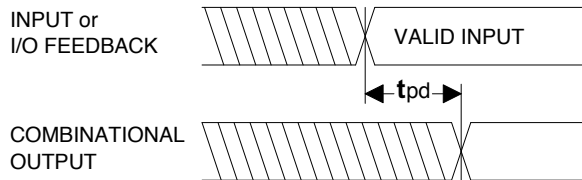
Capacitance (TA = 25°C, f = 1.0 MHz)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MAXIMUM*	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
C _i	Input Capacitance	8	pF	V _{CC} = 5.0V, V _I = 2.0V
C _{i/o}	I/O Capacitance	8	pF	V _{CC} = 5.0V, V _{I/O} = 2.0V

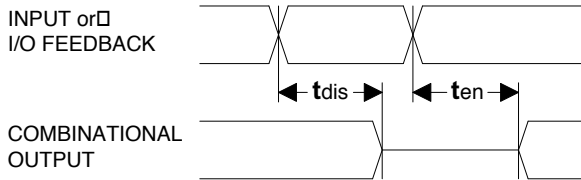
*Characterized but not 100% tested.

Select devices have been discontinued. See Ordering Information section for product status.

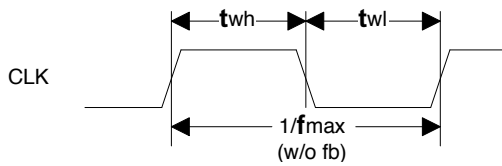
Switching Waveforms



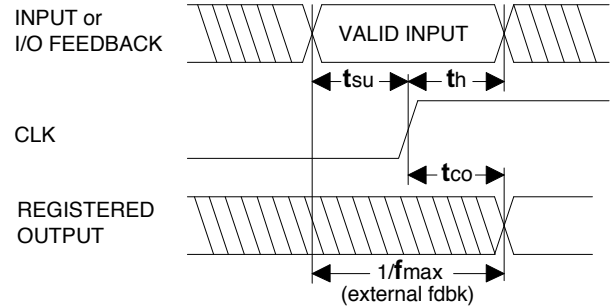
Combinatorial Output



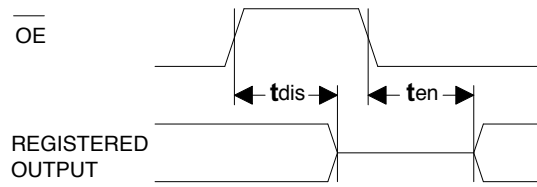
Input or I/O to Output Enable/Disable



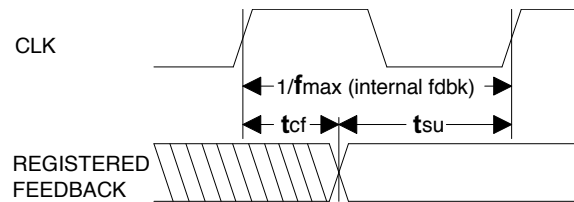
Clock Width



Registered Output



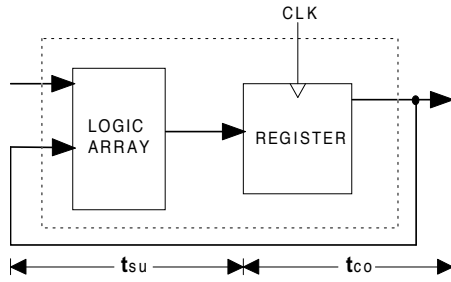
OE to Output Enable/Disable



fmax with Feedback

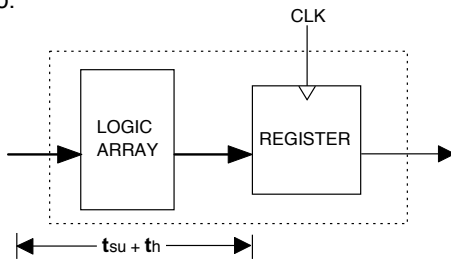
Select devices have been discontinued. See Ordering Information section for product status.

f_{max} Descriptions



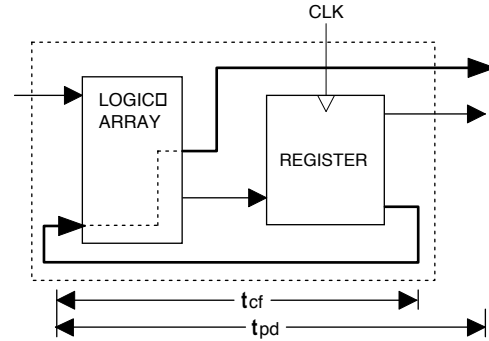
f_{max} with External Feedback 1/(tsu+tco)

Note: f_{max} with external feedback is calculated from measured tsu and tco.



f_{max} with No Feedback

Note: f_{max} with no feedback may be less than 1/(twh + twl). This is to allow for a clock duty cycle of other than 50%.



f_{max} with Internal Feedback 1/(tsu+tcf)

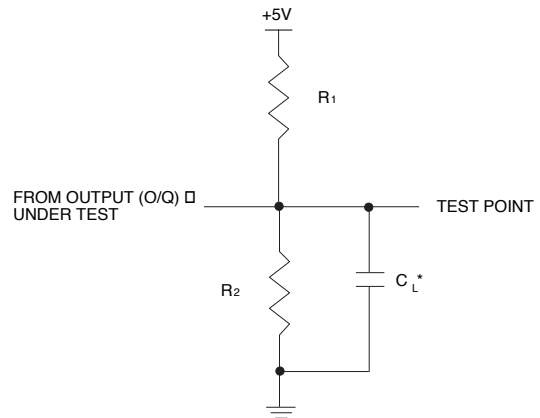
Note: tcf is a calculated value, derived by subtracting tsu from the period of f_{max} w/internal feedback (tcf = 1/f_{max} - tsu). The value of tcf is used primarily when calculating the delay from clocking a register to a combinational output (through registered feedback), as shown above. For example, the timing from clock to a combinational output is equal to tcf + tpd.

Select devices have been discontinued. See Ordering Information section for product status.

Switching Test Conditions

Input Pulse Levels		GND to 3.0V
Input Rise and Fall Times	GAL20V8B	2 – 3ns 10% – 90%
	GAL20V8C	1.5ns 10% – 90%
Input Timing Reference Levels		1.5V
Output Timing Reference Levels		1.5V
Output Load		See Figure

3-state levels are measured 0.5V from steady-state active level.



*C_L INCLUDES TEST FIXTURE AND PROBE CAPACITANCE

GAL20V8B Output Load Conditions (see figure)

Test Condition	R ₁	R ₂	C _L
A	200Ω	390Ω	50pF
B	Active High	∞	390Ω
	Active Low	200Ω	390Ω
C	Active High	∞	390Ω
	Active Low	200Ω	390Ω

GAL20V8C Output Load Conditions (see figure)

Test Condition	R ₁	R ₂	C _L
A	200Ω	200Ω	50pF
B	Active High	∞	200Ω
	Active Low	200Ω	200Ω
C	Active High	∞	200Ω
	Active Low	200Ω	200Ω

Electronic Signature

An electronic signature is provided in every GAL20V8 device. It contains 64 bits of reprogrammable memory that can contain user defined data. Some uses include user ID codes, revision numbers, or inventory control. The signature data is always available to the user independent of the state of the security cell.

NOTE: The electronic signature is included in checksum calculations. Changing the electronic signature will alter the checksum.

Security Cell

A security cell is provided in the GAL20V8 devices to prevent unauthorized copying of the array patterns. Once programmed, this cell prevents further read access to the functional bits in the device. This cell can only be erased by re-programming the device, so the original configuration can never be examined once this cell is programmed. The Electronic Signature is always available to the user, regardless of the state of this control cell.

Latch-Up Protection

GAL20V8 devices are designed with an on-board charge pump to negatively bias the substrate. The negative bias minimizes the potential of latch-up caused by negative input undershoots. Additionally, outputs are designed with n-channel pull-ups instead of the traditional p-channel pull-ups in order to eliminate latch-up due to output overshoots.

Device Programming

GAL devices are programmed using a Lattice Semiconductor-approved Logic Programmer, available from a number of manufacturers. Complete programming of the device takes only a few seconds. Erasing of the device is transparent to the user, and is done automatically as part of the programming cycle.

Output Register Preload

When testing state machine designs, all possible states and state transitions must be verified in the design, not just those required in the normal machine operations. This is because, in system operation, certain events occur that may throw the logic into an illegal state (power-up, line voltage glitches, brown-outs, etc.). To test a design for proper treatment of these conditions, a way must be provided to break the feedback paths, and force any desired (i.e., illegal) state into the registers. Then the machine can be sequenced and the outputs tested for correct next state conditions.

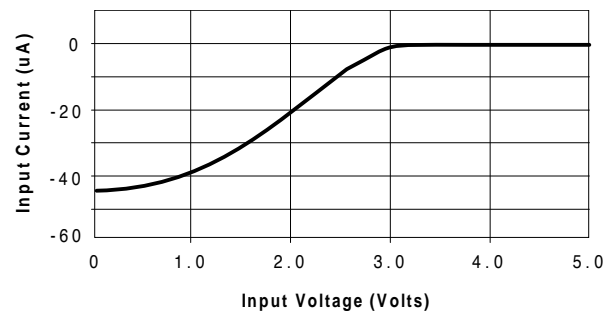
GAL20V8 devices include circuitry that allows each registered output to be synchronously set either high or low. Thus, any present state condition can be forced for test sequencing. If necessary, approved GAL programmers capable of executing text vectors perform output register preload automatically.

Input Buffers

GAL20V8 devices are designed with TTL level compatible input buffers. These buffers have a characteristically high impedance, and present a much lighter load to the driving logic than bipolar TTL devices.

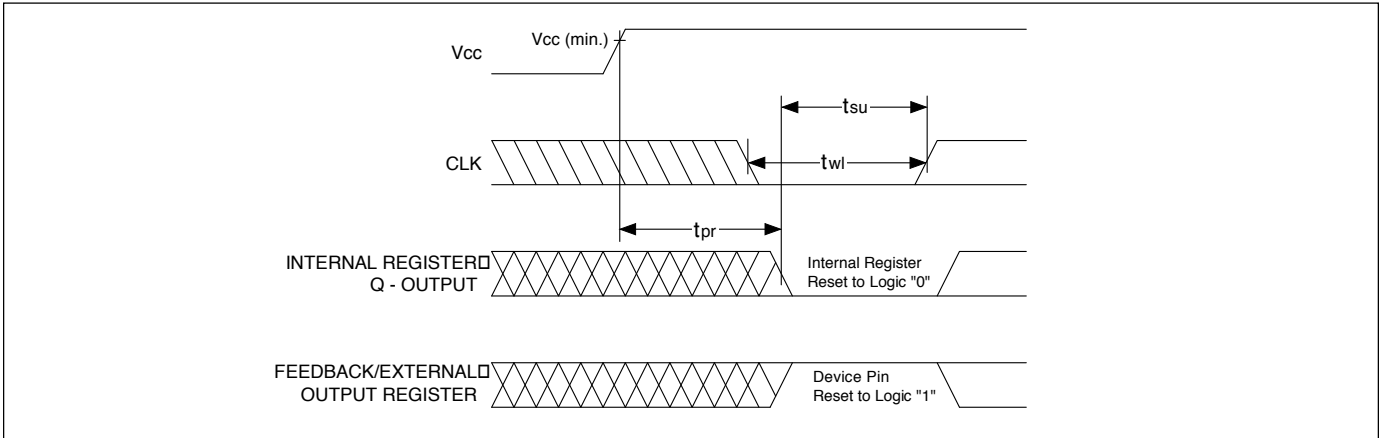
The GAL20V8 input and I/O pins have built-in active pull-ups. As a result, unused inputs and I/O's will float to a TTL "high" (logical "1"). Lattice Semiconductor recommends that all unused inputs and tri-stated I/O pins be connected to another active input, V_{CC}, or Ground. Doing this will tend to improve noise immunity and reduce I_{CC} for the device.

Typical Input Pull-up Characteristic



Select devices have been discontinued. See Ordering Information section for product status.

Power-Up Reset

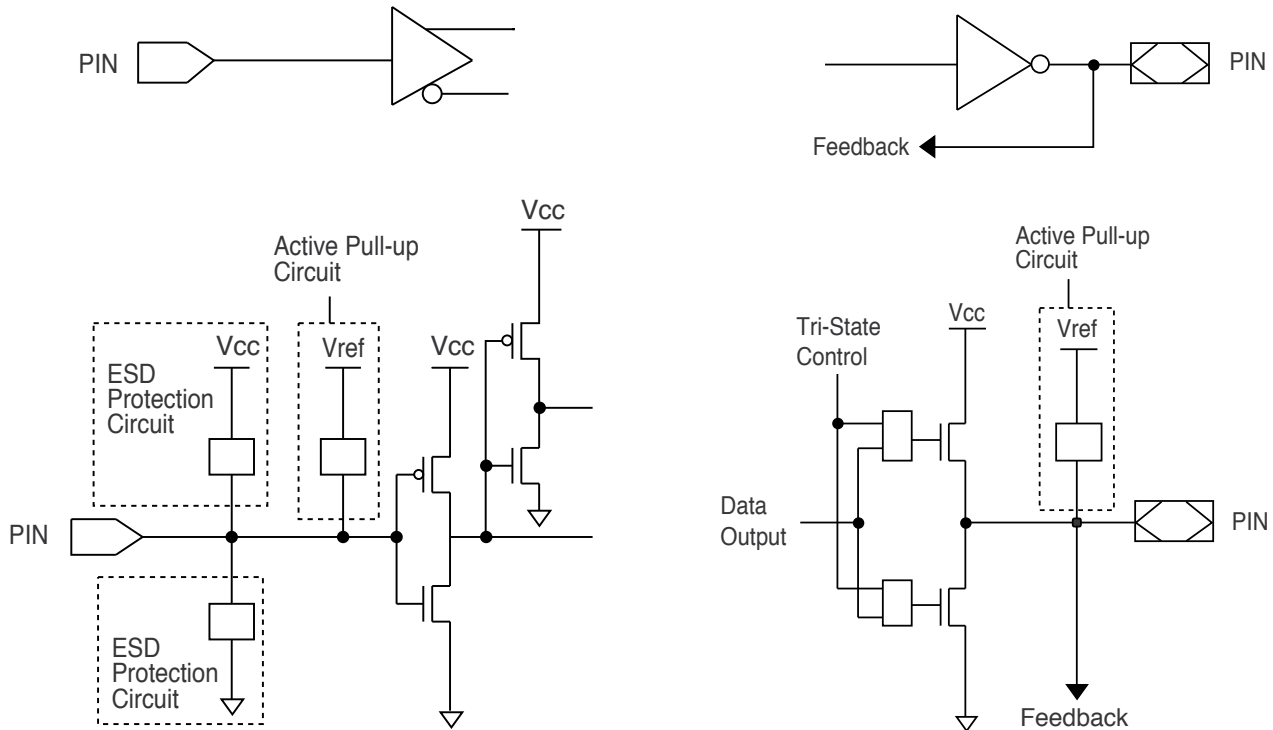


Circuitry within the GAL20V8 provides a reset signal to all registers during power-up. All internal registers will have their Q outputs set low after a specified time (t_{pr} , 1 μ s MAX). As a result, the state on the registered output pins (if they are enabled) will always be high on power-up, regardless of the programmed polarity of the output pins. This feature can greatly simplify state machine design by providing a known state on power-up. Because of the asynchronous nature of system power-up, some conditions must be met to provide

a valid power-up reset of the device. First, the Vcc rise must be monotonic. Second, the clock input must be at static TTL level as shown in the diagram during power up. The registers will reset within a maximum of t_{pr} time. As in normal system operation, avoid clocking the device until all input and feedback path setup times have been met. The clock must also meet the minimum pulse width requirements.

Select devices have been discontinued. See Ordering Information section for product status.

Input/Output Equivalent Schematics



Typ. Vref = 3.2V

Typical Input

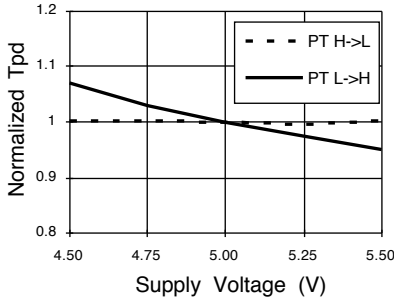
Typ. Vref = 3.2V

Typical Output

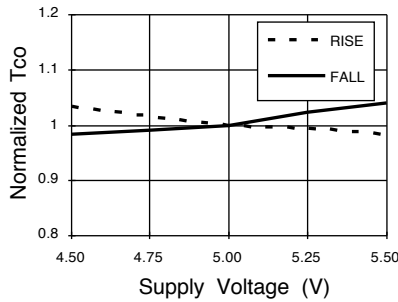
GAL20V8C: Typical AC and DC Characteristic Diagrams

Select devices have been discontinued. See Ordering Information section for product status.

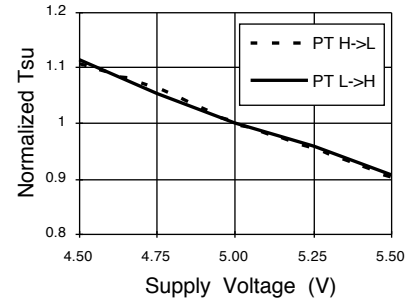
Normalized Tpd vs Vcc



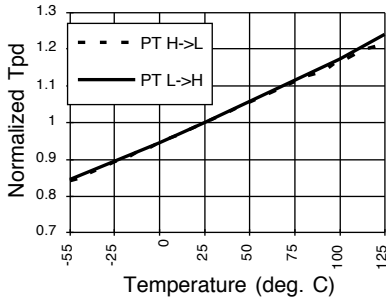
Normalized Tco vs Vcc



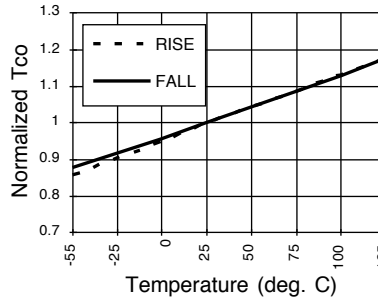
Normalized Tsu vs Vcc



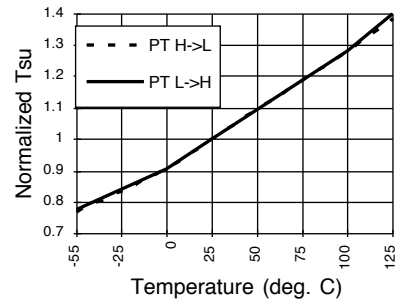
Normalized Tpd vs Temp



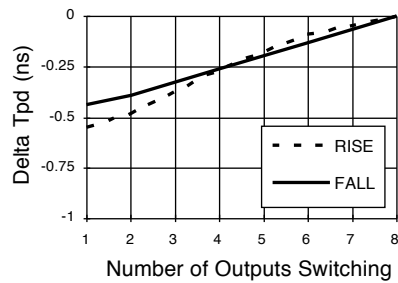
Normalized Tco vs Temp



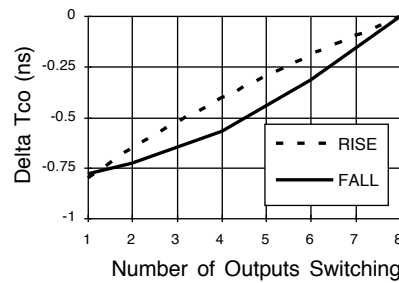
Normalized Tsu vs Temp



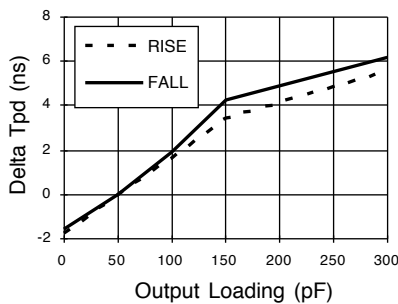
Delta Tpd vs # of Outputs Switching



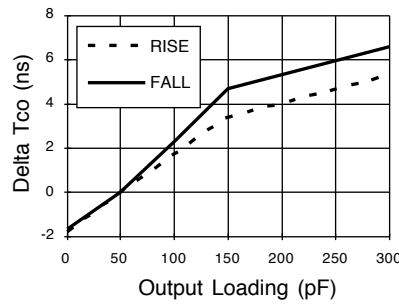
Delta Tco vs # of Outputs Switching



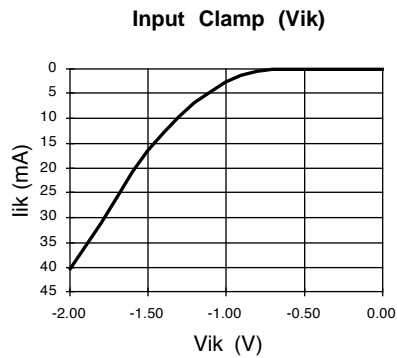
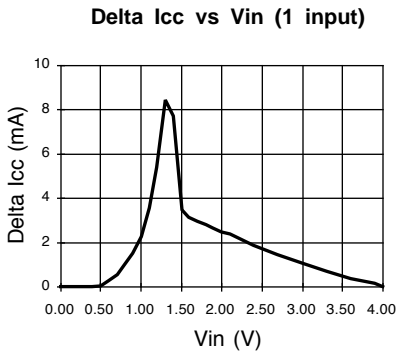
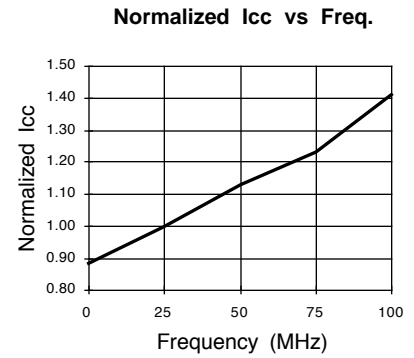
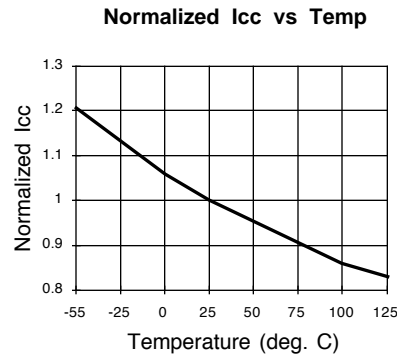
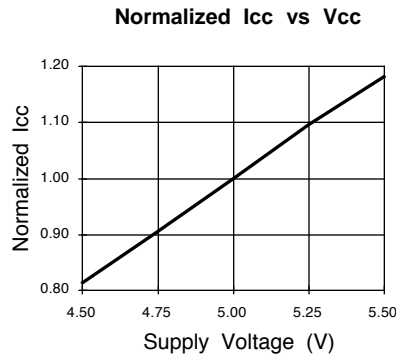
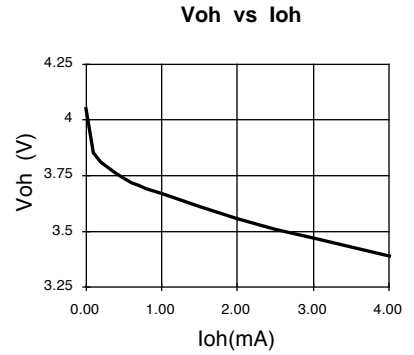
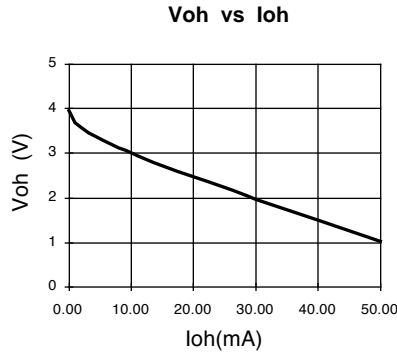
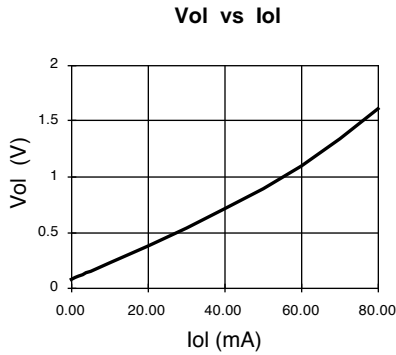
Delta Tpd vs Output Loading



Delta Tco vs Output Loading



GAL20V8C: Typical AC and DC Characteristic Diagrams

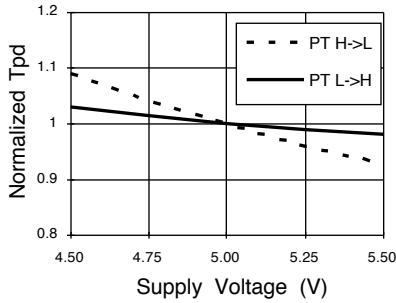


Select devices have been discontinued. See Ordering Information section for product status.

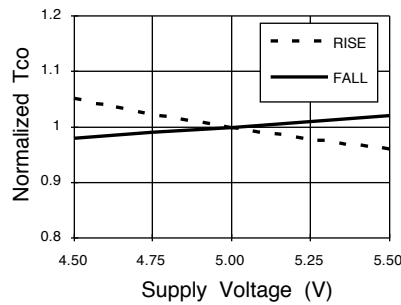
GAL20V8B-7/-10: Typical AC and DC Characteristic Diagrams

Select devices have been discontinued. See Ordering Information section for product status.

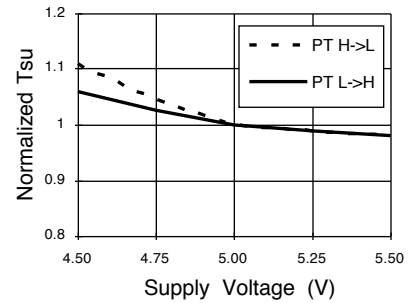
Normalized Tpd vs Vcc



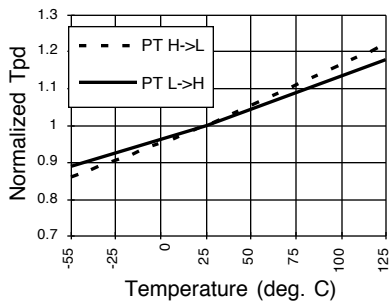
Normalized Tco vs Vcc



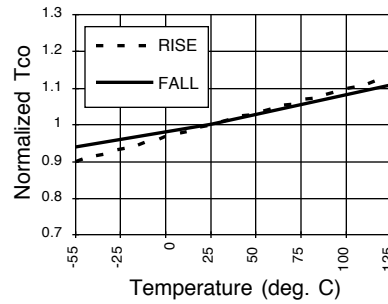
Normalized Tsu vs Vcc



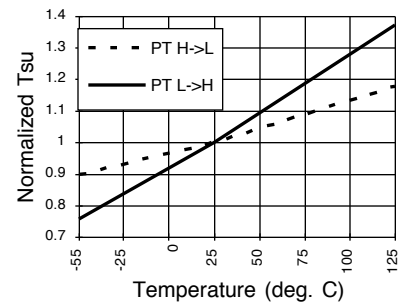
Normalized Tpd vs Temp



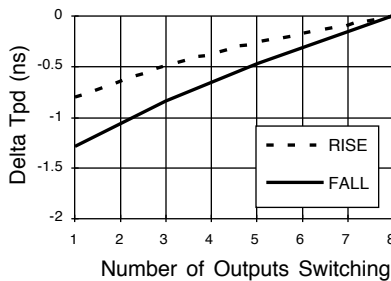
Normalized Tco vs Temp



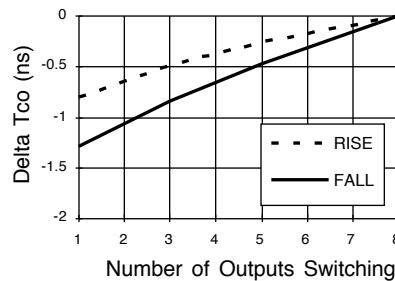
Normalized Tsu vs Temp



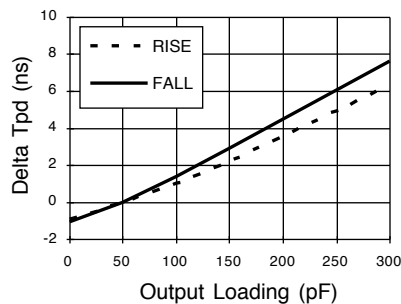
Delta Tpd vs # of Outputs Switching



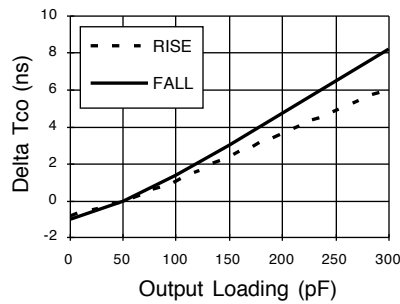
Delta Tco vs # of Outputs Switching



Delta Tpd vs Output Loading

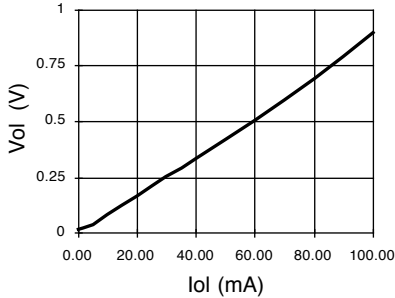


Delta Tco vs Output Loading

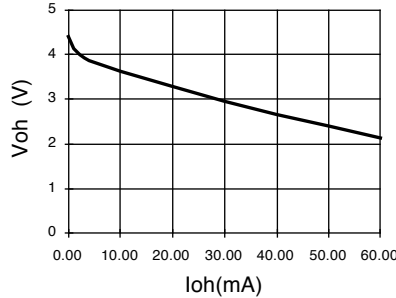


GAL20V8B-7/-10: Typical AC and DC Characteristic Diagrams

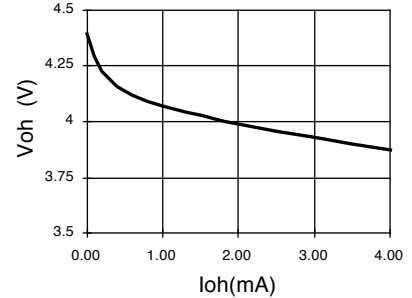
Vol vs Iol



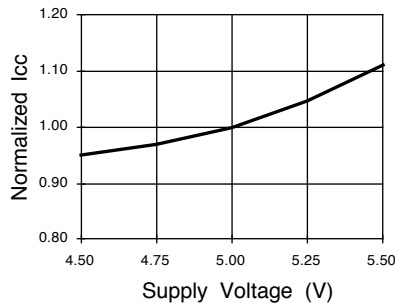
Voh vs Ioh



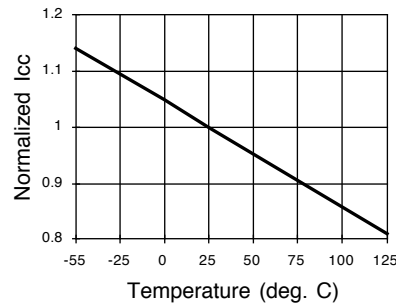
Voh vs Ioh



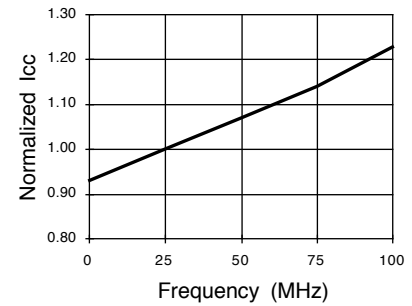
Normalized Icc vs Vcc



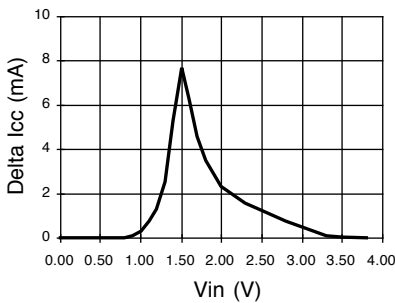
Normalized Icc vs Temp



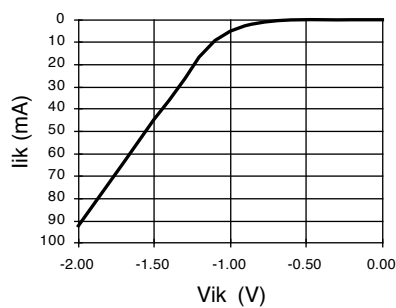
Normalized Icc vs Freq.



Delta Icc vs Vin (1 input)



Input Clamp (Iik)

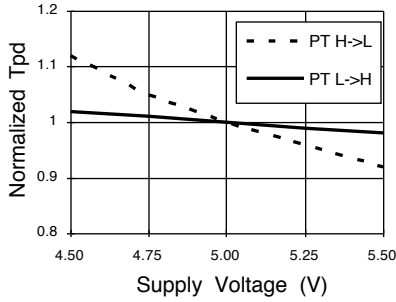


Select devices have been discontinued. See Ordering Information section for product status.

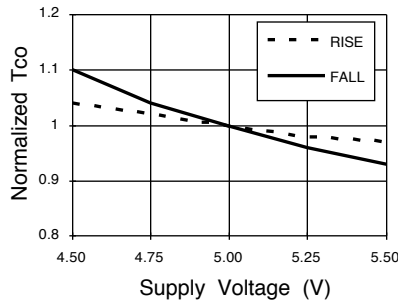
GAL20V8B-15/-25: Typical AC and DC Characteristic Diagrams

Select devices have been discontinued. See Ordering Information section for product status.

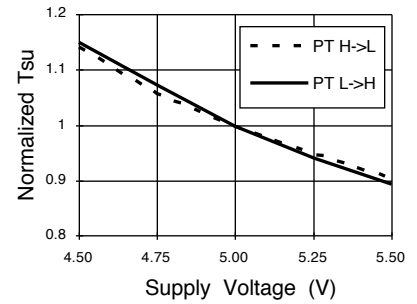
Normalized Tpd vs Vcc



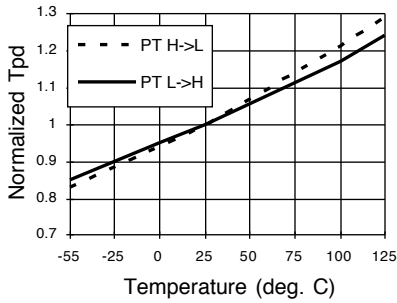
Normalized Tco vs Vcc



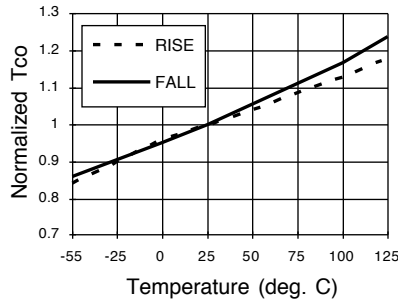
Normalized Tsu vs Vcc



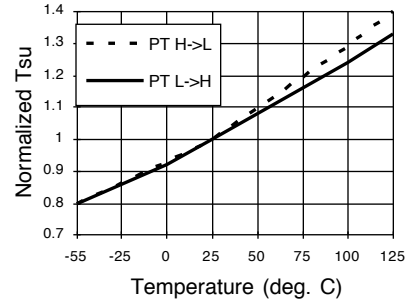
Normalized Tpd vs Temp



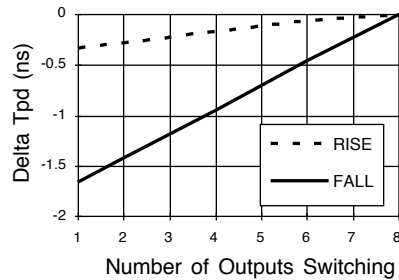
Normalized Tco vs Temp



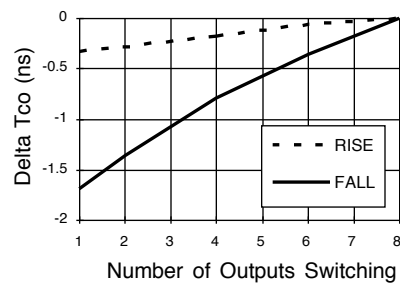
Normalized Tsu vs Temp



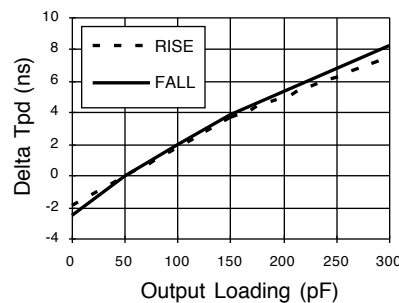
Delta Tpd vs # of Outputs Switching



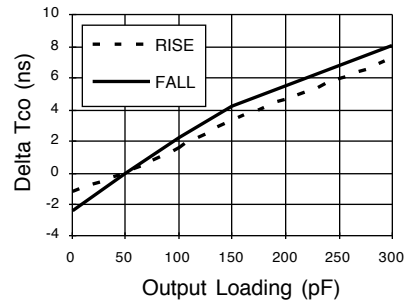
Delta Tco vs # of Outputs Switching



Delta Tpd vs Output Loading

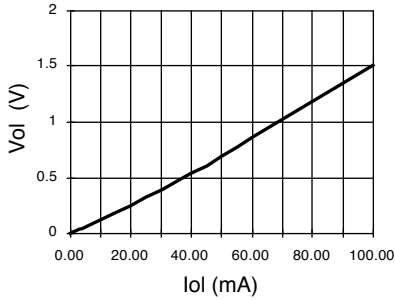


Delta Tco vs Output Loading

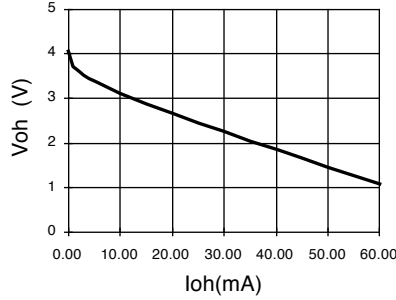


GAL20V8B-15/-25: Typical AC and DC Characteristic Diagrams

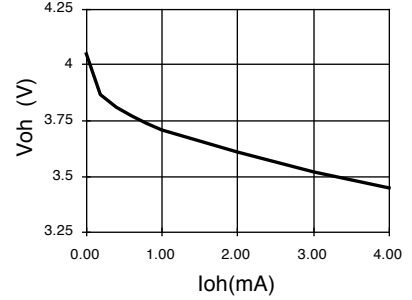
Vol vs Iol



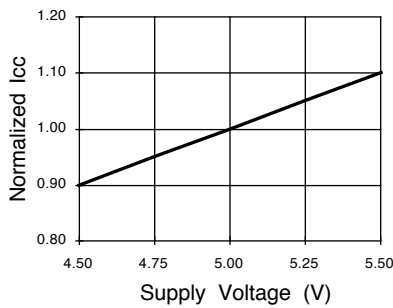
Voh vs Ioh



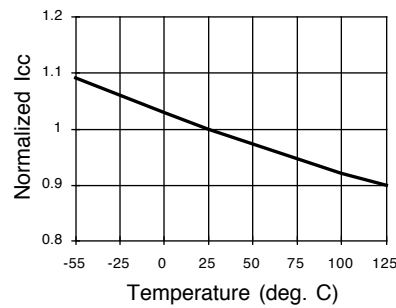
Voh vs Ioh



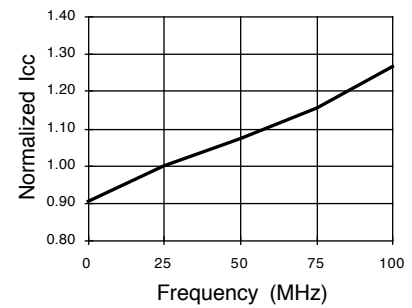
Normalized Icc vs Vcc



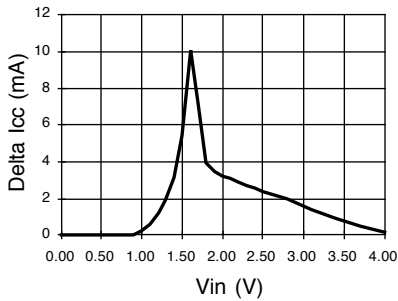
Normalized Icc vs Temp



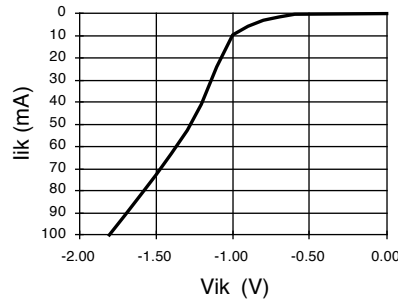
Normalized Icc vs Freq.



Delta Icc vs Vin (1 input)



Input Clamp (Iik)



Select devices have been discontinued. See Ordering Information section for product status.

Revision History

Date	Version	Change Summary
-	20v8_06	Previous Lattice release.
August 2006	20v8_07	Updated for lead-free package options.

**Select devices have been discontinued.
See Ordering Information section for product status.**