19-4626; Rev 0; 5/09

working applications.

end of data sheet.

design risk for network equipment.

a range of output frequencies.

EVALUATION KIT AVAILABLE

## Low-Jitter, Precision Clock Generator with Three Outputs

### **General Description**

**Applications** 

The MAX3625A is a low-jitter, precision clock generator

optimized for networking applications. The device inte-

grates a crystal oscillator and a phase-locked loop

(PLL) clock multiplier to generate high-frequency clock

outputs for Ethernet, 10G Fibre Channel, and other net-

Maxim's proprietary PLL design features ultra-low jitter

and excellent power-supply noise rejection, minimizing

The MAX3625A has three LVPECL outputs. Selectable output dividers and a selectable feedback divider allow

Pin Configuration and Typical Application Circuit appear at

Ethernet Networking Equipment Fibre Channel Storage Area Network

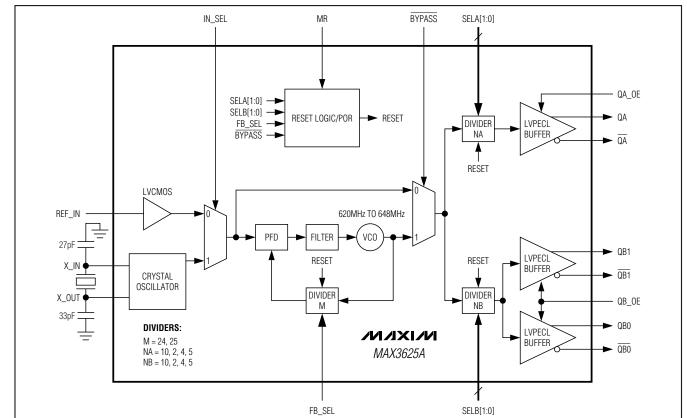
#### Features

- ♦ Crystal Oscillator Interface: 24.8MHz to 27MHz
- CMOS Input: Up to 320MHz
- Output Frequencies Ethernet: 62.5MHz, 125MHz, 156.25MHz, 312.5MHz 10G Fibre Channel: 159.375MHz, 318.75MHz
- Low Jitter
   0.14ps<sub>RMS</sub> (1.875MHz to 20MHz)
   0.36ps<sub>RMS</sub> (12kHz to 20MHz)
- Excellent Power-Supply Noise Rejection
- ♦ No External Loop Filter Capacitor Required

#### \_Ordering Information

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE		
MAX3625ACUG+	0°C to +70°C	24 TSSOP		

+Denotes a lead(Pb)-free/RoHS-compliant package.



#### 

\_\_ Maxim Integrated Products 1

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For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim Direct at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim's website at www.maxim-ic.com.

### Block Diagram

#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Supply Voltage Range V<sub>CC</sub>, V<sub>CCA</sub>, V<sub>CCO\_A</sub>, V<sub>CCO\_B</sub> .....-0.3V to +4.0V Voltage Range at REF\_IN, IN\_SEL, FB\_SEL, SELA[1:0], SELB[1:0], QA\_OE, QB\_OE, MR, <u>BYPASS</u> ....-0.3V to (V<sub>CC</sub> + 0.3V) Voltage Range at X\_IN Pin ....-0.3V to +1.2V Voltage Range at X\_OUT Pin .....-0.3V to (V<sub>CC</sub> - 0.6V) Current into QA,  $\overline{QA}$ , QB0,  $\overline{QB0}$ , QB1,  $\overline{QB1}$  .....-56mA Continuous Power Dissipation (T<sub>A</sub> = +70°C) 24-Pin TSSOP (derate 13.9mW/°C above +70°C) .....1111mW

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

(V<sub>CC</sub> = +3.0V to +3.6V,  $T_A = 0^{\circ}$ C to +70°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = +3.3V,  $T_A = +25^{\circ}$ C, unless otherwise noted.) (Notes 1, 2, 3)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
Revuer Current (Nate 4)	1	IN_SEL = high		72	98	
Power-Supply Current (Note 4)	ICC	IN_SEL = low		74		mA
CONTROL INPUT CHARACTER (SELA[1:0], SELB[1:0], FB_SEL		_OE, QB_OE, MR, BYPASS Pins)				
Input Capacitance	CIN			2		pF
Input Pulldown Resistor	RPULLDOWN	Pins MR, FB_SEL		75		kΩ
Input Logic Bias Resistor	R <sub>BIAS</sub>	Pins SELA[1:0], SELB[1:0]		50		kΩ
Input Pullup Resistor	RPULLUP	Pins QA_OE, QB_OE, IN_SEL, BYPASS		75		kΩ
LVPECL OUTPUTS (QA, $\overline{QA}$ , QE	30, QB0, QB1,	QB1 Pins)				
Output High Voltage	V <sub>OH</sub>		V <sub>CC</sub> - 1.13	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.98	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.83	V
Output Low Voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>		V <sub>CC</sub> - 1.85	V <sub>CC</sub> - 1.7	V <sub>CC</sub> - 1.55	V
Peak-to-Peak Output-Voltage Swing (Single-Ended)		(Note 2)	0.6	0.72	0.9	V <sub>P-P</sub>
Clock Output Rise/Fall Time		20% to 80% (Note 2)	200	350	600	ps
Output Duty Ovala Distortion		PLL enabled	48	50	52	%
Output Duty-Cycle Distortion		PLL bypassed (Note 5)	45	50	55	70
LVCMOS/LVTTL INPUTS (SELA[1:0], SELB[1:0], FB_SEL	., IN_SEL, QA_	_OE, QB_OE, MR, BYPASS Pins)				
Input-Voltage High	VIH		2.0			V
Input-Voltage Low	VIL				0.8	V
Input High Current	Ιн	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$			80	μA
Input Low Current	Ι <sub>ΙL</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0V	-80			μA

**MAX3625A** 

#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

 $(V_{CC} = +3.0V \text{ to } +3.6V, T_A = 0^{\circ}C \text{ to } +70^{\circ}C, \text{ unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at } V_{CC} = +3.3V, T_A = +25^{\circ}C, \text{ unless otherwise}$ noted.) (Notes 1, 2, 3)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
REF_IN SPECIFICATIONS (Input	DC- or AC-C	Coupled)	L. L.			1
Reference Cleak Frequency		PLL enabled	24.8		27.0	— MHz
Reference Clock Frequency		PLL bypassed			320	
Input-Voltage High	VIH		2.0			V
Input-Voltage Low	VIL				0.8	V
Input High Current	Ін	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$			240	μA
Input Low Current	١ <sub>١</sub>	$V_{IN} = 0V$	-240			μA
Reference Clock Duty Cycle		PLL enabled	30		70	%
Input Capacitance				2.5		pF
CLOCK OUTPUT AC SPECIFICA	TIONS		·			·
VCO Frequency Range			620		648	MHz
Random Jitter (Note 6)	RJ <sub>RMS</sub>	12kHz to 20MHz		0.36	1.0	- psrms
	L D'RWS	1.875MHz to 20MHz		0.14		
Deterministic Jitter Induced by Power-Supply Noise		(Notes 6, 7, and 8)		5.6		psp-p
Spurs Induced by Power-Supply Noise		(Notes 6, 8, and 9)		-54		dBc
Nonharmonic and Subharmonic Spurs				-70		dBc
Output Skew		Between any output pair		5		ps
		f = 1kHz		-124		
		f = 10kHz		-127		1
Clock Output SSB Phase Noise at 125MHz (Note 10)		f = 100kHz		-131		dBc/Hz
		f = 1MHz		-145		]
		f > 10MHz		-153		]

**Note 1:** A series resistor of up to  $10.5\Omega$  is allowed between V<sub>CC</sub> and V<sub>CCA</sub> for filtering supply noise when system power-supply tolerance is  $V_{CC}$  = 3.3V ±5%. See Figure 1.

Note 2: LVPECL outputs guaranteed up to 320MHz.

Note 2: EVELOC dupits guaranteed up to occurrence.
Note 3: Measured using setup shown in Figure 1.
Note 4: All outputs enabled and unloaded.
Note 5: Measured with a crystal (see Table 4) or an AC-coupled, 50% duty-cycle signal on REF\_IN.
Note 6: Measured with crystal source, see Table 4.
Note 7: Measured with Agilent DSO81304A 40GS/s real-time oscilloscope.

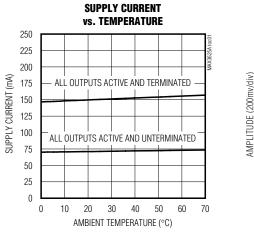
Note 8: Measured with  $40\text{mV}_{P-P}$ , 100kHz sinusoidal signal on the supply.

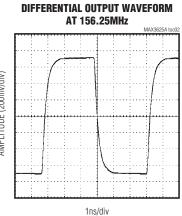
Note 9: Measured at 156.25MHz output.

Note 10: Measured with 25MHz crystal or 25MHz reference clock at REF\_IN with a slew rate of 0.5V/ns or greater.

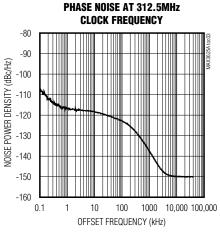
(Typical values are at  $V_{CC}$  = +3.3V,  $T_A$  = +25°C, crystal frequency = 25MHz.)

**MAX3625A** 

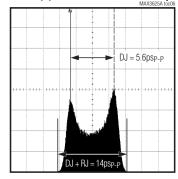




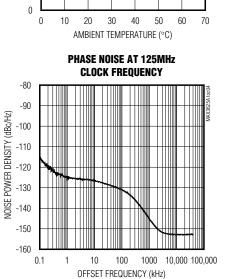
**Typical Operating Characteristics** 

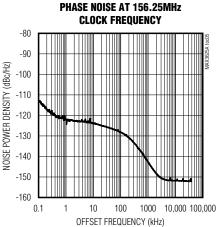


JITTER HISTOGRAM (312.5MHz OUTPUT, 40mV<sub>P-P</sub> SUPPLY NOISE AT 100kHz)

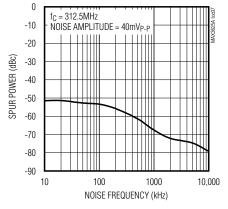


5ps/div











## **Pin Description**

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1, 24	SELB0, SELB1	LVCMOS/LVTTL Inputs. Control NB divider setting. Has $50k\Omega$ input impedance. See Table 2 for more information.
2	BYPASS	LVCMOS/LVTTL Input (Active Low). Connect low to bypass the internal PLL. Connect high or leave open for normal operation. When in bypass mode the output dividers are set to divide by 1. Has internal $75k\Omega$ pullup to V <sub>CC</sub> .
3	MR	LVCMOS/LVTTL Input. Master reset input. Pulse high for > 1 $\mu$ s to reset all dividers. Has internal 75k $\Omega$ pulldown to GND. Not required for normal operation.
4	VCCO_A	Power Supply for QA Clock Output. Connect to +3.3V.
5	QA	Noninverting Clock Output, LVPECL
6	QA	Inverting Clock Output, LVPECL
7	QB_OE	LVCMOS/LVTTL Input. Enables/disables QB clock outputs. Connect pin high or leave open to enable LVPECL clock outputs QB0 and QB1. Connect low to set QB0 and QB1 to a logic 0. Has internal $75k\Omega$ pullup to V <sub>CC</sub> .
8	QA_OE	LVCMOS/LVTTL Input. Enables/disables the QA clock output. Connect this pin high or leave open to enable the LVPECL clock output QA. Connect low to set QA to a logic 0. Has internal $75k\Omega$ pullup to V <sub>CC</sub> .
9	FB_SEL	LVCMOS/LVTTL Input. Controls M divider setting. See Table 3 for more information. Has internal 75k $\Omega$ pulldown to GND.
10	VCCA	Analog Power Supply for the VCO. Connect to +3.3V. For additional power-supply noise filtering, this pin can connect to V <sub>CC</sub> through 10.5 $\Omega$ as shown in Figure 1 (requires V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3V ±5%).
11	V <sub>CC</sub>	Core Power Supply. Connect to +3.3V.
12, 13	SELA0, SELA1	LVCMOS/LVTTL Inputs. Control NA divider setting. See Table 2 for more information. $50k\Omega$ input impedance.
14	GND	Supply Ground
15	X_OUT	Crystal Oscillator Output
16	X_IN	Crystal Oscillator Input
17	REF_IN	LVCMOS Reference Clock Input. Self-biased to allow AC- or DC-coupling.
18	IN_SEL	LVCMOS/LVTTL Input. Connect high or leave open to use a crystal. Connect low to use REF_IN. Has internal 75k $\Omega$ pullup to V <sub>CC</sub> .
19	QB1	LVPECL, Inverting Clock Output
20	QB1	LVPECL, Noninverting Clock Output
21	QB0	LVPECL, Inverting Clock Output
22	QB0	LVPECL, Noninverting Clock Output
23	Vссо_в	Power Supply for QB0 and QB1 Clock Output. Connect to +3.3V.

#### **Detailed Description**

The MAX3625A is a low-jitter clock generator designed to operate at Ethernet and Fibre Channel frequencies. It consists of an on-chip crystal oscillator, PLL, programmable dividers, and LVPECL output buffers. Using a low-frequency clock (crystal or CMOS input) as a reference, the internal PLL generates a high-frequency output clock with excellent jitter performance.

#### **Crystal Oscillator**

An integrated oscillator provides the low-frequency reference clock for the PLL. This oscillator requires an external crystal connected between X\_IN and X\_OUT. The crystal frequency is 24.8MHz to 27MHz.

#### **REF\_IN Buffer**

An LVCMOS-compatible clock source can be connected to REF\_IN to serve as the reference clock.

The LVCMOS REF\_IN buffer is internally biased to the threshold voltage (1.4V typ) to allow AC- or DC-coupling, and is designed to operate up to 320MHz.

#### PLL

The PLL takes the signal from the crystal oscillator or reference clock input and synthesizes a low-jitter, high-frequency clock. The PLL contains a phase-frequency detector (PFD), a lowpass filter, and a voltage-controlled oscillator (VCO) with a 620MHz to 648MHz operating range. The VCO is connected to the PFD input through a feedback divider. See Table 3 for divider values. The PFD compares the reference frequency to the divided-down VCO output (fvCO/M) and generates a control signal that keeps the VCO locked to the reference clock. The high-frequency VCO output clock is sent to the output dividers. To minimize noise-induced jitter, the VCO supply (VCCA) is isolated from the core logic and output buffer supplies.

#### **Output Dividers**

The output dividers are programmable to allow a range of output frequencies. See Table 2 for the divider input settings. The output dividers are automatically set to divide by 1 when the MAX3625A is in bypass mode (BYPASS = 0).

#### **LVPECL Drivers**

The high-frequency outputs—QA, QB0, and QB1—are differential PECL buffers designed to drive transmission lines terminated with  $50\Omega$  to V<sub>CC</sub> - 2.0V. The maximum operating frequency is specified up to 320MHz. The outputs can be disabled, if not used. The outputs go to a logic 0 when disabled.

#### **Reset Logic/POR**

During power-on, a power-on reset (POR) signal is generated to synchronize all dividers. An external master reset (MR) signal is not required.

#### **Applications Information**

#### **Power-Supply Filtering**

The MAX3625A is a mixed analog/digital IC. The PLL contains analog circuitry susceptible to random noise. In addition to excellent on-chip power-supply noise rejection, the MAX3625A provides a separate power-supply pin, V<sub>CCA</sub>, for the VCO circuitry. Figure 1 illustrates the recommended power-supply filter network for V<sub>CCA</sub>. The purpose of this design technique is to ensure a clean power supply to the VCO circuitry and to improve the overall immunity to power-supply noise. This network requires that the power supply is +3.3V  $\pm$ 5%. Decoupling capacitors should be used on all supply pins for best performance.

#### **Output Divider Configuration**

Table 2 shows the input settings required to set the output dividers. Note that when the MAX3625A is in bypass mode (BYPASS set low), the output dividers are automatically set to divide by 1.

#### **PLL Divider Configuration**

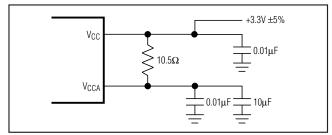
Table 3 shows the input settings required to set the PLL feedback divider.

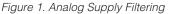
#### **Crystal Selection**

The crystal oscillator is designed to drive a fundamental mode, AT-cut crystal resonator. See Table 4 for recommended crystal specifications. See Figure 3 for external capacitance connection.

#### **Crystal Input Layout**

The crystal, trace, and two external capacitors should be placed on the board as close as possible to the MAX3625A's X\_IN and X\_OUT pins to reduce crosstalk of active signals into the oscillator. The example layout shown in Figure 2 gives approximately 3pF of trace plus footprint capacitance per side of the crystal. The dielectric material is FR-4 and dielectric thickness of the reference board is 15 mils. Using a 25MHz crystal and the capacitor values of C10 = 27pF and C9 = 33pF, the measured output frequency accuracy is -14ppm at +25°C ambient temperature.







#### **Table 1. Output Frequency Determination**

CRYSTAL OR CMOS INPUT FREQUENCY (MHz)	FEEDBACK DIVIDER, M	VCO FREQUENCY (MHz)	OUTPUT DIVIDER, NA AND NB	OUTPUT FREQUENCY (MHz)	APPLICATIONS		
			2	312.5			
25	25	625         4         156.25           5         125           10         62.5	156.25	Ethernet			
25	25 25		5	125	Ethernet		
			10	62.5			
25.78125	25	644.53125	4	161.132812	10Gbps Ethernet		
	26.04166 24	4 625		2	312.5		
00.04100			4	156.25	Ethernet		
20.04100			625	5	125	Ethernet	
			10	62.5	]		
26.5625		24	00 5 00 5 00 00 00 7 5	007.5	2	318.75	- 10G Fibre Channel
20.0020 24	24	637.5	4	159.375			

#### Table 2. Output Divider Configuration

INP	NA/NB DIVIDER		
SELA1/SELB1	SELA0/SELB0		
0	0	/10	
0	1	/2	
1	0	/4	
1	1	/5	

#### **Table 3. PLL Divider Configuration**

FB_SEL INPUT	M DIVIDER
0	/25
1	/24

#### **Table 4. Crystal Selection Parameters**

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	ТҮР	МАХ	UNITS
Crystal Oscillation Frequency	fosc	24.8		27	MHz
Shunt Capacitance	Co		2.0	7.0	pF
Load Capacitance	CL		18		рF
Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR)	Rs			50	Ω
Maximum Crystal Drive Level				300	μW

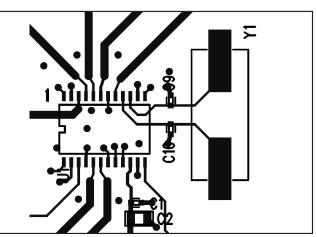


Figure 2. Crystal Layout

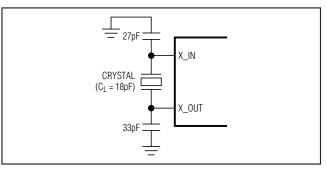


Figure 3. Crystal, Capacitors Connection



M/X/M



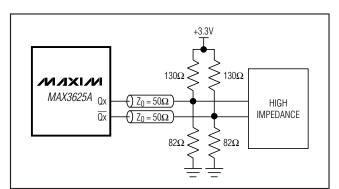


Figure 4. Thevenin Equivalent of Standard PECL Termination

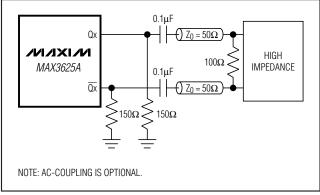


Figure 5. AC-Coupled PECL Termination

#### Interfacing with LVPECL Outputs

The equivalent LVPECL output circuit is given in Figure 7. These outputs are designed to drive a pair of  $50\Omega$  transmission lines terminated with  $50\Omega$  to  $V_{TT} = V_{CC} - 2V$ . If a separate termination voltage ( $V_{TT}$ ) is not available, other terminations methods can be used such as shown in Figures 4 and 5. Unused outputs should be disabled and may be left open. For more information on LVPECL terminations and how to interface with other logic families, refer to Application Note 291: *HFAN-01.0: Introduction to LVDS, PECL, and CML*.

#### **Interface Models**

Figures 6 and 7 show examples of interface models.

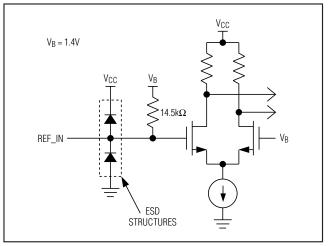


Figure 6. Simplified REF\_IN Pin Circuit Schematic

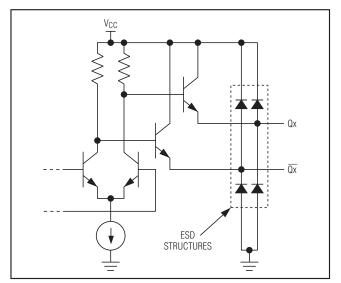


Figure 7. Simplified LVPECL Output Circuit Schematic

#### Layout Considerations

The inputs and outputs are critical paths for the MAX3625A, and care should be taken to minimize discontinuities on these transmission lines. Here are some suggestions for maximizing the MAX3625A's performance:

- An uninterrupted ground plane should be positioned beneath the clock I/Os.
- Supply and ground pin vias should be placed close to the IC and the input/output interfaces to allow a return current path to the MAX3625A and the receive devices.
- Supply decoupling capacitors should be placed close to the MAX3625A supply pins.
- Maintain 100Ω differential (or 50Ω single-ended) transmission line impedance out of the MAX3625A.
- Use good high-frequency layout techniques and multilayer boards with an uninterrupted ground plane to minimize EMI and crosstalk.

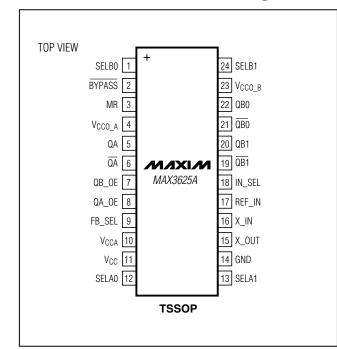
Refer to the MAX3625A Evaluation Kit for more information.

#### **Chip Information**

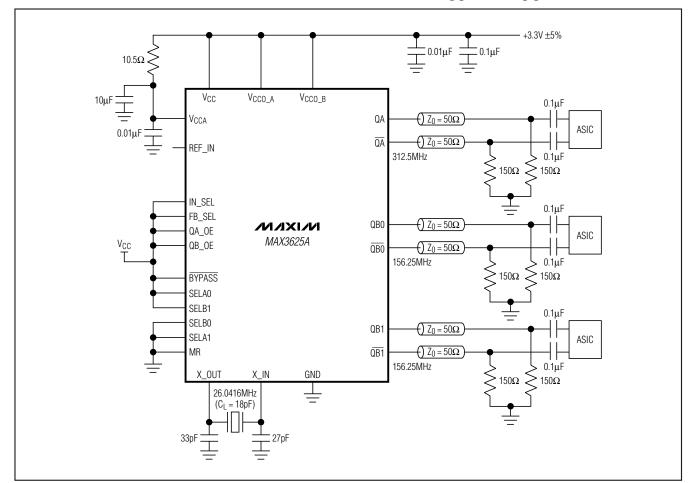
TRANSISTOR COUNT: 10,840 PROCESS: BICMOS

#### \_Pin Configuration

MAX3625A



#### **\_Typical Application Circuit**



#### \_Package Information

For the latest package outline information and land patterns, go to www.maxim-ic.com/packages.

PACKAGE TYPE	PACKAGE CODE	DOCUMENT NO.
24 TSSOP	U24-1	<u>21-0066</u>

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**MAX3625A** 

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