

Product Innovation From

CIRRUS LOGIC

Power Operational Amplifier

FEATURES

- HIGH INTERNAL DISSIPATION 250 WATTS
- HIGH VOLTAGE, HIGH CURRENT 100V, 30A
- HIGH SLEW RATE 100V/µS
- 4 WIRE CURRENT LIMIT SENSING
- LOW DISTORTION
- EXTERNAL SHUTDOWN CONTROL
- OPTIONAL BOOST VOLTAGE INPUTS
- EVALUATION KIT SEE EK09

APPLICATIONS

- LINEAR AND ROTARY MOTOR DRIVES
- sonar transducer driver
- YOKE/MAGNETIC FIELD EXCITATION
- PROGRAMMABLE POWER SUPPLIES TO ±45V
- AUDIO UP TO 500W

DESCRIPTION

The PA05 is a high voltage MOSFET power operational amplifer that extends the performance limits of power amplifers in slew rate and power bandwidth, while maintaining high current and power dissipation ratings.

The PA05 is a highly fexible amplifer. The shutdown control feature allows the output stage to be turned off for standby operation or load protection during fault conditions. Boost voltage inputs allow the small signal portion of the amplifer to operate at a higher voltage than the high current output stage. The amplifer is then biased to achieve close linear swings to the supply rails at high currents for extra efficient operation. External compensation tailors slew rate and bandwidth performance to user needs. A four wire sense technique allows precision current limiting without the need to consider internal or external milliohm parasitic resistance in the output line. The output stage is protected by thermal limiting circuits above junction temperatures of 175°C.





12-PIN POWER DIP PACKAGE STYLE CR

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The JEDEC MO-127 12-pin Power Dip[™] package (see Package Outlines) is hermetically sealed and isolated from the internal circuits. The use of compressible thermal washers and/or improper mounting torque will void the product warranty. Please see "General Operating Considerations".

TYPICAL APPLICATION

The high power bandwidth of the PA05 allows driving sonar transducers via a resonant circuit including the transducer and a matching transformer. The load circuit appears resistive to the PA05. Control logic turns off the amplifer's output during shutdown.



C_c RATED FOR FULL SUPPLY VOLTAGE *See BOOST OPERATION paragraph.



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ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

SUPPLY VOLTA	GE, $+V_s$ to $-V_s$	100V	
BOOST VOLTA	GE	SUPPLY VOLT	AGE +20V
OUTPUT CURF	RENT, continuous within SOA	30A	
POWER DISSIF	PATION, internal	250W	
INPUT VOLTAG	E, differential	-20V	
INPUT VOLTAG	E, common mode	-V _B	
TEMPERATUR	E, pin solder - 10s	300°C	
TEMPERATUR	E, junction ²	175°C	
TEMPERATUR	E, storage	-65 to +150°C	
OPERATING TE	EMPERATURE RANGE, case	–55 to +125°C	

SPECIFICATIONS PA05 **PA05A TEST CONDITIONS**¹ MIN MIN UNITS PARAMETER TYP MAX TYP MAX INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE, initial 5 5 10 2 mV OFFSET VOLTAGE, vs. temperature Full temperature range 20 50 10 30 µV/°C OFFSET VOLTAGE, vs. supply 10 30 uV/V 10 OFFSET VOLTAGE, vs. power Full temperature range 30 μV/W BIAS CURRENT, initial 10 pА 50 5 20 BIAS CURRENT, vs. supply .01 pA/V 5 OFFSET CURRENT, initial 50 20 10 pА INPUT IMPEDANCE, DC 1011 INPUT CAPACITANCE 13 pF –V_в–8 90 COMMON MODE VOLTAGE RANGE Full temperature range V Full temp. range, $V_{CM} = -20V$ 100KHz BW, $R_{s} = 1K$ * * COMMON MODE REJECTION, DC 100 dR INPUT NOISE 10 **u**Vrms GAIN OPEN LOOP, @ 15Hz 94 dB Full temperature range, $C_c = 82pF$ 102 GAIN BANDWIDTH PRODUCT $R_{1} = 10$ 3 MHz $\begin{array}{l} R_{L}^{^{L}}=4 \hspace{0.5cm}, \hspace{0.5cm} V_{_{O}}=80 V_{_{P,P'}} \hspace{0.5cm} A_{_{V}}=-10 \\ C_{_{C}}=82 p F, \hspace{0.5cm} R_{_{C}}=120 \end{array}$ POWER BANDWIDTH * 400 kHz PHASE MARGIN Full temperature range, $C_c = 470 pF$ o 60 OUTPUT VOLTAGE SWING $\begin{array}{l} I_{_{O}}=20A\\ V_{_{BOOST}}=Vs+5V,\ I_{_{O}}=30A \end{array}$ -V_s-9.5 -V_s-8.7 V -V_s-5.8 30 * VOLTAGE SWING -V_s-5.0 * V * CURRENT, peak А SETTLING TIME to .1% $A_{v} = +1$, 10V step, $R_{1} = 4$ 2.5 μs $A_{V}^{V} = -10, C_{C} = 82pF, R_{C} = 120$ SLEW RATE 80 100 V/µs CAPACITIVE LOAD Full temperature range, $A_v = +1$ 2.2 nF $I_o = 0$, No load, 2MHz RESISTANCE 5 $I_0 = 1A$, 2MHz 2 POWER SUPPLY V VOLTAGE Full temperature range -15-45 -50 CURRENT, quiescent, boost supply 46 56 * * mΑ * CURRENT, quiescent, total 90 120 mΑ CURRENT, quiescent, total, shutdown * 46 56 mΑ THERMAL RESISTANCE, AC, junction to case³ RESISTANCE, DC, junction to case * °C/W Full temperature range, F>60Hz .3 .4 * Full temperature range, F<60Hz .4 .5 °C/W RESISTANCE, junction to air4 * °C/W Full temperature range 12 TEMPERATURE RANGE, case Meets full range specification -25 85 °С

NOTES: * The specification of PA05A is identical to the specification for PA05 in applicable column to the left.

1. Unless otherwise noted: $T_c = 25^{\circ}$ C, $C_c = 470$ pF, $R_c = 120$ ohms. DC input specifications are – value given. Power supply voltage is typical rating. $-V_{\text{BOST}} = -V_{s}$. Long term operation at the maximum junction temperature will result in reduced product life. Derate internal power dissipation to

2. achieve high MTTF. For guidance, refer to the heatsink data sheet.

3 Rating applies if the output current alternates between both output transistors at a rate faster than 60 Hz.

4. The PA05 must be used with a heatsink or the quiescent power may drive the unit to junction temperatures higher than 150°C.

The PA05 is constructed from MOSFET transistors. ESD handling procedures must be observed.

The internal substrate contains beryllia (BeO). Do not break the seal. If accidentally broken, do not crush, machine, or subject to temperatures in excess of 850°C to avoid generating toxic fumes.

PA05 • PA05A







GENERAL

Please read Application Note 1 "General Operating Considerations" which covers stability, supplies, heat sinking, mounting, current limit, SOA interpretation, and specification interpretation. Visit www.cirrus.com for design tools that help automate tasks such as calculations for stability, internal power dissipation, current limit; heat sink selection; Apex Precision Power's complete Application Notes library; Technical Seminar Workbook; and Evaluation Kits.

CURRENT LIMIT

The two current limit sense lines are to be connected directly across the current limit sense resistor. For the current limit to work correctly, pin 11 must be connected to the amplifier output side and pin 10 connected to the load side of the current limit resistor, R_{cl} , as shown in Figure 1. This connection will bypass any parasitic resistances, R_{p} formed by sockets and solder joints as well as internal amplifer losses. The current limiting resistor may not be placed anywhere in the output circuit except where shown in Figure 1. If current limiting is not used, pins 10 and 11 must be tied to pin 7.

The value of the current limit resistor can be calculated as follows:



FIGURE 1. CURRENT LIMIT

SAFE OPERATING AREA (SOA)

The MOSFET output stage of this power operational amplifer has two distinct limitations:

- 1. The current handling capability of the MOSFET geometry and the wire bonds.
- 2. The junction temperature of the output MOSFETs.

NOTE: The output stage is protected against transient fyback. However, for protection against sustained, high energy fyback, external fast-recovery diodes should be used.



The output stage thermal protection circuit engages when junction temperatures reach approximately 175C. If the condition remains that caused the shutdown, the amplifer may oscillate in and out of shutdown, creating high peak power stresses reducing the reliability of the device.

SHUTDOWN OPERATION

To disable the output stage, pin 12 is connected to ground via relay contacts or via an electronic switch. The switching device must be capable of sinking 2mA to complete shutdown and capable of standing off the supply voltage +V_s. See Figure 2 for suggested circuits.



FIGURE 2. SHUTDOWN OPERATION

From an internal circuitry standpoint, shutdown is just a special case of current limit where the allowed output current is zero. As with current limit, however, a small current does fow in the output during shutdown. A load impedance of 100 ohms or less is required to insure the output transistors are turned off. Note that even though the output transistors are off the output pin is not open circuited because of the shutdown operating current.

BOOST OPERATION

With the V_{BOOST} feature, the small signal stages of the amplifer are operated at higher supply voltages than the amplifer's high current output stage. +V_{BOOST} (pin 9), and -V_{BOOST} (pin 5) are connected to the small signal circuitry of the amplifer. +V_s (pin 8) and -V_s (pin 6) are connected to the high current output stage. An additional 5V on the V_{BOOST} pins is sufficient to allow the small signal stages to drive the output transistors into saturation and improve the output voltage swing for extra efficient operation when required. When close swings to the supply rails is not required the +V_{BOOST} and -V_s pins. The boost voltage pins must not be at a voltage lower than the V_s pins.

COMPENSATION

The external compensation components C_c and R_c are connected to pins 3 and 4. Unity gain stability can be achieved at any compensation capacitance greater than 470 pF with at least 60 degrees of phase margin. At higher gains, more phase shift can be tolerated in most designs and the compensation capacitance can accordingly be reduced, resulting in higher bandwidth and slew rate. Use the typical operating curves as a guide to select C_c and R_c for the application.

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For all Apex Precision Power product questions and inquiries, call toll free 800-546-2739 in North America. For inquiries via email, please contact apex.support@cirrus.com. International customers can also request support by contacting their local Cirrus Logic Sales Representative. To find the one nearest to you, go to www.cirrus.com

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