



3-line filters for converters and power electronics

530/305 V, 50/60 Hz, 16...200 A, 50 °C

Ordering code: B84143D0xxxR127
Date: 2008-11-20
Version: 06

Construction

- 3-line filter
- Metal case
- Book size

Features

- High insertion loss
- Optimized for long cable
- Easy to install
- Low weight
- Compact design
- Degree of protection IP 20 ¹⁾
- Design complies with IEC 60939, UL 1283, CSA 22.2 No.8
- UL and cUL approval
- Optimized for long motor cable and operation under full load EN 55011, Class A & B



Applications

- Frequency converters for motor drives, e.g.
 - elevators
 - pumps
 - traction systems
 - conveyor systems
 - HVAC systems (heating, ventilation and air conditioning)
- Power supplies
- Textile machines

Terminals

- Line side: finger-save terminal blocks
- Load side: finger-save terminal blocks

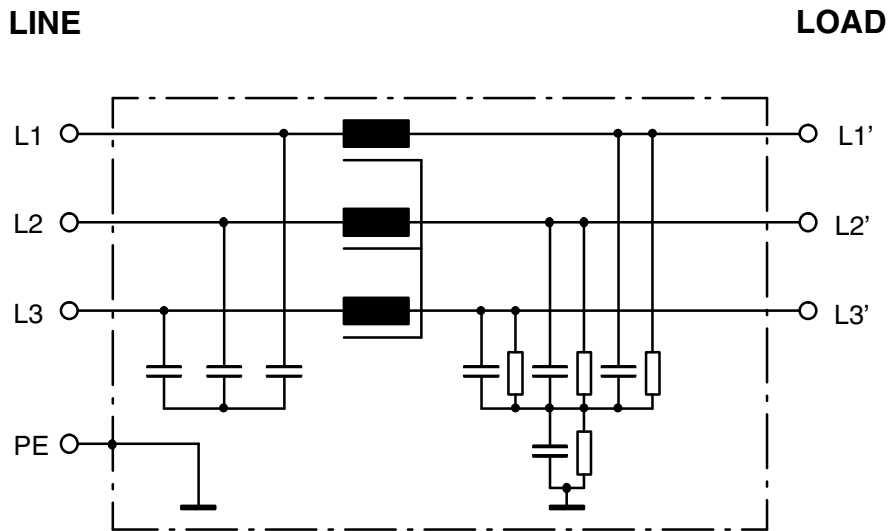
Marking

- Marking on component: manufacturer's logo, ordering code, rated voltage, rated current, rated temperature, climatic category, date code
- Minimum marking on packaging: manufacturer's logo, ordering code, date code, quantity

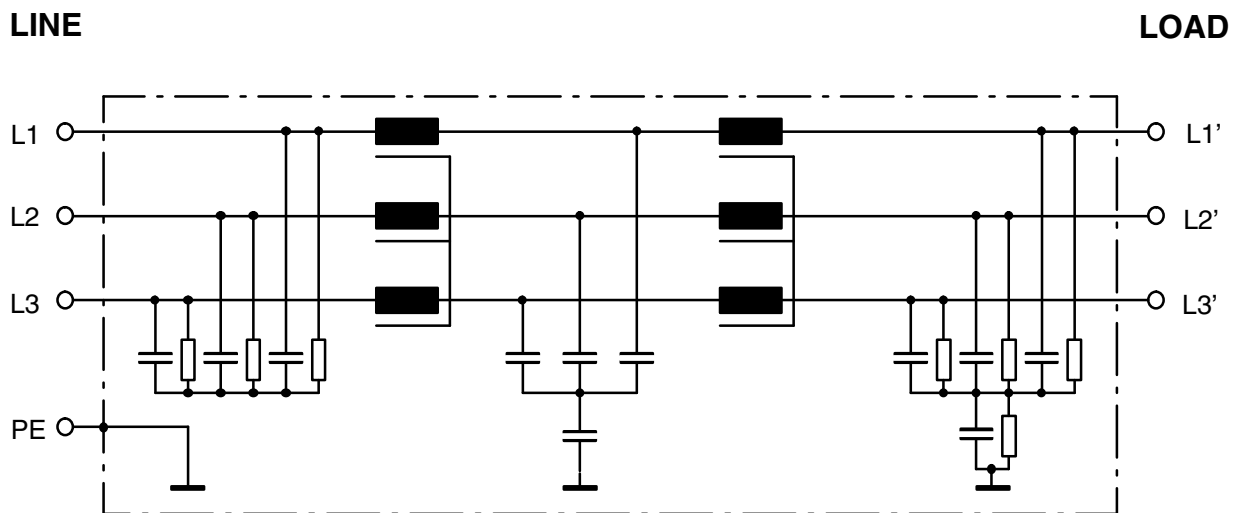
¹⁾ To IEC 60529:2001

Typical circuit diagram

B84143D0016R127 – B84143D0036R127:



B84143D0050R127 – B84143D0200R127:



Technical data and measuring conditions




Rated voltage	V_R	530/305	V AC
Rated frequency	f_R	50/60	Hz
Test voltage line to line for 2 s	U_{test}	2200	V DC
Test voltage line to case for 2 s	U_{test}	2700	V DC
Rated temperature	T_R	50	°C
Overload capability (thermal) for 3 min per hour or for 30 s per hour		1.5 x I_R 2.5 x I_R	
Climatic category (IEC 60068-1)		25/100/21	

Typical motor cable length to comply with DIN EN 55011 (2003)

Ordering code	I_R	EMC Limits according to DIN EN 55011 (2003) ¹⁾	
		class A	class B
B84143D0016R127	16	300m	100m
B84143D0025R127	25	300m	100m
B84143D0036R127	36	300m	100m
B84143D0050R127	50	300m	200m
B84143D0075R127	75	300m	200m
B84143D0090R127	90	300m	200m
B84143D0120R127	120	300m	200m
B84143D0150R127	150	300m	200m
B84143D0200R127	200	300m	200m

1): Typical values. The motor cable length depends on the clock frequency and the disturbance level of the frequency converter and might differ from above mentioned indicated cable lengths. Please note pages 16 and 17.

Characteristics and ordering codes

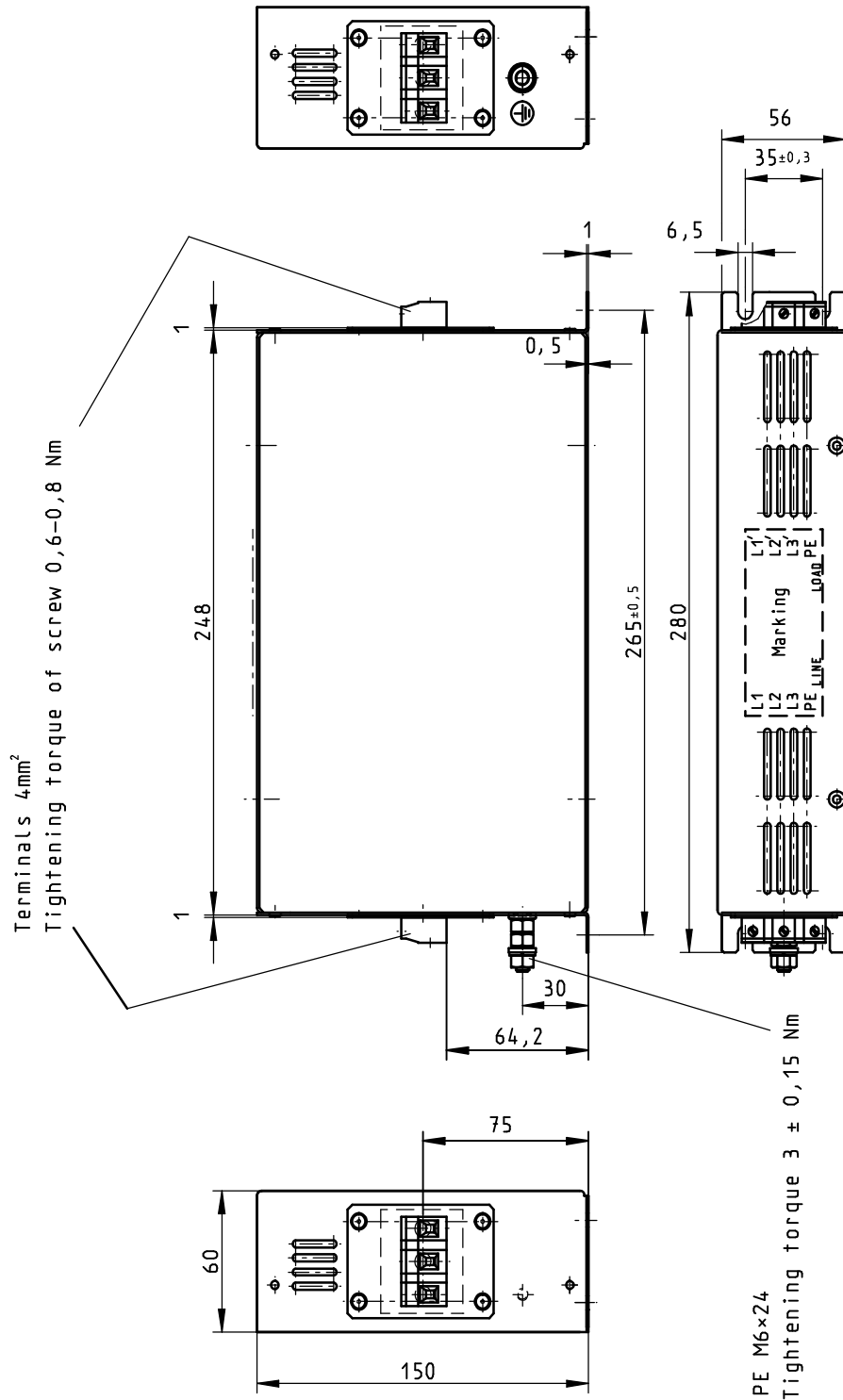
I _R	Terminal cross section mm ²	I _{leak} ²⁾ mA	R _{typ} mΩ	Approx. weight kg	Ordering code	Approvals		
								
16	4	< 37	14,5	2,5	B84143D0016R127	–	X	X
25	6	< 43	7,0	2,5	B84143D0025R127	–	X	X
36	10	< 40	4,5	3,5	B84143D0036R127	–	X	X
50	25	< 55	2,5	5,5	B84143D0050R127	–	X	X
75	50	< 73	1,0	8,0	B84143D0075R127	–	X	X
90	50	< 166	1,0	8,0	B84143D0090R127	–	X	X
120	95	< 166	1,0	14,5	B84143D0120R127	–	X	X
150	95	< 136	0,5	17,0	B84143D0150R127	–	X	X
200	95	< 139	0,5	18,5	B84143D0200R127	–	X	X

X = approval granted

– = in preparation

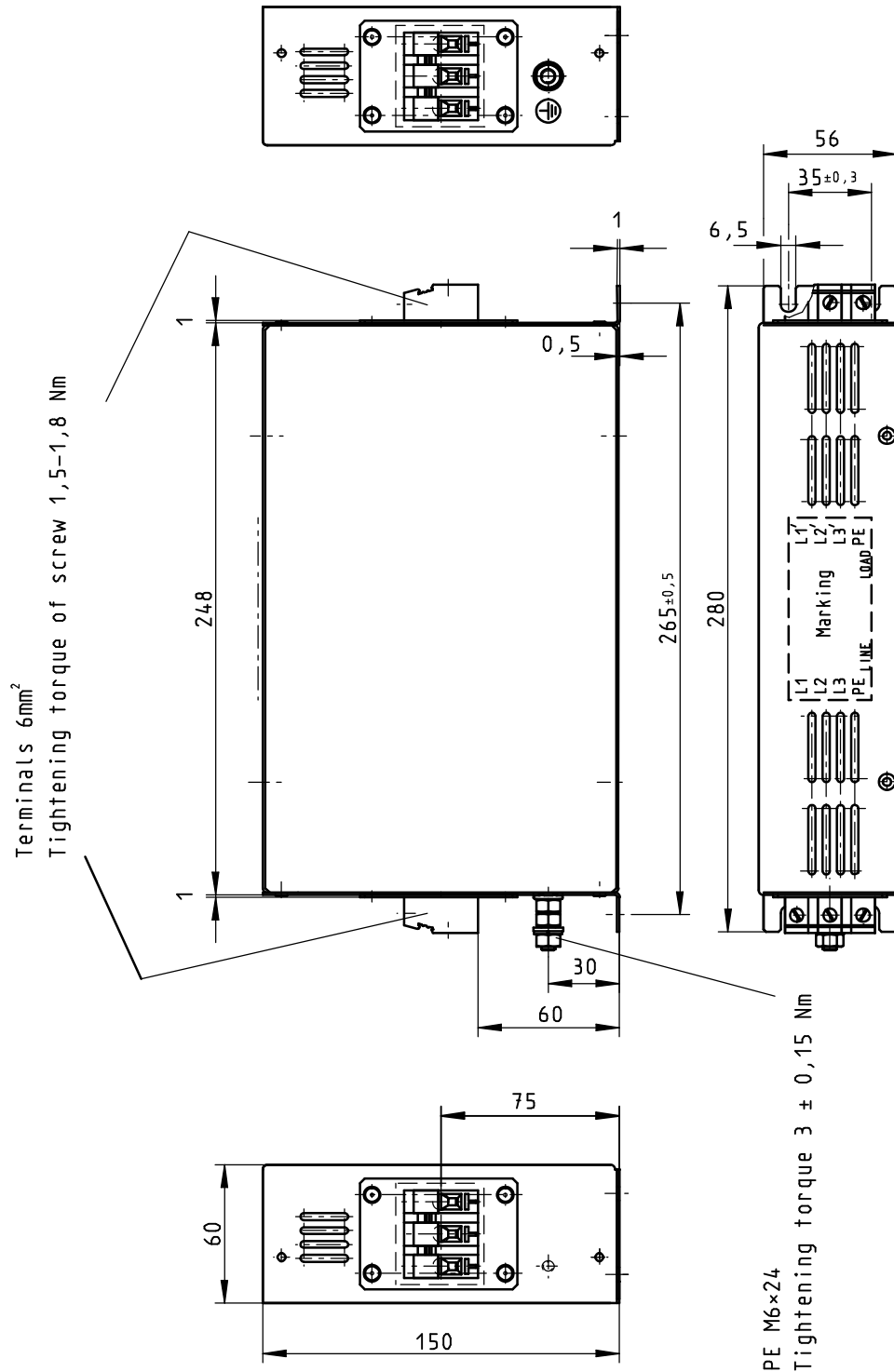
2) 3 phase operation in TN network; maximum voltage = U_R; frequency = 50 Hz without harmonics; tolerance of capacitors –20%/ 0%; worst case positioning of the components; unbalance 2% according EN 50160:2000.

Dimensional drawings B84143D0016R127

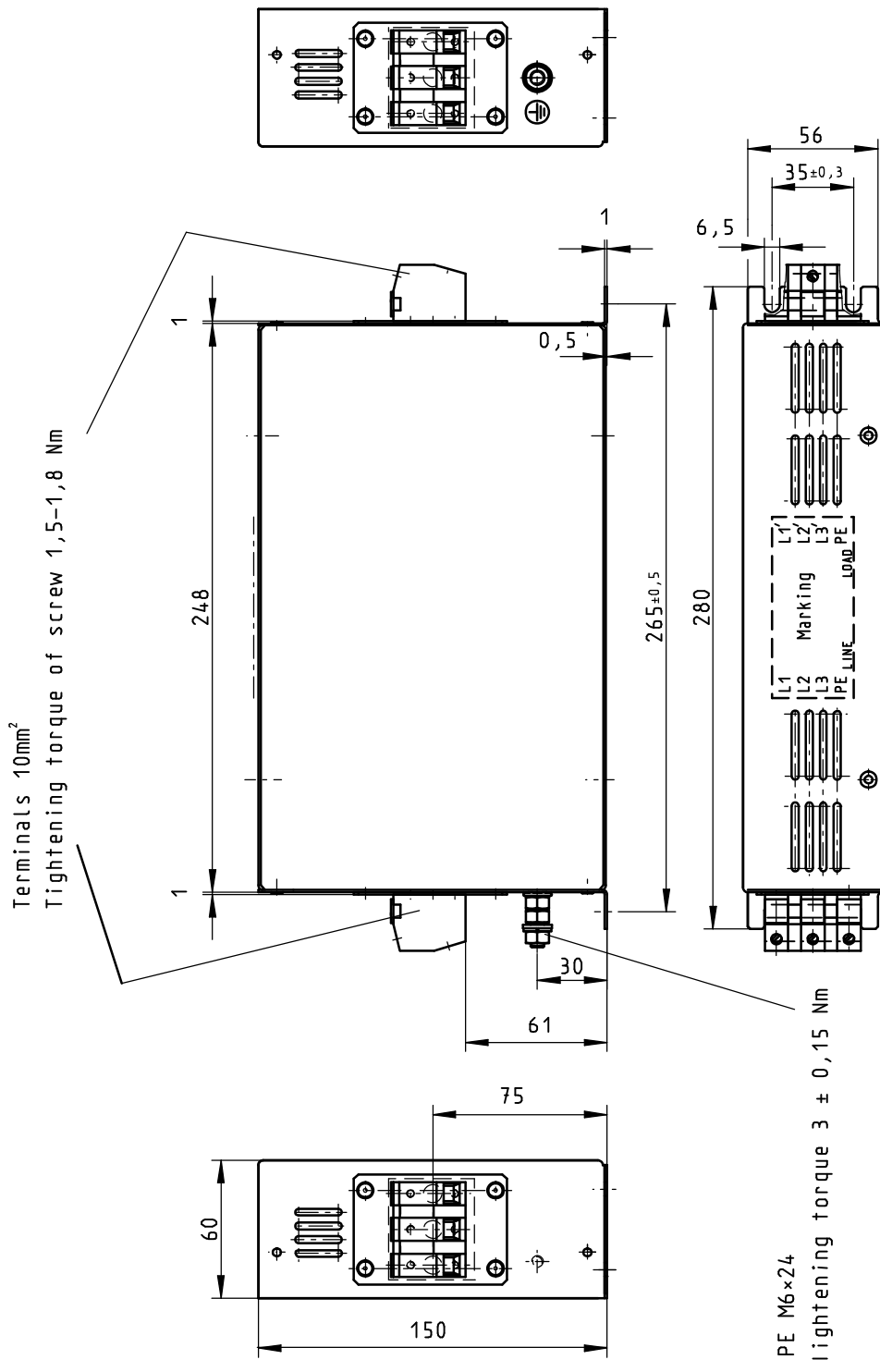


all dimensions in mm

Dimensional drawings B84143D0025R127

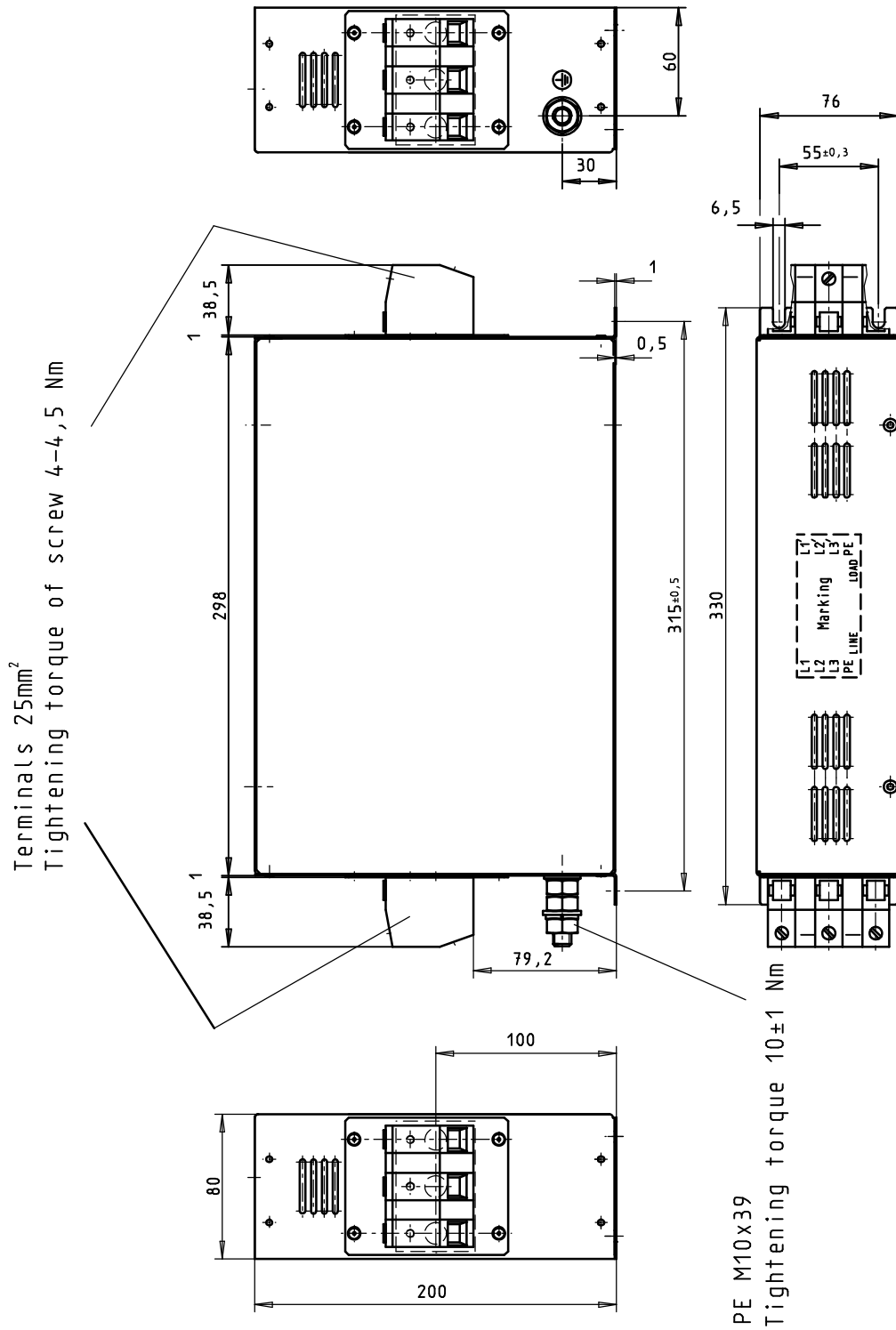


Dimensional drawings B84143D0036R127



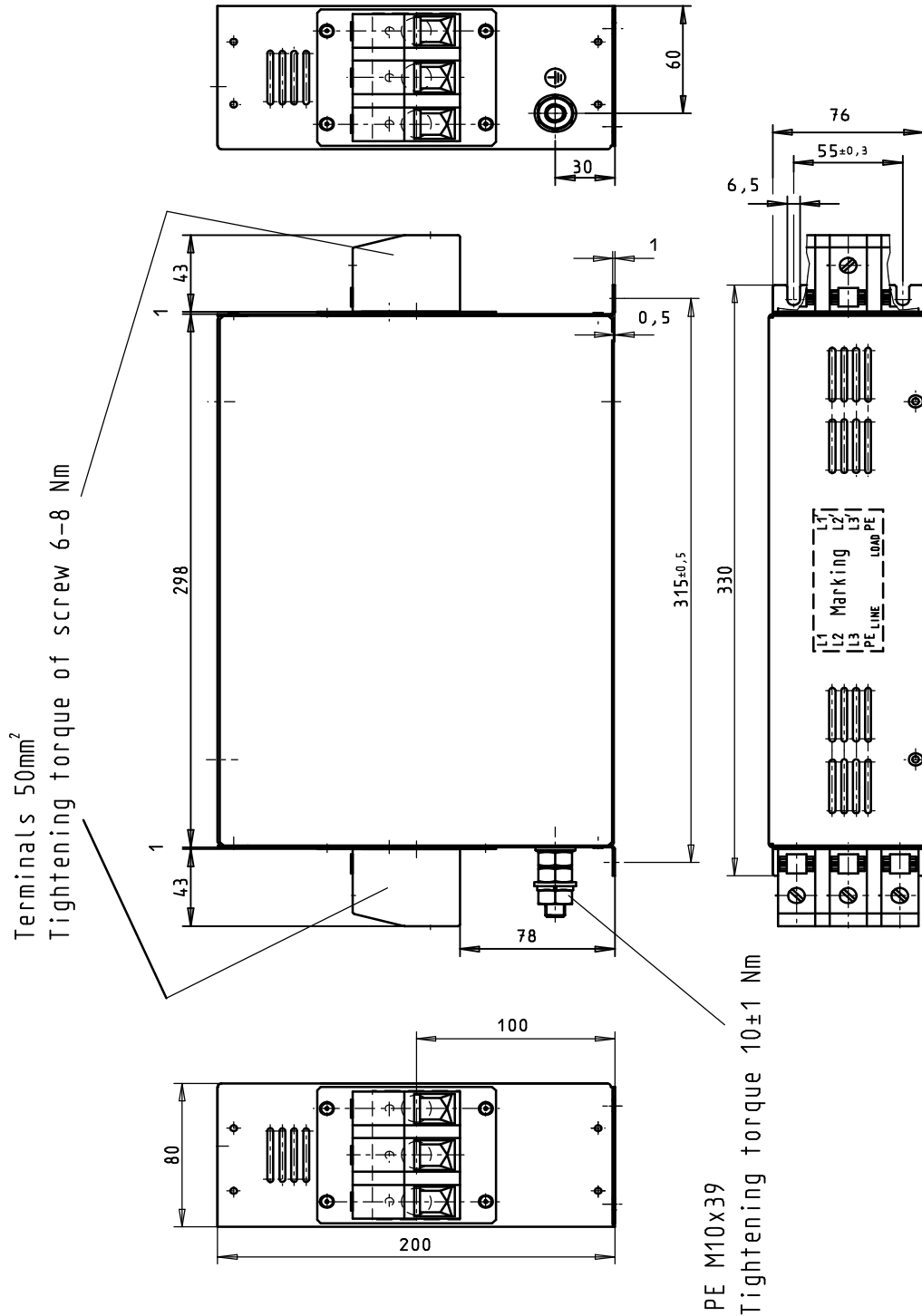
all dimensions in mm

Dimensional drawings B84143D0050R127



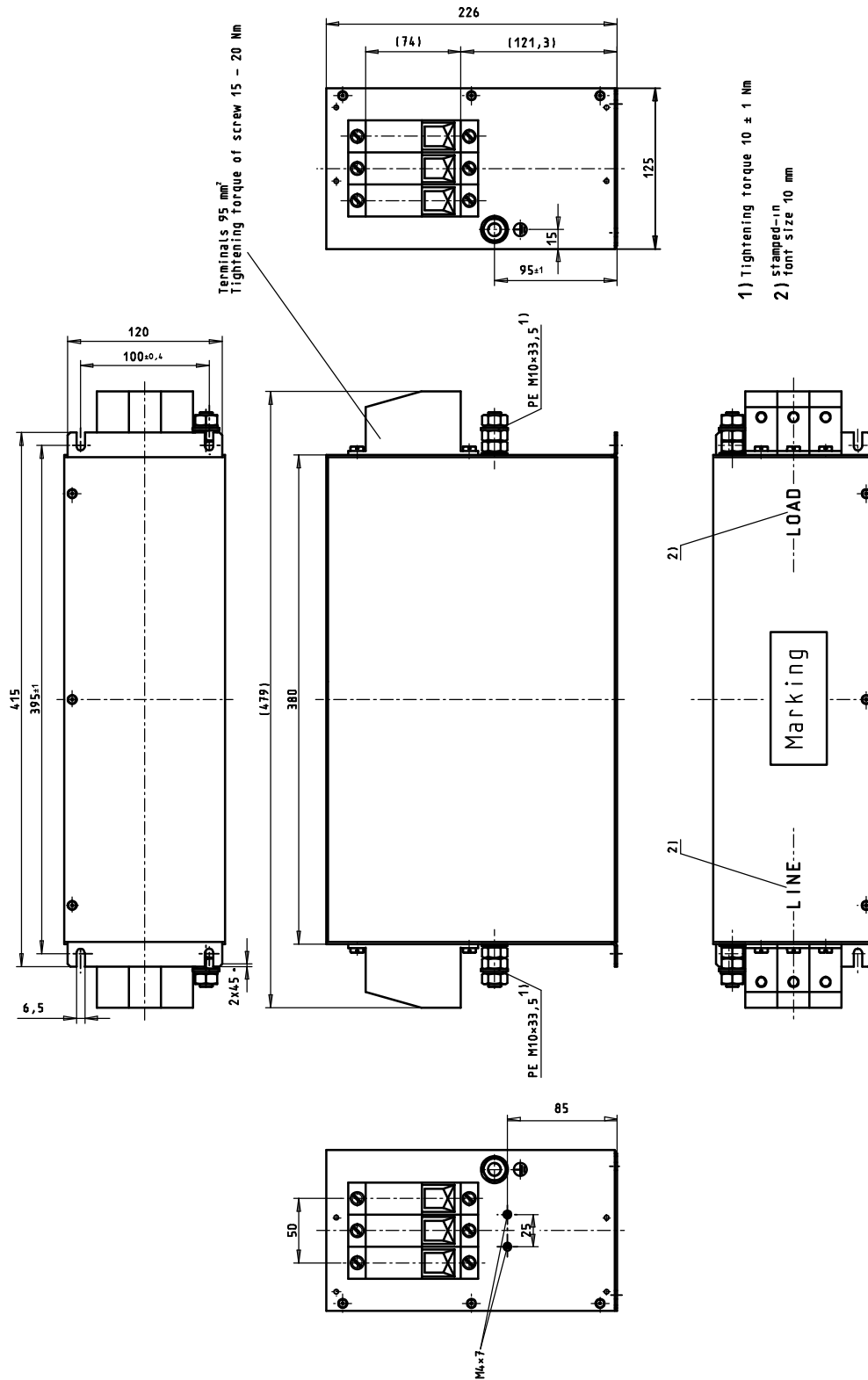
all dimensions in mm

Dimensional drawings B84143D0075R127; B84143D0090R127



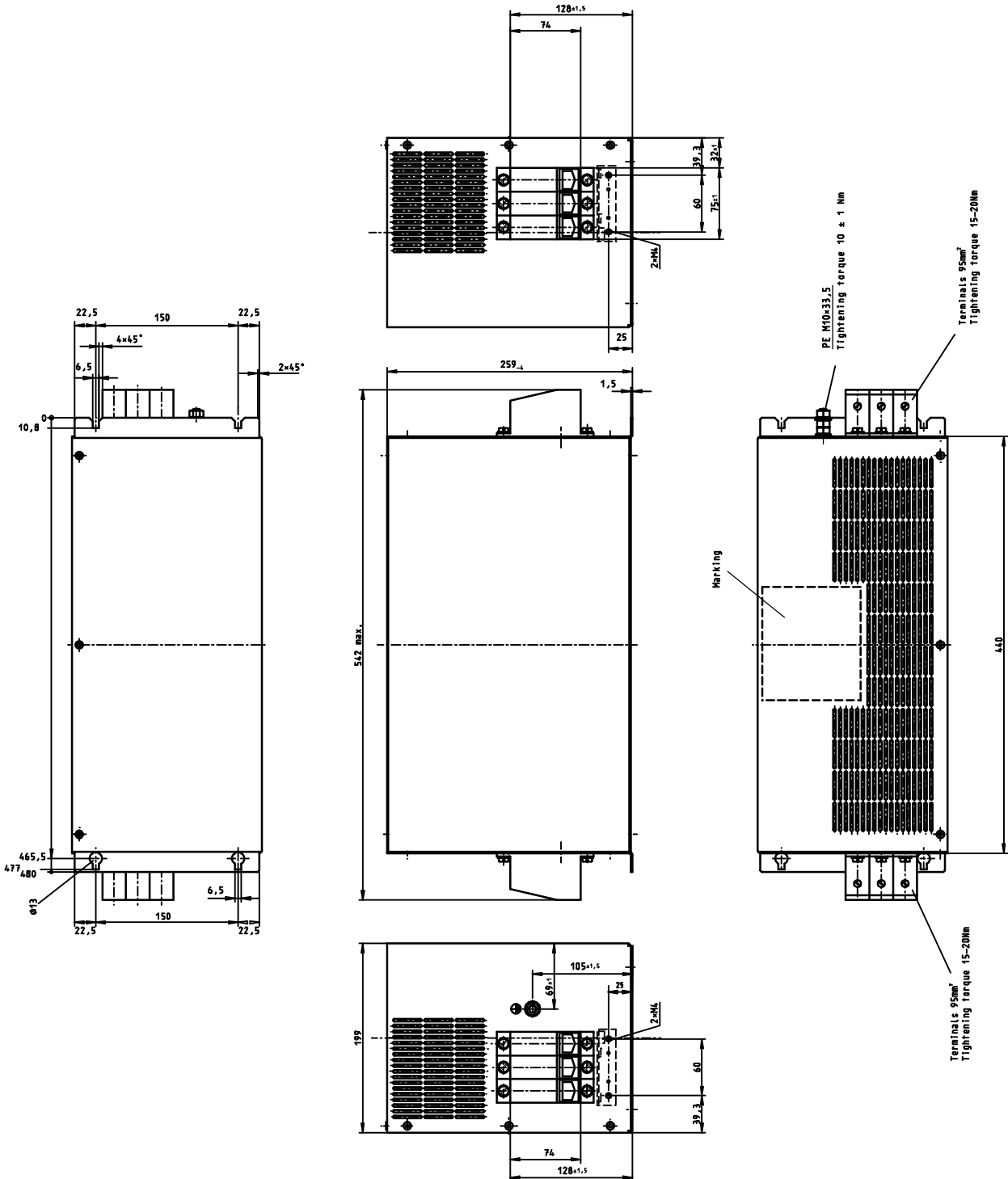
all dimensions in mm

Dimensional drawings B84143D0120R127; B84143D0150R127



all dimensions in mm

Dimensional drawings B84143D0200R127

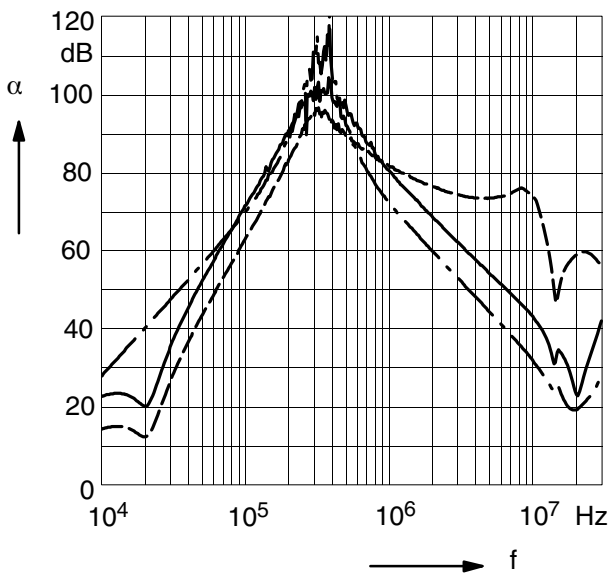


all dimensions in mm

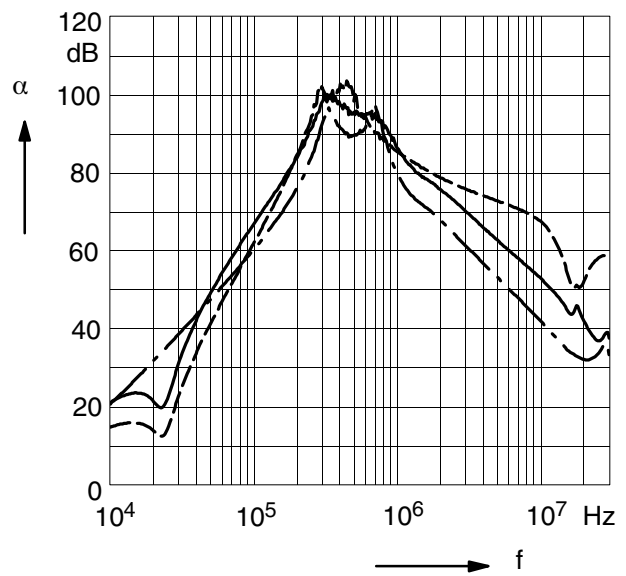
Insertion loss (typical values at $Z = 50 \Omega$)

- unsymmetrical, adjacent branches terminated
- - - common mode, all branches in parallel (asymmetrical)
- - - differential mode (symmetrical)

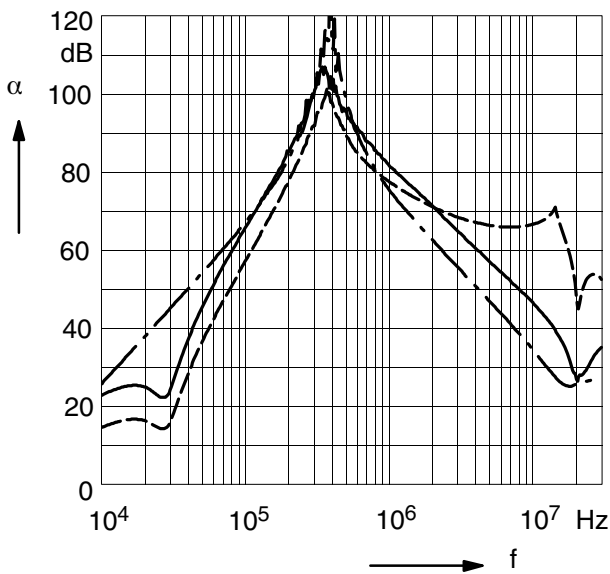
B84143D0016R127



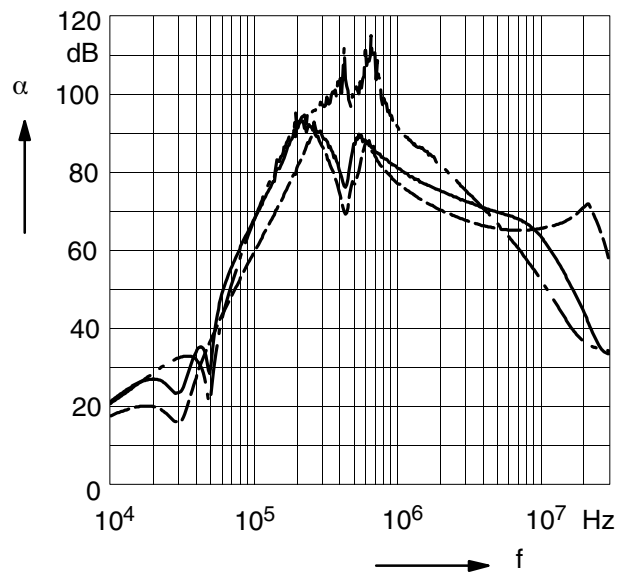
B84143D0025R127



B84143D0036R127



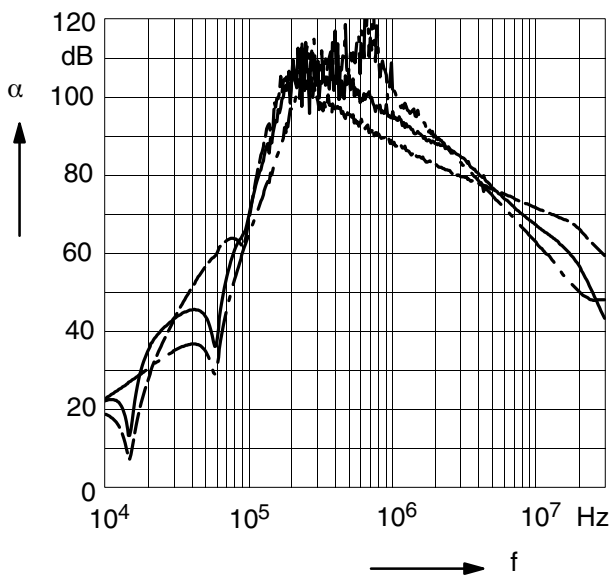
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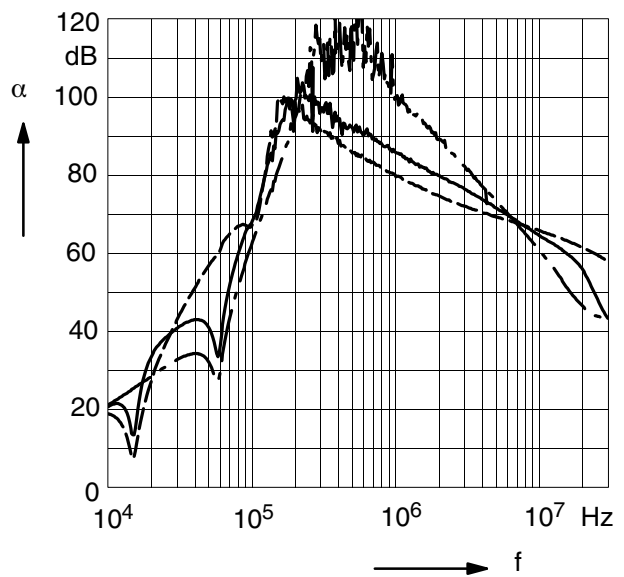
Insertion loss (typical values at $Z = 50 \Omega$)

- unsymmetrical, adjacent branches terminated
- · - common mode, all branches in parallel (asymmetrical)
- - - differential mode (symmetrical)

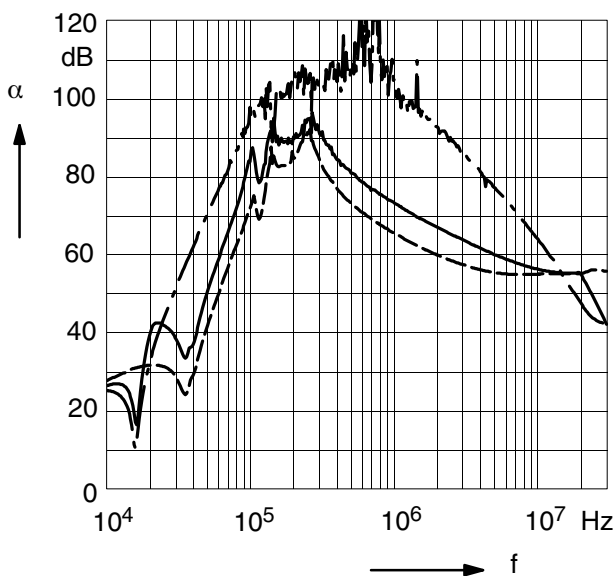
B84143D0075R127



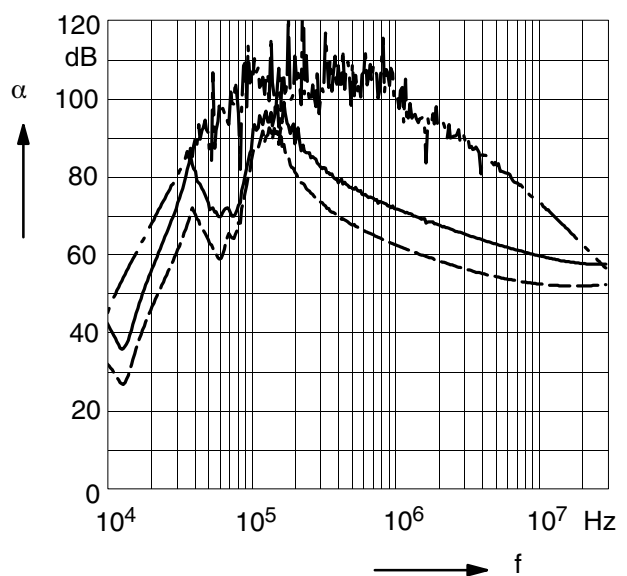
B84143D0090R127



B84143D0120R127

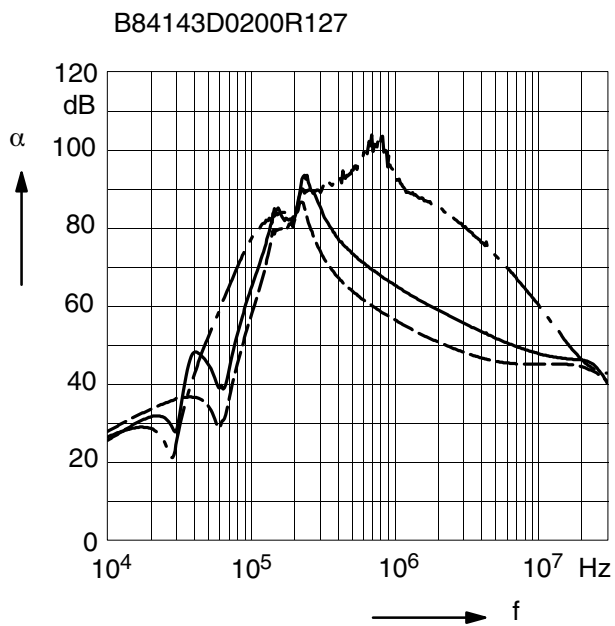


B84143D0150R127



Insertion loss (typical values at $Z = 50 \Omega$)

- unsymmetrical, adjacent branches terminated
- · - common mode, all branches in parallel (asymmetrical)
- - - differential mode (symmetrical)



Caution and warnings

- Please note the advices in our data book “EMC Filters” (latest edition); attention should be paid to the chapter “General safety notes”.
- It shall be ensured that only qualified persons (electricity specialists) are engaged on work such as planning, assembly, installation, operation, repair and maintenance. They must be provided with the corresponding documentation.
- Danger of electric shock. EMC filters contain components that store an electric charge. Dangerous voltages can continue to exist at the filter terminals for longer than five minutes even after the power has been switched off.
- The protective earth connections shall be the first to be made when the EMC filter is installed and the last to be disconnected. Depending on the magnitude of the leakage currents, the particular specifications for making the protective–earth connection must be observed.
- Impermissible overloading of the EMC filter, such as with circuits able to cause resonances, impermissible voltages at higher frequencies etc. can lead to bodily injury and death as well as cause substantial material damages (e.g. destruction of the filter housing).
- EMC filters must be protected in the application against impermissible exceeding of the rated currents by overcurrent protective.
- In case of leakage currents $> 3.5 \text{ mA}$ you shall mount the PE conductor stationary with the required cross section before beginning of operation and save it against disconnecting. For leakage currents $I_L^4) < 10 \text{ mA}$ the PE conductor must have a KU value ³⁾ of 4.5; for leakage currents $I_L \geq 10 \text{ mA}$ the PE conductor must have a KU value of 6.

3) The KU value (symbol KU) is a classification parameter of safety–referred failure types designed to ensure protection against hazardous body currents and excessive heating.

A value of KU = 4.5 with respect to interruptions is attained:

– with a permanently connected protective earth circuit $\geq 1.5 \text{ mm}^2$

– with a protective earth circuit $\geq 2.5 \text{ mm}^2$ connected via shroud connectors (IEC 60309–2).

KU = 6 with respect to interruptions is achieved for fixed–connection lines $\geq 10 \text{ mm}^2$ where the type of connection and line layout correspond to the requirements for PEN conductors as specified in relevant standards.

4) I_L = leakage current let–go

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