

## **3-Pin Microprocessor Reset Circuits**

#### **FEATURES**

Ultra-low supply current 1μA (typ.) Guaranteed reset valid to Vcc=0.9V

Available in three output types:

Open-drain active low (SS809N-xxGx)

Push-pull active low (SS809-xxGx)

Push-pull active high (SS810-xxGx)

Power-on reset pulse width min. 140ms

Internally fixed threshold 2.3V, 2.6V, 2.9V, 3.1V,

4.0V, 4.4V, 4.6V

Tight voltage threshold tolerance: 1.5%



#### **APPLICATIONS**

- Notebook Computers
- · Digital Still Cameras
- PDAs
- Critical Microprocessor Monitoring

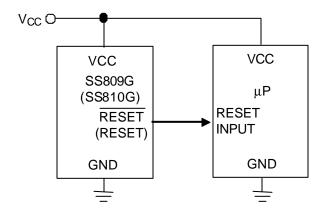
### **DESCRIPTION**

The SS809G and SS810G are low-power microprocessor ( $\mu P$ ) supervisory circuits used to monitor power supplies in  $\mu P$  and digital systems. They improve circuit reliability and reduce cost by eliminating external components.

These devices provide valid signals in applications with Vcc ranging from 6.0V down to 0.9V. The reset signal lasts for a minimum period of 140ms whenever the Vcc supply voltage falls below a preset threshold. Both the SS809G and SS810G were designed with a reset comparator to help identify invalid signals lasting less than 140ms. The only difference between the two devices is that one has an active-low RESET output and the other an active-high RESET output.

Low supply current ( $1\mu A$ ) makes the SS809G and SS810G ideal for portable equipment. The devices are available in a SOT-23-3 package.

#### TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT

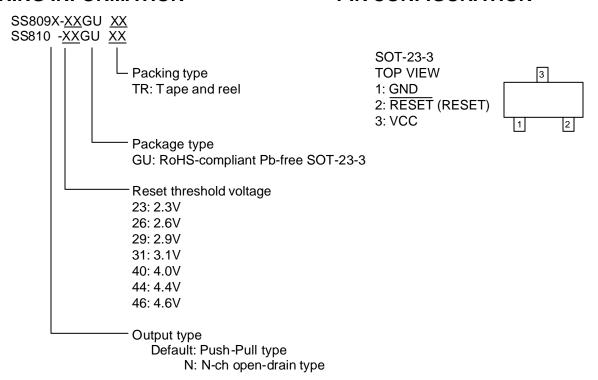


Push-Pull Output



## **ORDERING INFORMATION**

## **PIN CONFIGURATION**



Example: SS809-31GU TR

→ 3.1V, push-pull version in RoHS-compliant SOT-23-3, shipped in tape and reel

### **SOT-23 Part Marking**

Part No.	Marking
SS809-23GU	RA23P
SS809-26GU	RA26P
SS809-29GU	RA29P
SS809-31GU	RA31P
SS809-40GU	RA40P
SS809-44GU	RA44P
SS809-46GU	RA46P

Part No.	Marking
SS809N-23GU	RB23P
SS809N-26GU	RB26P
SS809N-29GU	RB29P
SS809N-31GU	RB31P
SS809N-40GU	RB40P
SS809N-44GU	RB44P
SS809N-46GU	RB46P

Part No.	Marking
SS810-23GU	RD23P
SS810-26GU	RD26P
SS810-29GU	RD29P
SS810-31GU	RD31P
SS810-40GU	RD40P
SS810-44GU	RD44P
SS810-46GU	RD46P

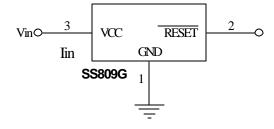


# **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

V <sub>CC</sub>	-0.3V ~6.5V
RESET, RESET	-0.3V ~ (VCC+0.3V)
Input Current (V <sub>CC</sub> )	20mA
Output Current (RESET or RESET)	20mA
Continuous Power Dissipation ( $T_A = +70^{\circ}C$ )	320mW
Operating Junction Temperature Range	-40°C ~ 85°C
Storage Temperature Range	- 65°C ~ 125°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering) 10 sec	260°C

Note1: Any stress beyond the Absolute Maximum Ratings above may cause permanent damage to the device.

## **TEST CIRCUIT**





## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

(Typical values are at T<sub>A</sub>=25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Operating Voltage Range	V <sub>CC</sub>			0.9		6	V
Supply Current	Icc	$V_{CC} = V_{TH} + 0.1V$			1	3	μΑ
		SS809-23	T <sub>A</sub> =+25°C	2.265	2.3	2.335	V
			$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$	2.254		2.346	
		SS809-26	T <sub>A</sub> =+25°C	2.561	2.6	2.639	
			$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$	2.548		2.652	
		SS809-29	T <sub>A</sub> =+25°C	2.857	2.9	2.944	
		33609-29	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$	2.842		2.958	
Reset Threshold	V	SS809-31	T <sub>A</sub> =+25°C	3.054	3.1	3.147	
	Vтн		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$	3.038		3.162	
		SS809-40	T <sub>A</sub> =+25°C	3.940	4.0	4.060	
			$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$	3.920		4.080	
		SS809-44	T <sub>A</sub> =+25°C	4.334	4.4	4.466	
			$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$	4.312		4.488	
		SS809-46	T <sub>A</sub> =+25°C	4.531	4.6	4.669	
			$T_A=-40$ °C to +85°C	4.508		4.692	
V <sub>cc</sub> to Reset Delay	T <sub>RD</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> =V <sub>TH</sub> to (V <sub>TH</sub> -0.1V), V <sub>TH</sub> =3.1V			20		μS
Donat Active Timesout Donied		$V_{CC} = V_{TH (MAX)}$	T <sub>A</sub> =+25°C	140	230	560	mS
Reset Active Timeout Period			$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$	100		1030	
DECET Output Valtage	V <sub>OH</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> =V <sub>TH</sub> +0.1V, I <sub>SOURCE</sub> =1mA		0.8V <sub>CC</sub>			V
RESET Output Voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> =V <sub>TH</sub> - 0.1V, I <sub>SINK</sub> =1mA				0.2Vcc	
RESET Output Voltage	V <sub>OH</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> =V <sub>TH</sub> -0.1V, I <sub>SOURCE</sub> =1mA V <sub>CC</sub> =V <sub>TH</sub> +0.1V, I <sub>SINK</sub> =1mA		0.8V <sub>CC</sub>			V
Treat output voltage	$V_{OL}$					0.2Vcc	

Note2: RESET output is for the SS809G; RESET output is for the SS810G.

Note3: Specifications for operating temperature ranges from -40°C to 85°C are guaranteed by Statistical Quality Controls (SQC), with no production testing.



### TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

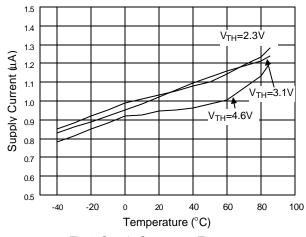


Fig 1 Supply Current vs. Temperature

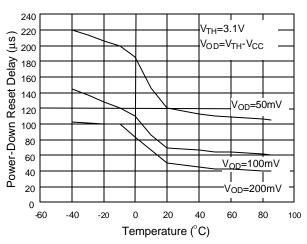


Fig 3 Power-Down Reset Delay vs. Temperature

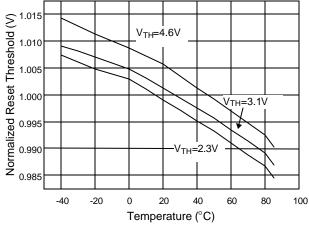


Fig 5 Normalized Reset Threshold vs. Temperature

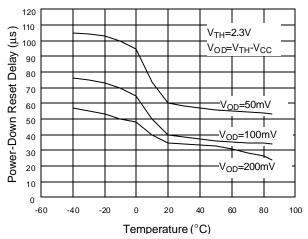


Fig 2 Power-Down Reset Delay vs. Temperature

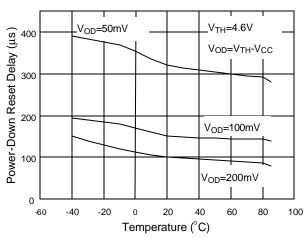


Fig 4 Power-Down Reset Delay vs. Temperature

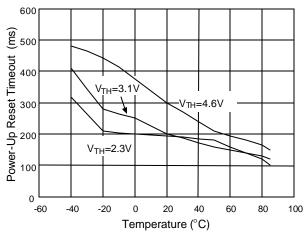
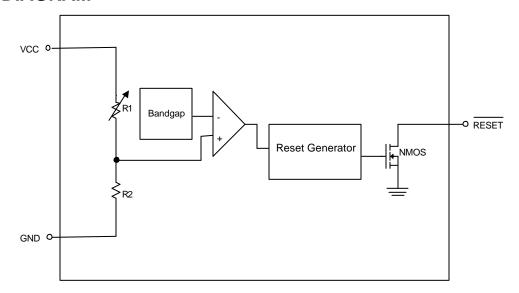


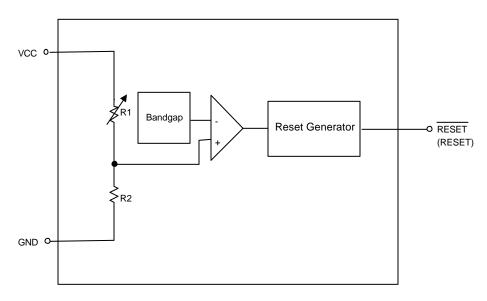
Fig 6 Power-Up Reset Timeout vs. Temperature



## **BLOCK DIAGRAM**



N-ch Open-Drain Type



Push-Pull Type

## **PIN DESCRIPTIONS**

GND Pin : Ground.

RESET Pin (SS809G) : Active low output pin. RESET Output remains low while Vcc is below the reset

RESET Pin (SS810G) : Active high output pin. RESET output remains high while Vcc is below the reset threshold.

Vcc Pin : Supply voltage.



#### DETAILED DESCRIPTIONS OF TECHNICAL TERMS

#### RESET OUTPUT

The  $\mu P$  will be activated at a valid reset state. These  $\mu P$  supervisory circuits assert reset to prevent code execution errors during power-up, power-down, or brownout conditions.

RESET is guaranteed to be a logic low for  $V_{TH}>V_{CC}>0.9V$ . Once  $V_{CC}$  exceeds the reset threshold, an internal timer keeps  $\overline{RESET}$  low for the reset timeout period; after this interval,  $\overline{RESET}$  goes high.

If a brownout condition occurs ( $V_{CC}$  drops below the reset threshold),  $\overline{RESET}$  goes low. Any time  $V_{CC}$  goes below the reset threshold, the internal timer resets to zero, and  $\overline{RESET}$  goes low. The internal timer is activated after  $V_{CC}$  returns above the reset

threshold, and  $\overline{\text{RESET}}$  remains low for the reset timeout period.

# BENEFITS OF HIGHLY ACCURATE RESET THRESHOLD

The SS809G and SS810G with specified voltage as  $5V\pm 10\%$  or  $3V\pm 10\%$  are ideal for systems using a  $5V\pm 5\%$  or  $3V\pm 5\%$  power supply. The reset is guaranteed to assert after the power supply falls out of regulation, but before the power drops below the minimum specified operating voltage range of the system ICs. The pre-trimmed thresholds reduce the range over which an undesirable reset may occur.

#### APPLICATION INFORMATION

#### **NEGATIVE-GOING VCC TRANSIENTS**

In addition to issuing a reset to the  $\mu P$  during power-up, power-down, and brownout conditions, the SS809G series are relatively resistant to short-duration negative-going VCC transients.

# ENSURING A VALID RESET OUTPUT DOWN TO VCC=0

When VCC falls below 0.9V, the SS809G RESET output no longer sinks current; it becomes an open circuit. In this case, high-impedance CMOS logic inputs connected to RESET can drift to undetermined voltages. Therefore, the SS809G/810G are perfect for most CMOS applications down to VCC

of 0.9V. However in applications where RESET must be valid down to 0V, adding a pull-down resistor to RESET causes any leakage currents to flow to ground, holding RESET low.

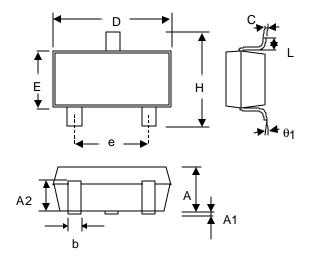
# INTERFACING TO A MICROPROCESSOR WITH BIDIRECTIONAL RESET PINS

The  $\overline{\text{RESET}}$  output on the SS809N is open drain, and this device interfaces easily with  $\mu Ps$  that have bidirectional reset pins. Connecting the  $\mu P$  supervisor's  $\overline{\text{RESET}}$  output directly to the microcontroller's  $\overline{\text{RESET}}$  pin with a single pull-up resistor allows either device to assert reset.



### PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS

**SOT-23-3 (unit: mm)** 



SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	
А	1.00	1.30	
A1	_	0.10	
A2	0.70	0.90	
b	0.35	0.50	
С	0.10	0.25	
D	2.70	3.10	
Е	1.40	1.80	
е	1.90 (TYP)		
Н	2.60	3.00	
L	0.37	_	
θ1	1°	9°	

Information furnished by Silicon Standard Corporation is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, Silicon Standard Corporation makes no guarantee or warranty, express or implied, as to the reliability, accuracy, timeliness or completeness of such information and assumes no responsibility for its use, or for infringement of any patent or other intellectual property rights of third parties that may result from its use. Silicon Standard reserves the right to make changes as it deems necessary to any products described herein for any reason, including without limitation enhancement in reliability, functionality or design. No license is granted, whether expressly or by implication, in relation to the use of any products described herein or to the use of any information provided herein, under any patent or other intellectual property rights of Silicon Standard Corporation or any third parties.