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AMENDENT HISTORY

Version	Date	Description		
Ver1.0	April 24, 2009	First issue.		
Ver1.1	April 28, 2009	Revise system clock and electrical characteristics.		



1. INTRODUCTION

SNC21060A is a one-channel voice synthesizer IC with Push-Pull direct drive circuit. It built-in a 4-bit tiny controller with three 4-bit I/O ports. By programming through the tiny controller in SNC21060A, user's varied applications including voice section combination, key trigger arrangement, output control, and other logic functions can be easily implemented.

2. FEATURES

- Single power supply 2.4V 5.5V
- System Clock is 2MHz, the instruction cycle is 4us
- 60 seconds voice capacity are provided (@6KHZ sample rate)
- Built in a 4-bit tiny controller
- I/O Port
 - > Three 4-bit I/O ports P1, P2 and P3 are provided
 - The driving/sink current of P3.2 & P3.3 is up to 8mA/16mA
 - ➤ The IO pins P3.3 or P2.3 can be modulated with 38.5Khz carry signal to implement IR function.
 - Without PWM IO
- 80*4 bits RAM are provided
- Maximum 16k program ROM is provided
- 184K*10 shared ROM for voice data and program
- Readable ROM code data
- Built-in one channel High Quality speech synthesizer
- Adaptive playing speed from 2.5k-20kHz is provided
- Automatic repetition
- Support 5-bit ADPCM and 10 bit PCM format
- Built in an 8-level volume control Push-Pull Direct Drive circuit output, can directly connected to Speaker for sound output
- 12 bit Push-Pull DA output.
- Event Mark function supported
- Low-Voltage Detect circuit
- Watch Dog Timer Reset function.

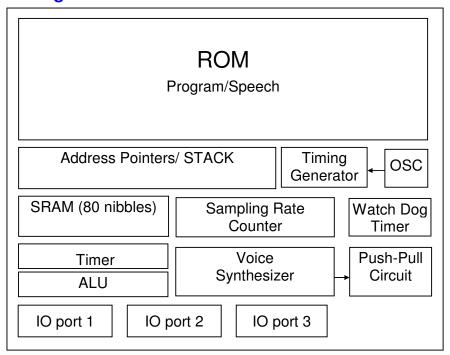
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3. PIN ASSIGNMENT

Symbol	I/O	Function Description		
P10~P13	I/O	I/O port 1: IO		
P20~P23	I/O	I/O port 2: IO		
P30~P33	I/O	I/O port 3: IO		
RST	ı	Reset Chip (Active H)		
TEST	ı	Test Pin		
OSC	I	Oscillation component connection pin		
DAON	0	Push-Pull output 1		
DAOP	0	Push-Pull output 2		
VDDIO	ı	Positive power supply		
GNDIO	ı	Negative power supply		
VDD	I	Positive power supply		
GND	I	Negative power supply		

4. Block Diagram



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5. FUNCTION DESCRIPTIONS

5.1 Oscillator

System clock define 2 MHz, the source provided by external resistor ring oscillator.

5.2 **ROM**

SNC21060A contains a substantial maximum 184K words (10-bit) internal ROM, which is shared by program and resource data. Program, voice and data are shared within this same 184K words ROM.

5.3 **RAM**

SNC21060A contains maximum 80 nibble RAM (80 x 4-bits). The 80 nibble RAM is divided into eight pages (page 0 to page 4, 16 nibble RAM on each page). In our programming structure, users can use the instructions, PAGE n (n=0 to 4) to switch and indicate the RAM page. Besides, users can use direct mode, $M0 \sim M15$ in the data transfer type instructions, to access all 16 nibbles of each page.

5.4 Power Down Mode

"End" instruction makes the IC entering into Stop Mode will stop the system clock for power savings (<3uA @VDD=3V and <6uA @VDD=4.5V.) Any valid data transition ($L\rightarrow H$ or $H\rightarrow L$) occurring on any IO pin can be used to start the system clock and return to normal operating mode.

5.5 Sampling Rate Counter

The unique sampling rate counter is designed in voice channel to be able to play diverse voices at different sample playing rates. The playing rate can be adaptively set up among from the wide ranges of 2.5KHz to 20KHz. This architecture yields a high-quality voice synthesis that sounds very close to its original source when played through the same amplifier and speaker circuitry.

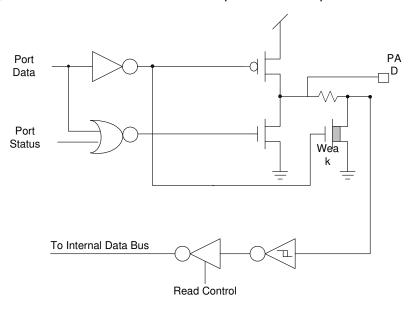
5.6 Auto Repeat Function

A voice section can be repeated by the built-in special hardware of SNC21060A without any software effort. The function activated by setting the corresponding bit of a control register. Once the control register was setting, the channel will continue to play the voice section (the Next Section).



5.7 I/O Ports

There are three 4-bit I/O ports P1, P2 and P3. Any I/O can be individually programmed as either input pull low or output. Any valid data transition ($H \rightarrow L$ or $L \rightarrow H$) of P1, P2 and P3 can reactivate the chip when it is in power-down stage.



I/O Port Configuration

Note:

- (1) Weak N-MOS can serve as pull-low resistor.
- (2) The driving/sink current of P3.3 & P3.2 is up to 8mA/16mA

5.8 IR Function

Bit 3 of Mode Register is applied to control the IR function. P33 can be modulated with 38.5KHz square wave before sent out to P3.3 or P2.3 pin. P3.3 and P2.3 out is controlled by Mode1.1. If Mode1.1 set 1 IR is use P2.3, set "0" is use P3.3. The IR signal can be achieved by this modulated signal.

5.9 Watch Dog Timer

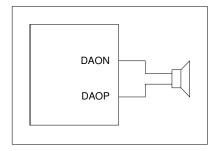
SNC21060A built-in an internal WDT (Watch Dog Timer). This Watchdog timer would issue resets signal to this chip if it is not cleared before reaching terminal count (1sec). The watchdog timer is enabled at reset and cannot be disabled.

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5.10 Push-Pull Output

An 8-level volume control Push-Pull DAC circuit is built-in SNC21060A. The maximum resolution of Push-Pull DAC is 12 bits. Two huge output stage circuits are designed in SNC21060A. With this advanced circuit, the chip is capable of driving speaker directly without external transistors.



Push-Pull Output

5.11 Event Mark

This is a new function for SNC21060A series, it allows user to add a special mark in wave data by the voice edit tool "CoolEdit", "Goldwav", "SoundForge". User can insert event tags in anywhere of his wave file and can easy to get this special code to do his special action during voice playing. That means, it should be easily to control the I/O (such as LED or Motor) and other actions to synchronize with voice.

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6. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING

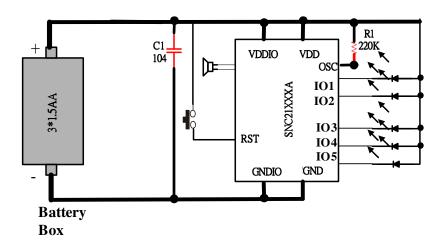
Items	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit.
Supply Voltage	V_{DD} - V	-0.3	6.0	V
Input Voltage	V _{IN}	V _{SS} -0.3	$V_{DD}+0.3$	V
Operating Temperature	T _{OP}	0	55.0	°C
Storage Temperature	T _{STG}	-55.0	125.0	°C

7. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Item	Sym.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
Operating Voltage	V_{DD}	2.4	3.0	5.5	٧	
Standby current	I_{SBY}	-	3.0	-	иA	V _{DD} =3V, no load
			5.0			V _{DD} =4.5V, no load
Operating Current	I_{OPR}	-	300	-	иA	V _{DD} =3V, no load
Input current of	I _{IH}	-	3.0	-	иA	$V_{DD}=3V,V_{IN}=3V$
P1, P2, P3						
Drive current of	I_{OD}	3	4	-	mΑ	$V_{DD}=3V,V_{O}=2.4V$
P10~P1.3, P20~P2.3,						
P3.0, P3.1						
Sink Current of	los	4	6	-	mΑ	$V_{DD}=3V, V_{O}=0.4V$
P10~P1.3, P20~P2.3,						
P3.0, P3.1						
Drive current of P3.2, P3.3	I_{OD}	6	8	-	mА	$V_{DD}=3V, V_{O}=2.4V$
Sink current of P3.2, P3.3	los	10	16	-	mА	$V_{DD}=3V, V_{O}=2.4V$
Push-Pull current	I_{PP}	-	70	-	mΑ	VDD=3V, Output 1K
						Sin wave.
Push-Pull current	I_{PP}	-	100	-	mΑ	VDD=4.5V, Ouput 1K
						Sin wave.
Oscillation Freq.	Fosc	1.98	2.05	2.12	MHz	V _{DD} =3V TEMP.=25°C
						Min: -3%
						Max: +3%



8. APPLICATION CIRCUIT 8.1 General application

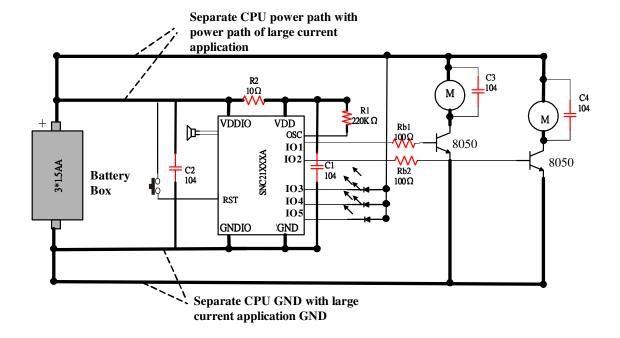


It is suggested to add a capacitor (C1), 104, between VDD with GND to keep power stable with general application. And this capacitor is strongly suggested to be as close to the chip as possible.

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8.2 Motor application



There are some suggestions about PCB layout when user use SNC21XXXA series IC with motor applications.

- (1) The capacitor C1 (104) C2 (104) is strongly suggested to be as close to the chip as possible.
- (2) It had better let OSC components (R) get close to IC chip.
- (3) OSC components had better get far away large current applications.
- (4) Separate IC power path with large current application power path to avoid affect IC working by power drop from large current application.
- (5) R2 (10_{Ω})separate VDDIO and CVDD.
- (6) Let power cable thicker, especially for large current application.
- (7) C3 and C4 (104) are connected at the positive point and negative point of the motor.



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