

256MBit MOBILE SDR SDRAMs based on 4M x 4Bank x16 I/O

Document Title 4Bank x 4M x 16bits Synchronous DRAM

Revision History

Revision No.	History	Draft Date	Remark
0.1	Initial Draft	Aug. 2004	Preliminary
0.2	Modification of IDD Current	Oct. 2004	Preliminary
0.3	Modification of IDD3P & IDD3PS IDD3P / IDD3PS : 3mA / 2mA> 5mA / 5mA	Jan. 2005	Preliminary
1.0	Final revision	Jul. 2005	



DESCRIPTION

The Hynix Low Power SDRAM(Mobile SDR) is suited for non-PC application which use the batteries such as PDAs, 2.5G and 3G cellular phones with internet access and multimedia capabilities, mini-notebook, handheld PCs.

The Hynix HYESER/ELE(R) is a 248 425 456 bit CMOS Synchropous Dynamic Pandom Assess Memory. It is expanized.

The Hynix HY5S5B6ELF(P) is a 268,435,456bit CMOS Synchronous Dynamic Random Access Memory. It is organized as 4banks of 4,194,304x16.

The Low Power SDRAM(Mobile SDR) provides for programmable options including CAS latency of 1, 2, or 3, READ or WRITE burst length of 1, 2, 4, 8, or full page, and the burst count sequence(sequential or interleave). And the Low Power SDRAM(Mobile SDR) also provides for special programmable options including Partial Array Self Refresh of a quarter bank, a half bank, 1bank, 2banks, or all banks.

The Hynix HY5S5B6ELF(P) has the special Low Power function of Auto TCSR(Temperature Compensated Self Refresh) to reduce self refresh current consumption. Since an internal temperature sensor is implanted, it enables to automatically adjust refresh rate according to temperature without external EMRS command. A burst of Read or Write cycles in progress can be terminated by a burst terminate command or can be interrupted and replaced by a new burst Read or Write command on any cycle(This pipelined design is not restricted by a 2N rule).

Deep Power Down Mode is a additional operating mode for Low Power SDRAM(Mobile SDR). This mode can achieve maximum power reduction by removing power to the memory array within each SDRAM. By using this feature, the system can cut off alomost all DRAM power without adding the cost of a power switch and giving up mother-board power-line layout flexibility.

FEATURES

Standard SDRAM Protocol

- Internal 4bank operation
- Power Supply Voltage: VDD = 1.8V, VDDQ = 1.8V
- LVCMOS compatible I/O Interface
- Low Voltage interface to reduce I/O power
- Low Power Features
- PASR(Partial Array Self Refresh)
- Auto TCSR (Temperature Compensated Self Refresh)
- DS (Drive Strength)
- Deep Power Down Mode

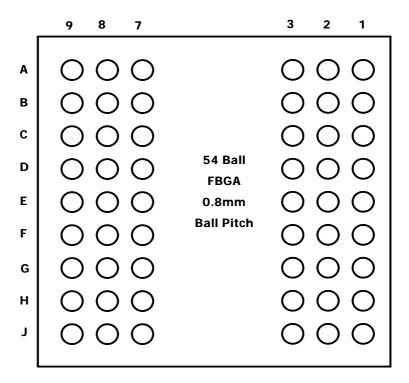
- Programmable CAS latency of 1, 2 or 3
- -25°C ~ 85°C Operation
- Package Type
- : 54ball, 0.8mm pitch FBGA (Lead Free, Lead)
- HY5S5B6ELFP : Lead Free
- HY5S5B6ELF : Lead

256M SDRAM ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number	Clock Frequency	CAS Latency	Organization	Interface	54Ball FBGA	
HY5S5B6ELF-HE	133MHz	3			Lead	
HY5S5B6ELF-SE	105MHz	3	4banks x 4Mb x 16	LVCMOS	LCau	
HY5S5B6ELFP-HE	133MHz	3	TO TOURS A TIVID A TO	LVCIVIOS	Lead Free	
HY5S5B6ELFP-SE	105MHz	3			Load TTCC	



BALL DESCRIPTION



<Bottom View>

1	2	3		7	8	9
VSS	DQ15	VSSQ	Α	VDDQ	DQ0	VDD
DQ14	DQ13	VDDQ	В	VSSQ	DQ2	DQ1
DQ12	DQ11	VSSQ	С	VDDQ	DQ4	DQ3
DQ10	DQ9	VDDQ	D	VSSQ	DQ6	DQ5
DQ8	NC	VSS	Ε	VDD	LDQM	DQ7
UDQM	CLK	CKE	F	/CAS	/RAS	/WE
A12	A11	A9	G	BA0	BA1	/CS
A8	A7	A6	Н	A0	A1	A10
VSS	A5	A4	J	A3	A2	VDD

< Top View >



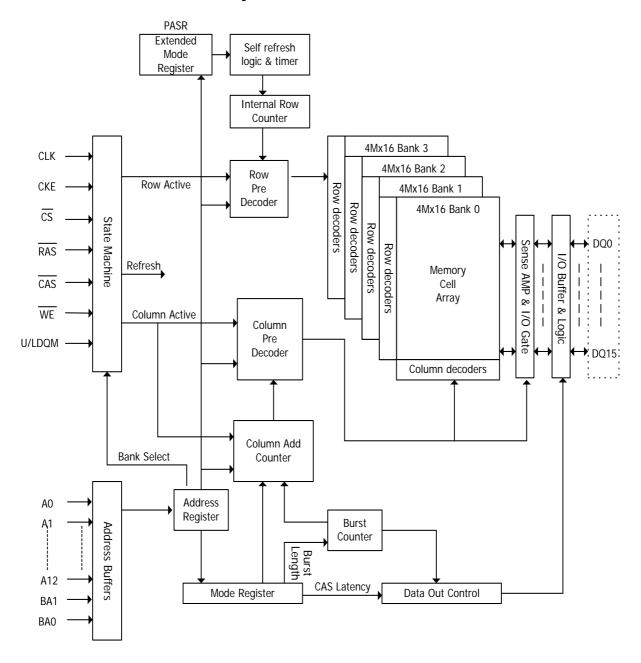
BALL DESCRIPTION

Ball Out	SYMBOL	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
F2	CLK	INPUT	Clock : The system clock input. All other inputs are registered to the SDRAM on the rising edge of CLK
F3	CKE	INPUT	Clock Enable: Controls internal clock signal and when deactivated, the SDRAM will be one of the states among (deep) power down, suspend or self refresh
G9	CS	INPUT	Chip Select : Enables or disables all inputs except CLK, CKE, UDQM and LDQM
G7,G8	BAO, BA1	INPUT	Bank Address : Selects bank to be activated during RAS activity Selects bank to be read/written during CAS activity
H7, H8, J8, J7, J3, J2, H3, H2, H1, G1, G3, H9, G2	A0 ~ A12	INPUT	Row Address: RA0 ~ RA12, Column Address: CA0 ~ CA8 Auto-precharge flag: A10
F8, F7, F9	RAS, CAS, WE	INPUT	Command Inputs : RAS, CAS and WE define the operation Refer function truth table for details
F1, E8	UDQM, LDQM	INPUT	Data Mask: Controls output buffers in read mode and masks input data in write mode
A8, B9, B8, C9, C8, D9, D8, E9, E1, D2, D1, C2, C1, B2, B1, A2	DQ0 ~ DQ15	I/O	Data Input/Output : Multiplexed data input/output pin
A9, E7, J9, A1, E3, J1	VDD/VSS	SUPPLY	Power supply for internal circuits
A7, B3, C7, D3, A3, B7, C3, D7	VDDQ/VSSQ	SUPPLY	Power supply for output buffers
E2, G1	NC	=	No connection



FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM

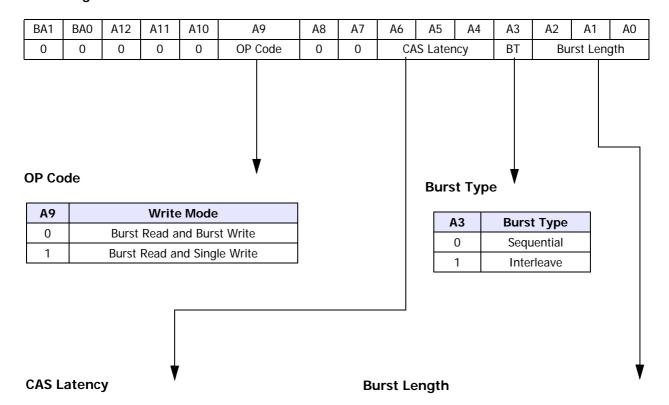
4Mbit x 4banks x 16 I/O Mobile Synchronous DRAM





BASIC FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

Mode Register



A6	A 5	A4	CAS Latency
0	0	0	Reserved
0	0	1	1
Ω	1	Ω	2

0	1	0	2
0	1	1	3
1	0	0	Reserved
1	0	1	Reserved
1	1	0	Reserved

Reserved

1

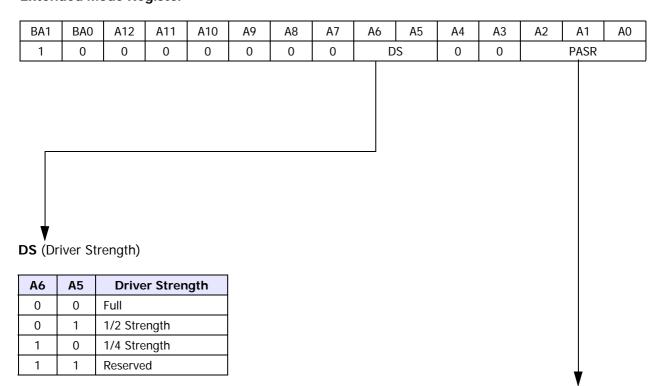
1

A2	A1	AO	Burst l	Length		
AZ	AI	AU	A3 = 0	A3=1		
0	0	0	1	1		
0	0	1	2	2		
0	1	0	4	4		
0	1	1	8	8		
1	0	0	Reserved	Reserved		
1	0	1	Reserved	Reserved		
1	1	0	Reserved	Reserved		
1	1	1	Full page	Reserved		



BASIC FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION (Continued)

Extended Mode Register



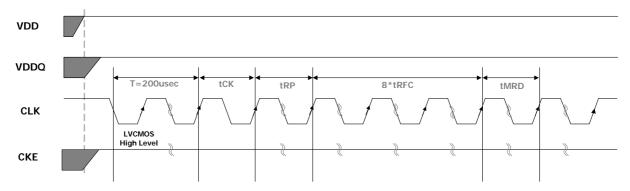
PASR (Partial Array Self Refresh)

A2	A1	AO	Self Refresh Coverage
0	0	0	All Banks
0	0	1	Half of Total Bank (BA1=0 or Bank 0,1)
0	1	0	Quarter of Total Bank (BA1=BA0=0 or Bank 0)
0	1	1	Reserved
1	0	0	Reserved
1	0	1	Half of Bank 0(Bank 0 and Row Address MSB=0)
1	1	0	Quarter of Bank 0(Bank 0 and Row Address 2 MSBs=0)
1	1	1	Reserved



Power Up and Initialization

Like a Synchronous DRAM, Mobile SDRAM must be powered up and initialized in a predefined manner. Apply power and attempt to maintain CKE at a high state and all other inputs may be undefined. Power applied VDD before or at the same time as VDDQ. After power up, an initial pause of 200 usec is required. And a precharge all command will be issued to the Mobile SDRAM. Then, 8 or more Auto refresh cycles will be provided. After the Auto refresh cycles are completed, a mode register set(MRS) command will be issued to program the specific mode of operation (Cas Latency, Burst length, etc.) And a extended mode register set command will be issued to program specific mode of self refresh operation(PASR). The following these cycles, the Mobile SDRAM is ready for normal opeartion.



Programming the registers

Mode Register

The mode register contains the specific mode of operation of the Mobile SDRAM. This register includes the selection of a burst length(1, 2, 4, 8, Full Page), a cas latency(1, 2 or 3), a burst type. The mode register set must be done before any activate command after the power up sequence. Any contents of the mode register be altered by re-programming the mode register through the execution of mode register set command.

Extended Mode Register

The extended mode register contains the specific features of self refresh opeartion of the Mobile SDRAM. This register includes the selection of partial arrays to be refreshed(half array, quarter array, etc.). The extended mode register set must be done before any activate command after the power up sequence. Any contents of the mode register be altered by re-programming the mode register through the execution of extended mode register set command.

Bank(Row) Active

The Bank <u>Active command</u> is used <u>to activate</u> a row in a specified bank of the device. This command is initiated by activating <u>CS</u>, <u>RAS</u> and deasserting <u>CAS</u>, <u>WE</u> at the positive edge of the clock. The value on the BA1 and BA0 selects the bank, and the value on the A0-A12 selects the row. This row remains active for column access until a precharge command is issued to that bank. Read and write operations can only be initiated on this activated bank after the minimum tRCD time is passed from the activate command.

Read

The READ <u>command</u> is used to initiate the burst read of data. This command is initiated by activating $\overline{\text{CS}}$, $\overline{\text{CAS}}$, and deasserting $\overline{\text{WE}}$, $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ at the positive edge of the clock. BA1 and BA0 inputs select the bank, A8-A0 address inputs select the starting column location. The value on input A10 determines whether or not Auto Precharge is used. If Auto Precharge is selected the row being accessed will be precharged at the end of the READ burst; if Auto Precharge is not selected, the row will remain active for subsequent accesses.

The length of burst and the CAS latency will be determined by the values programmed during the MRS command.



Write

The WRITE command is used to initiate the burst write of data. This command is initiated by activating \overline{CS} , \overline{CAS} , \overline{WE} and deasserting \overline{RAS} at the positive edge of the clock. BA1 and BA0 inputs select the bank, A8-A0 address inputs select the starting column location. The value on input A10 determines whether or not Auto Precharge is used.

If Auto Precharge is selected the row being accessed will be precharged at the end of the WRITE burst; if Auto Precharge is not selected, the row will remain active for subsequent accesses.

Precharge

The Precharge command is used to close the open row in a particular bank or the open row in all banks. When the precharge command is issued with address A10, high, then all banks will be precharged, and If A10 is low, the open row in a particular bank will be precharged. The bank(s) will be available when the minimum tRP time is met after the precharge command is issued.

Auto Precharge

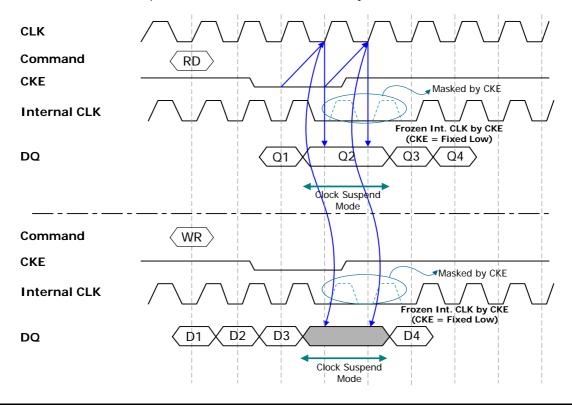
The Auto Precharge command is issued to close the open row in a particular bank after READ or WRITE operation. If A10 is high when a READ or WRITE command is issued, the READ or WRITE with Auto Precharge is initiated.

Burst Termination

The Burst Termination is used to terminate the burst operation. This function can be accomplished by asserting a Burst Stop command or a Precharge command during a burst READ or WRITE operation. The Precharge command interrupts a burst cycle and close the active bank, and the Burst Stop command terminates the existing burst operation leave the bank open.

Data Mask

The Data Mask comamnd is used to mask READ or WRITE data. During a READ operation, When this command is issued, data outputs are disabled and become high impedance after two clock delay. During a WRITE operation, When this command is issued, data inputs can't be written with no clock delay.





Clock Suspend

The Clock Suspend command is used to suspend the internal clock of Mobile SDRAM. The clock suspend operation stops transmission of the clock to the internal circuits of the device during burst transfer of data to stop the operation of the device. During normal access mode, CKE is keeping High. When CKE is low, it freezes the internal clock and extends data Read and Write operations. (See examples in next Figures)

Power Down

The Power Down command is used to reduce standby current. Before this command is issued, all banks must be precharged and tRP must be passed after a precharge command. Once the Power Down command is initiated by keeping CKE low, all of the input buffer except CKE are gated off.

Auto Refresh

The Auto Refresh command is used during normal operation and is similar to CBR refresh in Coventional DRAMs. This command must be issued each time a refresh is required. When an Auto Refresh command is issued , the address bits is "Don't care", because the specific address bits is generated by internal refresh address counter.

Self Refresh

The Self Refresh command is used to retain cell data in the Mobile SDRAM. In the Self Refresh mode, the Mobile SDRAM operates refresh cycle asynchronously.

The Self Refresh command is initiated like an Auto Refresh command except CKE is disabled(Low). The Mobile SDRAM can accomplish an special Self Refresh operation by the specific modes(PASR) programmed in extended mode registers. The Mobile SDRAM can control the refresh rate automatically by the temperature value of Auto TCSR(Temperature Compensated Self Refresh) to reduce self refresh current and select the memory array to be refreshed by the value of PASR(Partial Array Self Refresh). The Mobile SDRAM can reduce the self refresh current(IDD6) by using these two modes.

Deep Power Down

The Deep Power Down Mode is used to achieve maximum power reduction by cutting the power of the whole memory array of the devices.

For more information, see the special operation for Low Power consumption of this data sheet.



COMMAND TRUTH TABLE

Function	CKEn-1	CKEn	cs	RAS	CAS	WE	DQM	ADDR	A10 /AP	ВА	Note
Mode Register Set	Н	Х	L	L	L	L	Х	0	p Code		2
Extended Mode Register Set	Н	Х	L	L	L	L	Х	Op Code			2
No Operation	Н	Х	L	Н	Н	Н	Х		Χ		
Device Deselect	Н	Х	Н	Х	Х	Χ	Х		Χ		
Bank Active	Н	Х	L	L	Н	Н	Х	Row Ad	dress	V	
Read	Н	Х	L	Н	L	Н		Column	L	V	
Read with Autoprecharge	Н	Х	L	Н	L	Н	Х	Column	Н	V	
Write	Н	Х	L	Н	L	L	Х	Column	L	V	
Write with Autoprecharge	Н	Х	L	Н	L	L	Х	Column	Н	V	
Precharge All Banks	Н	Х	L	L	Н	L	Х	Х	Н	Χ	
Precharge selected Bank	Н	Х	L	L	Н	L	Х	Х	L	V	
Burst stop	Н	Х	L	Н	Н	L	Х		Χ		
Data Write/Output Enable	Н	Χ		,	Χ		Х	Х			
Data Mask/Output Disable	Н	Х		2	Χ		V		Χ		
Auto Refresh	Н	Н	L	L	L	Н	Х		Χ		
Self Refresh Entry	Н	L	L	L	L	Н	Х		Χ		
Self Refresh Exit	L	Н	Н	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х		Х		1
Sell Refresh Exit	L	П	L	Н	Н	Н	^		^		ı
Drocharge Dower Down Entry	Н		Н	Х	Х	Х	X		Х		
Precharge Power Down Entry	П	L	L	Н	Н	Н	^		۸		
Precharge Power Down Exit	L	Н	Н	Х	Χ	Χ	X		Х		
Precharge Power Down Exit	L	Π	L	Н	Н	Н	^		^		
Clack Suspend Entry	Н	L	Н	Х	Х	Х	Х		Х		
Clock Suspend Entry	П	L	L	V	V	V	^		^		
Clock Suspend Exit	L	Н		2	X		Х		Χ		
Deep Power Down Entry	Н	L	L	Н	Н	L	Х		Χ		
Deep Power Down Exit	L	Н		2	Χ		Х		Χ		

Note: 1. Exiting Self Refresh occurs by asynchronously bringing CKE from low to high.

2. BA1/BA0 must be issued 0/0 in the mode register set, and 1/0 in the extended mode register set.



CURRENT STATE TRUTH TABLE (Sheet 1 of 4)

Current					(Command			
Current State	cs	RAS	CAS	WE	BAO/ BA1	A11-A0	Description	Action	Notes
	L	L	L	L		OP CODE	Mode Register Set	Set the Mode Register	14
	L	L	L	Н	Х	Х	Auto or Self Refresh	Start Auto or Self Refresh	5
	L	L	Н	L	BA	Х	Precharge	No Operation	
	L	L	Н	Н	ВА	Row Add.	Bank Activate	Activate the specified bank and row	
idle	L	Н	L	L	ВА	Col Add. A10	Write/WriteAP	ILLEGAL	4
	L	Н	L	Н	ВА	Col Add. A10	Read/ReadAP	ILLEGAL	4
	L	Н	Н	Н	Х	Х	No Operation	No Operation	3
	Н	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Device Deselect	No Operation or Power Down	3
	L	L	L	L		OP CODE	Mode Register Set	ILLEGAL	13,14
	L	L	L	Н	Х	Х	Auto or Self Refresh	ILLEGAL	13
	L	L	Н	L	BA	Х	Precharge	Precharge	7
	L	L	Н	Н	BA	Row Add.	Bank Activate	ILLEGAL	4
Row Active	L	Н	L	L	ВА	Col Add. A10	Write/WriteAP	Start Write : optional AP(A10=H)	6
	L	Н	L	Н	ВА	Col Add. A10	Read/ReadAP	Start Read : optional AP(A10=H)	6
	L	Н	Н	Н	Х	Х	No Operation	No Operation	
	Н	Х	Χ	Χ	Х	Х	Device Deselect	No Operation	
	L	L	L	L		OP CODE	Mode Register Set	ILLEGAL	13,14
	L	L	L	Н	Х	Х	Auto or Self Refresh	ILLEGAL	13
	L	L	Н	L	ВА	Х	Precharge	Termination Burst: Start the Precharge	
Read	L	L	Н	Н	BA	Row Add.	Bank Activate	ILLEGAL	4
	L	Н	L	L	ВА	Col Add. A10	Write/WriteAP	Termination Burst: Start Write(optional AP)	8,9
	L	Н	L	Н	ВА	Col Add. A10	Read/ReadAP	Termination Burst: Start Read(optional AP)	8
	L	Н	Н	Н	Х	Х	No Operation	Continue the Burst	



CURRENT STATE TRUTH TABLE (Sheet 2 of 4)

Current					C	ommand			
State	cs	RAS	CAS	WE	BAO/ BA1	A11-A0	Description	Action	Notes
Read	Н	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	Device Deselect	Continue the Burst	
	L	L	L	L		OP CODE	Mode Register Set	ILLEGAL	13,14
	L	L	L	Н	X X		Auto or Self Refresh	ILLEGAL	13
	L	L	Н	L	ВА	Х	Precharge	Termination Burst: Start the Precharge	10
	L	L	Н	Н	BA	Row Add.	Bank Activate	ILLEGAL	4
Write	L	Н	L	L	ВА	Col Add. A10	Write/WriteAP	Termination Burst: Start Write(optional AP)	8
	L	Н	L	Н	ВА	Col Add. A10	Read/ReadAP	Termination Burst: Start Read(optional AP)	8,9
	L	Н	Н	Н	Х Х		No Operation	Continue the Burst	
	Н	Х	Χ	Χ	Х Х		Device Deselect	Continue the Burst	
	L	L	L	L		OP CODE	Mode Register Set	ILLEGAL	13,14
	L	L	L	Н	Χ	Х	Auto or Self Refresh	ILLEGAL	13
	L	L	Н	L	BA	Х	Precharge	ILLEGAL	4,12
Read with Auto	L	L	Н	Н	BA	Row Add.	Bank Activate	ILLEGAL	4,12
Precharge	L	Н	L	L	BA	Col Add. A10	Write/WriteAP	ILLEGAL	12
	L	Н	L	Н	BA	Col Add. A10	Read/ReadAP	ILLEGAL	12
	L	Н	Н	Н	Х	Х	No Operation	Continue the Burst	
	Н	Х	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	Device Deselect	Continue the Burst	
	L	L	L	L		OP CODE	Mode Register Set	ILLEGAL	13,14
	L	L	L	Η	Х	Х	Auto or Self Refresh	ILLEGAL	13
Write with	L	L	Н	L	BA	Х	Precharge	ILLEGAL	4,12
Write with Auto	L	L	Н	Н	BA	Row Add.	Bank Activate	ILLEGAL	4,12
Precharge	L	Н	L	L	BA	Col Add. A10	Write/WriteAP	ILLEGAL	12
	L	Н	L	Н	BA	Col Add. A10	Read/ReadAP	ILLEGAL	12
	L	Н	Н	Н	Х	Х	No Operation	Continue the Burst	
	Н	Х	Х	Х	Χ	X	Device Deselect	Continue the Burst	



CURRENT STATE TRUTH TABLE (Sheet 3 of 4)

Current					С	ommand			
State	cs	RAS	CAS	WE	BAO/ BA1	A11-A0	Description	Action	Notes
	L	L	L	L		OP CODE	Mode Register Set	ILLEGAL	13,14
	L	L	L	Н	Х	Х	Auto or Self Refresh	ILLEGAL	13
	L	L	Н	L	ВА	Х	Precharge	No Operation: Bank(s) idle after tRP	
	L	L	Н	Н	ВА	Row Add.	Bank Activate	ILLEGAL	4,12
Precharging	L	Н	L	L	BA	Col Add. A10	Write/WriteAP	ILLEGAL	4,12
	L	Н	L	Н	BA	Col Add. A10	Read/ReadAP	ILLEGAL	4,12
	L	Н	Н	Н	Х	Х	No Operation	No Operation: Bank(s) idle after tRP	
	Н	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Device Deselect	No Operation: Bank(s) idle after tRP	
	L	L	L	L		OP CODE	Mode Register Set	ILLEGAL	13,14
	L	L	L	Н	Х	Х	Auto or Self Refresh	ILLEGAL	13
	L	L	Н	L	ВА	Х	Precharge	ILLEGAL	4,12
Row	L	L	Н	Н	BA	Row Add.	Bank Activate	ILLEGAL	4,11,1 2
Activating	L	Н	L	L	BA	Col Add. A10	Write/WriteAP	ILLEGAL	4,12
	L	Н	L	Н	BA	Col Add. A10	Read/ReadAP	ILLEGAL	4,12
	L	Н	Н	Н	Х	Х	No Operation	No Operation: Row Active after tRCD	
	Н	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Device Deselect	No Operation: Row Active after tRCD	
	L	L	L	L		OP CODE	Mode Register Set	ILLEGAL	13,14
	L	L	L	Н	Χ	Х	Auto or Self Refresh	ILLEGAL	13
	L	L	Н	L	BA	Х	Precharge	ILLEGAL	4,13
	L	L	Н	Н	BA	Row Add.	Bank Activate	ILLEGAL	4,12
Write Recovering	L	Н	L	L	BA Col Add. A10		Write/WriteAP	Start Write: Optional AP(A10=H)	
	L	Н	L	Н	ВА	Col Add. A10	Read/ReadAP	Start Read: Optional AP(A10=H)	9
	L	Н	Н	Н	Х	Х	No Operation	No Operation: Row Active after tDPL	



CURRENT STATE TRUTH TABLE (Sheet 4 of 4)

Current					С	ommand			
State	cs	RAS	CAS	WE	BAO/ BA1	A11-A0	Description	Action	Notes
Write Recovering	Н	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Device Deselect	No Operation: Row Active after tDPL	
	L	L	L	L		OP CODE	Mode Register Set	ILLEGAL	13,14
	L	L	L	Н	Х	Х	Auto or Self Refresh	ILLEGAL	13
	L	L	Н	L	ВА	Х	Precharge	ILLEGAL	4,13
Write	L	L	Н	Н	BA	Row Add.	Bank Activate	ILLEGAL	4,12
Recovering with Auto	th Auto L H L L BA Col Add. A10 Write/Writ		Write/WriteAP	ILLEGAL	4,12				
Precharge	L	Н	L	Н	BA Col Add. A10 Read/ReadAP I		ILLEGAL	4,9,12	
	L	Н	Н	Н	Х	Х	No Operation	No Operation: Precharge after tDPL	
H X X X X X		Device Deselect	No Operation: Precharge after tDPL						
	L	L	L	L		OP CODE	Mode Register Set	ILLEGAL	13,14
	L	L	L	Н	Х	Х	Auto or Self Refresh	ILLEGAL	13
	L	L	Н	L	ВА	Х	Precharge	ILLEGAL	13
	L	L	Н	Н	ВА	Row Add.	Bank Activate	ILLEGAL	13
Refreshing	L	Н	L	L	ВА	Col Add. A10	Write/WriteAP	ILLEGAL	13
	L	Н	L	Н	ВА	Col Add. A10	Read/ReadAP	ILLEGAL	13
	L	Н	Н	Н	Х	Х	No Operation	No Operation: idle after tRC	
	Н	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Device Deselect	No Operation: idle after tRC	
	L	L	L	L		OP CODE	Mode Register Set	ILLEGAL	13,14
	L	L	L	Н	Х	Х	Auto or Self Refresh	ILLEGAL	13
	L	L	Н	L	BA	Х	Precharge	ILLEGAL	13
Mode	L	L	Н	Н	BA	Row Add.	Bank Activate	ILLEGAL	13
Register	L	Н	L	L	BA	Col Add. A10	Write/WriteAP	ILLEGAL	13
Accessing	L	Н	L	Н	BA	Col Add. A10	Read/ReadAP	ILLEGAL	13
	L	Н	Н	Н	Х	Х	No Operation	No Operation: idle after 2 clock cycles	
	Н	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Device Deselect	No Operation: idle after 2 clock cycles	



Note:

- 1. H: Logic High, L: Logic Low, X: Don't care, BA: Bank Address, AP: Auto Precharge.
- 2. All entries assume that CKE was active during the preceding clock cycle.
- 3. If both banks are idle and CKE is inactive, then in power down cycle
- 4. Illegal to bank in specified states. Function may be legal in the bank indicated by Bank Address, depending on the state of that bank.
- 5. If both banks are idle and CKE is inactive, then Self Refresh mode.
- 6. Illegal if tRCD is not satisfied.
- 7. Illegal if tRAS is not satisfied.
- 8. Must satisfy burst interrupt condition.
- 9. Must satisfy bus contention, bus turn around, and/or write recovery requirements.
- 10. Must mask preceding data which don't satisfy tDPL.
- 11. Illegal if tRRD is not satisfied
- 12. Illegal for single bank, but legal for other banks in multi-bank devices.
- 13. Illegal for all banks.
- 14. Mode Register Set and Extended Mode Register Set is same command truth table except BA1.



CKE Enable(CKE) Truth TABLE (Sheet 2 of 1)

Current	Ck	(E			Com	mand				
State	Previous Cycle	Current Cycle	cs	RAS	CAS	WE	BAO, BA1	A11- A0	Action	Notes
	Н	Х	Χ	Х	Χ	Х	Х	Х	INVALID	1
	L	Н	Н	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Exit Self Refresh with Device Deselect	2
Self	L	Н	L	Н	Н	Н	Х	Х	Exit Self Refresh with No Operation	2
Refresh	L	Н	L	Н	Н	L	Х	Х	ILLEGAL	2
	L	Н	L	Н	L	Х	Х	Х	ILLEGAL	2
	L	Н	L	L	Х	Х	Х	Х	ILLEGAL	2
	L	L	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Maintain Self Refresh	
	Н	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Х	Х	Х	INVALID	1
	L	Н	Н	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	Power Down mode exit,	2
	_	11	L	Н	Н	Н	Х	Х	all banks idle	
Power Down				L	Χ	Х	Χ	Х		
	L	Н	L	Х	L	Х	Х	Х	ILLEGAL	2
				Х	Х	L	Х	Х		
	L	L	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Maintain Power Down Mode	
	Н	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	INVALID	1
Deep Power	L	Н	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Deep Power Down mode exit	5
Down	L	L	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Maintain Deep Power Down Mode	



CKE Enable(CKE) Truth TABLE (Sheet 2 of 2)

Current	СК	Œ			Com	mand				
State	Previous Cycle	Current Cycle	cs	RAS	CAS	WE	BAO, BA1	A11- A0	Action	Notes
	Н	Н	Н	Х	Х	Х			Refer to the idle State section	3
	Н	Н	Ш	Н	Χ	Χ			of the Current State	3
	Н	Н	L	L	Н	Χ			Truth Table	3
	Н	Н	L	L	L	Н	Х	Х	Auto Refresh	
All	Н	Н	L	L	L	L	OP (CODE	Mode Register Set	4
Banks	Н	L	Н	Х	Х	Х			Refer to the idle State section	3
Idle	Н	L	L	Н	Χ	Χ			of the Current State	3
	Н	L	L	L	Н	Χ			Truth Table	3
	Н	L	L	L	L	Н	Х	Х	Entry Self Refresh	4
	Н	L	L	L	L	L	OP (CODE	Mode Register Set	
	L	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Power Down	4
	Н	Н	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Refer to operations of the Current State Truth Table	
Any State other than listed above	Н	L	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Begin Clock Suspend next cycle	
iisted above	L	Н	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Exit Clock Suspend next cycle	
	L	L	Χ	Х	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	Maintain Clock Suspend	

Note:

- 1. For the given current state CKE must be low in the previous cycle.
- 2. When CKE has a low to high transition, the clock and other inputs are re-enabled asynchronously. When exiting power down mode, a NOP (or Device Deselect) command is required on the first positive edge of clock after CKE goes high.
- 3. The address inputs depend on the command that is issued.
- 4. The Precharge Power Down mode, the Self Refresh mode, and the Mode Register Set can only be entered from the all banks idle state.
- 5. When CKE has a low to high transition, the clock and other inputs are re-enabled asynchronously.
 When exiting deep power down mode, a NOP (or Device Deselect) command is required on the first positive edge of clock after CKE goes high and is maintained for a minimum 200usec.



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Ambient Temperature	TA	-25 ~ 85	°C
Storage Temperature	TSTG	-55 ~ 125	°C
Voltage on Any Pin relative to VSS	VIN, VOUT	-1.0 ~ 2.6	V
Voltage on VDD relative to VSS	VDD	-1.0 ~ 2.6	V
Voltage on VDDQ relative to VSS	VDDQ	-1.0 ~ 2.6	V
Short Circuit Output Current	Ios	50	mA
Power Dissipation	PD	1	W
Soldering Temperature · Time	TSOLDER	260 · 10	°C · Sec

DC OPERATING CONDITION (TA= -25 to 85°C)

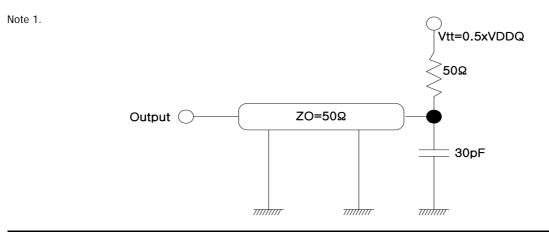
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Power Supply Voltage	VDD	1.70	1.8	1.95	V	1
Power Supply Voltage	VDDQ	1.70	1.8	1.95	V	1, 2
Input High Voltage	VIH	0.8*VDDQ	-	VDDQ+0.3	V	1, 2
Input Low Voltage	VIL	-0.3	-	0.3	V	1, 2

Note:

- 1. All Voltages are referenced to VSS = 0V
- 2. VDDQ must not exceed the level of VDD

AC OPERATING TEST CONDITION (TA= -25 to 85 °C, VDD = 1.8V, VSS = 0V)

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit	Note
AC Input High/Low Level Voltage	VIH / VIL	0.9*VDDQ/0.2	V	
Input Timing Measurement Reference Level Voltage	Vtrip	0.5*VDDQ	V	
Input Rise/Fall Time	tR / tF	1	ns	
Output Timing Measurement Reference Level Voltage	Voutref	0.5*VDDQ	V	
Output Load Capacitance for Access Time Measurement	CL	30	pF	1





CAPACITANCE (TA= 25 °C, f=1MHz)

Parameter	Pin	Symbol	H	Unit		
Parameter	Pilli	Symbol	Min	Max	Onit	
Input capacitance	CLK	CI1	2	4.0	pF	
	A0~A <u>12,</u> B <u>A0,</u> BA1, CKE, CS , RAS , CAS, WE, UDQM, LDQM	CI2	2	4.0	pF	
Data input/output capacitance	DQ0 ~ DQ15	CI/O	3.5	6.0	pF	

DC CHARACTERRISTICS I (TA= -25 to 85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Note
Input Leakage Current	ILI	-1	1	uA	1
Output Leakage Current	ILO	-1	1	uA	2
Output High Voltage	VOH	VDDQ-0.2	-	V	3
Output Low Voltage	VOL	-	0.2	V	4

Note:

1. VIN = 0 to 1.8V. All other pins are not tested under VIN=0V.

2. DOUT is disabled. VOUT= 0 to 1.95V.

3. IOUT = -0.1mA

4. IOUT = + 0.1mA



DC CHARACTERISTICS II (TA= -25 to 85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Spe	eed	Unit	Noto
Parameter	Зупьог	rest condition	Н	S	Onit	Note
Operating Current	IDD1	Burst length=1, One bank active tRC ≥ tRC(min), IOL=0mA	60	50	mA	1
Precharge Standby Current	IDD2P	CKE ≤ VIL(max), tck = 15ns	0	.5	mA	
in Power Down Mode	IDD2PS	$CKE \le VIL(max)$, $tCK = \infty$	0.35		mA	
Precharge Standby Current in Non Power Down Mode	IDD2N	CKE \geq VIH(min), $\overline{\text{CS}} \geq$ VIH(min), tCK = 15ns Input signals are changed one time during 2clks. All other pins \geq VDD-0.2V or \leq 0.2V	1	5	mA	
	IDD2NS	$tRC \ge tRC(min)$, $IOL=0mA$ ou				
Active Standby Current IDD3P CKE ≤ VIL(max), tcK = 15ns		5		mΛ		
in Power Down Mode	ndby Current Down Mode $ DD3P $ $ CKE \le VIL(max) $, $ tCK = 15$ ns $ DD3PS $ $ CKE \le VIL(max) $, $ tCK = \infty$	í	5	11171		
Active Standby Current in Non Power Down Mode	IDD3N	Input signals are changed one time during 2clks.		20		
	IDD3NS		60 50 mA 0.5 mA 0.35 mA 15 mA 7 mA 5 mA 20 mA			
Burst Mode Operating Current	IDD4		100	75	mA	1
Auto Refresh Current	IDD5	$tRFC \ge tRFC(min),$	9	5	mA	
Self Refresh Current	IDD6	CKE ≤ 0.2V			mA	2
Standby Current in Deep Power Down Mode	IDD7	See p.26~27			uA	

Note:

- 1. IDD1 and IDD4 depend on output loading and cycle rates. Specified values are measured with the output open
- 2. See the tables of next page for more specific IDD6 current values.



DC CHARACTERISTICS III - Low Power (IDD6)

Temp.		Unit		
(°C)	4 Banks	2 Banks	1 Bank	Offic
45	300	240	200	uA
85	450	320	270	uA



AC CHARACTERISTICS I (AC operating conditions unless otherwise noted)

Parame	tor	Symbol	ı	Н	!	S	Unit	Note
Parame	tei	Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit	Note
System Clock	CAS Latency=3	tCK3	7.5	1000	9.5	1000	ns	
Cycle Time	CAS Latency=2	tCK2	12	1000	15	1000	ns	
Clock High Pulse Width		tCHW	3.0	-	3.5	-	ns	1
Clock Low Pulse Width		tCLW	3.0	-	3.5	-	ns	1
Access Times From Clock	CAS Latency=3	tAC3	-	6.5	-	7.0	ns	2
Access Time From Clock	CAS Latency=2	tAC2	-	9.0	-	10	ns	2
Data-out Hold Time		toH	2.0	-	2.0	-	ns	
Data-Input Setup Time		tDS	2.0	-	3.0	-	ns	1
Data-Input Hold Time		tDH	1.0	-	1.5	-	ns	1
Address Setup Time		tAS	2.0	-	3.0	-	ns	1
Address Hold Time		tAH	1.0	-	1.5	-	ns	1
CKE Setup Time		tcks	2.0	-	3.0	-	ns	1
CKE Hold Time		tckh	1.0	-	1.5	-	ns	1
Command Setup Time		tcs	2.0	-	3.0	-	ns	1
Command Hold Time		tCH	1.0	-	1.5	-	ns	1
CLK to Data Output in Low-Z Time		tOLZ	1.0	-	1.0	-	ns	
CLK to Data Output in	CAS Latency=3	tOHZ3		6.5		7.0	ns	
High-Z Time	CAS Latency=2	tOHZ2		9.0		10	ns	

Note:

^{1.} Assume tR / tF (input rise and fall time) is 1ns. If tR & tF > 1ns, then [(tR+tF)/2-1]ns should be added to the parameter.

^{2.} Access time to be measured with input signals of 1V/ns edge rate, from 0.8V to 0.2V. If tR > 1ns, then (tR/2-0.5)ns should be added to the parameter.



AC CHARACTERISTICS II (AC operating conditions unless otherwise noted)

Param	otor	Symbol	ŀ	1	!	S	Unit	Note
Faiaiii	etei	Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	Oilit	Note
RAS Cycle Time		tRC	72.5	-	90	-	ns	
RAS to CAS Delay		tRCD	22.5	-	28.5	-	ns	
RAS Active Time		tras	50	100K	60	100K	ns	
RAS Precharge Time		tRP	22.5	-	28.5	-	ns	
RAS to RAS Bank Active Dela	у	trrd	15	-	19	-	ns	
AUTO REFRESH Period	tRFC	80	-	80	-	ns		
CAS to CAS Delay	tCCD	1	-	1	-	CLK		
Write Command to Data-In Delay		tWTL	0	-	0	-	CLK	
Data-in to Precharge Command		tDPL	2	-	2	-	CLK	
Data-In to Active Command		tDAL	tDPL+tRP					
DQM to Data-Out Hi-Z		tDQZ	2	-	2	-	CLK	
DQM to Data-In Mask		tDQM	0	-	0	-	CLK	
MRS to New Command		tMRD	2	-	2	-	CLK	
Precharge to Data Output	CAS Latency=3	tPROZ3	3	-	3	-	CLK	
High-Z	CAS Latency=2	tPROZ2	2	-	2	-	CLK	
Power Down Exit Time		tDPE	1	-	1	-	CLK	
Self Refresh Exit Time		tsre	1	-	1	-	CLK	1
Refresh Time		tref	-	64	-	64	ms	

Note: 1. A new command can be given tRC after self refresh exit.



Special Operation for Low Power Consumption

Deep Power Down Mode

Deep Power Down Mode is an operating mode to achieve maximum power reduction by cutting the power of the whole memory array of the devices.

Data will not be retained once the device enters Deep Power Down Mode.

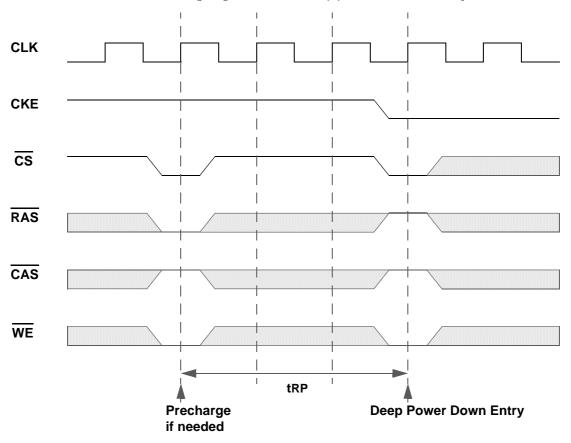
Full initialization is required when the device exits from Deep Power Down Mode.

Truth Table

Current State	Command	CKEn-1	CKEn	cs	RAS	CAS	WE
Idle	Deep Power Down Entry	Н	L	L	Н	Н	L
Deep Power Down	Deep Power Down Exit	L	Н	Х	Х	Х	Х

Deep Power Down Mode Entry

The Deep Power Down Mode is entered by having \overline{CS} and \overline{WE} held low with \overline{RAS} and \overline{CAS} high at the rising edge of the clock, while CKE is low. The following diagram illustrates deep power down mode entry.





Deep Power Down Mode (Continued)

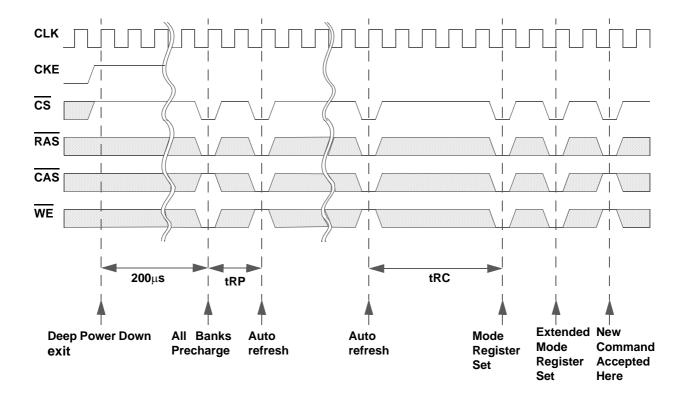
Deep Power Down Mode Exit Sequence

The Deep Power Down mode is exited by asserting CKE high.

After the exit, the following sequence is needed to enter a new command.

- 1. Maintain NOP input conditions for a minimum of 200usec
- 2. Issue precharge commands for all banks of the device
- 3. Issue 8 or more auto refresh commands
- 4. Issue a mode register set command to initialize the mode register
- 5. Issue an extended mode register set command to initialize the extended mode register

The following timing diagram illustrates deep power down mode exit sequence.





PACKAGE INFORMATION

54 Ball FBGA 0.8mm pitch (Size 8.0mm x 12.0mm)

