

6.0-16.0V 0.75-5.0V 16 Amp Non SMT Current Isolated Surface Mount

The NiQor® SMT DC/DC converter is a non-isolated buck regulator, which employs synchronous rectification to achieve extremely high conversion efficiency. The NiQor family of converters are used predominately in DPA systems using a front end DC/DC high power brick (48Vin to low voltage bus). The non-isolated NiQor converters are then used at the point of load to create the low voltage outputs required by the design. The wide trim module can be programmed to a variety of output voltages through the use of a single external resistor. RoHS compliant (see page 12).

Operational Features

- Ultra high efficiency, up to 94% at full rated load
- Delivers up to 16 Amps of output current with minimal derating - no heatsink required
- Input Voltage Range: 6.0 16.0V
- Fast transient response time
- On-board input and output filter capacitor
- No minimum load requirement means no preload resistors required

Mechanical Features

- DOSA standard SMT pin-out configuration
- Industry standard size: 1.3" x 0.53" x 0.29" (33 x 13.5 x 7.3 mm)
- Total weight: 0.18 oz. (5 grams), lower mass greatly reduces vibration and shock problems
- Open frame construction maximizes air flow cooling
- Also available in SIP packaging

Control Features

- On/Off control
- Output voltage trim (industry standard) permits custom voltages and voltage margining
- Remote Sense (standard option)





NiQor surface mount module



Protection Features

- Input under-voltage lockout disables converter at low input voltage conditions
- Temperature compensated over-current shutdown protects converter from excessive load current or short circuits
- Output over-voltage protection protects load from damaging voltages
- Thermal shutdown protects converter from abnormal environmental conditions

Safety Features

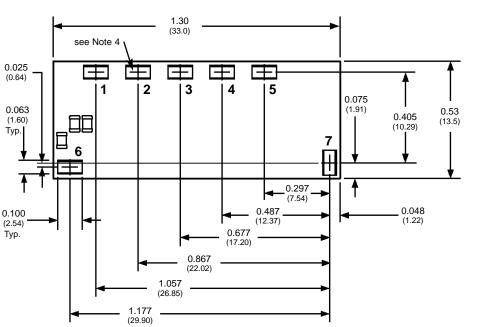
- UL/cUL 60950-1 recognized (US & Canada)
- TUV certified to EN60950-1
- Meets 72/23/EEC and 93/68/EEC directives which facilitates CE Marking in user's end product
- Board and plastic components meet UL94V-0 flammability requirements

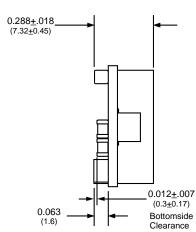


Current: 16A Package: SMT

MECHANICAL DIAGRAM

Surface Mount Package





Side View

Bottom View

Recommended SMT Pad Size:

Minimum: $0.074" \times 0.122"$ (1.88mm $\times 3.1$ mm) Maximum: $0.095" \times 0.140"$ (2.41mm $\times 3.5$ 6mm)

NOTES

1) SMT Contacts: Material - Brass

Finish - Gold over Nickel plate

- 2) Undimensioned components are shown for visual reference only.
- 3) All dimensions in inches (mm)

 Tolerances: x.xx +/-0.02 in. (x.x +/-0.5mm)

 x.xxx +/-0.010 in. (x.xx +/-0.25mm)
- 4) Coplanarity for pins 1-7 is 0.004" max
- 5) Weight: 0.18 oz. (5 g) typical
- 6) Workmanship: Meets or exceeds IPC-A-610C Class II

SMT CONTACT DESIGNATIONS

Pin No.	Name	Function	
1	N/C	No Connection	
2	GND	Ground	
3	Vout(+)	Positive output voltage	
4	TRIM	Output Voltage Trim	
5	SENSE(+)	Positive remote sense	
6	Vin(+)	Positive input voltage	
7	ON/OFF	Input to turn converter on/off	

Pins in Italics Shaded text are Optional



Current: 16A Package: SMT

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS - NQ16W50SMA16 Series

 $T_A=25$ °C, airflow rate=300 LFM, $V_{in}=12$ Vdc unless otherwise noted; full operating temperature range is -40°C to +105°C ambient temperature with appropriate power derating. Specifications subject to change without notice.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS Input Voltage Non-Operating Operating Operating Operating Temperature Storage Temperature Voltage at ON/OFF input pin RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS Input Voltage Range Input Fuse Rating External Input Capacitance Output Voltage	All All All All All All	0 -40 -55 -3	Тур.	18 16		Notes & Conditions
Input Voltage Non-Operating Operating Operating Operating Storage Temperature Storage at ON/OFF input pin RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS Input Voltage Range Input Fuse Rating External Input Capacitance	All All All All	-40 -55 -3				
Non-Operating Operating Operating Operating Storage Temperature Voltage at ON/OFF input pin RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS Input Voltage Range Input Fuse Rating External Input Capacitance	All All All All	-40 -55 -3				
Operating Operating Temperature Storage Temperature Voltage at ON/OFF input pin RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS Input Voltage Range Input Fuse Rating External Input Capacitance	All All All All	-40 -55 -3			V	Continuous
Operating Temperature Storage Temperature Voltage at ON/OFF input pin RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS Input Voltage Range Input Fuse Rating External Input Capacitance	All All All	-55 -3			ý	Continuous
Storage Temperature Voltage at ON/OFF input pin RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS Input Voltage Range Input Fuse Rating External Input Capacitance	All All	-55 -3		105	°C	Commoods
Voltage at ON/OFF input pin RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS Input Voltage Range Input Fuse Rating External Input Capacitance	All All	-3				
RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS Input Voltage Range Input Fuse Rating External Input Capacitance	All		1	125	°C	
Input Voltage Range Input Fuse Rating External Input Capacitance				15	V	
Input Fuse Rating External Input Capacitance		,				
Input Fuse Rating External Input Capacitance		6		16	V	
External Input Capacitance				20	A	Fast blow external fuse recommended
	All	100		20	μF	ESR<1.5 Ω
Output voitage	All	0.75		5.5	V	L3K< 1.322
Output Current	All	0		16	Α	
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS						
Input Under-Voltage Lockout						
Turn-On Voltage Threshold	All	5.35	5.73	6.10	V	
Turn-Off Voltage Threshold	All	4.50	4.73	4.95	V	
Lockout Hysteresis	All	4.50	1.70	4.75	V	
Maximum Innut Current				2.0		61/in 100% load
Maximum Input Current	0.75V			2.8	A	6Vin, 100% load
"	2.5V			7.5	Α	"
"	5.0V			14.0	A	"
No-Load Input Current	0.75V		31		mA	12Vin
"	2.5V		<i>7</i> 1		mΑ	n .
H .	5.0V		132		mA	ıı .
Disabled Input Current	All		3		mA	
			3	0.1		M/9h
Inrush Current Transient Rating	All		20	0.1	A ² s	With min. output capacitance
Input Filter Capacitor Value	All		30		μF	
Input Reflected-Ripple Current	0.75V		36		mA	12Vin, 100% load, pk-pk value
"	2.5V		68		mΑ	"
u	5.0V		98		mA	u .
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS						
Output Voltage Set Point	0.75V	0.745	0.75	0.755	V	12Vin 50% load
Output Voltage Range	All	0.75	0.7 0	5.0	V	Set output by Rtrim-up
Oulput vollage kange						Ser output by kirim-up
Operating Output Current Range	All	0		16	Α	
Output Voltage Regulation						
Over Line	All			0.5	%	With sense pin
Over Load	All			0.5	%	"
Over Temperature	All			1	%	u .
Total Output Voltage Range	All			3	%	With sense pin, over sample, line, load, temp. & life
Outrout Valence Dischlered Naise (along) DAAC)	1.0V		27\5.0	3	mV	
Output Voltage Ripple and Noise (pk-pk\RMS)						Full load; 20MHz bandwidth
	2.5V		43\11.6		mV	"
"	5.0V		67\20.4		mV	"
Output DC Over Current Shutdown	All	20	24	28	Α	
External Output Capacitance	All	100		5000	μF	>0.5mΩ
						·
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS			50		dB	120Hz
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS	All				45	
Input Voltage Ripple Rejection	All				\ /	500/ 750/ 500/ L
Input Voltage Ripple Rejection Output Voltage during Current Transient						50%-75%-50% lout max; 100uF
Input Voltage Ripple Rejection Output Voltage during Current Transient For a Step Change in Output Current (0.1A/µs)	All		180		mV	
Input Voltage Ripple Rejection Output Voltage during Current Transient For a Step Change in Output Current (0.1A/µs) For a Step Change in Output Current (3A/µs)	All All		180 180		mV	50%-75%-50% lout max; 470uF
Input Voltage Ripple Rejection Output Voltage during Current Transient For a Step Change in Output Current (0.1A/µs) For a Step Change in Output Current (3A/µs) Settling Time	All		180			
Input Voltage Ripple Rejection Output Voltage during Current Transient For a Step Change in Output Current (0.1A/µs) For a Step Change in Output Current (3A/µs)	All All All		180 180		mV	50%-75%-50% lout max; 470uF
Input Voltage Ripple Rejection Output Voltage during Current Transient For a Step Change in Output Current (0.1A/µs) For a Step Change in Output Current (3A/µs) Settling Time Turn on Transient	All All All	2	180 180	4	mV µs	50%-75%-50% lout max; 470uF To within 1.5% Vout nom.
Input Voltage Ripple Rejection Output Voltage during Current Transient For a Step Change in Output Current (0.1A/µs) For a Step Change in Output Current (3A/µs) Settling Time Turn on Transient Inhibit Time	All All All	2 2	180 180	4	mV µs ms	50%-75%-50% lout max; 470uF
Input Voltage Ripple Rejection Output Voltage during Current Transient For a Step Change in Output Current (0.1A/µs) For a Step Change in Output Current (3A/µs) Settling Time Turn on Transient Inhibit Time Rise Time	All All All All	2 2	180 180	6	mV µs ms ms	50%-75%-50% lout max; 470uF To within 1.5% Vout nom.
Input Voltage Ripple Rejection Output Voltage during Current Transient For a Step Change in Output Current (0.1A/µs) For a Step Change in Output Current (3A/µs) Settling Time Turn on Transient Inhibit Time Rise Time Output Voltage Overshoot	All All All		180 180		mV µs ms	50%-75%-50% lout max; 470uF To within 1.5% Vout nom. Resistive load
Input Voltage Ripple Rejection Output Voltage during Current Transient For a Step Change in Output Current (0.1A/µs) For a Step Change in Output Current (3A/µs) Settling Time Turn on Transient Inhibit Time Rise Time Output Voltage Overshoot	All All All All All		180 180 100	6	mV µs ms ms V	50%-75%-50% lout max; 470uF To within 1.5% Vout nom. Resistive load
Input Voltage Ripple Rejection Output Voltage during Current Transient For a Step Change in Output Current (0.1A/µs) For a Step Change in Output Current (3A/µs) Settling Time Turn on Transient Inhibit Time Rise Time Output Voltage Overshoot EFFICIENCY 100% Load	All All All All All O.75V		180 180 100	6	mV µs ms ms V	50%-75%-50% lout max; 470uF To within 1.5% Vout nom. Resistive load
Input Voltage Ripple Rejection Output Voltage during Current Transient For a Step Change in Output Current (0.1A/µs) For a Step Change in Output Current (3A/µs) Settling Time Turn on Transient Inhibit Time Rise Time Output Voltage Overshoot EFFICIENCY 100% Load "	All All All All All 0.75V 2.5V		180 180 100 77.0 90.0	6	mV µs ms ms V	50%-75%-50% lout max; 470uF To within 1.5% Vout nom. Resistive load
Input Voltage Ripple Rejection Output Voltage during Current Transient For a Step Change in Output Current (0.1A/µs) For a Step Change in Output Current (3A/µs) Settling Time Turn on Transient Inhibit Time Rise Time Output Voltage Overshoot EFFICIENCY 100% Load	All All All All All 0.75V 2.5V		180 180 100	6	mV µs ms ms V	50%-75%-50% lout max; 470uF To within 1.5% Vout nom. Resistive load
Input Voltage Ripple Rejection Output Voltage during Current Transient For a Step Change in Output Current (0.1A/µs) For a Step Change in Output Current (3A/µs) Settling Time Turn on Transient Inhibit Time Rise Time Output Voltage Overshoot EFFICIENCY 100% Load "	All All All All All 0.75V 2.5V 5.0V		77.0 90.0 94.0	6	mV µs ms ms V % %	50%-75%-50% lout max; 470uF To within 1.5% Vout nom. Resistive load
Input Voltage Ripple Rejection Output Voltage during Current Transient For a Step Change in Output Current (0.1A/µs) For a Step Change in Output Current (3A/µs) Settling Time Turn on Transient Inhibit Time Rise Time Output Voltage Overshoot EFFICIENCY 100% Load "	All All All All All 0.75V 2.5V		180 180 100 77.0 90.0	6	mV µs ms ms V	50%-75%-50% lout max; 470uF To within 1.5% Vout nom. Resistive load

Product # NQ16W50SMA16



Current: 16A
Package: SMT

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued) - NQ16W50SMA16 Series

Parameter	Module	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Notes & Conditions
TEMP LIMITS FOR POWER DERATING						
Semiconductor Junction Temperature	All			125	°C	Package rated to 150°C
Board Temperature	All			125	°C	UL rated max operating temp 130°C
FEATURE CHARACTERISTICS						
Switching Frequency	All	275	300	325	kHz	Half on small duty cycle (e.g. 16Vin; 0.75Vout)
ON/OFF Control						
Open Logic (O) ON/OFF Control						See Figure <u>A</u>
Off-State Voltage	All	1.5		6.5	V	
On-State Voltage	All	-3.0		0.6	V	
Input Resistance	All		20		kΩ	
Positive Logic (P) ON/OFF Control						Open collector/drain input; see Figure A
Logic Low Voltage Range	All	-0.2		1.0	V	
Logic High Voltage Range (internal pullup)		2.2		Vin	V	
Pull-up Voltage	All		5		V	
Pull-up Resistance	All		100		kΩ	
Output Voltage Trim Range	All	0.75		5.5	V	Measured Vout+ to common pins
Output Over-Voltage Protection	All	5.6	6.0	6.4	V	Over full temp range
Over-Temperature Shutdown	All		128		°C	Average PCB Temperature
Over-Temperature Shutdown Restart Hysteresis	All		10		°C	
RELIABILITY CHARACTERISTICS						
Calculated MTBF (Telcordia)	All		15.6			TR-NWT-000332; 100% load, 200LFM, 40°C T _a
Calculated MTBF (MIL-217)	All		10.0			MIL-HDBK-217F; 100% load, 200LFM, 40°C T _a
Field Demonstrated MTBF	All				10° Hrs.	See our <u>website</u> for details

STANDARDS COMPLIANCE

Parameter	Notes
STANDARDS COMPLIANCE	
UL/cUL 60950-1	File # E194341
EN60950-1	Certified by TUV
72/23/EEC	· ·
93/68/EEC	
Needle Flame Test (IEC 695-2-2)	Test on entire assembly; board & plastic components UL94V-0 compliant ESD test, 8kV - NP, 15kV air - NP (Normal Performance) Section 7 - electrical safety, Section 9 - bonding/grounding
IEC 61000-4-2	ESD test, 8kV - NP, 15kV air - NP (Normal Performance)
GR-1089-CORE	Section 7 - electrical safety, Section 9 - bonding/grounding
Telcordia (Bellcore) GR-513	

An external input fuse must always be used to meet these safety requirements. Contact SynQor for official safety
certificates on new releases or download from the <u>SynQor website</u>.

QUALIFICATION TESTING

Parameter	# Units	Test Conditions		
QUALIFICATION TESTING				
Life Test	32	95% rated Vin and load, units at derating point, 1000 hours		
Vibration	5	10-55Hz sweep, 0.060" total excursion, 1 min./sweep, 120 sweeps for 3 axis		
Mechanical Shock	5	100g minimum, 2 drops in x and y axis, 1 drop in z axis		
Temperature Cycling	10	-40°C to 100°C, unit temp. ramp 15°C/min., 500 cycles		
Power/Thermal Cycling	5	Toperating = min to max, Vin = min to max, full load, 100 cycles		
Design Marginality	5	Tmin-10°C to Tmax+10°C, 5°C steps, Vin = min to max, 0-105% load		
Humidity ,	5	85°C, 85% RH, 1000 hours, continuous Vin applied except 5min./day		
Solderability	15 pins	MIL-STD-883, method 2003		

Extensive characterization testing of all SynQor products and manufacturing processes is performed to ensure that we supply robust, reliable product. Contact the factory for official product family qualification documents.

OPTIONS

PATENTS

SynQor provides various options for Packaging, Enable Logic, and Feature Set for this family of DC/DC converters. Please consult the <u>last page</u> for information on available options.

SynQor is protected under various patents. Please consult the <u>last page</u> for further details.

oduct # NQ16W50SMA16 Phone 1-888-567-9596 www.syngor.com Doc.# 005-2NS12WE Rev. A 11/26/07 Page 4



Current: 16A Package: SMT

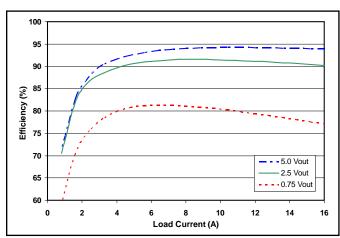


Figure 1: Efficiency at nominal output voltage vs. load current for nominal input voltage at 25°C.

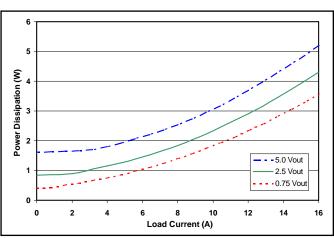


Figure 2: Power dissipation at nominal output voltage vs. load current for nominal input voltage at 25°C.

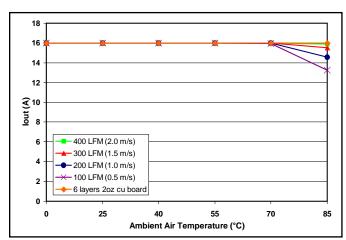


Figure 3: Maximum output power derating curves for 0.75Vo, 1.2Vo, 1.5Vo units under various thermal conditions and nominal input voltage. See Thermal Considerations section for more details.

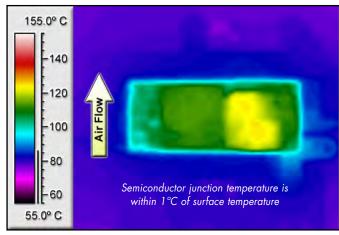


Figure 4: Thermal plot of 0.75Vo, 1.2Vo converters at nominal Vin and 16 amp load current mounted on a 85°C, 6-Layer, 2 oz. copper board (typical installation).

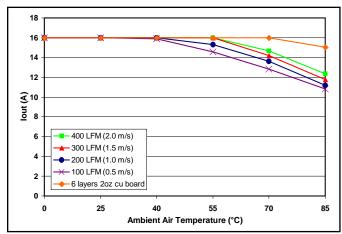


Figure 5: Maximum output power derating curves for 1.8Vo, 2.5Vo units under various thermal conditions and nominal input voltage. See Thermal Considerations section for more details.

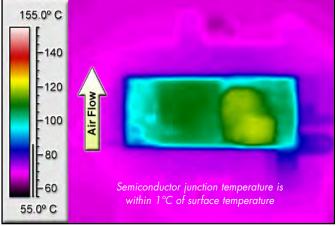


Figure 6: Thermal plot of 1.8Vo, 2.5Vo converters at nominal Vin and 16 amp load current mounted on a 70°C, 6-Layer, 2 oz. copper board (typical installation).



Current: 16A Package: SMT

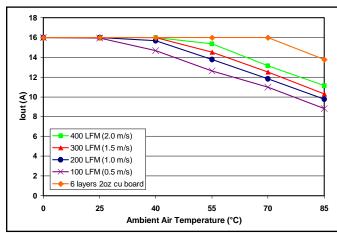


Figure 7: Maximum output power derating curves for 3.3Vo, 5.0Vo units under various thermal conditions and nominal input voltage. See Thermal Considerations section for more details.

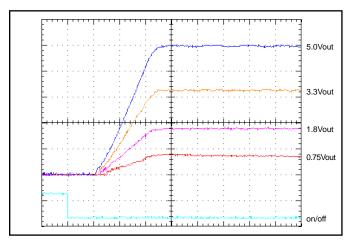


Figure 9: Turn-on transient at full load (resistive load) (2 ms/div). Ch 1: ON/OFF input (5V/div) Ch 2-4: Vout (1V/div)

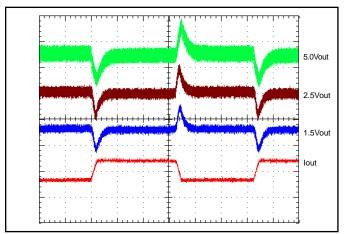


Figure 11: Output voltage response for 1.5V, 2.5V, 5V units to step-change in load current (50-75-50% of Iout max; di/dt=0.1A/ μ s). Load cap: 100 μ F, $100m\Omega$ ESR tant, $10\mu F$ cer. Ch 1: Iout (10A/div), Ch 2-4: Vout (100mV/div).

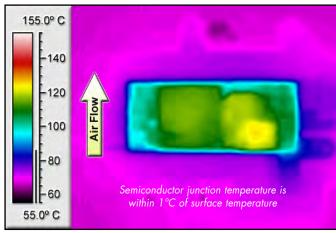


Figure 8: Thermal plot of 3.3Vo, 5.0Vo converters at nominal Vin and 16 amp load current mounted on a 70°C, 6-Layer, 2 oz. copper board (typical installation).

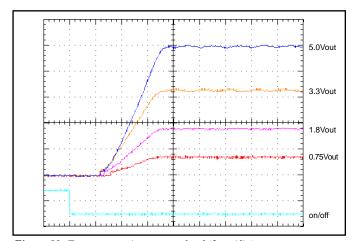


Figure 10: Turn-on transient at zero load (2 ms/div). Ch 1: ON/OFF input (5V/div) Ch 2-4: Vout (1V/div)

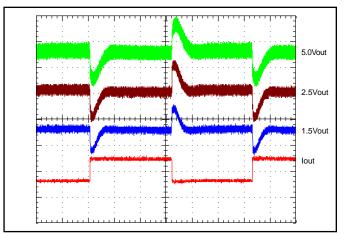


Figure 12: Output voltage response for 1.5V, 2.5V, 5V units to step-change in load current (50-75-50% of Iout max; di/dt=3A/ μ s). Load cap: 470 μ F, 100 $m\Omega$ ESR tant, 10µF cer. Ch 1: Iout (10A/div), Ch 2-4: Vout (100mV/div).



Current: 16A Package: SMT

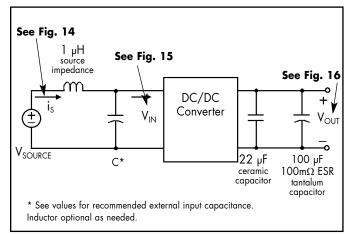


Figure 13: Test set-up diagram showing measurement points for Input Reflected Ripple Current (Figure 14), Input Terminal Ripple Voltage (Figure 15), and Output Voltage Ripple (Figure 16).

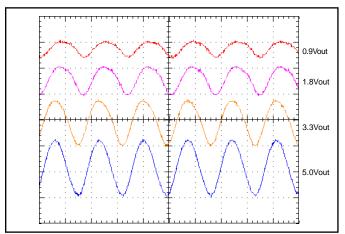


Figure 15: Input Terminal Ripple Voltage at nominal input voltage and rated load current (200 mV/div). Load capacitance: 22µF ceramic cap and 100µF tantalum cap. Bandwidth: 20 MHz. See Figure 13.

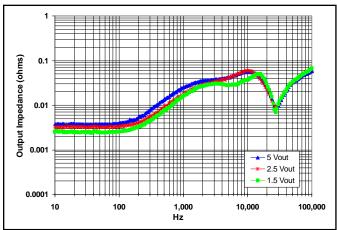


Figure 17: Magnitude of incremental output impedance ($Z_{out} = v_{out}i_{out}$) for nominal input voltage at full rated power with $100\mu F$ tantalum output capacitor.

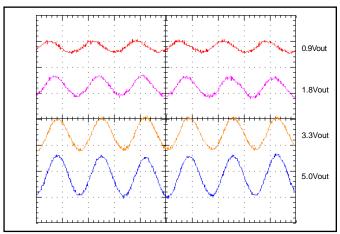


Figure 14: Input Reflected Ripple Current, $i_{S'}$ through a 1 μ H source inductor at nominal input voltage and rated load current (100 mA/div). See Figure 13.

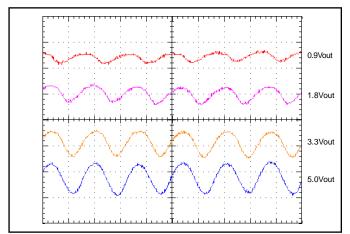


Figure 16: Output Voltage Ripple at nominal input voltage and rated load current (50 mV/div). Load capacitance: 22μF ceramic cap and 100μF tantalum cap.. Bandwidth: 20 MHz. See Figure 13.

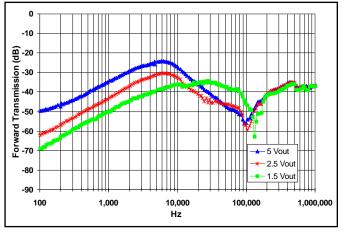


Figure 18: Magnitude of incremental forward transmission (FT = v_{out}/v_{in}) for nominal input voltage at full rated power with $100\mu F$ tantalum output capacitor.



Input: 6.0 - 16.0V Outputs: 0.75 - 5.0V Current: 16A

Package: SMT

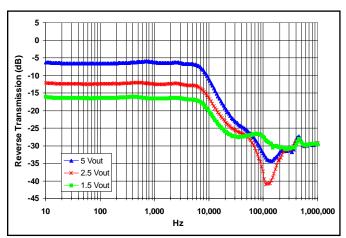


Figure 19: Magnitude of incremental reverse transmission (RT = i_{in}/i_{out}) for nominal input voltage at full rated power with $100\mu F$ tantalum output capacitor.

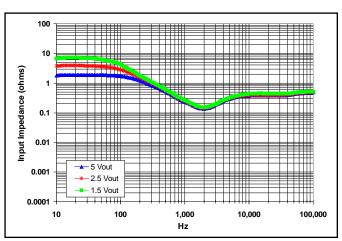


Figure 20: Magnitude of incremental input impedance $(Z_{in} = v_{in}/i_{in})$ for nominal input voltage at full rated power with 100µF tantalum output capacitor.

Current: 16A Package: SMT

BASIC OPERATION AND FEATURES

The NiQor series non-isolated converter uses a buck-converter that keeps the output voltage constant over variations in line, load, and temperature. The NiQor modules employ synchronous rectification for very high efficiency.

Dissipation throughout the converter is so low that it does not require a heatsink or metal baseplate for operation. The NiQor converter can thus be built more simply and reliably using high yield surface mount techniques on a single PCB substrate.

The NiQor series of SIPs and SMT converters uses the established industry standard footprint and pin-out configurations.

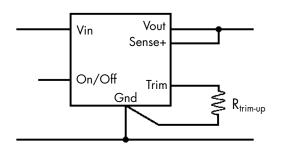
CONTROL FEATURES

REMOTE ON/OFF: The ON/OFF input permits the user to control when the converter is on or off. There are currently two options available for the ON/OFF input described in the table below. Others may become available if demand exists.

		Pin-Open Float	Pin-Open Converter	
Option	Description	Voltage	State	Pin Action
P Logic	Positive/Open	5	On	Pull Low = Off
O Logic	Negative/Open	0	On	Pull High = Off

OUTPUT VOLTAGE TRIM: The TRIM input permits the user to adjust the output voltage according to the trim range specifications by using an external resistor. If the TRIM feature is not being used, leave the TRIM pin disconnected.

TRIM-UP: To increase the output voltage from the nominal setpoint of 0.7525V using an external resistor, connect the resistor $R_{trim-up}$ between the TRIM and the Ground pin according to the diagram below.



For a desired increase of the nominal output voltage, the value of the resistor should be:

$$R_{trim-up} = \frac{10500}{V_{DES} - 0.7525} - 1000 (\Omega)$$

$$V_{OUT} = 0.7525 + \frac{10500}{R_{trim-up} + 1000}$$
 (Ω)

where $V_{DES} = Desired Output Voltage$

To maintain the accuracy of the output voltage over load current, it is vital that any trim-up resistor be terminated directly to the converter's ground foot, not at the connection to the load. A separate Kelvin connection to the PCB pad for the ground foot is optimal. Trim-down resistors should be terminated at the converter's Sense+ pin.

We do not recommend bypassing the trim pin directly to ground with a capacitor. The voltage gain from the trim pin to output is rather large, 15:1. Ground bounce through a bypass capacitor could introduce significant noise to the converter's control circuit.

PROTECTION FEATURES

Input Under-Voltage Lockout: The converter is designed to turn off when the input voltage is too low, helping avoid an input system instability problem, described in more detail in the application note titled "Input System Instability". The lockout circuitry is a comparator with DC hysteresis. When the input voltage is rising, it must exceed the typical Turn-On Voltage Threshold value (listed on the specification page) before the converter will turn on. Once the converter is on, the input voltage must fall below the typical Turn-Off Voltage Threshold value before the converter will turn off.

Output Current Limiting: To provide protection in an output over load fault condition, the unit is equipped with internal overcurrent protection. When the over-current protection is triggered, the unit enters hiccup mode. The units operate normally once the fault condition is removed.

Internal Over-Voltage Protection: To fully protect from excessive output voltage, the NQ16 series contains an Output Over-Voltage Shutdown circuitry.

This OVP is independent of the trimmed setpoint. As such, the converter's load is protected from faults in the external trim circuitry (such as a trim pin shorted to ground). Since the setpoint of this OVP does not track trim, it is set at 6.0V, in the wide-trim W50 model.

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The shutdown point is fixed on standard option. SMA also offers adjustable OVP set point. For more detailed information contact SynQor technical support.

Over-Temperature Shutdown: A temperature sensor on the converter senses the average temperature of the module. The thermal shutdown circuit is designed to turn the converter off when the temperature at the sensed location reaches the Over-Temperature Shutdown value. It will allow the converter to turn on again when the temperature of the sensed location falls by the amount of the Over-Temperature Shutdown Restart Hysteresis value.

APPLICATION CONSIDERATIONS

Input Filtering/Capacitance/Damping: The filter circuit of Figure E is often added to the converter's input to prevent switching noise from reaching the input voltage bus.

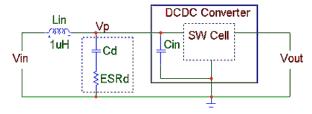


Figure E: NQ16 converter with Input Filter

In the SMA16 (surface mount) converters Cin = $30\mu F$ of high quality ceramic capacitors. With Lin of $1\mu H$, Cd should be $100-200\mu F$ and Rd should be $0.1-0.2\Omega$, in most applications. For more information on designing the input filter and choosing proper values, contact SynQor technical support.

Adding significant external pure ceramic capacitance directly across the converter's input pins is not recommended. Parasitic inductance associated with the input pin geometry and PCB traces can create a high-Q CLC circuit with any external capacitors. Just a few nano-Henries of parasitic inductance can create a resonance (or an overtone) near the converter's switching frequency. Cin has a reactance of $10\text{-}20\text{m}\Omega$ at the 300kHz switching frequency. To avoid this high-frequency resonance, any external input filter should exhibit a net source impedance of at least $20\text{m}\Omega$ resistive through this frequency range. This requirement is easily met with the damping elements discussed above. Adding a small amount (a few μF) of high-frequency external ceramic will not violate it.

If using converters at higher powers, consider the ripple current rating of Cd. Contact SynQor technical support for details.

Output Capacitance: It is recommended to add at least $100\mu F$ of capacitance, with an ESR in the 0.1Ω range, to the out-

put of the SMA16 series of converters. The VMA16 series has this capacitance included internally. In many applications, however, additional external output capacitance is required to reduce the response to load transients to an allowable level.

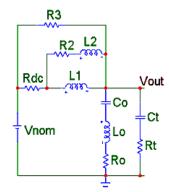
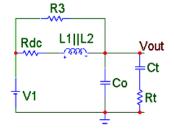


Figure F: NQ16 Passive Output Model SMA16 case, the mod-

The output impedance of these converters can be quite accurately modeled from DC to about 100kHz as shown in Figure F. A further simplified version of it, valid below 40Hz and above 1kHz, is shown in Figure G. In the els depict the minimum

recommended output capacitance, Ct with its resistance Rt. In the VMA16 family, that capacitor is again included in the converter.



If the dynamic characteristics of the load are known, any standard simulator can use these models to predict the in-circuit transient response.

Figure G: Simplified NQ16 Output Model

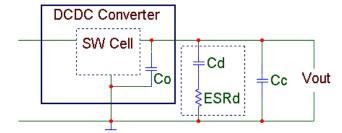


Figure H: Converter with Additional Output Capacitance

For minimal overshoot upon recovery, Cd should be related to the minimum in-circuit net ESR.

$$Cd > \frac{\text{parallel (L1, L2)}}{\text{ESRd}_{min}^2}$$

For more detailed derivations of these values contact SynQor technical support.

Thermal Performance (SMA16): While impossible to be exact, a simplified thermal model for the mounted converter is detailed below.

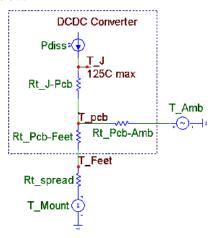


Figure 1: Thermal Model for NQ16 Surface Mount

- Rt_J-Pcb models the conduction of heat from the converter's hottest junction to the converter's PCB at large. It is about 3°C/W for converters running at higher output voltage, and about 4°C/W for lower voltage converters.
- Rt_Pcb-Amb models the power dissipation from converter PCB to the air stream. It ranges from about 15°C/W at 400LFM to about 25°C/W 100LFM.
- Rt_Pcb-Feet expresses the thermal path from the converter's PCB though its mounting feet; it is about 3°C/W.
- Rt_spread models the heat spreading on the PCB to which the converter is mounted and is largely dependent upon the construction and layout of that PCB.
- T_mount is the temperature of that PCB in the greater vicinity of the converter.

As is evident, the values for Rt_spread and T_mount will have great effect upon the thermal operation of the converter. With Rt_Pcb-Amb being 5 to 8 times as large as Rt_Pcb-Feet, in most applications these converters will be predominantly cooled via thermal conduction through their feet. Airflow and T_Amb will have only a minimal cooling effect.

- Rt_spread should be minimized. Attach the converter to large copper planes, on multiple layers, with multiple vias near the mounting feet.
- T_mount should also be minimized. Place the converter far enough away from other sources of heat on the PCB so that it is as cool as practical.
- If operation near derating limits is even suspected, thermal performance should be verified with the unit mounted in its intended manner and powered in circuit with all neighboring circuitry active. Attach a thermocouple to the converter's hotspot as shown in Figures 4, 6, and 8 in the Performance Curves section.

SURFACE MOUNT INFORMATION

PCB Layout Considerations: SynQor recommends that the customer use a non-solder mask defined pad design. The minimum recommended pad size is 0.074" x 0.122" (1.88mm x 3.1mm) and the maximum pad size is 0.095" x 0.140" (2.41mm x 3.56mm), see the mechanical diagram on page $\underline{2}$. Interconnection to internal power planes is typically required. This can be accomplished by placing a number of vias between the SMT pad and the relevant plane. The number and location of the vias should be determined based on electrical resistance, current and thermal requirements. "Via-in-pad" design should be avoided in the SMT pads. Solder mask should be used to eliminate solder wicking into the vias.

Pick and Place: The NiQor surface mount modules are designed for automated assembly using standard SMT pick and place equipment. The modules have a centrally located inductor component with a flat surface area to be used for component pick-up. The units use open frame construction and have a low mass that is within the capability of standard pick and place equipment. Those modules however have a larger mass than most conventional SMT components and so variables such as nozzle size, tip style, handling speed, and placement pressure should be optimized for best results. A conformal tipped placement nozzle design is recommended. Coplanarity of better than 0.004" (0.1 mm) is achieved through the SMT NiQor's terminal design.

Product # NQ16W50SMA16

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Reflow Soldering Guidelines: Figure J shows a typical reflow profile for a eutectic solder process. Due to variations in customer applications, materials and processes, it is not feasible for SynQor to recommend a specific reflow profile. The customer should use this profile as a guideline only. Since the NiQor surface mount modules have a larger thermal mass and lower thermal resistance than standard SMT components, it may be necessary to optimize the solder reflow profile based on limitations of the other components on the customer board. Sufficient reflow time must be allowed to fuse the plating on the connection to ensure a reliable solder joint. The solder reflow profile should be confirmed by accurately measuring the SMT interconnect leads. Maximum case temperature of 260°C (exposure for 5 seconds or less) is not exceeded for the NiQor units.

Moisture Sensitivity: The NiQor surface mount modules have an MSL rating 1 per IPC/JEDEC J-STD-033A.

Cleaning and Drying: When possible, a no-clean solder paste system should be used to solder the NiQor SMT units to their application board. The modules are suitable for aqueous washing, however, the user must ensure sufficient drying to remove all water from the converter before powering up. Inadequate cleaning and drying can affect the reliability of the converter and the testing of the final assembly.

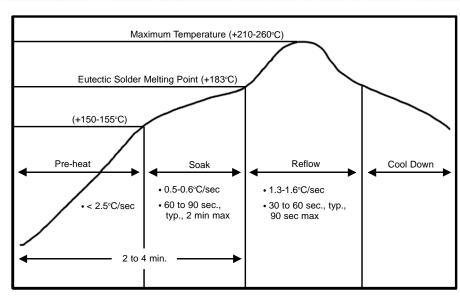


Figure J: Typical Eutectic (96.5Sn/3.0Ag/0.5Cu) Solder Profile

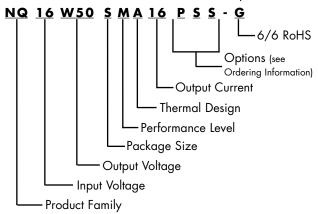
RoHS Compliance: The EU led RoHS (Restriction of Hazardous Substances) Directive bans the use of Lead, Cadmium, Hexavalent Chromium, Mercury, Polybrominated Biphenyls (PBB), and Polybrominated Diphenyl Ether (PBDE) in Electrical and Electronic Equipment. This SynQor product is 6/6 RoHS compliant. For more information please refer to SynQor's RoHS addendum available at our RoHS Compliance / Lead Free Initiative web page or e-mail us at rohs@synqor.com.



Current: 16A
Package: SMT

PART NUMBERING SYSTEM

The part numbering system for SynQor's NiQor DC/DC converters follows the format shown in the example below.



The first 12 characters comprise the base part number and the last 3 characters indicate available options. A "-G" suffix indicates the product is 6/6 RoHS compliant.

Application Notes

A variety of application notes and technical white papers can be downloaded in pdf format from our <u>website</u>.

PATENTS (additional patent applications may be filed)

SynQor holds the following patents, one or more of which might apply to this product:

5,999,417	6,222,742	6,545,890	6,577,109
6,594,159	6,731,520	6,894,468	6,896,526
6,927,987	7,050,309	7,072,190	7,085,146

ORDERING INFORMATION

The tables below show the valid model numbers and ordering options for converters in this product family. When ordering SynQor converters, please ensure that you use the complete 15 character part number consisting of the 12 character base part number and the additional 3 characters for options. A "-G" suffix indicates the product is 6/6 RoHS compliant.

Model Number	Input Voltage	Output Voltage	Max Output Current
NQ16W50SMA16xyz-G	6.0 - 16.0 V	0.75-5.0 V	16 A

The following option choices must be included in place of the $x\ y\ z$ spaces in the model numbers listed above.

Options Description: x y z					
Enable Logic	Pin Style	Feature Set			
P - Pos./Open O - Neg./Open	S - Standard	S - Sense N - None			

Contact SynQor for further information:

<u>Phone</u>: 978-849-0600 Toll Free: 888-567-9596

<u>Fax</u>: 978-849-0602

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Web: www.synqor.com
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Boxborough, MA 01719

USA

Warranty

SynQor offers a three (3) year limited warranty. Complete warranty information is listed on our <u>website</u> or is available upon request from SynQor.

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