# MULTI-RATE OC-48/STM-16 SFP TRANSCEIVERS WITH DIGITAL DIAGNOSTICS

### TRPE48-E2 SM Multi-rate

### **Product Description**

The TRPE48-E2 SFP series of multi-rate fiber optic transceivers with digital diagnostics monitoring functionality provide a quick and reliable interface for short reach (SR), intermediate reach (IR) and long reach (LR) applications. Diagnostics monitoring functionality (alarm and warning features) is integrated into the design via an I2C serial interface per the Multi-Source Agreement (MSA) SFF-8472, Rev. 9.4.

Products under this series are compatible with SONET/ SDH standards for OC-48/STM-16 (2.488Gb/s) SR-1/I-16 short reach, IR-1/S-16.1 & IR-2/S-16.2 intermediate reach and LR-1/L-16.1 & LR-2/L-16.2 long reach applications, OC-3/STM-1 (156Mb/s) and OC-12/STM-4 (622Mb/s) SR/I-1 and I-4 short reach applications; Gigabit Ethernet LX (1.25Gb/s) applications per IEEE 802.3; and Fibre Channel 200-SM-LC-L (2.125Gb/s) and 100-SM-LC-L (1.062Gb/s) applications per FC-PI standards. The transceivers support data rates ranging from 2.67Gb/s down to 125Mb/s. All modules satisfy Class I Laser Safety requirements in accordance with the U.S. FDA/CDRH and international IEC-60825 standards.

The TRPE48-E2 multi-rate transceivers connect to standard 20-pad SFP connectors for hot plug capability. This allows the system designer to make configuration changes or maintenance by simply plugging in different types of transceivers without removing the power supply from the host system.

The transceivers have colored bail-type latches, which offer an easy and convenient way to release the modules. The latch is compliant with the SFP MSA.

The transmitter and receiver DATA interfaces are AC-coupled internally. LV-TTL Transmitter Disable control input and Loss of Signal output interfaces are also provided.

The transceivers operate from a single +3.3V power supply over operating case temperature ranges of -5°C to +70°C (COM), -5°C to +85°C (EXT) or -40°C to +85°C (IND). The housing is made of metal for EMI immunity.



### Features

- ☑ Operating Bit Rate of 125Mb/s to 2.67Gb/s
- ☑ Compatible with SONET/SDH OC-48/STM-16
- Compatible with Gigabit Ethernet LX
- ☑ Compatible with Fibre Channel 200-SM-LC-L and 100-SM-LC-L
- Compatible with Gigabit Ethernet LX
- Compatible with Fibre Channel 200-SM-LC-L and 100-SM-LC-L
- Digital Diagnostics through Serial Interface
- ☑ Internal Calibration for Digital Diagnostics
- ☑ APD Receiver for Long Reach Applications
- ☑ Eye Safe (Class I Laser Safety)
- ☑ Duplex LC Optical Interface
- ☑ Hot-pluggable
- ☑ TX Fault & Loss of Signal Outputs
- ☑ TX Disable Input

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Parameter		Symbol	Minimum	Maximum	Units
Storage Temperature		T <sub>ST</sub>	- 40	+ 85	°C
	"COM"		- 5	+ 70	
Operating Case Temperature <sup>1</sup>	"EXT"	T <sub>OP</sub>	- 5	+ 85	°C
	"IND"		- 40	+ 85	
Supply Voltage	·	V <sub>cc</sub>	0	+ 5.0	V
Maximum Input Optical Power (30 seconds max.)		P <sub>in,max</sub>	-	+ 3.0	dBm
Input Voltage		V <sub>IN</sub>	0	V <sub>cc</sub>	V
1					

<sup>1</sup>Measured on top side of SFP module at the front center vent hole of the cage.



**Absolute Maximum Ratings** 



### TRPE48-E2 SINGLE MODE MULTI-RATE

Parameter		Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Operating Data Rate		В	0.125	-	2.67	Gb/s
Average Optical Output	SR-1		- 8.0	-	- 3.0	dBm
Power (coupled into single mode fiber), 50%	IR-1, IR-2	Po	- 5.0	-	0	
duty cycle	LR-1, LR-2		- 2.0	-	+ 3.0	
Futin ation Datia	OC-3/12/48 & 2.125Gb/s	D /D.	8.2	-	-	dB
Extinction Ratio	1.25Gb/s & 1.062Gb/s	Phi /Plo	9.0 <sup>1</sup>	-	-	
	SR-1, IR-1	λ <sub>c</sub>	1266	1310	1360	- nm
	IR-2		1430	1550	1580	
Center Wavelength	LR-1		1280	1310	1335	
	LR-2		1500	1550	1580	
Spectral Width (RMS)	SR-1	$\Delta\lambda$ rms	-	-	2.4	nm
Spectral Width (-20dB)	IR-1, IR-2, LR-1, LR-2	$\Delta\lambda_{20}$	-	-	1.0	nm
Side Mode Suppression Ratio	IR-1, IR-2, LR-1, LR-2	SMSR	30	-	-	dB
Optical Rise/Fall Time (20	% to 80%)	$t_r, t_f$	-	-	0.16	ns
Relative Intensity Noise		RIN		-	- 117	dB/Hz
Jitter Generation	OC-48	JG	-	-	0.07	Ulp-p
Dispersion Penalty	IR-1, IR-2, LR-1,			-	1.0	
	LR-2 <sup>2</sup>	-		-	2.0	– dB
Optical Output Eye	·	Compli	ant with Telcordia GR	-253-CORE and ITU-	F Recommendation G	i.957
<sup>1</sup> Except for LR-2 which is 8.7	2dB minimum.					

**Transmitter Performance Characteristics** (Over Operating Case Temperature.  $V_{cc} = 3.13$  to 3.47V)

<sup>1</sup>Except for LR-2 which is 8.2dB minimum.

<sup>2</sup>Specified at 1600ps/nm dispersion, which corresponds to the approximate worst-case dispersion for 80km G.652/G.654 fiber over the wavelength range of 1500-1580nm

**Receiver Performance Characteristics** (Over Operating Case Temperature.  $V_{cc} = 3.13$  to 3.47V)

Parameter		Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units			
Operating Data Rate <sup>1</sup>		В	0.125	-	2.67	Gb/s			
		2.67Gb/s,	SR-1, IR-1, IR-2		- 19.0	-	-	dBm	
Receiver Ser (10 <sup>-10</sup> BER) <sup>1</sup>	sitivity	OC-48	LR-1, LR-2 <sup>2</sup>	Pmin	- 28.0	-	-		
(TO DEII)		OC-3/12			- 23.0	-	-	1	
Receiver Sensitivity			's, 1.25Gb/s, 52Gb/s	Pmin	- 20.0	-	-	dBm	
(10 <sup>-12</sup> BER) <sup>3</sup>		0.12	25Gb/s		- 23.0	-	-		
		S	R-1	Pmax	- 3.0	-	-	dBm	
Maximum Input Optical Power (10 <sup>-12</sup> BER)	IR-1	1, IR-2	0		-	-			
FOWER (TO BER)		LR-1	I, LR-2		- 8.0	-	-		
	SR-1, IR-1,	Increasing I	_ight Input	$P_{los+}$	-	-	- 23.0		
LOS	IR-2	Decreasing	Light Input	Plos-	- 35.0	-	-	dDaa	
Thresholds		Increasing I	_ight Input	$P_{los+}$	-	-	- 28.0	- dBm	
	LR-1, LR-2	Decreasing	Light Input	Plos-	- 42.0	-	-		
	Delevi	Increasing I	_ight Input	t_loss_off	-	-	100	1	
LOS Timing Delay		Decreasing	Light Input	t_loss_on	2.3	-	100	- μs	
LOS Hysteresis		-	0.54	-	-	dB			
Wavelength of Operation		λ	1260	-	1600	nm			
Receiver Reflectance		-	-	-	- 27.0	dB			
Mongurod w	·ul. 223-1 DDDC								

<sup>1</sup>Measured with 2<sup>23-1</sup> PRBS.

<sup>2</sup>For all data rates: 2.67Gb/s, OC-48, 2.125Gb/s, 1.25Gb/s, 1.062Gb/s, OC-12, OC-3 and 0.125Gb/s.

<sup>3</sup>Measured with 2<sup>7-1</sup> PRBS. <sup>4</sup>For OC-3, Minimum Hysteresis is 0.2dB.

## Transmitter Performance Characteristics (Over Operating Case Temperature. $V_{cc} = 3.13$ to 3.47V)

Parameter	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units			
	-		. ypiour	1				
Input Voltage Swing (TD+ & TD-) <sup>1</sup>	V <sub>PP-DIF</sub>	0.35	-	1.75	V			
Input HIGH Voltage (TX Disable) <sup>2</sup>	$V_{_{I\!H}}$	2.0	-	V <sub>cc</sub>	V			
Input LOW Voltage (TX Disable) <sup>2</sup>	$V_{_{IL}}$	0	-	0.8	V			
Output HIGH Voltage (TX Fault) <sup>3</sup>	V <sub>OH</sub>	2.0	-	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	V			
Output LOW Voltage (TX Fault) <sup>3</sup>	V <sub>OL</sub>	0	-	0.8	V			
<sup>1</sup> Differential peak-to-peak voltage.								
<sup>2</sup> There is an internal 4.7 to $10k\Omega$ pull-up resistor to VccT.								
$^{3}$ Open collector compatible, 4.7 to 10k $\Omega$ pull-up	o resistor to Vcc (Host Sup	oply Voltage).						

### **Receiver Electrical Interface** (Over Operating Case Temperature. $V_{cc} = 3.13$ to 3.47V)

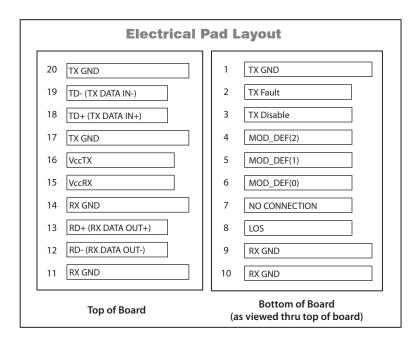
Parameter	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units		
Output Voltage Swing (RD+ & RD-) <sup>1</sup>	V <sub>PP-DIF</sub>	0.60	-	1.75	V		
Output HIGH Voltage (LOS) <sup>2</sup>	V <sub>OH</sub>	V <sub>cc</sub> - 1.3	-	V <sub>cc</sub> + 0.3	V		
Output LOW Voltage (LOS) <sup>2</sup>	V <sub>OL</sub>	0	-	0.5	V		
<sup>1</sup> Differential peak-to-peak voltage across external 100Ω load. <sup>2</sup> Open collector compatible, 4.7 to 10kΩ pull-up resistor to Vcc (Host Supply Voltage).							

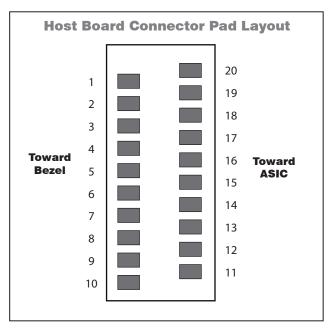
**Electrical Power Supply Characteristics** (Over Operating Case Temperature. V<sub>cc</sub> = 3.13 to 3.47V)

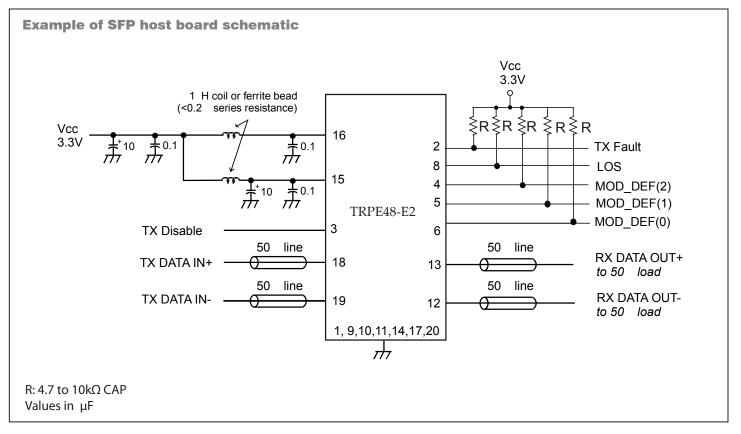
Parameter		Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Supply Voltage		V <sub>cc</sub>	3.13	3.3	3.47	V
Sumply Comment	SR-1, IR-1, IR-2	т	-	175	300	
Supply Current	LR-1, LR-2		-	175	320	mA

#### **Module Definition**

MOD_DEF(0) pin 6			Interpretation by Host
TTL LOW	SCL	SDA	Serial module definition protocol







### **Application Notes**

**Electrical interface:** All signal interfaces are compliant with the SFP MSA specification. The high speed DATA interface is differential AC-coupled internally with 1µF and can be directly connected to a 3.3V SERDES IC. All low speed control and sense output signals are open collector TTL compatible and should be pulled up with a 4.7 - 10k $\Omega$  resistor on the host board

**Loss of Signal (LOS):** The Loss of Signal circuit monitors the level of the incoming optical signal and generates a logic HIGH when an insufficient photocurrent is produced.

**TX\_Fault:** The output indicates LOW when the transmitter is operating normally, and HIGH with a laser fault including laser end-of-life. TX Fault is an open collector/drain output and should be pulled up with a  $4.7 - 10k\Omega$  resistor on the host board. TX Fault is non-latching (automatically deasserts when fault goes away).

**TX\_Disable:** When the TX Disable pin is at logic HIGH, the transmitter optical output is disabled (less than -45dBm).

**Serial Identification and Monitoring:** The module definition of SFP is indicated by the three module definition pins, MOD\_DEF(0), MOD\_DEF(1) and MOD\_DEF(2).

Laser Safety: All transceivers are Class I Laser products per FDA/CDRH and IEC-60825 standards. They must be operated under specified operating conditions. Upon power up, MOD\_DEF(1:2) appear as NC (no connection), and MOD\_DEF(0) is TTL LOW. When the host system detects this condition, it activates the serial protocol (standard two-wire I<sup>2</sup>C serial interface) and generates the serial clock signal (SCL). The positive edge clocks data into the EEPROM segments of the SFP that are not write protected, and the negative edge clocks data from the SFP.

The serial data signal (SDA) is for serial data transfer. The host uses SDA in conjunction with SCL to mark the startand end of serial protocol activation. The supported monitoring functions are internal temperature, supply voltage, bias current, transmitter power, average receiver signal, all alarms and warnings and software monitoring of TX Fault/LOS. The device is internally calibrated.

The data transfer protocol and the details of the mandatory and vendor specific data structures are defined in the SFP MSA, and SFF-8472, Rev. 9.4.

**Power supply and grounding:** The power supply line should be well-filtered. All  $0.1\mu$ F power supply bypass capacitors should be as close to the transceiver module as possible.

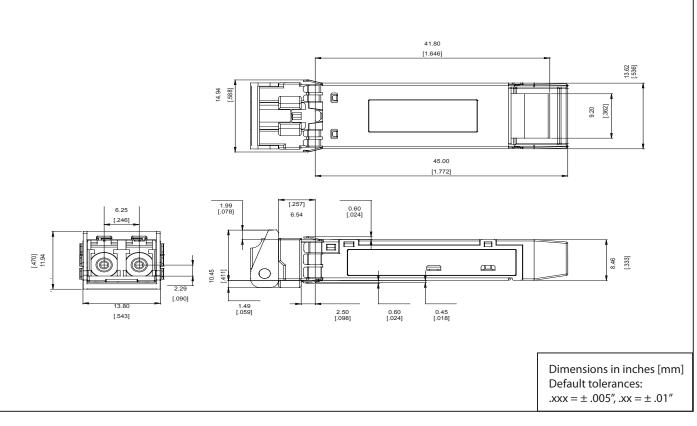




Oplink Communications, Inc. DATE OF MANUFACTURE:

MANUFACTURED IN THE USA This product complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 Meets Class I Laser Safety Requirements





### **Ordering Information**

Part Number	Operating Temperature	Latch Color	Nominal Wavelength	SONET/SDH Standards	Distance <sup>1</sup>		
TRPE48CS1C000E2	- 5°C to +70°C	Gray	1310nm FP	SR-1/I-16	12/2km		
TRPE48EI1C000E2	- 5°C to +70°C	Violet	1310nm DFB	IR-1/S-16.1	21/15km		
TRPE48EI2C000E2	- 5°C to +70°C	Red	1550nm DFB	IR-2/S-16.2	42/15km		
TRPE48HL1C000E2	- 5°C to +70°C	Red	1310nm DFB	LR-1/L-16.1	40km		
TRPE48HL2C000E2	- 5°C to +70°C	White	1550nm DFB	LR-2/L-16.2	80km		
TRPE48CS1E000E2	- 5°C to +85°C	Gray	1310nm FP	SR-1/I-16	12/2km		
TRPE48EI1E000E2	- 5°C to +85°C	Yellow	1310nm DFB	IR-1/S-16.1	21/15km		
TRPE48EI2E000E2	- 5°C to +85°C	Red	1550nm DFB	IR-2/S-16.2	42/15km		
TRPE48HL1E000E2	- 5°C to +85°C	Red	1310nm DFB	LR-1/L-16.1	40km		
TRPE48HL2E000E2	- 5°C to +85°C	White	1550nm DFB	LR-2/L-16.2	80km		
TRPE48CS1I000E2	- 40°C to +85°C	Gray	1310nm FP	SR-1/I-16	12/2km		
TRPE48EI1I000E2	- 40°C to +85°C	Yellow	1310nm DFB	IR-1/S-16.1	21/15km		
TRPE48EI2I000E2	- 40°C to +85°C	Red	1550nm DFB	IR-2/S-16.2	42/15km		
TRPE48HL1I000E2	- 40°C to +85°C	Red	1310nm DFB	LR-1/L-16.1	40km		
TRPE48HL2I000E2	- 40°C to +85°C	White	1550nm DFB	LR-2/L-16.2	80km		
hese are target distances to be used for classification and not for specification, per Telcordia GR-253-CORE/ITU-T Recommendation G.957.							

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