

SmartSwitch™

General Description

The AAT4610A SmartSwitch is a current limited P-channel MOSFET power switch designed for high-side load switching applications. This switch operates with inputs ranging from 2.4V to 5.5V, making it ideal for both 3V and 5V systems. An integrated current-limiting circuit protects the input supply against large currents which may cause the supply to fall out of regulation. The AAT4610A is also protected from thermal overload which limits power dissipation and junction temperatures. It can be used to control loads that require up to 1A. Current limit threshold is programmed with a resistor from SET to ground. The quiescent supply current is typically a low 9µA. In shutdown mode, the supply current decreases to less than 1µA.

The AAT4610A is available in a Pb-free 5-pin SOT23 or 8-pin SC70JW package and is specified over the -40°C to +85°C temperature range.

Features

- Input Voltage Range: 2.4V to 5.5V
- Programmable Over-Current Threshold
- · Fast Transient Response:
 - 400ns Response to Short Circuit
- Low Quiescent Current
 - 9µA Typical
 - 1µA Max with Switch Off
- 145m Ω Typical R_{DS(ON)}
- Only 2.5V Needed for ON/OFF Control
- Under-Voltage Lockout
- Thermal Shutdown
- 4kV ESD Rating
- UL Approved—File No. E217765
- 5-Pin SOT23 or 8-Pin SC70JW Package
- Temperature Range: -40°C to +85°C

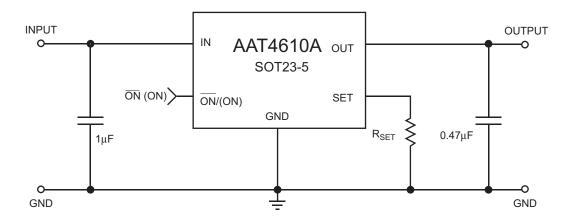
Applications

- Hot Swap Supplies
- Notebook Computers
- Peripheral Ports
- · Personal Communication Devices



UL Recognized Component

Typical Application

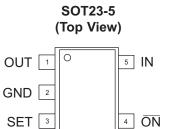




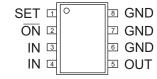
Pin Descriptions

| Pin # SOT23-5 SC70JW-8 | | Symbol | Function |
|---------------------------|---------|--------|---|
| 1 | 5 | OUT | P-channel MOSFET drain. Connect a 0.47µF capacitor from OUT to GND. |
| 2 | 6, 7, 8 | GND | Ground connection. |
| 3 | 1 | SET | Current limit set input. A resistor from SET to ground sets the current limit for the switch. |
| 4 | 2 | ŌN | Enable input. Two versions are available, active-high and active-low. See Ordering Information for details. |
| 5 | 3, 4 | IN | P-channel MOSFET source. Connect a 1µF capacitor from IN to GND. |

Pin Configuration



SC70JW-8 (Top View)





Absolute Maximum Ratings¹ $T_A = 25$ °C, unless otherwise noted.

| Symbol | Description | Value | Units |
|------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|-------|
| V _{IN} | IN to GND | -0.3 to 6 | V |
| V _{ON} | ON(ON) to GND | -0.3 to V _{IN} + 0.3 | V |
| V _{SET,} V _{OUT} | SET, OUT to GND | -0.3 to V _{IN} + 0.3 | V |
| I _{MAX} | Maximum Continuous Switch Current | 2 | А |
| T _J | Operating Junction Temperature Range | -40 to 150 | °C |
| T _{LEAD} | Maximum Soldering Temperature (at Leads) | 300 | °C |
| V _{ESD} | ESD Rating ² - HBM | 4000 | V |

Thermal Characteristics³

| Symbol | Description | Value | Units |
|----------------|--|-------|-------|
| Θ_{JA} | Thermal Resistance (SOT23-5 or SC70JW-8) | 150 | °C/W |
| P _D | Power Dissipation (SOT23-5 or SC70JW-8) | 667 | mW |

^{1.} Stresses above those listed in Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Functional operation at conditions other than the operating conditions specified is not implied. Only one Absolute Maximum Rating should be applied at any one time.

^{2.} Human body model is a 100pF capacitor discharged through a $1.5k\Omega$ resistor into each pin.

^{3.} Mounted on a demo board.



Electrical Characteristics

 $\overline{V_{\text{IN}}}$ = 5V, T_{A} = -40°C to +85°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are T_{A} = 25°C.

| Symbol | Description | Conditions | | Min | Тур | Max | Units |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|---|---|------|------|------|--------|
| V _{IN} | Operation Voltage | | | 2.4 | | 5.5 | V |
| IQ | Quiescent Current | $V_{IN} = 5V$, ON (\overline{C} | $V_{IN} = 5V$, ON $(\overline{ON}) = Active$, $I_{OUT} = 0$ | | 9 | 25 | μA |
| I _{Q(OFF)} | Off Supply Current | ON (ON) = Inac | tive, V _{IN} = 5.5V | | | 1 | μΑ |
| I _{SD(OFF)} | Off Switch Current | ON (ON) = Inac | tive, $V_{IN} = 5.5V$, $V_{OUT} = 0$ | | 0.01 | 1 | μA |
| V _{UVLO} | Under-Voltage Lockout | Rising Edge, 1% | 6 Hysteresis | | 1.8 | 2.4 | V |
| | | V _{IN} = 5.0V, T _A = 25°C | | | 145 | 180 | |
| R _{DS(ON)} | On Resistance | $V_{IN} = 4.5V, T_A =$ | 25°C | | 150 | | mΩ |
| , , | | V _{IN} = 3.0V, T _A = 25°C | | | 190 | 230 | 1 |
| TC _{RDS} | On Resistance Temperature | | | | 2800 | | ppm/°C |
| | Coefficient | | | | | | |
| I _{LIM} | Current Limit | $R_{SET} = 6.8k\Omega$ | | 0.75 | 1 | 1.25 | Α |
| I _{LIM(MIN)} | Minimum Current Limit | | | | 130 | | mA |
| V _{ON(L)} | ON (ON) Input Low Voltage | $V_{IN} = 2.7V \text{ to } 5.5V^{1}$ | | | | 0.8 | |
| | ON (ON) Input High Voltage | $V_{IN} = 2.7V \text{ to } < 4.2V^{1}$ | | 2.0 | | | V |
| V _{ON(H)} | ON (ON) Input High Voltage | $V_{IN} \ge 4.2V$ to $5.0V^1$ | | 2.4 | | | |
| I _{ON(SINK)} | ON (ON) Input Leakage | V _{ON} = 5.5V | | | 0.01 | 1 | μA |
| T _{RESP} | Current Limit Response Time | V _{IN} = 5V | | | 0.4 | | μs |
| T _{OFF} | Turn-Off Time | $V_{IN} = 5V$, $R_L = 10\Omega$ | | | 4 | 12 | μs |
| T _{ON} | Turn-On Time | $V_{IN} = 5V$, $R_L = 10\Omega$ | | | 12 | 200 | μs |
| T _{SD} | Over Temperature Threshold | \/ - 5\/ | T _J Increasing | 125 | | | - °C |
| | Over-Temperature Threshold | V _{IN} = 5V | T _J Decreasing | | 115 | | |

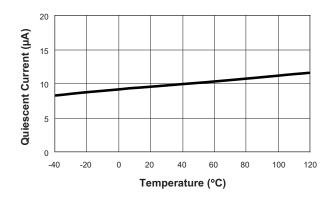
^{1.} For V_{IN} outside this range, consult Typical ON (\overline{ON}) Threshold curve.



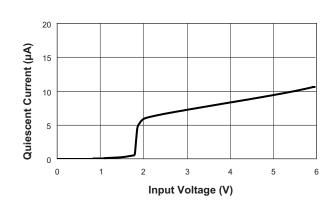
Typical Characteristics

Unless otherwise noted, $V_{IN} = 5V$, $T_A = 25$ °C.

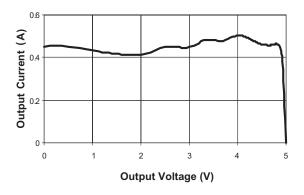
Quiescent Current vs. Temperature



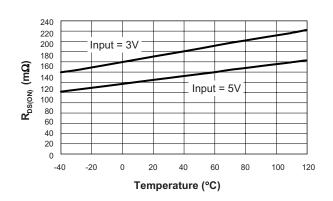
Quiescent Current vs. Input Voltage



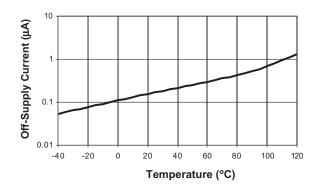
Output Current vs. Output Voltage $(R_{\text{SET}}$ = 16k $\Omega)$



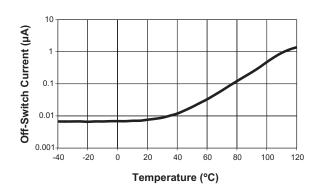
R_{DS(ON)} vs. Temperature



Off-Supply Current vs. Temperature



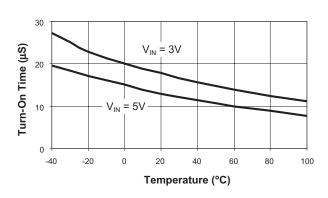
Off-Switch Current vs. Temperature



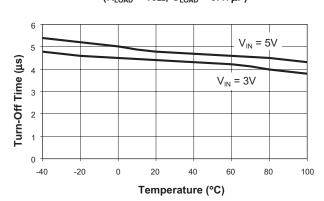


$\frac{\textbf{Typical Characteristics}}{\textbf{Unless otherwise noted, V}_{IN} = 5 \text{V, T}_{A} = 25 ^{\circ} \text{C.}$

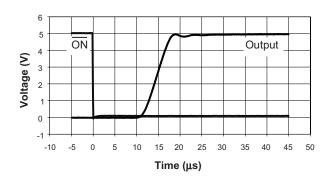
Turn-On vs. Temperature $(R_{LOAD} = 10\Omega; C_{LOAD} = 0.47\mu F)$



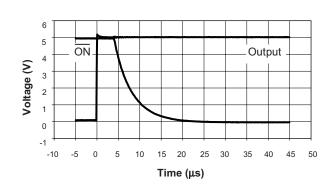
Turn-Off vs. Temperature $(R_{LOAD} = 10\Omega; C_{LOAD} = 0.47\mu F)$



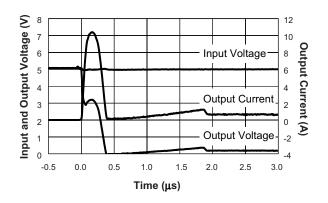
Turn-On $(R_L = 10\Omega; C_L = 0.47\mu F)$



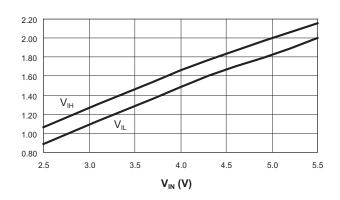
Turn-Off $(R_L = 10\Omega; C_L = 0.47 \mu F)$



Short-Circuit Through 0.3Ω



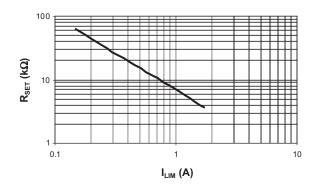
 V_{IH} and V_{IL} vs. V_{IN}



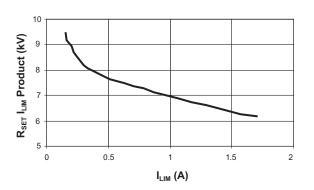


$\frac{\textbf{Typical Characteristics}}{\textbf{Unless otherwise noted, V}_{IN} = 5 \text{V, T}_{A} = 25 ^{\circ} \text{C.}$

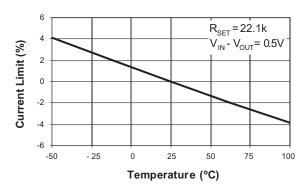
 R_{SET} vs. I_{LIM}



R_{SET} Coefficient vs. I_{LIM}

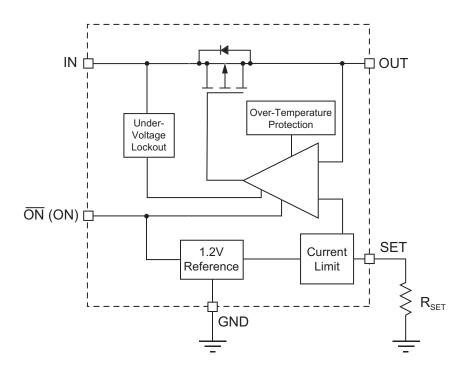


Current Limit vs. Temperature





Functional Block Diagram



Application Information

Setting Current Limit

In most applications, the variation in I_{LIM} must be taken into account when determining R_{SET} . The I_{LIM} variation is due to processing variations from part to part, as well as variations in the voltages at IN and OUT, plus the operating temperature. See charts "Current Limit vs. Temperature" and "Output Current vs. V_{OUT} ." Together, these three factors add up to a $\pm 25\%$ tolerance (see I_{LIM} specification in Electrical Characteristics section). Figure 1 illustrates a cold device with a statistically higher current limit and a hot device with a statistically lower current limit, both with R_{SET} equal to $10.5k\Omega$. While the chart, " R_{SET} vs. I_{LIM} " indicates an I_{LIM} of 0.74 with an R_{SET} of $10.5k\Omega$, this figure shows that the actual current limit will be at least 0.525A and no greater than 0.880A.

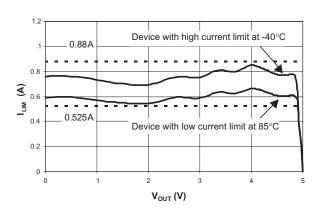


Figure 1: Current Limit Using $10.5k\Omega$.

To determine R_{SET} , start with the maximum current drawn by the load and multiply it by 1.33 (typical I_{LIM} = minimum I_{LIM} / 0.75). This is the typical current limit value. Next, refer to " R_{SET} vs. I_{LIM} " and find the R_{SET} that corresponds to the typical current limit value. Choose the largest resistor available that is less than or equal to it. For greater precision, the value of R_{SET} may also be calculated using the

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 I_{LIM} R_{SET} product found in the chart " R_{SET} Coefficient vs. I_{LIM} ." The maximum current is derived by multiplying the typical current for the chosen R_{SET} in the chart by 1.25. A few standard resistor values are listed in the table "Current Limit R_{SET} Values."

Current Limit R_{SET} Values

| R _{SET} (kΩ) | Current Limit Typ (mA) | Device Will Not Current Limit Below (mA) | Device Always Current Limits Below (mA) |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|---|--|
| 40.2 | 200 | 150 | 250 |
| 30.9 | 250 | 188 | 313 |
| 24.9 | 300 | 225 | 375 |
| 22.1 | 350 | 263 | 438 |
| 19.6 | 400 | 300 | 500 |
| 17.8 | 450 | 338 | 563 |
| 16.2 | 500 | 375 | 625 |
| 14.7 | 550 | 413 | 688 |
| 13.0 | 600 | 450 | 750 |
| 10.5 | 700 | 525 | 875 |
| 8.87 | 800 | 600 | 1000 |
| 7.50 | 900 | 675 | 1125 |
| 6.81 | 1000 | 750 | 1250 |
| 6.04 | 1100 | 825 | 1375 |
| 5.49 | 1200 | 900 | 1500 |
| 4.99 | 1300 | 975 | 1625 |
| 4.64 | 1400 | 1050 | 1750 |

Example: A USB port requires 0.5A. 0.5A multiplied by 1.33 is 0.665A. From the chart named " R_{SET} vs. I_{LIM} ," R_{SET} should be less than $11k\Omega$. 10.5k Ω is a standard value that is a little less than $11k\Omega$ but

very close. The chart reads approximately 0.700A as a typical I_{LIM} value for 10.5k Ω . Multiplying 0.700A by 0.75 and 1.25 shows that the AAT4610A will limit the load current to greater than 0.525A but less than 0.875A.

Operation in Current Limit

When a heavy load is applied to the output of the AAT4610A, the load current is limited to the value of I_{LIM} determined by R_{SET} . See Figure 2, "Overload Operation." Since the load is demanding more current than I_{LIM} , the voltage at the output drops. This causes the AAT4610A to dissipate a larger than normal quantity of power, and its die temperature to increase. When the die temperature exceeds an over-temperature limit, the AAT4610A will shut down until is has cooled sufficiently, at which point it will startup again. The AAT4610A will continue to cycle on and off until the load is removed, power is removed, or until a logic high level is applied to ON.

Enable Input

In many systems, power planes are controlled by integrated circuits which run at lower voltages than the power plane itself. The enable input ON of the AAT4610A has low and high threshold voltages that accommodate this condition. The threshold voltages are compatible with 5V TTL and 2.5V to 5V CMOS.

Reverse Voltage

The AAT4610A is designed to control current flowing from IN to OUT. If a voltage is applied to OUT which is greater than the voltage on IN, large currents may flow. This could cause damage to the AAT4610A.

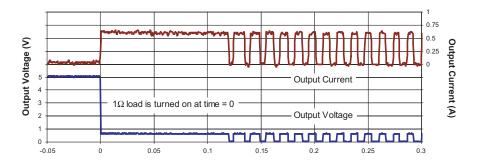


Figure 2: Overload Operation.



Ordering Information

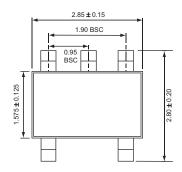
| Package | Enable | Marking ¹ | Part Number (Tape and Reel) ² |
|----------|------------------|----------------------|--|
| SOT23-5 | ON (active low) | ERXYY | AAT4610AIGV-T1 |
| SOT23-5 | ON (active high) | HXXYY | AAT4610AIGV-1-T1 |
| SC70JW-8 | ON (active low) | FKXYY | AAT4610AIJS-T1 |
| SC70JW-8 | ON (active high) | HXXYY | AAT4610AIJS-1-T1 |

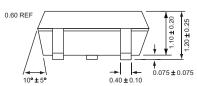


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Package Information

SOT23-5







All dimensions in millimeters.

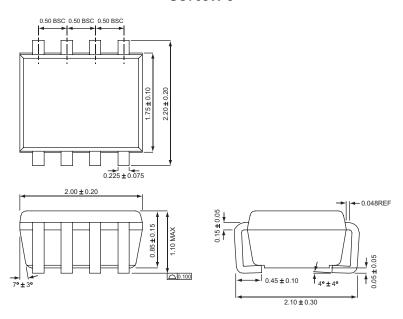
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^{1.} XYY = assembly and date code.

^{2.} Sample stock is generally held on part numbers listed in BOLD.



SC70JW-8



All dimensions in millimeters.

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