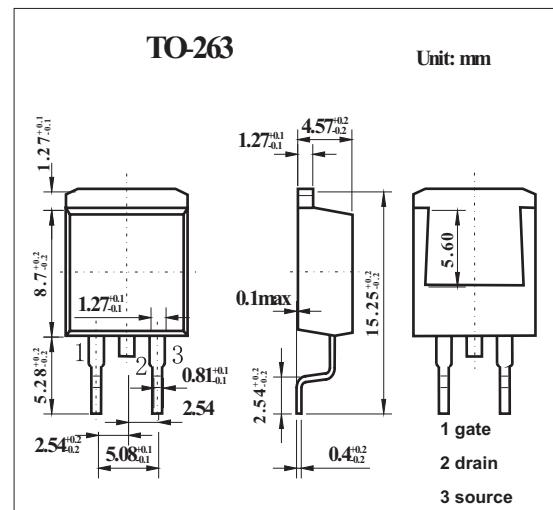
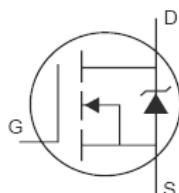


HEXFET® Power MOSFET

KRF1302S

■ Features

- Advanced Process Technology
- Ultra Low On-Resistance
- Dynamic dv/dt Rating
- 175°C Operating Temperature
- Fast Switching
- Repetitive Avalanche Allowed up to Tjmax



■ Absolute Maximum Ratings Ta = 25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Continuous Drain Current, Vgs @ 10V, Tc = 25°C	Id	174	A
Continuous Drain Current, Vgs @ 10V, Tc = 100°C	Id	120	
Pulsed Drain Current	Idm	700	
Power Dissipation Tc = 25°C	Pd	200	W
Linear Derating Factor		1.4	W/°C
Gate-to-Source Voltage	Vgs	±20	V
Single Pulse Avalanche Energy	Eas	350	mJ
Avalanche Current*1	Iar	Fig.1.2	A
Repetitive Avalanche Energy	Ear		mJ
Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt	dv/dt	TBD	V/ns
Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	Tj, Tstg	-55 to + 175	°C
Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds		300	°C
Junction-to-Case	Rθ JC	0.74	°C/W
Junction-to-Ambient (PCB mount)	Rθ JA	40	

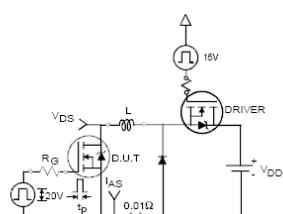


Fig1. Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

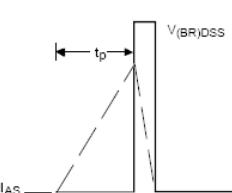


Fig 2. Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

KRF1302S■ Electrical Characteristics $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Testconditons	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250\text{mA}$	20			V
Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	$\Delta V_{(BR)DSS}/\Delta T_J$	Reference to 25°C , $I_D = 1\text{mA}$		0.021		$\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	$V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 104A$		3.3	4.0	$\text{m}\Omega$
Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$	2.0		4.0	V
Forward Transconductance	g_{fs}	$V_{DS} = 15V, I_D = 104A$	6.7			S
Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	I_{DSS}	$V_{DS} = 20V, V_{GS} = 0V$		20		μA
		$V_{DS} = 16V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$		250		
Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	I_{GSS}	$V_{GS} = 20V$		200		nA
Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage		$V_{GS} = -20V$		-200		
Total Gate Charge	Q_g	$I_D = 104A$	79	120		nC
Gate-to-Source Charge	Q_{gs}	$V_{DS} = 16V$	18	27		
Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge	Q_{gd}	$V_{GS} = 10V$	31	46		
Turn-On Delay Time	$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{DD} = 11V$ $I_D = 104A$ $R_G = 4.5\Omega$ $V_{GS} = 10V$	28			ns
Rise Time	t_r		130			
Turn-Off Delay Time	$t_{d(off)}$		47			
Fall Time	t_f		16			
Internal Drain Inductance	L_D	Between lead, 6 mm (0.25in.) from package and center of die contact 	4.5			nH
Internal Source Inductance	L_S		7.5			
Input Capacitance	C_{iss}	$V_{GS} = 0V$	3600			pF
Output Capacitance	C_{oss}	$V_{DS} = 25V$	2370			
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C_{rss}	$f = 1.0\text{MHz}$	520			
Output Capacitance	C_{oss}	$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 1.0V, f = 1.0\text{MHz}$	5710			
Output Capacitance	C_{oss}	$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 16V, f = 1.0\text{MHz}$	2370			
Effective Output Capacitance	$C_{oss eff.}$	$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 0V \text{ to } 16V$	3540			
Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	I_S	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode. 		174		A
Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode)	I_{SM}			700		
Diode Forward Voltage	V_{SD}	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_S = 104A, V_{GS} = 0V$			1.3	V
Reverse Recovery Time	t_{rr}	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_F = 104A$	66	100		ns
Reverse Recovery Charge	Q_{rr}	$dI/dt = 100A/\mu\text{s}$	130	200		μC
Forward Turn-On Time	t_{on}	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible (turn-on is dominated by L_S+L_D)				