

## Features

- Very high speed: 45 ns
- Temperature ranges
  - Industrial: -40°C to +85°C
  - Automotive-A: -40°C to +85°C
  - Automotive-E: -40°C to +125°C
- Wide voltage range: 2.20V–3.60V
- Pin compatible with CY62137CV/CV25/CV30/CV33, CY62137V, and CY62137EV30
- Ultra low standby power
  - Typical standby current: 1 μA
  - Maximum standby current: 5 μA (Industrial)
- Ultra low active power
  - Typical active current: 1.6 mA at f = 1 MHz (45 ns speed)
- Easy memory expansion with  $\overline{CE}$  and  $\overline{OE}$  features
- Automatic power down when deselected
- CMOS for optimum speed and power
- Byte power down feature
- Available in Pb-free 48-Ball VFBGA and 44-pin TSOP II package

## Functional Description

The CY62137FV30 is a high performance CMOS static RAM organized as 128K words by 16 bits. This device features advanced circuit design to provide ultra low active current. This

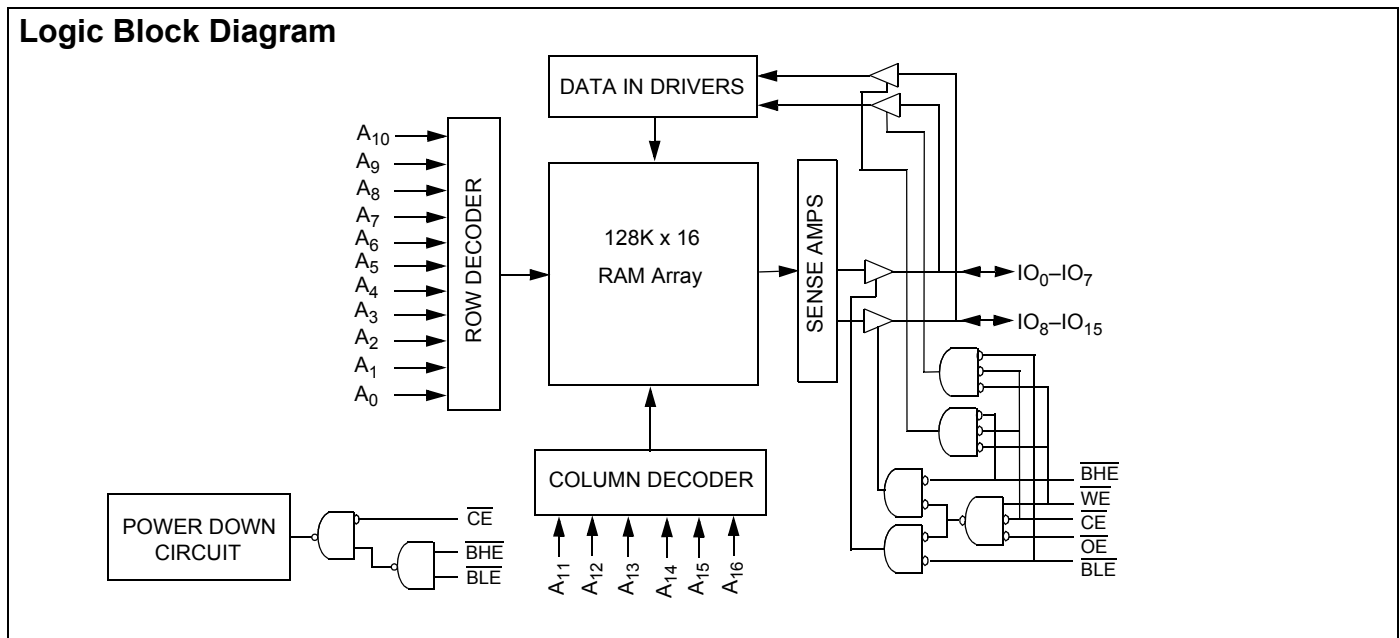
is ideal for providing More Battery Life™ (MoBL<sup>®</sup>) in portable applications such as cellular telephones. The device also has an automatic power down feature that significantly reduces power consumption by 90% when addresses are not toggling. Placing the device into standby mode reduces power consumption by more than 99% when deselected ( $\overline{CE}$  HIGH or both  $\overline{BLE}$  and  $\overline{BHE}$  are HIGH). The input and output pins (IO<sub>0</sub> through IO<sub>15</sub>) are placed in a high impedance state in the following conditions:

- Deselected ( $\overline{CE}$  HIGH)
- Outputs are disabled ( $\overline{OE}$  HIGH)
- Both Byte High Enable and Byte Low Enable are disabled ( $\overline{BHE}$ ,  $\overline{BLE}$  HIGH)
- Write operation is active ( $\overline{CE}$  LOW and  $\overline{WE}$  LOW)

Write to the device by taking Chip Enable ( $\overline{CE}$ ) and Write Enable ( $\overline{WE}$ ) inputs LOW. If Byte Low Enable ( $\overline{BLE}$ ) is LOW, then data from IO pins (IO<sub>0</sub> through IO<sub>7</sub>) is written into the location specified on the address pins (A<sub>0</sub> through A<sub>16</sub>). If Byte High Enable ( $\overline{BHE}$ ) is LOW, then data from IO pins (IO<sub>8</sub> through IO<sub>15</sub>) is written into the location specified on the address pins (A<sub>0</sub> through A<sub>16</sub>).

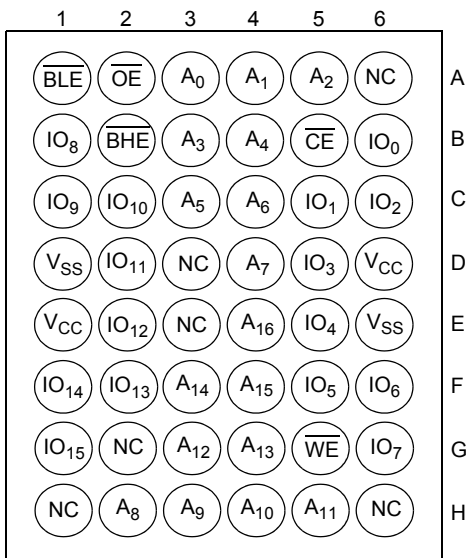
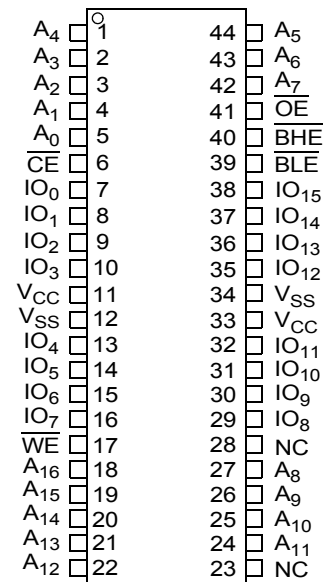
Read from the device by taking Chip Enable ( $\overline{CE}$ ) and Output Enable ( $\overline{OE}$ ) LOW, while forcing the Write Enable ( $\overline{WE}$ ) HIGH. If Byte Low Enable ( $\overline{BLE}$ ) is LOW, then data from the memory location specified by the address pins appear on IO<sub>0</sub> to IO<sub>7</sub>. If Byte High Enable ( $\overline{BHE}$ ) is LOW, then data from memory appears on IO<sub>8</sub> to IO<sub>15</sub>. See the “Truth Table” on page 9 for a complete description of read and write modes.

For best practice recommendations, refer to the Cypress application note [AN1064, SRAM System Guidelines](#).



**Product Portfolio**

Product	Range	V <sub>CC</sub> Range (V)			Speed (ns)	Power Dissipation					
						Operating I <sub>CC</sub> (mA)				Standby I <sub>SB2</sub> (μA)	
		f = 1MHz		f = f <sub>max</sub>							
		Min	Typ <sup>[1]</sup>	Max		Typ <sup>[1]</sup>	Max	Typ <sup>[1]</sup>	Max		
CY62137FV30LL	Ind'I/Auto-A	2.2V	3.0V	3.6V	45	1.6	2.5	13	18	1	5
	Auto-E	2.2V	3.0V	3.6V	55	2	3	15	25	1	20

**Pin Configuration**
**Figure 1. 48-Ball VFBGA Pinout<sup>[2, 3]</sup>**

**Figure 2. 44-Pin TSOP II<sup>[2]</sup>**

**Notes**

1. Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at V<sub>CC</sub> = V<sub>CC(typ)</sub>, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C.
2. NC pins are not connected on the die.
3. Pins D3, H1, G2, and H6 in the VFBGA package are address expansion pins for 4 Mb, 8 Mb, 16 Mb, and 32 Mb, respectively.

## Maximum Ratings

Exceeding the maximum ratings may impair the useful life of the device. These user guidelines are not tested.

Storage Temperature .....	-65°C to + 150°C
Ambient Temperature with Power Applied .....	-55°C to + 125°C
Supply Voltage to Ground Potential .....	-0.3V to 3.9V
DC Voltage Applied to Outputs in High Z state <sup>[4, 5]</sup> .....	-0.3V to 3.9V

DC Input Voltage <sup>[4, 5]</sup> .....	-0.3V to 3.9V
Output Current into Outputs (LOW) .....	20 mA
Static Discharge Voltage .....	> 2001V (MIL-STD-883, Method 3015)
Latch up Current .....	> 200 mA

## Operating Range

Device	Range	Ambient Temperature	V <sub>CC</sub> <sup>[6]</sup>
CY62137FV30LL	Ind'I/Auto-A	-40°C to +85°C	2.2V to 3.6V
	Auto-E	-40°C to +125°C	

## Electrical Characteristics

Over the Operating Range

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	45 ns (Ind'I/Auto-A)			55 ns (Auto-E)			Unit	
			Min	Typ <sup>[1]</sup>	Max	Min	Typ <sup>[1]</sup>	Max		
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output HIGH Voltage	2.2 ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 2.7	I <sub>OH</sub> = -0.1 mA		2.0			2.0		V
		2.7 ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 3.6	I <sub>OH</sub> = -1.0 mA		2.4			2.4		V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output LOW Voltage	2.2 ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 2.7	I <sub>OL</sub> = 0.1 mA					0.4		V
		2.7 ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 3.6	I <sub>OL</sub> = 2.1 mA					0.4		V
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input HIGH Voltage	2.2 ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 2.7	1.8		V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	1.8		V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3		V
		2.7 ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 3.6	2.2		V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	2.2		V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3		V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input LOW Voltage	2.2 ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 2.7	-0.3		0.6	-0.3		0.6		V
		2.7 ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 3.6	-0.3		0.8	-0.3		0.8		V
I <sub>IX</sub>	Input Leakage Current	GND ≤ V <sub>I</sub> ≤ V <sub>CC</sub>	-1		+1	-4		+4		μA
I <sub>OZ</sub>	Output Leakage Current	GND ≤ V <sub>O</sub> ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> , Output disabled	-1		+1	-4		+4		μA
I <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> Operating Supply Current	f = f <sub>max</sub> = 1/t <sub>RC</sub>		13	18		15	25		mA
		f = 1 MHz	V <sub>CC</sub> = V <sub>CC(max)</sub> I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 mA CMOS levels	1.6	2.5		2	3		
I <sub>SB1</sub>	Automatic CE Power Down Current – CMOS Inputs	$\overline{CE} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V$ , $V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V$ , $V_{IN} \leq 0.2V$ $f = f_{max}$ (address and data only), $f = 0$ ( $\overline{OE}$ , $\overline{WE}$ , $\overline{BHE}$ , and $\overline{BLE}$ ), V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.60V		1	5		1	20		μA
I <sub>SB2</sub> <sup>[7]</sup>	Automatic CE Power Down Current – CMOS Inputs	$\overline{CE} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V$ , $V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V$ or $V_{IN} \leq 0.2V$ , $f = 0$ , V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.60V		1	5		1	20		μA

## Capacitance

Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Max	Unit
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input Capacitance	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, f = 1 MHz,	10	pF
C <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Capacitance	V <sub>CC</sub> = V <sub>CC(typ)</sub>	10	pF

### Notes

- V<sub>IL(min)</sub> = -2.0V for pulse durations less than 20 ns.
- V<sub>IH(max)</sub> = V<sub>CC</sub> + 0.75V for pulse durations less than 20 ns.
- Full device AC operation assumes a minimum of 100 μs ramp time from 0 to V<sub>CC(min)</sub> and 200 μs wait time after V<sub>CC</sub> stabilization.
- Only chip enable (CE) and byte enables (BHE and BLE) are tied to CMOS levels to meet the I<sub>SB2</sub> / I<sub>CCDR</sub> specification. Other inputs can be left floating.

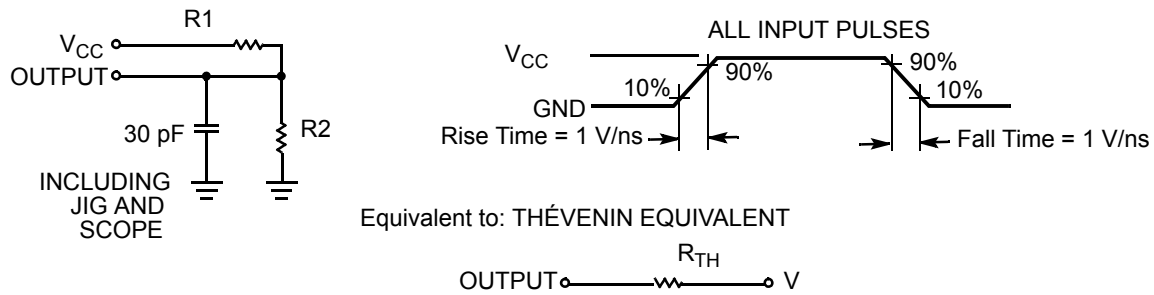
## Thermal Resistance

Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	VFBGA	TSOP II	Unit
$\Theta_{JA}$	Thermal Resistance (Junction to Ambient)	Still air, soldered on a 3 × 4.5 inch, two layer printed circuit board	75	77	°C/W
$\Theta_{JC}$	Thermal Resistance (Junction to Case)		10	13	°C/W

## AC Test Loads and Waveforms

Figure 3. AC Test Loads and Waveform



Parameters	2.5V (2.2V to 2.7V)	3.0V (2.7V to 3.6V)	Unit
R1	16667	1103	$\Omega$
R2	15385	1554	$\Omega$
$R_{TH}$	8000	645	$\Omega$
$V_{TH}$	1.20	1.75	V

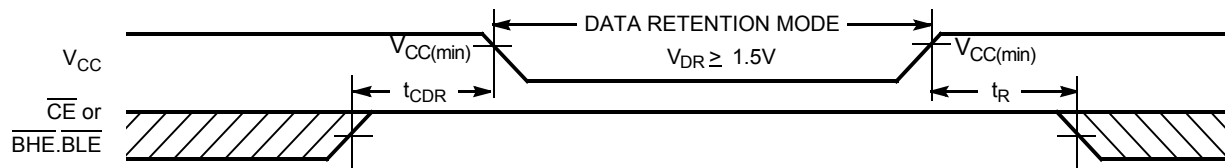
## Data Retention Characteristics

Over the Operating Range

Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ <sup>[1]</sup>	Max	Unit
$V_{DR}$	$V_{CC}$ for Data Retention		1.5			V
$I_{CCDR}$ <sup>[7]</sup>	Data Retention Current	$V_{CC} = 1.5V, \overline{CE} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V,$ $V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V$ or $V_{IN} \leq 0.2V$			4	$\mu A$
		Ind/I/Auto-A			12	
		Auto-E				
$t_{CDR}$ <sup>[8]</sup>	Chip Deselect to Data Retention Time		0			ns
$t_R$ <sup>[9]</sup>	Operation Recovery Time		$t_{RC}$			ns

## Data Retention Waveform

Figure 4. Data Retention Waveform<sup>[10]</sup>



### Notes

8. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.
9. Full device operation requires linear  $V_{CC}$  ramp from  $V_{DR}$  to  $V_{CC(min)} \geq 100 \mu s$  or stable at  $V_{CC(min)} \geq 100 \mu s$ .
10. BHE.BLE is the AND of both BHE and BLE. Deselect the chip by either disabling chip enable signals or by disabling both  $\overline{BHE}$  and  $\overline{BLE}$ .

## Switching Characteristics

Over the Operating Range [11, 12]

Parameter	Description	45 ns (Ind'l/Auto-A)		55 ns (Auto-E)		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
<b>Read Cycle</b>						
$t_{RC}$	Read Cycle Time	45		55		ns
$t_{AA}$	Address to Data Valid		45		55	ns
$t_{OHA}$	Data Hold From Address Change	10		10		ns
$t_{ACE}$	$\overline{CE}$ LOW to Data Valid		45		55	ns
$t_{DOE}$	$\overline{OE}$ LOW to Data Valid		22		25	ns
$t_{LZOE}$	$\overline{OE}$ LOW to Low Z [13]	5		5		ns
$t_{HZOE}$	$\overline{OE}$ HIGH to High Z [13, 14]		18		20	ns
$t_{LZCE}$	$\overline{CE}$ LOW to Low Z [13]	10		10		ns
$t_{HZCE}$	$\overline{CE}$ HIGH to High Z [13, 14]		18		20	ns
$t_{PU}$	$\overline{CE}$ LOW to Power Up	0		0		ns
$t_{PD}$	$\overline{CE}$ HIGH to Power Down		45		55	ns
$t_{DBE}$	$\overline{BLE}/\overline{BHE}$ LOW to Data Valid		45		55	ns
$t_{LZBE}$	$\overline{BLE}/\overline{BHE}$ LOW to Low Z [13, 15]	5		10		ns
$t_{HZBE}$	$\overline{BLE}/\overline{BHE}$ HIGH to High Z [13, 14]		18		20	ns
<b>Write Cycle [16]</b>						
$t_{WC}$	Write Cycle Time	45		55		ns
$t_{SCE}$	$\overline{CE}$ LOW to Write End	35		40		ns
$t_{AW}$	Address Setup to Write End	35		40		ns
$t_{HA}$	Address Hold from Write End	0		0		ns
$t_{SA}$	Address Setup to Write Start	0		0		ns
$t_{PWE}$	$\overline{WE}$ Pulse Width	35		40		ns
$t_{BW}$	$\overline{BLE}/\overline{BHE}$ LOW to Write End	35		40		ns
$t_{SD}$	Data Setup to Write End	25		25		ns
$t_{HD}$	Data Hold From Write End	0		0		ns
$t_{HZWE}$	$\overline{WE}$ LOW to High Z [13, 14]		18		20	ns
$t_{LZWE}$	$\overline{WE}$ HIGH to Low Z [13]	10		10		ns

### Notes

- Test conditions for all parameters, other than tri-state parameters, assume signal transition time of 3 ns (1V/ns) or less, timing reference levels of  $V_{CC(typ)}/2$ , input pulse levels of 0 to  $V_{CC(typ)}$ , and output loading of the specified  $I_{OL}/I_{OH}$  as shown in "AC Test Loads and Waveforms" on page 4.
- AC timing parameters are subject to byte enable signals (BHE or BLE) not switching when chip is disabled. Please see application note AN13842 for further clarification.
- At any given temperature and voltage condition,  $t_{HZCE}$  is less than  $t_{LZCE}$ ,  $t_{HZBE}$  is less than  $t_{LZBE}$ ,  $t_{HZOE}$  is less than  $t_{LZOE}$ , and  $t_{HZWE}$  is less than  $t_{LZWE}$  for any given device.
- $t_{HZOE}$ ,  $t_{HZCE}$ ,  $t_{HZBE}$ , and  $t_{HZWE}$  transitions are measured when the outputs enter a high impedance state.
- If both byte enables are toggled together, this value is 10 ns.
- The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of  $\overline{WE}$ ,  $\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$ ,  $\overline{BHE}$  and/or  $\overline{BLE} = V_{IL}$ . All signals are ACTIVE to initiate a write and any of these signals terminate a write by going INACTIVE. The data input setup and hold timing are referenced to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.

## Switching Waveforms

Figure 5. Read Cycle 1: Address Transition Controlled [17, 18]

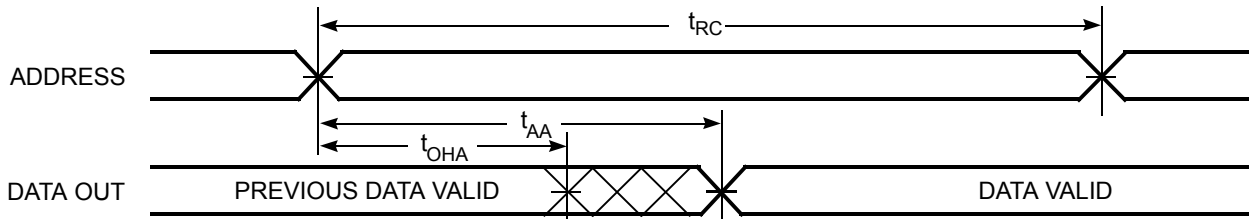
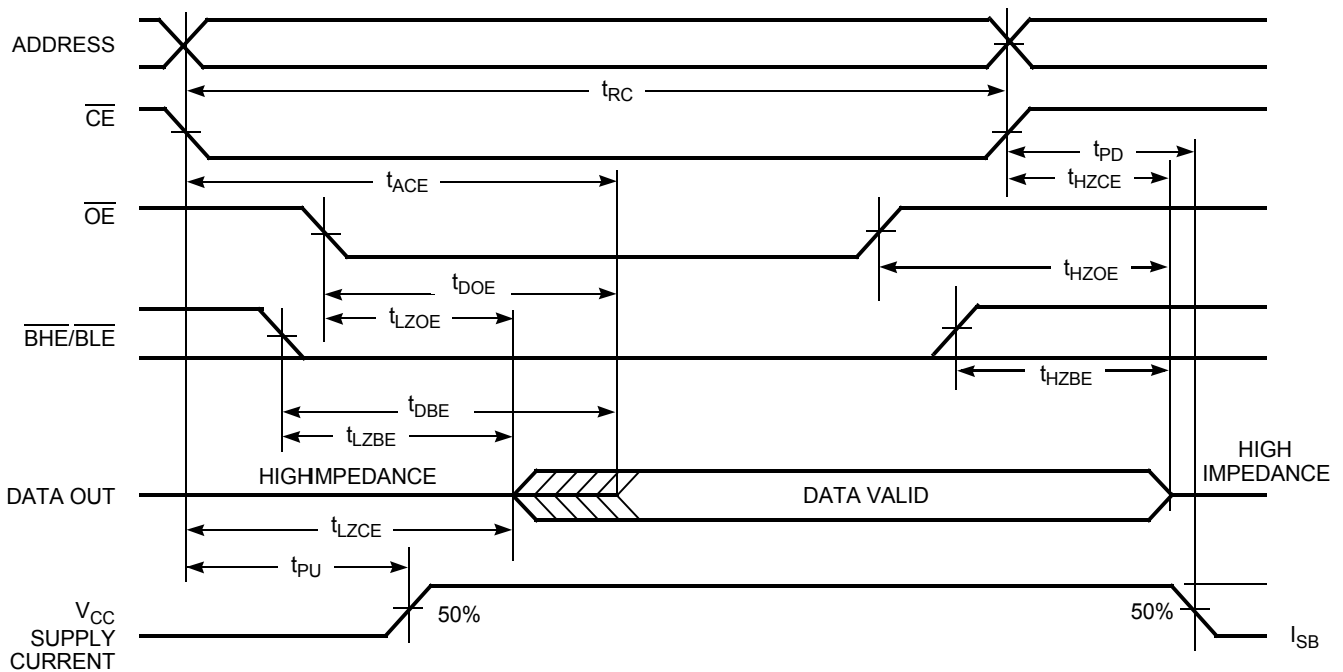


Figure 6. Read Cycle 2:  $\overline{OE}$  Controlled [18, 19]



### Notes

17. The device is continuously selected.  $\overline{OE}$ ,  $\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$ ,  $\overline{BHE}$  and/or  $\overline{BLE} = V_{IL}$ .
18.  $\overline{WE}$  is HIGH for read cycle.
19. Address valid before or similar to  $\overline{CE}$  and  $\overline{BHE}$ ,  $\overline{BLE}$  transition LOW.

Switching Waveforms (continued)

Figure 7. Write Cycle 1:  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  Controlled [16, 20, 21]

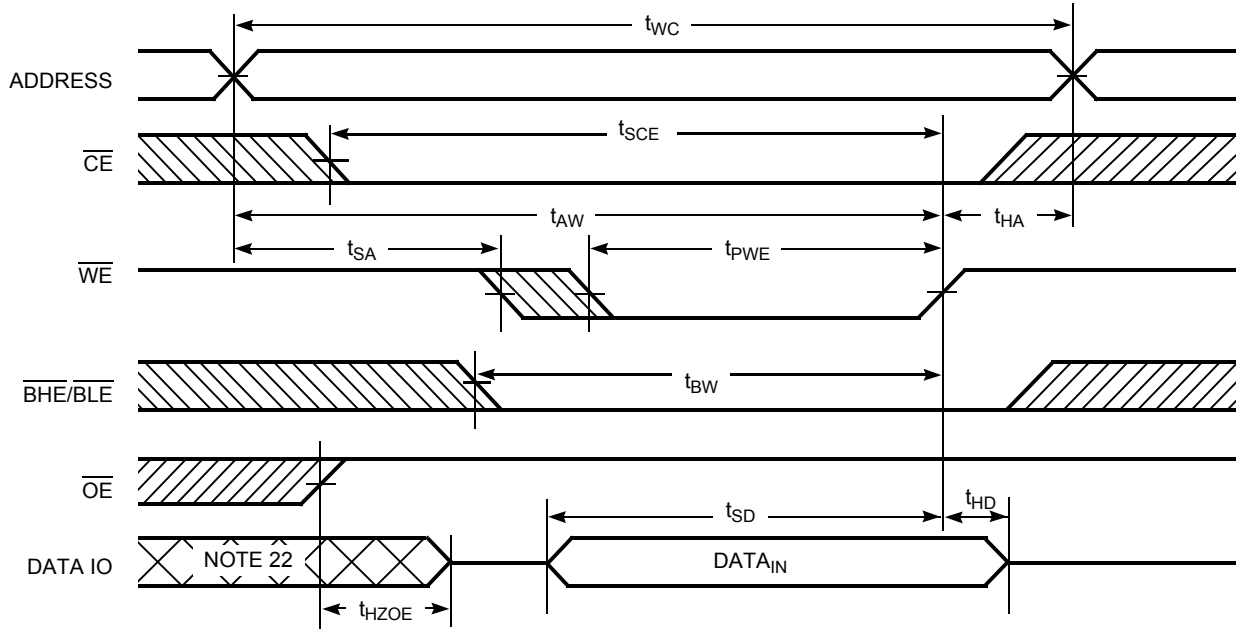
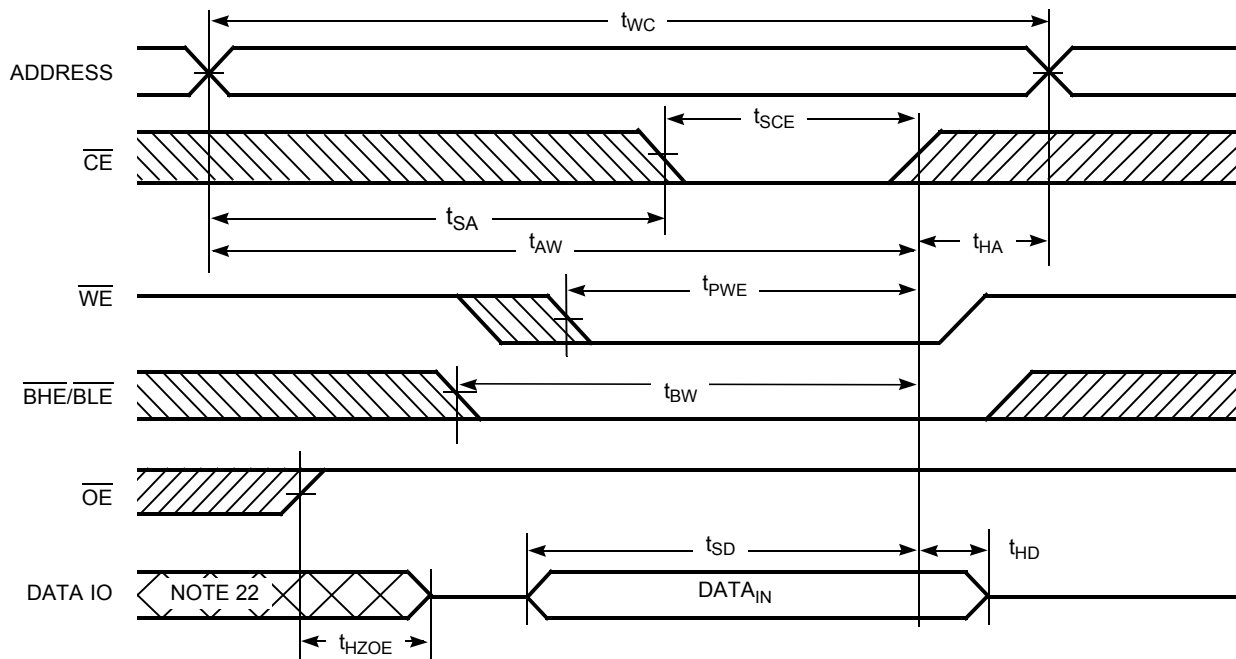


Figure 8. Write Cycle 2:  $\overline{\text{CE}}$  Controlled [16, 20, 21]



Notes

- 20. Data IO is high impedance if  $\overline{\text{OE}} = V_{IH}$ .
- 21. If  $\overline{\text{CE}}$  goes HIGH simultaneously with  $\text{WE} = V_{IH}$ , the output remains in a high impedance state.
- 22. During this period, the IOs are in output state. Do not apply input signals.

Switching Waveforms (continued)

Figure 9. Write Cycle 3:  $\overline{WE}$  Controlled,  $\overline{OE}$  LOW [21]

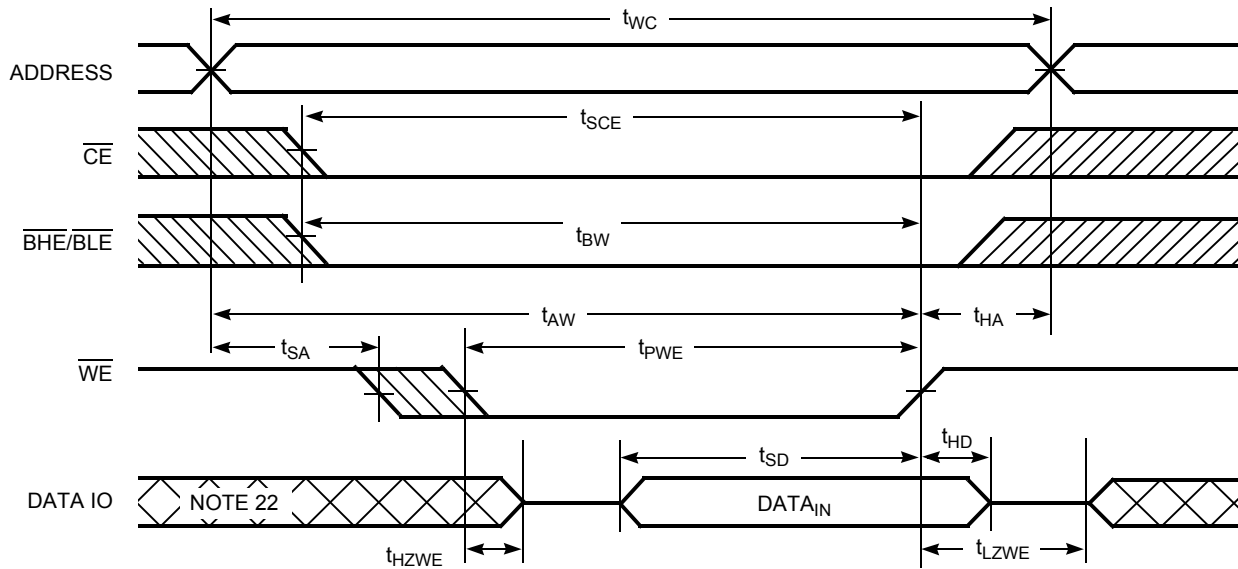
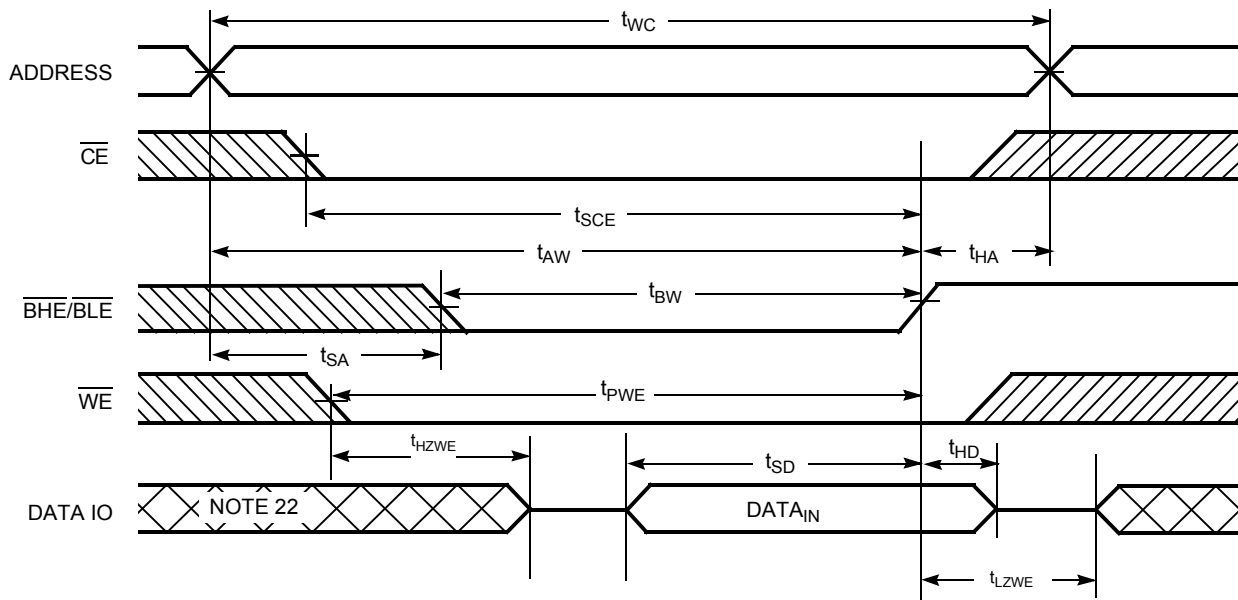


Figure 10. Write Cycle 4:  $\overline{BHE/BLE}$  Controlled,  $\overline{OE}$  LOW [21]





**Truth Table**

$\overline{\text{CE}}$	$\overline{\text{WE}}$	$\overline{\text{OE}}$	$\overline{\text{BHE}}$	$\overline{\text{BLE}}$	Inputs or Outputs	Mode	Power
H	X	X	X	X	High Z	Deselect or Power Down	Standby ( $I_{\text{SB}}$ )
X	X	X	H	H	High Z	Deselect or Power Down	Standby ( $I_{\text{SB}}$ )
L	H	L	L	L	Data Out ( $\text{IO}_0\text{--}\text{IO}_{15}$ )	Read	Active ( $I_{\text{CC}}$ )
L	H	L	H	L	Data Out ( $\text{IO}_0\text{--}\text{IO}_7$ ); $\text{IO}_8\text{--}\text{IO}_{15}$ in High Z	Read	Active ( $I_{\text{CC}}$ )
L	H	L	L	H	Data Out ( $\text{IO}_8\text{--}\text{IO}_{15}$ ); $\text{IO}_0\text{--}\text{IO}_7$ in High Z	Read	Active ( $I_{\text{CC}}$ )
L	H	H	L	L	High Z	Output Disabled	Active ( $I_{\text{CC}}$ )
L	H	H	H	L	High Z	Output Disabled	Active ( $I_{\text{CC}}$ )
L	H	H	L	H	High Z	Output Disabled	Active ( $I_{\text{CC}}$ )
L	L	X	L	L	Data In ( $\text{IO}_0\text{--}\text{IO}_{15}$ )	Write	Active ( $I_{\text{CC}}$ )
L	L	X	H	L	Data In ( $\text{IO}_0\text{--}\text{IO}_7$ ); $\text{IO}_8\text{--}\text{IO}_{15}$ in High Z	Write	Active ( $I_{\text{CC}}$ )
L	L	X	L	H	Data In ( $\text{IO}_8\text{--}\text{IO}_{15}$ ); $\text{IO}_0\text{--}\text{IO}_7$ in High Z	Write	Active ( $I_{\text{CC}}$ )

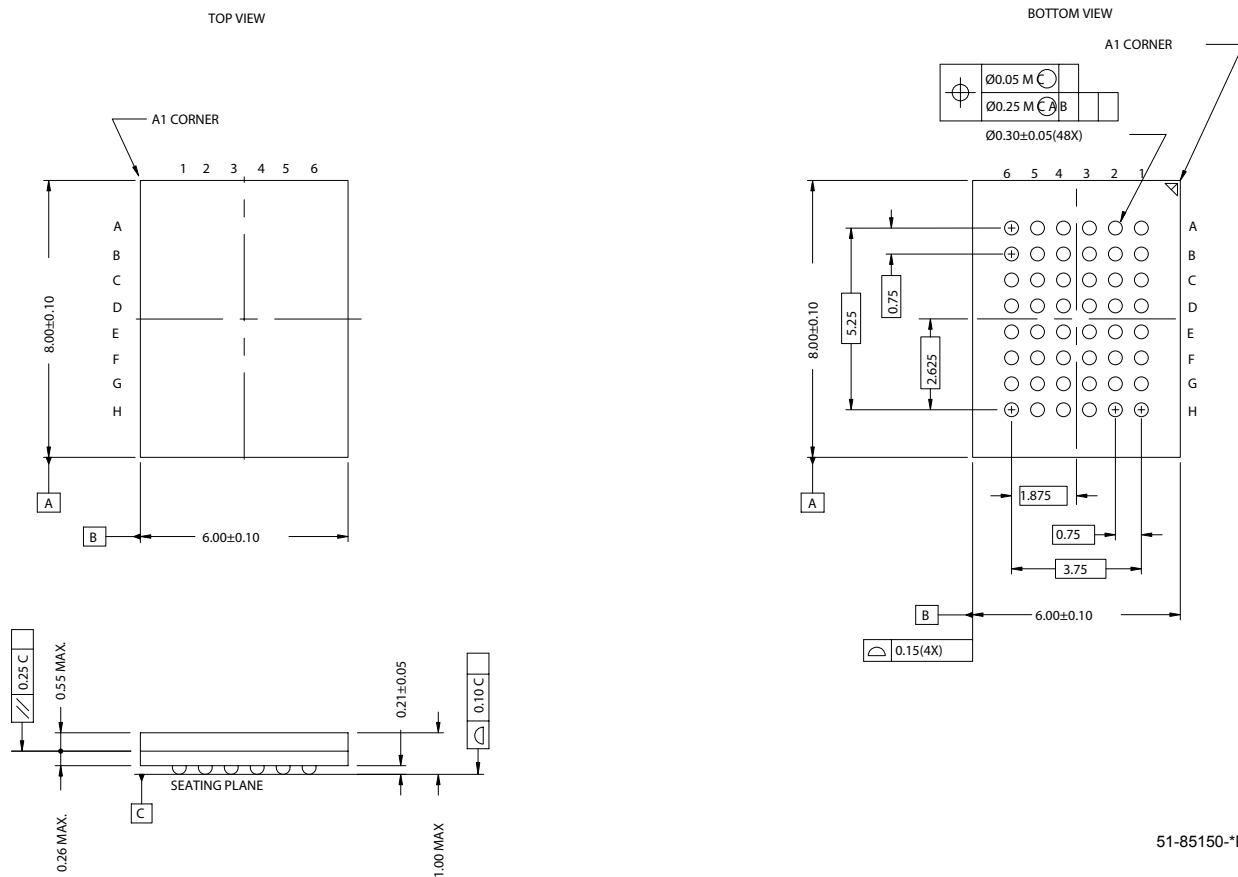
**Ordering Information**

Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Diagram	Package Type	Operating Range
45	CY62137FV30LL-45BVXI	51-85150	48-Ball VFBGA (Pb-free)	Industrial
	CY62137FV30LL-45ZSXI	51-85087	44-Pin TSOP II (Pb-free)	
45	CY62137FV30LL-45ZSXA	51-85087	44-Pin TSOP II (Pb-free)	Automotive-A
55	CY62137FV30LL-55ZSXE	51-85087	44-Pin TSOP II (Pb-free)	Automotive-E

Contact your local Cypress sales representative for availability of these parts.

**Package Diagram**

**Figure 11. 48-Ball VFBGA (6 x 8 x 1 mm)**

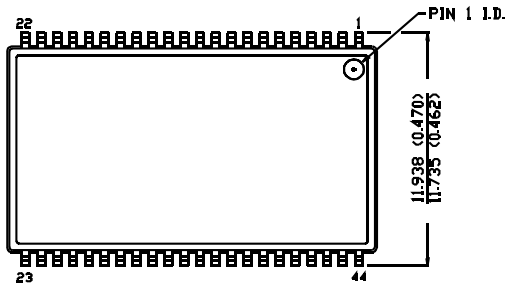


51-85150-D

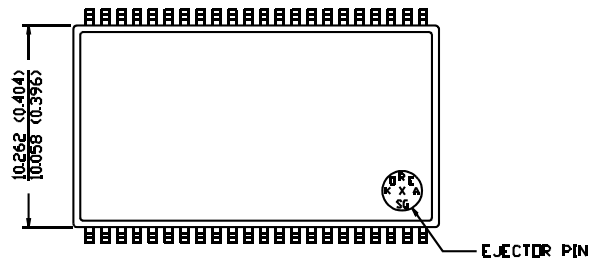
Package Diagram (continued)

Figure 12. 44-Pin TSOP II

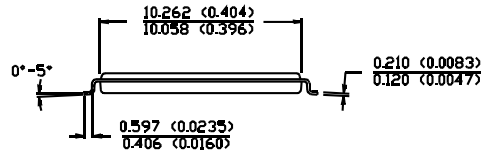
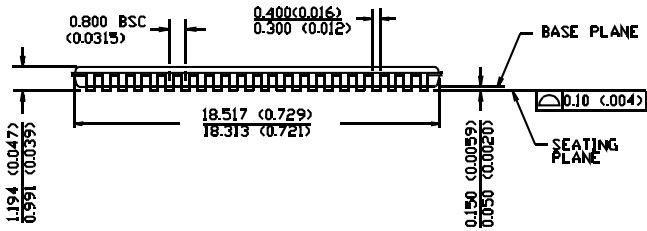
DIMENSION IN MM (INCH)  
MAX  
MIN



TOP VIEW



BOTTOM VIEW



51-85087-\*A

**Document History Page**

Document Title: CY62137FV30 MoBL <sup>®</sup> 2-Mbit (128K x 16) Static RAM				
Document Number: 001-07141				
REV.	ECN NO.	Issue Date	Orig. of Change	Description of Change
**	449438	See ECN	NXR	New datasheet
*A	464509	See ECN	NXR	Changed the $I_{SB2(typ)}$ value from 1.0 $\mu A$ to 0.5 $\mu A$ Changed the $I_{SB2(max)}$ value from 4 $\mu A$ to 2.5 $\mu A$ Changed the $I_{CC(typ)}$ value from 2 mA to 1.6 mA and $I_{CC(max)}$ value from 2.5 mA to 2.25 mA for f=1 MHz test condition Changed the $I_{CC(typ)}$ value from 15 mA to 13 mA and $I_{CC(max)}$ value from 20 mA to 18 mA for f=1 MHz test condition Changed the $I_{CCDR(typ)}$ value from 0.7 $\mu A$ to 0.5 $\mu A$ and $I_{CCDR(max)}$ value from 3 $\mu A$ to 2.5 $\mu A$
*B	566724	See ECN	NXR	Converted from preliminary to final Changed the $I_{CC(max)}$ value from 2.25 mA to 2.5 mA for test condition f=1 MHz Changed the $I_{SB2(typ)}$ value from 0.5 $\mu A$ to 1 $\mu A$ Changed the $I_{SB2(max)}$ value from 2.5 $\mu A$ to 5 $\mu A$ Changed the $I_{CCDR(typ)}$ value from 0.5 $\mu A$ to 1 $\mu A$ and $I_{CCDR(max)}$ value from 2.5 $\mu A$ to 4 $\mu A$
*C	869500	See ECN	VKN	Added Automotive-A and Automotive-E information Updated Ordering Information Table Added footnote 13 related to $t_{ACE}$
*D	901800	See ECN	VKN	Added footnote 9 related to $I_{SB2}$ and $I_{CCDR}$ Made footnote 14 applicable to AC parameters from $t_{ACE}$
*E	1371124	See ECN	VKN/AESA	Converted Automotive information from preliminary to final Changed $I_{IX}$ min spec from -1 $\mu A$ to -4 $\mu A$ and $I_{IX}$ max spec from +1 $\mu A$ to +4 $\mu A$ Changed $I_{OZ}$ min spec from -1 $\mu A$ to -4 $\mu A$ and $I_{OZ}$ max spec from +1 $\mu A$ to +4 $\mu A$

© Cypress Semiconductor Corporation, 2006-2007. The information contained herein is subject to change without notice. Cypress Semiconductor Corporation assumes no responsibility for the use of any circuitry other than circuitry embodied in a Cypress product. Nor does it convey or imply any license under patent or other rights. Cypress products are not warranted nor intended to be used for medical, life support, life saving, critical control or safety applications, unless pursuant to an express written agreement with Cypress. Furthermore, Cypress does not authorize its products for use as critical components in life-support systems where a malfunction or failure may reasonably be expected to result in significant injury to the user. The inclusion of Cypress products in life-support systems application implies that the manufacturer assumes all risk of such use and in doing so indemnifies Cypress against all charges.

Any Source Code (software and/or firmware) is owned by Cypress Semiconductor Corporation (Cypress) and is protected by and subject to worldwide patent protection (United States and foreign), United States copyright laws and international treaty provisions. Cypress hereby grants to licensee a personal, non-exclusive, non-transferable license to copy, use, modify, create derivative works of, and compile the Cypress Source Code and derivative works for the sole purpose of creating custom software and or firmware in support of licensee product to be used only in conjunction with a Cypress integrated circuit as specified in the applicable agreement. Any reproduction, modification, translation, compilation, or representation of this Source Code except as specified above is prohibited without the express written permission of Cypress.

Disclaimer: CYPRESS MAKES NO WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, WITH REGARD TO THIS MATERIAL, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. Cypress reserves the right to make changes without further notice to the materials described herein. Cypress does not assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit described herein. Cypress does not authorize its products for use as critical components in life-support systems where a malfunction or failure may reasonably be expected to result in significant injury to the user. The inclusion of Cypress' product in a life-support systems application implies that the manufacturer assumes all risk of such use and in doing so indemnifies Cypress against all charges.

Use may be limited by and subject to the applicable Cypress software license agreement.