

TOSHIBA BIPOLAR LINEAR INTEGRATED CIRCUIT SILICON MONOLITHIC

TA1284FN

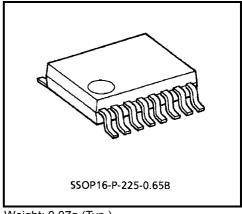
UHF / VHF TUNER IC (Low Phase Noise Oscillator)

The TA1284FN is TV tuner IC which integrate mixer / oscillator for VHF and CATV bands, mixer / oscillator for UHF band, and IF amplifier on a single chip.

Supply voltage of 5 V helps lower power dissipation from the set. Compact 16-pin SSOP makes the tuner more compact.

FEATURES

- Supply voltage: 5V
- Built-in mixer / oscillator for VHF and CATV bands
- Built-in mixer / oscillator for UHF band
- Oscillator circuits is low phase noise.
- Built-in IF amplifier
- Low power dissipation.



Weight: 0.07g (Typ.)

These devices are easily damaged by high static voltage or electric fields. In this regard, please handle with care.

damage to property.

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The TOSHIBA products listed in this document are intended for used in general electronics applications (computer, personal conditions).

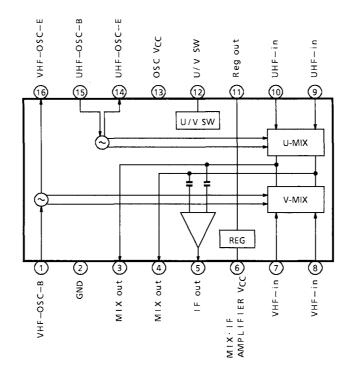
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BLOCK DIAGRAM



TERMINAL FUNCTION

PIN No.	PIN NAME	FUNCTION	INTERFACE
1 16	VHF Oscillator	VHF oscillator. Oscillator circuit is low phase noise.	15
2	GND	GND pin	_
3	MIX Output	Mixer output. For tuning, connect a tank circuit between pins 3 and 4.	3 4 4 4 HI VCC
5	IF Output	IF output. Output impedance : 75Ω	\$ 19.40
6	V _{CC} (MIX·IF AMPLIFIER Block)	V _{CC} (Mixer and IF amplifier block)	_

PIN No.	PIN NAME	FUNCTION	INTERFACE
7	VHF input	VHF-RF input. Normally, ground pin 7 to AC using a capacitor and input to pin 8.	8 CC T
9	UHF input	UHF·RF input. Either apply balanced input to pins 9 and 10 or ground pin 10 to AC and input to pin 9.	
11	REG	Regulator output.	Vcc 11
12	U / V band switch	Band changeover switch. VHF; [L] or Open UHF; [H] * [L] = 0 V [H] = V _{CC}	VCC TO
13	V _{CC} (OSC)	V _{CC} pin (oscillator block)	_
14 15	UHF Oscillator	UHF oscillator. Oscillator circuit is low phase noise.	13—————————————————————————————————————

MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta = 25°C)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT	
Power Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	6.5	V	
Power Dissipation	P _D	568 [IC only]	mW	
Operating Temperature	T _{opr}	-20~85	°C	
Storage Temperature	T _{stg}	-55~150	°C	

Note: When using the device at above Ta = 25°C, decrease the power dissipation by 4.6 mW for each increase of 1°C.



OPERATING SUPPLY VOLTAGE

PIN No.	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP.	MAX	UNIT
6, 13	V _{CC}	4.5	5.0	5.5	V

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS DC CHARACTERISTICS (Unless otherwise specified, V_{CC} = 5 V, Ta = 25°C)

CHARAC	TERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CIR- CUIT	TEST CONDITION	MIN	TYP.	MAX	UNIT
Power Supply and Current For VHF		I _{CC} -V	1	_	26.0	33.5	45.0	mA
Power Supply and Current For UHF		I _{CC} -U	,	_	29.5	38.0	51.0	ША
	Pin 1 For VHF	V1-V		_	1.7	2.0	2.3	
	Pin 1 For UHF	V1-U		_	0	0	0.2	
	Pin 3 For VHF	V3-V		_	3.6	3.9	4.2	
	Pin 3 For UHF	V3-U			3.3	3.6	4.0	
	Pin 4 For VHF	V4-V		_	3.6	3.9	4.2	
	Pin 4 For UHF	V4-U		_	3.3	3.6	4.0	V
	Pin 5 For VHF	V5-V		_	1.9	2.2	2.6	
	Pin 5 For UHF	V5-U	1	_	1.9	2.2	2.6	
	Pin 7 For VHF	V7-V		_	1.4	1.7	2.0	
	Pin 7 For UHF	V7-U		_	1.4	1.7	2.0	
	Pin 8 For VHF	V8-V		_	1.4	1.7	2.0	
	Pin 8 For UHF	V8-U			1.4	1.7	2.0	
Terminal Voltage	Pin 9 For VHF	V9-V		_	1.4	1.7	2.0	
(*1)	Pin 9 For UHF	V9-U		_	1.3	1.6	1.9	
	Pin 10 For VHF	V10-V		_	1.4	1.7	2.0	
	Pin 10 For UHF	V10-U		_	1.3	1.6	1.9	
	Pin 11 For VH	V11-V		_	3.8	4.1	4.4	
	Pin 11 For UHF	V11-U		_	3.8	4.1	4.4	
	Pin 12 For VHF	V12-V		_	0	0	0	
	Pin 12 For UHF	V12-U			<u> </u>	V _{CC}		
	Pin 14 For VHF	V14-V		_	0	0	0.2	
	Pin 14 For UHF	V14-U		_	0.9	1.2	1.5	
	Pin 15 For VHF	V15-V		_	0	0	0.2	
	Pin 15 For UHF	V15-U			1.8	2.1	2.4	
	Pin 16 For VHF	V16-V		_	0.9	1.2	1.5	
	Pin 16 For UHF	V16-U			0	0	0.2	

(*1) Uppe: VHF mode Lower: UHF mode



AC CHARACTERISTICS (Unless otherwise specified, V_{CC} = 5 V, Ta = 25°C)

CHARACTERIST	С	SYMBOL	TES T CIR- CUI T	BAND	TEST CONDITION(*2)	MIN	TYP.	MAX	UNIT
				VHF	fRF = 91.25 MHz	21.0	22.0	24.0	- dB
Conversion Gain		CG	2	VHF	fRF = 217.25 MHz	21.0	22.0	24.5	
	(Note 1)	CG	2	UHF	fRF = 471.25 MHz	24.0	25.5	27.0	
				UHF	fRF = 765.25 MHz	23.0	24.5	26.5	
				VHF	fRF = 91.25 MHz	_	9.0	10.0	
Noise Figure		NF	2	VHF	fRF = 217.25 MHz	_	9.5	10.5	dB
	(Note 2)	INI	2	UHF	fRF = 471.25 MHz	_	9.0	9.5	uБ
				UHF	fRF = 765.25 MHz	_	10.5	11.5	
				VHF	fRF = 91.25 MHz	8.5	9.5	_	
IF Out Power Level		IΓn	2	VHF	fRF = 217.25 MHz	8.5	9.5	_	dBm W
	(Note 3)	IFp	2	UHF	fRF = 471.25 MHz	8.5	9.5	_	
				UHF	fRF = 765.25 MHz	8.5	9.5	_	
				VHF	fRF = 91.25 MHz	_	_	±0.5	
Conversion Gain Shift		000	2	VHF	fRF = 217.25 MHz	_	_	±0.6	- dB
	(Note 4)	CGs		UHF	fRF = 471.25 MHz	_	_	±0.6	
				UHF	fRF = 765.25 MHz	_	_	±0.8	
		ΔfB	2	VHF	fRF = 91.25 MHz	_	_	±100	kHz
Frequency Shift				VHF	fRF = 217.25 MHz	_	_	±100	
	(Note 5)			UHF	fRF = 471.25 MHz	_	_	±500	
				UHF	fRF = 765.25 MHz	_	_	±300	
				VHF	fRF = 91.25 MHz	_	_	±50	
Switching On Drift		Δfs	2	VHF	fRF = 217.25 MHz	_	_	±50	l latte
	(Note 6)	Διδ		UHF	fRF = 471.25 MHz	_	_	±100	kHz
				UHF	fRF = 765.25 MHz	_	_	±100	
				VHF	fRF = 91.25 MHz	81.0	82.0	_	
1% Cross Modulation		СМ	2	VHF	fRF = 217.25 MHz	81.5	82.0	_	dBµV
	(Note 7)	Civi	2	UHF	fRF = 471.25 MHz	72.0	75.0	_	иБμν
				UHF	fRF = 765.25 MHz	70.5	72.0	_	
				VHF	fRF = 91.25 MHz	63.0	65.0	_	
Inter Modulation		IMO	_	VHF	fRF = 217.25 MHz	62.5	65.0	_	- dB
	(Note 8)	IM3	2	UHF	fRF = 471.25 MHz	59.5	61.0	_	
				UHF	fRF = 765.25 MHz	58.0	61.0	_	
Dhace Naine				VHF	fRF = 91.25 MHz	_	-97.0	-94.5	
Phase Noise		DNI	2	VHF	fRF = 217.25 MHz	_	-99.0	-96.5	dBc/
(10 kHz offset)	(Note 0)	PN	2	UHF	fRF = 471.25 MHz	_	-94.5	-92.0	Hz
	(Note 9)			UHF	fRF = 765.25 MHz	_	-91.5	-88.0	

(*2) IF = 58.75 [MHz]

TEST CONDITIONS

Note 1: Conversion Gain

fRF input level = -30 dBmW

Note 2: Noise Figure

Noise Figure meter used.

Note 3: IF Out Power Level

Measure IF output level when it is maximum level.

Note 4: Conversion Gain Shift

The Conversion gain shift is defined as a change in conversion gain when supply voltage varies from

 $V_{CC} = 5$ to 4.5 V or from $V_{CC} = 5$ to 5.5 V.

Note 5: Frequency Shift

The frequency shift is defined as a change in oscillator frequency when the supply voltage varies

from $V_{CC} = 5$ to 4.5 V or from $V_{CC} = 5$ to 5.5 V.

Note 6: Switching On Drift

Measure frequency change from 2 seconds after switching on to 3 minutes.

Note 7: 1% Cross Modulation

• fd = fp (fdRF input level = -30 dBmW)

• fud = $f_p+12 \text{ MHz } 100 \text{ kHz}, 30\%\text{AM}$

Input two signals, and increase the fudRF input level.

Measure the fudRF input level when the suppression level reaches 56.5 dB.

Note 8: Inter Modulation

• $fd = f_p$

• fud = f_p+1 MHz

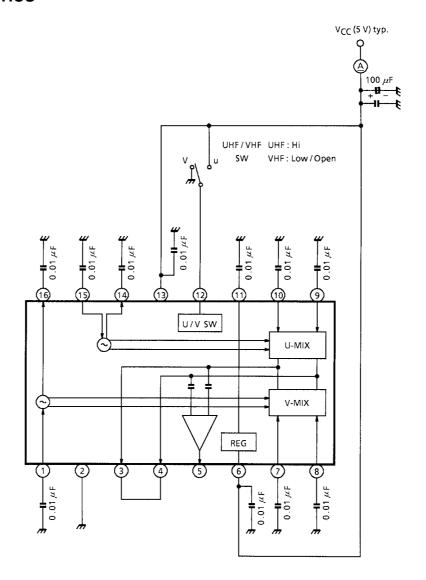
Input the two signals above, and increase the input levels.

When the IF output level is -11 dBmW, measure the suppression level.

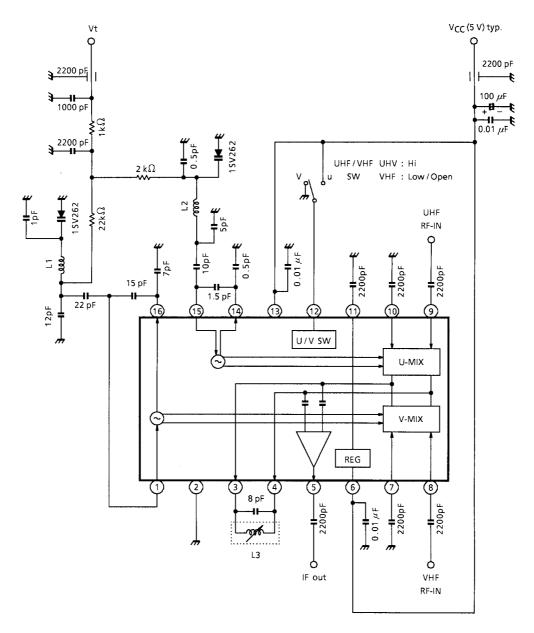
Note 9: Phase Noise (10 kHz offset)

Measure phase noise of 10 kHz offset.

TEST CIRCUIT1 DC CHARACTERISTICS



TEST CIRCUIT2 AC CHARACTERISTICS



VHF : fRF = 91.25 [MHz]~217.25 [MHz] UHF : fRF = 471.25 [MHz]~765.25 [MHz]

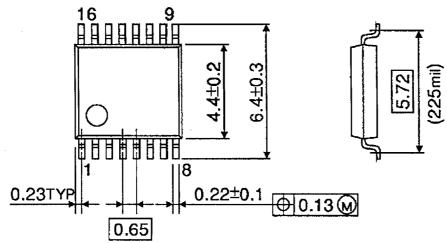
fIF : 58.75 [MHz]

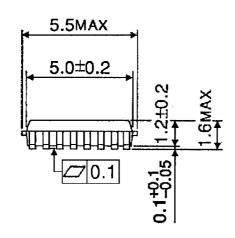
	LINE	TURN	NUMBER OF
	DIAMETER	DIAMETER	TURNS
L1	0.3	2.4 mm	7.5 T
L2	0.3	1.4 mm	2.5 T

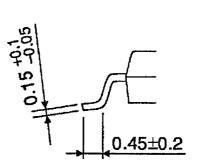
 $L3 = 0.9 \mu H \pm 5\%$

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

SSOP16-P-225-0.65B Unit : mm







Weight: 0.07g (Typ.)