## DATA SHEET



# **BIPOLAR ANALOG INTEGRATED CIRCUIT**

# $\mu$ PC1251GR-9LG, $\mu$ PC1251MP-KAA, $\mu$ PC358GR-9LG

## SINGLE POWER SUPPLY DUAL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

#### <R> DESCRIPTION

The  $\mu$  PC1251GR-9LG,  $\mu$  PC1251MP-KAA,  $\mu$  PC358GR-9LG are dual operational amplifiers which are designed to operate for a single power supply. It includes features of low-voltage operation, a common-mode input voltage that range from V<sup>-</sup> (GND) level, an output from a V<sup>-</sup> (GND) level that is determined by the output stage of class C push-pull circuit and a 50  $\mu$ A(TYP.) constant current, and a low current consumption.

In addition, this can operate at both positive and negative power supply and it can be extensively used in various amplifier circuits.

The  $\mu$  PC1251GR-9LG,  $\mu$  PC1251MP-KAA which expands temperature type is suited for wide operating ambient temperature use, and  $\mu$  PC358GR-9LG is used for general purposes.

A DC parameter selection that is compatible to operational amplifiers is also available.

 $\mu$  PC451GR-9LG,  $\mu$  PC324GR-9LG which are quad types with the same circuit configuration are also available as series of operational amplifiers.

#### <R> FEATURES

• Input Offset Voltage ±2 mV (TYP.)

Internal frequency compensation

• Input Offset Current ±5 nA (TYP.)

Output short-circuit protection

• Large Signal Voltage Gain 100000 (TYP.)

Small Package

The mounting area is reduced to 40% or 66% compared to the conventional 8-pin plastic SOP as shown in the following diagram.

Package	Standard SOP	TSSOP	TSSOP (2.8 x 2.9)	
Subject part number	$\mu$ PC1251G2,	μPC1251GR-9LG,	$\mu$ PC1251MP-KAA	
	$\mu$ PC358G2	μPC358GR-9LG		
Outline comparison	6.5	4.4 0 6.4 0 -3.15 -	2.8 O 4.0 -2.9	
(Mounting area ratio)	(100%)	(60%)	(34%)	

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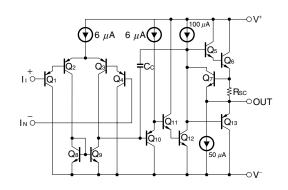
## <R> ORDERING INFORMATION

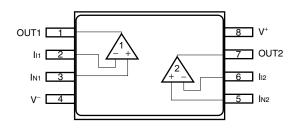
Part Number	Selected Grade	Package	Package Type
$\mu$ PC1251GR-9LG-E1-A Note	Standard	8-pin plastic TSSOP (5.72 mm(225))	• 12 mm wide embossed taping
			Pin 1 on draw-out side
$\mu$ PC1251GR-9LG-E2-A Note	Standard	8-pin plastic TSSOP (5.72 mm(225))	• 12 mm wide embossed taping
			Pin 1 at take-up side
$\mu$ PC1251GR(5)-9LG-E1-A Note	DC	8-pin plastic TSSOP (5.72 mm(225))	• 12 mm wide embossed taping
	parameter selection		Pin 1 on draw-out side
$\mu$ PC1251GR(5)-9LG-E2-A Note	DC	8-pin plastic TSSOP (5.72 mm(225))	• 12 mm wide embossed taping
	parameter selection		Pin 1 at take-up side
$\mu$ PC1251MP-KAA-E1-A Note	Standard	8-pin plastic TSSOP (2.8 x 2.9)	• 12 mm wide embossed taping
			• Pin 1 on draw-out side
$\mu$ PC1251MP-KAA-E2-A Note	Standard	8-pin plastic TSSOP (2.8 x 2.9)	• 12 mm wide embossed taping
			Pin 1 at take-up side
$\mu$ PC1251MP(5)-KAA-E1-A Note	DC	8-pin plastic TSSOP (2.8 x 2.9)	• 12 mm wide embossed taping
	parameter selection		<ul> <li>Pin 1 on draw-out side</li> </ul>
$\mu$ PC1251MP(5)-KAA-E2-A Note	DC	8-pin plastic TSSOP (2.8 x 2.9)	• 12 mm wide embossed taping
	parameter selection		Pin 1 at take-up side
$\mu$ PC358GR-9LG-E1-A $^{ m Note}$	Standard	8-pin plastic TSSOP(5.72 mm(225))	• 12 mm wide embossed taping
			• Pin 1 on draw-out side
$\mu$ PC358GR-9LG-E2-A Note	Standard	8-pin plastic TSSOP(5.72 mm(225))	• 12 mm wide embossed taping
			Pin 1 at take-up side
$\mu$ PC358GR(5)-9LG-E1-A Note	DC	8-pin plastic TSSOP(5.72 mm(225))	• 12 mm wide embossed taping
	parameter selection		<ul> <li>Pin 1 on draw-out side</li> </ul>
$\mu$ PC358GR(5)-9LG-E2-A $^{ m Note}$	DC	8-pin plastic TSSOP(5.72 mm(225))	• 12 mm wide embossed taping
	parameter selection		Pin 1 at take-up side

Note Pb-free (This product does not contain Pb in the external electrode and other parts.)

## **EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT (1/2 Circuit)**

## <R> PIN CONFIGURATION (Marking side)





## <R> ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (TA = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	μPC1251GR-9LG,	$\mu$ PC1251MP-KAA,	$\mu$ PC358GR-9LG,	Unit
		μ PC1251GR(5)-9LG	$\mu$ PC1251MP(5)-KAA	μ PC358GR(5)-9LG	
Voltage between V <sup>+</sup> and V <sup>- Note1</sup>	V <sup>+</sup> - V <sup>-</sup>	-0.3 to +32		V	
Differential Input Voltage	VID		±32		<b>V</b>
Input Voltage Note2	Vı	V <sup>-</sup> – 0.3 to V <sup>-</sup> + 32			V
Output applied Voltage Note3	Vo	$V^{-} - 0.3 \text{ to } V^{+} + 0.3$		٧	
Total Power Dissipation Note4	Рт	440		mW	
Output Short Circuit Duration Note5	<b>t</b> s	Indefinite		S	
Operating Ambient Temperature	TA	-40 to +125 -40 to +85		°C	
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-55 to +150 -55 to +125		°C	

Note1. Note that reverse connections of the power supply may damage ICs.

- 2. The input voltage is allowed to input without damage or destruction independent of the magnitude of V<sup>+</sup>. Either input signal is not allowed to go negative by more than 0.3 V. In addition, the input voltage that operates normally as an operational amplifier is within the Common Mode Input Voltage range of an electrical characteristic.
- **3.** A range where input voltage can be applied to an output pin externally with no deterioration or damage to the feature (characteristic). The input voltage can be applied regardless of the electric supply voltage. This specification which includes the transition state such as electric power ON/OFF must be kept.
- **4.** This is the value of when the glass epoxy substrate (size: 100 mm x 100 mm, thickness: 1 mm, 15% of the substrate area where only one side is copper foiled is filling wired) is mounted.

Note that restrictions will be made to the following conditions for each product, and the derating ratio depending on the operating ambient temperature.

 $\mu$ PC1251GR-9LG: Derate at –5.5 mW/°C when T<sub>A</sub> > 69°C.

(Junction – ambient thermal resistance  $R_{th(J-A)}$  = 183°C/W)

 $\mu$ PC1251MP-KAA: Derate at –4.8 mW/°C when T<sub>A</sub> > 58°C.

(Junction – ambient thermal resistance  $R_{th(J-A)} = 208^{\circ}C/W$ )

 $\mu$ PC358GR-9LG: Derate at –5.5 mW/°C when T<sub>A</sub> > 44°C.

(Junction – ambient thermal resistance R<sub>th(J-A)</sub> = 183°C/W)

**5.** Short circuits from the output to V<sup>+</sup> can cause destruction. Pay careful attention to the total power dissipation not to exceed the absolute maximum ratings, **Note 4**.



## RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Parameter	Symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Power Supply Voltage (Split)	V <sup>±</sup>	±1.5		±15	V
Power Supply Voltage (V¯= GND)	V <sup>+</sup>	+3		+30	٧

## <R> ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

## $\mu$ PC1251GR-9LG, $\mu$ PC1251MP-KAA, $\mu$ PC358GR-9LG (TA = 25°C, V<sup>+</sup> = +5 V, V<sup>-</sup> = GND)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input Offset Voltage	Vio	Rs = 0 Ω		±2	±7	mV
Input Offset Current	lio			±5	±50	nA
Input Bias Current Note1	Ів			14	250	nA
Large Signal Voltage Gain	Av	$R_L \ge 2 \ k\Omega$	25000	100000		
Circuit Current Note2	Icc	R <sub>L</sub> = ∞, I <sub>O</sub> = 0 A		0.7	1.2	mA
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	CMR		65	70		dB
Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio	SVR		65	100		dB
Output Voltage Swing	Vo	$R_L = 2 k\Omega$ (Connect to GND)	0		V <sup>+</sup> – 1.5	V
Common Mode Input Voltage Range	Vісм		0		V <sup>+</sup> – 1.5	V
Output Source Current	lo source	V <sub>IN (+)</sub> = +1 V, V <sub>IN (-)</sub> = 0 V	20	40		mA
Output Sink Current	lo sink1	V <sub>IN</sub> (-) = +1 V, V <sub>IN</sub> (+) = 0 V	10	20		mA
	lo sink2	V <sub>IN (-)</sub> = +1 V, V <sub>IN (+)</sub> = 0 V, V <sub>O</sub> = 200 mV	12	50		μΑ
Channel Separation		f = 1 to 20 kHz		120		dB

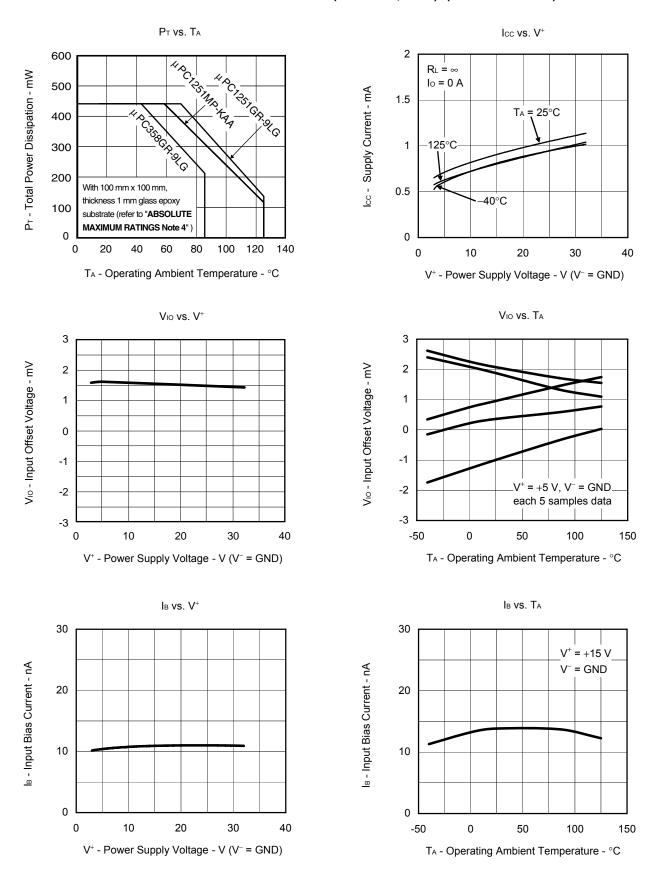
## $\mu$ PC1251GR(5)-9LG, $\mu$ PC1251MP(5)-KAA, $\mu$ PC358GR(5)-9LG (T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, V<sup>+</sup> = +5 V, V<sup>-</sup> = GND)

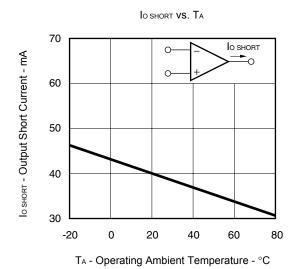
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input Offset Voltage	Vio	Rs = 0 Ω		±2	±3	mV
Input Offset Current	lio			±5	±50	nA
Input Bias Current Note1	Ів			14	60	nA
Large Signal Voltage Gain	Av	$R_L \ge 2 \ k\Omega$	50000	100000		
Circuit Current Note2	Icc	R∟ = ∞, Io = 0 A		0.7	0.9	mA
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	CMR		65	70		dB
Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio	SVR		65	100		dB
Output Voltage Swing	Vo	$R_L = 2 k\Omega$ (Connect to GND)	0		V <sup>+</sup> – 1.5	٧
Common Mode Input Voltage Range	VICM		0		V <sup>+</sup> – 1.4	٧
Output Source Current	lo source	$V_{IN (+)} = +1 \text{ V, } V_{IN (-)} = 0 \text{ V}$	30	40		mA
Output Sink Current	lo sink1	$V_{IN (-)} = +1 \text{ V, } V_{IN (+)} = 0 \text{ V}$	15	20		mA
	lo sink2	$V_{IN (-)} = +1 \text{ V, } V_{IN (+)} = 0 \text{ V, } V_O = 200 \text{ mV}$	30	50	70	μΑ
Channel Separation		f = 1 to 20 kHz		120		dB

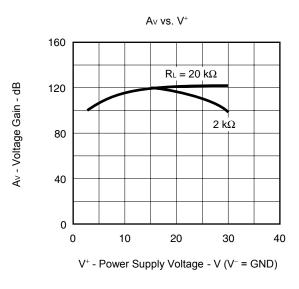
**Notes1.** The input bias current flows in the direction where the IC flows out because the first stage is configured with a PNP transistor.

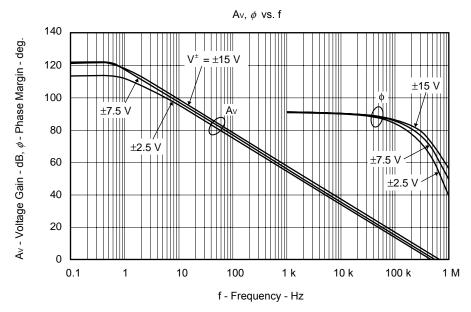
2. This is a current that flows in the internal circuit. This current will flow irrespective of the channel used.

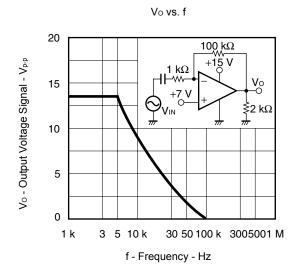
## <R> TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Ta = 25°C, TYP.) (Reference value)

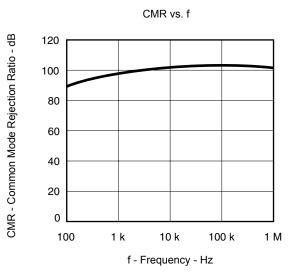


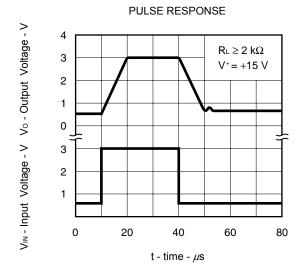


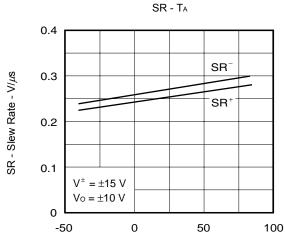


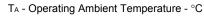


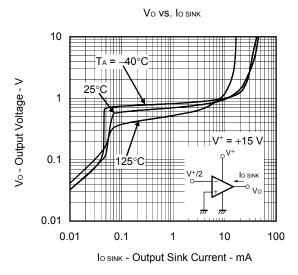


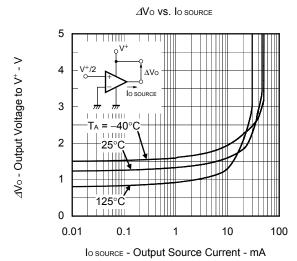










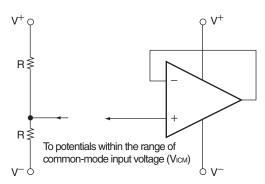


#### <R> PRECAUTIONS FOR USE

#### O The process of unused circuits

If there is an unused circuit, the following connection is recommended.

#### Process example of unused circuits



**Remark** A midpoint potential of V<sup>+</sup> and V<sup>-</sup> is applied to this example.

#### O Ratings of input/output pin voltage

When the voltage of input/output pin exceeds the absolute maximum rating, it may cause degradation of characteristics or damages, by a conduction of a parasitic diode within an IC. In addition, when the input pin may be lower than  $V^-$ , or the output pin may exceed the power supply voltage, it is recommended to make a clump circuit by a diode whose forward voltage is low (e.g.: Schottky diode) for protection.

#### O Range of common-mode input voltage

When the supply voltage does not meet the condition of electrical characteristics, the range of common-mode input voltage is as follows.

VICM (TYP.): 
$$V^-$$
 to  $V^+ - 1.5$  (V) (TA = 25°C)

During designing, temperature characteristics for use with allowance.

## O The maximum output voltage

The range of the TYP. value of the maximum output voltage when the supply voltage does not meet the condition of electrical characteristics is as follows:

$$Vom^+$$
 (TYP.):  $V^+ - 1.5$  (V) (TA = 25°C),  $Vom^-$  (TYP.) (Io sink  $\leq 50 \mu A$ ): Approx.  $V^-$  (V) (TA = 25°C)

During designing, consider variations in characteristics and temperature characteristics for use with allowance.

In addition, also note that the output voltage range  $(Vom^+ - Vom^-)$  becomes narrow when an output current increases.

## O Operation of output

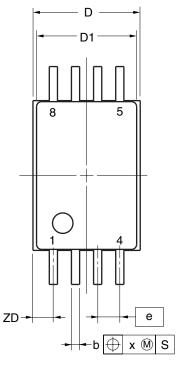
This IC consist an output level of a class C push-pull. Therefore, when a load resistance is connected to the midpoint potential of  $V^+$ ,  $V^-$ , a crossover distortion occurs at the transition state of output current flow direction (source, sink).

#### O Handling of ICs

When stress is added to ICs due to warpage or bending of a board, the characteristic fluctuates due to piezoelectric effect. Therefore, pay attention to warpage or bending of a board.

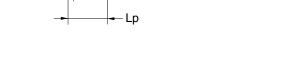
## **PACKAGE DRAWINGS (Unit: mm)**

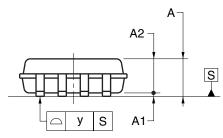
# 8-PIN PLASTIC TSSOP (5.72mm (225))

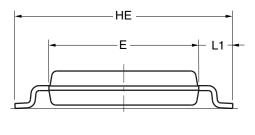


A3 -

detail of lead end







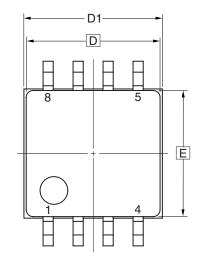
NOTE

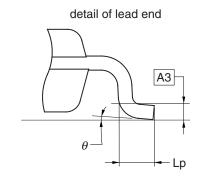
Each lead centerline is located within 0.10mm of its true position at maximum material condition.

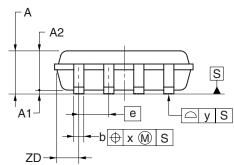
	(UNIT:mm)
ITEM	DIMENSIONS
D	3.15±0.15
D1	3.00±0.10
E	4.40±0.10
HE	6.40±0.20
A	1.20 MAX.
A1	0.10±0.05
A2	1.00±0.05
A3	0.25
b	$0.24^{+0.06}_{-0.05}$
С	0.145±0.055
L	0.50
Lp	0.60±0.15
L1	1.00±0.20
θ	3°+5°
е	0.65
х	0.10
У	0.10
ZD	0.60
	P8GR-65-9LG

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## <R> 8-PIN PLASTIC TSSOP(2.8x2.9)



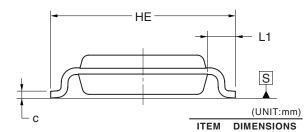




Each lead centerline is located within 0.10 mm of

its true position at maximum material condition.

NOTE



## D 2.90 D1 3.00±0.20 E 2.80

HE 4.00 ± 0.20

e 0.65

b 0.22 ± 0.05

A 1.03 MAX.

A1 0.08±0.05
A2 0.85±0.05
A3 0.25
L1 0.60±0.20
c 0.145+0.05
0.03

Lp  $0.37 \pm 0.10$ x 0.10y 0.10  $\theta$   $3^{\circ}_{-3^{\circ}}^{+5^{\circ}}$ ZD 0.525

P8MP-65-KAA

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#### <R> RECOMMENDED SOLDERING CONDITIONS

The  $\mu$  PC1251GR-9LG,  $\mu$  PC1251MP-KAA,  $\mu$  PC358GR-9LG should be soldered and mounted under the following recommended conditions.

For soldering methods and conditions other than those recommended below, contact an NEC Electronics sales representative.

For technical information, see the following website.

Semiconductor Device Mount Manual (http://www.necel.com/pkg/en/mount/index.html)

## **Type of Surface Mount Device**

 $\mu$ PC1251GR-9LG-A <sup>Note</sup>,  $\mu$ PC1251GR(5)-9LG-A <sup>Note</sup>,  $\mu$ PC358GR-9LG-A <sup>Note</sup>,  $\mu$ PC358GR(5)-9LG-A <sup>Note</sup>: 8-pin plastic TSSOP (5.72 mm (225))  $\mu$ PC1251MP-KAA-A <sup>Note</sup>,  $\mu$ PC1251MP(5)-KAA-A <sup>Note</sup>: 8-pin plastic TSSOP (2.8 x 2.9)

Process	Conditions	Symbol
Infrared ray reflow	Peak temperature: 260°C, Reflow time: 60 seconds or less (at 220°C or higher),	IR60-00-3
	Maximum number of reflow processes: 3 times.	
Wave soldering	Solder temperature: 260°C or below, Flow time: 10 seconds or less, Maximum	WS60-00-1
	number of flow processes: 1 time,	
	Pre-heating temperature: 120°C or below (Package surface temperature).	
Partial heating method	Pin temperature: 350°C or below,	P350
	Heat time: 3 seconds or less (Per each side of the device).	

Note Pb-free (This product does not contain Pb in external electrode and other parts.)

Caution Apply only one kind of soldering condition to a device, except for "partial heating method", or the device will be damaged by heat stress.

Remark Flux: Rosin flux with low chlorine (0.2 Wt% or below) recommended.

#### <R> REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

Document Name	Document No.	
QUALITY GRADES ON NEC SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES	C11531E	
SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE MOUNT MANUAL	http://www.necel.com/pkg/en/mount/index.html	
NEC SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE RELIABILITY/QUALITY CONTROL	IEI-1212	
SYSTEM-STANDARD LINEAR IC		
REVIEW OF QUALITY AND RELIABILITY HANDBOOK	C12769E	
NEC SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE RELIBIALITY/QUALITY CONTROL	C10983E	
SYSTEM		

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