

GROUND FAULT INTERRUPTER EARTH LEAKAGE CURRENT DETECTOR

KK7101

Description

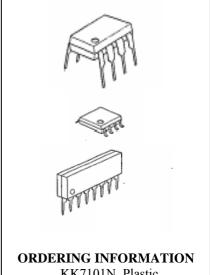
The KK7101N/D is designed for use in earth leakage circuit interrupters for operation directly off the AC Line in breakers.

It contains pre regulator, main regulator, after regulator, differential amplifier, level comparator, latch circuit. The input in the differential ampliatch circuit. The input in the differential amplifier is connect to the secondary node of zero current transformer.

The level comparator generates high level when earth leakage current is greater than some level.

Feature

- Low Power Consumption (P_D=5mW) 100V/200V
- 100V/200V Common Built-in Voltage Regulator
- High Gain Differential Amplifier
- High Input Sensitivity
- Minimum External Parts
- Large Surge Margin
- Wide Operating Temperature Range (T_A = -40 to 85°C)
- High Noise Immunity
- Meet U. L. 943 standards



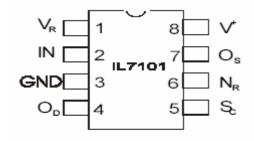
KK7101N Plastic KK7101D SOIC KK7101S SIP-8

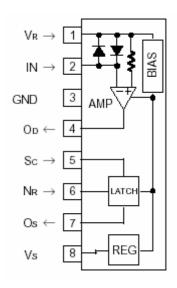
 $T_A = -40^{\circ}$ to 85° C for all packages.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

 Supply Voltage 	20V
 Supply Current 	8mA
 Power Dissipation 	200m W
 Operating Temperature 	- 40 to 85°C
 Storage Temperature 	- 55 to 125°C

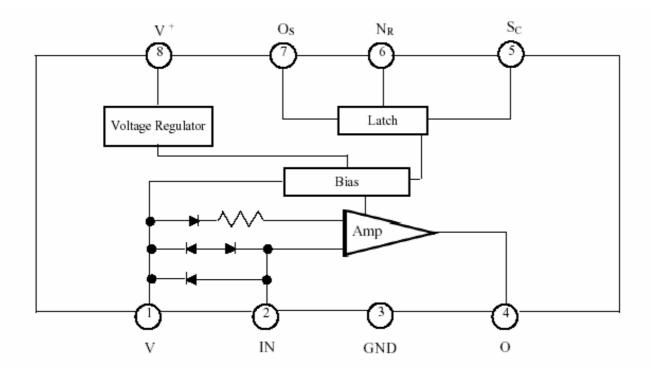
Pin Configuration (Top View)







Block Diagram





Recommended Operating Condition: $T_A \text{=-} 30^{\circ} C$ to $80^{\circ} C$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX	UNIT
Supply Voltage	V^{+}	12			V
Vs-GND Capacitor	Cvs	1			μF
O _S -GND Capacitor	Cos			1	μF

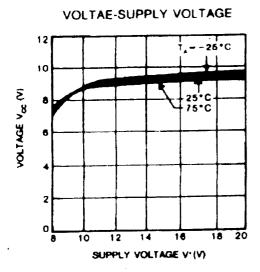
Electrical Characteristics

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDTIONS		TEMP.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
				-30	_	_	580	
Supply Current 1	l_{S1}	$V^{+}=12V,$ $V_{R} - V_{I} = 30 \text{ mV}$		25	-	400	530	μΑ
11 7	51			85	-	_	480	
* Trip Voltage	V_{T}	$V^{+} = 16V$,		-30	9	13.5	18	mV
		$V_R - V_I = X$		85				(rms)
Differential	I_{TD1}	$V_R - V_I = X$ $V^+ = 16 V,$		25	-12	-	-30	μΑ
Amplifier		$V_{R} - V_{I} = 30$						
Output Current 1		$V_{\rm OD} = 1.2 \text{ V}$	·					
Differential	I_{TD2}	$V^{+} = 16 \text{ V},$		25	17	-	37	μΑ
Amplifier Output		$V_R - V_I = sh$						
current 2		$V_{\rm OD} = 0.8 \text{ V}$						
			$l_{SI} = 580 \mu A$	-30	-200	-		
Output Current	I_{O}	$V_{SC} = 1.4 \text{ V}$ $V_{OS} = 0.8 \text{ V}$	$l_{SI} = 530 \mu A$	25	-100	-		μΑ
		V0S 0.0 V	$l_{SI} = 480 \mu A$	85	-75	-		
S _C On Voltage	V _{SC} ON	$V^{+} = 16 \text{ V}$		25	0.7	-	1.4	V
S _C Input Current	I _{SC} ON	$V^+ = 12V$		25	-	-	5	μΑ
Output "L" Current	I_{OSL}	$V^+ = 12 V$,		-30	200	-	-	μΑ
		$V_{OSL} = 0.2 \text{ V}$	V	85				
Input Clamp	$ m V_{IC}$	$V^{+} = 12 V$,		-30	4.3	-	6.7	V
Voltage		$I_{IC} = 20 \text{ mA}$		85				
Differential Input	$V_{ m IDC}$	$I_{IDC} = 100 \text{m}$	A	-30	0.4	-	2	V
Clamp Voltage				85				
Max. Current Voltage	$ m V_{SM}$	$I_{SM} = 7 \text{ mA}$		25	20	-	28	V
Supply Current 2	I_{S2}	$V_{OS} = 0.5 \text{ V}$	•	-30	-	-	1200	μΑ
11 5	32	$V_R - V_I = X$,	85				P
Latch Circuit Off Supply Voltage	V+ OFF			25	0.5			V
Response Time	T _{ON}	$V^+ = 16 V,$ $V_R - V_I = 0.3$	3 V	25	1	-	4	ms

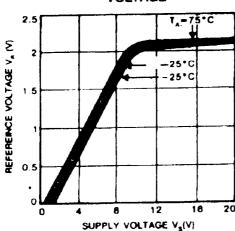
^{*} A: 9~12.5 B: 11.5~15.5 C: 14.5~18



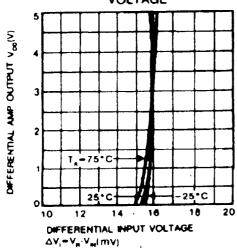
Typical Performance Curves



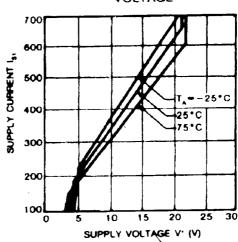




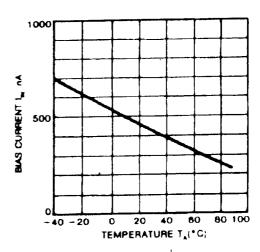
DIFFERENTIAL AMPLIFIER OUTPUT VOLTAGE—DIFFERENTIAL INPUT VOLTAGE



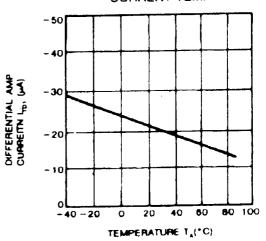
SUPPLY CURRENT-SUPPLY VOLTAGE



BIAS CURRENT-TEMPERATURE

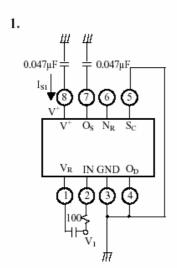


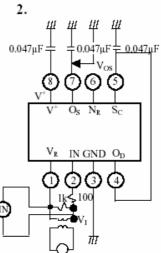
DIFFERENTIAL AMPLIFIER OUTPUT CURRENT-TEMP

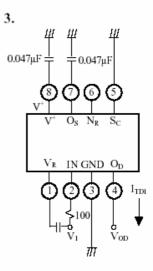


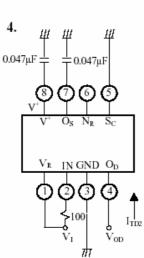


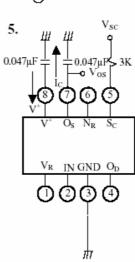
Test Circuit

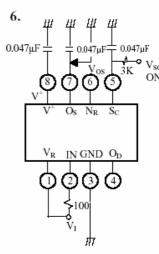


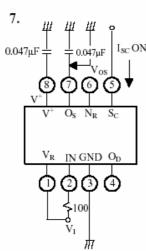


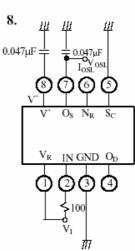


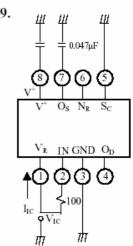






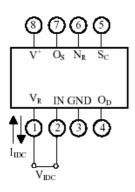




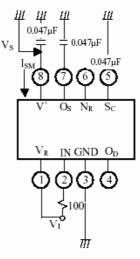




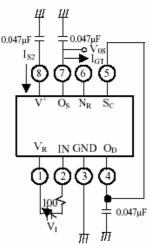
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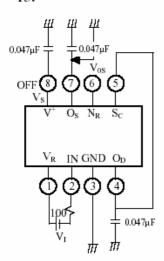




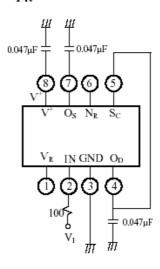
12.



13.

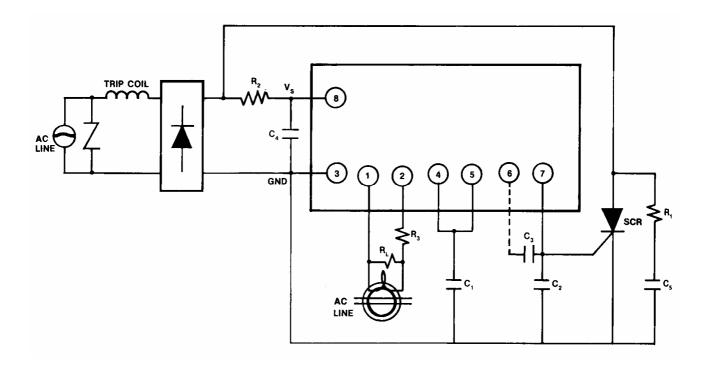


14.





Typical Application



Supply voltage circuit is connected as a previous diagram. Please decide constants R1, R2, C4, and C5 of a filter in order to keep at least 12V in Vs, when normal supply current flows.

In this case, please connect C4 (more than 1 μ F) and C2 (less than 1 μ F). ZCT and load resistance R_L of ZCT are connected between input pin① and ②. In this case protective resistance (R3=100 Ω) must be insulted. Sensitivity current is regulated by RL, and output of amplifier shows in pin④. External capacitor C1 between pin④ and GND is used for noise removal.

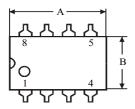
When large current is grounded in the primary side (AC line) of ZCT, the wave form in the secondary side of ZCT is distorted and some signals doesn't appear in the output of amplifier. So please connect a varistor or a diode (2pcs.) to ZCT in parallel.

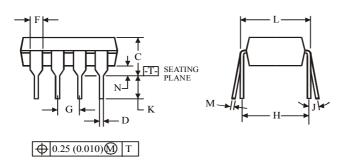
Latch circuit is used to inspect the output level of amplifier and to supply gate current on the external SCR. When input pin becomes more than 1.1V (Typ.) latch circuit operates and supply gate current in the gate of SCR connected to the output pin?

Pin 6 can be used in the open state, but please connect capacitor (about $0.047 \,\mu\text{F}$) between pin 6 and 7. Capacitor C6 between pin 1 and GND is used to remove noise and is about $0.047 \,\mu\text{F}$.



N SUFFIX PLASTIC DIP (MS – 001BA)





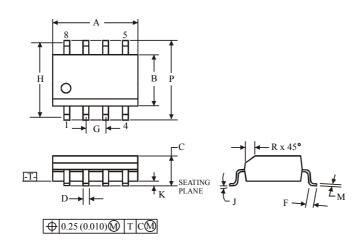
NOTES:

Dimensions "A", "B" do not include mold flash or protrusions.
 Maximum mold flash or protrusions 0.25 mm (0.010) per side.



	Dimension, mm			
Symbol	MIN	MAX		
A	8.51	10.16		
В	6.1 7.11			
C		5.33		
D	0.36	0.56		
F	1.14	1.78		
G	2.54			
Н	7.62			
J	0°	10°		
K	2.92	3.81		
L	7.62	8.26		
M	0.2	0.36		
N	0.38			

D SUFFIX SOIC (MS - 012AA)



NOTES:

- 1. Dimensions A and B do not include mold flash or protrusion.
- 2. Maximum mold flash or protrusion 0.15 mm (0.006) per side for A; for B 0.25 mm (0.010) per side.



	Dimension, mm			
Symbol	MIN MAX			
A	4.8	5		
В	3.8 4			
C	1.35	1.75		
D	0.33	0.51		
F	0.4	1.27		
G	1.27			
Н	5.72			
J	0°	8°		
K	0.1	0.25		
M	0.19	0.25		
P	5.8	6.2		
R	0.25	0.5		



Mechanical Dimensions (Continued)

Package

