TOSHIBA CMOS Digital Integrated Circuit Silicon Monolithic

TC83230-0021,JTC83230-0021S

TC83230-0021, JTC83230-0021S: Single-Chip CMOS LSI for Calculators with Printers (applicable printer heads: M-42V/42TV/41TAV/48T manufactured by EPSON)

The TC83230-0021, JTC83230-0021S LSI is a single-chip CMOS LSI for use in calculators with printers.

It integrates I/O logic circuits necessary to configure a calculator with 10-,12-, or 14-digit display, two-memory function, serial printer used to print calculation results, oscillator, and LCD drivers.

QFP80-P-1420-0.80A

Weight: 1.52 g (typ.)

Features

Operational Features

- Print: 14 digits (numerical value) + 1 digit (decimal point) + 2 digits (symbol) + 1 digit (minus) + 4 digits (commas)
- Display: 10, 12 or 14 digits (numerical value) + 1 digit (sign) with commas for separating thousand, million, billion and trillion units.
- Decimal output: Floating point (F), specified decimal point (0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6), add mode (A)
- Key-input buffer: 14 words
- Operation methods: Addition and subtraction: By ARITHMETIC operation
 Multiplication and division: By algebraic operation
- Function: Four function, repeat multiplication and division, mixed calculation, square calculation, percentage calculation, percent discount and add-on calculation, memory calculation, delta percent calculation, add-mode calculation, mark-up/down calculation, total calculation, constant calculation, tax calculation, rate conversion.

Two-key rollover

· Leading zero suppression

Protection

- (1) When an error occurs, only the following key inputs are valid: [C], [C/CE], [Feed], [OFF], [ON], $[\rightarrow]$, and [P/NP].
- (2) Key chatter protection (at f = 4 MHz)

At key read-in: 15 ms At key off: 40 ms

Auto-Clear at Power On

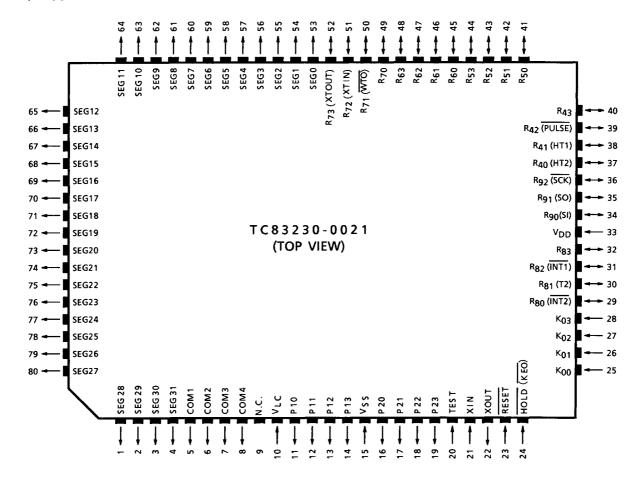
Auto-clear functions by connecting a capacitor to the RESET pin.

- Conditions for printing in red
 - (1) When keys except [-] and [M-] are pressed with print data which is signed negative.
 - (2) When the [-] or [M-] key is pressed with print data which is signed positive.
 - (3) When the intermediate operation result for MU/D or delta% is negative.



Pin Assignment (top view)

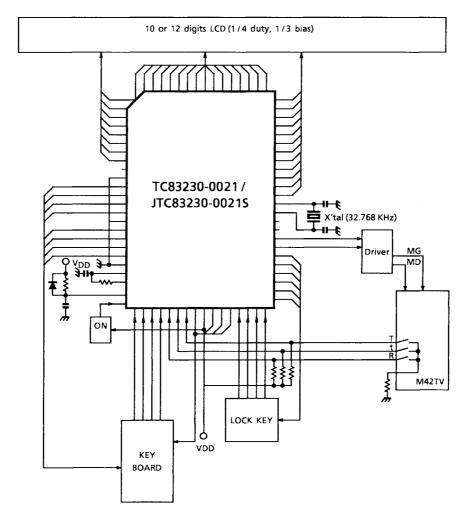
QFP80



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System Block Diagram



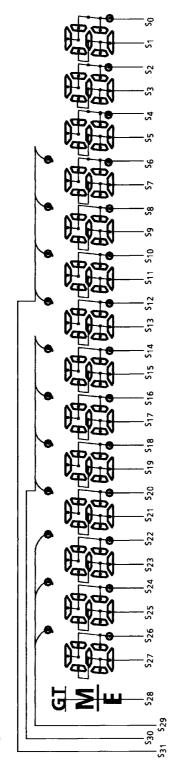
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Note 1: VLC: In case of VLC = 0 V

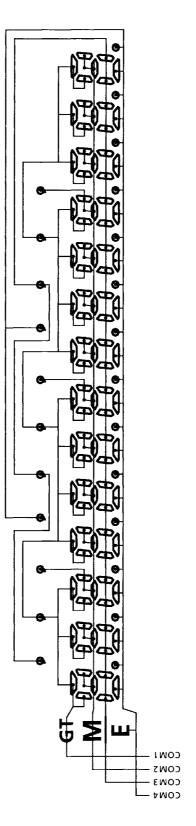
Connection of LCD

(1) 14 digits of LCD

Segment



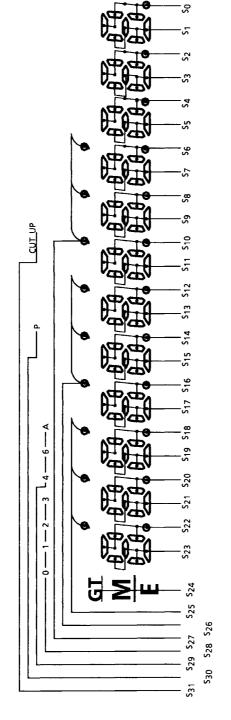
Common



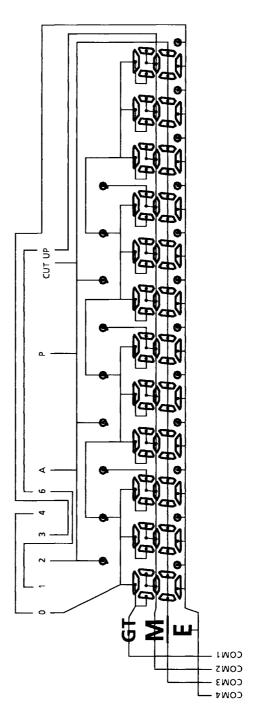
2003-03-24

(2) 10 or 12 digits of LCD

Segment

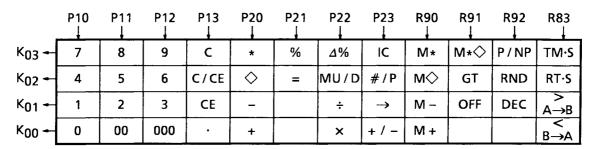


Common

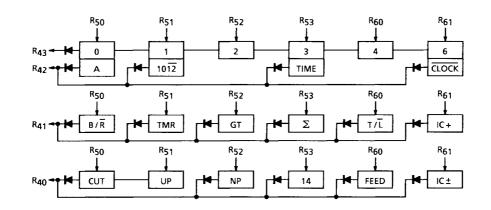


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Key Connection (10, 12 or 14 digits M40 series)



Touch Key



Lock Key



ON Key



Specification of Calculator

(1) Operations depending on key types and modes

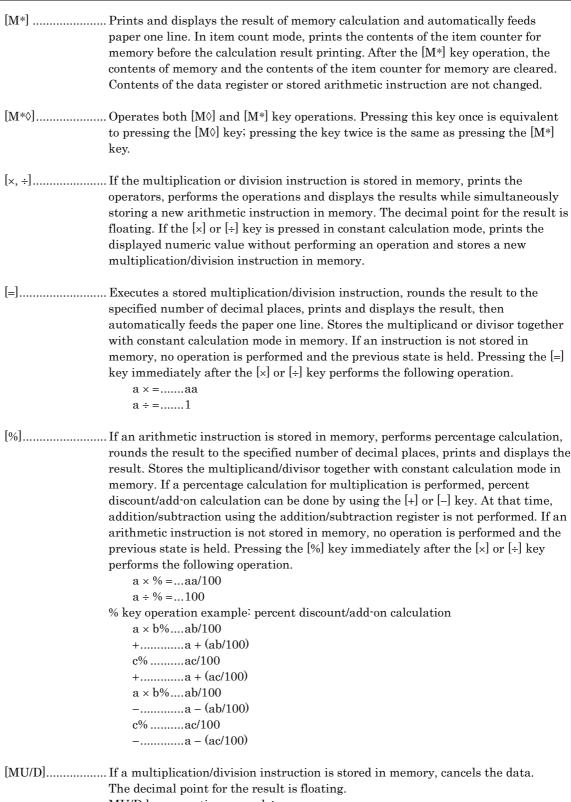
| | | CLOC | CK Mode |
|-------------------------|---|--|--|
| Key Name | Key Name CAL Mode | | |
| Mode switch | [CAL] lock key is on | [TIME] lo | ck key is on |
| С | Operates as clear key | Cancels set mode and clears input data | Unused |
| CE | Operates as clear entry key | Unused | Unused |
| C/CE | Operates as clear or clear entry key | Cancels set mode and clears input data | Unused |
| OFF | Operates as off key | Unused | Unused |
| Numeral | Numeral Key-inputs numerals | Inputs numerals | Unused |
| • | Key-inputs decimal points | Unused | Unused |
| *, | Operates as total or sub-total key | Unused | Unused |
| +, - ×, ÷ | Operates as four-function key | Unused | Unused |
| = | Operates as = key | Unused | Unused |
| GT | Operates as GT key | Unused | Unused |
| P/NP | Switches print or non-print | Unused | Unused |
| RND | Switches round-off and round-up | Unused | Unused |
| DEC | Switches decimal points | Unused | Unused |
| % | Operates as % key | Unused | Unused |
| Δ % | Operates as delta percentage calculation key | Unused | Unused |
| MU/D | Operates as mark-up/down key | Unused | Unused |
| IC | Operates as item count key | Unused | Unused |
| #/P | Operates as non-add-print key for left-justified printing | Unused | Prints current date and time |
| \rightarrow | Operates as right-shift key | Unused | Unused |
| +/- | Operates as sign change key | Unused | Unused |
| M+, M− M*, M◊ M*◊ | M*, M◊ Operates as memory function key | | Unused |
| TM·S | Unused | Sets time and date | Moves to TIME SET state |
| RT·S | Sets rate | Unused | Unused |
| > A → B | Rate conversion or rate call | Moves cursor to right | Switches between time and date display |
| < B → A | Rate conversion or rate call | Moves cursor to left | Switches between time and date display |

Note 2: CLOCK mode is only available with jumper select of [$\overline{\text{CLOCK}}$] lock key off.

When [$\overline{\text{CLOCK}}$] lock key is on, it is a calculater without CLOCK function.

| Explanation of ke $[0\sim9]$ | . Keys in numbers from 0 to 9, 00, and 000. If the number of display digits exceeds |
|------------------------------|---|
| [00, 000] | 10, 12 or 14, key entry is invalid. |
| [·] | . If this key is pressed after a key operation except data entry, the display is cleared and entry of $[\cdot]$ is stored in memory. The decimal point is shifted for subsequent data entry. If the $[\cdot]$ key is pressed during data entry, display does not change. |
| [+, -] | . Add or subtract operation data and display the result. The decimal point is floating except when A mode is specified. Addition or subtraction can be performed |
| | repeatedly. If these key are pressed in multiplication/division mode or in constant calculation mode, add or subtract display data to addition/subtraction registers, then display the result. At this time, in the operation mode multiplicand or divisor do not |
| | change. These keys increment or decrement the item counter. In the following operation mode, the operations are executed, and the results are printed and displayed. At that time, addition or subtraction using the addition/subtraction register is not executed. |
| | 1) Percent discount/add-on calculation $a \times b\% +a + (ab/100)$ |
| | c% +a + (ac/100) a × b%a - (ab/100) c%a - (ac/100) |
| | Percent discount/add-on with constants are calculated as above. |
| [0] | Prints and displays the intermediate result in addition/subtraction register. In item count mode, prints the contents of the item counter before the calculation result printing. Contents of data register or stored arithmetic instruction are not changed. |
| [*] | . Prints and displays the result in addition/subtraction register. Automatically feeds paper one line. In item count mode, the contents of the item counter are printed before the calculation result printing. |
| | After this key operation, the contents of the addition/subtraction register are cleared. The contents of the item counter are cleared at the first addition/subtraction in next step. The contents of the data register or stored arithmetic instruction are not changed. When GT mode is specified, the result of addition/subtraction is added to the GT memory. |
| [M+, M-] | . If the arithmetic instruction is not stored or if the mode is constant calculation mode, first prints the display contents after rounding to the specified number of decimal places, performs addition/subtraction using the data in memory, then stores the result in memory. If the multiplication/division instruction is stored, executes the arithmetic instruction, rounds the result to the specified number of decimal places, prints and display the result, adds/subtracts with the data in memory, then stores the result to memory. At that time, the multiplicand or divisor is stored together with the mode, constant calculation mode. When this key is pressed immediately after the [x] or [M+, M-] key, operation is the same as that for the [=] key; that is, adds/subtracts using data in memory. This key operation increments or decrements the item counter for memory. |
| [M�] | Prints or displays the intermediate result of memory calculation. In item count mode, prints the contents of the item counter for memory before the calculation result printing. Contents of the data register or stored arithmetic instruction are not changed. |

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MU/D key operation example:

```
aMU/Db = .... a/(1 - (b/100)) - a
                                           (prints profit)
                     a/(1 - (b/100))
                                           (mark-up)
       c = \dots a/(1 - (c/100)) - a
                                           (prints profit)
                     a/(1 - (c/100))
                                           (mark-up)
aMU/Db +/- = .... a/(1 + (b/100)) - a
                                           (prints profit)
                      a/(1 + (b/100))
                                           (mark-down)
       c + /- = \dots a/(1 + (c/100)) - a
                                           (prints profit)
                      a/(1 + (c/100))
                                           (mark-down)
```

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| [Δ%] | If a multiplication/division instruction | n is memorized, cancels the data. |
|----------|---|---|
| | Δ %key operation example: | |
| | $a\Delta\%$ b = b – a | 4 |
| | (b-a)/ a | (prints difference) |
| | $c = \dots c - a$ | (change delta percent) |
| | (c - a)/ a $a\Delta\% b +/- =(b + a)$ | (prints difference) |
| | | (change delta percent) (prints difference) |
| | -(b + a)/ a c +/- =(c + a) | (change delta percent) |
| | -(c + a)/ a | (prints difference) |
| | (6 4//14) | (prints difference) |
| [+/-] | Inverts sign of the displayed number | at key entry. |
| [→] | Shifts the contents of the display to the estimation calculation error, cancels to | ne right by one digit at key entry. For an |
| | communication carculation crior, cancers to | Mic Circi. |
| [IC] | Calls the contents of the item counter | . Does not change current state. |
| [GT] | Calls the contents of GT memory. If t | he key is pressed once, calls the contents of |
| | GT memory, but does not change curr | rent state. If the key is pressed twice, calls |
| | the contents of GT memory and clears | s them. |
| [a] | | |
| [C] | Cancels all arithmetic instructions ar | |
| | registers except the memory register, | and prints 0.C. |
| [CE] | . If pressed at key entry, clears only th | e contents of the display; does not change the |
| [02] | | ontents of the data register. Invalid if pressed |
| | | [÷] [+] [-] [=] [%] [Δ%] [M+] [M-] [M◊] [M*] |
| | $[M*\lozenge]$ $[MU/D]$ $[IC]$. | |
| | The result of pressing the [CE] key af | ter the [#/P] key depends on the state before |
| | the keys were pressed. | |
| [a/ap] | TC 1 . 1 | a [cp] |
| [C/CE] | If pressed at key entry, operates same | |
| | in pressed after one of the following Ki $[\div]$ [+] [-] [=] [%] [Δ %] [M+] [M-] [M \Diamond] | eys, operates same as the [C] key: [C/CE] [x] |
| | | after the $[+/-]$ or the $[\#/P]$ key depends on the |
| | state before the keys were pressed. | arter the [#/-] of the [#/1] key depends on the |
| | state serore the heje were pressea. | |
| [#/P] | If pressed after the numerical key ent | try, prints the contents of the key entry data |
| | | out does not change the current state. If the |
| | key is pressed after a key except the r | numerical keys or [+/–] key, does not change |
| | the contents of the displays or the cur | rrent state. If the key is pressed in clock |
| | mode, automatically prints the displa | yed date and time. |
| [ON (1)] | If annual in HOLD and a console HO | OLD At that time accepts all swith matic |
| [ON (1)] | | OLD. At that time, cancels all arithmetic of the memory register and the TAX RATE |
| | | other registers are cleared. While the [ON (1)] |
| | key is pressed, the [OFF] key is inval | |
| | y p | |
| [ON (2)] | If pressed in lower frequency (32.768 | KHz for CLOCK) operation mode, drives |
| | higher frequency (4 MHz) operation n | node (normal calculation mode). At the same |
| | | ons and errors. The contents of memory |
| | | [OFF] key; all other registers are cleared. |
| | While the [ON (2)] key is invalid. | |
| [OFF] | Forcibly enters HOLD mode or lower | frequency (32.768 kHz for CLOCK) mode. |
| [↑] | Feeds paper. | |
| 2.3 | For For | |

| [P/NP] | . Switches between PRINT and NON-PRINT mode. At reset, NON-PRINT mode is set. Switches mode in each time when the [P/NP] key is pressed: $P \rightarrow NP \rightarrow P \rightarrow NP. \ \ In \ PRINT \ \ mode, \ displays \ \ "print \ \ mode". \ \ Valid \ only \ \ when the [T/\overline{L}] \ lock \ key \ is set to \ T.$ |
|---------------------|--|
| [RND] | . Switches between round-up, round-off and half-adjust. At reset, half-adjust is set. Switches the mode in each time when the [RND] key is pressed: $5/4 \to \downarrow \to \uparrow \to 5/4 \to \downarrow \to \uparrow$. Displays round-up/round-off. Valid only when the $[T/\overline{L}]$ lock key is set to T. |
| [DEC] | . Switches the decimal point. At reset, floating point (F) is set. Switches the mode in each time when the [DEC] key is pressed as follows: $F \to 0 \to 1 \to 2 \to 3 \to 4 \to 6 \to A \to F \to 0 \to 1. \text{ Displays the specified decimal point or add mode. Valid only when the [T/\bar{L}] lock key is set to T.$ |
| [TM·S] | . Sets time and date. Pressing the [TM·S] key in clock/date display mode sets time setting mode. Valid only when the [TIME] lock key is set. |
| [RT·S] | . If pressed after key entry, sets the conversion rate. |
| | . When the [TIME] key is on, moves the cursor to the right as the [>] key. When the [CAL] key is on, executes rate conversion as the [A \rightarrow B] key. Example of [A \rightarrow B] key operation when rate value is 130: a [A \rightarrow B] |
| $(B \rightarrow A]$ | . When the [TIME] key is on, moves the cursor to the left as the [<] key. When the [CAL] key is on, executes rate conversion as $[B \to A]$ key. Example of $[B \to A]$ key operation when rate value is 130: a $[B \to A]$ |

(3)

| Explanation of lo | ock keys |
|-----------------------|---|
| [0, 1, 2, 3][4, 6, A] | Sets the specified decimal point. If no specification, floating is set. When processing floating point data, the operation result is zero-shifted. When A mode is specified, key-entered data are multiplied by 1/100 only when the key-entered numerical value is used for addition/subtraction or memory addition/subtraction. If the [·] key is pressed during data entry, A mode is invalid. The operation result is treated the same as the specified decimal point, 2. |
| [CUT, UP] | Rounds-off in CUT mode; rounds-up in UP mode; when no specification is made, half-adjusts. When a decimal point is specified, the digit (s) in the subsequent decimal place is (are) half-adjusted, rounded-off, or rounded-up (??). If floating point is specified, the value of the least significant digits which cannot be displayed is rounded off. |
| [NP] | Switches between print and non print mode. In non-print mode, disables all printing except [↑] or [#/P] key. When mode changes from non-print to print, feeds the paper one line. |
| [IC+] [IC±] | Selects item count mode. IC+Counts up by the [+] or [-] key. IC±Counts up by the [+] key, down by the [-] key. |
| [Σ] | If an operation is performed by the [=] or [%] key in auto accumulation calculation mode, adds the operation result to the addition/subtraction register and increments the item counter. |
| [GT] | In grand total mode, adds the total register to the GT register by the [*] key. |
| [B/R] | Prints in single color when selecting B on is specified for the printer (M-42V); in two colors, when selecting \overline{R} off is specified (M-42TV, M-41TAV, M-48T). |
| [TIME] | When the [TIME] lock key is on, displays the time. |
| [T/L] | When the $[T/\overline{L}]$ lock key is on, the $[P/NP]$, $[RND]$, and $[DEC]$ keys are valid. When the $[T/\overline{L}]$ key is off, the $[NP]$, $[CUT]$, $[UP]$, and $[0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, A]$ lock keys are valid. In 14-digit mode in display, the $[T/\overline{L}]$ lock key is invalid. The $[P/NP]$, $[RND]$, and $[DEC]$ keys cannot be used. |
| [TMR] | When the [TMR] lock key is on, auto power-off functions. (after approx. 10 minutes). |
| [14] | Valid when the $[10/\overline{12}]$ lock key is off; selects $[14]$ digits display and $(M-48T)$ printer when the $[14]$ lock key is on. |
| [10/12] | Valid when the [14] lock key is off; selects 10 digits display and printer when the $[10/\overline{12}]$ lock key is on; selects 12 digits display and printer when the $[10/\overline{12}]$ lock key is off. |
| [CLOCK] | When [CLOCK] lock key is off, CLOCK function is operatable. In this case, [ON (2)] and [OFF] keys are available for ON/OFF function. When [CLOCK] lock key is on, CLOCK function is not operatable. In this case, [ON (1)] and [OFF] keys are available for ON/OFF function. |



Explanation of Functions

(1) Auto power-off function

When the [TMR] lock key is on and there is no key input for 10 minutes, automatically enters HOLD state. The [ON] key is used to cancel HOLD mode or to drive higher frequency (4 MHz) mode. When power is turned on by the [ON] key, cancels all arithmetic instructions and errors, stores states before power off in memory and GT memory, and clears all other contents in the RAM. If any key is pressed within 10 minutes, the automatic power-off timer is cleared and resumes counting. Auto power-off functions even though a lock key is kept being pressed (under off-chatter).

(2) Clock function

Time is input and displayed using a 24-hour clock. In clock display mode, a hyphen "–" between hours and minutes blink. In date display, a hyphen "–" between month and day does not blink. To set or change the time or date, use the [TIME] key to enter clock/date setting mode. CLOCK function is only available when [CLOCK] lock key is off.

- 1) How to set or change time and date
 - a) Enter clock display mode using the [TIME] key. (the current time is displayed.)
 - b) Press the [TM·S] key to set to clock/date setting mode. (year and data setting when the [TM·S] key is pressed the first time.) At that time, the cursor blinks at the year. In clock/date setting mode, the display is not zero-suppressed.
 - c) Move the cursor using the cursor keys to the position where the data are to be changed. Input the year, month, day, hour, or minute to be changed using numeric data keys. After a numeral is input, the cursor automatically moves to the next position.
 - d) After inputting the year and date, pressing the [TM·S] key a second time ends date setting and clock setting mode is entered. Input numerals for time the same way as year or date.
 - e) Pressing the [TM·S] key a third time sets the hours and minutes, then returns to clock display mode.

2) Clock/date input error

If a value which does not exist is specified for the month, day, hour, or minute, a clock/date setting error occurs. When an error occurs, the cursor returns to the beginning of the position where the error occurred and the system stands by for fresh input. The error mark is not displayed on LCD.

3) Clear or mode key operation during clock/date setting

Pressing the [C] or [C/CE] key cancels clock/date setting mode and returns to clock display mode. While clock function is operative, the [OFF] or auto power-off function cannot be used.

4) Initial values at reset 01 01-01 (YY MM/DD), 00: 00: 00 (HH: MM: SS) 5)

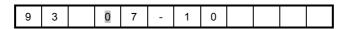
| Sett | ng example 1: to set data, 15: 34 July 10'93, | |
|------|--|----|
| a) | Press the [TIME] key (12-digit display) | |
| | 0 0 - 0 Clock display mode | |
| b) | Press the [TM·S] key. | |
| | 0 1 0 1 - 0 1 Inverted display represents blinking | J. |
| c) | Press the [9], [3], [0], [7], [1], and [0] keys. | |
| | 9 3 0 7 - 1 0 | |
| d) | Press the [TM·S] key. | |
| | 0 0 - 0 0 | |
| e) | Press the [1], [5], [3], and [4] keys. | |
| | 1 5 - 3 4 | |
| f) | Press the [TM·S] key. | |
| | 1 5 4 | |
| g) | Press the [<] key. | |
| | 9 3 7 - 1 0 | |
| h) | Press the [>] key. | |
| | 1 5 3 4 Repeat g) and h). | |
| Se | ting example 2: to change from 15: 34 set in setting example 1 to 04: 09 | |
| a) | Press the [TM·S] key. | |
| | 9 3 0 7 - 1 0 | |
| b) | Press the [TM·S] key. | |
| | 1 5 - 3 4 | |
| c) | Press the [0], [4], [0], and [9] keys. | |
| | 0 4 - 0 9 | |
| d) | Press the [TM·S] key. | |
| | 4 9 Zero suppression after setting. | |

Setting example 3: to change from July 10 set in setting example 1 to December 10.

a) Press the [TM·S] key.

| 9 | 3 | 0 | 7 | - | 1 | 0 | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|-----|
| | _ | _ | | | | _ | | i l |

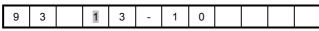
b) Press the [>] key twice.



c) Press the [1] and [3] keys.

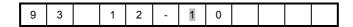
| 9 3 1 3 - 1 0 | |
|---------------|--|
|---------------|--|

d) Press the [TM·S] key.

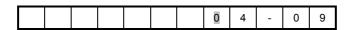


An input error occurs and the cursor returns to the beginning of the position where the error occurred.

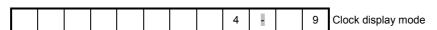
e) Press the [1] and [2] keys.



f) Press the [TM·S] key.



g) Press the [TM·S] key.



(3) Rate conversion function

Conversion can only be performed from one type of currency to another.

- 1) How to set and change rates
 - a) Input the numeric value to be set.
 - b) Pressing the $[RT \cdot S]$ key sets the input numeric value as the rate value.
 - c) To call the set rate, press the $[A \rightarrow B]$ or $[B \rightarrow A]$ key after clear (display data: 0).
- 2) Example of currency conversion

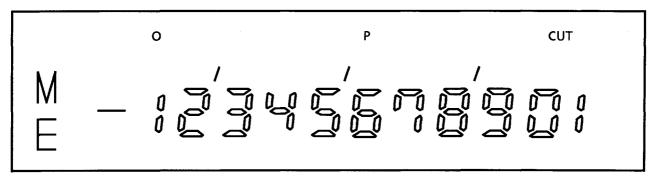
To set \$1 = Y125.45 and converts \$1000 to yen:

- a) Press [1], [2], [5], [·], [4], and [5] keys.
- b) Press the [RT·S] key to set the input data.
- c) Press the [1], [0], [0], and [0] keys.
- d) Press the $[A \rightarrow B]$ key for conversion.

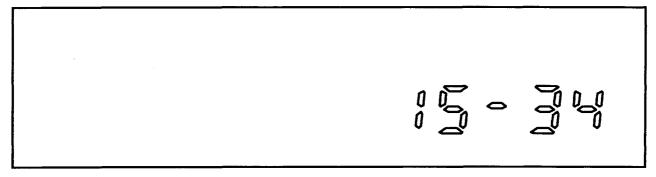


Display Examples

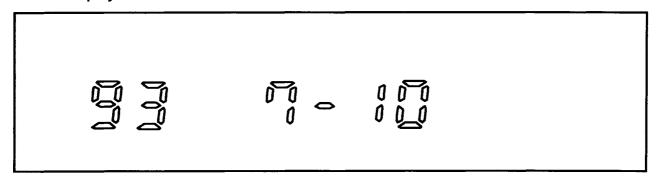
Calculation Mode (12 digits)



Clock Display Mode



Date Display Mode





Operation Example

(the following table shows a example of using 14-digit display and M48T printer.) Underline is displayed in red print.

| Key Operation | Display | Print |
|---|------------------------|---|
| Power ON | | 1 LINE FEED |
| | 0. | C |
| | | 1 LINE FEED |
| [C] | 0. | 0 · C |
| | | 1 LINE FEED |
| 00.78.09.04.9955[#/P] | 0.7809049955 | #0.78.09.04.9955 |
| .1234567890991[+] | 0.1234567890991 | 0.1234567890991 + |
| [◊] | | 001 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| | 0.1234567890991 | 0 • 1234567890991 ◊ |
| 999999999999999999999999999999999999999 | - 99,999,999,999,999. | 99,999,999,999,999. |
| [◊] | | 001 |
| | - 99,999,999,999,999. | <u>-99,999,999,999.999·</u> ◊ |
| 1111111111111 [M-] | M 11,111,111,111,111. | 11,111,111,111,111 M- |
| [M♦] | | 001 |
| | M- 11,111,111,111,111. | <u>-11,111,111,111,111·</u> M◊ |
| 1111111111111 [M-] | M 11,111,111,111,111. | 11,111,111,111,111 M- |
| [M*] | | 001 |
| | - 11,111,111,111,111. | -11,111,111,111,111· M* |
| | | 1 LINE FEED |
| 1.23456[÷] | 1.23456 | 1·23456 ÷ |
| 789[=] (5/4,TAB3) | | 789· = |
| | 0.002 | 0.002 * |
| | | 1 LINE FEED |
| 667.788[+] | 667.788 | 667.788 + |
| [#/P] | 667.788 | 667 • 788 ◊ |
| 999999999999999[+] | 99,999,999,999,999. | 99,999,999,999,999· + |
| 0.9999999999999[+] | 99,999,999,999,999. | 0.99999999999 + |
| 10000000000000[+] | 10,000,000,000,000. | 10,000,000,000,000 + |
| 1[-] | 9,999,999,999,999. | <u>1·</u> - |
| .000000000001[-] | 9,999,999,999,999. | <u>0.00000000000</u> - |
| 123456789.8[+] | 123,456,789.8 | 123,456,789.8 + |
| 1.2345678[+] | 123,456,791.03456 | 1.2345678 + |
| 999999999999[x] | 99,999,999,999,999. | 99,999,999,999. |
| 7777777777777 [=] | | 77,777,777,777,777 = |
| | | |
| | ← 77,777,777,777,776. | 777777777776• * |
| | | 1 LINE FEED |

| Key Operation | Display | Print |
|------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|
| 9999999000000[+] | 99,999,999,000,000. | 99,999,999,000,000 + |
| 1234567.8[+] | | 1,234,567.8 + |
| | | |
| | ← 1.000000023456 | 1.0000000023456 * |
| | | 1 LINE FEED |
| [CE] | 0. | |
| 789012.3[+] | 99,999,999,789,012. | 789,012·3 + |
| 999999999999999[+] | 99,999,999,999. | 99,999,999,999. + |
| 1 [M+] | М 1. | 1 · M+ |
| 1[+] | | 1. + |
| | | |
| | M ← 1.000000000000 | 1.00000000000 * |
| | | 1 LINE FEED |
| [CE] | М 0. | |
| 9999999999999[+] | | 1 LINE FEED |
| | | 99,999,999,999. + |
| | | |
| | M ← 1.999999999999 | 1.99999999999 * |
| | | 1 LINE FEED |
| 3 [×] | 3. | 3· × |
| [÷] | 9. | 3∙ ÷ |
| 2[÷] | 4.5 | 2· ÷ |
| [×] | 2.25 | 2· × |
| 4 [÷] | 9. | 4 · ÷ |
| [-] | -9. | <u>9·</u> – |
| 11[+] | 11. | 11. + |
| 345[-] | -334. | <u>345·</u> – |
| [M-] | м -334. | -334 · M- |
| 2[x] | 2. | 2· × |
| $3[=]$ (Σ =ON) | | 3⋅ = |
| | 6. | 6. + |
| | | 1 LINE FEED |
| 2[MU/MD] | 2. | 2 · GM |
| 3 [=] | | 3⋅ % |
| | | 0.061855670103 Δ^{\star} |
| | 2.061855670103 | 2.061855670103 * |
| | | 1 LINE FEED |
| 2[x] | 2. | 2· × |
| 3[%] | | 3⋅ % |
| | 0.06 | 0.06 * |
| | | 1 LINE FEED |
| [+] | 2.06 | 2.06 +% |
| | | 1 LINE FEED |



| Key Operation | Display | Print |
|--------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| 2 [Δ%] | 2. | 2 ⋅ Δ |
| 3 [=] | | 3⋅ = |
| | | $1 \cdot \Delta \star$ |
| | 50. | 50•∆% |
| | | 1 LINE FEED |
| 1111111111111[+/-] | - 11,111,111,111,111. | |
| [#/P] | - 11,111,111,111,111. | #11111111111111 |
| 2[x] | 2. | 2· × |
| 3[%] | | 3. % |
| | 0.06 | 0.06 * |
| | | 1 LINE FEED |
| [-] | 1.94 | 1.94 -% |
| | <u> </u> | 1 LINE FEED |
| 5[x] | 5. | 5• × |
| [=] | 0.5 | 5· = |
| | 25. | 25. * |
| [max] | | 1 LINE FEED |
| [+TAX] | | 25 ⋅ ◊ |
| | 25.75 | 0·75∆ 25·75 * |
| | 25.75 | 25.75 ^ 1 LINE FEED |
| 2[+] | 2. | 2· + |
| 3[+] | 5. | 3. + |
| [*] (GT MODE) | 5. | 5· G+ |
| ["] (GI MODE) | 3. | 1 LINE FEED |
| [GT] | 5. | 5 · G◊ |
| [GT] | 5. | 5· G* |
| [01] | | 1 LINE FEED |
| .1234567890991[+] | 0.1234567890991 | 0.1234567890991 + |
| [*] | 0.1201007030331 | 001 |
| | 0.1234567890991 | 0.1234567890991 * |
| | | 1 LINE FEED |
| 2[-] | -2. | <u>2·</u> - |
| 5[-] | -7. | <u> </u> |
| IC (IC+ =ON) | 2. | 2. |
| 130[RT·S] | | |
| | 130. | 130⋅ ×% |
| | | 1 LINE FEED |
| 20[A→B] | | 20 · ◊ |
| | 2,600. | 2,600· ×* |
| | | 1 LINE FEED |
| [C/CE] | 0. | 0· C |
| | | 1 LINE FEED |
| [A-B] | 130. | 130· ×% |
| | | 1 LINE FEED |
| 13000[B→A] | | 13,000 · ◊ |
| | 100. | 100⋅ ×% |
| | | 1 LINE FEED |



Maximum Ratings (V_{SS} = 0 V)

| Characteristics | Symbol | Rating | Unit |
|----------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|------|
| Supply voltage 1 | V_{DD} | -0.3~6 | V |
| Supply voltage (LCD drive) | V _{LC} | -0.3~V _{DD} + 0.3 | V |
| Input voltage | V _{IN} | -0.3~V _{DD} + 0.3 | V |
| Output voltage | V _{OUT} | -0.3~V _{DD} + 0.3 | V |
| Output current | I _{OUT} | 3.2 | mA |
| Power dissipation | P_{D} | 600 | mW |
| Soldering temperature | T _{sld} | 260 (10 s) | °C |
| Storage temperature | T _{stg} | −55~125 | °C |
| Operating temperature | T _{opr} | 0~40 | °C |

Electrical Characteristics

Recommended Operating Conditions ($V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}, T_{opr} = 0 \sim 40^{\circ}\text{C}$)

| Characteristics | Symbol | Test Circuit | Test Condition | Min | Max | Unit |
|--|------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------|
| Operating temperature | T _{opr} | _ | _ | 0 | 40 | °C |
| | V _{DD} | _ | NORMAL | 4.5 | | |
| Supply voltage | | _ | SLOW | | 5.5 | V |
| | | _ | HOLD | | | |
| High-level input voltage (non-schmitt circuit) | V _{IH1} | | N >45V | V _{DD} × 0.7 | V_{DD} | V |
| High-level input voltage (schmitt circuit) | V _{IH2} | _ | $V_{DD} \ge 4.5 \text{ V}$ | V _{DD} × 0.75 | V _{DD} | V |
| High-level input voltage | V _{IH3} | _ | V _{DD} < 4.5 V | V _{DD} × 0.9 | V _{DD} | V |
| Low-level input voltage (non-schmitt circuit) | V _{IL1} | | V _{DD} ≧ 4.5 V | 0 | V _{DD} × 0.3 | V |
| Low-level input voltage (schmitt circuit) | V _{IL2} | | VDD = 4.3 V | 0 | V _{DD} × 0.25 | V |
| Low-level input voltage | V _{IL3} | _ | V _{DD} < 4.5 V | 0 | V _{DD} × 0.1 | V |



DC Electrical Characteristics (V_{SS} = 0 V, V_{DD} = 2.7~6.0 V, T_{opr} = 0~40°C)

| Characteristics | Symbol | Test Circuit | Terminal | Test Condition | Min | Тур. | Max | Unit |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------------|---|-----|---------|-----|------|
| Hysteresis voltage (schmitt circuit) | V _{HS} | _ | Hysteresis Input | _ | _ | 0.7 | _ | V |
| Input current | I _{IN1} | _ | KO port, TEST, RESET, HOLD | V _{DD} = 5.5 V | _ | _ | ±2 | ^ |
| mput current | I _{IN2} | _ | Open Drain R port, P port | V _{IN} = 5.5/0 V | | | | μΑ |
| Input resistance | R _{IN1} | _ | KO port TEST with Input Resistor | V _{DD} = 5.5 V | 30 | 70 | 150 | kΩ |
| • | R _{IN2} | _ | RESET, HOLD | V _{IN} = 5.5/0 V | 100 | 220 | 450 | |
| Output leakage current | I _{LO1} | _ | Sink Open Drain R port | V _{DD} = 5.5 V V _{OUT} = 5.5 V | _ | _ 2 | | |
| Output leakage current | I _{LO2} | _ | Source Open Drain R port, P port | $V_{DD} = 5.5 \text{ V}$ $V_{OUT} = -1.5 \text{ V}$ | _ | _ | -2 | μА |
| High-level output voltage | V _{OH} | _ | Source Open Drain R port, P port | $V_{DD} = 5.5 \text{ V}$ $I_{OH} = -1.6 \text{ mA}$ | 2.4 | _ | | ٧ |
| Low-level output voltage | V _{OL} | _ | Sink Open Drain R port | $V_{DD} = 5.5 \text{ V}$ $I_{OL} = 1.6 \text{ mA}$ | _ | _ | 0.4 | ٧ |
| Pull-down resistance | R _{OUT} | _ | R port, P port | $V_{DD} = 5.5 \text{ V}$ $V_{IN} = 5.5 \text{ V}$ | 30 | 70 | 150 | kΩ |
| Output registance | R _{OS} | _ | SEG | | | | 35 | kΩ |
| Output resistance | R _{OC} | _ | СОМ | \/ | _ | _ | 33 | KL2 |
| | V _{O2/3} | | | $V_{DD} = 5 V$ $V_{DD} - V_{LC} = 3 V$ | 3.8 | 4.0 | 4.2 | V |
| Output voltage | V _{O1/2} | _ | SEG/COM | \DD - \frac{1}{2} \ | | 3.5 | 3.7 | |
| | V _{O1/3} | | | ļ | | 2.8 3.0 | | |
| Output voltage (normal) | I _{DD} | _ | _ | V _{DD} = 5.5 V, V _{LC} = V _{SS} | _ | 3 | 6 | mA |
| Output voltage (slow) | IDDS | _ | _ | $\begin{split} f_C &= 4 \text{ MHz} \\ V_{DD} &= 3.0 \text{ V}, \\ V_{LC} &= V_{SS} \\ f_S &= 32.768 \text{ kHz} \end{split}$ | _ | 30 | 60 | μΑ |
| Output voltage (hold) | I _{DDH} | _ | _ | V _{DD} = 5.5 V | _ | 0.5 | 10 | μА |

Note 3: Typ. values are guaranteed at $T_{opr} = 25$ °C, $V_{DD} = 5$ V.

Note 4: I_{IN1}: Excepts a current through a internal pull up/down resistor.

Note 5: ROS, ROC: Shows on-resistor at level switching.

Note 6: V_{O2/3}: Shows 2/3 level output voltage at which 1/4 or 1/3 duty LCD drive.

Note 7: $V_{O1/2}$: Shows 1/2 level output voltage at which 1/2 duty or static LCD drive.

Note 8: V_{O1/3}: Shows 1/3 level output voltage at which 1/4 or 1/3 duty LCD drive.

Note 9: I_{DD} , I_{DDH} : Current consumption at $V_{IN} = 5.3 \text{ V}/0.2 \text{ V}$

Should be under that KO port is open and R port voltage level is valid.

 I_{DDS} : $V_{IN} = 2.8 \text{ V}/0.2 \text{ V}$

Oscillates only low clock frequency. (connected XTIN, XTOUT)



Oscillation Circuit ($T_{opr} = 0~40$ °C, $V_{DD} = 2.7~6.0$ V)

| Recommended Circuit | Test Condition | Min | Тур. | Max | Unit |
|----------------------------|---|-----|--------|-----|------|
| XIN XOUT C X'tal C X'tal | C = 20 pF X'tal (or ceramic) = 4 MHz | | 4.0 | | MHz |
| XIN XOUT | V_{DD} = 5.0 V C = 100 pF R = 1 k Ω ± 2% | 2.4 | 4.0 | 5.6 | MHz |
| XTIN XTOUT C X'tal C | C = 10 pF (XIN), 22 pF (XOUT) X'tal = 32.768 kHz | _ | 32.768 | _ | kHz |

AC Electrical Characteristics (VSS = 0 V, VDD = 4.5~6.0 V, $T_{opr} = 0~40^{\circ}C$)

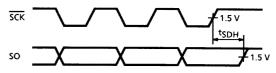
| Characteristics | Symbol | Test Circuit | Test Condition | Min | Тур. | Max | Unit |
|--|------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|------------------|------|----------------|------|
| Instruction cycle time | tov | | NORMAL | 1.9 | _ | 20 | ue. |
| | tcy | _ | SLOW | 235 | _ | 267 | μS |
| High-level clock pulse width | twch | | External Clock Operation | 80 | | | ns |
| Low-level clock pulse width | t _{WCL} | _ | External Clock Operation 60 | | | | ns |
| Shift data hold time | tsdh | _ | _ | 0.5 tcy - 300 | _ | | ns |
| High speed timer/counter input frequency | fHT | _ | _ | _ | _ | f _C | MHz |

Note 10: Shift data hold time:

SCK, SO Terminal External Circuit

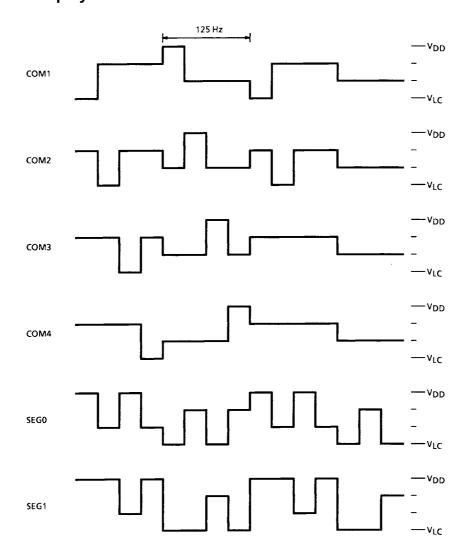


Serial Port (the end of transmission)





Waveforms for Display



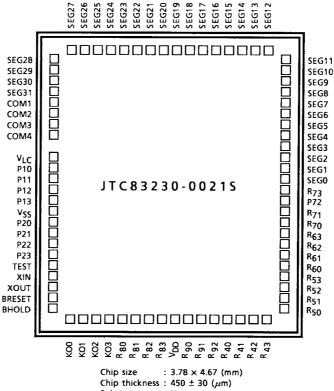
Pad Location Table

(μ**m**)

| Name | X Point | Y Point | | |
|-----------------|---------|---------|--|--|
| KO0 | -1282 | -2074 | | |
| K01 | -1122 | -2074 | | |
| KO2 | -962 | -2074 | | |
| KO3 | -802 | -2074 | | |
| R ₈₀ | -641 | -2074 | | |
| R ₈₁ | -438 | -2074 | | |
| R ₈₂ | -278 | -2074 | | |
| R ₈₃ | -74 | -2074 | | |
| V _{DD} | 86 | -2074 | | |
| R ₉₀ | 246 | -2074 | | |
| R ₉₁ | 449 | -2074 | | |
| R ₉₂ | 610 | -2074 | | |
| R ₄₀ | 802 | -2074 | | |
| R ₄₁ | 962 | -2074 | | |
| R ₄₂ | 1122 | -2074 | | |
| R ₄₃ | 1282 | -2074 | | |
| R ₅₀ | 1644 | -2011 | | |
| R ₅₁ | 1644 | -1807 | | |
| R ₅₂ | 1644 | -1647 | | |
| R ₅₃ | 1644 | -1444 | | |
| R ₆₀ | 1644 | -1283 | | |
| R ₆₁ | 1644 | -1080 | | |
| R ₆₂ | 1644 | -920 | | |
| R ₆₃ | 1644 | -716 | | |
| R ₇₀ | 1644 | -556 | | |
| R ₇₁ | 1644 | -353 | | |
| R ₇₂ | 1644 | -193 | | |
| R ₇₃ | 1644 | 62 | | |
| SEG0 | 1644 | 223 | | |
| SEG1 | 1644 | 383 | | |
| SEG2 | 1644 | 543 | | |
| SEG3 | 1644 | 703 | | |
| SEG4 | 1644 | 863 | | |
| SEG5 | 1644 | 1024 | | |
| SEG6 | 1644 | 1184 | | |
| SEG7 | 1644 | 1344 | | |
| SEG8 | 1644 | 1504 | | |
| SEG9 | 1644 | 1664 | | |
| SEG10 | 1644 | 1825 | | |
| SEG11 | 1644 | 1985 | | |

| Name | X Point | Y Point | | |
|-----------------|---------|-----------------|--|--|
| SEG12 | 1202 | 2074 | | |
| SEG13 | 1042 | 2074 | | |
| SEG14 | 881 | 2074 | | |
| SEG15 | 721 | 2074 | | |
| SEG16 | 561 | 2074 | | |
| SEG17 | 401 | 2074 | | |
| SEG18 | 241 | 2074 | | |
| SEG19 | 80 | 2074 | | |
| SEG20 | -80 | 2074 | | |
| SEG21 | -240 | 2074 | | |
| SEG22 | -400 | 2074 | | |
| SEG23 | -560 | 2074 | | |
| SEG24 | -721 | 2074 | | |
| SEG25 | -881 | 2074 | | |
| SEG26 | -1041 | 2074 | | |
| SEG27 | -1201 | 2074 | | |
| SEG28 | -1644 | 1961 | | |
| SEG29 | -1644 | 1801 | | |
| SEG30 | -1644 | 1641 | | |
| SEG31 | -1644 | 1481 | | |
| COM1 | -1644 | 1321 | | |
| COM2 | -1644 | 1160 | | |
| COM3 | -1644 | 1000 | | |
| COM4 | -1644 | 840 | | |
| V _{LC} | -1644 | 520 | | |
| P10 | -1644 | 359 | | |
| P11 | -1644 | 156 | | |
| P12 | -1644 | -4 | | |
| P13 | -1644 | -208 | | |
| V _{SS} | -1644 | -368 | | |
| P20 | -1644 | -528 | | |
| P21 | -1644 | -731 | | |
| P22 | -1644 | -892 | | |
| P23 | -1644 | -1095 | | |
| TEST | -1644 | -1255 | | |
| XIN | -1644 | -1415 | | |
| XOUT | -1644 | -1651 | | |
| BRESET | -1644 | -1811 | | |
| BHOLD | -1644 | -1971 | | |
| BHOLD | -1644 | -1971 | | |

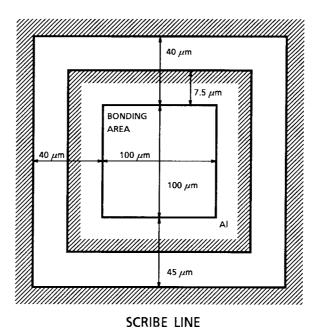
Chip Layout



Substrate : V_{SS} : 100 (µm□) Pad size

Pad Layout

Active Element

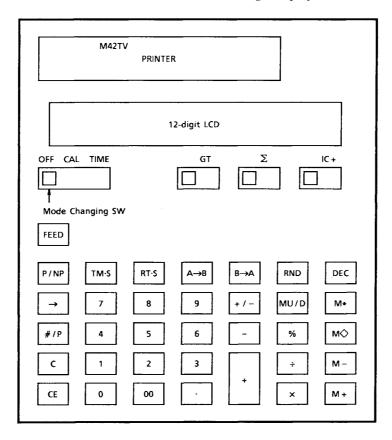


Pad pitch 160 (µm)

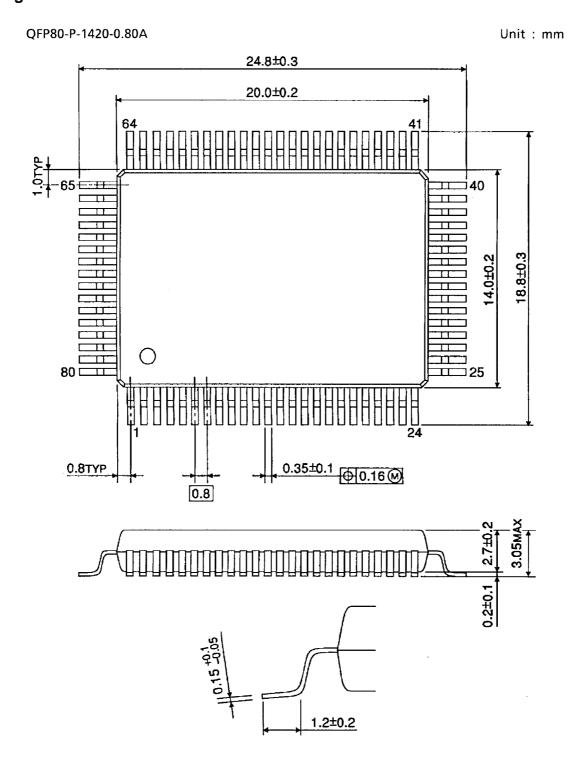


Example of Calculator Figure

12 digits Touch key Mode/Rate mode with clock function and 12-digit display.



Package Dimensions



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Weight: 1.52 g (typ.)

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000707EBA

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