TOSHIBA Multi-Chip Device Silicon P-Channel MOS Type (U-MOS II) + N-Channel MOS Type (Planer)

# SSM6E01TU

### Load Switch Applications

Unit: mm

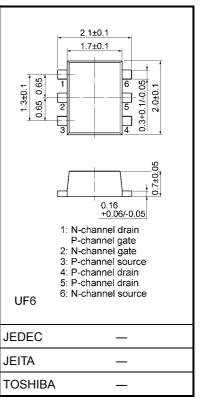
- P-channel MOSFET and N-channel MOSFET incorporated into one package.
- Low power dissipation due to P-channel MOSFET that features low RDS (ON) and low-voltage operation

### Q1 Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25°C)

Characteristics		Symbol	Rating	Unit
Drain-Source voltage		$V_{DS}$	-12	V
Gate-Source voltage		V <sub>GSS</sub>	±12	V
Drain current	DC	ID	-1.0	А
	Pulse	I <sub>DP</sub> (Note 2)	-2.0	_ ^

### Q2 Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25°C)

Characteristics		Symbol	Rating	Unit
Drain-Source voltage		$V_{DS}$	20	V
Gate-Source voltage		V <sub>GSS</sub>	10	V
Drain current	DC	I <sub>D</sub>	0.05	Α
	Pulse	I <sub>DP</sub> (Note 2)	0.2	A



Weight: 7.0 mg (typ.)

## Maximum Ratings (Q1, Q2 common) (Ta = 25°C)

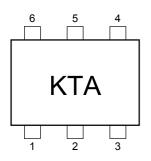
Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Drain power dissipation	P <sub>D</sub> (Note 1)	0.5	W
Channel temperature	T <sub>ch</sub>	150	°C
Storage temperature range	T <sub>stg</sub>	-55~150	°C

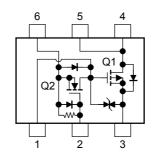
Note 1: Mounted on an FR4 board (25.4 mm  $\times$  25.4 mm  $\times$  1.6 t, Cu pad: 645 mm<sup>2</sup>)

Note 2: Pulse width limited by maximum channel temperature.

#### Marking

## **Equivalent Circuit (top view)**





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## **Handling Precaution**

This product has a MOS structure and is sensitive to electrostatic discharge. When handling individual devices (that have not yet been mounted on a PCB), ensure that the environment is protected against static electricity. Operators should wear anti-static clothing, containers and other objects which may come into direct contact with devices should be made of anti-static materials.

Thermal resistance  $R_{th}$  (j-a) and drain power dissipation  $P_D$  vary depending on board material, board area, board thickness and pad area. When using this device, please take heat dissipation into consideration.

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## Q1 Electrical Characteristics (Ta = 25°C)

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Forward voltage (diode)	V <sub>DSF</sub>	I <sub>DR</sub> = 1.0 A, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V	_	_	1.2	V
Gate leakage current	I <sub>GSS</sub>	$V_{GS} = \pm 10 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0$	_	_	±1	μΑ
Drain-Source breakdown voltage	V <sub>(BR)DSS</sub>	$I_D = -1 \text{ mA}, V_{GS} = 0$	-12	_	_	V
Drain cut-off current	I <sub>DSS</sub>	$V_{DS} = -12 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$	_	_	-1	μΑ
Gate threshold voltage	V <sub>th</sub>	$V_{DS} = -3 \text{ V}, I_D = -0.1 \text{ mA}$	-0.4	_	-1.1	V
Forward transfer admittance	Y <sub>fs</sub>	$V_{DS} = -3 \text{ V}, I_D = -0.5 \text{ A}$ (Note 3)	1.3	2.5	_	S
Drain-Source ON resistance	D	$I_D = -0.5 \text{ A}, V_{GS} = -4 \text{ V}$ (Note 3)	_	125	160	mΩ
	R <sub>DS</sub> (ON)	$I_D = -0.5 \text{ A}, V_{GS} = -2.5 \text{ V}$ (Note 3)	_	180	240	1115.2
Input capacitance	C <sub>iss</sub>	$V_{DS} = -10 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	_	310	_	pF

Note 3: Pulse test

#### Q2 Electrical Characteristics (Ta = 25°C)

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Gate leakage current	I <sub>GSS</sub>	$V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0$	_	_	15	μΑ
Drain-Source breakdown voltage	V (BR) DSS	$I_D = 0.1 \text{ mA}, V_{GS} = 0$	20	_	_	V
Drain cut-off current	I <sub>DSS</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> = 20 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0	_	_	1	μΑ
Gate threshold voltage	$V_{th}$	$V_{DS} = 3 \text{ V}, I_{D} = 0.1 \text{ mA}$	0.7	_	1.3	V
Forward transfer admittance	Y <sub>fs</sub>	$V_{DS} = 3 \text{ V}, I_D = 10 \text{ mA}$ (Note 3)	25	50	_	mS
Drain-Source ON resistance	R <sub>DS (ON)</sub>	$I_D = 10 \text{ mA}, V_{GS} = 2.5 \text{ V}$ (Note 3)	_	4	10	Ω
Input capacitance	C <sub>iss</sub>	$V_{DS} = 3 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	_	11	_	pF
Gate-Source resistance	R <sub>GS</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> = 0~10 V	0.7	1.0	1.3	МΩ

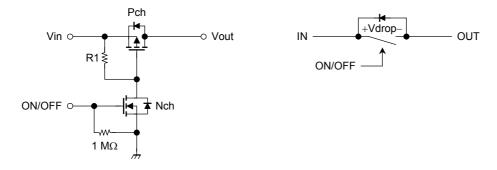
Note 3: Pulse test

### **Precaution**

 $V_{th}$  can be expressed as voltage between gate and source when low operating current value is  $I_D = \pm 100~\mu A$  for this product. For normal switching operation,  $V_{GS}$  (on) requires higher voltage than  $V_{th}$  and  $V_{GS}$  (off) requires lower voltage than  $V_{th}$ . (Relationship can be established as follows:  $V_{GS}$  (off)  $< V_{th} < V_{GS}$  (on))

Please take this into consideration for using the device. 2.5~V or higher is recommended for  $V_{GS}$  voltage to turn on the N-channel MOSFET of this product.

## **Load Switch Application**



## Load Switch Ratings (Ta = 25°C)

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Input voltage	V <sub>in</sub>	2.5~12	V
ON/OFF voltage	V <sub>on/off</sub>	2.5~10	V
Load current (DC)	ΙL	1	Α
Load current (pulse)	I <sub>LP</sub> (Note 4)	2	Α
Channel temperature	T <sub>ch</sub>	150	°C

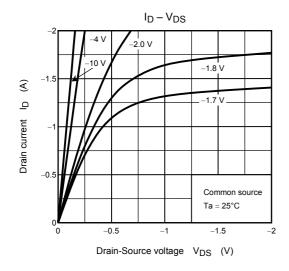
Note 4: Pulse width limited by maximum channel temperature.

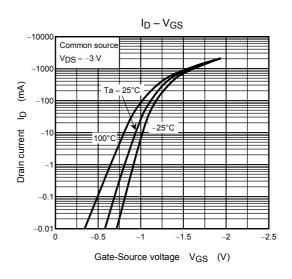
## **Load Switch Electrical Characteristics (Ta = 25°C)**

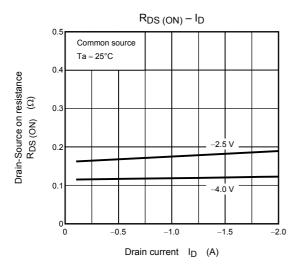
Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Leakage current	I <sub>FL</sub>	V <sub>in</sub> = 8 V, V <sub>ON/OFF</sub> = 0	_	_	1	μΑ
P-channel drop voltage	V <sub>DROP (1)</sub>	$V_{in} = 3.0 \text{ V}, V_{ON/OFF} = 2.5 \text{ V}, I_L = 0.5 \text{ A}$	_	0.09	0.12	V
	V <sub>DROP (2)</sub>	$V_{in} = 5.0 \text{ V}, V_{ON/OFF} = 2.5 \text{ V}, I_{L} = 1.0 \text{ A}$	_	0.13	0.16	
N-channel drive voltage	V <sub>on/off</sub>	$V_{DS} = 3 \text{ V}, I_D = 0.1 \text{ mA}$	0.7	_	1.3	V

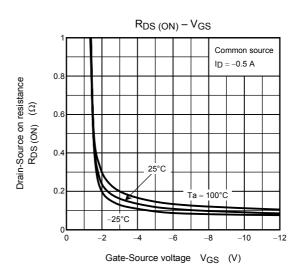
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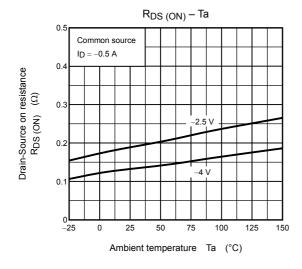
## Q1 (Pch MOSFET)

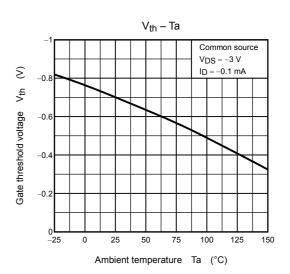




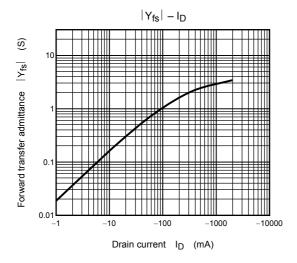


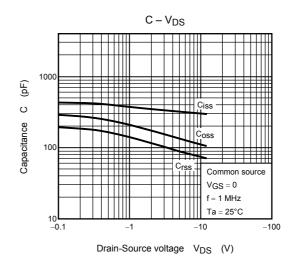


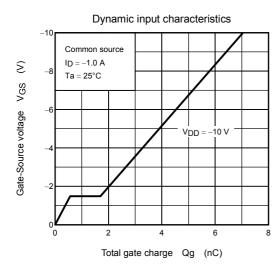


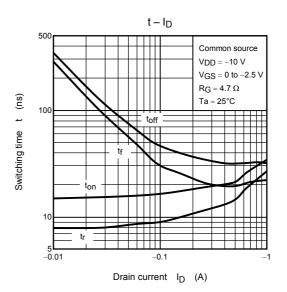


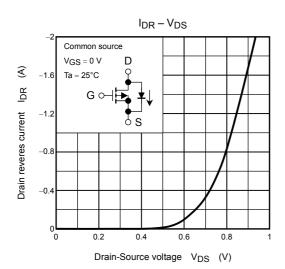
## Q1 (Pch MOSFET)





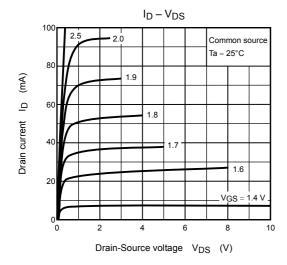


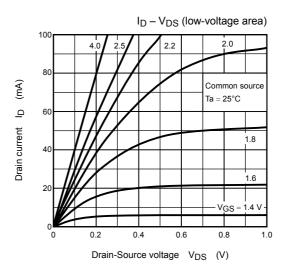


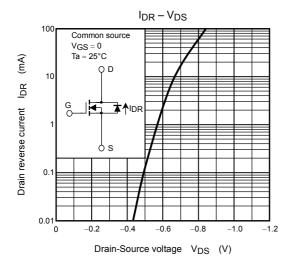


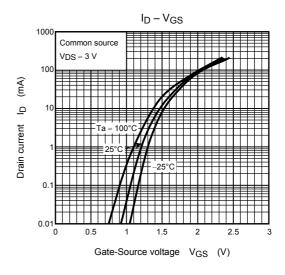
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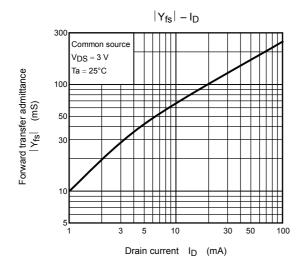
## Q2 (Nch MOSFET)

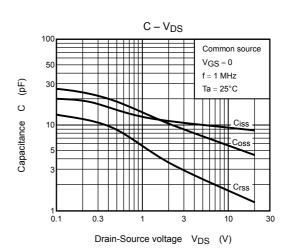




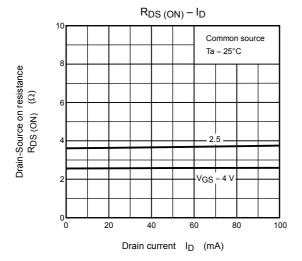


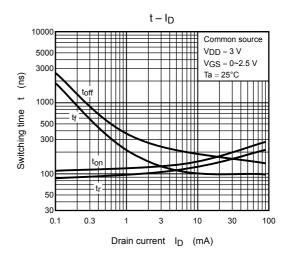


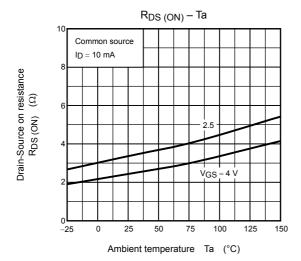




## Q2 (Nch MOSFET)







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