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## NTE791 Integrated Circuit TV Chroma Amplifier Demodulator

### **Description:**

Comprised of an independent 2-stage chroma amplifier, chroma demodulators, resistor matrix, and color difference amplifiers. The NTE791 monolithic silicon integrated circuit is one of two blocks required for a complete color television receiver chroma system.

The chroma amplifiers contain the necessary circuitry for automatic chroma control and color-killer sensing and control. The demodulators and resistor matrix reconstruct the G-Y color chain to bypass unwanted harmonics. The high-level emitter follower outputs are current limited for short-circuit protection.

### **Features:**

- DC Chroma Gain Control
- Improved Filtering for Harmonic Reduction
- Output Short-Circuit Current Limiting
- Self-Contained Bias Regulator
- Low Thermal Drift, Typically 1mV/°C
- Doubly Balanced Demodulation

### **Absolute Maximum Ratings:**

Operating Temperature Range,  $T_A$  .....  $-40^\circ$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}$

Storage Temperature Range,  $T_{\text{stg}}$  .....  $-65^\circ$  to  $+150^\circ\text{C}$

Maximum Voltage and Current Ratings ( $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ ) ..... See Table

Pin #	Voltage Range in Volts	Current in mA	
		Input	Output
1	0 to +16	—	—
2	—	2.0	—
3	0 to $V_{CC}$	1.0	10
4	—	2.0	—
5	reference	1.0	50
6	0 to $V_{CC}$	—	—
7	0 to +15	—	—
8	0 to +15	—	—
9	0 to $V_{CC}$	0	Note 1
10	0 to $V_{CC}$	0	Note 1
11	0 to $V_{CC}$	0	Note 1
12	0 to +30	50	1.0
13	0 to +10	—	—
14	0 to $V_{CC}$	—	—
15	0 to +16	—	—
16	0 to +16	—	—

Note 1. Maximum continuous current output is 20mA and is limited by package power dissipation. Short circuit current is typically 50mA.

**Static Electrical Characteristics:** ( $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CC} = 24\text{V}$ , Note 2 unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Pins	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply Current	12		—	40	50	mA
Input D-C Voltage Chroma Demod	13		—	5.5	—	V
R-Y Inj.	8		—	6.1	—	V
B-Y Inj.	7		—	6.1	—	V
Amplifier No. 1	2		—	1.6	—	V
Amplifier No. 2	4		—	1.6	—	V
Output DC Voltage Amplifier No. 1	3	$V_1 = V_{14}$ (ACC at 1/2 Max. Gain)	—	18	—	V
		$V_1 - V_{14} = 100\text{mV}$ (ACC Max Gain)	—	13	—	V
		$V_{14} - V_1 = 100\text{mV}$ (ACC Min Gain)	—	23	—	V
Demodulator	9,10,11	Reference Injection = $1\text{V}_{pp}$	13.3	14.3	15.3	V
Output Differential Voltage for any two outputs	9,10,11	Reference Injection = $1\text{V}_{pp}$	—	200	600	mV
Output Tracking Temperature Coefficient	9,10,11		—	-1.0	—	$\text{mV}/^\circ\text{C}$
Amplifier No. 1 Sensitivity	2	$\text{B-Y} = 2 \text{ V}_{rms}$	6.3	10	15	$\text{mV}_{rms}$
Amplifier No. 2 Sensitivity	4	$\text{B-Y} = 2 \text{ V}_{rms}$	35	50	80	$\text{mV}_{rms}$
Relative Output Voltage R-Y	10	$\text{B-Y} = 2 \text{ V}_{rms}$	1.4	1.52	1.68	$\text{V}_{rms}$
Relative Output Voltage G-Y	9	$\text{B-Y} = 2 \text{ V}_{rms}$	300	400	500	$\text{mV}_{rms}$
Demodulator A-C Unbalanced	9,10,11	Chroma Input = 0	—	—	200	$\text{mV}_{rms}$
90% Gain	11	$V_6 = 3\text{V}$	—	1.8	—	$\text{V}_{rms}$
10% Gain	11	$V_6 = 21\text{V}$	—	0.2	—	$\text{V}_{rms}$
Killer	11	$V_1 - V_{14} = 100\text{mV}$ Adj to Kill	—	—	500	$\text{mV}_{rms}$
		$V_1 - V_{14} = 85\text{mV}$ Output Must Recover	2.5	—	—	

Note 2. ACC inputs biased from 11V thru  $62\text{k}\Omega$

Note 3. B-Y Reference Injection =  $1\text{V}_{pp} < 106^\circ\text{C}$

### Pin Connection Diagram

ACC Input	<b>1</b>	16 ACC INput
1 <sup>st</sup> Amp Input	<b>2</b>	15 Killer Adjust
1 <sup>st</sup> Amp Output	<b>3</b>	14 2 <sup>nd</sup> Amp Output
2 <sup>nd</sup> Amp Input	<b>4</b>	13 Demod Chroma Input
GND	<b>5</b>	12 V <sub>CC</sub>
Chroma Gain Control	<b>6</b>	11 B - Y Output
Reference Input	<b>7</b>	10 R - Y Output
Reference Input	<b>8</b>	9 G - Y Output

