

**12MHz, High Input Impedance Operational Amplifier**

HA-2600 is an internally compensated bipolar operational amplifier that features very high input impedance (500MΩ) coupled with wideband AC performance. The high resistance of the input stage is complemented by low offset voltage (0.5mV) and low bias and offset current (1nA) to facilitate accurate signal processing. Input offset can be reduced further by means of an external nulling potentiometer. 12MHz unity gain-bandwidth, 7V/μs slew rate and 150kV/V open-loop gain enables the HA-2600 to perform high-gain amplification of fast, wideband signals. These dynamic characteristics, coupled with fast settling times, make this amplifier ideally suited to pulse amplification designs as well as high frequency (e.g. video) applications. The frequency response of the amplifier can be tailored to exact design requirements by means of an external bandwidth control capacitor.

In addition to its application in pulse and video amplifier designs, the HA-2600 is particularly suited to other high performance designs such as high-gain low distortion audio amplifiers, high-Q and wideband active filters and high-speed comparators.

**Ordering Information**

PART NUMBER	PART MARKING	TEMP. RANGE (°C)	PACKAGE	PKG. DWG. #
HA2-2600-2	HA2-2600-2	-55 to 125	8 Pin Metal Can	T8.C

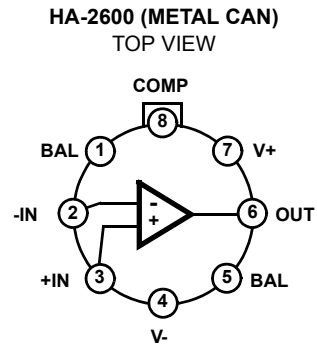
**Features**

- Bandwidth ..... 12MHz
- High Input Impedance ..... 500MΩ
- Low Input Bias Current ..... 1nA
- Low Input Offset Current ..... 1nA
- Low Input Offset Voltage ..... 0.5mV
- High Gain ..... 150kV/V
- Slew Rate ..... 7V/μs
- Output Short Circuit Protection
- Unity Gain Stable

**Applications**

- Video Amplifier
- Pulse Amplifier
- Audio Amplifiers and Filters
- High-Q Active Filters
- High-Speed Comparators
- Low Distortion Oscillators

**Pinout**



# HA-2600

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Supply Voltage Between V+ and V- Terminals ..... 45V  
 Differential Input Voltage ..... 12V  
 Peak Output Current ..... Full Short Circuit Protection

## Thermal Information

Thermal Resistance (Typical, Note 1)  $\theta_{JA}$  (°C/W)  $\theta_{JC}$  (°C/W)  
 Metal Can Package ..... 165 80  
 Maximum Junction Temperature (Hermetic Package) ..... 175°C  
 Maximum Storage Temperature Range ..... -65°C to 150°C  
 Maximum Lead Temperature (Soldering 10s) ..... 300°C

## Operating Conditions

Temperature Range  
 HA-2600-2 ..... -55°C to 125°C

*CAUTION: Stresses above those listed in "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress only rating and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.*

### NOTE:

- $\theta_{JA}$  is measured with the component mounted on a low effective thermal conductivity test board in free air. See Tech Brief TB379 for details.

## Electrical Specifications $V_{SUPPLY} = \pm 15V$ , Unless Otherwise Specified

PARAMETER	TEMP. (°C)	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
<b>INPUT CHARACTERISTICS</b>					
Offset Voltage	25	-	0.5	4	mV
	Full	-	2	6	mV
Average Offset Voltage Drift	Full	-	5	-	$\mu V/^\circ C$
Bias Current	25	-	1	10	nA
	Full	-	10	30	nA
Offset Current	25	-	1	10	nA
	Full	-	5	30	nA
Differential Input Resistance (Note 11)	25	100	500	-	M $\Omega$
Input Noise Voltage Density (f = 1kHz)	25	-	11	-	nV/ $\sqrt{Hz}$
Input Noise Current Density (f = 1kHz)	25	-	0.16	-	pA/ $\sqrt{Hz}$
Common Mode Range	Full	$\pm 11$	$\pm 12$	-	V
<b>TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS</b>					
Large Signal Voltage Gain (Notes 2, 5)	25	100	150	-	kV/V
	Full	70	-	-	kV/V
Common Mode Rejection Ratio (Note 3)	Full	80	100	-	dB
Minimum Stable Gain	25	1	-	-	V/V
Gain Bandwidth Product (Note 4)	25	-	12	-	MHz
<b>OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS</b>					
Output Voltage Swing (Note 2)	Full	$\pm 10$	$\pm 12$	-	V
Output Current (Note 5)	25	$\pm 15$	$\pm 22$	-	mA
Full Power Bandwidth (Notes 5, 12)	25	50	75	-	kHz
<b>TRANSIENT RESPONSE</b> (Note 11)					
Rise Time (Notes 2, 6, 7, 8)	25	-	30	60	ns
Overshoot (Notes 2, 6, 7, 9)	25	-	25	40	%
Slew Rate (Notes 2, 6, 8, 13)	25	$\pm 4$	$\pm 7$	-	V/ $\mu s$
Settling Time (Notes 2, 6, 14)	25	-	1.5	-	$\mu s$

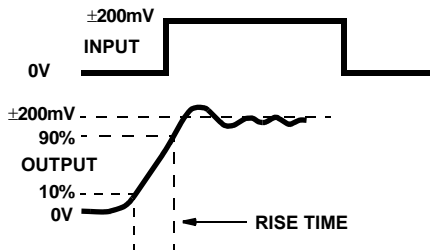
**Electrical Specifications**  $V_{SUPPLY} = \pm 15V$ , Unless Otherwise Specified (Continued)

PARAMETER	TEMP. (°C)	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
<b>POWER SUPPLY CHARACTERISTICS</b>					
Supply Current	25	-	3	3.7	mA
Power Supply Rejection Ratio (Note 10)	Full	80	90	-	dB

NOTES:

2.  $R_L = 2k\Omega$ .
3.  $V_{CM} = \pm 10V$ .
4.  $V_{OUT} < 90mV$ .
5.  $V_{OUT} = \pm 10V$ .
6.  $C_L = 100pF$ .
7.  $V_{OUT} = \pm 200mV$ .
8.  $A_V = +1$ .
9. See Transient Response Test Circuits and Waveforms.
10.  $\Delta V_S = \pm 5V$ .
11. This parameter value guaranteed by design calculations.
12. Full Power Bandwidth guaranteed by slew rate measurement:  $FPBW = \frac{Slew\ Rate}{2\pi V_{PEAK}}$ .
13.  $V_{OUT} = \pm 5V$
14. Settling time is characterized at  $A_V = -1$  to 0.1% of a 10V step.

**Test Circuits and Waveforms**



NOTE: Measured on both positive and negative transitions from 0V to +200mV and 0V to -200mV at the output.

FIGURE 1. TRANSIENT RESPONSE

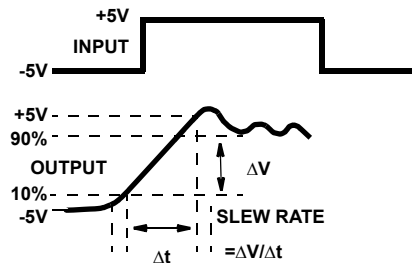


FIGURE 2. SLEW RATE

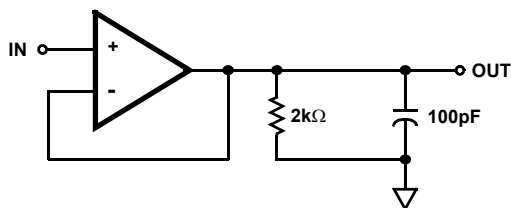
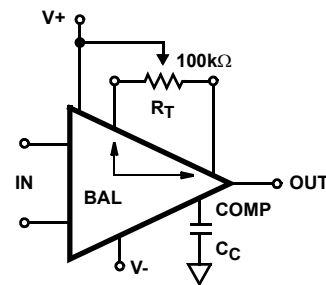


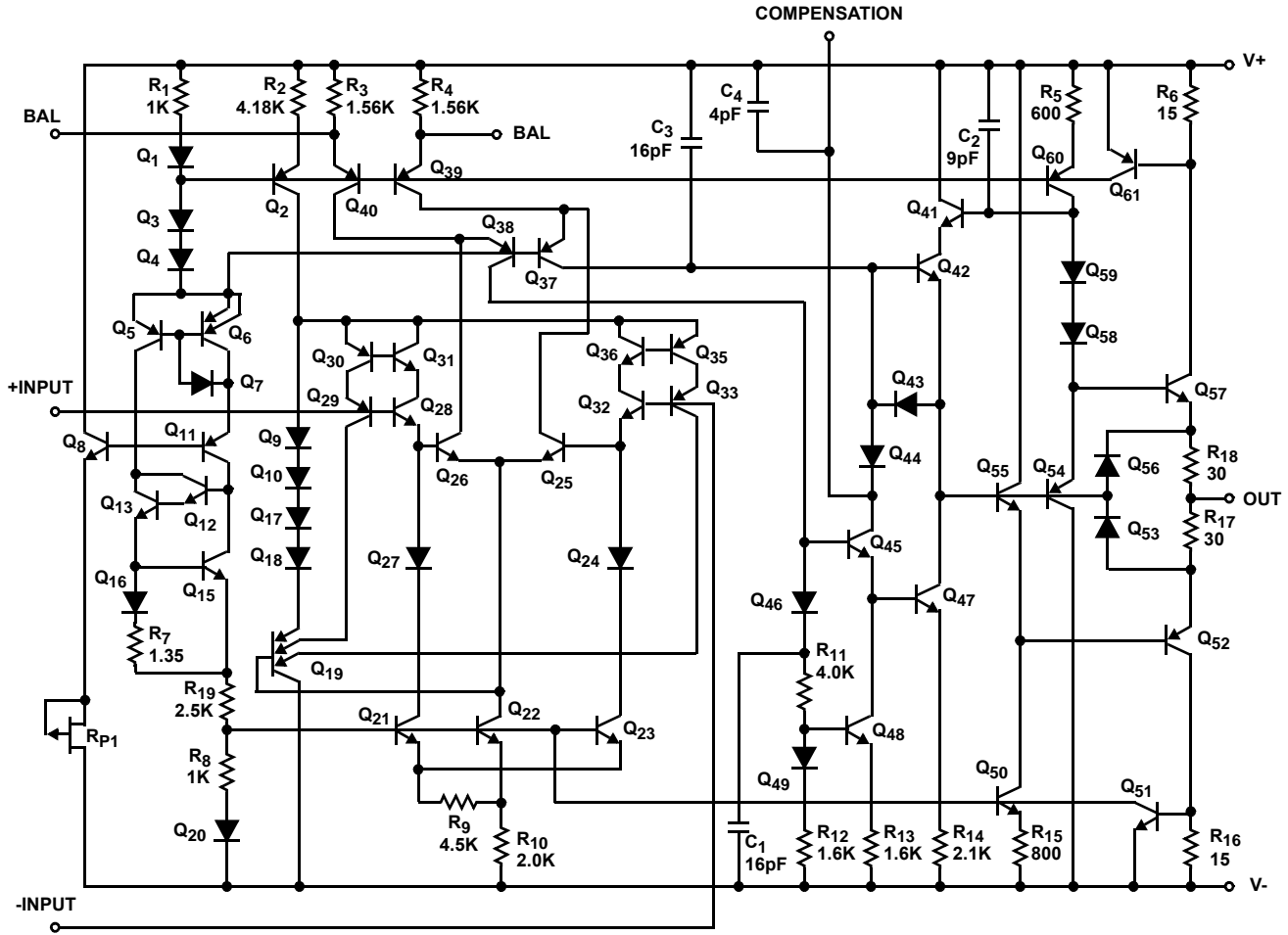
FIGURE 3. SLEW RATE AND TRANSIENT RESPONSE TEST CIRCUIT



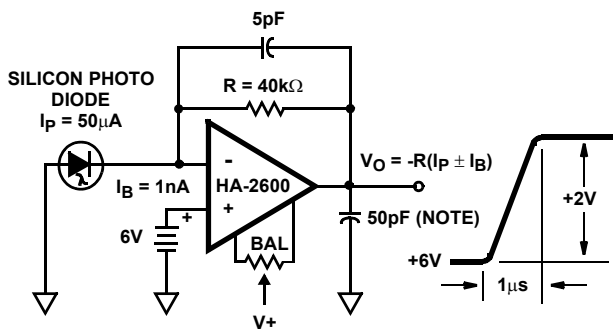
NOTE: Tested offset adjustment range is  $|V_{OS} + 1mV|$  minimum referred to output. Typical ranges are  $\pm 10mV$  with  $R_T = 100k\Omega$ .

FIGURE 4. SUGGESTED  $V_{OS}$  ADJUSTMENT AND COMPENSATION HOOK UP

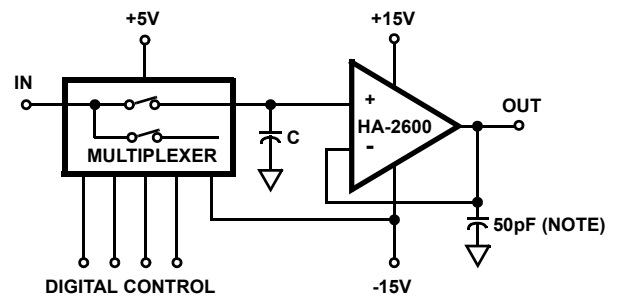
Schematic Diagram



Typical Applications



- FEATURES:
1. Constant cell voltage.
  2. Minimum bias current error.



$$\text{DRIFT RATE} = \frac{I_{\text{BIAS}}}{C}$$

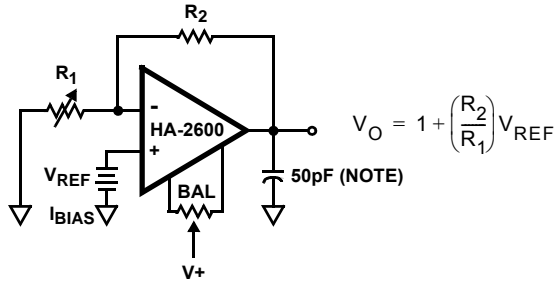
If C = 1000pF  
Then DRIFT = 0.01V/µs (Max)

NOTE: A small load capacitance is recommended in all applications where practical to prevent possible high frequency oscillations resulting from external wiring parasitics. Capacitance up to 100pF has negligible effect on the bandwidth or slew rate.

FIGURE 5. PHOTO CURRENT TO VOLTAGE CONVERTER

FIGURE 6. SAMPLE AND HOLD

Typical Applications (Continued)



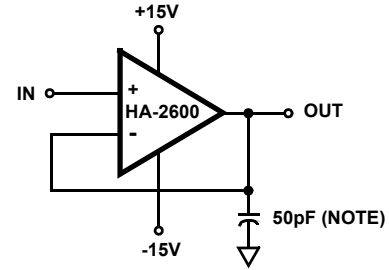
$$V_O = 1 + \left(\frac{R_2}{R_1}\right)V_{REF}$$

FEATURES:

1. Minimum bias current in reference cell.
2. Short Circuit Protection.

NOTE: A small load capacitance is recommended in all applications where practical to prevent possible high frequency oscillations resulting from external wiring parasitics. Capacitance up to 100pF has negligible effect on the bandwidth or slew rate.

FIGURE 7. REFERENCE VOLTAGE AMPLIFIER



FEATURES

1.  $Z_{IN} = 10^{12}\Omega$  (Min).
2.  $Z_{OUT} = 0.01\Omega$  (Max), B.W. = 12MHz (Typ).
3. Slew Rate = 4V/ $\mu$ s (Min), Output Swing =  $\pm 10V$  (Min) to 50kHz.

FIGURE 8. VOLTAGE FOLLOWER

Typical Performance Curves  $V_S = \pm 15V, T_A = 25^\circ C$ , Unless Otherwise Specified

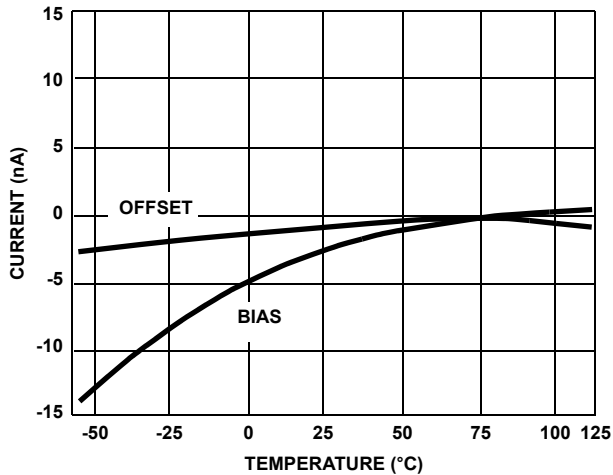


FIGURE 9. INPUT BIAS CURRENT AND OFFSET CURRENT vs TEMPERATURE

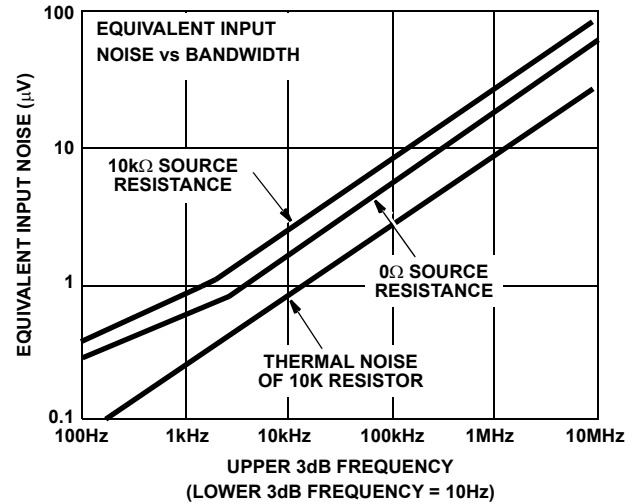


FIGURE 10. BROADBAND NOISE CHARACTERISTICS (LOWER 3dB FREQUENCY = 10Hz)

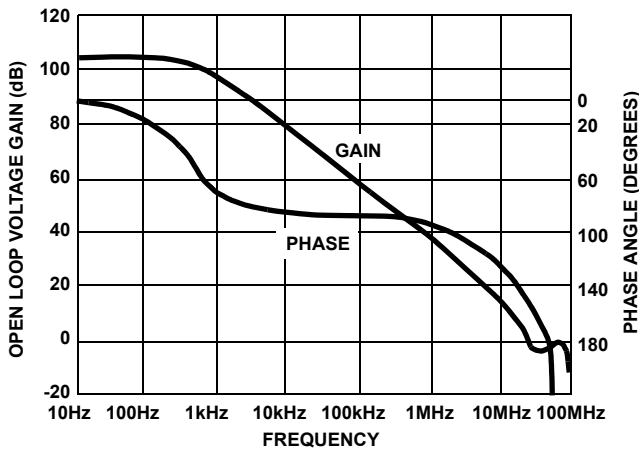


FIGURE 11. OPEN LOOP FREQUENCY RESPONSE

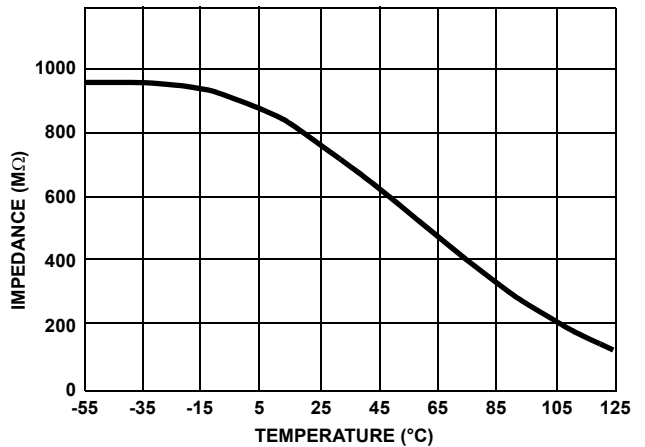


FIGURE 12. INPUT IMPEDANCE vs TEMPERATURE (100Hz)

**Typical Performance Curves**  $V_S = \pm 15V$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ C$ , Unless Otherwise Specified (Continued)

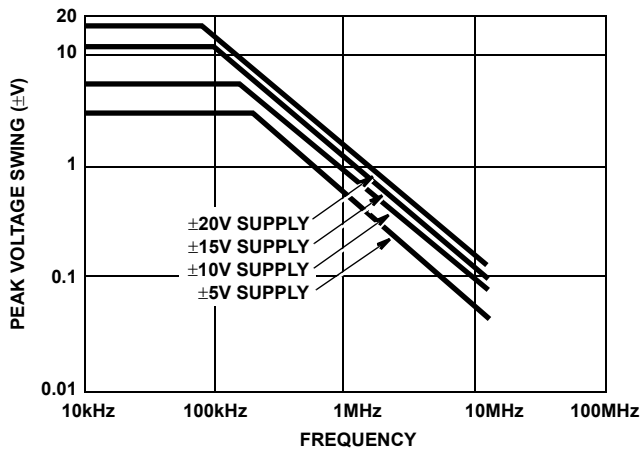
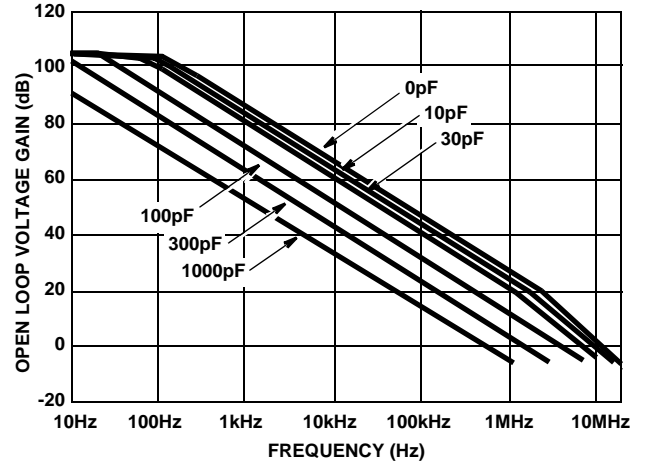


FIGURE 13. OUTPUT VOLTAGE SWING vs FREQUENCY



- External compensation components are not required for stability, but may be added to reduce bandwidth if desired. If External Compensation is used, also connect 100pF capacitor from output to ground.

FIGURE 14. OPEN LOOP FREQUENCY RESPONSE FOR VARIOUS VALUES OF CAPACITORS FROM COMPENSATION PIN TO GROUND

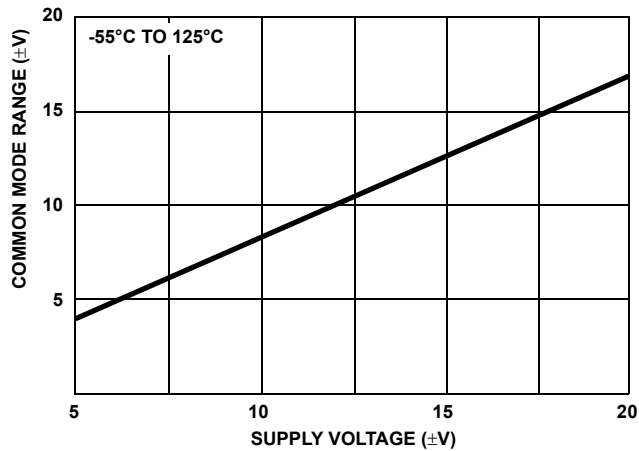


FIGURE 15. COMMON MODE VOLTAGE RANGE vs SUPPLY VOLTAGE

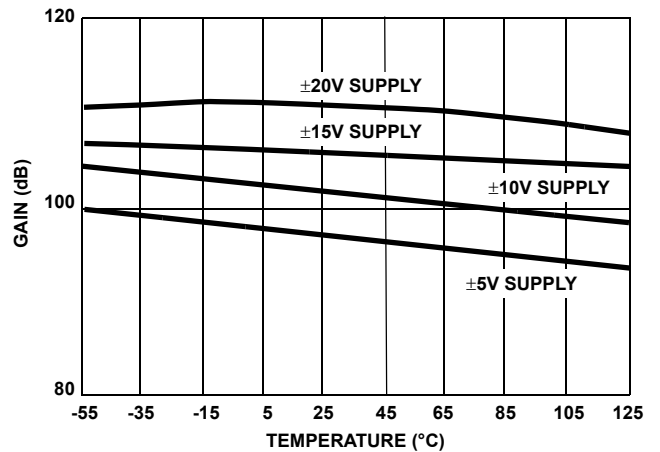


FIGURE 16. OPEN LOOP VOLTAGE GAIN vs TEMPERATURE

**Typical Performance Curves**  $V_S = \pm 15V$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ C$ , Unless Otherwise Specified (Continued)

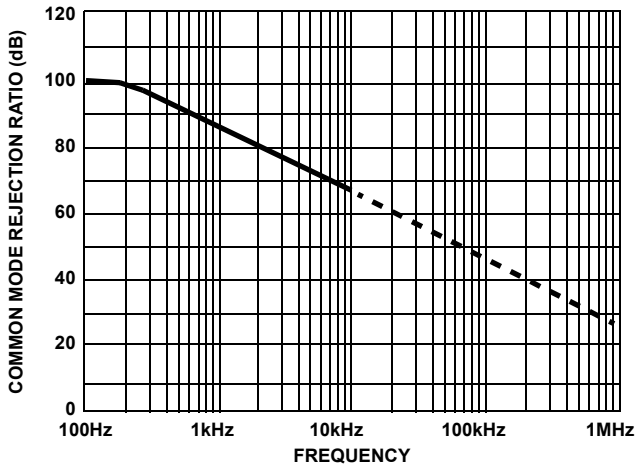


FIGURE 17. COMMON MODE REJECTION RATIO vs FREQUENCY

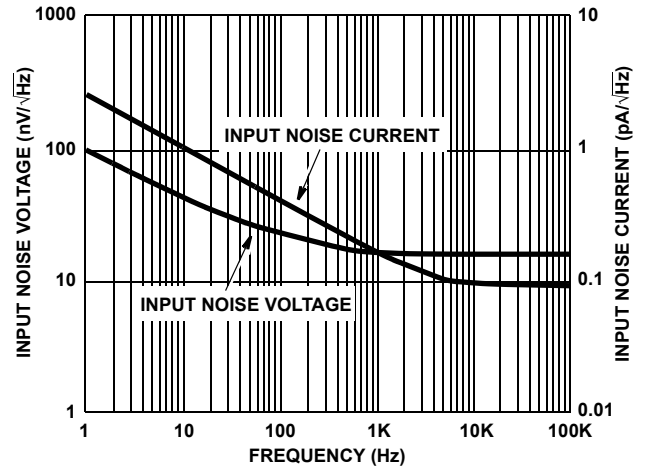


FIGURE 18. NOISE DENSITY vs FREQUENCY

# HA-2600

## Die Characteristics

SUBSTRATE POTENTIAL (Powered Up):

Unbiased

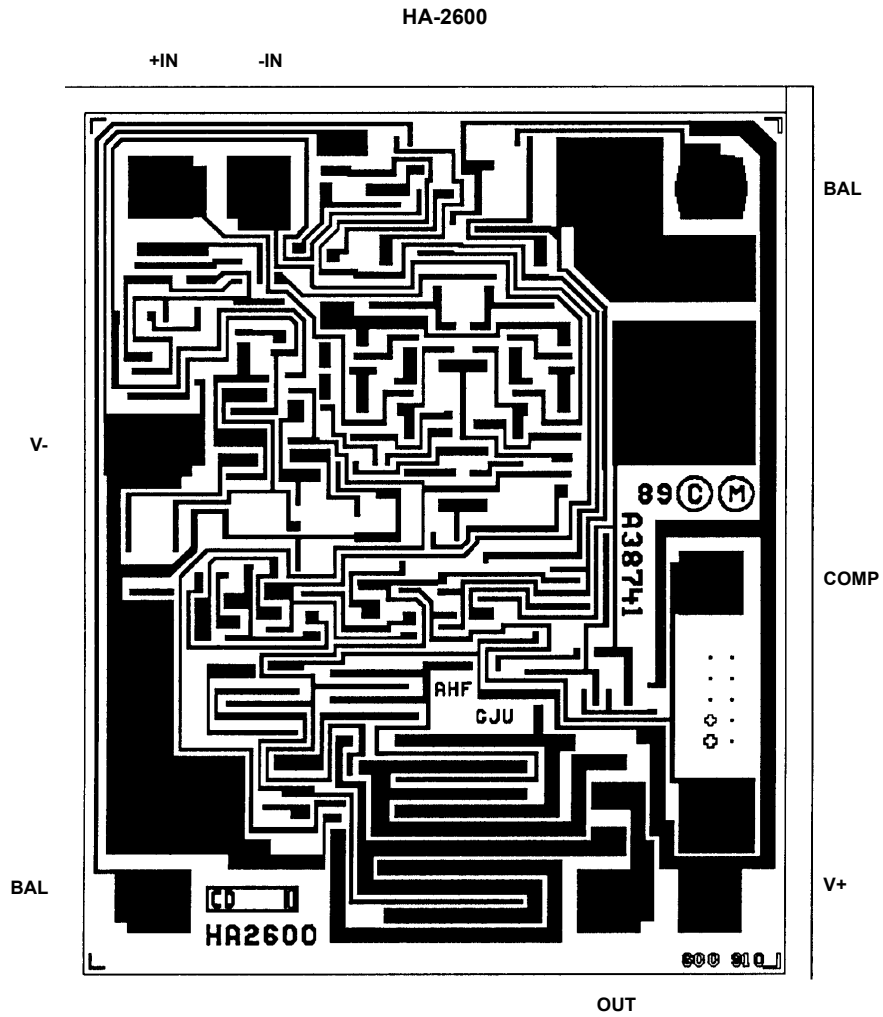
PROCESS:

Bipolar Dielectric Isolation

TRANSISTOR COUNT:

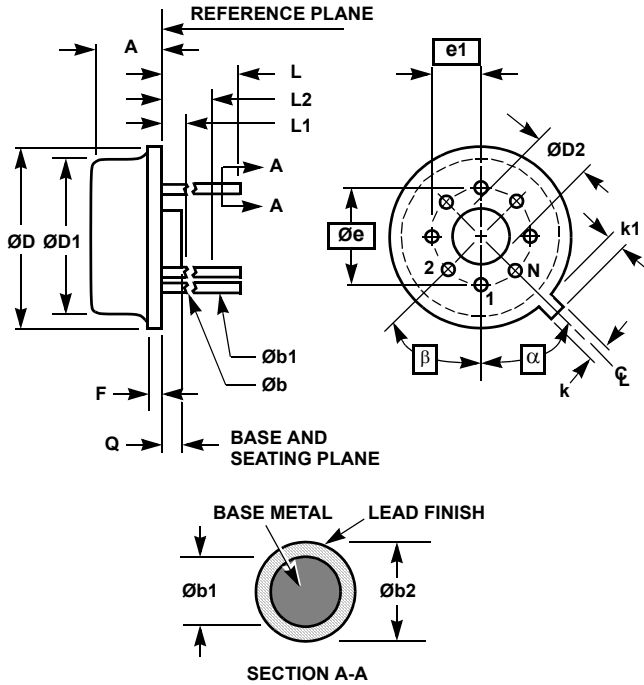
140

## Metallization Mask Layout





**Metal Can Packages (Can)**



**T8.C MIL-STD-1835 MACY1-X8 (A1)  
8 LEAD METAL CAN PACKAGE**

SYMBOL	INCHES		MILLIMETERS		NOTES
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
A	0.165	0.185	4.19	4.70	-
Øb	0.016	0.019	0.41	0.48	1
Øb1	0.016	0.021	0.41	0.53	1
Øb2	0.016	0.024	0.41	0.61	-
ØD	0.335	0.375	8.51	9.40	-
ØD1	0.305	0.335	7.75	8.51	-
ØD2	0.110	0.160	2.79	4.06	-
e	0.200 BSC		5.08 BSC		-
e1	0.100 BSC		2.54 BSC		-
F	-	0.040	-	1.02	-
k	0.027	0.034	0.69	0.86	-
k1	0.027	0.045	0.69	1.14	2
L	0.500	0.750	12.70	19.05	1
L1	-	0.050	-	1.27	1
L2	0.250	-	6.35	-	1
Q	0.010	0.045	0.25	1.14	-
α	45° BSC		45° BSC		3
β	45° BSC		45° BSC		3
N	8		8		4

Rev. 0 5/18/94

**NOTES:**

- (All leads) Øb applies between L1 and L2. Øb1 applies between L2 and 0.500 from the reference plane. Diameter is uncontrolled in L1 and beyond 0.500 from the reference plane.
- Measured from maximum diameter of the product.
- α is the basic spacing from the centerline of the tab to terminal 1 and β is the basic spacing of each lead or lead position (N - 1 places) from α, looking at the bottom of the package.
- N is the maximum number of terminal positions.
- Dimensioning and tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M - 1982.
- Controlling dimension: INCH.

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