

June 1997 Revised October 1998

# GTLP16616 17-Bit TTL/GTLP Bus Transceiver with Buffered Clock

# **General Description**

The GTLP16616 is a 17-bit registered bus transceiver that provides TTL to GTLP signal level translation. It allows for transparent, latched and clocked modes of data flow and provides a buffered GTLP (CLKOUT) clock output from the TTL CLKAB. The device provides a high speed interface between cards operating at TTL logic levels and a back-plane operating at GTLP logic levels. High speed back-plane operation is a direct result of GTLP's reduced output swing (<1V), reduced input threshold levels and output edge rate control. The edge rate control minimizes bus settling time. GTLP is a Fairchild Semiconductor derivative of the Gunning Transceiver logic (GTL) JEDEC standard JESD8-3.

Fairchild's GTLP has internal edge-rate control and is process, voltage, and temperature (PVT) compensated. Its function is similar to BTL and GTL but with different output levels and receiver threshold. GTLP output LOW level is typically less than 0.5V, the output level HIGH is 1.5V and the receiver threshold is 1.0V.

# **Features**

- Bidirectional interface between GTLP and TTL logic levels
- Edge Rate Control to minimize noise on the GTLP port
- Power up/down/off high impedance for live insertion
- External V<sub>REF</sub> pin for receiver threshold
- CMOS technology for low power dissipation
- 5 V tolerant inputs and outputs on the A-Port
- Bus-hold data inputs on the A-Port eliminates the need for external pull-up resistors on unused inputs.
- TTL compatible driver and control inputs
- Flow through pinout optimizes PCB layout
- Open drain on GTLP to support wired-or connection
- A-port source/sink -32 mA/+32 mA
- D-type flip-flop, latch and transparent data paths
- GTLP Buffered CLKAB signal available (CLKOUT)
- Recommended Operating Temperature –40°C to 85°C

# **Ordering Code:**

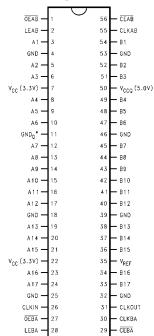
Order Number	Package Number	Package Description
GTLP16616MEA	MS56A	56-Lead Shrink Small Outline Package (SSOP), JEDEC MO-118 0.300" Wide
GTLP16616MTD	MTD56	56-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Package (TSSOP), JEDEC MO-153, 6.1mm Wide

Devices also available in Tape and Reel. Specify by appending suffix letter "X" to the ordering code.

# **Pin Descriptions**

Pin Names	Description
OEAB	A-to-B Output Enable (Active LOW)
OEBA	B-to-A Output Enable (Active LOW)
CEAB	A-to-B Clock Enable (Active LOW)
CEBA	B-to-A Clock Enable (Active LOW)
LEAB	A-to-B Latch Enable (Transparent HIGH)
LEBA	B-to-A Latch Enable (Transparent HIGH)
V <sub>REF</sub>	GTLP Reference Voltage
CLKAB	A-to-B Clock
CLKBA	B-to-A Clock
A1-A17	A-to-B Data Inputs or B-to-A 3-STATE Outputs
B1-B17	B-to-A Data Inputs or
	A-to-B Open Drain Outputs
CLKIN	B-to-A Buffered Clock Output
CLKOUT	GTLP Buffered Clock Output of CLKAB

# **Connection Diagram**



# **Functional Description**

The GTLP16616 is a 17 bit registered transceiver containing D-type flip-flop, latch and transparent modes of operation for the data <u>path and a GTLP</u> translation of the CLKAB signal (CLKOUT). Data flow in each direction is controlled by <u>the clock enables</u> (CEAB and CEBA), latch enables (LEAB and LEBA), clock (CLKAB and CLKBA) and output enables (OEAB and OEBA). The clock enables (CEAB and CEBA) enable all 17 bits. The output enables (OEAB and OEBA) control both the 17 bits of data and the CLKOUT/CLKIN buffered clock path.

For A-to-B data flow, when  $\overline{\text{CEAB}}$  is LOW, the device operates on the LOW-to-HIGH transition of CLKAB for the flip-flop and on the HIGH-to-LOW transition of LEAB for the latch path. That is, if  $\overline{\text{CEAB}}$  is LOW and LEAB is LOW the A data is latched regardless as to the state of CLKAB (HIGH or LOW) and if LEAB is HIGH the device is in transparent mode. When  $\overline{\text{OEAB}}$  is LOW the outputs are active. When  $\overline{\text{OEAB}}$  is HIGH the outputs are HIGH impedance. The data flow of B-to-A is similar except that  $\overline{\text{CEBA}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{OEBA}}$ , LEBA and CLKBA are used.

## **Truth Table**

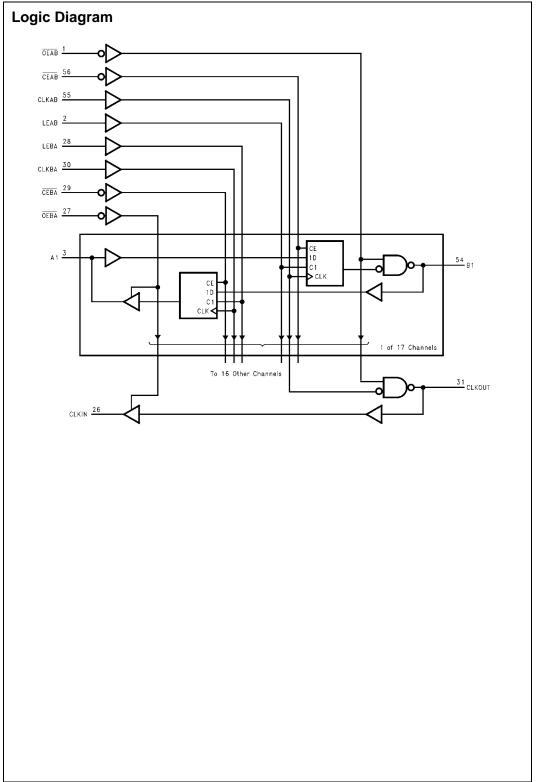
(Note 1)

		Inputs			Output	Mode
CEAB	OEAB	LEAB	CLKAB	Α	В	
Х	Н	Х	Х	Х	Z	Latched
L	L	L	H or L	Χ	B <sub>0</sub> (Note 2)	storage
L	L	L	H or L	X	B <sub>0</sub> (Note 3)	of A data
Х	L	Н	Х	L	L	Transparent
Х	L	Н	Χ	Н	Н	
L	L	L	1	L	L	Clocked storage
L	L	L	$\uparrow$	Н	Н	of A data
Н	L	L	Х	Х	B <sub>0</sub> (Note 3)	Clock inhibit

Note 1: A-to-B data flow is shown. B-to-A data flow is similar but uses  $\overline{\text{OEBA}}$ , LEBA, CLKBA, and  $\overline{\text{CEBA}}$ .

Note 2: Output level before the indicated steady-state input conditions were established, provided that CLKAB was HIGH prior to LEAB going LOW.

Note 3: Output level before the indicated steady-state input conditions were established.



# **Absolute Maximum Ratings**(Note 4)

# $\begin{array}{lll} \mbox{Supply Voltage (V$_{CC}$)} & -0.5\mbox{V to } +7.0\mbox{V} \\ \mbox{DC Input Voltage (V$_{O}$)} & -0.5\mbox{V to } +7.0\mbox{V} \\ \mbox{DC Output Voltage (V$_{O}$)} & \end{array}$

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{Outputs 3-STATE} & -0.5\mbox{V to } +7.0\mbox{V} \\ \mbox{Outputs Active (Note 5)} & -0.5\mbox{V to V}_{\rm CC} +0.5\mbox{V} \end{array}$ 

DC Output Sink Current into

A-Port I<sub>OL</sub> 64 mA

DC Output Source Current from

A-Port  $I_{OH}$  –64 mA

DC Output Sink Current

into B-Port in the LOW State,

 $I_{OL}$  80 mA

DC Input Diode Current ( $I_{IK}$ )

 $V_{I} < 0V$  —50 mA

DC Output Diode Current (I<sub>OK</sub>)

 $\begin{array}{ccc} \text{V}_{\text{O}} < \text{0V} & -50 \text{ mA} \\ \text{V}_{\text{O}} > \text{V}_{\text{CC}} & +50 \text{ mA} \\ \text{ESD Rating} & >2000 \text{V} \end{array}$ 

Storage Temperature ( $T_{STG}$ )  $-65^{\circ}C$  to  $+150^{\circ}C$ 

# Recommended Operating Conditions (Note 6)

Supply Voltage  $V_{\rm CC}$ 

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{V}_{\text{CC}} & 3.15\text{V to } 3.45\text{V} \\ \text{V}_{\text{CCQ}} & 4.75\text{V to } 5.25\text{V} \\ \text{Bus Termination Voltage (V}_{\text{TT}}\text{) GTLP} & 1.35\text{V to } 1.65\text{V} \\ \end{array}$ 

Input Voltage (V<sub>I</sub>)

on A-Port and Control Pins 0.0V to 5.5V

HIGH Level Output Current (I<sub>OH</sub>)

A-Port –32 mA

LOW Level Output Current (I<sub>OL</sub>)

A-Port +32 mA B-Port +34 mA

Operating Temperature (T<sub>A</sub>) -40°C to +85°C

Note 4: The Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the safety of the device cannot be guaranteed. The device should not be operated at these limits. The parametric values defined in the Electrical Characteristics tables are not guaranteed at the absolute maximum rating. The "Recommended Operating Conditions" table will define the conditions for actual device operation.

Note 5:  $I_{\rm O}$  Absolute Maximum Rating must be observed.

Note 6: Unused inputs must be held high or low.

# **DC Electrical Characteristics**

Over Recommended Operating Free-Air Temperature Range,  $V_{REF} = 1.0V$  (unless otherwise noted).

Symbol		Test Conditi	Min	Typ (Note 7)	Max	Units	
V <sub>IH</sub>	B-Port			V <sub>REF</sub> +0.1		V <sub>TT</sub>	V
	Others	7		2.0			V
√ <sub>IL</sub>	B-Port			0.0		V <sub>REF</sub> -0.1	V
	Others	7				0.8	V
V <sub>REF</sub>	GTLP				1.0		V
	GTL				0.8		V
√ıĸ		$V_{CC} = 3.15V,$	$I_I = -18 \text{ mA}$			-1.2	٧
		$V_{CCQ} = 4.75V$					
V <sub>ОН</sub>	A-Port	V <sub>CC</sub> , V <sub>CCQ</sub> = Min to Max (Note 8)	$I_{OH} = -100 \mu A$	V <sub>CC</sub> −0.2			
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.15V	$I_{OH} = -8 \text{ mA}$	2.4			٧
		$V_{CCQ} = 4.75V$	$I_{OH} = -32 \text{ mA}$	2.0			
V <sub>OL</sub>	A-Port	V <sub>CC</sub> , V <sub>CCQ</sub> = Min to Max (Note 8)	$I_{OL} = 100 \mu A$			0.2	٧
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.15V	$I_{OL} = 32 \text{ mA}$			0.5	
		$V_{CCQ} = 4.75V$					
	B-Port	$V_{CC} = 3.15 V V_{CCQ} = 4.75 V$	$I_{OL} = 34 \text{ mA}$			0.65	V
I	Control Pins	$V_{CC}$ , $V_{CCQ} = 0$ or Max	$V_I = 5.5V$ or $0V$			±10	μ/
	A-Port	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.45V	V <sub>I</sub> = 5.5V			20	
		$V_{CCQ} = 5.25V$	$V_I = V_{CC}$			1	μ
			$V_I = 0$			-30	
	B-Port	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.45V	$V_I = V_{CC}$			5	μ
		V <sub>CCQ</sub> = 5.25V	$V_I = 0$			-5	
OFF	A-Port and Control Pins	$V_{CC} = V_{CCQ} = 0$	$V_I$ or $V_O = 0$ to 4.5V			100	μ/
I(hold)	A-Port	$V_{CC} = 3.15V,$	$V_I = 0.8V$	75			μ/
		$V_{CCQ} = 4.75V$	$V_I = 2.0V$	-20			
OZH	A-Port	$V_{CC} = 3.45V,$	$V_0 = 3.45V$			1	μ/
	B-Port	$V_{CCQ} = 5.25V$	$V_0 = 1.5V$			5	
l <sub>OZL</sub>	A-Port	$V_{CC} = 3.45V,$	$V_0 = 0$			-20	μA
	B-Port	$V_{CCQ} = 5.25V$	$V_0 = 0.65V$			-10	
ccq (V <sub>CCQ</sub> )	A or B	$V_{CC} = 3.45V,$	Outputs HIGH		30	40	
	Ports	$V_{CCQ} = 5.25V$ ,	Outputs LOW		30	40	m.
		$I_O = 0$ ,					
		$V_I = V_{CCQ}$ or GND	Outputs Disabled		30	40	
cc (V <sub>CC</sub> )	A or B	$V_{CC} = 3.45V, V_{CCQ} = 5.25V, I_{O} = 0,$	Outputs HIGH		0	1	
v <sub>CC</sub> )	Ports		Outputs LOW		0	1	m.
	1	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND	Outputs Disabled		0	1	L
7l <sup>CC</sup>	A-Port and	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.45V,	One Input at 2.7V		0	1	m
Note 9)	Control Pins	$V_{CC} = 5.25V,$					
		A or Control Inputs at					
	<u> </u>	V <sub>CC</sub> or GND					L
CIN	Control Pins		$V_I = V_{CCQ}$ or 0		8		
C <sub>I/O</sub>	A-Port		$V_I = V_{CCQ}$ or 0		9		рF
C <sub>I/O</sub>	B-Port		$V_I = V_{CCQ}$ or 0		6		1

Note 7: All typical values are at  $V_{CC}=3.3 \text{V}, \, V_{CCQ}=5.0 \text{V}, \, \text{and} \, \, T_{A}=25^{\circ}C.$ 

Note 8: For conditions shown as Min or Max, use the appropriate value specified under recommended operating conditions.

Note 9: This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at the specified TTL voltage level rather than  $V_{CC}$  or GND.

# **AC Operating Requirements**

Over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature,  $V_{REF} = 1.0V$  (unless otherwise noted).

Symbol			Min	Max	Unit
f <sub>CLOCK</sub>	Max Clock Frequency		175		MHz
t <sub>W</sub>	Pulse Duration	LEAB or LEBA HIGH	3.0		ns
		CLKAB or CLKBA HIGH or LOW	3.2		
t <sub>S</sub>	Setup Time	A before CLKAB↑	0.5		ns
		B before CLKBA↑	3.1		
		A before LEAB↓	1.3		]
		B before LEBA↓	3.7		
		CEAB before CLKAB↑	0.7		
		CEBA before CLKBA↑	1.0		
t <sub>H</sub> Hold Time	Hold Time	A after CLKAB↑	1.5		ns
		B after CLKBA↑	0.0		
	A after LEAB↓	A after LEAB↓	0.5		
		B after LEBA↓	0.0		
		CEAB after CLKAB↑	1.5		
		CEBA after CLKBA↑	1.7		

# **AC Electrical Characteristics**

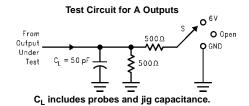
Over recommended range of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature,  $V_{REF} = 1.0V$  (unless otherwise noted).  $C_L = 30$  pF for B-Port and  $C_L = 50$  pF for A-Port.

Symbol	From	То	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
	(Input)	(Output)		(Note 10)		
PLH	А	В	1.0	4.3	6.5	ns
PHL			1.0	5.0	8.2	
PLH	LEAB	В	1.8	4.5	6.7	ns
PHL			1.5	5.3	8.7	
PLH	CLKAB	В	1.8	4.6	6.7	ns
PHL			1.5	5.4	8.7	
PLH	CLKAB	CLKOUT	3.0	6.2	10.0	ns
PHL			3.0	5.7	10.0	
t <sub>PLH</sub>	OEAB	B or CLKOUT	1.6	4.4	6.3	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>			1.3	6.1	9.8	
t <sub>SKEW</sub>	B (Note 11)	CLKOUT	0		2	ns
trise	Transition time, B	outputs (20% to 80%)		2.6		ns
t <sub>FALL</sub>	Transition time, B	outputs (20% to 80%)		2.6		
t <sub>PLH</sub>	В	A	2.0	5.6	8.2	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>			1.4	5.0	7.2	
t <sub>PLH</sub>	LEBA	A	2.1	4.2	6.3	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>			1.9	3.3	5.0	
t <sub>PLH</sub>	CLKBA	A	2.3	4.4	6.8	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>			2.1	3.5	5.2	
PLH	CLKOUT	CLKIN	3.0	6.0	10.0	ns
PHL			3.0	6.4	10.0	
PZH, <sup>†</sup> PZL	OEBA	A or CLKIN	1.5	5.0	6.4	ns
t <sub>PHZ</sub> , t <sub>PLZ</sub>			1.4	3.9	8.0	

Note 10: All typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 3.3V$ ,  $V_{CCQ} = 5.0V$ , and  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ .

Note 11: Skew is defined as the absolute value of the difference between the actual propagation delays for the CLKOUT pin and any B output transition when measured with reference to CLKAB1. This guarantees the relationship between B output data and CLKOUT such that data is coincident or ahead of CLKOUT. This specification is guaranteed but not tested.

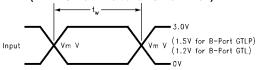
# **Test Circuits and Timing Waveforms**



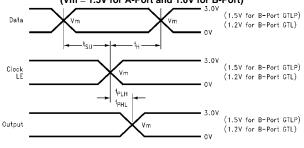
# Test Circuit for B Outputs 1.5V (GTLP) 1.2V (GTL) From Output Under Test 30 pF

 ${
m C_L}$  includes probes and jig capacitance. For B-Port outputs,  ${
m C_L}=30$  pF is used for worst case edge rate.

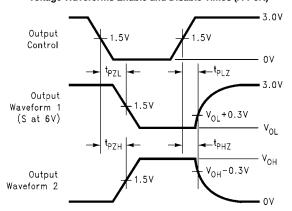
Voltage Waveforms Pulse Duration (Vm = 1.5V for A-Port and 1.0V for B-Port)



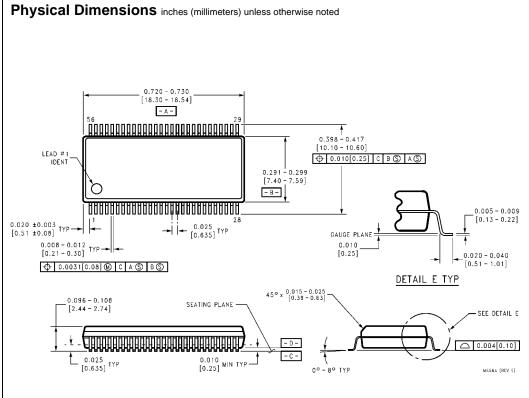
# Voltage Waveforms Propagation Delay and Setup and Hold Times (Vm = 1.5V for A-Port and 1.0V for B-Port)



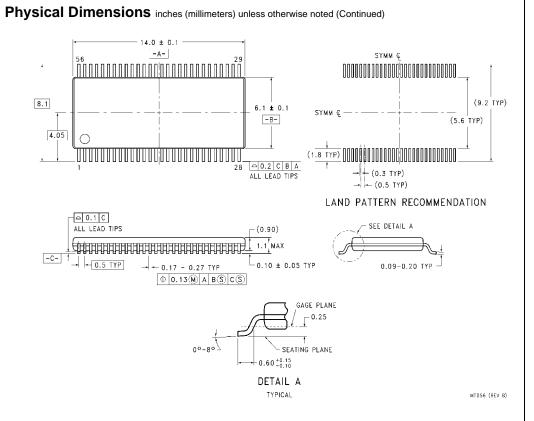
# Voltage Waveforms Enable and Disable Times (A-Port)



Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control. All input pulses have the following characteristics: frequency = 10 MHz,  $t_r = t_f = 2$  ns,  $Z_O = 50\Omega$ . The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.



56-Lead Shrink Small Outline Package, JEDEC MO-118 0.300" Wide Package Number MS56A



56-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Package, JEDEC MO-153, 6.1mm Wide Package Number MTD56

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