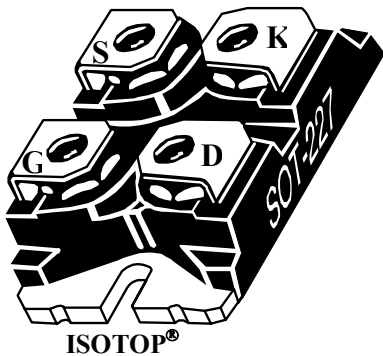
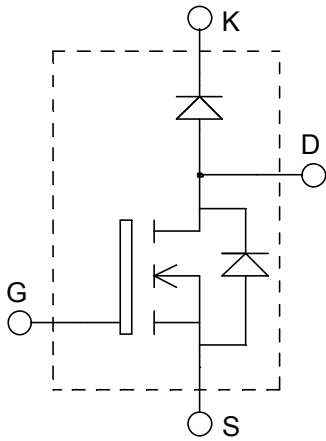


**ISOTOP® Boost chopper
Super Junction
MOSFET Power Module**

**$V_{DSS} = 600V$
 $R_{DSon} = 70m\Omega \text{ max @ } T_j = 25^\circ C$
 $I_D = 40A \text{ @ } T_c = 25^\circ C$**



Application

- AC and DC motor control
- Switched Mode Power Supplies
- Power Factor Correction
- Brake switch

Features

- **COOLMOS** Power Semiconductors
 - Ultra low R_{DSon}
 - Low Miller capacitance
 - Ultra low gate charge
 - Avalanche energy rated
- ISOTOP® Package (SOT-227)
- Very low stray inductance
- High level of integration

Benefits

- Outstanding performance at high frequency operation
- Stable temperature behavior
- Very rugged
- Direct mounting to heatsink (isolated package)
- Low junction to case thermal resistance
- Easy paralleling due to positive TC of VCEsat

Absolute maximum ratings

| Symbol | Parameter | Max ratings | Unit |
|------------|---------------------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|
| V_{DSS} | Drain - Source Breakdown Voltage | 600 | V |
| I_D | Continuous Drain Current | $T_c = 25^\circ C$ | 40 |
| | | $T_c = 80^\circ C$ | 30 |
| I_{DM} | Pulsed Drain current | 120 | A |
| V_{GS} | Gate - Source Voltage | ± 20 | V |
| R_{DSon} | Drain - Source ON Resistance | 70 | $m\Omega$ |
| P_D | Maximum Power Dissipation | $T_c = 25^\circ C$ | 290 |
| I_{AR} | Avalanche current (repetitive and non repetitive) | 20 | A |
| E_{AR} | Repetitive Avalanche Energy | 1 | mJ |
| E_{AS} | Single Pulse Avalanche Energy | 1800 | |
| I_{FAV} | Maximum Average Forward Current | Duty cycle=0.5 | A |
| I_{FRMS} | RMS Forward Current (Square wave, 50% duty) | $T_c = 80^\circ C$ | |

CAUTION: These Devices are sensitive to Electrostatic Discharge. Proper Handling Procedures Should Be Followed.

All ratings @ $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

Electrical Characteristics

| Symbol | Characteristic | Test Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|--------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----------|-----------|
| BV_{DSS} | Drain - Source Breakdown Voltage | $V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250\mu A$ | 600 | | | V |
| I_{DSS} | Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current | $V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 600V, T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | | | 25 | μA |
| | | $V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 600V, T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$ | | | 250 | |
| $R_{DS(on)}$ | Drain - Source on Resistance | $V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 20A$ | | | 70 | $m\Omega$ |
| $V_{GS(th)}$ | Gate Threshold Voltage | $V_{GS} = V_{DS}, I_D = 1mA$ | 2.1 | 3 | 3.9 | V |
| I_{GSS} | Gate - Source Leakage Current | $V_{GS} = \pm 20V, V_{DS} = 0V$ | | | ± 100 | nA |

Dynamic Characteristics

| Symbol | Characteristic | Test Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|--------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|------|-----|---------|
| C_{iss} | Input Capacitance | $V_{GS} = 0V$ $V_{DS} = 25V$ $f = 1MHz$ | | 7015 | | μF |
| C_{oss} | Output Capacitance | | | 2565 | | |
| C_{rss} | Reverse Transfer Capacitance | | | 212 | | |
| Q_g | Total gate Charge | $V_{GS} = 10V$ $V_{Bus} = 300V$ $I_D = 40A$ | | 259 | | nC |
| Q_{gs} | Gate - Source Charge | | | 29 | | |
| Q_{gd} | Gate - Drain Charge | | | 111 | | |
| $T_{d(on)}$ | Turn-on Delay Time | Resistive Switching $V_{GS} = 15V$ $V_{Bus} = 380V$ $I_D = 40A$ $R_G = 1.8\Omega$ | | 20 | | ns |
| T_r | Rise Time | | | 30 | | |
| $T_{d(off)}$ | Turn-off Delay Time | | | 115 | | |
| T_f | Fall Time | | | 10 | | |
| E_{on} | Turn-on Switching Energy ❶ | Inductive switching @ 25°C $V_{GS} = 15V, V_{Bus} = 400V$ $I_D = 40A, R_G = 5\Omega$ | | 670 | | μJ |
| E_{off} | Turn-off Switching Energy ❷ | | | 980 | | |
| E_{on} | Turn-on Switching Energy ❶ | Inductive switching @ 125°C $V_{GS} = 15V, V_{Bus} = 400V$ $I_D = 40A, R_G = 5\Omega$ | | 1100 | | μJ |
| E_{off} | Turn-off Switching Energy ❷ | | | 1206 | | |

❶ E_{on} includes diode reverse recovery

❷ In accordance with JEDEC standard JESD24-1.

Diode ratings and characteristics

| Symbol | Characteristic | Test Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|-----|------|------|
| V _F | Diode Forward Voltage | I _F = 30A | | 1.6 | 1.8 | V |
| | | I _F = 60A | | 1.9 | | |
| | | I _F = 30A | T _j = 125°C | | 1.4 | |
| I _{RM} | Maximum Reverse Leakage Current | V _R = 600V | | | 250 | μA |
| | | V _R = 600V | T _j = 125°C | | 500 | |
| C _T | Junction Capacitance | V _R = 200V | | 44 | | pF |
| t _{rr} | Reverse Recovery Time | I _F =1A, V _R =30V di/dt =100A/μs | T _j = 25°C | | 23 | ns |
| | | | | | 85 | |
| | | | | | 160 | |
| I _{RRM} | Maximum Reverse Recovery Current | I _F = 30A V _R = 400V di/dt =200A/μs | T _j = 25°C | | 4 | A |
| | | | | | 8 | |
| | | | | | 130 | |
| Q _{rr} | Reverse Recovery Charge | | T _j = 25°C | | 700 | nC |
| | | | | | 70 | |
| t _{rr} | Reverse Recovery Time | I _F = 30A | T _j = 125°C | | 70 | ns |
| Q _{rr} | Reverse Recovery Charge | V _R = 400V | | | 1300 | nC |
| I _{RRM} | Maximum Reverse Recovery Current | di/dt =1000A/μs | | | 30 | A |

Thermal and package characteristics

| Symbol | Characteristic | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|------|------|------|
| R _{thJC} | Junction to Case | CoolMos | | 0.43 | °C/W |
| | | Diode | | 1.21 | |
| R _{thJA} | Junction to Ambient (IGBT & Diode) | | | 20 | |
| V _{ISOL} | RMS Isolation Voltage, any terminal to case t =1 min, I isol <1mA, 50/60Hz | 2500 | | | V |
| T _J , T _{STG} | Storage Temperature Range | -55 | | 150 | °C |
| T _L | Max Lead Temp for Soldering: 0.063" from case for 10 sec | | | 300 | |
| Torque | Mounting torque (Mounting = 8-32 or 4mm Machine and terminals = 4mm Machine) | | | 1.5 | N.m |
| Wt | Package Weight | | 29.2 | | g |

Typical CoolMOS Performance Curve

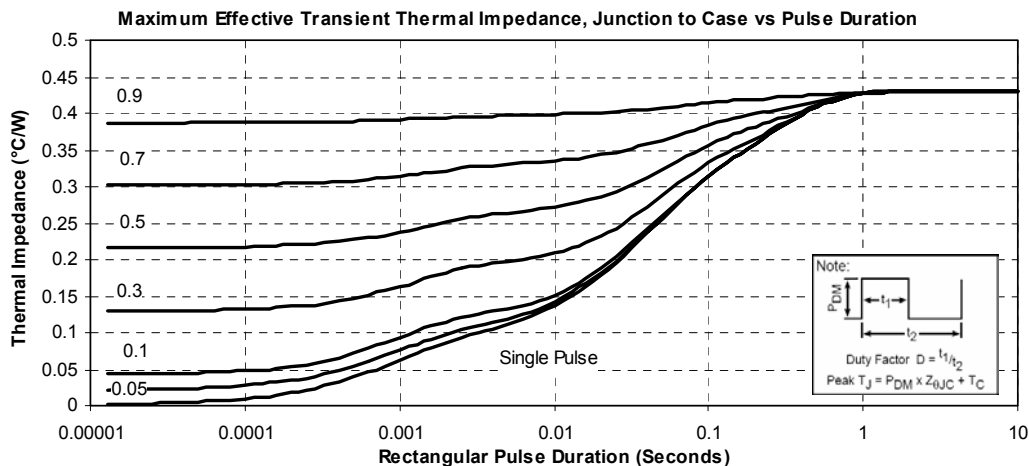


Fig 1, Maximum Effective transient thermal Impedance, Junction to case vs Pulse Duration

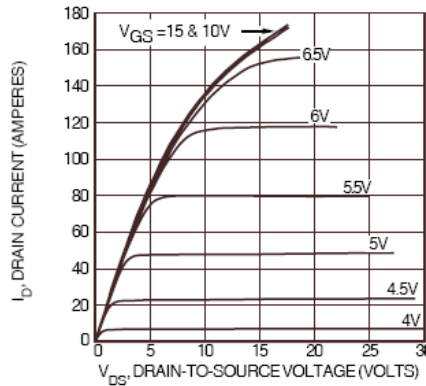


FIGURE 3, LOW VOLTAGE OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS

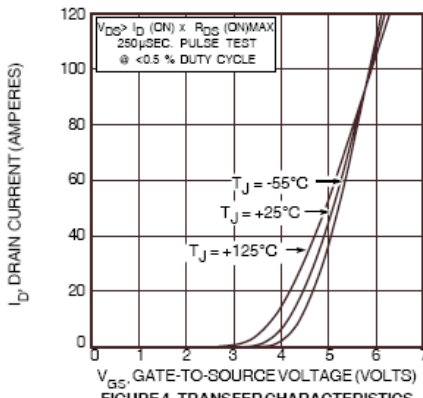


FIGURE 4, TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS

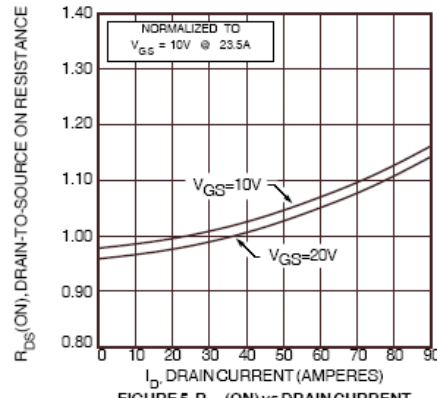


FIGURE 5, $R_{DS(ON)}$ vs DRAIN CURRENT

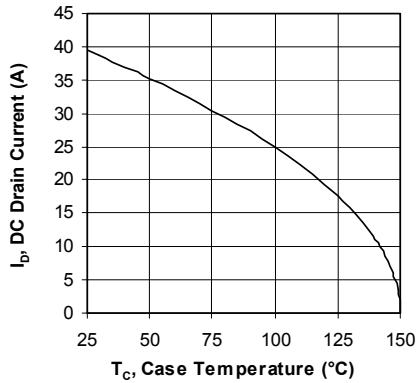


Figure 6, DC Drain Current vs Case Temperature

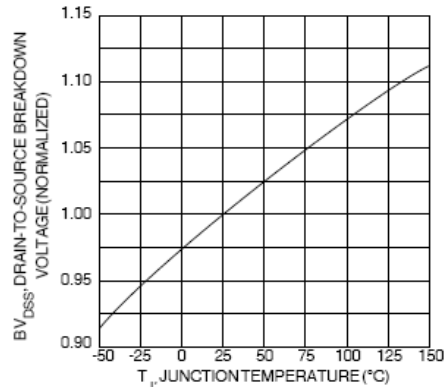


FIGURE 7, BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE vs TEMPERATURE

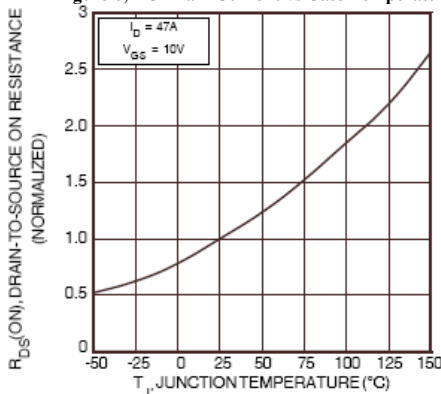


FIGURE 8, ON-RESISTANCE vs. TEMPERATURE

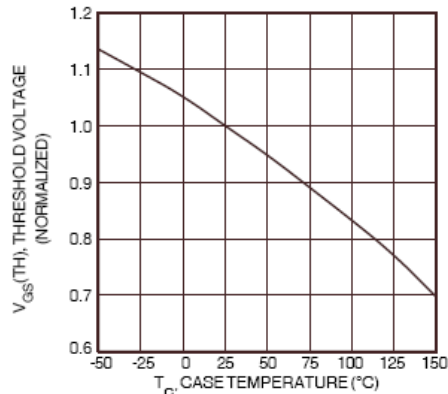


FIGURE 9, THRESHOLD VOLTAGE vs TEMPERATURE

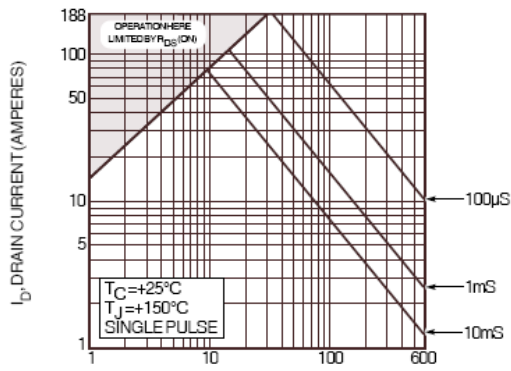


FIGURE 10, MAXIMUM SAFE OPERATING AREA

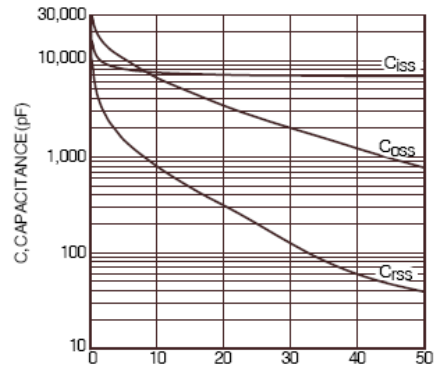


FIGURE 11, CAPACITANCE vs DRAIN-TO-SOURCE VOLTAGE

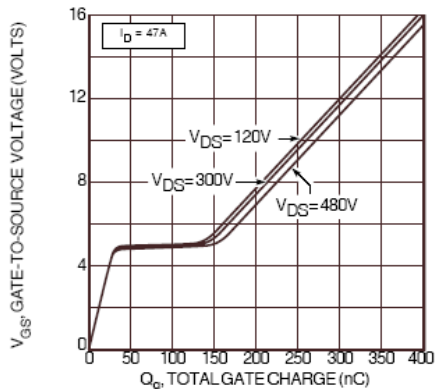


FIGURE 12, GATE CHARGES vs GATE-TO-SOURCE VOLTAGE

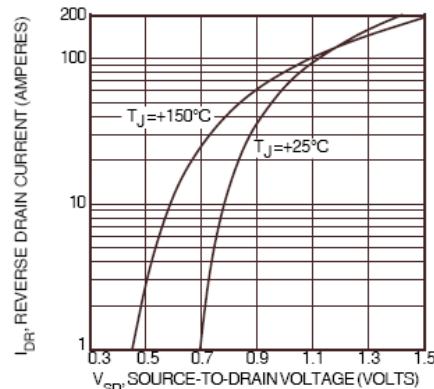


FIGURE 13, SOURCE-DRAIN DIODE FORWARD VOLTAGE

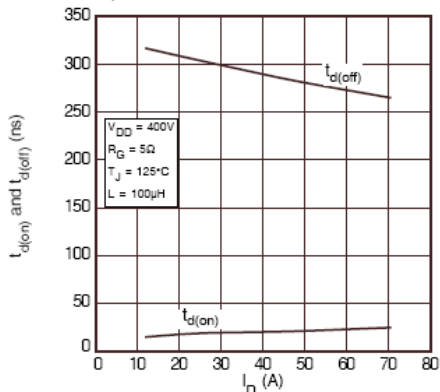


FIGURE 14, DELAY TIMES vs CURRENT

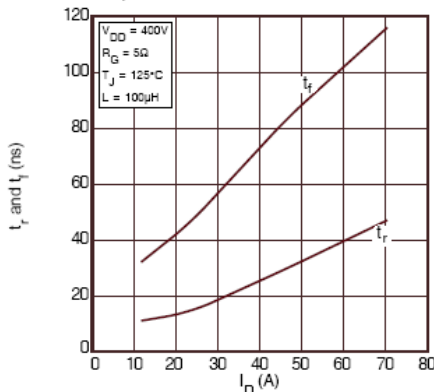


FIGURE 15, RISE AND FALL TIMES vs CURRENT

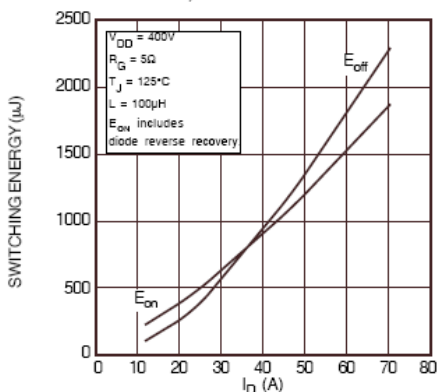


FIGURE 16, SWITCHING ENERGY vs CURRENT

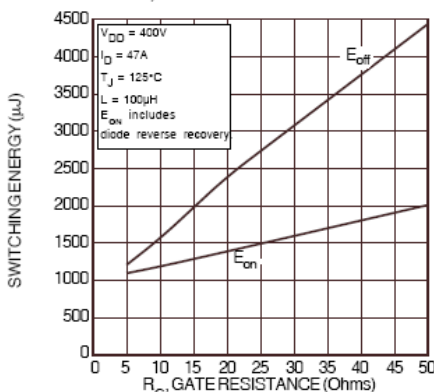


FIGURE 17, SWITCHING ENERGY vs. GATE RESISTANCE

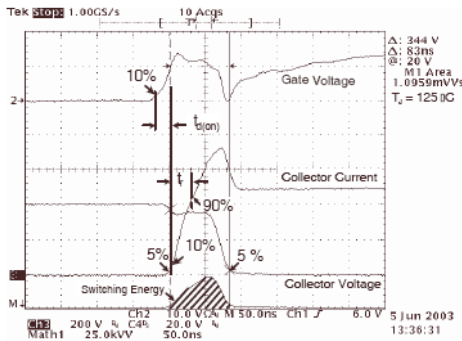


Figure 18, Turn-on Switching Waveforms and Definitions

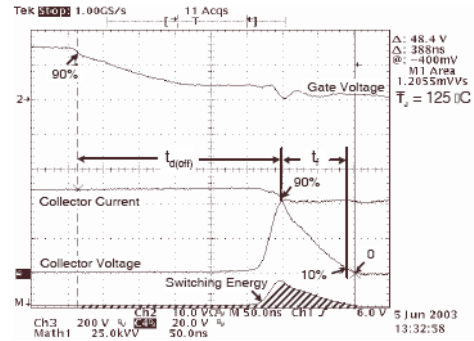


Figure 19, Turn-off Switching Waveforms and Definitions

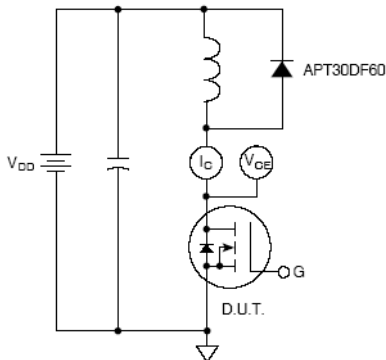


Figure 20, Inductive Switching Test Circuit

Typical Diode Performance Curve

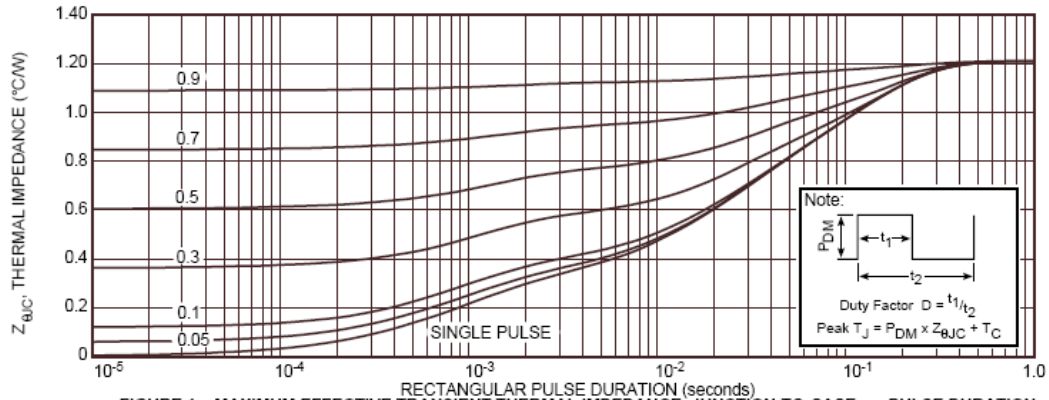


FIGURE 1a. MAXIMUM EFFECTIVE TRANSIENT THERMAL IMPEDANCE, JUNCTION-TO-CASE vs. PULSE DURATION

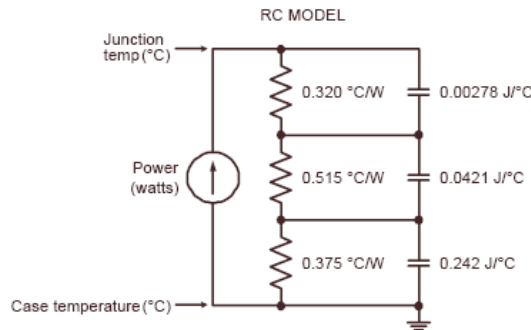


FIGURE 1b, TRANSIENT THERMAL IMPEDANCE MODEL

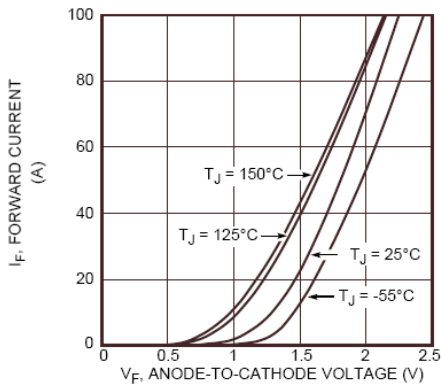


Figure 2. Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

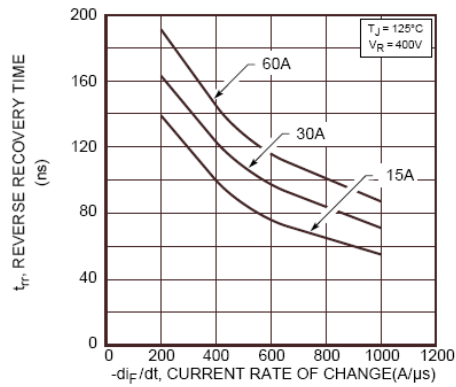


Figure 3. Reverse Recovery Time vs. Current Rate of Change

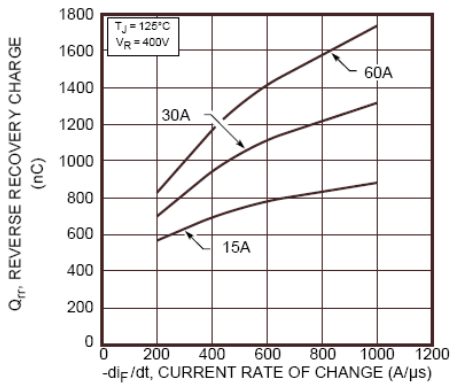


Figure 4. Reverse Recovery Charge vs. Current Rate of Change

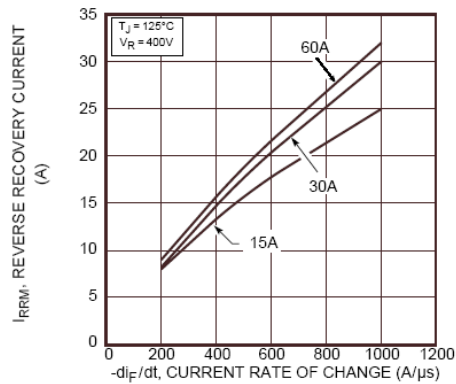


Figure 5. Reverse Recovery Current vs. Current Rate of Change

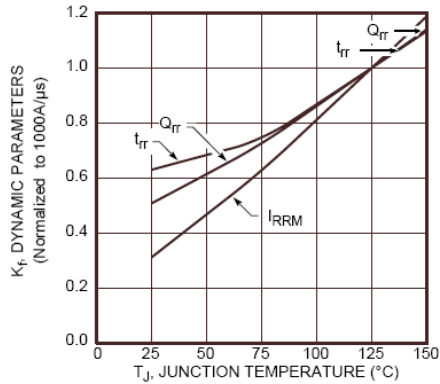


Figure 6. Dynamic Parameters vs. Junction Temperature

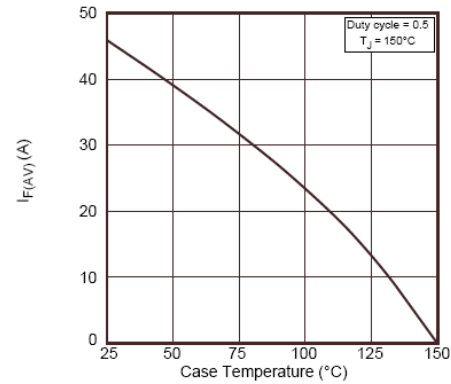


Figure 7. Maximum Average Forward Current vs. Case Temperature

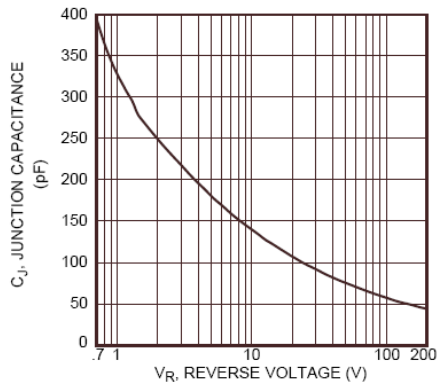


Figure 8. Junction Capacitance vs. Reverse Voltage

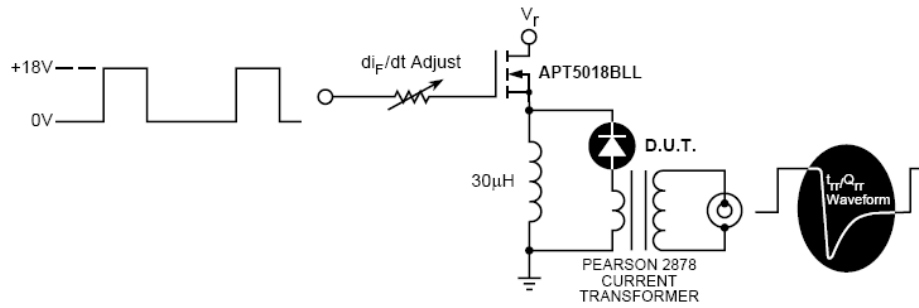


Figure 9. Diode Test Circuit

- ❶ I_F - Forward Conduction Current
- ❷ di_F/dt - Rate of Diode Current Change Through Zero Crossing.
- ❸ I_{RRM} - Maximum Reverse Recovery Current.
- ❹ t_{rr} - Reverse Recovery Time, measured from zero crossing where diode current goes from positive to negative, to the point at which the straight line through I_{RRM} and $0.25 \cdot I_{RRM}$ passes through zero.
- ❺ Q_{rr} - Area Under the Curve Defined by I_{RRM} and t_{rr} .

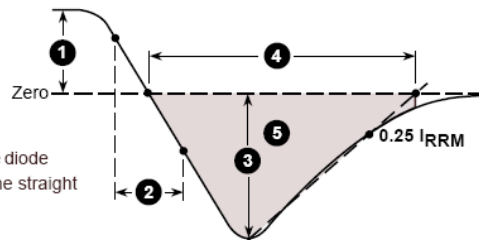
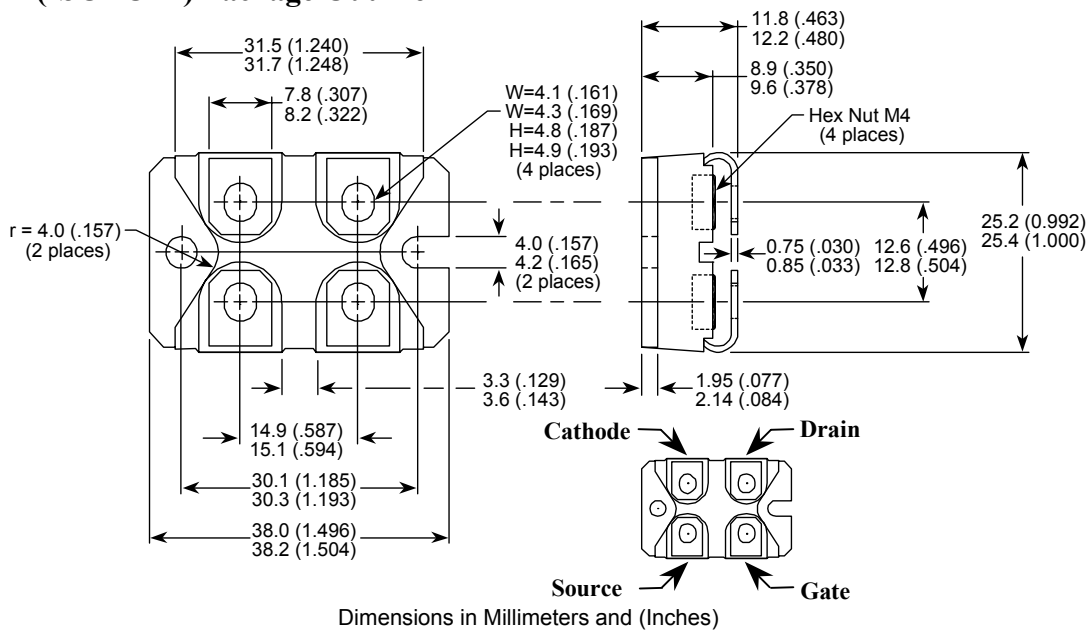


Figure 10. Diode Reverse Recovery Waveform and Definitions

SOT-227 (ISOTOP®) Package Outline



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