



DC COMPONENTS CO., LTD.

RECTIFIER SPECIALISTS

**1N4001
THRU
1N4007**

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS OF SILICON RECTIFIER

VOLTAGE RANGE - 50 to 1000 Volts CURRENT - 1.0 Ampere

FEATURES

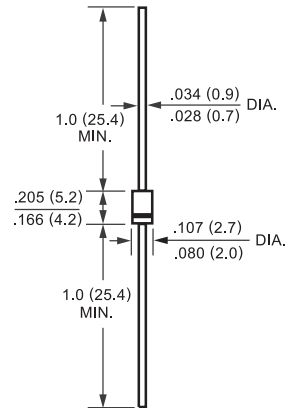
- * Low cost
- * Low leakage
- * Low forward voltage drop
- * High current capability

MECHANICAL DATA

- * Case: Molded plastic
- * Epoxy: UL 94V-0 rate flame retardant
- * Lead: MIL-STD-202E, Method 208 guaranteed
- * Polarity: Color band denotes cathode end
- * Mounting position: Any
- * Weight: 0.33 gram



DO-41



Dimensions in inches and (millimeters)

MAXIMUM RATINGS AND ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ratings at 25 °C ambient temperature unless otherwise specified.
Single phase, half wave, 60 Hz, resistive or inductive load.
For capacitive load, derate current by 20%.

	SYMBOL	1N4001	1N4002	1N4003	1N4004	1N4005	1N4006	1N4007	UNITS	
Maximum Recurrent Peak Reverse Voltage	VRRM	50	100	200	400	600	800	1000	Volts	
Maximum RMS Voltage	VRMS	35	70	140	280	420	560	700	Volts	
Maximum DC Blocking Voltage	VDC	50	100	200	400	600	800	1000	Volts	
Maximum Average Forward Rectified Current at TA = 75°C	Io	1.0							Amps	
Peak Forward Surge Current 8.3 ms single half sine-wave superimposed on rated load (JEDEC Method)	IFSM	30							Amps	
Maximum Instantaneous Forward Voltage at 1.0A DC	VF	1.1							Volts	
Maximum DC Reverse Current at Rated DC Blocking Voltage	IR	@ TA = 25°C	5.0							uAmps
		@ TA = 100°C	500							
Maximum Full Load Reverse Current Average, Full Cycle .375*(9.5mm) lead length at TL = 75°C		30							uAmps	
Typical Junction Capacitance (Note)	CJ	15							pF	
Typical Thermal Resistance	RθJA	50							°C/W	
Operating and Storage Temperature Range	TJ, Tstg	-65 to + 175							°C	

NOTES : Measured at 1 MHz and applied reverse voltage of 4.0 volts

RATING AND CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (1N4001 THRU 1N4007)

FIG. 1 - TYPICAL FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

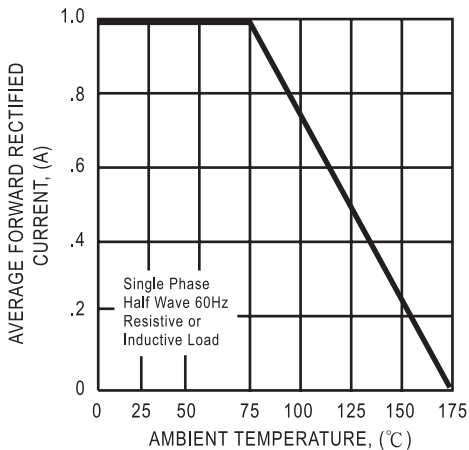


FIG. 2 - TYPICAL INSTANTANEOUS FORWARD CHARACTERISTICS

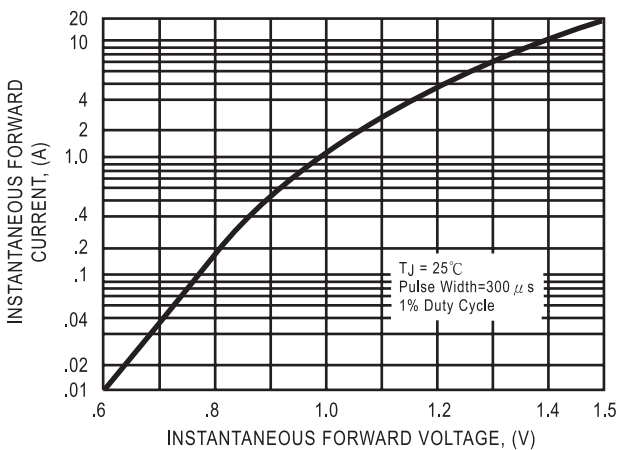


FIG. 3 - MAXIMUM NON-REPETITIVE FORWARD SURGE CURRENT

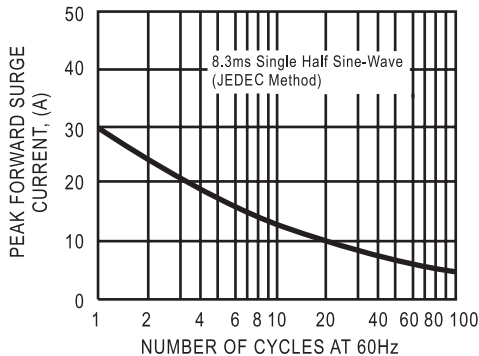


FIG. 4 - TYPICAL REVERSE CHARACTERISTICS

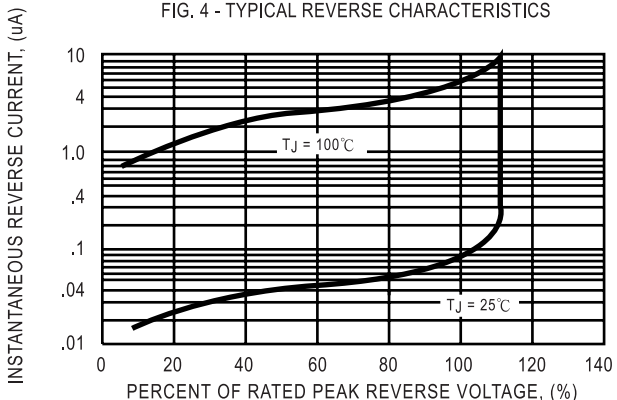


FIG. 5 - TYPICAL JUNCTION CAPACITANCE

