## Product Description

The Sirenza Microdevices' SRM-1016 is a high linearity active mixer for use in a wide variety of communication systems covering the $800-1000 \mathrm{MHz}$ frequency bands. This device operates from a single 5 V supply and provides 10 dB of conversion gain while requiring only 0 dBm input to the integrated LO driver. The SRM-1016 also includes an integrated on chip IF amplifier and is fabricated using Silicon Germanium (SiGe) device technology.

The RF and LO ports can be driven differential or single ended. Each broadband port has been designed to minimize performance degradation while operating into highly reactive components such as SAW filters. The device is packaged in an industry standard 16 pin TSSOP with exposed paddle for superb RF and thermal ground.

## Functional Block Diagram



## SRM-1016

800-1000 MHz High Linearity Active Receive Mixer


16 pin TSSOP with Exposed Ground Pad
Package Footprint: $0.197 \times 0.252$ inches ( $5.0 \times 6.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ )
Package Height: 0.039 inches ( 1.0 mm )

## Product Features

- Active mixer with 10dB conversion gain
- Integrated OdBm LO drive and IF amplifier
- Differential or single-ended input
- Single supply operation (+5V)
- Broadband resistive $50 \Omega$ impedances on all three ports


## Applications

- 800-1000 MHz receivers


## Product Specifications

| Parameters | Test Conditions: $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}=5.0 \mathrm{~V}$ $P_{\mathrm{Lo}}=0 \mathrm{dBm}, \mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{RF}}=-20 \mathrm{dBm}, \mathrm{IF}=200 \mathrm{MHz}$ | Unit | Min. | Typ. | Max. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RF Frequency Range |  | MHz | 800 |  | 1000 |
| LO Frequency Range |  | MHz | 500 |  | 1000 |
| IF Frequency Range |  | MHz | 30 | 200 | 300 |
| Conversion Gain |  | dB | 7 | 10 |  |
| SSB Noise Figure |  | dB |  | 15 | 19 |
| Input IP3 | RF1 = RF2 = -15 dBm/tone, 1 MHz spacing | dBm | +15 | +19 |  |
| Input P1dB |  | dBm | +2 | +5 |  |
| Leakage (LO-RF) | Single-ended configuration, see Note 1, page 3 | dBm |  | -40 | -35 |
| Leakage (LO-IF) | Single-ended configuration, see Note 1, page 3 | dBm |  | -26 | -20 |
| Leakage (RF-IF) | Single-ended configuration, see Note 1, page 3 | dBm |  | -40 | -35 |
| RF, LO, IF Return Loss | Matched to $50 \Omega$, see Note 2, page 3 | dB |  | 20 |  |
| Supply Voltage (Vcc) |  | V | +4.75 | +5.0 | +5.25 |
| Supply Current |  | mA |  | 160 | 180 |
| LO Drive | Matched to $50 \Omega$, see Note 2, page 3 | dBm | -3 | 0 | +3 |
| Thermal Resistance | junction-case | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |  | 46 |  |

[^0]
 for use in life-support devices and/or systems.
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## SRM-1016 SiGe Active Receive Mixer

## Typical Device Performance

Conversion Gain vs Temperature


Conversion Gain vs LO Drive
$\mathrm{T}=+\mathbf{2 5}^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$


Leakages
Plo=0 dBm, Prf=-20 dBm Singled-Ended Configuration (Note 1)


Input IP3 vs Temperature


Input IP3 vs LO Drive
$\mathrm{T}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$


Noise Figure vs Temperature
$\mathrm{Plo}=0 \mathrm{dBm}$


## Typical Device Performance



Note 1:
Leakage performance shown (LO-RF, LO-IF, RF-IF) is for a single-ended RF, LO, IF configuration. Differential drive will improve leakage performance. Contact applications engineering for differential vs. single-ended drive trade-offs.

## Note 2:

The return losses shown were measured with the SRM-1016 mounted on our FR4 evaluation boards using standard matching practices as indicated on the application schematic page (5) herein. Users following the RF, LO and IF matching guidelines will achieve similar performance.

## SRM-1016 SiGe Active Receive Mixer

## Package Dimensions ("16" Package)



## Pin Out Description

| Pin \# | Function | Additional Comments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | IFP | IF output, positive terminal | Nominal DC voltage is 1.6 V . Output should be AC-coupled |
| 2 | VCC | Positive supply (+5V) |  |
| 3 | VEE | Ground |  |
| 4 | RFP | RF input, positive terminal | Nominal DC voltage is 2.1V. (Internally biased) Input should be AC-coupled. |
| 5 | RFN | RF input, negative terminal | Nominal DC voltage is 2.1V. (Internally biased) Input should be AC-coupled. |
| 6 | VEE | Ground |  |
| 7 | VCC | Positive supply (+5V) |  |
| 8 | L1 | External inductor terminal | Nominal DC voltage is 5V, provided through off chip inductors. |
| 9 | L2 | External inductor terminal | Nominal DC voltage is 5V, provided through off chip inductors. |
| 10 | VCC | Positive supply (+5V) |  |
| 11 | VEE | Ground |  |
| 12 | LON | LO input, negative terminal | Nominal DC voltage is 2.4V. (Internally biased) Input should be AC-coupled. |
| 13 | LOP | LO input, positive terminal | Nominal DC voltage is 2.4V. (Internally biased) Input should be AC-coupled. |
| 14 | VEE | Ground |  |
| 15 | VCC | Positive supply (+5V) |  |
| 16 | IFN | IF output, negative terminal | Nominal DC voltage is 1.6V. Output should be AC-coupled. |

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameters |  | Value |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Supply Voltage (Vcc) | +6.0 | $V_{\text {DC }}$ |
| LO Input (LOP, LON) | +10 | dBm |
| RF Input (RFP, RFN) | +15 | dBm |
| Operating Temperature | -40 to +85 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage Temperature | -65 to +150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Operation of this device beyond any one of these limits may <br> cause permanent damage. For reliable continuous operation the <br> device voltage and current must not exced the maximum oper- <br> ating values specified in the table on page one. |  |  |

## Caution: ESD Sensitive

Appropriate precaution in handling, packaging and testing devices must be observed.

Demo Test Board Schematic
SRM-1016 SiGe Active Receive Mixer


Bill of Materials (for Evaluation Board P/N EEB102149)

| Component Designator | Value | Qty | Vendor | Part Number | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A10 |  | 1 | SMDI | SRM-1016 | SiGe Receive Mixer |
| A9, A11 | 1:1 | 2 | Panasonic | EHF-FD1618 | RF transformer |
| A7, A8, A12 |  | 3 | Johnson Components | 142-0701-851 | SMA connector, end launch with tab, for 62 mil thick board |
| CON |  | 1 | Digikey | S1212-36-ND | 2-pin header |
| A2 | 1:1 | 1 | Mini-Circuits | TC1-1 | IF transformer |
| Lfil | 1uH | 1 | Digikey | PCD1008CT-ND | Inductor, 1210 footprint, min. 200mA rating |
| C1, C3, C20, C21 | 27pF | 4 | Venkel | C0603COG500-270JNE | Capacitor, 0603 footprint |
| C6, C10 | 100pF | 2 | Venkel | C0603COG500-101JNE | Capacitor, 0603 footprint |
| C7, C9 | 120pF | 2 | Venkel | C0603COG500-121JNE | Capacitor, 0603 footprint |
| C4, C5 | 10pF | 2 | Venkel | C0805COG500-100JNE | Capacitor, 0603 footprint |
| C11, C12 | 6.8pF | 2 | Venkel | C0805COG500-6R8JNE | Capacitor, 0603 footprint |
| L1, L2 | see Page 6 | 2 | TOKO |  | Inductor, 0603 footprint, high Q series |
| L4 | 18nH | 2 | TOKO | LL1608-FS18NJ | Inductor, 0603 footprint, high Q series |

## SiGe Receive Mixer: General Test Set-Up

SRM-1016


The SRM-1016 utilizes an IF tank circuit to maximize performance across the entire IF bandwidth. The off-chip inductors L1 and L2 resonate with on-chip capacitors (4pF) to provide IF tunability. Therefore, L1 and L2 must be selected such that the resonance occurs at the desired IF. The table below provides the inductor values required on
the evaluation board for some common intermediate frequencies. By default, all evaluation boards are shipped with $\mathrm{L} 1=\mathrm{L} 2=100 \mathrm{nH}$, resulting in a 200 MHz resonant IF. Also note, L1 and L2 should be placed within 1 mm (0.039 in) of pins 9 and 10 for optimal performance.

| IF (MHz) "typical" |  | L1, L2 (nH) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 70 | 680 | TOKO Part Number |
| 150 | 150 | LL2012-FHR68J |
| 200 | 100 | LL1608-FSR15J |
| 300 | 39 | LL1608-FSR39NJ |

The following procedure may be used to ensure that the proper inductor values have been selected for a given IF:

1. Using the "General Test Set-Up" prepare the evaluation board for a conversion gain measurement.
2. Enable the "Max Hold" function on the spectrum analyzer and set the "SPAN" to 200 MHz .
3. Vary the LO frequency while maintaining a constant input frequency.
4. The resonance will be observed at the peak of the response.

[^0]:    The information provided herein is believed to be reliable at press time. Sirenza Microdevices assumes no responsibility for inaccuracies or ommisions.

