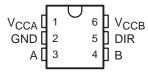
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- Available in the Texas Instruments
 NanoStar™ and NanoFree™ Packages
- Fully Configurable Dual-Rail Design Allows Each Port to Operate Over the Full 1.65-V to 5.5-V Power-Supply Range
- V_{CC} Isolation Feature If Either V_{CC} Input Is at GND, Both Ports Are in the High-Impedance State
- DIR Referenced to V_{CCA}
- Low Power Consumption, 10-μA Max I_{CC}
- ±24-mA Output Drive at 3.3 V
- I_{off} Supports Partial-Power-Down Mode Operation

DBV OR DCK PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)



YEP OR YZP PACKAGE (BOTTOM VIEW)

			1
Α	○3	40	В
GND	02	50	DIR
A GND V _{CCA}	01	60	V _{CCB}

description/ordering information

This single-bit noninverting bus transceiver uses two separate configurable power-supply rails. The A-port is designed to track V_{CCA} . V_{CCA} accepts any supply voltage from 1.65 V to 5.5 V. The B-port is designed to track V_{CCB} . V_{CCB} accepts any supply voltage from 1.65 V to 5.5 V. This allows universal low-voltage bidirectional translation between any of the 1.8-V, 2.5-V, 3.3-V, and 5-V voltage nodes.

The SN74LVC1T45 is designed for asynchronous communication between data buses. The device transmits data from the A bus to the B bus or from the B bus to the A bus, depending on the logic level at the direction-control (DIR) input.

The SN74LVC1T245 is designed so that DIR is supplied by V_{CCA}.

This device is fully specified for partial-power-down applications using I_{off}. The I_{off} circuitry disables the outputs, preventing damaging current backflow through the device when it is powered down.

The V_{CC} isolation feature ensures that if either V_{CC} input is at GND, both ports are in the high-impedance state.

NanoStar™ and NanoFree™ package technology is a major breakthrough in IC packaging concepts, using the die as the package.

ORDERING INFORMATION

TA	PACKAGE [†]		ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP-SIDE MARKING‡
	NanoStar™ – WCSP (DSBGA) 0.23-mm Large Bump – YEP		SN74LVC1T45YEPR	T00
-40°C to 85°C	NanoFree™ – WCSP (DSBGA) 0.23-mm Large Bump – YZP (Pb-free)	Tape and reel	SN74LVC1T45YZPR	TBD
	SOT (SOT-23) – DBV	Tape and reel	SN74LVC1T45DBVR	TBD
	SOT (SC-70) – DCK	Tape and reel	SN74LVC1T45DCKR	TBD

[†] Package drawings, standard packing quantities, thermal data, symbolization, and PCB design guidelines are available at www.ti.com/sc/package.

DBV/DCK: The actual top-side marking has one additional character that designates the assembly/test site. YEP/YZP: The actual top-side marking has three preceding characters to denote year, month, and sequence code, and one following character to designate the assembly/test site. Pin 1 identifier indicates solder-bump composition (1 = SnPb, • = Pb-free).



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

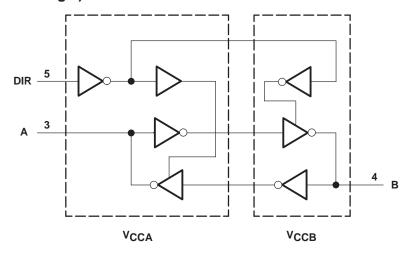
NanoStar and NanoFree are trademarks of Texas Instruments.



FUNCTION TABLE

INPUT	OPERATION
DIR	OFERATION
L	B data to A bus
Н	A data to B bus

logic diagram (positive logic)



absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

Supply voltage range, V _{CCA} and V _{CCB}	
Input voltage range, V _I (see Note 1)	
Voltage range applied to any output in the high-impedance or power-or	off state, V _O
(see Note 1)	
Voltage range applied to any output in the high or low state, VO (see N	Notes 1 and 2)
A port	0.5 V to V _{CCA} + 0.5V
B port	
Input clamp current, I _{IK} (V _I < 0)	–50 mA
Output clamp current, I _{OK} (V _O < 0)	–50 mA
Continuous output current, IO	±50 mA
Continuous current through V _{CC} or GND	±100 mA
Package thermal impedance, θ_{JA} (see Note 3): DBV package	165°C/W
DCK package	259°C/W
YEP/YZP package	123°C/W
Storage temperature range, T _{stq}	–65°C to 150°C

[†] Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTES: 1. The input negative-voltage and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.

- 2. The value of V_{CC} is provided in the recommended operating conditions table.
- 3. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.



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recommended operating conditions (see Notes 4 through 8)

			VCCI	Vcco	MIN	MAX	UNIT
/CCA	Commissions				1.65	5.5	V
/ссв	Supply voltage				1.65	5.5	V
			1.65 V to 1.95 V		V _{CCI} ×0.65		
.,	High-level input	Data inputs	2.3 V to 2.7 V		1.7		.,
V_{IH}	voltage	(see Note 7)	3 V to 3.6 V		2		V
			4.5 V to 5.5 V		V _{CCI} ×0.7		
			1.65 V to 1.95 V			V _{CCI} × 0.35	
V	Low-level input	Data inputs	2.3 V to 2.7 V			0.7	\ ,,
V_{IL}	voltage	(see Note 7)	3 V to 3.6 V			0.8	V
			4.5 V to 5.5 V			V _{CCI} ×0.3	
			1.65 V to 1.95 V		V _{CCA} × 0.65		
	High-level input	DIR	2.3 V to 2.7 V		1.7		.,
V_{IH}	voltage	(Referenced to V _{CCA}) (see Note 8)	3 V to 3.6 V		2		V
		(655115155)	4.5 V to 5.5 V		V _{CCA} × 0.7		
			1.65 V to 1.95 V			V _{CCA} × 0.35	
	Low-level input	DIR	2.3 V to 2.7 V			0.7	
V_{IL}	voltage		3 V to 3.6 V			0.8	V
		(000 11010 0)	4.5 V to 5.5 V			V _{CCA} × 0.3	
٧ı	Input voltage	•			0	5.5	V
٧o	Output voltage				0	Vcco	V
				1.65 V to 1.95 V		-4	
				2.3 V to 2.7 V		-8	
Іон	High-level output curre	nt		3 V to 3.6 V		-24	mA
				4.5 V to 5.5 V		-32	
				1.65 V to 1.95 V		4	
				2.3 V to 2.7 V		8	
loL	Low-level output currer	nt		3 V to 3.6 V		24	mA
				4.5 V to 5.5 V		32	
			1.65 V to 1.95 V			20	
	Input transition rise or Data input		2.3 V to 2.7 V			20	
Δt/Δν			3 V to 3.6 V			10	ns/V
	fall rate		4.5 V to 5.5 V			5	
		Control input	1.65 V to 5.5 V			5	
	Operating free-air temp	· ·	1.30 V 10 0.0 V		-40	<u> </u>	°C

NOTES: 4. $V_{\mbox{CCI}}$ is the $V_{\mbox{CC}}$ associated with the data input port.

- 5. V_{CCO} is the V_{CC} associated with the output port.
- All unused data inputs of the device must be held at V_{CCI} or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, literature number SCBA004.
- 7. For V_{CCI} values not specified in the data sheet, $V_{IH(min)} = V_{CCI} \times 0.7 \text{ V}$, $V_{IL(max)} = V_{CCI} \times 0.3 \text{ V}$.
- 8. For V_{CCI} values not specified in the data sheet, V_{IH(min)} = V_{CCA} x 0.7 V, V_{IL(max)} = V_{CCA} x 0.3 V.



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electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Notes 9 and 10)

				I		T	_λ = 25°C	;	-40°C to	85°C	
PARAN	IETER	TEST CON	DITIONS	V _{CCA}	V _{CCB}	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNIT
		$I_{OH} = -100 \mu A$,	$V_I = V_{IH}$	1.65 V to 4.5 V	1.65 V to 4.5 V				V _{CCO} -0.1		
		$I_{OH} = -4 \text{ mA},$	$V_I = V_{IH}$	1.65V	1.65 V				1.2		
Vон		$I_{OH} = -8 \text{ mA},$	$V_I = V_{IH}$	2.3 V	2.3 V				1.9		V
		$I_{OH} = -24 \text{ mA},$	$V_I = V_{IH}$	3 V	3 V				2.4		
		$I_{OH} = -32 \text{ mA},$	$V_I = V_{IH}$	4.5 V	4.5 V				3.8		
		$I_{OL} = 100 \mu A$,	$V_I = V_{IL}$	1.65 V to 4.5 V	1.65 V to 4.5 V					0.1	
		$I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA},$	$V_I = V_{IL}$	1.65 V	1.65 V					0.45	
VOL		$I_{OL} = 8 \text{ mA},$	$V_I = V_{IL}$	2.3 V	2.3 V					0.3	V
		I _{OL} = 24 mA,	$V_I = V_{IL}$	3 V	3 V					0.55	
		I _{OL} = 32 mA,	$V_I = V_{IL}$	4.5 V	4.5 V					0.55	
ΙĮ	DIR input	V _I = V _{CCA} or GN	ID	1.65 V to 5.5 V	1.65 V to 5.5 V			TBD		±5	μА
	A port			0 V	0 to 5.5 V			TBD		±10	
l _{off}	B port	V_I or $V_O = 0$ to 5.	5 V	0 to 5.5 V	0 V			TBD		±10	μΑ
loz	A or B ports	VO = VCCO or G	ND	1.65 V to 5.5 V	1.65 V to 5.5 V			TBD		±10	μА
				1.95 V	1.95 V					1	
				2.7 V	2.7 V					1	
		VI = VCCI or		3.6 V	3.6 V					1	
ICCA		GND	IO = 0	5.5 V	0 V					2	μΑ
				0 V	5.5 V					0	
				5.5 V	5.5 V					1	
				1.95 V	1.95 V					1	
				2.7 V	2.7 V					1	
		V _I = V _{CCI} or		3.6 V	3.6 V					1	
ICCB		GND	IO = 0	5.5 V	0 V					0	μΑ
				0 V	5.5 V					2	
				5.5 V	5.5 V					1	
I _{CCA} + I (see Tab	ICCB ole 1)	V _I = V _{CCI} or GND	IO = 0	1.65 V to 5.5 V	1.65 V to 5.5 V					4	μА
	A port	A port at V _{CCA} – DIR at V _{CCA} , B p	0.6 V, port = OPEN							50	
∆ICCA	DIR	DIR at V _{CCA} - 0 B port = OPEN, A port at V _{CCA} o	.6 V,	3 V to 5.5 V	3 V to 5.5 V					50	μА
ΔICCB	B port	B port at V _{CCB} – DIR at GND, A po	0.6 V, ort = OPEN	3 V to 5.5 V	3 V to 5.5 V					50	μΑ
Ci	DIR input	V _I = V _{CCA} or GN	ID	3.3 V	3.3 V		TBD				pF
C _{io}	A or B ports	V _O =V _{CCA/B} or	GND	3.3 V	3.3 V		TBD				pF

NOTES: 9. V_{CCO} is the V_{CC} associated with the output port.

10. V_{CCI} is the V_{CC} associated with the input port.



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switching characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range, V_{CCA} = 1.8 V \pm 0.15 V(unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 1)

PARAMETER	FROM	TO (OUTPUT)	V _{CCB} = ± 0.1		V _{CCB} = ± 0.2		V _{CCB} =		V _{CCB}		UNIT
	(INPUT)	(OUTPUT)	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
^t PLH	Α	В									ns
^t PHL	Λ	В									115
^t PLH	В	А									ns
^t PHL	Ь	Α									115
^t PZH	DIR	А									ns
t _{PZL}	DIK	Α									115
^t PZH	DIR	В									ns
^t PZL	DIK	В									115
^t PHZ	DIR	Α									20
t _{PLZ}	DIK	A								·	ns
^t PHZ	DIR									·	20
t _{PLZ}	DIK	В									ns

switching characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range, V_{CCA} = 2.5 V \pm 0.2 V(unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 1)

PARAMETER	FROM	TO (OUTPUT)	V _{CCB} = ± 0.1	= 1.8 V 5 V	V _{CCB} = ± 0.2	= 2.5 V 2 V	V _{CCB} =	= 3.3 V 3 V	V _{CCB}	= 5 V 5 V	UNIT	
	(INPUT)	(OUTPUT)	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX		
^t PLH	Α	В									ns	
^t PHL	7	В									115	
^t PLH	В	А									ns	
t _{PHL}	ם	Α									115	
^t PZH	DIR	А									ns	
t _{PZL}	DIK	Α									115	
^t PZH	DIR	В									ns	
t _{PZL}	DIK	D									115	
^t PHZ	DIR	А									20	
t _{PLZ}	DIK	Α									ns	
^t PHZ	DIR	Б								·	20	
t _{PLZ}	ЫK	В								·	ns	



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switching characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CCA} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 1)

PARAMETER	FROM	TO (OUTPUT)	V _{CCB} = ± 0.1		V _{CCB} =		V _{CCB} =		V _{CCB} ± 0.		UNIT	
	(INPUT)	(001P01)	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX		
^t PLH	Α	В									ns	
^t PHL	7	В									113	
^t PLH	В	А									nc	
^t PHL	Ь	A									ns	
^t PZH	DIR	А									ns	
t _{PZL}	DIK	^									115	
^t PZH	DIR	В									ns	
t _{PZL}	DIK	В									115	
^t PHZ	DIR	А									no	
t _{PLZ}	DIK	A									ns	
t _{PHZ}	DIR	Б									20	
t _{PLZ}	DIK	В						·			ns	

switching characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range, V_{CCA} = 5 V \pm 0.5 V(unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 1)

PARAMETER	FROM	TO (OUTPUT)	V _{CCB} = ± 0.1	= 1.8 V 5 V	V _{CCB} =	= 2.5 V 2 V	V _{CCB} =	= 3.3 V 3 V	V _{CCB}	= 5 V 5 V	UNIT
	(INPUT)	(001P01)	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
^t PLH	Α	В									ns
^t PHL	7	В									115
^t PLH	В	А									ns
^t PHL	Ь	A									115
^t PZH	DIR	А									ns
t _{PZL}	DIK	A									115
^t PZH	DIR	В									ns
t _{PZL}	DIK	В									115
^t PHZ	DIR	А									20
t _{PLZ}	DIK	Α									ns
^t PHZ	DIR	Б									20
t _{PLZ}	אוט	В									ns

operating characteristics, T_A = 25°C

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 1.8 V	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 2.5 V	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 3.3 V	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 5 V	UNIT
-	I		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
c _{pdA} †	A port input, B port output						
орад.	B port input, A port output	C _L = 0, f = 10 MHz,					pF
C int	A port input, B port output	$t_{\Gamma} = t_{f} = 1 \text{ ns}$					рг
C _{pdB} †	B port input, A port output						

[†] Power dissipation capacitance



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power-up considerations

A proper power-up sequence always should be followed to avoid excessive supply current, bus contention, oscillations, or other anomalies. Take the following precautions, in the order given, to guard against such power-up problems:

- 1. Connect ground before any supply voltage is applied.
- 2. Power up V_{CCA}.
- 3. Ramp up V_{CCB} along with or after V_{CCA}.

typical total static power consumption (I_{CCA} and I_{CCB})

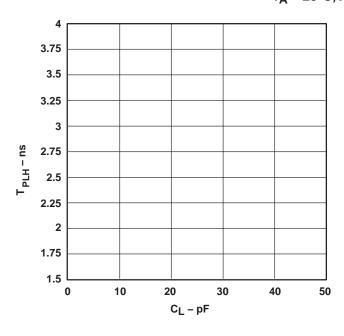
Voor	VCCA									
VCCB	1.8 V	2.5 V	3.3 V	5 V	UNIT					
1.8 V	<1	<1	<1	1.5						
2.5 V	<1	<1	<1	1						
3.3 V	<1	<1	<1	<1	μΑ					
5 V	1.5	1	<1	<1						

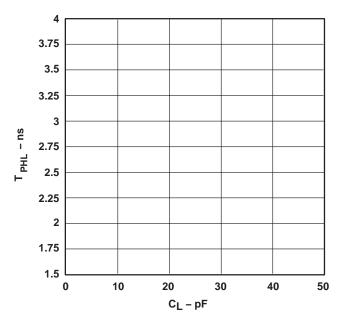
TABLE 1



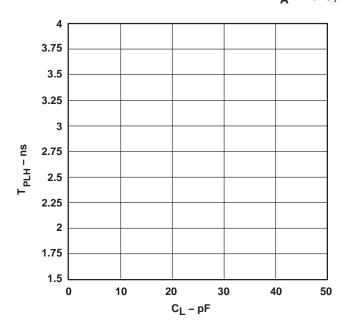
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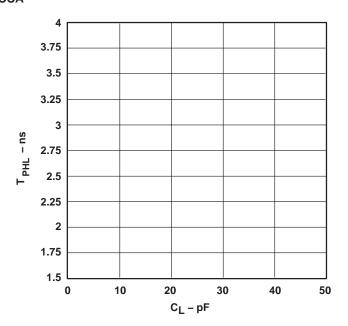
TYPICAL PROPAGATION DELAY vs LOAD CAPACITANCE, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C, V_{CCA} = 1.8 \text{ V}$





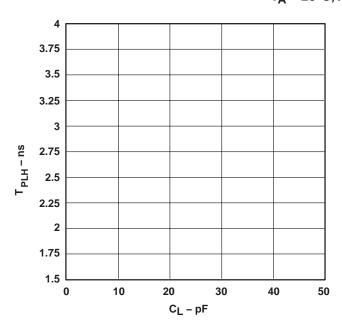
TYPICAL PROPAGATION DELAY vs LOAD CAPACITANCE, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C, V_{CCA} = 2.5 \text{ V}$

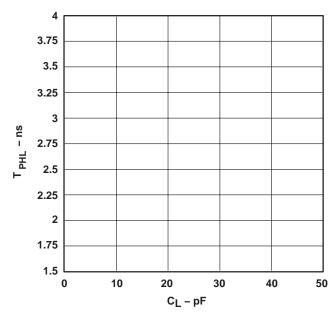




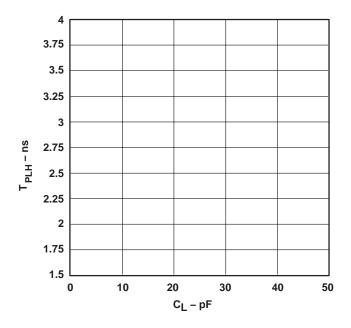
PRODUCT PREVIEW

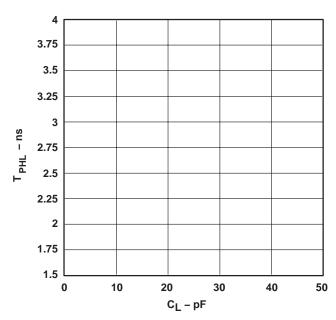
TYPICAL PROPAGATION DELAY vs LOAD CAPACITANCE, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C, V_{CCA} = 3.3 \text{ V}$



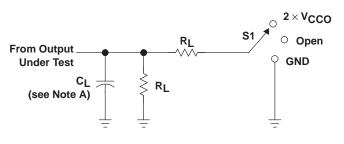


TYPICAL PROPAGATION DELAY vs LOAD CAPACITANCE, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C, V_{CCA} = 5 \text{ V}$





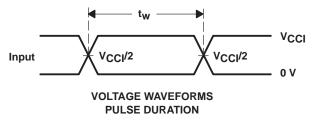
PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



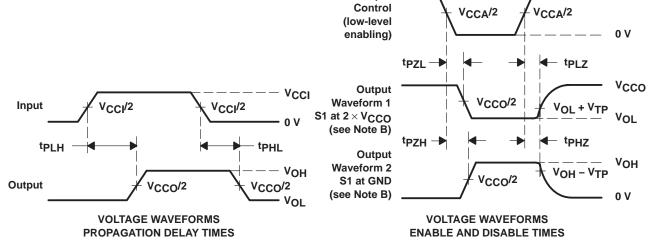
TEST	S1
t _{pd}	Open
t _{PLZ} /t _{PZL}	2×V _{CCO}
tPHZ/tPZH	GND

LOAD CIRCUIT

VCCO	CL	RL	V _{TP}	t _r or t _f
1.8 V \pm 0.15 V	15 pF	2 k Ω	0.15 V	≤2 ns
2.5 V \pm 0.2 V	15 pF	2 k Ω	0.15 V	≤2ns
3.3 V \pm 0.3 V	15 pF	2 k Ω	0.3 V	≤2.5 ns
5 V ± 0.5 V	15 pF	2 k Ω	0.3 V	≤2.5 ns



VCCA



Output

- NOTES: A. C_I includes probe and jig capacitance.
 - B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
 - C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 10 MHz, Z_O = 50 Ω .
 - D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.
 - E. V_{CCI} is the power supply voltage associated with the input port.
 - F. V_{CCO} is the power supply voltage associated with the output port.

Figure 1. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

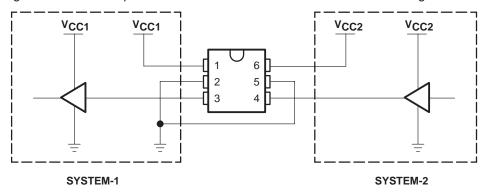


PRODUCT PREVIEW

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APPLICATION INFORMATION

The following circuit is an example of the SN74LVC1T45 used in a unidirectional logic level-shifting application.



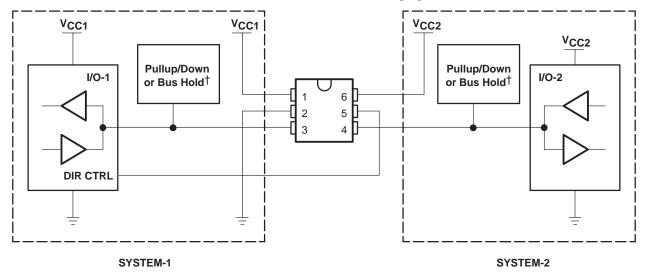
PIN	NAME	FUNCTION	DESCRIPTION	
1	VCCA	V _{CC1}	SYSTEM-1 supply voltage (1.65 V to 5.5 V)	
2	GND	GND	Device GND	
3	А	OUT	Output level depends on V _{CC1} voltage	
4	В	IN	Input threshold-value depends on V _{CC2} voltage	
5	DIR	DIR	The GND (low-level) determines B-port to A-port direction	
6	VCCB	V _{CC2}	SYSTEM-2 supply voltage (1.65 V to 5.5 V)	

Figure 2. Unidirectional Logic Level-Shifting Application



APPLICATION INFORMATION

Figure 3 shows the SN74LVC1T45 being used in a bidirectional logic level-shifting application. Because the SN74LVC1T45 does not have an output enable (OE) pin, the system designer should take precautions to avoid bus contention between SYSTEM-1 and SYSTEM-2 when changing directions.



The sequence in Figure 3 illustrates data transmission from SYSTEM-1 to SYSTEM-2 and then from SYSTEM-2 to SYSTEM-1.

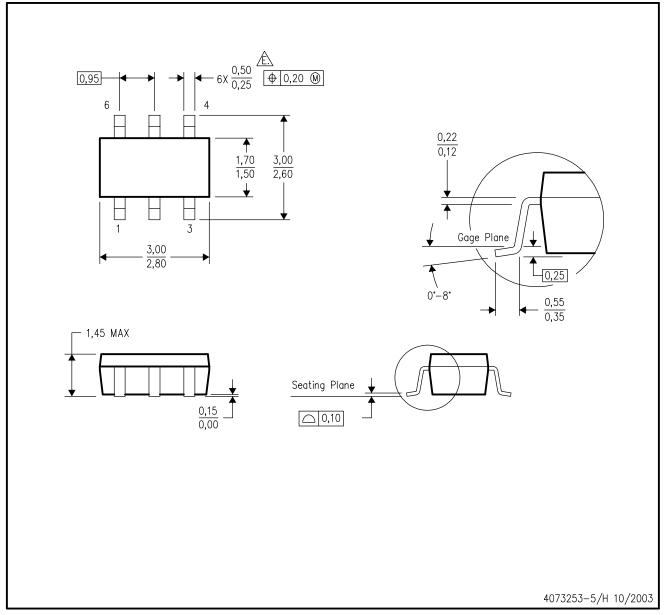
STATE	DIR CTRL	I/O 1	I/O 2	DESCRIPTION	
1	Н	OUT	IN	SYSTEM-1 data to SYSTEM-2	
2	Н	HI-Z	HI-Z	SYSTEM-2 is getting ready to send data to SYSTEM-1. I/O-1 and I/O-2 are disabled. The bus-line state depends on pullup or pulldown.†	
3	L	HI-Z	HI-Z	DIR bit is flipped. I/O-1 and I/O-2 are still disabled. The bus-line state depends or pullup or pulldown.†	
4	L	OUT	IN	SYSTEM-2 data to SYSTEM-1	

TSYSTEM-1 and SYSTEM-2 must use the same conditions, i.e., both pullup or both pulldown.

Figure 3. Bidirectional Logic Level-Shifting Application

DBV (R-PDSO-G6)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



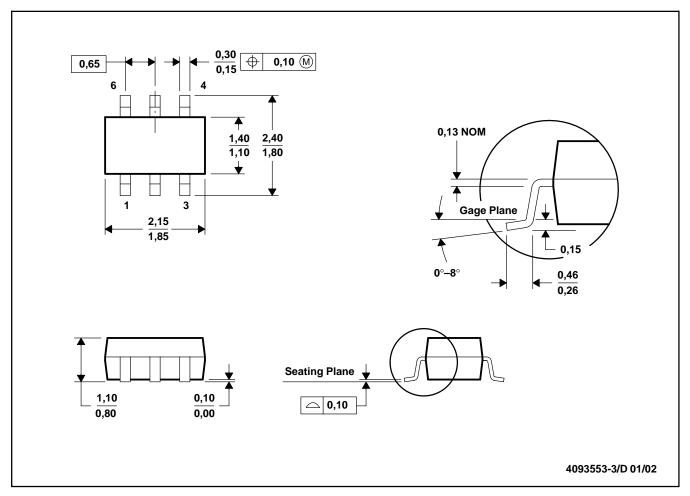
NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion.
- D. Leads 1,2,3 may be wider than leads 4,5,6 for package orientation.
- Falls within JEDEC MO-178 Variation AB, except minimum lead width.



DCK (R-PDSO-G6)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE

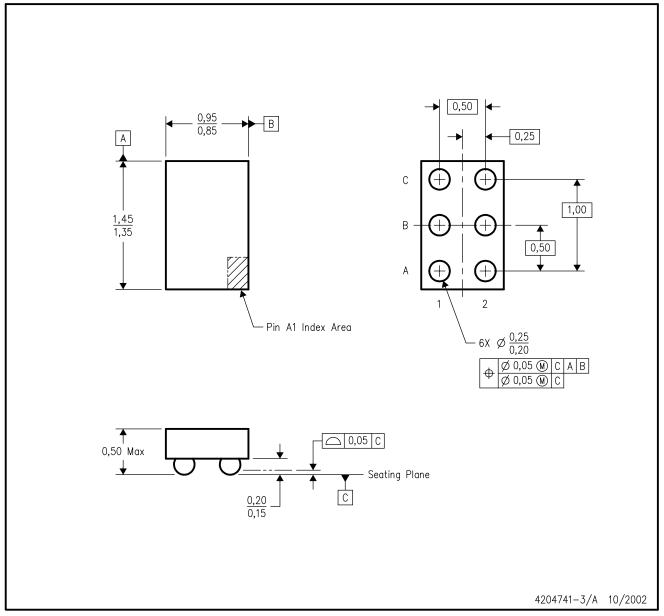


NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion.
- D. Falls within JEDEC MO-203

YZP (R-XBGA-N6)

DIE-SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

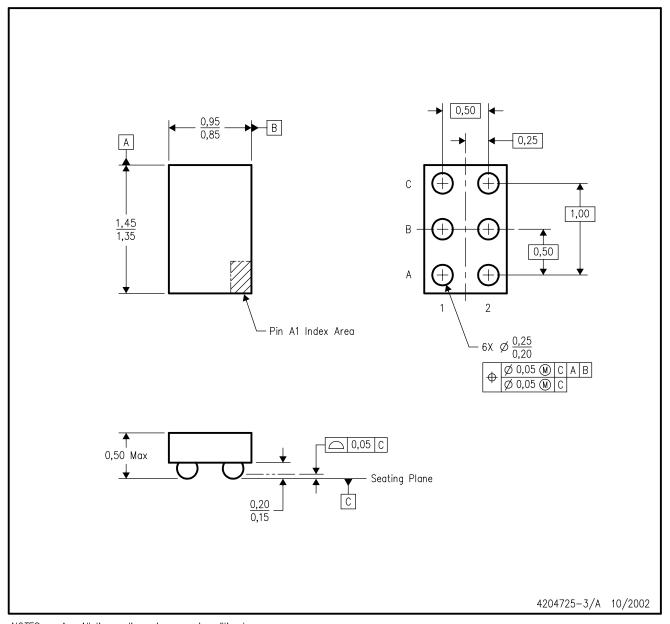
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. NanoFree™ package configuration.
- D. This package is lead-free. Refer to the 6 YEP package (drawing 4204725) for tin-lead (SnPb).

NanoFree is a trademark of Texas Instruments.



YEP (R-XBGA-N6)

DIE-SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. NanoStar \mathbf{M} package configuration.
- D. This package is tin-lead (SnPb). Refer to the 6 YZP package (drawing 4204741) for lead-free.

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