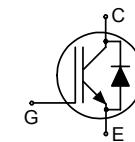


## Reverse Conducting IGBT with monolithic body diode

**Features:**

- Powerful monolithic Body Diode with very low forward voltage
- Body diode clamps negative voltages
- Trench and Fieldstop technology for 1200 V applications offers :
  - very tight parameter distribution
  - high ruggedness, temperature stable behavior
- Low EMI
- Qualified according to JEDEC<sup>1</sup> for target applications
- Pb-free lead plating; RoHS compliant
- Complete product spectrum and PSpice Models :
   
<http://www.infineon.com/igbt/>


**Applications:**

- Inductive Cooking
- Soft Switching Applications

Type	$V_{CE}$	$I_C$	$V_{CE(\text{sat})}, T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	$T_{j,\text{max}}$	Marking	Package
IHW15N120R2	1200V	15A	1.5V	175°C	H15R1202	PG-T0-247-3-21

**Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CE}$	1200	V
DC collector current $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	$I_C$	30 15	A
Pulsed collector current, $t_p$ limited by $T_{j,\text{max}}$	$I_{C\text{puls}}$	45	
Turn off safe operating area ( $V_{CE} \leq 1200\text{V}$ , $T_j \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$ )	-	45	
Diode forward current $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	$I_F$	30 15	
Diode pulsed current, $t_p$ limited by $T_{j,\text{max}}$	$I_{F\text{puls}}$	45	
Diode surge non repetitive current, $t_p$ limited by $T_{j,\text{max}}$ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , $t_p = 10\text{ms}$ , sine halfwave $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , $t_p \leq 2.5\mu\text{s}$ , sine halfwave $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$ , $t_p \leq 2.5\mu\text{s}$ , sine halfwave	$I_{FSM}$	50 130 120	
Gate-emitter voltage	$V_{GE}$	$\pm 20$	V
Transient Gate-emitter voltage ( $t_p < 5\text{ ms}$ )		$\pm 25$	
Power dissipation $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_{\text{tot}}$	357	W
Operating junction temperature	$T_j$	-40...+175	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$	-55...+175	
Soldering temperature, 1.6mm (0.063 in.) from case for 10s	-	260	
Mounting Torque	$M_s$	0.6	Nm

<sup>1</sup> J-STD-020 and JESD-022

**Thermal Resistance**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Max. Value	Unit
<b>Characteristic</b>				
IGBT thermal resistance, junction – case	$R_{thJC}$		0.52	K/W
Diode thermal resistance, junction – case	$R_{thJCD}$		0.47	
Thermal resistance, junction – ambient	$R_{thJA}$		40	

**Electrical Characteristic**, at  $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
<b>Static Characteristic</b>						
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)CES}$	$V_{GE}=0\text{V}, I_C=500\mu\text{A}$	1200	-	-	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(\text{sat})}$	$V_{GE} = 15\text{V}, I_C=15\text{A}$	-	1.5	1.75	
		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	-	1.7	-	
		$T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$	-	1.8	-	
Diode forward voltage	$V_F$	$V_{GE}=0\text{V}, I_F=15\text{A}$	-	1.45	1.65	
		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	-	1.55	-	
		$T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$	-	1.6	-	
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(\text{th})}$	$I_C=0.4\text{mA}, V_{CE}=V_{GE}$	5.1	5.8	6.4	
Zero gate voltage collector current	$I_{CES}$	$V_{CE}=1200\text{V}, V_{GE}=0\text{V}$	-	-	5	
		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	2500	
		$T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$	-	-		
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$	$V_{CE}=0\text{V}, V_{GE}=20\text{V}$	-	-	100	nA
Transconductance	$g_{fs}$	$V_{CE}=20\text{V}, I_C=15\text{A}$	-	11.7	-	S
Integrated gate resistor	$R_{Gint}$			none		$\Omega$

**Dynamic Characteristic**

Input capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{CE}=25V$ , $V_{GE}=0V$ , $f=1MHz$	-	1530	-	pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oss}$		-	49	-	
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{rss}$		-	39	-	
Gate charge	$Q_{Gate}$	$V_{CC}=960V$ , $I_C=15A$ $V_{GE}=15V$	-	133	-	nC
Internal emitter inductance measured 5mm (0.197 in.) from case	$L_E$		-	13	-	nH

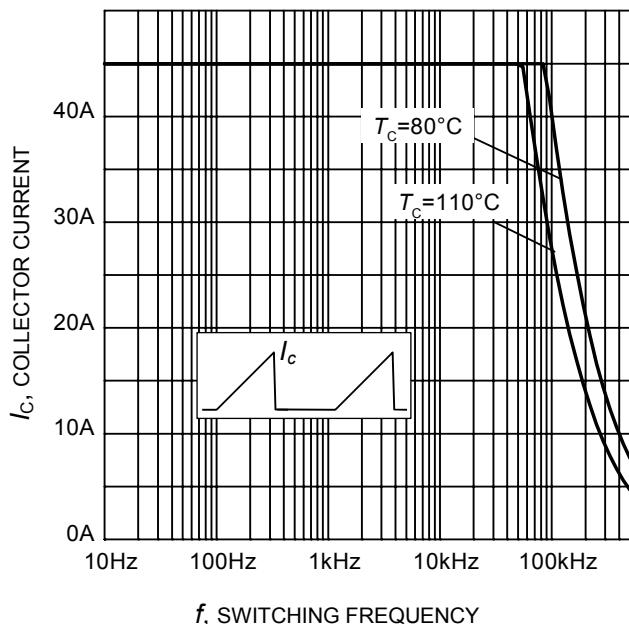
**Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at  $T_j=25^\circ C$** 

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
<b>IGBT Characteristic</b>						
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	$T_j=25^\circ C$ , $V_{CC}=600V$ , $I_C=15A$ , $V_{GE}=0 / 15V$ , $R_G=14.8\Omega$ , $L_\sigma^{2)}=230nH$ , $C_\sigma^{2)}=39pF$	-	282	-	
Fall time	$t_f$		-	62	-	
Turn-off energy	$E_{off}$		-	0.9	-	
Total switching energy	$E_{ts}$		-	0.9	-	

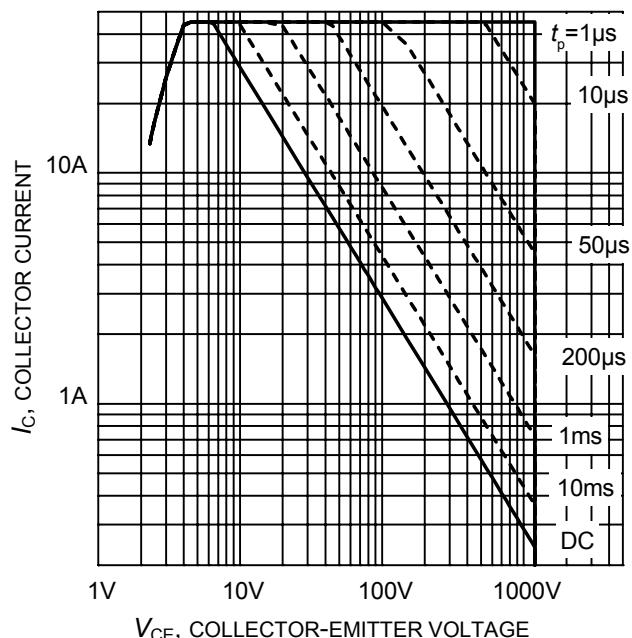
**Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at  $T_j=175^\circ C$** 

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
<b>IGBT Characteristic</b>						
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	$T_j=175^\circ C$ , $V_{CC}=600V$ , $I_C=15A$ , $V_{GE}=0 / 15V$ , $R_G=14.8\Omega$ , $L_\sigma^{2)}=230nH$ , $C_\sigma^{2)}=39pF$	-	342	-	
Fall time	$t_f$		-	90	-	
Turn-off energy	$E_{off}$		-	1.3	-	
Total switching energy	$E_{ts}$		-	1.3	-	

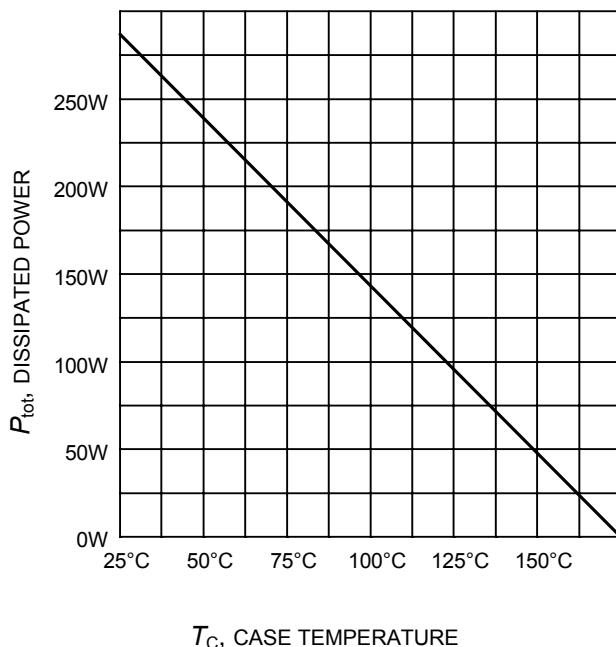
<sup>2)</sup> Leakage inductance  $L_\sigma$  and Stray capacity  $C_\sigma$  due to dynamic test circuit in Figure E.



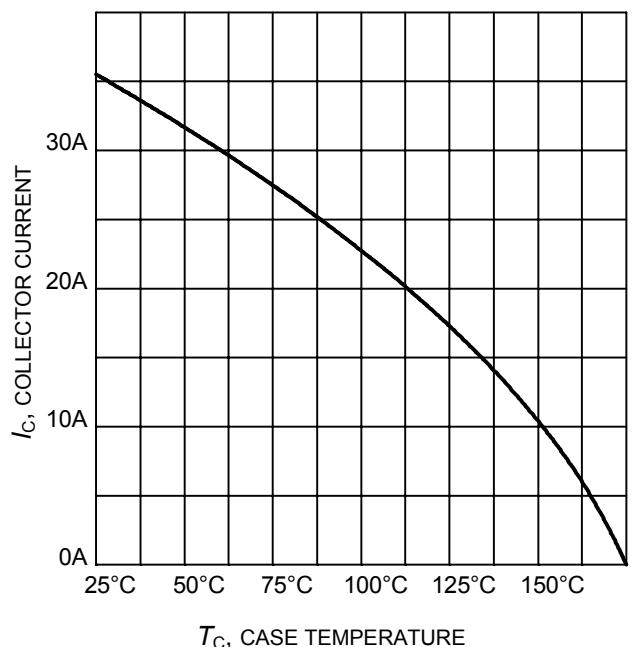
**Figure 1. Collector current as a function of switching frequency for hard switching (turn-off)**  
 $(T_j \leq 175^\circ\text{C}, D = 0.5, V_{CE} = 600\text{V}, V_{GE} = 0/+15\text{V}, R_G = 14.8\Omega)$



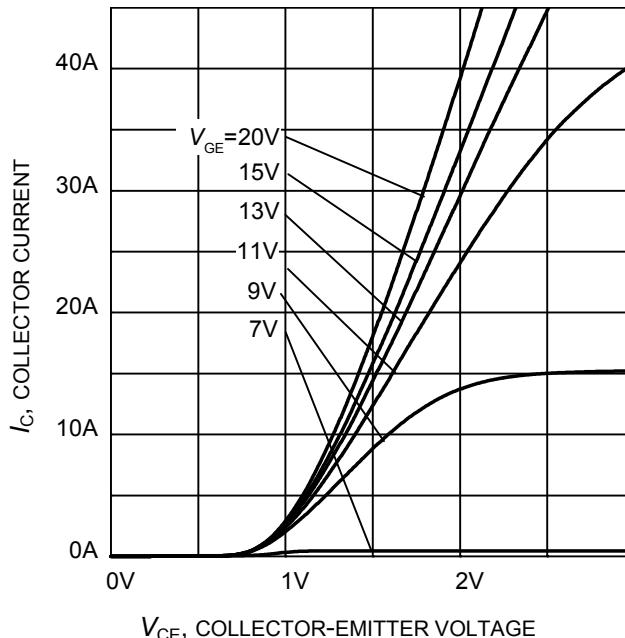
**Figure 2. IGBT Safe operating area**  
 $(D = 0, T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}, T_j \leq 175^\circ\text{C}; V_{GE}=15\text{V})$



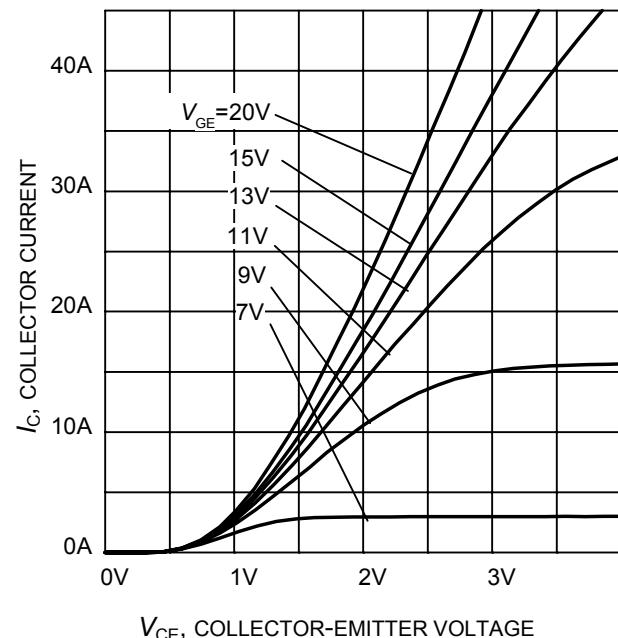
**Figure 3. Power dissipation as a function of case temperature**  
 $(T_j \leq 175^\circ\text{C})$



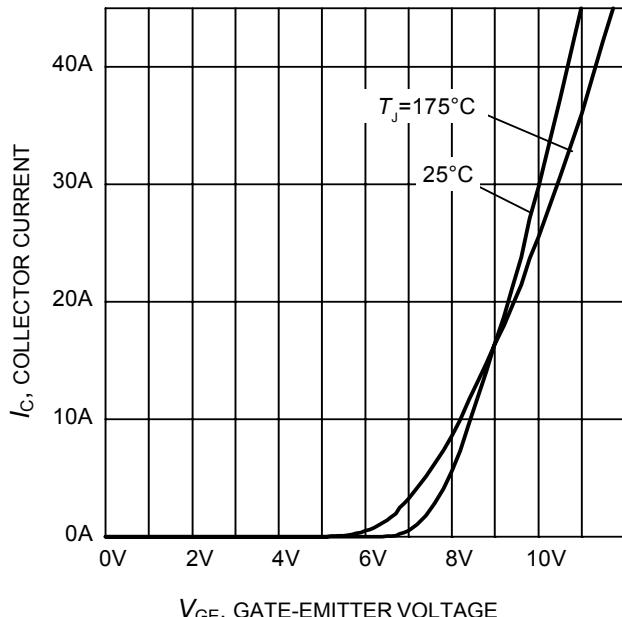
**Figure 4. DC Collector current as a function of case temperature**  
 $(V_{GE} \geq 15\text{V}, T_j \leq 175^\circ\text{C})$



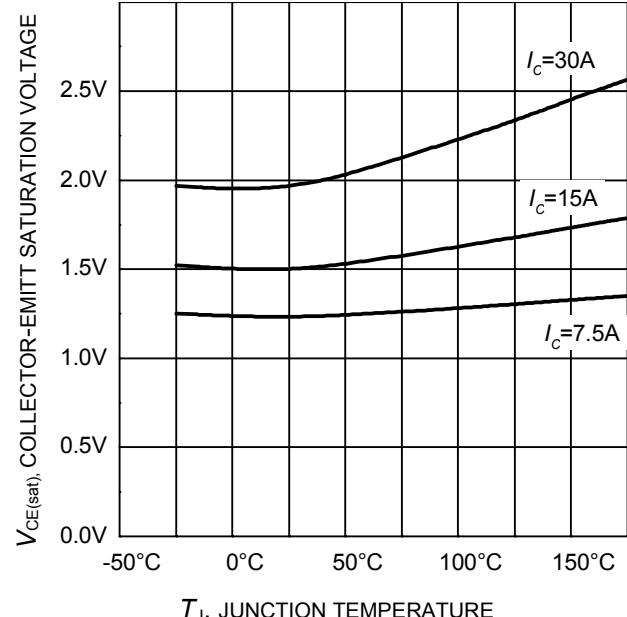
**Figure 5.** Typical output characteristic  
( $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )



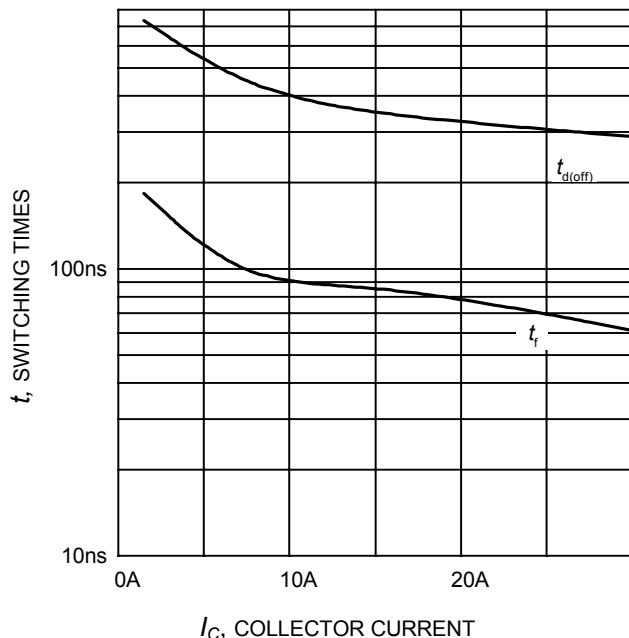
**Figure 6.** Typical output characteristic  
( $T_j = 175^\circ\text{C}$ )



**Figure 7.** Typical transfer characteristic  
( $V_{CE}=20\text{V}$ )

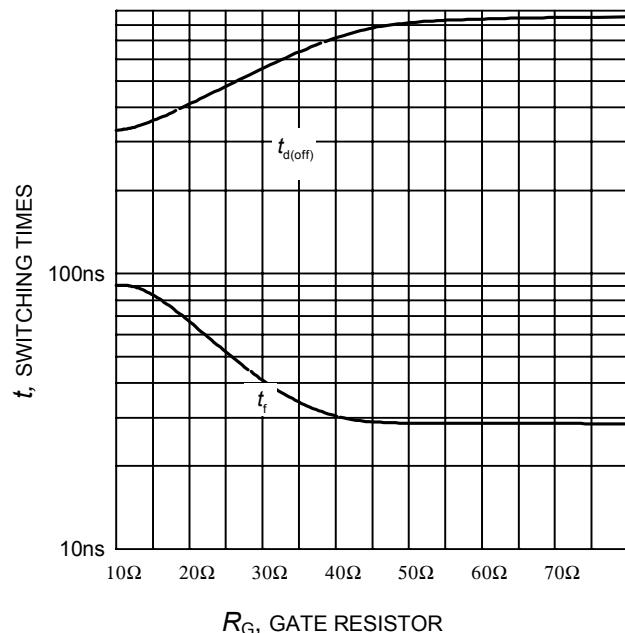


**Figure 8.** Typical collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of junction temperature  
( $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$ )



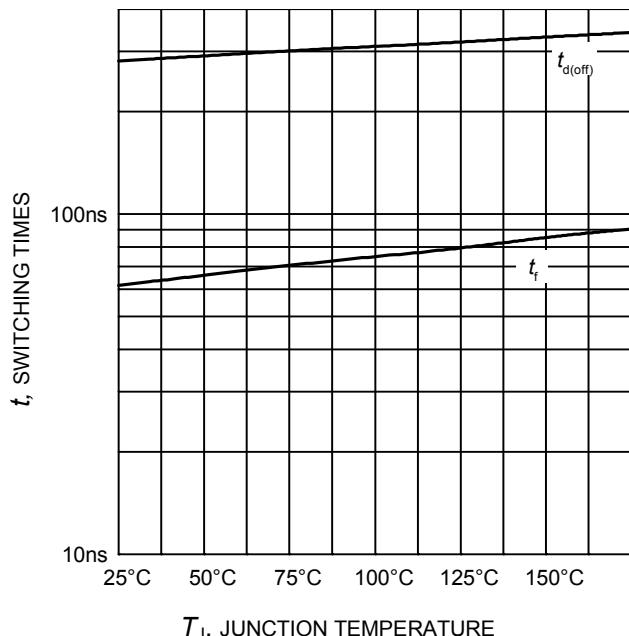
$I_C$ , COLLECTOR CURRENT

**Figure 9.** Typical switching times as a function of collector current  
(inductive load,  $T_J=175^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CE}=600\text{V}$ ,  $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$ ,  $R_G=14.8\Omega$ , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



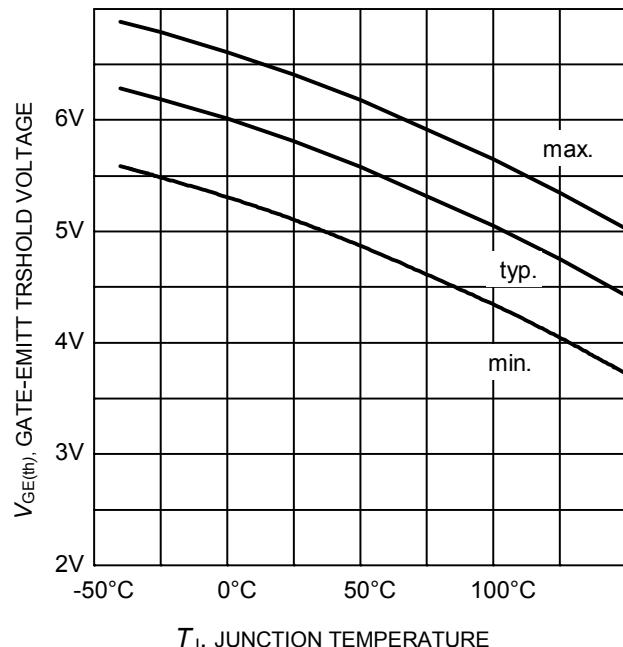
$R_G$ , GATE RESISTOR

**Figure 10.** Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor  
(inductive load,  $T_J=175^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CE}=600\text{V}$ ,  $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$ ,  $I_C=15\text{A}$ , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



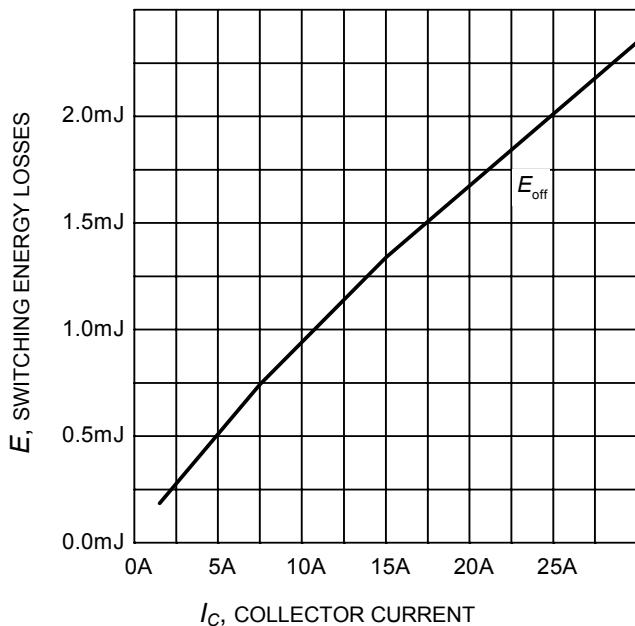
$T_J$ , JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

**Figure 11.** Typical switching times as a function of junction temperature  
(inductive load,  $V_{CE}=600\text{V}$ ,  $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$ ,  $I_C=15\text{A}$ ,  $R_G=14.8\Omega$ , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

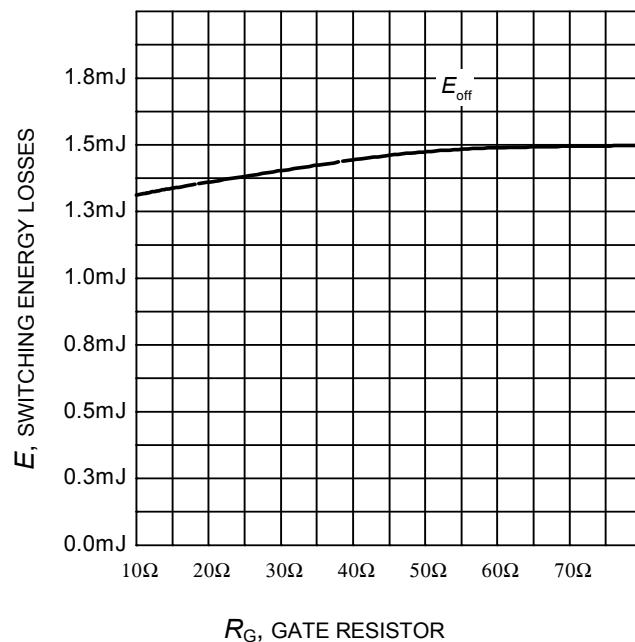


$T_J$ , JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

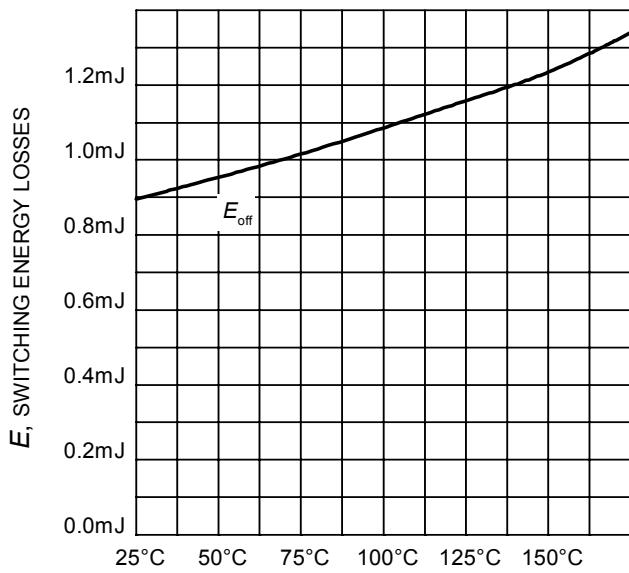
**Figure 12.** Gate-emitter threshold voltage as a function of junction temperature  
( $I_C = 0.4\text{mA}$ )


 $I_C$ , COLLECTOR CURRENT

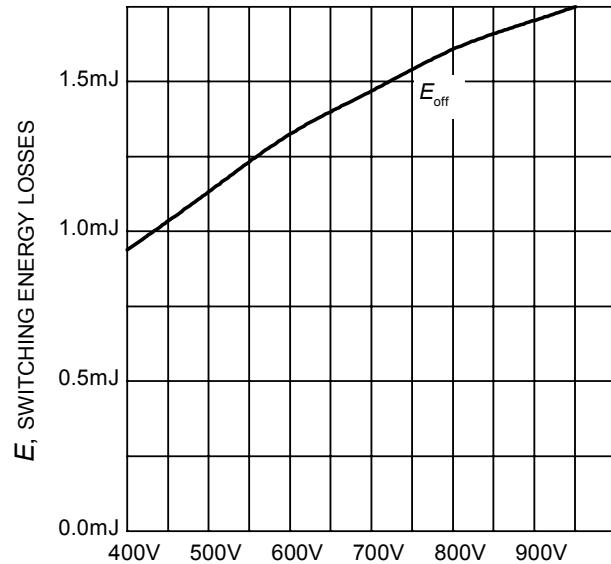
**Figure 13. Typical turn-off energy as a function of collector current**  
(inductive load,  $T_J=175^\circ\text{C}$ ,  
 $V_{CE}=600\text{V}$ ,  $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$ ,  $R_G=14.8\Omega$ ,  
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)


 $R_G$ , GATE RESISTOR

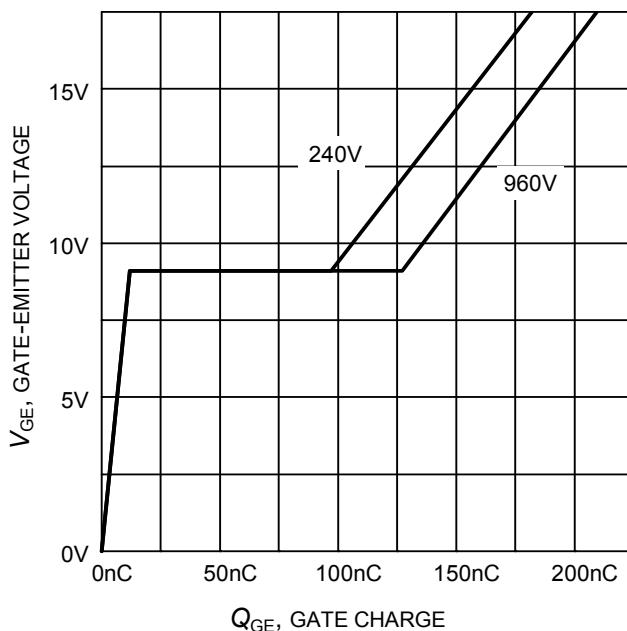
**Figure 14. Typical turn-off energy as a function of gate resistor**  
(inductive load,  $T_J=175^\circ\text{C}$ ,  
 $V_{CE}=600\text{V}$ ,  $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$ ,  $I_C=15\text{A}$ ,  
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)


 $T_J$ , JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

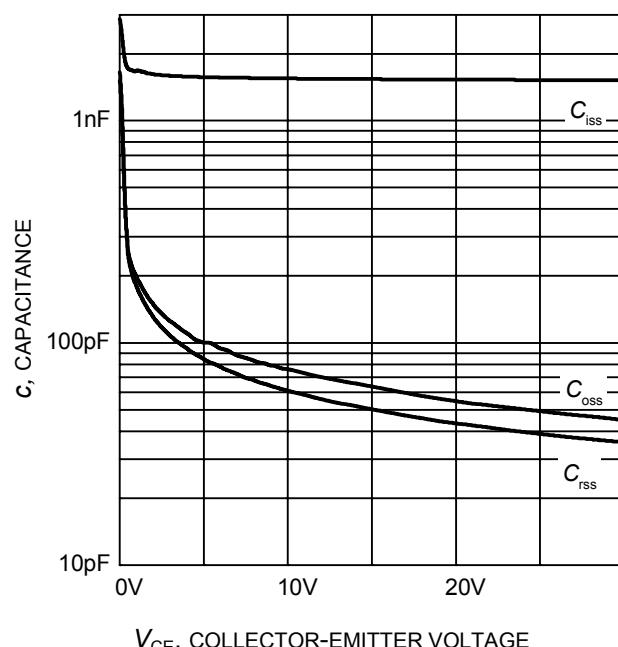
**Figure 15. Typical turn-off energy as a function of junction temperature**  
(inductive load,  $V_{CE}=600\text{V}$ ,  
 $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$ ,  $I_C=15\text{A}$ ,  $R_G=14.8\Omega$ ,  
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)


 $V_{CE}$ , COLLECTOR-EMITTER VOLTAGE

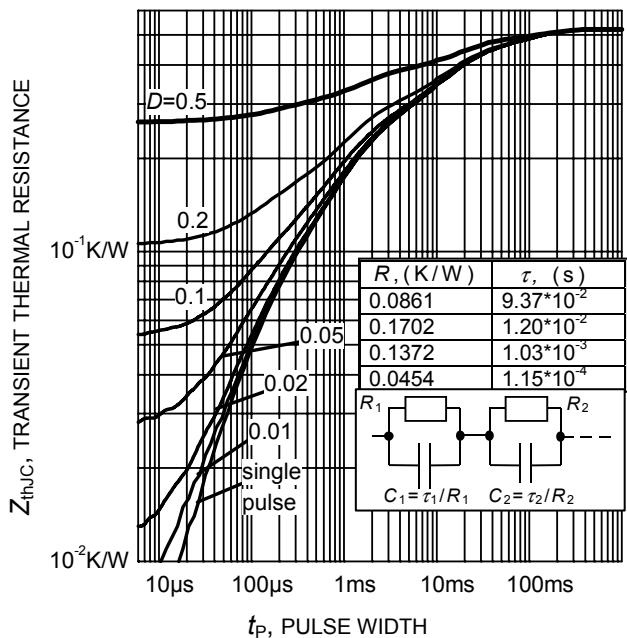
**Figure 16. Typical turn-off energy as a function of collector-emitter voltage**  
(inductive load,  $T_J=175^\circ\text{C}$ ,  
 $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$ ,  $I_C=15\text{A}$ ,  $R_G=14.8\Omega$ ,  
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



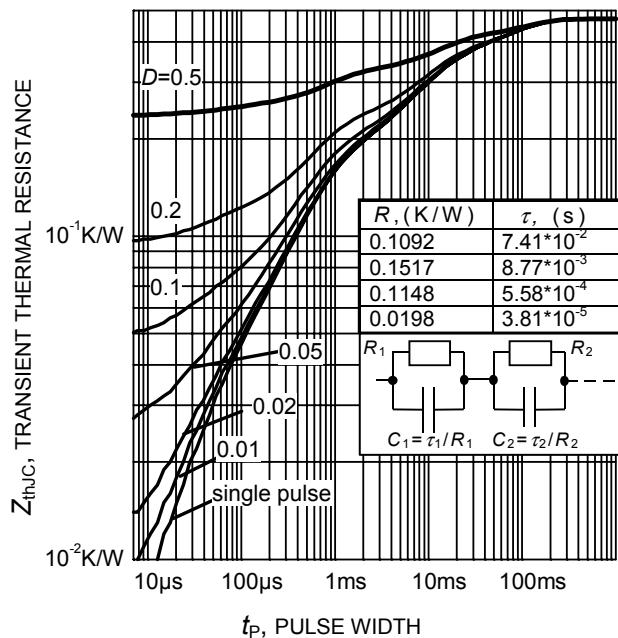
**Figure 17. Typical gate charge**  
( $I_C=15$  A)



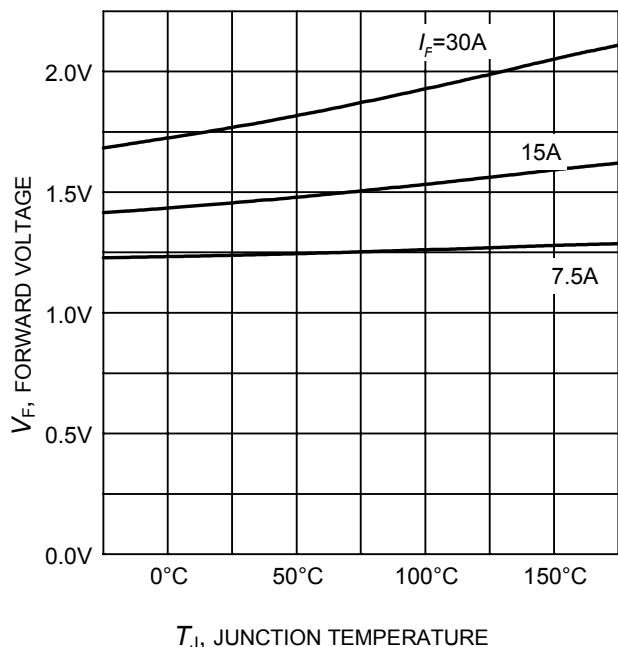
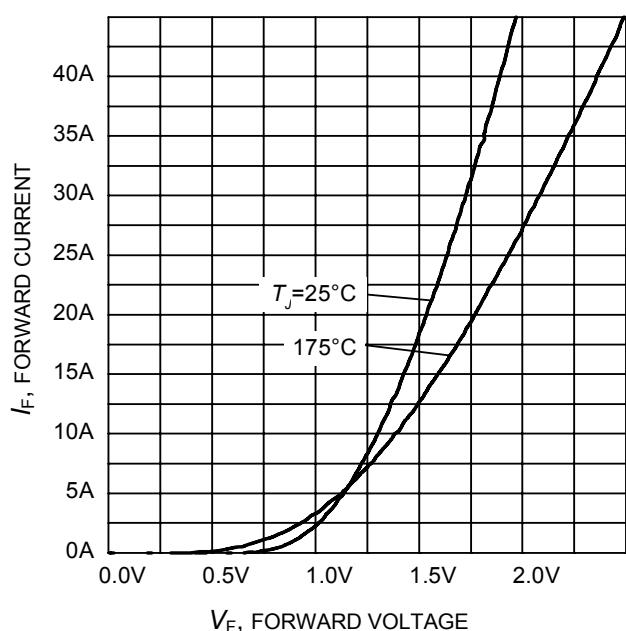
**Figure 18. Typical capacitance as a function of collector-emitter voltage**  
( $V_{GE}=0$  V,  $f = 1$  MHz)



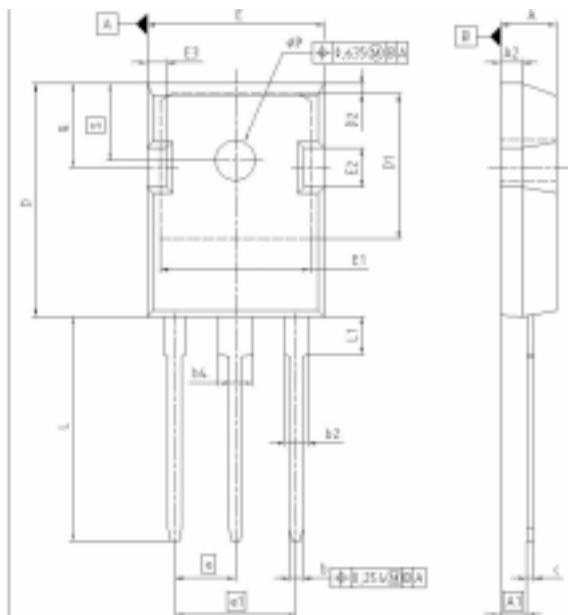
**Figure 19. IGBT transient thermal resistance**  
( $D = t_p / T$ )



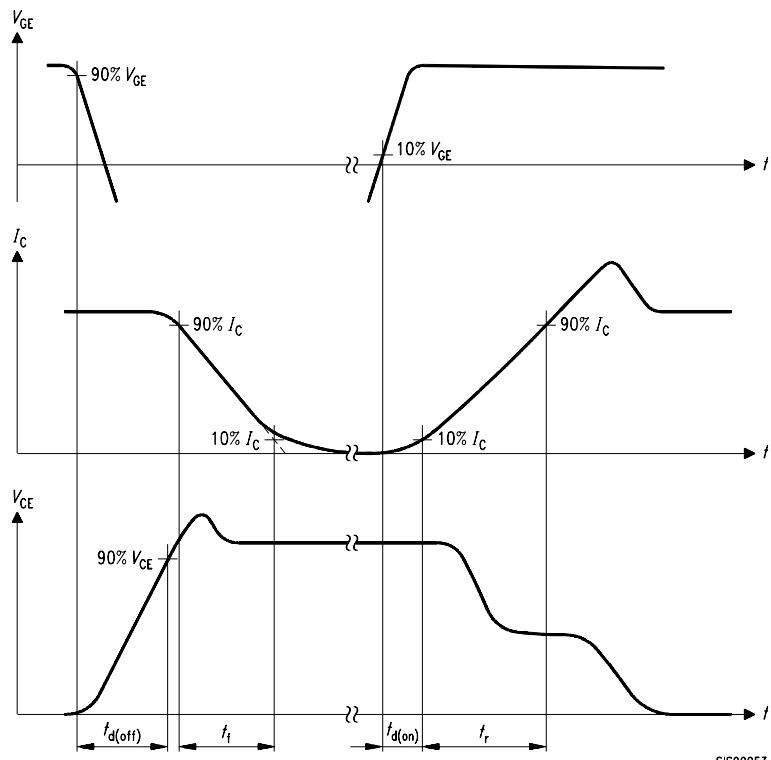
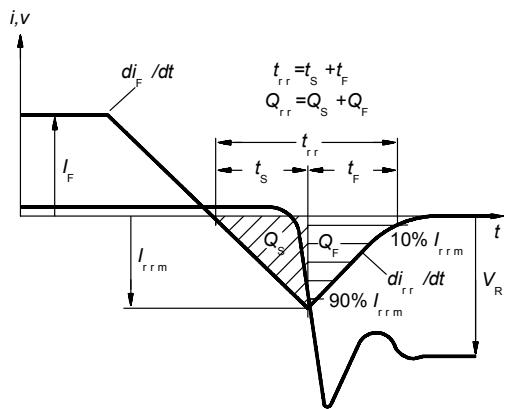
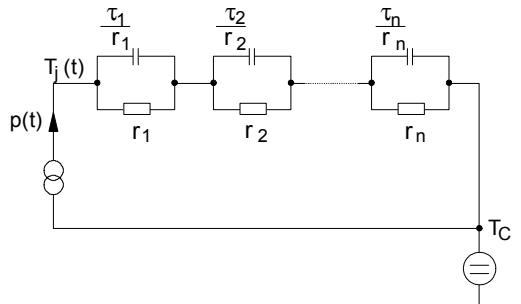
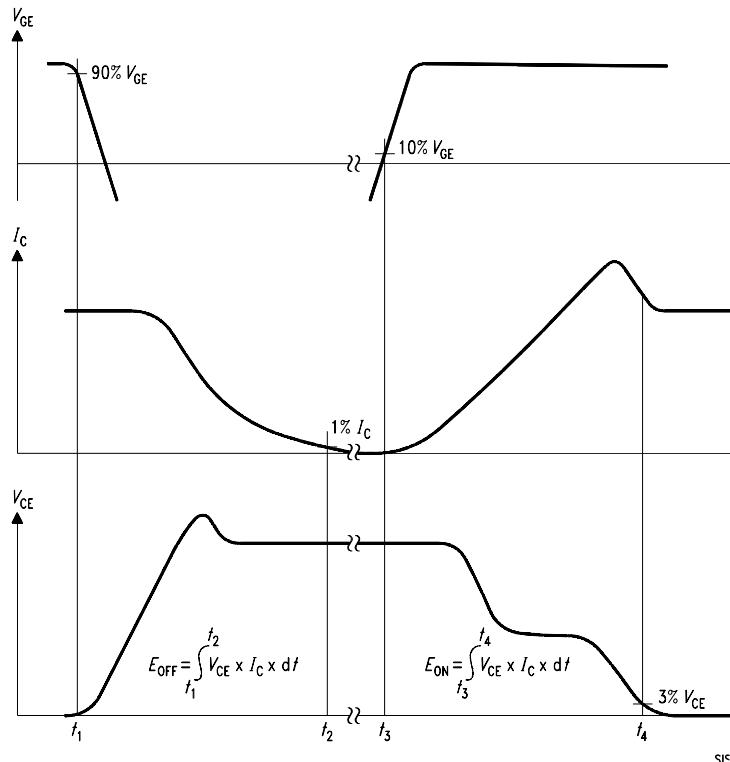
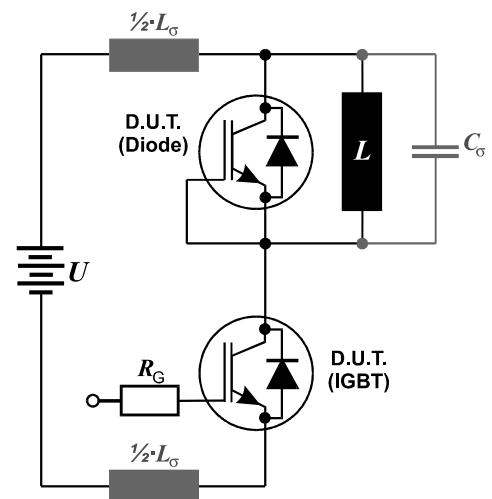
**Figure 20. Typical Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width**  
( $D=t_p/T$ )



PG-T0247-3-21



DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	4.905	5.157	0.193	0.203
A1	2.275	2.527	0.092	0.098
A2	1.853	2.107	0.073	0.081
b	1.073	1.327	0.042	0.052
b2	1.903	2.306	0.075	0.096
b4	2.870	3.454	0.113	0.138
c	0.549	0.752	0.021	0.030
D	29.823	21.077	0.820	0.830
D1	17.323	17.631	0.682	0.702
D2	1.083	1.317	0.042	0.052
E	15.773	16.027	0.614	0.634
E1	13.893	14.147	0.547	0.567
E2	3.803	3.907	0.149	0.159
E3	1.063	1.937	0.041	0.076
e	5.450		0.215	
e1	10.900		0.430	
N	3		3	
L	20.053	20.307	0.793	0.799
L1	4.188	4.472	0.164	0.173
eP	3.559	3.661	0.140	0.144
Q	5.493	5.747	0.220	0.228
S	6.943	6.297	0.270	0.248


**Figure A. Definition of switching times**

**Figure C. Definition of diodes switching characteristics**

**Figure D. Thermal equivalent circuit**

**Figure B. Definition of switching losses**

**Figure E. Dynamic test circuit**  
Leakage inductance  $L_\sigma = 180\text{nH}$   
and Stray capacity  $C_\sigma = 39\text{pF}$ .

**IHW15N120R2**

Soft Switching Series

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