8-bit Proprietary Microcontrollers

F²MC-8FX MB95100A Series

MB95107A/F108AS/F108AW/FV100A-101

■ DESCRIPTION

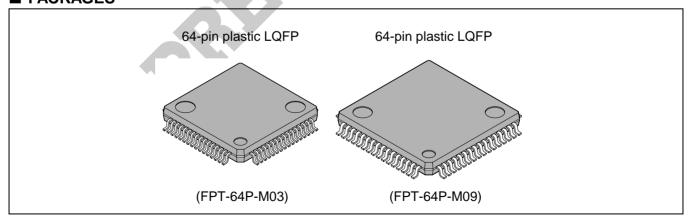
The MB95100A series is general-purpose, single-chip microcontrollers. In addition to a compact instruction set, the microcontrollers contain a variety of peripheral functions.

■ FEATURE

- F2MC-8FX CPU core
 - Instruction set optimized for controllers
 - Multiplication and division instructions
 - 16-bit arithmetic operations
 - · Bit test branch instruction
 - Bit manipulation instructions etc.
- Clock
 - · Main clock
 - · Main PLL clock
 - Subclock (for dual clock product)
 - Sub PLL clock (for dual clock product)

(Continued)

■ PACKAGES





- Timer
 - 8/16-bit compound timer × 2 channels
 - 16-bit reload timer
 - 8/16-bit PPG × 2 channels
 - 16-bit PPG × 2 channels
 - Timebase timer
 - Watch prescaler (for dual clock product)
- LIN-UART
 - Full duplex double buffer
 - · Clock asynchronous or synchronous serial transfer capable
- UART/SIO
 - · Clock asynchronous or synchronous serial transfer capable
- I2C*
 - · Built-in wake-up function
- External interrupt
 - Interrupt by edge detection (rising, falling, or both edges can be selected)
 - Can be used to recover from low-power consumption modes.
- 10-bit A/D converter
 - 10-bit resolution
- Low-power consumption (standby mode)
 - · Stop mode
 - Sleep mode
 - Watch mode (for dual clock product)
 - Timebase timer mode
- I/O port: Max 55
 - General-purpose I/O ports (Nch open drain) : 6 ports
 - General-purpose I/O ports (CMOS) : 49 ports
- *: Purchase of Fujitsu I²C components conveys a license under the Philips I²C Patent Rights to use, these components in an I²C system provided that the system conforms to the I²C Standard Specification as defined by Philips.

■ PRODUCT LINEUP

| | Part number | | | | | | |
|----------------------|--------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|-------------|--|--|--|
| Par | ameter | MB95107A | MB95F108AS | MB95F108AW | MB95FV100A-101 | | |
| Тур | oe | MASK product | FLASH product | | EVA product | | |
| RO | M capacity | 48 KB | | 60 KB | | | |
| RA | M capacity | | 2 KB | 2 KB 3.7 | | | |
| Res | set output | | N | lo | | | |
| Opt | ion | Selectable Single/Dual -system*² | Single-system | Dual-system | Selectable Single/Dual -system*1 | | |
| CP | U functions | Instruction bit length Instruction length Data bit length Minimum instruction | | | | | |
| | Ports (Max 55 ports) | General-purpose I/O General-purpose I/O | port (Nch open drain port (CMOS) |) | : 6 ports : 49 ports | | |
| | Timebase timer | Interrupt cycle: 0.5 ms, 2.05 ms, 8.2 ms, 32.8 ms (at main oscillation clock 4 MHz) | | | | | |
| | Watchdog timer | Reset generated cycle At main oscillation clock 10 MHz At sub oscillation clock 32.768 kHz (for dual clock product): Min 250 ms | | | | | |
| | Wild register | Capable of replacing 3 bytes of data | | | | | |
| ctions | I ² C bus | Master/slave sending and receiving Bus error function and arbitration function Detecting transmitting direction function Start condition repeated generation and detection functions Built-in wake-up function | | | | | |
| Peripheral functions | UART/SIO | Data transfer capable in UART/SIO Full duplex double buffer, Variable data length (5/6/7/8-bit), built-in baud rate generator Transfer rate: 2400 bps to 125000 bps (at machine clock 10 MHz) NRZ type transfer format, error detected function LSB-first or MSB-first can be selected. Clock synchronous (SIO) or clock asynchronous (UART) data transfer capable | | | | | |
| | LIN-UART | Dedicated reload timer allowing a wide range of communication speeds to be set. Capable of data transfer synchronous or asynchronous to clock signal. LIN functions available as the LIN master or LIN slave. | | | | | |
| | A/D converter (12 channels) | 8-bit or 10-bit resolution can be selected. | | | | | |
| | 16-bit reload timer | Two clock modes and two counter operating modes can be selected. Square we form output Count clock: 7 internal clocks and external clock can be selected. | | | | | |

| Par | Part number | MB95107A | MB95F108AS | MB95F108AW | MB95FV100A-101 | | | |
|----------------------|--|---|--|------------|----------------|--|--|--|
| | 8/16-bit compound timer (2 channels) | × 1 channel". Built-in timer function waveform output | Built-in timer function, PWC function, PWM function, capture function and Square | | | | | |
| inctions | 16-bit PPG (2 channels) | PWM mode or one-shot mode can be selected. Counter operating clock : Eight selectable clock sources Support for external trigger start | | | | | | |
| Peripheral functions | 8/16-bit PPG (2 channels) | Each channel of the PPG can be used as "8-bit PPG × 2 channels" or "16-bit PPG × 1 channel". Counter operating clock: Eight selectable clock sources | | | | | | |
| Per | Watch counter (for dual clock product) | Count clock: Four selectable clock sources (125 ms, 250 ms, 500 ms, or 1 s) Counter value can be set from 0 to 63. (Capable of counting for 1 minute) | | | | | | |
| | Watch prescaler (for dual clock product) | Four selectable interval times (125 ms, 250 ms, 500 ms, or 1 s) | | | | | | |
| | External interrupt (12 channels) | Interrupt by edge detection (rising, falling, or both edges can be selected.) Can be used to recover from standby modes. | | | | | | |
| Sta | ndby mode | Sleep, stop, watch, a | leep, stop, watch, and timebase timer | | | | | |

^{*1 :} Change by the switch on MCU board.

^{*2 :} Specify clock mode when ordering MASK ROM.

■ SELECT OF OSCILLATION STABILIZATION WAIT TIME (MASK PRODUCT ONLY)

For the MASK product, you can set the mask option when ordering MASK ROM to select the initial value of main clock oscillation stabilization wait time from among the following four values.

Note that the EVA and FLASH products are fixed their initial value of main clock oscillation stabilization wait time at the maximum value.

| Oscillation stabilization wait time | Remarks |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| (2 ² -2) /Fcн | 0.5 μs (at main oscillation clock 4 MHz) |
| (2 ¹² -2) /Fcн | Approx. 1.02 ms (at main oscillation clock 4 MHz) |
| (2 ¹³ -2) /Fcн | Approx. 2.05 ms (at main oscillation clock 4 MHz) |
| (2 ¹⁴ -2) /Fcн | Approx. 4.10 ms (at main oscillation clock 4 MHz) |

■ PACKAGES AND CORRESPONDING PRODUCTS

| Part number Package | MB95107A | MB95F108AS | MB95F108AW | MB95FV100A-101 |
|---------------------|----------|------------|------------|----------------|
| FPT-64P-M03 | 0 | 0 | 0 | × |
| FPT-64P-M09 | 0 | 0 | 0 | × |
| BGA-224P-M08 | × | × | × | 0 |

 $\bigcirc \ : Available \\ \times \ : Unavailable$

■ DIFFERENCES AMONG PRODUCTS AND NOTES ON SELECTING PRODUCTS

• Notes on Using EVA Products

The EVA product has not only the functions of the MB95100A corresponding products series but also those of other products to support software development for multiple series and models of the F²MC-8FX family. The I/O addresses for peripheral resources not used by the MB95100A series are therefore access-barred. Read/write access to these access-barred addresses may cause peripheral resources supposed to be unused to operate, resulting in unexpected malfunctions of hardware or software.

Take particular care not to use word, long word, or similar access to read or write odd numbered bytes in the prohibited areas.

Note that the values read from barred addresses are different between the EVA product and the FLASH or MASK product. Therefore, the data must not be used for software processing.

The EVA product do not support the functions of some bits in single-byte registers. Read/write access to these bits does not cause hardware malfunctions. Since the EVA, FLASH, and MASK products are designed to behave completely the same way in terms of hardware and software, you do not have to pay special attention to specific products.

• Difference of Memory Spaces

If the amount of memory on the EVA product is different from that of the FLASH or MASK product, carefully check the difference in the amount of memory from the model to be actually used when developing software.

Current Consumption

- The current consumption of FLASH product is typically greater than for MASK ROM product.
- For details of current consumption, refer to "■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS".

Package

For details of information on each package, see "■ PACKAGE DIMENSIONS".

Operating voltage

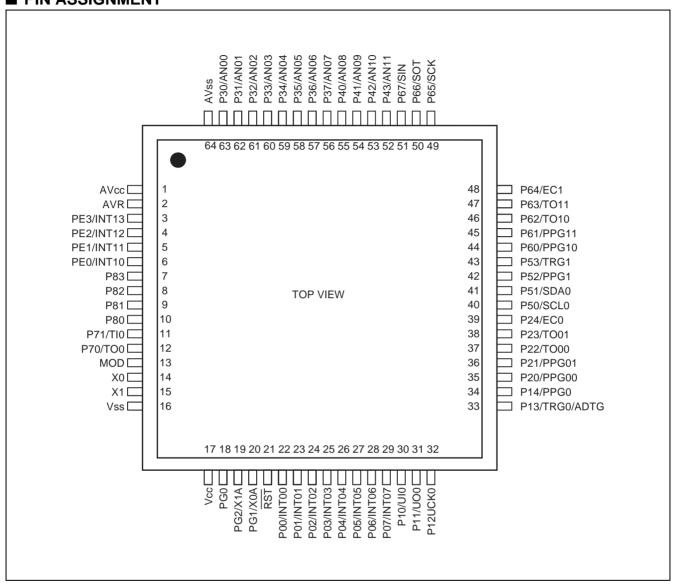
The operating voltage are different among the EVA, FLASH and MASK products.

For details of operating voltage, refer to "■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS"

• Difference between RST and MOD pins

The RST and MOD pins are hysteresis inputs on the MASK product. A pull - down resistor is provided for the MOD pin of the MASK product.

■ PIN ASSIGNMENT



■ PIN DESCRIPTION

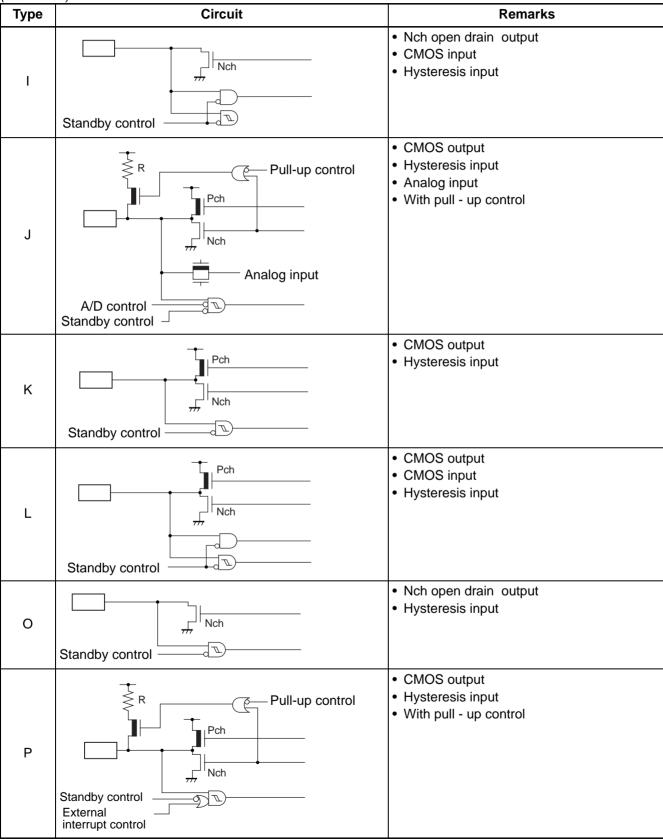
| Pin no. | Pin name | Circuit type | Description | |
|---------|-----------|--------------|--|--|
| 1 | AVcc | _ | A/D power supply pin | |
| 2 | AVR | _ | A/D reference input pin | |
| 3 | PE3/INT13 | | | |
| 4 | PE2/INT12 | P | General-purpose I/O port | |
| 5 | PE1/INT11 | | The pins are shared with the external interrupt input. | |
| 6 | PE0/INT10 | | | |
| 7 | P83 | | | |
| 8 | P82 | 0 | Canaral numana I/O nort | |
| 9 | P81 | | General-purpose I/O port | |
| 10 | P80 | | | |
| 11 | P71/TI0 | Н | General-purpose I/O port. The pin is shared with 16 - bit reload timer ch0 output. | |
| 12 | P70/TO0 | | General-purpose I/O port. The pin is shared with 16 - bit reload timer ch0 input. | |
| 13 | MOD | В | An operating mode designation pin | |
| 14 | X0 | Δ | Crystal application nin | |
| 15 | X1 | A | Crystal oscillation pin | |
| 16 | Vss | _ | Power supply pin (GND) | |
| 17 | Vcc | _ | Power supply pin | |
| 18 | PG0 | Н | General-purpose I/O port. | |
| 19 | PG2/X1A | H/A | Single-system product is general-purpose port. | |
| 20 | PG1/X0A | Π/A | Dual-system product is Crystal oscillation pin (32 kHz). | |
| 21 | RST | B' | Reset pin | |
| 22 | P00/INT00 | | | |
| 23 | P01/INT01 | | | |
| 24 | P02/INT02 |] | | |
| 25 | P03/INT03 | С | General-purpose I/O port. | |
| 26 | P04/INT04 | | The pins are shared with external interrupt input. Large current port. | |
| 27 | P05/INT05 | | | |
| 28 | P06/INT06 | | | |
| 29 | P07/INT07 | | | |
| 30 | P10/UI0 | G | General-purpose I/O port. The pin is shared with UART/SIO ch0 data input. | |

| Pin no. | Pin name | Circuit type | Description |
|---------|-------------------|--------------|--|
| 31 | P11/UO0 | | General-purpose I/O port. The pin is shared with UART/SIO ch0 data output. |
| 32 | P12/UCK0 | | General-purpose I/O port. The pin is shared with UART/SIO ch0 clock I/O. |
| 33 | P13/TRG0/ ADTG | Н | General-purpose I/O port. The pin is shared with 16-bit PPG ch0 trigger input (TRG0) and A/D trigger input (ADTG). |
| 34 | P14/PPG0 | | General-purpose I/O port. The pin is shared with 16-bit PPG ch0 output. |
| 35 | P20/PPG00 | | General-purpose I/O port. |
| 36 | P21/PPG01 | | The pins are shared with 8/16-bit PPG ch0 output. |
| 37 | P22/TO00 |]] H | General-purpose I/O port. |
| 38 | P23/TO01 |] '' | The pins are shared with 8/16-bit compound timer ch0 output. |
| 39 | P24/EC0 | _ | General-purpose I/O port. The pin is shared with 8/16-bit compound timer ch0 clock input. |
| 40 | P50/SCL0 | | General-purpose I/O port. The pin is shared with I ² C ch0 clock I/O. |
| 41 | P51/SDA0 | - | General-purpose I/O port. The pin is shared with I ² C ch0 data I/O. |
| 42 | P52/PPG1 | . н | General-purpose I/O port. The pin is shared with 16-bit PPG ch1 output. |
| 43 | P53/TRG1 |] " | General-purpose I/O port. The pin is shared with 16-bit PPG ch1 trigger input. |
| 44 | P60/PPG10 | | General-purpose I/O port. |
| 45 | P61/PPG11 | | The pins are shared with 8/16-bit PPG ch1 output. |
| 46 | P62/TO10 | | General-purpose I/O port. |
| 47 | P63/TO11 | | The pins are shared with 8/16-bit compound timer ch1 output. |
| 48 | P64/EC1 | K | General-purpose I/O port. The pin is shared with 8/16-bit compound timer ch1 clock input. |
| 49 | P65/SCK | | General-purpose I/O port. The pin is shared with LIN-UART clock I/O. |
| 50 | P66/SOT | | General-purpose I/O port. The pin is shared with LIN-UART data output. |
| 51 | P67/SIN | L | General-purpose I/O port. The pin is shared with LIN-UART data input. |
| 52 | P43/AN11 | | |
| 53 | P42/AN10 | | General-purpose I/O port. |
| 54 | P41/AN09 | - J | The pins are shared with A/D analog input. |
| 55 | P40/AN08 | | |

| Pin no. | Pin name | Circuit type | Description | |
|---------|----------|--------------|--|--|
| 56 | P37/AN07 | | | |
| 57 | P36/AN06 | | | |
| 58 | P35/AN05 | | | |
| 59 | P34/AN04 | J | General-purpose I/O port. | |
| 60 | P33/AN03 | J | The pins are shared with A/D analog input. | |
| 61 | P32/AN02 | | | |
| 62 | P31/AN01 | | | |
| 63 | P30/AN00 |] | | |
| 64 | AVss | | A/D power supply pin (GND) | |

■ I/O CIRCUIT TYPE

| Туре | Circuit | Remarks |
|------|---|--|
| А | X1 (X1A) X0 (X0A) Standby control | Oscillation circuit High-speed side Feedback resistance value : approx. 1 MΩ Low-speed side Feedback resistance : approx. 24 MΩ (EVA product : approx. 10 MΩ) Dumping resistance : approx. 144 kΩ (EVA product : without dumping resistance) |
| В | R R | Only for input Hysteresis input only for MASK product With pull-down resistor only for MASK product |
| B' | | Hysteresis input only for MASK product |
| С | Standby control External interrupt enable | CMOS output Hysteresis input |
| G | Pull-up control Nch Standby control | CMOS output CMOS input Hysteresis input With pull - up control |
| Н | Pull-up control Standby control | CMOS output Hysteresis input With pull - up control |



■ HANDLING DEVICES

Preventing Latchup

Care must be taken to ensure that maximum voltage ratings are not exceeded when they are used.

Latchup may occur on CMOS ICs if voltage higher than Vcc or lower than Vss is applied to input and output pins other than medium- and high-withstand voltage pins or if higher than the rating voltage is applied between Vcc and Vss.

When latchup occurs, power supply current increases rapidly and might thermally damage elements.

Also, take care to prevent the analog power supply voltage (AVcc, AVR) and analog input voltage from exceeding the digital power supply voltage (Vcc) when the analog system power supply is turned on or off.

• Stable Supply Voltage

Supply voltage should be stabilized.

A sudden change in power-supply voltage may cause a malfunction even within the guaranteed operating range of the Vcc power-supply voltage.

For stabilization, in principle, keep the variation in Vcc ripple (p-p value) in a commercial frequency range (50 Hz to 60 Hz) not to exceed 10% of the Vcc value and suppress the voltage variation so that the transient variation rate does not exceed 0.1 V/ms during a momentary change such as when the power supply is switched.

• Treatment of Unused Input Pin

An unused input pin may cause a malfunction if it is left open. It should be connected to a pull-up or pull-down resistor.

• Treatment of Power Supply Pins on A/D Converter

Connect to be AVcc = Vcc and AVss = AVR = Vss even if the A/D converter is not in use.

Precautions for Use of External Clock

Even when an external clock is used, oscillation stabilization wait time is required for power-on reset, wake-up from subclock mode or stop mode.

• Precaution against Noise to the External Reset Pin (RST)

An input of a reset pulse below the specified level to the external reset pin (\overline{RST}) may cause malfunctions. Be sure not to allow an input of a reset pulse below the specified level to the external reset pin (\overline{RST}) .

■ PROGRAMMING FLASH MICROCONTROLLERS USING PARALLEL PROGRAMMER

• Supported Parallel Programmers and Adapters

The following table lists supported parallel programmers and adapters.

| Package | Applicable adapter model | Parallel programmers |
|-------------|--------------------------|--|
| FPT-64P-M03 | TEF110-108F35AP | AF9708 (Ver 02.35G or more) AF9709/B (Ver 02.35G or more) |
| FPT-64P-M09 | TEF110-108F36AP | AF9723+AF9834 (Ver 02.08E or more) |

Notes: • Set all of the J1 to J3 switches on the adapter to "95F108".

• For information on applicable adapter models and parallel programmers, contact the following: Flash Support Group, Inc. TEL: 053-428-8380

Sector Configuration

The individual sectors of flash memory correspond to addresses used for CPU access and programming by the parallel programmer as follows:

| FLASH memory | CPU address | Writer address* | |
|-----------------|---------------|----------------------------------|------------|
| SA1 (4 Kbytes) | 1000н | 7 10 0 0 H | |
| ` , | 1FFFн | 71FFFн | \ <u>~</u> |
| SA2 (4Kbytes) | 2000н | 72000н | Lower bank |
| , , , | 2FFFн | 72FFFн |) we |
| SA3 (4 Kbytes) | 3000н — — | 73000н |] |
| | 3FFFн | 73FFF _H | |
| SA4 (16 Kbytes) | 4000н | 74000н | |
| | 7FFFн | 77FFF _H | |
| SA5 (16 Kbytes) | 8000н | 78000 _H | |
| | BFFF | 7BFFFн | |
| SA6 (4 Kbytes) | С000н — — | 7 С 000 _н | 논 |
| | CFFFH | 7CFFFн | pa |
| SA7 (4 Kbytes) | | 7 <u>D</u> 000н | Upper bank |
| , , , | DFFFH | 7DFFFн | |
| SA8 (4 Kbytes) | Е000н | 7 <u>E</u> 000 _H | |
| ` ' ' | EFFFH | 7EFFF _H | |
| SA9 (4 Kbytes) | F000H | 7F000 _H | |
| (2,122) | <u>FFFF</u> H | 7FFFF _H | |

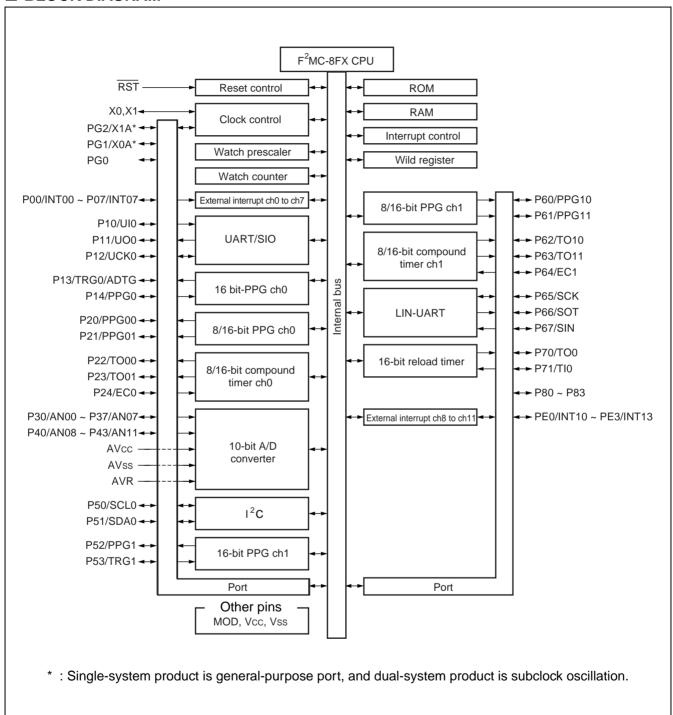
^{*:} Programmer addresses are equivalent to CPU addresses, used when the parallel programmer programs data into flash memory.

These programmer addresses are used for the parallel programmer to program or erase data in flash memory.

• Programming Method

- 1) Set the type code of the parallel programmer to 17226.
- 2) Load program data to programmer addresses 71000H to 7FFFFH.
- 3) Programmed by parallel programmer

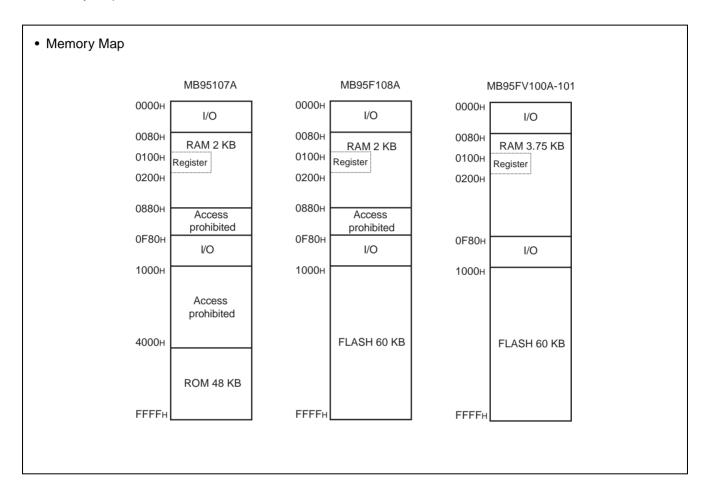
■ BLOCK DIAGRAM



■ CPU CORE

1. Memory space

Memory space of the MB95100A series is 64 Kbytes and consists of I/O area, data area, and program area. The memory space includes special - purpose areas such as the general - purpose registers and vector table. Memory map of the MB95100A series is shown in below.



2. Register

The MB95100A series has two types of registers; dedicated registers in the CPU and general-purpose registers in the memory. The dedicated registers are as follows:

Program counter (PC) : A 16-bit register to indicate locations where instructions are stored.

Accumulator (A) : A 16-bit register for temporary storage of arithmetic operations. In the case of

an 8-bit data processing instruction, the lower one byte is used.

Temporary accumulator (T) : A 16-bit register which performs arithmetic operations with the accumulator.

In the case of an 8-bit data processing instruction, the lower one byte is used.

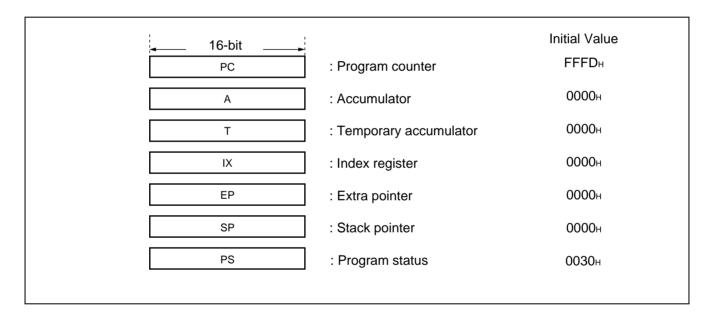
Index register (IX) : A 16-bit register for index modification

Extra pointer (EP) : A 16-bit pointer to point to a memory address.

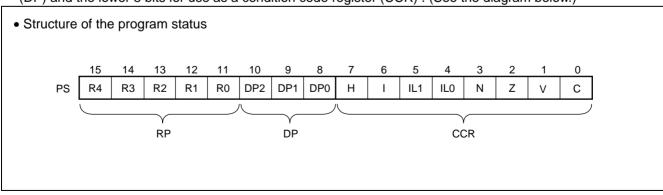
Stack pointer (SP) : A 16-bit register to indicate a stack area.

Program status (PS) : A 16-bit register for storing a register bank pointer, a direct bank pointer, and

a condition code register



The PS can further be divided into higher 8 bits for use as a register bank pointer (RP) and a direct bank pointer (DP) and the lower 8 bits for use as a condition code register (CCR). (See the diagram below.)



The RP indicates the address of the register bank currently being used. The relationship between the content of RP and the real address conforms to the conversion rule illustrated below:

• Rule for Conversion of Actual Addresses in the General-purpose Register Area RP upper OP code lower R4 R3 R2 R1 R0 b2 b1 b0 ¥ ¥ ¥ ¥ ¥ ¥ ***** Generated address A15 A14 A13 A12 A11 **A8** АЗ A2 Α1 A0 A10 A9 Α7 A6 A5 A4

The DP specifies the area for mapping instructions (16 different instructions such as MOV A, dir) using direct addresses to 0080_H to 00FF_H.

| Direct bank pointer (DP2 to DP0) | Specified address area | Mapping area |
|----------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Don't care | 0000н to 007Fн | 0000н to 007Fн (without mapping) |
| 000₅ (initial value) | | 0080н to 00FFн (without mapping) |
| 001в | | 0100н to 017Fн |
| 010в | | 0180н to 01FFн |
| 011в | 0080н to 00FFн | 0200н to 027Fн |
| 100в | - 0000H tO 00FFH | 0280н to 02FFн |
| 101в | | 0300н to 037Fн |
| 110в | | 0380н to 03FFн |
| 111в | | 0400н to 047Fн |

The CCR consists of the bits indicating arithmetic operation results or transfer data contents and the bits that control CPU operations at interrupt.

H flag : Set to "1" when a carry or a borrow from bit 3 to bit 4 occurs as a result of an arithmetic operation.

Cleared to "0" otherwise. This flag is for decimal adjustment instructions.

I flag : Interrupt is enabled when this flag is set to "1". Interrupt is disabled when this flag is set to "0".

The flag is set to "0" when reset.

IL1, IL0 : Indicates the level of the interrupt currently enabled. Processes an interrupt only if its request level

is higher than the value indicated by this bit.

| IL1 | IL0 | Interrupt level | Priority |
|-----|-----|-----------------|-----------------------|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | High |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | ↑ |
| 1 | 0 | 2 | _ |
| 1 | 1 | 3 | Low = no interruption |

N flag : Set to "1" if the MSB is set to "1" as the result of an arithmetic operation. Cleared to "0" when the bit is set to "0".

Z flag : Set to "1" when an arithmetic operation results in 0. Cleared to "0" otherwise.

V flag : Set to "1" if the complement on 2 overflows as a result of an arithmetic operation. Cleared to "0"

otherwise.

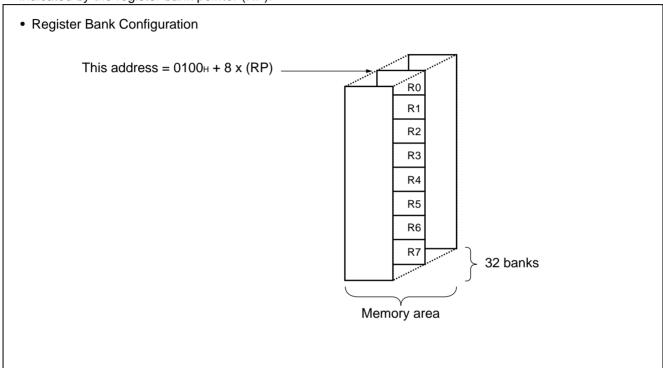
C flag : Set to "1" when a carry or a borrow from bit 7 occurs as a result of an arithmetic operation. Cleared

to "0" otherwise. Set to the shift-out vallue in the case of a shift instruction.

The following general-purpose registers are provided:

General-purpose registers: 8-bit data storage registers

The general-purpose registers are 8 bits and located in the register banks on the memory. One bank contains eight registers. Up to a total of 32 banks can be used on the MB95100A series. The bank currently in use is indicated by the register bank pointer (RP).



■ I/O MAP

| Address | Register abbreviation | Register name | R/W | Initial value |
|-------------------|-----------------------|--|-----|---------------|
| 0000н | PDR0 | Port 0 data register | R/W | 0000000В |
| 0001н | DDR0 | Port 0 direction register | R/W | 00000000В |
| 0002н | PDR1 | Port 1 data register | R/W | 00000000в |
| 0003н | DDR1 | Port 1 direction register | R/W | 00000000в |
| 0004н | _ | (Vacancy) | _ | _ |
| 0005н | WATR | Oscillation stabilization wait time setting register | R/W | 11111111в |
| 0006н | PLLC | PLL control register | R/W | 00000000в |
| 0007н | SYCC | System clock control register | R/W | 1010X011в |
| 0008н | STBC | Standby control register | R/W | 00000000в |
| 0009н | RSRR | Reset source register | R | XXXXXXXX |
| 000Ан | TBTC | Timebase timer control register | R/W | 0000000в |
| 000Вн | WPCR | Watch prescaler control register | R/W | 0000000 |
| 000Сн | WDTC | Watchdog timer control register | R/W | 0000000 |
| 000Дн | _ | (Vacancy) | _ | _ |
| 000Ен | PDR2 | Port 2 data register | R/W | 00000000в |
| 000Fн | DDR2 | Port 2 direction register | R/W | 0000000В |
| 0010н | PDR3 | Port 3 data register | R/W | 0000000 |
| 0011н | DDR3 | Port 3 direction register | R/W | 00000000В |
| 0012н | PDR4 | Port 4 data register | R/W | 00000000в |
| 0013н | DDR4 | Port 4 direction register | R/W | 00000000В |
| 0014н | PDR5 | Port 5 data register | R/W | 00000000в |
| 0015н | DDR5 | Port 5 direction register | R/W | 00000000в |
| 0016н | PDR6 | Port 6 data register | R/W | 00000000в |
| 0017н | DDR6 | Port 6 direction register | R/W | 0000000В |
| 0018н | PDR7 | Port 7 data register | R/W | 0000000В |
| 0019н | DDR7 | Port 7 direction register | R/W | 0000000В |
| 001Ан | PDR8 | Port 8 data register | R/W | 0000000В |
| 001Вн | DDR8 | Port 8 direction register | R/W | 0000000В |
| 001Сн to 0025н | _ | (Vacancy) | _ | _ |
| 0026н | PDRE | Port E data register | R/W | 0000000В |
| 0027н | DDRE | Port E direction register | R/W | 0000000В |
| 0028н | | (Magazay) | | |
| 0029н | - | (Vacancy) | _ | _ |
| 002Ан | PDRG | Port G data register | R/W | 0000000в |

| Address | Register abbreviation | Register name | R/W | Initial value |
|---------|-----------------------|--|-----|---------------|
| 002Вн | DDRG | Port G direction register | R/W | 0000000В |
| 002Сн | | (Vacancy) | _ | _ |
| 002Dн | PUL1 | Port 1 pull - up register | R/W | 0000000В |
| 002Ен | PUL2 | Port 2 pull - up register | R/W | 0000000В |
| 002Fн | PUL3 | Port 3 pull - up register | R/W | 0000000В |
| 0030н | PUL4 | Port 4 pull - up register | R/W | 0000000В |
| 0031н | PUL5 | Port 5 pull - up register | R/W | 0000000В |
| 0032н | PUL7 | Port 7 pull - up register | R/W | 0000000В |
| 0033н | | (Vacancy) | _ | _ |
| 0034н | PULE | Port E pull - up register | R/W | 0000000В |
| 0035н | PULG | Port G pull - up register | R/W | 0000000В |
| 0036н | T01CR1 | 8/16-bit compound timer 01 control status register 1 ch0 | R/W | 0000000В |
| 0037н | T00CR1 | 8/16-bit compound timer 00 control status register 1 ch0 | R/W | 0000000В |
| 0038н | T11CR1 | 8/16-bit compound timer 11 control status register 1 ch1 | R/W | 0000000В |
| 0039н | T10CR1 | 8/16-bit compound timer 10 control status register 1 ch1 | R/W | 0000000В |
| 003Ан | PC01 | 8/16-bit PPG1 control register ch0 | R/W | 0000000В |
| 003Вн | PC00 | 8/16-bit PPG0 control register ch0 | R/W | 0000000В |
| 003Сн | PC11 | 8/16-bit PPG1 control register ch1 | R/W | 0000000В |
| 003Dн | PC10 | 8/16-bit PPG0 control register ch1 | R/W | 0000000В |
| 003Ен | TMCSRH0 | 16-bit reload timer control status register (Upper byte) ch0 | R/W | 0000000В |
| 003Fн | TMCSRL0 | 16-bit reload timer control status register (Lower byte) ch0 | R/W | 0000000В |
| 0040н | | (Macana) | | |
| 0041н | | (Vacancy) | _ | _ |
| 0042н | PCNTH0 | 16-bit PPG control status register (Upper byte) ch0 | R/W | 0000000В |
| 0043н | PCNTL0 | 16-bit PPG control status register (Lower byte) ch0 | R/W | 0000000В |
| 0044н | PCNTH1 | 16-bit PPG control status register (Upper byte) ch1 | R/W | 0000000В |
| 0045н | PCNTL1 | 16-bit PPG control status register (Lower byte) ch1 | R/W | 0000000В |
| 0046н | | (Vacanav) | | |
| 0047н | | (Vacancy) | _ | _ |
| 0048н | EIC00 | External interrupt circuit control register ch0/1 | R/W | 0000000В |
| 0049н | EIC10 | External interrupt circuit control register ch2/3 | R/W | 0000000В |
| 004Ан | EIC20 | External interrupt circuit control register ch4/5 | R/W | 0000000В |
| 004Вн | EIC30 | External interrupt circuit control register ch6/7 | R/W | 0000000В |
| 004Сн | EIC01 | External interrupt circuit control register ch8/9 | R/W | 0000000В |
| 004Dн | EIC11 | External interrupt circuit control register ch10/11 | R/W | 0000000В |

| Address | Register abbreviation | R/W | Initial value | |
|-------------------|-----------------------|--|---------------|-----------|
| 004Ен | | 0.4 | | |
| 004Fн | _ | (Vacancy) | _ | |
| 0050н | SCR | LIN-UART serial control register | R/W | 0000000В |
| 0051н | SMR | LIN-UART serial mode register | R/W | 0000000В |
| 0052н | SSR | LIN-UARTserial status register | R/W | 00001000в |
| 0053н | RDR/TDR | LIN-UART reception/transmission data register | R/W | 0000000В |
| 0054н | ESCR | LIN-UART extended status control register | R/W | 00000100в |
| 0055н | ECCR | LIN-UART extended communication control register | R/W | 000000XXB |
| 0056н | SMC10 | UART/SIO serial mode control register 1 ch0 | R/W | 0000000В |
| 0057н | SMC20 | UART/SIO serial mode control register 2 ch0 | R/W | 00100000в |
| 0058н | SSR0 | UART/SIO serial status register ch0 | R/W | 0000001в |
| 0059н | TDR0 | UART/SIO serial output data register ch0 | R/W | 0000000В |
| 005Ан | RDR0 | UART/SIO serial input data register ch0 | R | 0000000В |
| 005Вн to 005Fн | _ | (Vacancy) | _ | _ |
| 0060н | IBCR00 | I ² C bus control register 0 ch0 | R/W | 0000000В |
| 0061н | IBCR10 | I ² C bus control register 1 ch0 | R/W | 0000000в |
| 0062н | IBSR0 | I ² C bus status register ch0 | R | 0000000в |
| 0063н | IDDR0 | I ² C data register ch0 | R/W | 0000000в |
| 0064н | IAAR0 | I ² C address register ch0 | R/W | 0000000в |
| 0065н | ICCR0 | I ² C clock control register ch0 | R/W | 0000000в |
| 0066н to 006Вн | _ | (Vacancy) | _ | _ |
| 006Сн | ADC1 | A/D control register 1 | R/W | 0000000в |
| 006Dн | ADC2 | A/D control register 2 | R/W | 0000000в |
| 006Ен | ADDH | A/D data register (Upper byte) | R/W | 0000000в |
| 006Fн | ADDL | A/D data register (Lower byte) | R/W | 0000000в |
| 0070н | WCSR | Watch counter status register | R/W | 0000000в |
| 0071н | _ | (Vacancy) | _ | _ |
| 0072н | FSR | FLASH memory status register | R/W | 000Х0000в |
| 0073н | SWRE0 | FLASH memory sector writing control register 0 | R/W | 0000000В |
| 0074н | SWRE1 | FLASH memory sector writing control register 1 | R/W | 0000000В |
| 0075н | _ | (Vacancy) | _ | _ |
| 0076н | WREN | Wild register address compare enable register | R/W | 0000000В |
| 0077н | WROR | Wild register data test setting register | R/W | 0000000В |

| Address | Register abbreviation | Register name | R/W | Initial value |
|-------------------|-----------------------|--|-----|-----------------------|
| 0078н | _ | (Mirror of register bank pointer (RP) and direct bank pointer (DP)) | _ | _ |
| 0079н | ILR0 | Interrupt level setting register 0 | R/W | 11111111в |
| 007Ан | ILR1 | Interrupt level setting register 1 | R/W | 11111111в |
| 007Вн | ILR2 | Interrupt level setting register 2 | R/W | 11111111 _B |
| 007Сн | ILR3 | Interrupt level setting register 3 | R/W | 11111111в |
| 007Dн | ILR4 | Interrupt level setting register 4 | R/W | 11111111в |
| 007Ен | ILR5 | Interrupt level setting register 5 | R/W | 11111111в |
| 007Fн | _ | (Vacancy) | _ | _ |
| 0F80н | WRARH0 | Wild register address setting register (Upper byte) ch0 | R/W | 0000000в |
| 0F81н | WRARL0 | Wild register address setting register (Lower byte) ch0 | R/W | 0000000В |
| 0F82н | WRDR0 | Wild register data setting register ch0 | R/W | 0000000В |
| 0F83н | WRARH1 | Wild register address setting register (Upper byte) ch1 | R/W | 0000000В |
| 0F84н | WRARL1 | Wild register address setting register (Lower byte) ch1 | R/W | 0000000В |
| 0F85н | WRDR1 | Wild register data setting register ch1 | R/W | 0000000В |
| 0F86н | WRARH2 | Wild register address setting register (Upper byte) ch2 | R/W | 0000000В |
| 0F87н | WRARL2 | Wild register address setting register (Lower byte) ch2 | R/W | 0000000В |
| 0F88н | WRDR2 | Wild register data setting register ch2 | R/W | 0000000В |
| 0F89н to 0F91н | _ | (Vacancy) | _ | _ |
| 0F92н | T01CR0 | 8/16-bit compound timer 01 control status register 0 ch0 | R/W | 0000000В |
| 0F93н | T00CR0 | 8/16-bit compound timer 00 control status register 0 ch0 | R/W | 0000000в |
| 0F94н | T01DR | 8/16-bit compound timer 01 data register ch0 | R/W | 0000000В |
| 0F95н | T00DR | 8/16-bit compound timer 00 data register ch0 | R/W | 0000000В |
| 0F96н | TMCR0 | 8/16-bit compound timer 00/01 timer mode control register ch0 | R/W | 00000000в |
| 0F97н | T11CR0 | 8/16-bit compound timer 11 control status register 0 ch1 | R/W | 0000000В |
| 0F98н | T10CR0 | 8/16-bit compound timer 10 control status register 0 ch1 | R/W | 0000000в |
| 0F99н | T11DR | 8/16-bit compound timer 11 data register ch1 | R/W | 0000000В |
| 0F9Ан | T10DR | 8/16-bit compound timer 10 data register ch1 | | 0000000В |
| 0F9Вн | TMCR1 | 8/16-bit compound timer 10/11 timer mode control register ch1 | R/W | 00000000в |
| 0F9Cн | PPS01 | 8/16-bit PPG1 cycle setting buffer register ch0 | R/W | 11111111в |
| 0F9Dн | PPS00 | 8/16-bit PPG0 cycle setting buffer register ch0 | R/W | 11111111в |
| 0F9Eн | PDS01 | 8/16-bit PPG1 duty setting buffer register ch0 | R/W | 11111111в |
| 0F9Fн | PDS00 | 8/16-bit PPG0 duty setting buffer register ch0 | R/W | 11111111в |

| Address | Register abbreviation | Register name | R/W | Initial value |
|-------------------|-----------------------|--|-----|---------------|
| 0FА0н | PPS11 | 8/16-bit PPG1 cycle setting buffer register ch1 | R/W | 11111111в |
| 0FA1н | PPS10 | 8/16-bit PPG0 cycle setting buffer register ch1 | R/W | 11111111В |
| 0FA2н | PDS11 | 8/16-bit PPG1 duty setting buffer register ch1 | R/W | 11111111в |
| 0FАЗн | PDS10 | 8/16-bit PPG0 duty setting buffer register ch1 | R/W | 11111111в |
| 0FA4н | PPGS | 8/16-bit PPG start register | R/W | 0000000В |
| 0FА5н | REVC | 8/16-bit PPG output inversion register | R/W | 0000000В |
| 0FA6н | TMRH0/ TMRLRH0 | 16-bit timer register (Upper byte) ch0/ 16-bit reload register (Upper byte) ch0 | R/W | 00000000в |
| 0FA7н | TMRL0/ TMRLRL0 | 16-bit timer register (Lower byte) ch0/ 16-bit reload register (Lower byte) ch0 | R/W | 00000000в |
| 0FA8н | | (Vacancy) | | |
| 0FА9н | | (vacancy) | | |
| 0ҒААн | PDCRH0 | 16-bit PPG down counter register (Upper byte) ch0 | R | 0000000В |
| 0ҒАВн | PDCRL0 | 16-bit PPG down counter register (Lower byte) ch0 | R | 0000000В |
| 0FАСн | PCSRH0 | 16-bit PPG cycle setting buffer register (Upper byte) ch0 | R/W | 11111111в |
| 0FADн | PCSRL0 | 16-bit PPG cycle setting buffer register (Lower byte) ch0 | R/W | 11111111В |
| 0FAEн | PDUTH0 | 16-bit PPG duty setting buffer register (Upper byte) ch0 | R/W | 11111111в |
| 0FAFн | PDUTL0 | 16-bit PPG duty setting buffer register (Lower byte) ch0 | R/W | 11111111в |
| 0FB0н | PDCRH1 | 16-bit PPG down counter register (Upper byte) ch1 | R | 0000000В |
| 0FB1н | PDCRL1 | 16-bit PPG down counter register (Lower byte) ch1 | R | 0000000В |
| 0FB2н | PCSRH1 | 16-bit PPG cycle setting buffer register (Upper byte) ch1 | R/W | 11111111в |
| 0FB3н | PCSRL1 | 16-bit PPG cycle setting buffer register (Lower byte) ch1 | R/W | 11111111В |
| 0FB4н | PDUTH1 | 16-bit PPG duty setting buffer registe (Upper byte) ch1 | R/W | 11111111в |
| 0FB5н | PDUTL1 | 16-bit PPG duty setting buffer register (Lower byte) ch1 | R/W | 11111111в |
| 0FB6н to 0FBBн | _ | (Vacancy) | _ | _ |
| 0FBCн | BGR1 | LIN-UART baud rate generator register 1 | R/W | 0000000В |
| 0FBDн | BGR0 | LIN-UART baud rate generator register 0 | R/W | 0000000В |
| 0FBЕн | PSSR0 | UART/SIO prescaler selection register ch0 | R/W | 0000000В |
| 0FBFн | BRSR0 | UART/SIO baud rate setting register ch0 | R/W | 0000000В |
| 0FC0н 0FC1н | _ | (Vacancy) | | _ |
| 0FC2н | AIDRH | A/D input disable register (Upper byte) | R/W | 0000000 |
| 0FС3н | AIDRL | A/D input disable register (Lower byte) | R/W | 00000000 |
| 0FC4н to 0FE2н | _ | (Vacancy) | _ | _ |

(Continued)

| Address | Register abbreviation | Register name | R/W | Initial value |
|-------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|-----|---------------|
| 0FE3н | WCDR | Watch counter data register | R/W | 00111111в |
| 0FE4н to 0FEDн | _ | (Vacancy) | _ | _ |
| 0FEEн | ILSR | Input level select register | R/W | 0000000В |
| 0FEF _H | WICR | Interrupt pin control register | R/W | 01000000в |
| 0FF0н to 0FFFн | _ | (Vacancy) | _ | _ |

• Read/write access symbols

R/W : Readable and Writable

R : Read only W : Write only

• Initial value symbols

0 : The initial value of this bit is "0".1 : The initial value of this bit is "1".

X : The initial value of this bit is undefined.

■ INTERRUPT SOURCE TABLE

| | Interrupt | Vector tab | le address | Bit name of | Same level | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| Interrupt source | request number | uest i | | interrupt level setting register | priority order (atsimultaneous occurrence) | |
| External interrupt ch0 | IRQ0 | FFFA⊦ | FFFB⊦ | L00 [1 : 0] | High | |
| External interrupt ch4 | IKQU | ГГГАН | ГГГОН | L00 [1 . 0] | A | |
| External interrupt ch1 | IRQ1 | FFF8 _H | FFF9 _H | L01 [1 : 0] | 1 | |
| External interrupt ch5 | IKQI | ГГГОН | ГГГЭН | LOTET. Of | | |
| External interrupt ch2 | IRQ2 | ГГГС | ГГГ7. | 1.02.[4 . 0] | | |
| External interrupt ch6 | IRQZ | FFF6 _H | FFF7 _H | L02 [1 : 0] | | |
| External interrupt ch3 | IDO2 | FFF4 | | 1 02 [4 . 0] | | |
| External interrupt ch7 | IRQ3 | FFF4 _H | FFF5 _H | L03 [1 : 0] | | |
| UART/SIO ch0 | IRQ4 | FFF2 _H | FFF3 _H | L04 [1 : 0] | | |
| 8/16-bit compound timer ch0 (Lower) | IRQ5 | FFF0 _H | FFF1 _H | L05 [1 : 0] | | |
| 8/16-bit compound timer ch0 (Upper) | IRQ6 | FFEEH | FFEFH | L06 [1 : 0] | | |
| LIN-UART (reception) | IRQ7 | FFECH | FFEDH | L07 [1:0] | | |
| LIN-UART (transmission) | IRQ8 | FFEAH | FFEBH | L08 [1 : 0] | | |
| 8/16-bit PPG ch1 (Lower) | IRQ9 | FFE8 _H | FFE9 _H | L09 [1 : 0] | | |
| 8/16-bit PPG ch1 (Upper) | IRQ10 | FFE6 _H | FFE7 _H | L10 [1:0] | | |
| 16-bit reload timer ch0 | IRQ11 | FFE4 _H | FFE5 _H | L11 [1 : 0] | | |
| 8/16-bit PPG ch0 (Upper) | IRQ12 | FFE2 _H | FFE3 _H | L12 [1 : 0] | | |
| 8/16-bit PPG ch0 (Lower) | IRQ13 | FFE0 _H | FFE1 _H | L13 [1 : 0] | | |
| 8/16-bit compound timer ch1 (Upper) | IRQ14 | FFDE _H | FFDF _H | L14 [1 : 0] | | |
| 16-bit PPG ch0 | IRQ15 | FFDCH | FFDDH | L15 [1 : 0] | | |
| I ² C ch0 | IRQ16 | FFDA _H | FFDB _H | L16 [1 : 0] | | |
| 16-bit PPG ch1 | IRQ17 | FFD8 _H | FFD9⊦ | L17 [1:0] | | |
| 10-bit A/D converter | IRQ18 | FFD6 _H | FFD7 _H | L18 [1 : 0] | | |
| Timebase timer | IRQ19 | FFD4 _H | FFD5 _H | L19 [1 : 0] | | |
| Watch timer/counter | IRQ20 | FFD2 _H | FFD3 _H | L20 [1 : 0] | | |
| External interrupt ch8 | | | | | | |
| External interrupt ch9 | IDO24 | EEDO | EED4 | 1 24 [4 . 0] | | |
| External interrupt ch10 | IRQ21 | FFD0 _H | FFD1 _H | L21 [1 : 0] | | |
| External interrupt ch11 | | | | | | |
| 8/16-bit compound timer ch1 (Lower) | IRQ22 | FFCEH | FFCFH | L22 [1 : 0] | ▼ | |
| FLASH | IRQ23 | FFCCH | FFCDH | L23 [1 : 0] | Low | |

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

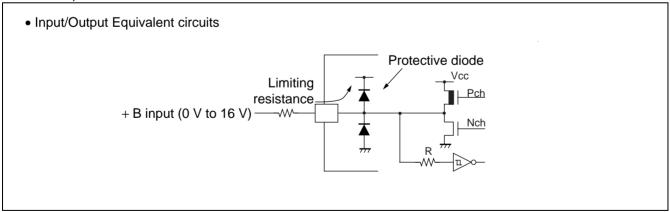
1. Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Doromotor | Cumbal | Rating | | l lmi4 | Domarko | | |
|--|--------------------|-----------|-------------|--------|--|--|--|
| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit | Remarks | | |
| Power supply voltage*1 | Vcc AVcc | Vss - 0.3 | Vss + 4.0 | V | *2 | | |
| | AVR | Vss - 0.3 | Vss + 4.0 | - | *2 | | |
| least valtage*1 | Vıı | Vss - 0.3 | Vss + 4.0 | V | Other than P50, P51, P80 to P83*3 | | |
| Input voltage*1 | Vı2 | Vss - 0.3 | Vss + 6.0 | V | P50, P51, P80 to P83 | | |
| Output voltage*1 | Vo | Vss - 0.3 | Vss + 4.0 | V | *3 | | |
| Maximum clamp current | CLAMP | - 2.0 | + 2.0 | mA | Applicable to pins*4 | | |
| Total maximum clamp current | $\Sigma I_CLAMP $ | _ | 20 | mA | Applicable to pins*4 | | |
| "L" level maximum | lol1 | | 15 | mΛ | Other than P00 to P07 | | |
| output current | OL2 | | 15 | mA | P00 to P07 | | |
| "L" level average | lolav1 | | 4 mA | | Other than P00 to P07 Average output current = operating current × operating ratio (1 pin) | | |
| current | lolav2 | | | | P00 to P07 Average output current = operating current × operating ratio (1 pin) | | |
| "L" level total maximum output current | ΣΙοι | _ | 100 | mA | | | |
| "L" level total average output current | ΣΙοιαν | _ | 50 | mA | Total average output current = operating current × operating ratio (Total of pins) | | |
| "H" level maximum | І он1 | | – 15 | mΛ | Other than P00 to P07 | | |
| output current | І ОН2 | _ | – 15 | mA | P00 to P07 | | |
| "H" level average | Iонаv1 | | - 4 | mA | Other than P00 to P07 Average output current = operating current × operating ratio (1 pin) | | |
| current | Іонаv2 | Іонаv2 | | IIIA | P00 to P07 Average output current = operating current × operating ratio (1 pin) | | |
| "H" level total maximum output current | Σ Іон | _ | - 100 | mA | | | |
| "H" level total average output current | ΣΙομαν | _ | - 50 | mA | Total average output current = operating current × operating ratio (Total of pins) | | |

(Continued)

| Parameter | Symbol | Rat | ing | Unit | Remarks |
|-----------------------|----------|-------------|-------|-------|---------------------------|
| raiametei | Syllibol | Min | Max | Oilit | Kemarks |
| Power consumption | Pd | _ | 320 | mW | |
| Operating temperature | TA | - 40 | + 85 | °C | Other than MB95FV100A-101 |
| Storage temperature | Tstg | – 55 | + 150 | °C | |

- *1 : The parameter is based on AVss = Vss = 0.0 V.
- *2 : Apply equal potential to AVcc and Vcc. AVR should not exceed AVcc + 0.3 V.
- *3: V_{I1} and Vo should not exceed V_{CC} + 0.3 V. V_{I1} must not exceed the rating voltage. However, if the maximum current to/from an input is limited by some means with external components, the I_{CLAMP} rating supersedes the V_{I1} rating.
- *4 : Applicable to pins : P00 to P07, P10 to P14, P20 to P24, P30 to P37, P40 to P43, P52, P53, P70, P71, PE0 to PE3, PG0
 - Use within recommended operating conditions.
 - Use at DC voltage (current).
 - The + B signal should always be applied a limiting resistance placed between the + B signal and the microcontroller.
 - The value of the limiting resistance should be set so that when the + B signal is applied the input current to the microcontroller pin does not exceed rated values, either instantaneously or for prolonged periods.
 - Note that when the microcontroller drive current is low, such as in the power saving modes, the +B input
 potential may pass through the protective diode and increase the potential at the VCC pin, and this may
 affect other devices.
 - Note that if the + B signal is inputted when the microcontroller power supply is off (not fixed at 0 V), the power supply is provided from the pins, so that incomplete operation may result.
 - Note that if the + B input is applied during power-on, the power supply is provided from the pins and the resulting power supply voltage may not be sufficient to operate the power-on reset.
 - Care must be taken not to leave the + B input pin open.
 - Sample recommended circuits :



WARNING: Semiconductor devices can be permanently damaged by application of stress (voltage, current, temperature, etc.) in excess of absolute maximum ratings. Do not exceed these ratings.

2. Recommended Operating Conditions

(AVss = Vss = 0.0 V)

| Parameter | Symbol | Va | lue | Unit | Remarks |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|-------------|-------|-------|---|
| Farameter | Syllibol | Min | Max | Ullit | Remarks |
| | | 1.8*1 | 3.3*2 | | At normal operating, FLASH product, $T_A = -10$ °C to +85 °C |
| | | 1.8*1 | 3.6 | | At normal operating, MASK product, T _A = -10 °C to +85 °C |
| | | 2.0*1 | 3.3*2 | | At normal operating, FLASH product, T _A = -40 °C to +85 °C |
| Power supply voltage | Vcc, AVcc | 2.0*1 | 3.6 | V | At normal operating, MASK product, T _A = -40 °C to +85 °C |
| | | 2.6 | 3.6 | | MB95FV100A-101 |
| | | 1.5 | 3.3*2 | | Retain status of stop operation, FLASH product |
| | | 1.5 | 3.6 | | Retain status of stop operation, MASK product |
| A/D converter reference input voltage | AVR | 1.8 | AVcc | | |
| Operating temperature | Та | - 40 | + 85 | °C | Other than MB95FV100A-101 |

^{*1:} The values vary with the operating frequency.

WARNING: The recommended operating conditions are required in order to ensure the normal operation of the semiconductor device. All of the device's electrical characteristics are warranted when the device is operated within these ranges.

> Always use semiconductor devices within their recommended operating condition ranges. Operation outside these ranges may adversely affect reliability and could result in device failure.

> No warranty is made with respect to uses, operating conditions, or combinations not represented on the data sheet. Users considering application outside the listed conditions are advised to contact their FUJITSU representatives beforehand.

^{*2:} Consult Fujitsu separately for a guarantee of a maximum value of 3.6 V.

3. DC Characteristics

 $(Vcc = AVcc = 3.3 \text{ V}, AVss = Vss = 0.0 \text{ V}, T_A = -40 ^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85 ^{\circ}C \text{ [MB95FV100A-101 is } T_A = +25 ^{\circ}C])$

| Danama atau | Sym- | Dia nome | Condi- | | Value | | 11:4 | Damanla | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|---|-------------------------------|-----------|-------|-----------|------|---|-----------|-------------|-----------|-------------------------------|---------|-----------|---------------------------------|
| Parameter | bol | Pin name | tions | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Remarks | | | | | | | |
| | V _{IH1} | P10, P67 | *1 | 0.7 Vcc | | Vcc+0.3 | V | At selecting of CMOS input level (hysteresis input) | | | | | | | |
| | V _{IH2} | P50, P51 | *1 | 0.7 Vcc | _ | Vss + 5.5 | V | At selecting of CMOS input level (hysteresis input) | | | | | | | |
| "H" level input voltage | V _{IHS1} | P00 to P07, P10 to P14, P20 to P24, P30 to P37, P40 to P43, P52, P53, P60 to P67, P70, P71, PE0 to PE3, PG0, PG1*2, PG2*2 | *1 | 0.8 Vcc | _ | Vcc+0.3 | > | Hysteresis input | | | | | | | |
| | V _{IHS2} | P50, P51, P80 to P83 | *1 | 0.8 Vcc | _ | Vss + 5.5 | V | Hysteresis input | | | | | | | |
| | Vінм | RST, MOD | _ | 0.7 Vcc | | Vcc + 0.3 | V | CMOS input (FLASH product) | | | | | | | |
| | | VIHM | VIHM | VIHM | VIHM | VIHM | VIHM | VIHM | VIHM | TO I, IVIOD | _ | 0.8 Vcc | | Vcc + 0.3 | V |
| | VıL | P10, P50, P51, P67 | *1 | Vss - 0.3 | | 0.3 Vcc | V | At selecting of CMOS input level (hysteresis input) | | | | | | | |
| "L" level input voltage | VILS | P00 to P07, P10 to P14, P20 to P24, P30 to P37, P40 to P43, P50 to P53, P60 to P67, P70, P71, P80 to P83, PE0 to PE3, PG0, PG1*2, PG2*2 | *1 | Vss - 0.3 | _ | 0.2 Vcc | ٧ | Hysteresis input | | | | | | | |
| | VILM | VILM | VILM | VILM | VILM | RST, MOD | _ | Vss - 0.3 | | 0.3 Vcc | V | CMOS input (FLASH product) | | | |
| | | | | | | VILM | VILM | VILM | IKO1, MOD | | Vss - 0.3 | _ | 0.2 Vcc | ٧ | Hysteresis input (MASK product) |
| Open-drain output application voltage | VD | P50, P51, P80 to P83 | _ | Vss - 0.3 | _ | Vss + 5.5 | ٧ | | | | | | | | |
| "H" level output | Vон1 | Output pin other than P00 to P07 | Iон = - 4.0 mA | 2.4 | _ | _ | V | MB95FV100A-101 a conditional : IoH = -2.0 mA | | | | | | | |
| voltage | V _{OH2} | P00 to P07 | I _{OH} = - 8.0 mA | 2.4 | _ | _ | V | MB95FV100A-101 a conditional : IoH = -5.0 mA | | | | | | | |

(Vcc = AVcc = 3.3 V, AVss = Vss = 0.0 V, $T_A = -40$ °C to +85 °C [MB95FV100A-101 is $T_A = +25$ °C])

| Downwater | Sym | Din nome | Conditions | | Value | | I Imia | Domonto | |
|--|------------------|--|--|------------|-------|-----|--------|---|---------------|
| Parameter | bol | Pin name | Conditions | | Тур | Max | Unit | Remarks | |
| "L" level output | V _{OL1} | Output pin other than P00 to P07 | IoL = 4.0 mA | | _ | 0.4 | V | MB95FV100A-101 a conditional : IoL = 3.0 mA | |
| voltage | V _{OL2} | P00 to P07 | IoL = 12 mA | | | 0.4 | V | MB95FV100A-101 a conditional : lo _L = 8.0 mA | |
| Input leakage current (High-Z output leakage current) | lu | Port other than P50, P51, P80 to P83 | 0.0 V < V ₁ < Vcc | - 5 | _ | + 5 | μА | When no pull-up resistor is specified | |
| Open-drain output leakage current | ILIOD | P50, P51, P80 to P83 | 0.0 V < V _I < Vss + 5.5 V | _ | _ | + 5 | μА | | |
| Pull-up resistor | Rpull | P10 to P14, P20 to P24, P30 to P37, P40 to P43, P52, P53, P70, P71, PE0 to PE3, PG0, PG1*2, PG2*2 | Vı = 0.0 V | 25 | 50 | 100 | kΩ | When specifying pull-up resistor | |
| Pull-down resistor | Rмор | MOD | Vı = Vcc | 50 | 100 | 200 | kΩ | MASK product only | |
| | | | | E 00.1411 | | 11 | 14 | mA | FLASH product |
| | ١. | | FcH = 20 MHz fmp = 10 MHz Main clock mode (divided by 2) | | 7.3 | 10 | mA | MASK product | |
| | Icc | | | _ | 30 | 35 | mA | FLASH product (at FLASH writing and erasing) | |
| Power supply | Iccs | Vcc (External clock | FcH = 20 MHz fmp = 10 MHz Main Sleep mode (divided by 2) | | 4.5 | 6 | mA | | |
| current*3 | IccL | operation) | FcL = 32 kHz fmpl = 16 kHz Subclock mode (divided by 2), TA = +25 °C | _ | 25 | 35 | μА | | |
| | Iccis | | F _{CL} = 32 kHz fmpl = 16 kHz Sub sleep mode (divided by 2) , T _A = +25 °C | — | 7 | 15 | μА | | |

(Continued)

 $(Vcc = AVcc = 3.3 \text{ V}, AVss = Vss = 0.0 \text{ V}, T_A = -40 ^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +85 ^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ [MB95FV100A-101 is } T_A = +25 ^{\circ}\text{C]})$

| Parameter | Sym- bol | Pin name | Conditions | | Value | | Unit | Remarks |
|------------------------|-------------|--|--|-----|-------|-----|-------|---------------|
| | | | Conditions | Min | Тур | Max | Oilit | iveillai ks |
| Power supply current*3 | Ісст | | Fcl = 32 kHz | _ | 2 | 10 | μΑ | FLASH product |
| | | | Watch mode Main stop mode T _A = + 25 °C | _ | 1 | 5 | μА | MASK product |
| | | | FcH = 4 MHz | _ | 10 | 14 | mA | FLASH product |
| | ICCMPLL | | fmp = 10 MHz Main PLL mode (multiplied by 2.5) | | 6.7 | 10 | mA | MASK product |
| | Iccspll | Vcc (External clock operation) | $F_{CL} = 32 \text{ kHz}$ fmpl = 128 kHz Sub PLL mode (multiplied by 4) , $T_A = +25 \text{ °C}$ | _ | 190 | 250 | μΑ | |
| | Істѕ | | FcH = 10 MHz Timebase timer mode TA = +25 °C | | 0.4 | 0.5 | mA | |
| | Іссн | | Sub stop mode $T_A = +25$ °C | | 1 | 5 | μА | |
| | IA | | FcH = 10 MHz At operating of A/D conversion | _ | 1.3 | 2.2 | mA | |
| | Іан | AVcc | F _{CH} = 10 MHz At stopping A/D conversion T _A = +25 °C | _ | 1 | 5 | μΑ | |
| Input capacitance | Cin | Other than AVcc, AVss, AVR, Vcc, Vss | _ | _ | 5 | 15 | pF | |

^{*1:} P10, P50, P51, and P67 can switch the input level to either the CMOS input level or hysteresis input level. The switching of the input level can be set by the input level selection register (ILSR).

- Refer to "4. AC characteristics (1) Clock Timing" for Fch and Fcl.
- Refer to "4. AC characteristics (2) Source Clock/Machine Clock" for fmp and fmpl.

^{*2:} Single-clock product only

^{*3:} The power-supply current is determined by the external clock.

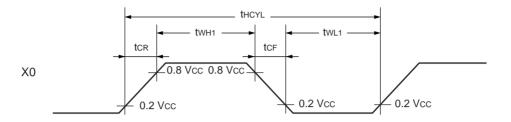
4. AC Characteristics

(1) Clock Timing

(Vcc = 3.3 V, AVss = Vss = 0.0 V, TA = -40 °C to +85 °C)

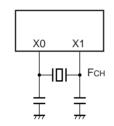
| | | 1 | 1 | (100 | | | 0.0 | V, 1A = -40 C to +85 C) | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|----------|-----------------|-------|--------|------|-------|---|--|
| Parameter | Sym- | Pin | Condi- tions | Value | | | Unit | Remarks | |
| Faranietei | bol | F | | Min | Тур | Max | Oilit | iveillat və | |
| | | X0, X1 | | 1 | _ | 10 | MHz | When using Main oscillation circuit | |
| | _ | | | 1 | | 20 | MHz | When using external clock | |
| | Fсн | | | 3 | | 10 | MHz | Main PLL multiplied by 1 | |
| | | | | 3 | | 5 | MHz | Main PLL multiplied by 2 | |
| Clock frequency | | | | 3 | | 4 | MHz | Main PLL multiplied by 2.5 | |
| Clock frequency | FcL | X0A, X1A | | | 32.768 | | kHz | When using Sub oscillation circuit | |
| | | | | _ | 32.768 | _ | kHz | When using sub PLL FLASH product: Vcc = 2.3 V to 3.3 V MASK product: Vcc = 2.3 V to 3.6 V | |
| | t HCYL | X0, X1 | | 100 | _ | 1000 | ns | When using Main oscillation circuit | |
| Clock cycle time | | | | 50 | | 1000 | ns | When using external clock | |
| | t LCYL | X0A, X1A | X0A, X1A | | 30.5 | | μs | When using Sub oscillation circuit | |
| Input clock pulse width | twH1 | Х0 | | 10 | _ | _ | ns | When using external clocked but year atio is about 30% to | |
| input clock pulse width | twH2 | X0A | | | 15.2 | | μs | 70%. | |
| Input clock rise time and fall time | tcr tcr | X0, X0A | | | _ | 5 | ns | When using external clock | |

• X0 and X1 Timing and Applying Conditions

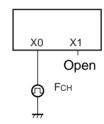


• Main Clock Applying Conditions

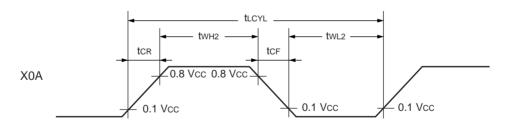
When using a crystal or ceramic oscillator



When using external clock

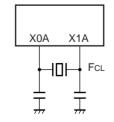


• X0A and X1A Timing and Applying Conditions

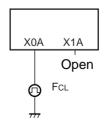


• SubClock Applying Conditions

When using a crystal or ceramic oscillator



When using external clock



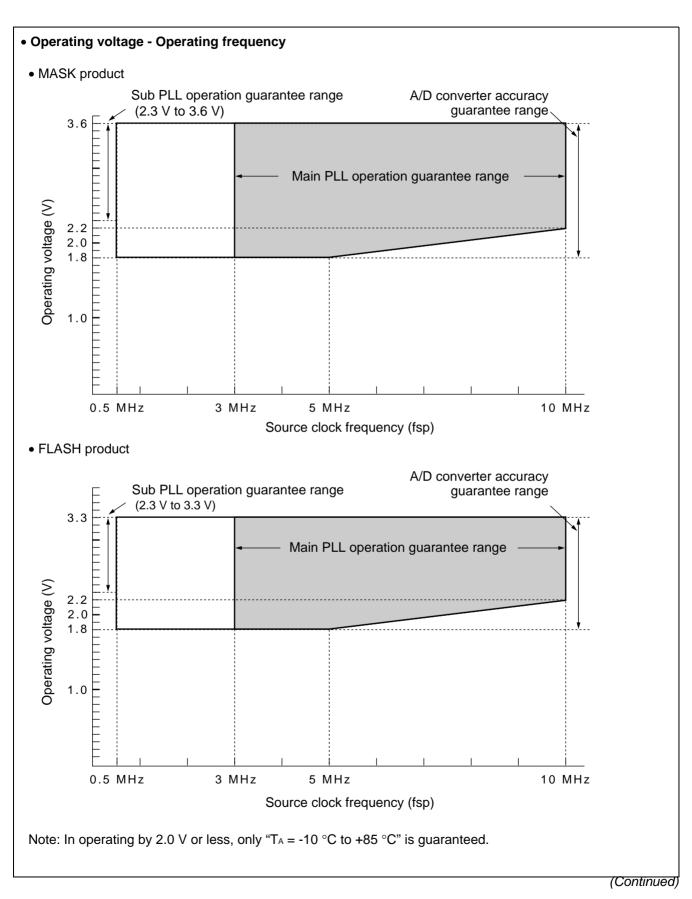
(2) Source Clock/Machine Clock

(Vcc = 3.3 V, AVss = Vss = 0.0 V, $T_A = -40 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$)

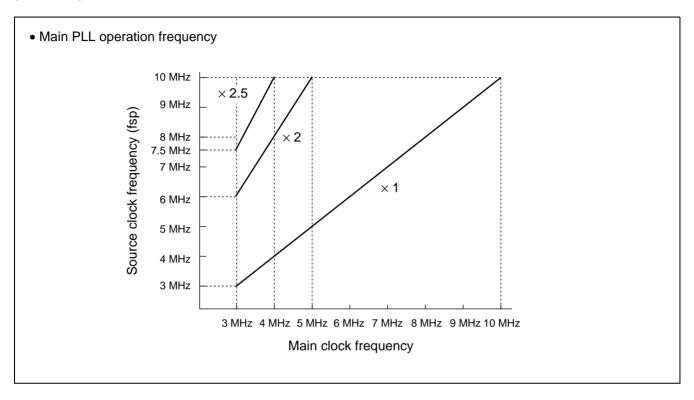
| Parameter | Sym- | Pin | Value | | | Unit | Remarks | |
|---|------|------|--------|-----|---------|-------|---|--|
| Farameter | bol | name | Min | Тур | Max | Oilit | Veillai və | |
| Source clock*1 (Clock before setting | SCLK | _ | 100 | _ | 2000 | ns | When using Main clock Min: FcH = 10 MHz, PLL multiplied by 1 Max: FcH = 1 MHz, divided by 2 | |
| division) | JOLK | | 7.6 | _ | 61.0 | μs | When using Subclock Min: FcL = 32 kHz, PLL multiplied by 4 Max: FcL = 32 kHz, divided by 2 | |
| Source clock frequency | fsp | _ | 0.5 | | 10.0 | MHz | When using Main clock | |
| Source clock frequency | fspl | _ | 16.384 | _ | 131.072 | kHz | When using Subclock | |
| Machine clock*2 | MCLK | _ | 100 | _ | 32000 | ns | When using Main clock Min: SLCK = 10 MHz, no division Max: SLCK = 0.5 MHz, divided by 16 | |
| (Minimum instruction execution time) | MCLK | | 7.6 | _ | 976.5 | μs | When using Subclock Min: SLCK = 131 kHz, no division Max: SLCK = 16 kHz, divided by 16 | |
| Machine clock frequency | fmp | | 0.031 | | 10.000 | MHz | When using Main clock | |
| Machine Clock frequency | fmpl | | 1.024 | _ | 131.072 | kHz | When using Subclock | |

^{*1:} Clock before setting division due to machine clock division ratio selection bit (SYCC: DIV1 and DIV0). This source clock is divided by the machine clock division ratio selection bit (SYCC: DIV1 and DIV0), and it becomes the machine clock. Further, the source clock can be selected as follow.

- Main clock divided by 2
- PLL multiplication of main clock (select from 1, 2, 2.5 multiplication)
- Subclock divided by 2
- PLL multiplication of subclock (select from 2, 3, 4 multiplication)
- *2: Operation clock of the microcontroller. Machine clock can be selected as follow.
 - Source clock (no division)
 - Source clock divided by 4
 - Source clock divided by 8
 - Source clock divided by 16



(Continued)

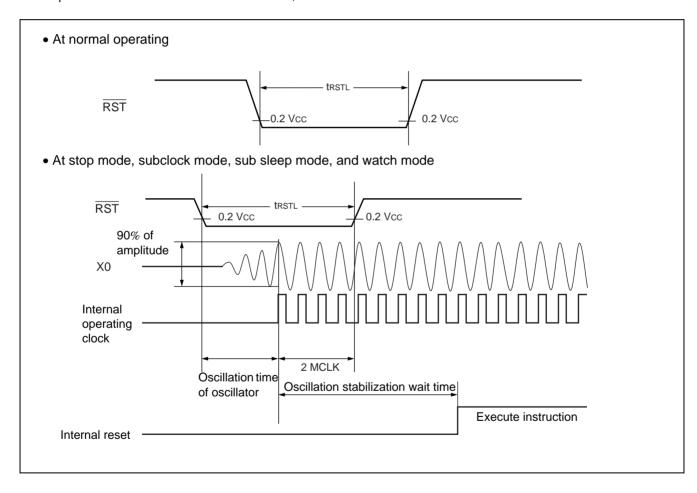


(3) Reset Timing

$$(Vcc = 3.3 \text{ V, AVss} = Vss = 0.0 \text{ V, T}_A = -40 ^{\circ}\text{C to } +85 ^{\circ}\text{C})$$

| Parameter | Symbol | Value | | | Remarks | |
|---------------------|---------------|--|-----|------|---|--|
| Farameter | Syllibol | Min | Max | Unit | Kemarks | |
| RST "L" level pulse | | 2 MCLK*1 | _ | ns | At normal operating | |
| width | t rstl | Oscillation time of oscillator*2 + 2 MCLK*1 | _ | ns | At stop mode, subclock mode, sub sleep mode, and watch mode | |

- *1 : Refer to " (2) Source Clock/Machine Clock" for MCLK.
- *2 : Oscillation time of oscillator is the time that the amplitude reaches 90 %. In the crystal oscillator, the oscillation time is between several ms and tens of ms. In FAR/ceramic oscillators, the oscillation time is between hundreds of µs and several ms. In the external clock, the oscillation time is 0 ms.

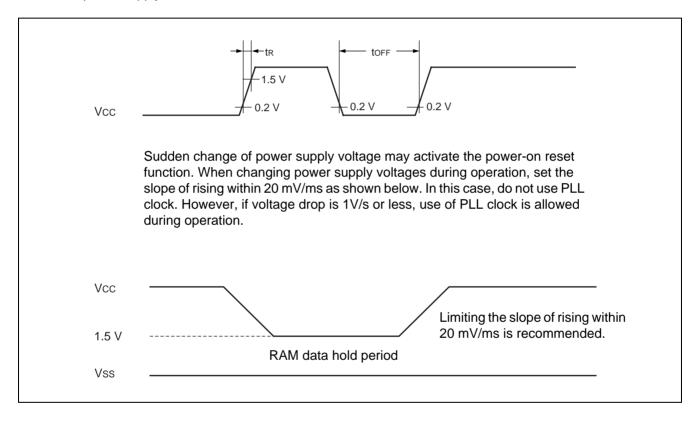


(4) Power-on Reset

(AVss = Vss = 0.0 V,
$$T_A = -40 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$$
 to $+85 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$)

| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | Va | lue | Unit | Remarks |
|--------------------------|------------|------------|---------|-----|-------|----------------------------|
| raiailletei | Syllibol | Conditions | Min Max | | Offic | Nemarks |
| Power supply rising time | t R | | _ | 36 | ms | |
| Power supply cutoff time | toff | _ | 1 | | ms | Due to repeated operations |

Note: The power supply must be turned on within the selected oscillation stabilization time.

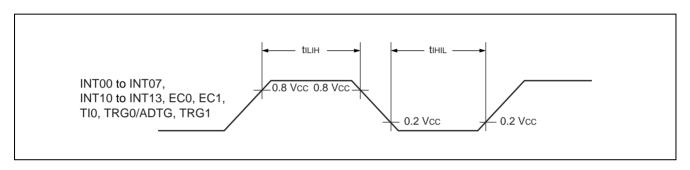


(5) Peripheral Input Timing

 $(Vcc = 3.3 \text{ V}, \text{ AVss} = \text{Vss} = 0.0 \text{ V}, \text{ T}_{A} = -40 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +85 \,^{\circ}\text{C})$

| Parameter | Symbol | Symbol Pin name | | lue | Unit | Remarks |
|----------------------------------|--------|------------------------------------|---------|-----|-------|---------|
| raiailletei | Symbol | riii iidiile | Min | Max | Oilit | Remarks |
| Peripheral input "H" pulse width | tшн | INT00 to INT07, INT10 to INT13, | 2 MCLK* | _ | ns | |
| Peripheral input "L" pulse width | tınıl | EC0, EC1, TI0, TRG0/ADTG, TRG1 | 2 MCLK* | _ | ns | |

^{*:} Refer to "(2) Source Clock/Machine Clock" for MCLK.

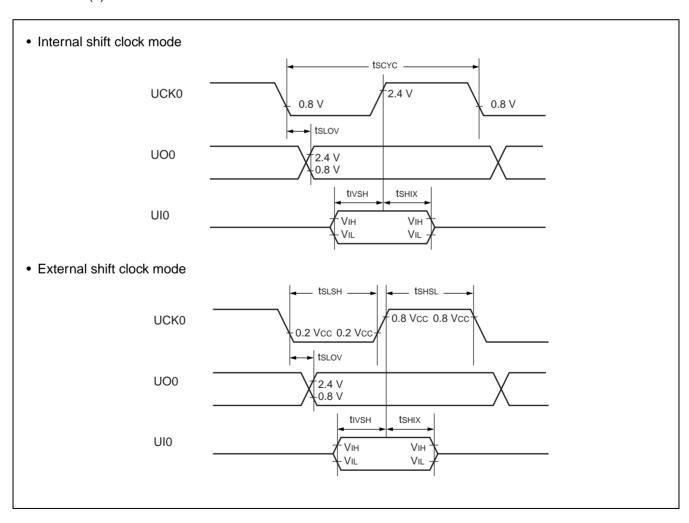


(6) UART/SIO, Serial I/O Timing

 $(Vcc = 3.3 \text{ V}, \text{ AVss} = \text{Vss} = 0.0 \text{ V}, \text{ T}_{A} = -40 \,^{\circ}\text{C to } +85 \,^{\circ}\text{C})$

| Parameter | Symbol | Pin name | Conditions | Value | | Unit | Remarks |
|--|---------------|--------------|-------------------|---------|-----|-------|---------|
| Parameter | Syllibol | riii iidiiie | Conditions | Min | Max | Oilit | Remarks |
| Serial clock cycle time | tscyc | UCK0 | | 4 MCLK* | _ | ns | |
| $UCK\downarrow \to UO$ time | t sLov | UCK0, UO0 | Internal clock | - 190 | 190 | ns | |
| Valid UI → UCK ↑ | tıvsн | UCK0, UI0 | operation | 2 MCLK* | | ns | |
| $UCK \uparrow \to valid \; UI \; hold \; time$ | t shix | UCK0, UI0 | | 2 MCLK* | | ns | |
| Serial clock "H" pulse width | t shsl | UCK0 | | 4 MCLK* | | ns | |
| Serial clock "L" pulse width | t slsh | UCK0 | External | 4 MCLK* | | ns | |
| $UCK\downarrow \to UO$ time | t sLov | UCK0, UO0 | clock | _ | 190 | ns | |
| Valid UI → UCK ↑ | t ıvsh | UCK0, UI0 | operation | 2 MCLK* | | ns | |
| $UCK \uparrow \rightarrow valid \; UI \; hold \; time$ | t shix | UCK0, UI0 | | 2 MCLK* | _ | ns | |

^{*:} Refer to "(2) Source Clock/Machine Clock" for MCLK.



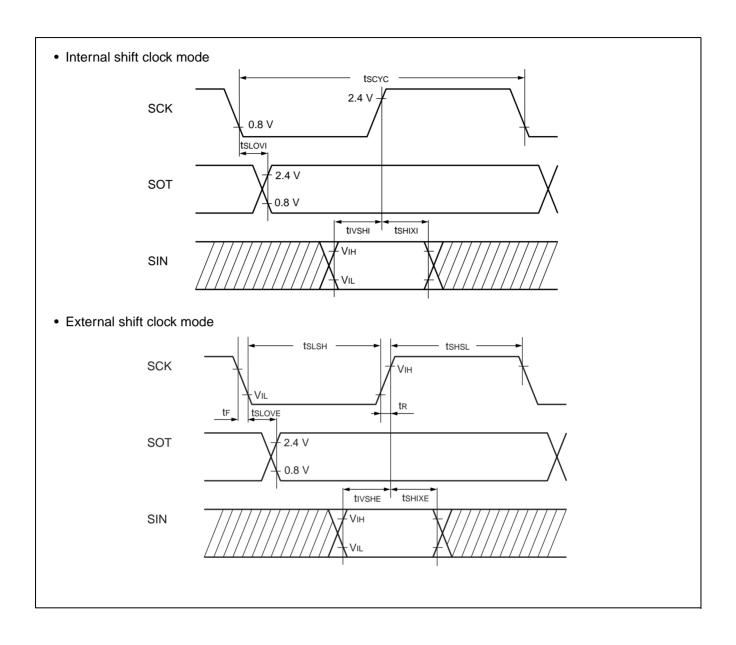
(7) LIN-UART Timing

 $\mathsf{ESCR}: \mathsf{SCES} = \mathbf{0}, \, \mathsf{ECCR}: \mathsf{SCDE} = \mathbf{0}$

(Vcc = 3.3 V, AVss = Vss = 0.0 V, $T_A = -40$ °C to +85 °C)

| Dorometer | Sym- | Din nama | Canditions | Va | lue | l loit |
|--|----------------|----------|--|-----------------------------|-----------------|--------|
| Parameter | bol | Pin name | Conditions | Min | Max | Unit |
| Serial clock cycle time | tscyc | SCK | | 5 MCLK* | | ns |
| SCK ↑→ SOT delay time | tslovi | SCK, SOT | Internal clock | -95 | 95 | ns |
| Valid SIN→SCK↑ | t ıvshı | SCK, SIN | operation output pin : C _L = 80 pF + 1 TTL | MCLK* + 190 | _ | ns |
| SCK [↑] → valid SIN hold time | t shixi | SCK, SIN | | 0 | _ | ns |
| Serial clock "L" pulse width | t slsh | SCK | | 3 MCLK* – t _R | _ | ns |
| Serial clock "H" pulse width | t shsl | SCK | | MCLK* + 95 | _ | ns |
| SCK ↓→SOT delay time | t slove | SCK, SOT | External clock operation output pin : | _ | 2 MCLK* + 95 | ns |
| Valid SIN→SCK↑ | tivshe | SCK, SIN | C _L = 80 pF + 1 TTL | 190 | | ns |
| SCK [↑] → valid SIN hold time | t shixe | SCK, SIN | | MCLK* + 95 | _ | ns |
| SCK fall time | tғ | SCK | | _ | 10 | ns |
| SCK rise time | t R | SCK | | | 10 | ns |

^{*:} Refer to "(2) Source Clock/Machine Clock" for MCLK.

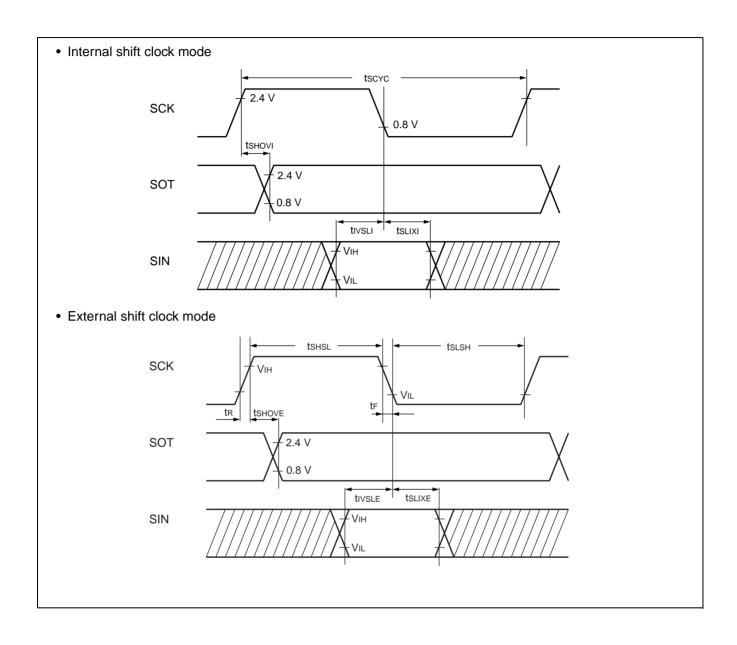


 $\mathsf{ESCR}: \mathsf{SCES} = \mathsf{1}, \, \mathsf{ECCR}: \mathsf{SCDE} = \mathsf{0}$

(Vcc = 3.3 V, AVss = Vss = 0.0 V, $T_A = -40 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$)

| Parameter | Sym- | Pin name | Conditions | Va | lue | Unit | |
|--|----------------|--------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|-------|--|
| raiailletei | bol | Fili lialile | Conditions | Min | Max | Ollit | |
| Serial clock cycle time | tscyc | SCK | | 5 MCLK* | _ | ns | |
| SCK↑→ SOT delay time | tshovi | SCK, SOT | Internal clock operation output pin : | -95 | 95 | ns | |
| Valid SIN→SCK↓ | tıvslı | SCK, SIN | C _L = 80 pF + 1 TTL | MCLK* + 190 | _ | ns | |
| $SCK \downarrow \rightarrow valid SIN hold time$ | t slixi | SCK, SIN | · | 0 | _ | ns | |
| Serial clock "H" pulse width | t shsl | SCK | | 3 MCLK* - t _R | _ | ns | |
| Serial clock "L" pulse width | t slsh | SCK | | MCLK* + 95 | _ | ns | |
| SCK↑ →SOT delay time | t shove | SCK, SOT | External clock | _ | 2 MCLK* + 95 | ns | |
| Valid SIN→SCK↓ | tivsle | SCK, SIN | operation output pin : | 190 | | ns | |
| $SCK \downarrow \rightarrow valid SIN hold time$ | t SLIXE | SCK, SIN | C∟ = 80 pF + 1 TTL | MCLK* + 95 | _ | ns | |
| SCK fall time | t⊧ | SCK | | _ | 10 | ns | |
| SCK rise time | t R | SCK | | | 10 | ns | |

^{*:} Refer to "(2) Source Clock/Machine Clock" for MCLK.

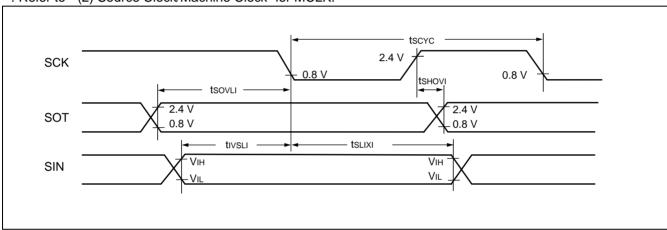


ESCR: SCES = 0, ECCR: SCDE = 1

 $(Vcc = 3.3 \text{ V}, \text{ AVss} = \text{Vss} = 0.0 \text{ V}, \text{ T}_{A} = -40 \,^{\circ}\text{C to } + 85 \,^{\circ}\text{C})$

| Parameter | Sym- Pin name | | Conditions | Valu | Unit | |
|--|----------------|------------|------------------------|-------------|---------|-------|
| raiailletei | bol | Finitianie | rin name Conditions | | Max | Oilit |
| Serial clock cycle time | tscyc | SCK | | 5 MCLK* | _ | ns |
| SCK↑→ SOT delay time | t shovi | SCK, SOT | Internal clock | -95 | 95 | ns |
| Valid SIN→SCK↓ | tıvslı | SCK, SIN | operation output pin : | MCLK* + 190 | _ | ns |
| $SCK \downarrow \rightarrow valid SIN hold time$ | t slixi | SCK, SIN | C∟ = 80 pF + 1 TTL | 0 | _ | ns |
| SOT→SCK↓ delay time | t sovli | SCK, SOT | | _ | 4 MCLK* | ns |

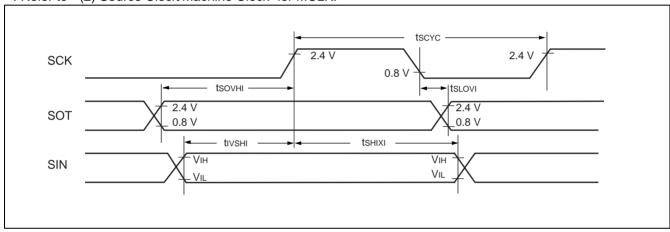
*: Refer to "(2) Source Clock/Machine Clock" for MCLK.



ESCR: SCES = 1, ECCR: SCDE = 1

| Parameter | Sym- Pin name | | Conditions | Valu | Unit | |
|--|----------------|--------------|--------------------------------|-------------|---------|-------|
| Parameter | bol | riii iiaiiie | Conditions | Min | Max | Offic |
| Serial clock cycle time | tscyc | SCK | | 5 MCLK* | _ | ns |
| SCK↓→SOT hold time | t sLOVI | SCK, SOT | Internal clock | -95 | 95 | ns |
| Valid SIN→SCK↑ | t ıvshı | SCK, SIN | operating output pin: | MCLK* + 190 | _ | ns |
| $SCK^{\uparrow} \rightarrow valid SIN hold time$ | t shixi | SCK, SIN | C _L = 80 pF + 1 TTL | 0 | _ | ns |
| SOT→SCK [↑] delay time | tsovні | SCK, SOT | | _ | 4 MCLK* | ns |

*: Refer to "(2) Source Clock/Machine Clock" for MCLK.

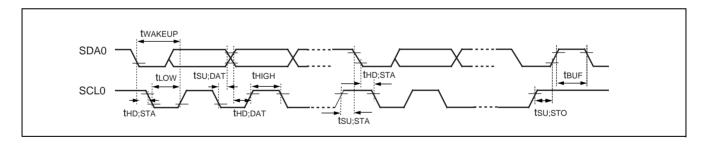


(8) I2C Timing

(Vcc = 3.3 V, AVss = Vss = 0.0 V, $T_A = -40 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$)

| | | | | Val | ue | | | |
|---|-----------------|--|---------------|--------|-----------|-------|------|---------|
| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | Standard-mode | | Fast-mode | | Unit | Remarks |
| | | | Min | Max | Min | Max | | |
| SCL clock frequency | fscL | | 0 | 100 | 0 | 400 | kHz | |
| (Repeat) Start condition hold time SDA $\downarrow \to$ SCL \downarrow | t hd;sta | | 4.0 | | 0.6 | _ | μs | |
| SCL clock "L" width | t LOW | | 4.7 | _ | 1.3 | _ | μs | |
| SCL clock "H" width | t HIGH | | 4.0 | _ | 0.6 | | μs | |
| (Repeat) Start condition setup time SCL $\uparrow \rightarrow$ SDA \downarrow | tsu;sta | $R = 1.7 \text{ k}Ω,$ $C = 50 \text{ pF}^{*1}$ | 4.7 | | 0.6 | _ | μs | |
| Data hold time SCL \downarrow \rightarrow SDA \downarrow \uparrow | thd;dat | 0 – 00 рі | 0 | 3.45*2 | 0 | 0.9*3 | μs | |
| Data setup time SDA $\downarrow \uparrow \rightarrow$ SCL \uparrow | t su;dat | | 0.25 | _ | 0.1 | _ | μs | |
| Stop condition setup time SCL $\uparrow \rightarrow$ SDA \uparrow | t su;sто | | 4 | | 0.6 | _ | μs | |
| Bus free time between stop condition and start condition | t BUF | | 4.7 | _ | 1.3 | _ | μs | |

- *1: R, C: Pull-up resistor and load capacitor of the SCL and SDA lines.
- *2: The maximum thd; DAT have only to be met if the device dose not stretch the "L" width (tLow) of the SCL signal.
- *3 : A Fast-mode I²C-bus device can be used in a Standard-mode I²C-bus system, but the requirement $t_{SU;DAT} \ge 250$ ns must then be met.



(Vcc = 3.3 V, AVss = Vss = 0.0 V, $T_A = -40$ °C to +85 °C)

| Parameter | Sym- | I/O Ti | ming | Unit | Remarks |
|--|-----------------|---|--|------|---|
| Parameter | bol | Min | Max | Onit | Remarks |
| SCL clock "L" width | t LOW | (2 + nm* ² / 2) MCLK* ¹ – 20 | _ | ns | Master mode |
| SCL clock "H" width | t HIGH | (nm*2 / 2) MCLK*1 – 20 | (nm*2 / 2) MCLK*1 + 20 | ns | Master mode |
| Start condition hold time | thd;sta | (-1 + nm*2 / 2) MCLK*ñ1 - 20 | (-1 + nm*²) MCLK*¹ + 20 | ns | Master mode Maximum value is applied when m, n = 1, 8. Otherwise, the minimum value is applied. |
| Stop condition setup time | t su;sto | (1 + nm*2 / 2) MCLK*ñ1 - 20 | (1 + nm*2 / 2) MCLK*1 + 20 | ns | Master mode |
| Start condition setup time | t su;sta | (1 + nm*2 / 2) MCLK*1 – 20 | (1 + nm*2 / 2) MCLK*1 + 20 | ns | Master mode |
| Bus free time between stop condition and start condition | t BUF | (2 nm*2 + 4) MCLK*1 - 20 | _ | ns | |
| Data hold time | thd;dat | 3 MCLK*1 – 20 | _ | ns | Master mode |
| Data setup time | tsu;dat | (-2 + nm*2 / 2) MCLK*1 - 20 | (-1 + nm* ² / 2) MCLK* ¹ + 20 | ns | Master mode When assuming that "L" of SCL is not extended, the minimum value is applied to first bit of continuous data. Otherwise, the maximum value is applied. |
| Setup time between clearing interrupt and SCL rising | tsu;ınt | (nm*² / 2) MCLK*1 – 20 | (1 + nm* ² / 2) MCLK* ¹ + 20 | ns | Minimum value is applied to interrupt at 9th SCL↓. Maximum value is applied to interrupt at 8th SCL↓. |
| SCL clock "L" width | t LOW | 4 MCLK*1 – 20 | _ | ns | At reception |
| SCL clock "H" width | t HIGH | 4 MCLK*1 – 20 | _ | ns | At reception |
| Start condition detection | thd;sta | 2 MCLK*1 – 20 | _ | ns | Undetected when 1 MCLK is used at reception |
| Stop condition detection | t su;sto | 2 MCLK*1 – 20 | _ | ns | Undetected when 1 MCLK is used at reception |
| Restart condition detection condition | t su;sta | 2 MCLK*1 – 20 | _ | ns | Undetected when 1 MCLK is used at reception |
| Bus free time | t BUF | 2 MCLK*1 – 20 | _ | ns | At reception |
| Data hold time | thd;dat | 2 MCLK*1 – 20 | _ | ns | At slave transmission mode |
| Data setup time | tsu;dat | tLow – 3 MCLK*1 – 20 | | ns | At slave transmission mode |
| Data hold time | thd;dat | 0 | | ns | At reception |
| Data setup time | tsu;dat | MCLK*1 - 20 | _ | ns | At reception |

(Continued)

(Continued)

(Vcc = 3.3 V, AVss = Vss = 0.0 V,
$$T_A = -40 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$$
 to + 85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$)

| Parameter | Sym- | I/O Ti | ming | Unit | Remarks |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------|---|------|------|---------|
| i arameter | bol | Min | Max | Oint | Kemarks |
| SDA↓→SCL↑ (at wakeup function) | t WAKE- UP | Oscillation stabilization wait time + 2 MCLK*1 – 20 | | ns | |

- *1: Refer to "(2) Source Clock/Machine Clock" for MCLK.
- *2: m is CS4 bit and CS3 bit (bit 4 and bit 3) of clock control register (ICCR).
 - n is CS2 bit to CS0 bit (bit 2 to bit 0) of clock control register (ICCR).
 - Actual timing of I²C is determined by m and n values set by the machine clock (MCLK) and ICCR [4:0].
 - Standard-mode:

m and n can be set at the range : 0.9 MHz < MCLK (machine clock) < 10 MHz. Setting of m and n determines the machine clock that can be used below.

• Fast-mode :

m and n can be set at the range : 3.3 MHz < MCLK (machine clock) < 10 MHz. Setting of m and n determines the machine clock that can be used below.

```
\begin{array}{lll} (m,\,n) \,=\, (1,\,8) & : 3.3 \; MHz < MCLK \leq 4 \; MHz \\ (m,\,n) \,=\, (1,\,22) \;,\; (5,\,4) \;: 3.3 \; MHz < MCLK \leq 8 \; MHz \\ (m,\,n) \,=\, (6,\,4) & : 3.3 \; MHz < MCLK \leq 10 \; MHz \end{array}
```

5. A/D Converter

(1) A/D Converter Electrical Characteristics

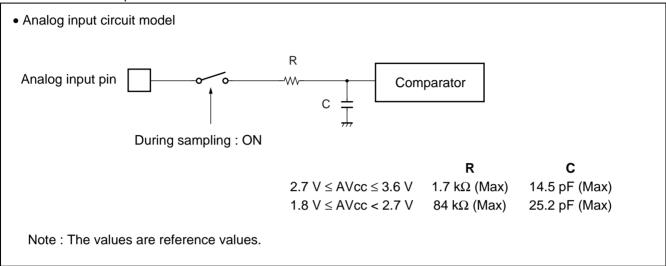
(AVcc = Vcc = 1.8 V to 3.3 V [FLASH product], AVcc = Vcc = 1.8 V to 3.6 V [MASK product], AVss = Vss = 0.0 V, $T_A = -40$ °C to +85 °C)

| Danamatan | Comple at | Value | | | | D |
|-------------------------------|-------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Remarks |
| Resolution | | _ | _ | 10 | bit | |
| Total error |] | - 3.0 | _ | + 3.0 | LSB | |
| Linearity error | | - 2.5 | _ | + 2.5 | LSB | |
| Differential linear error |] | - 1.9 | | + 1.9 | LSB | |
| Zero transition voltage | Vот | AVss – 1.5 LSB | AVss + 0.5 LSB | AVss + 2.5 LSB | V | FLASH product : 2.7 V ≤ AVcc ≤ 3.3 V MASK product : 2.7 V ≤ AVcc ≤ 3.6 V |
| | | AVss – 0.5 LSB | AVss + 1.5 LSB | AVss + 3.5 LSB | V | 1.8 V ≤ AVcc < 2.7 V |
| Full-scale transition voltage | VFST | AVR – 3.5 LSB | AVR – 1.5 LSB | AVR + 0.5 LSB | V | FLASH product : 2.7 V ≤ AVcc ≤ 3.3 V MASK product : 2.7 V ≤ AVcc ≤ 3.6 V |
| | | AVR – 2.5 LSB | AVR – 0.5 LSB | AVR + 1.5 LSB | V | 1.8 V ≤ AVcc < 2.7 V |
| Compare time | _ | 0.6 | _ | 16,500 | μs | FLASH product : 2.7 V ≤ AVcc ≤ 3.3 V MASK product : 2.7 V ≤ AVcc ≤ 3.6 V |
| | | 20 | _ | 16,500 | μs | 1.8 V ≤ AVcc < 2.7 V |
| Sampling time | | 0.4 | _ | œ | μs | FLASH product : 2.7 V \leq AVcc \leq 3.3 V MASK product : 2.7 V \leq AVcc \leq 3.6 V external impedance $<$ at 1.8 k Ω |
| | | 30 | _ | 80 | μs | $1.8 \text{ V} \leq \text{AVcc} < 2.7 \text{ V}$ external impedance < at 14.8 k Ω |
| Analog input current | Iain | -0.3 | _ | 0.3 | μΑ | |
| Analog input voltage range | Vain | AVss | | AVR | V | |
| Reference voltage | _ | AVss + 1.8 | _ | AVcc | V | AVR pin |
| Reference voltage | IR | _ | 400 | 600 | 0 μA AVR pin, During A/D o | |
| supply current | I RH | _ | _ | 5 | μА | AVR pin, At stop mode |

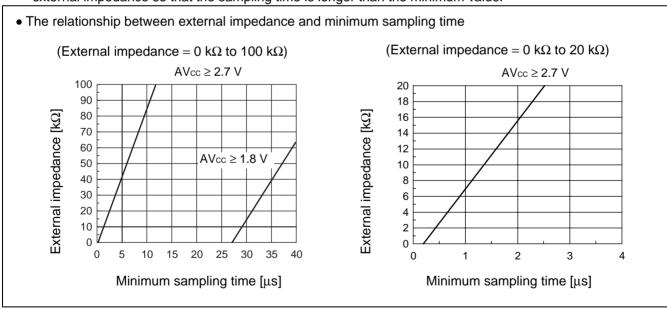
(2) Notes on Using A/D Converter

• About the external impedance of analog input and its sampling time

 A/D converter with sample and hold circuit. If the external impedance is too high to keep sufficient sampling time, the analog voltage charged to the internal sample and hold capacitor is insufficient, adversely affecting A/D conversion precision.



• To satisfy the A/D conversion precision standard, consider the relationship between the external impedance and minimum sampling time and either adjust the resistor value and operating frequency or decrease the external impedance so that the sampling time is longer than the minimum value.



• If the sampling time cannot be sufficient, connect a capacitor of about 0.1 μF to the analog input pin.

About errors

As |AVR - AVss| becomes smaller, values of relative errors grow larger.

(3) Definition of A/D Converter Terms

Resolution

The level of analog variation that can be distinguished by the A/D converter.

When the number of bits is 10, analog voltage can be divided into $2^{10} = 1024$.

• Linearity error (unit : LSB)

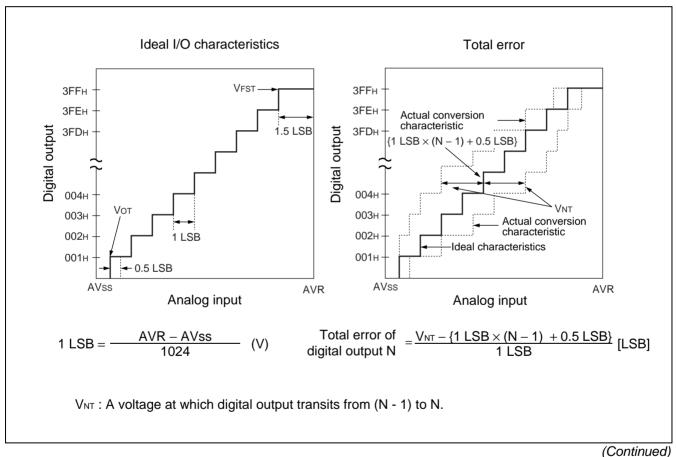
The deviation between the value along a straight line connecting the zero transition point ("00 0000 0000" ← \rightarrow "00 0000 0001") of a device and the full-scale transition point ("11 1111 1111" \leftarrow \rightarrow "11 1111 1110") compared with the actual conversion values obtained.

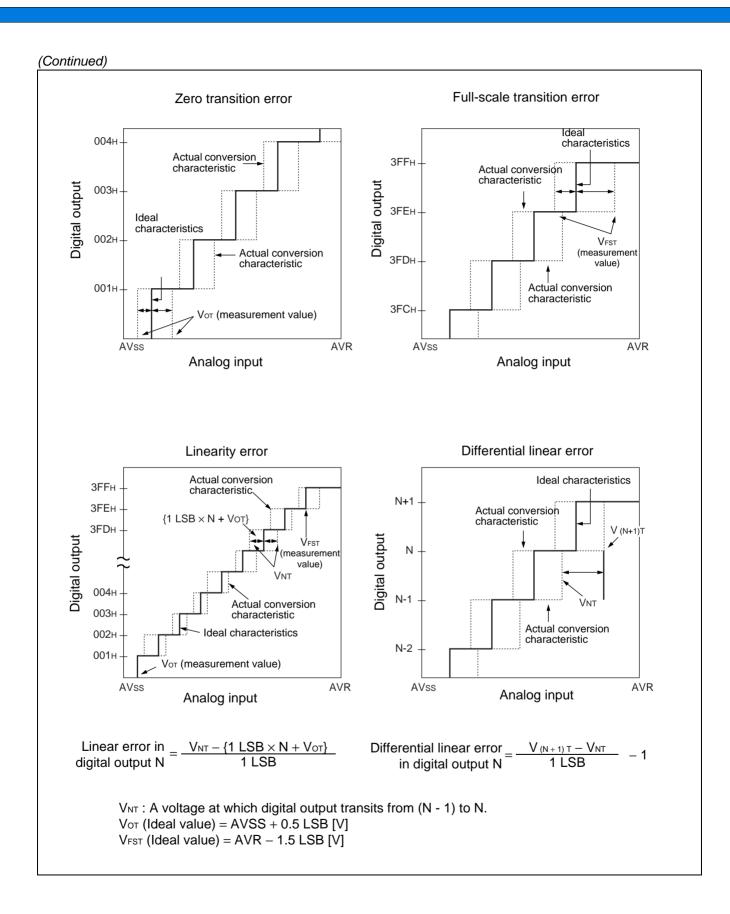
• Differential linear error (Unit : LSB)

Deviation of input voltage, which is required for changing output code by 1 LSB, from an ideal value.

• Total error (unit: LSB)

Difference between actual and theoretical values, caused by a zero transition error, full-scale transition error, linearity error, quantum error, and noise.





6. Flash Memory Program/Erase Characteristics

| Parameter | Value | | | 1164 | Domonico | |
|---|--------|-------|------|-------|---|--|
| Parameter | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Remarks | |
| Sector erase time (4 KB sector) | _ | 0.2*1 | 3*2 | s | Excludes 00 _H programming prior erasure. | |
| Sector erase time (16 KB sector) | | 0.5*1 | 12*2 | s | Excludes 00 _H programming prior erasure. | |
| Byte programming time | | 32 | 3600 | μs | Excludes system-level overhead. | |
| Erase/program cycle | 10,000 | _ | _ | cycle | | |
| Power supply voltage at erase/ program | 2.7 | | 3.3 | V | | |
| Flash data retension time | 20*3 | _ | _ | year | Average T _A = +85 °C | |

^{*1 :} $T_A = +25 \, {}^{\circ}C$, $V_{CC} = 3.0 \, V$, 10000 cycles

^{*2 :} $T_A = +85 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 2.7 \, \text{V}$, 10000 cycles

 $^{^*3}$: This value comes from the technology qualification (using Arrhenius equation to translate high temperature measurements into normalized value at +85 $^{\circ}$ C).

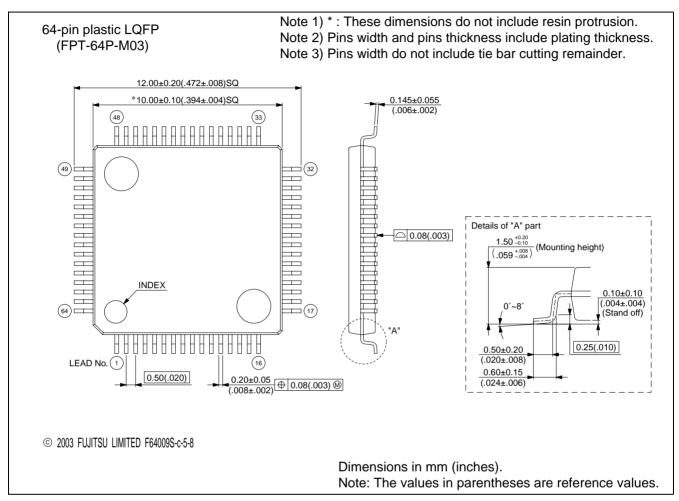
■ MASK OPTION

| | Part number | MB95107A | MB95F108AS | MB95F108AW | MB95FV100A-101 |
|-----|--|---|--|--|--|
| No. | Specifying procedure | Specify when ordering MASK Setting disable | | Setting disabled | Setting disabled |
| 1 | Clock mode select Single-system clock mode Dual-system clock mode | Selectable | Single-system clock mode | Dual-system clock mode | Changing by the switch on MCU board |
| 2 | Selection of oscillation stabilization wait time • Selectable the initial value of main clock oscillation stabili- zation wait time | Selectable 1: (2²-2) /Fch 2: (2¹²-2) /Fch 3: (2¹³-2) /Fch 4: (2¹⁴-2) /Fch | Fixed to oscillation stabilization wait time of (214-2) /FcH | Fixed to oscillation stabilization wait time of (214-2) /FcH | Fixed to oscillation stabilization wait time of (2 ¹⁴ -2) /F _{CH} |

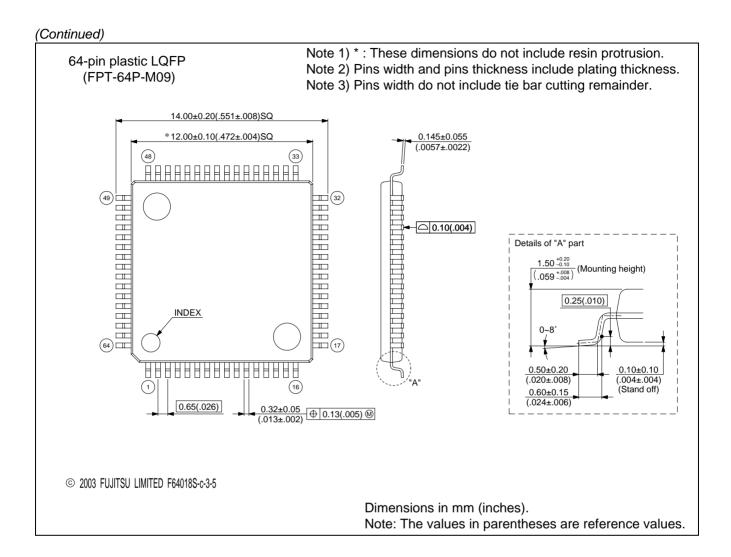
■ ORDERING INFORMATION

| Part number | Package | Remarks |
|---|--|---------|
| MB95107APFV MB95F108ASPFV MB95F108AWPFV | 64-pin plastic LQFP (FPT-64P-M03) | |
| MB95107APFM MB95F108ASPFM MB95F108AWPFM | 64-pin plastic LQFP (FPT-64P-M09) | |
| MB2146-301 (MB95FV100A-101PBT) | MCU board (224-pin plastic PFBGA (BGA-224P-M08) | |

■ PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



(Continued)



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