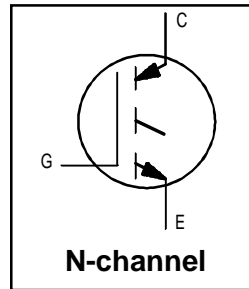


IRG4IBC30S

INSULATED GATE BIPOLAR TRANSISTOR

Features

- Standard: Optimized for minimum saturation voltage and low operating frequencies (<1 kHz)
- Generation 4 IGBT design provides tighter parameter distribution and higher efficiency than previous generation
- Industry standard TO-220 Full-Pak



$V_{CES} = 600V$
$V_{CE(on) \text{ typ.}} = 1.4V$
@ $V_{GE} = 15V, I_C = 18A$

Benefits

- Generation 4 IGBTs offer highest efficiencies available
- IGBTs optimized for specific application conditions
- Designed to be a "drop-in" replacement for equivalent industry -standard Generation 3 IR IGBTs



Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
V_{CES}	Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	600	V
$I_C @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Collector Current	23.5	A
$I_C @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Continuous Collector Current	13.0	
I_{CM}	Pulsed Collector Current ①	68	
I_{LM}	Clamped Inductive Load Current ②	68	
V_{GE}	Gate-to-Emitter Voltage	± 20	V
E_{ARV}	Reverse Voltage Avalanche Energy ③	10	mJ
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Maximum Power Dissipation	45	W
$P_D @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Maximum Power Dissipation	18	
T_J T_{STG}	Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	-55 to + 150	$^\circ C$
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds	300 (0.063 in. (1.6mm) from case)	

Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case	—	2.8	$^\circ C/W$
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient, typical socket mount	—	65	
Wt	Weight	2.1 (0.075)	—	g (oz)

Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(BR)CES}$	Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	600	—	—	V	$V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 250\mu A$
$V_{(BR)ECS}$	Emitter-to-Collector Breakdown Voltage ④	18	—	—	V	$V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 1.0A$
$\Delta V_{(BR)CES}/\Delta T_J$	Temperature Coeff. of Breakdown Voltage	—	0.75	—	$V/^\circ\text{C}$	$V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 1.0mA$
$V_{CE(ON)}$	Collector-to-Emitter Saturation Voltage	—	1.40	1.6	V	$I_C = 18A, V_{GE} = 15V$ See Fig.2, 5
		—	1.84	—		
		—	1.45	—		
$V_{GE(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	3.0	—	6.0		$I_C = 18A, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 250\mu A$
$\Delta V_{GE(th)}/\Delta T_J$	Temperature Coeff. of Threshold Voltage	—	-11	—	$mV/^\circ\text{C}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 250\mu A$
g_{fe}	Forward Transconductance ⑤	6.0	11	—	S	$V_{CE} = 100V, I_C = 18A$
I_{CES}	Zero Gate Voltage Collector Current	—	—	250	μA	$V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 600V$ $V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 10V, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 600V, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$
		—	—	2.0		
		—	—	1000		
I_{GES}	Gate-to-Emitter Leakage Current	—	—	± 100	nA	$V_{GE} = \pm 20V$

Switching Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
Q_g	Total Gate Charge (turn-on)	—	50	75	nC	$I_C = 18A, V_{CC} = 400V, V_{GE} = 15V$ See Fig.8
Q_{ge}	Gate - Emitter Charge (turn-on)	—	7.3	11		
Q_{gc}	Gate - Collector Charge (turn-on)	—	17	26		
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	22	—	ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $I_C = 18A, V_{CC} = 480V, V_{GE} = 15V, R_G = 23\Omega$ Energy losses include "tail" See Fig. 9, 10, 14
t_r	Rise Time	—	18	—		
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	540	810		
t_f	Fall Time	—	390	590		
E_{on}	Turn-On Switching Loss	—	0.26	—	mJ	See Fig. 9, 10, 14
E_{off}	Turn-Off Switching Loss	—	3.45	—		
E_{ts}	Total Switching Loss	—	3.71	5.6		
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	21	—	ns	$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$ $I_C = 18A, V_{CC} = 480V, V_{GE} = 15V, R_G = 23\Omega$ Energy losses include "tail" See Fig. 10, 11, 14
t_r	Rise Time	—	19	—		
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	790	—		
t_f	Fall Time	—	760	—		
E_{ts}	Total Switching Loss	—	6.55	—	mJ	
L_E	Internal Emitter Inductance	—	7.5	—	nH	Measured 5mm from package
C_{ies}	Input Capacitance	—	1100	—	pF	$V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CC} = 30V, f = 1.0MHz$ See Fig. 7
C_{oes}	Output Capacitance	—	72	—		
C_{res}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	19	—		

Notes:

- ① Repetitive rating; $V_{GE} = 20V$, pulse width limited by max. junction temperature. (See Fig. 13b)
- ② $V_{CC} = 80\%(V_{CES}), V_{GE} = 20V, L = 10\mu H, R_G = 23\Omega$, (See Fig. 13a)
- ③ Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.
- ④ Pulse width $\leq 80\mu s$; duty factor $\leq 0.1\%$.
- ⑤ Pulse width $5.0\mu s$, single shot.

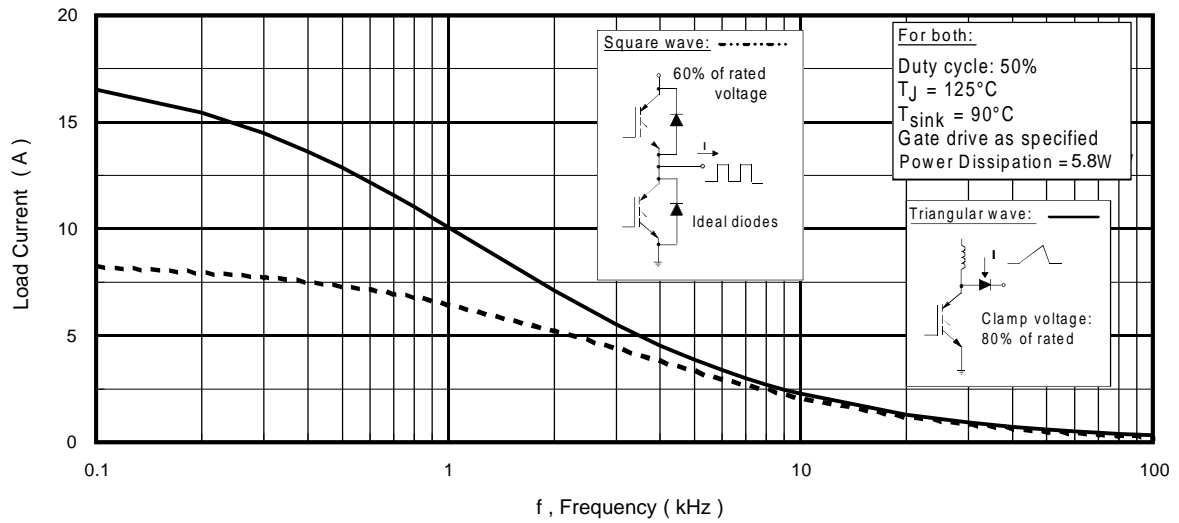


Fig. 1 - Typical Load Current vs. Frequency
(Load Current = I_{RMS} of fundamental)

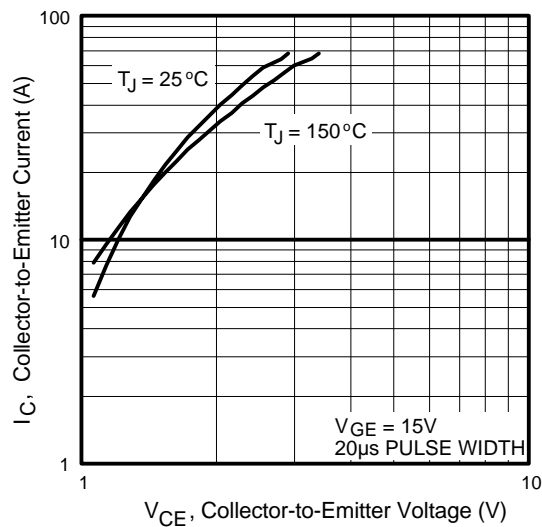


Fig. 2 - Typical Output Characteristics

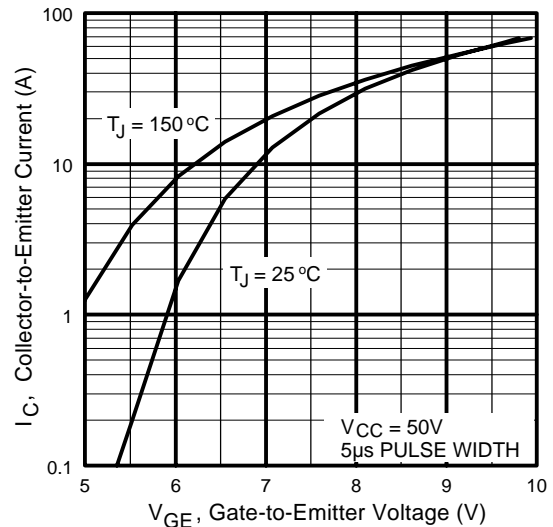


Fig. 3 - Typical Transfer Characteristics

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International
IRF Rectifier

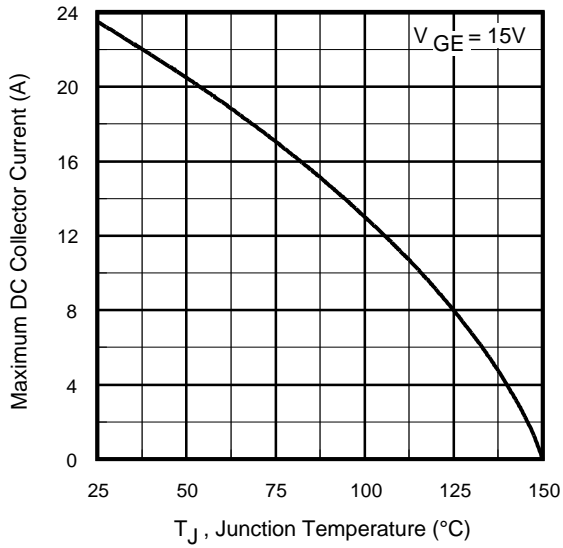


Fig. 4 - Maximum Collector Current vs. Case Temperature

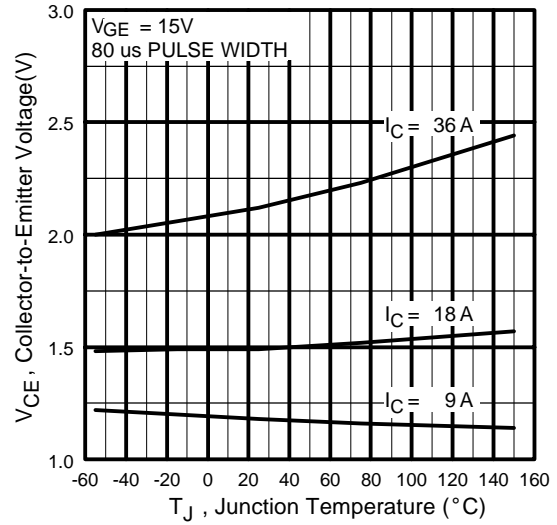


Fig. 5 - Typical Collector-to-Emitter Voltage vs. Junction Temperature

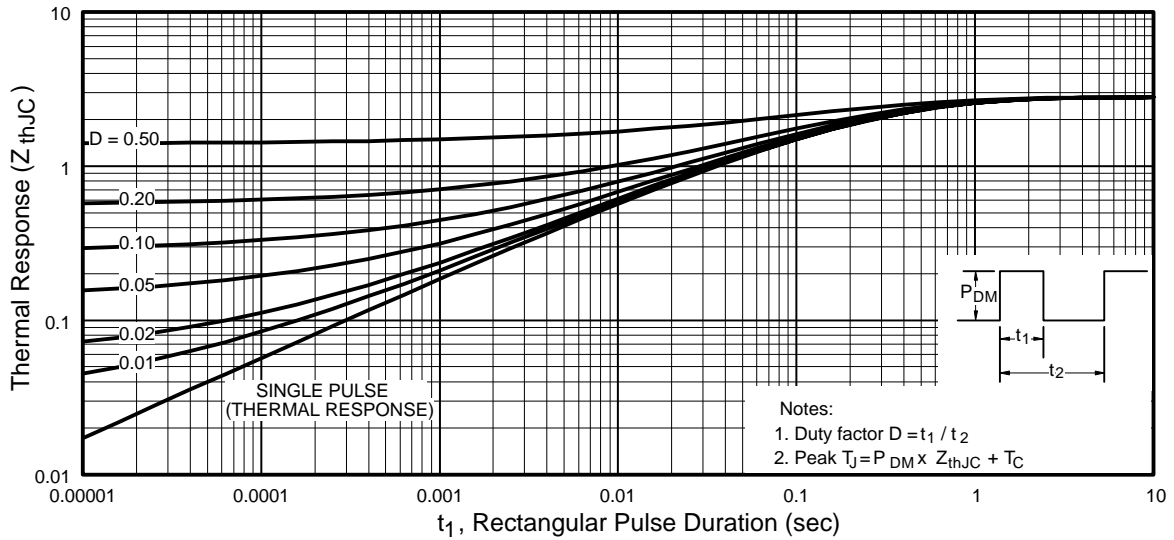


Fig. 6 - Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

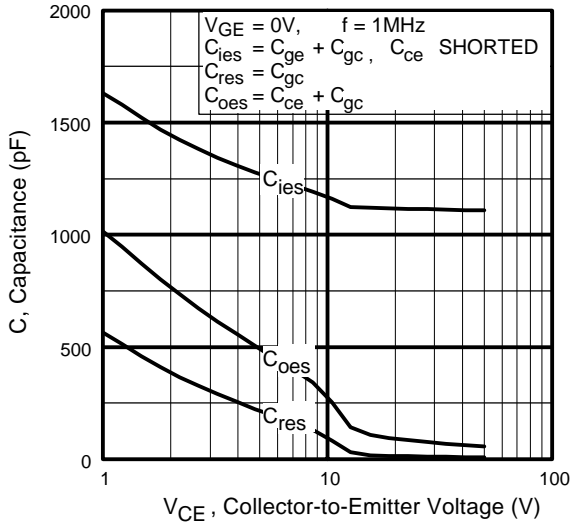


Fig. 7 - Typical Capacitance vs. Collector-to-Emitter Voltage

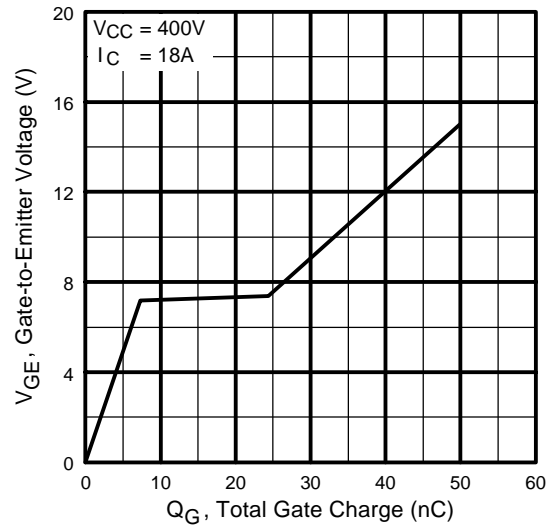


Fig. 8 - Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Emitter Voltage

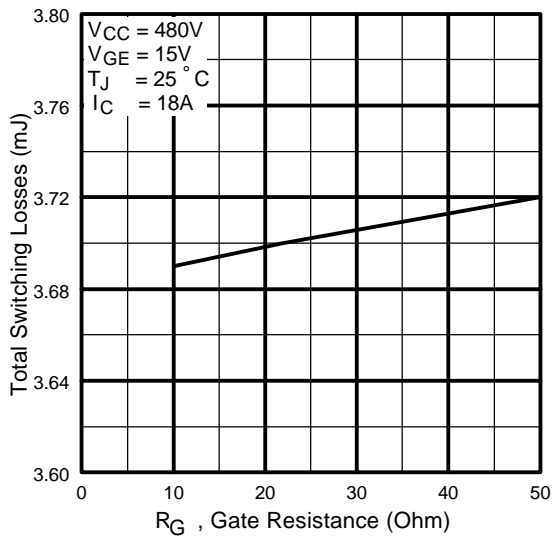


Fig. 9 - Typical Switching Losses vs. Gate Resistance

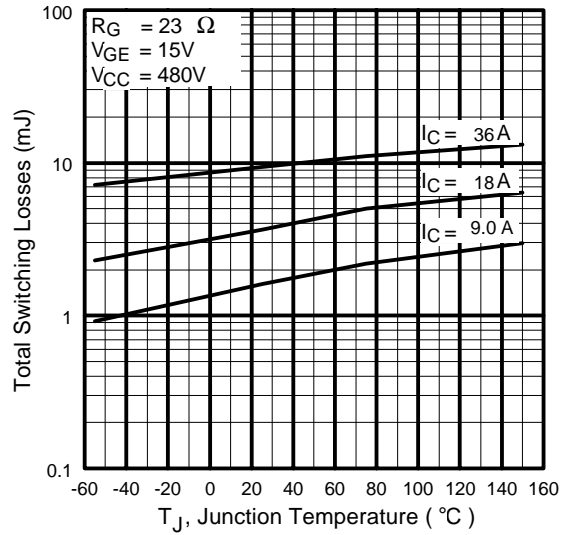


Fig. 10 - Typical Switching Losses vs. Junction Temperature

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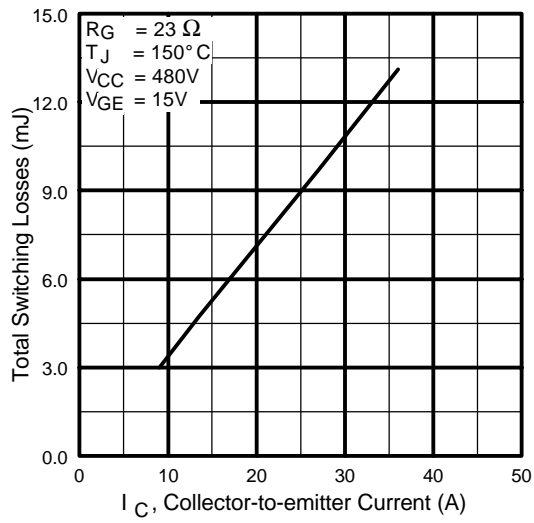


Fig. 11 - Typical Switching Losses vs. Collector-to-Emitter Current

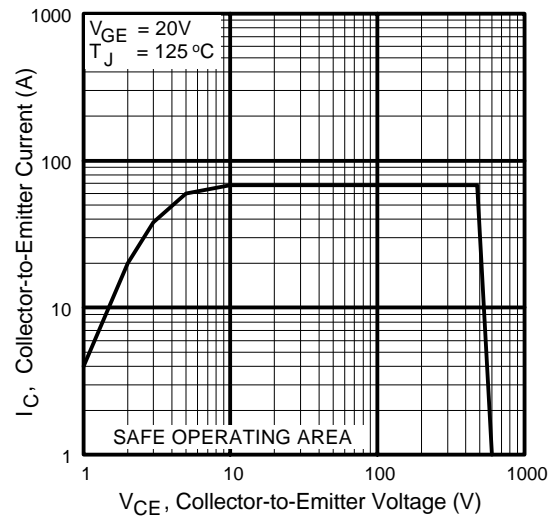


Fig. 12 - Turn-Off SOA

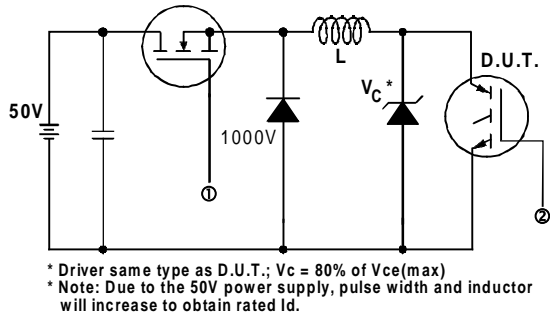


Fig. 13a - Clamped Inductive Load Test Circuit

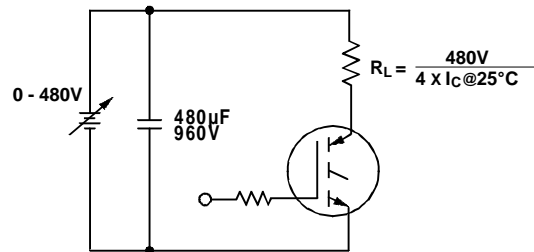


Fig. 13b - Pulsed Collector Current Test Circuit

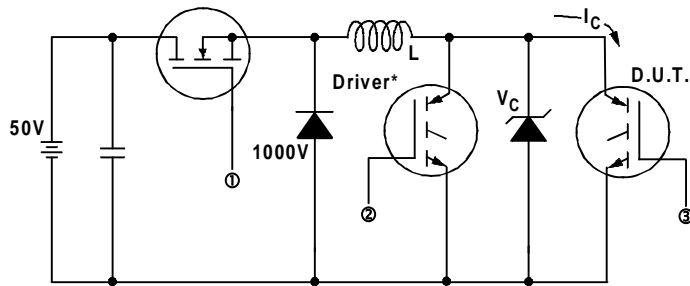


Fig. 14a - Switching Loss Test Circuit

* Driver same type as D.U.T., $V_C = 480V$

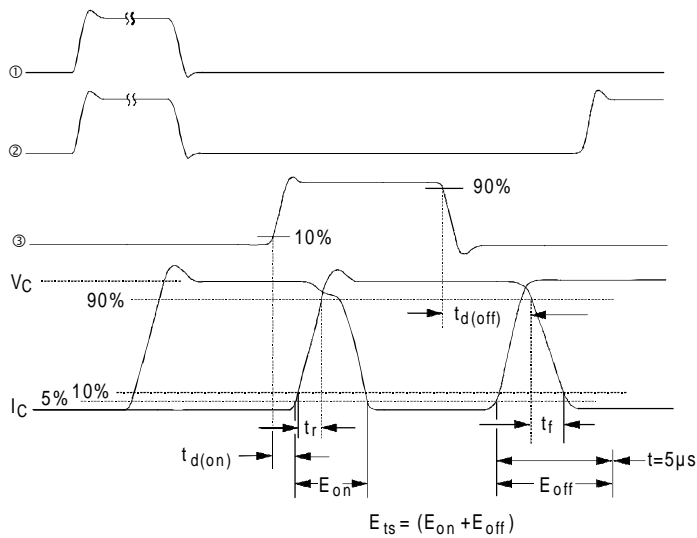
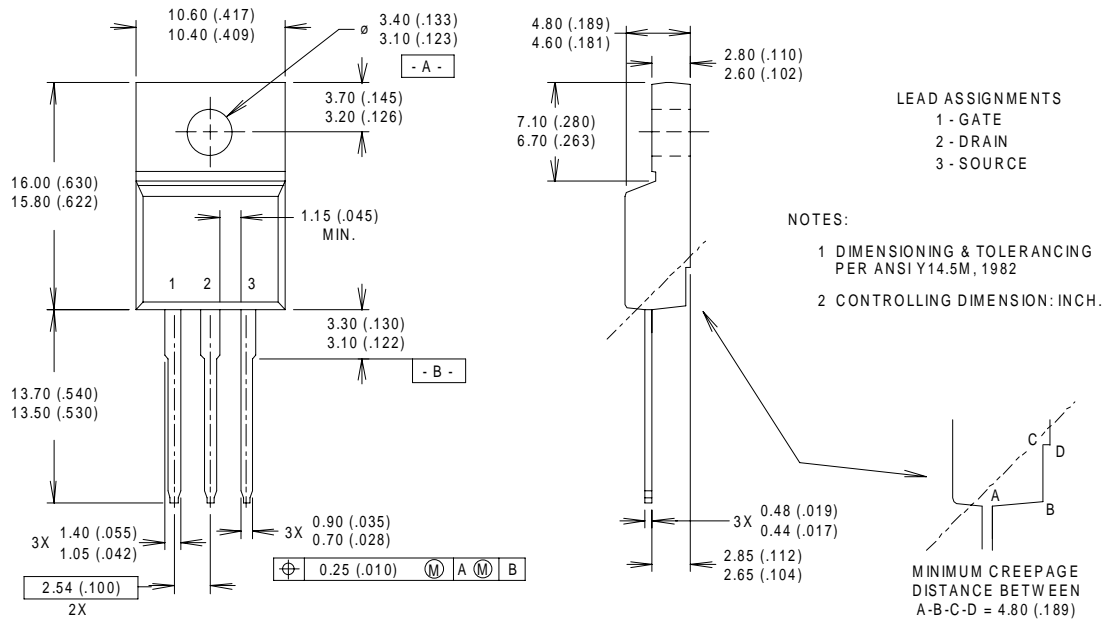


Fig. 14b - Switching Loss Waveforms

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TO-220 Full-Pak Package Outline



Data and specifications subject to change without notice.
 This product has been designed and qualified for the Industrial market.
 Qualification Standards can be found on IR's Web site.



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