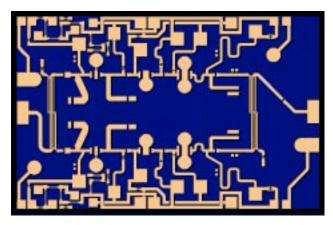


30-38 GHz Balanced Low Noise Amplifier

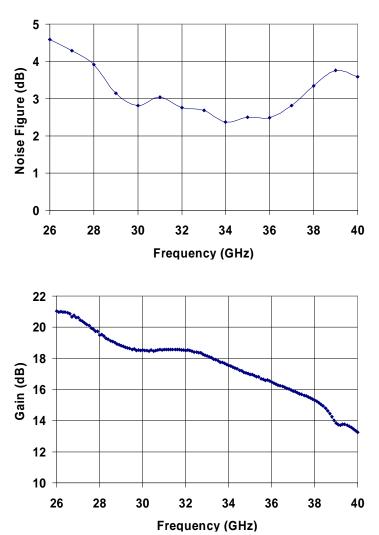
TGA4511-EPU

1



Preliminary Measured Data

Bias Conditions: Vd = 3.5 V, Id = 110 mA



Key Features

- 0.15 um pHEMT Technology
- 15 dBm Nominal Pout @ 35 GHz
- 17 dB Nominal Gain @ 35 GHz
- 2.5 dB Noise Figure @ 35 GHz
- Bias Conditions: 3.5V, 110 mA
- Chip Dimensions: 2.7mm x 1.8mm

Primary Applications

- Point-to-Point Radio
- Point-to-Multipoint Radio

Note: Devices designated as EPU are typically early in their characterization process prior to finalizing all electrical and process specifications. Specifications are subject to change without notice

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TABLE I MAXIMUM RATINGS <u>5</u>/

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	NOTES
V*	Positive Supply Voltage	6 V	<u>4/</u>
V	Negative Supply Voltage Range	-2 to 0 V	
۱+	Positive Supply Current (Quiescent)	400 mA	<u>4/</u>
I _G	Gate Supply Current	40 mA	
P _{IN}	Input Continuous Wave Power	TBD	
P _D	Power Dissipation	TBD	<u>3</u> / <u>4</u> /
Т _{сн}	Operating Channel Temperature	150 ⁰ C	<u>1/ 2</u> /
Τ _M	Mounting Temperature (30 Seconds)	320 ⁰ C	
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature	-65 to 150 ⁰ C	

- <u>1</u>/ These ratings apply to each individual FET.
- <u>2</u>/ Junction operating temperature will directly affect the device median time to failure (T_M). For maximum life, it is recommended that junction temperatures be maintained at the lowest possible levels.
- 3/ When operated at this bias condition with a base plate temperature of TBD, the median life is reduced from TBD to TBD.
- 4/ Combinations of supply voltage, supply current, input power, and output power shall not exceed P_D.
- 5/ These ratings represent the maximum operable values for this device.

TABLE II ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $(Ta = 25^{\circ}C \pm 5^{\circ}C)$

PARAMETER	TYPICAL	UNITS	
Drain Operating	3.5	V	
Quiescent Current	110	mA	
Small Signal Gain	17	dB	
Input Return Loss (Linear Small Signal)	18	dB	
Output Return Loss (Linear Small Signal	18	dB	
Output Power @ 1 dB Compression Gain	15	dBm	
Third Order Intercept Point @ -12 dBm @ 35GHz	25	dBm	

Note: Devices designated as EPU are typically early in their characterization process prior to finalizing all electrical and process specifications. Specifications are subject to change without notice

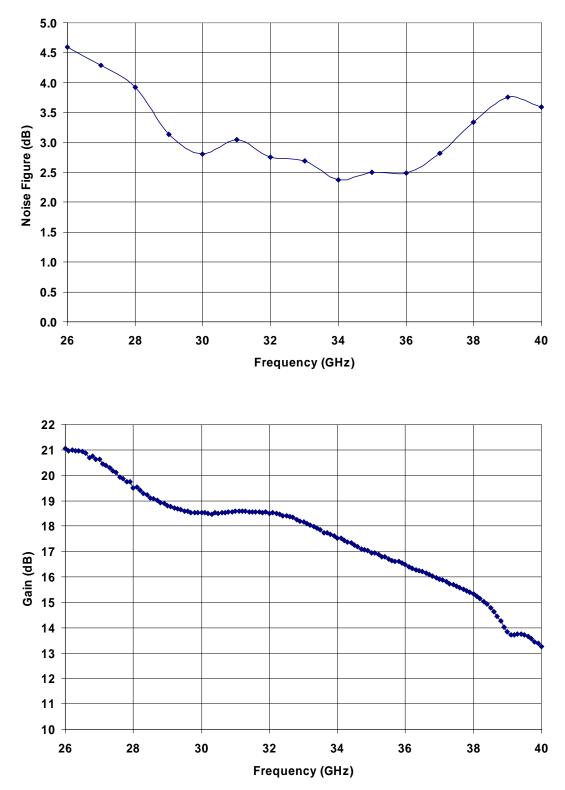


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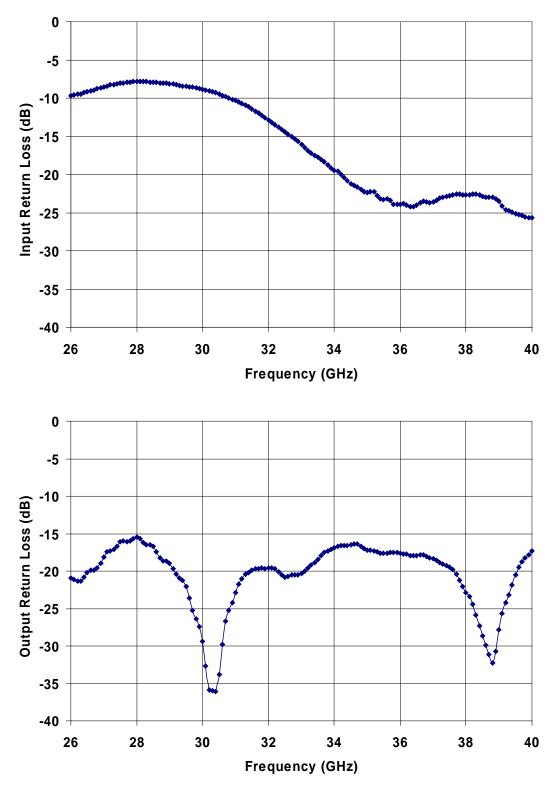


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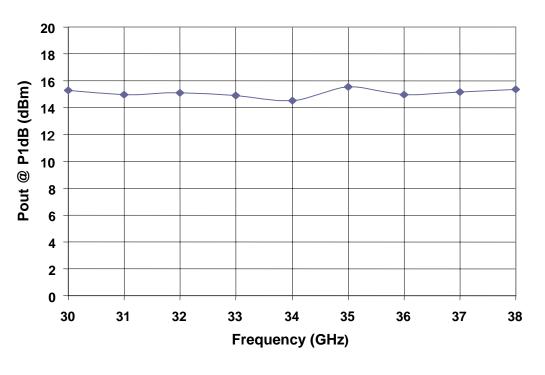
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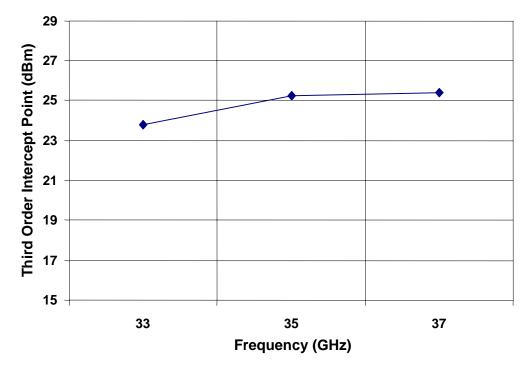
5

Preliminary Measured Data

Bias Conditions: Vd = 3.5 V, Id = 110 mA



TOI at -12 dBm Input Power (P1dB - 10 dB)



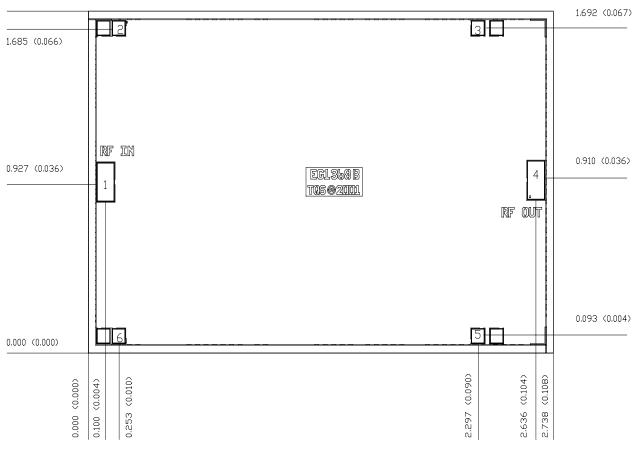
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TGA4511-EPU

Mechanical Drawing

1.779 (0.070)



Units: millimeters (inches) Thickness: 0.1016 (0.004) Chip edge to bond pad dimensions are shown to center of bond pad Chip size tolerance: +/- 0.051 (0.002)

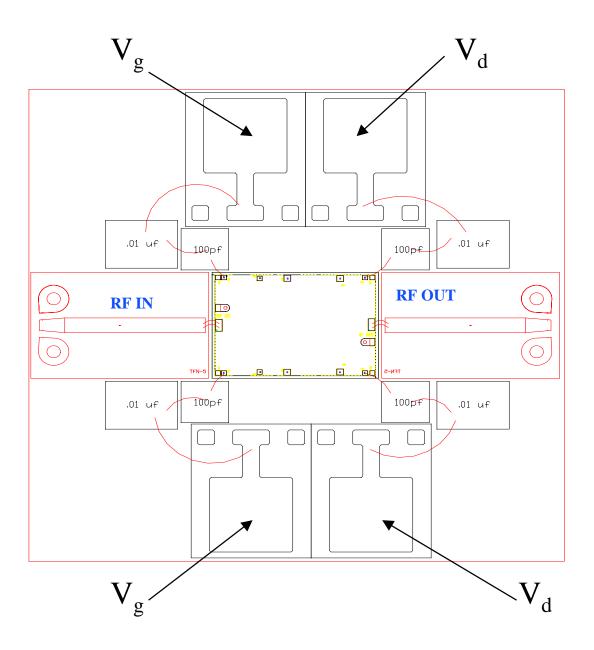
Bond	pad	#1	(RF In)	0.100	X	0.200	(0.004 ×	(800.0
Bond	pad	#2	(gV)	0.085	Х	0.085	(0.003 x	0.003)
Bond	pad	#3	(Vď)	0.085	Х	0.085	(0.003 x	0.003)
Bond	pad	#4	(RF 🛛 ut)	0.100	Х	0,200	(0.004 x	0.008)
Bond	pad	#5	$(\lor d)$	0.085	×	0.085	(0.003 x	0.003)
Bond	pad	#6	(Vg)	0.085	Х	0.085	(0.003 ×	0.003)

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Chip Assembly Diagram



GaAs MMIC devices are susceptible to damage from Electrostatic Discharge. Proper precautions should be observed during handling, assembly and test.

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Assembly Process Notes

Reflow process assembly notes:

- Use AuSn (80/20) solder with limited exposure to temperatures at or above $300 \square C$.
- An alloy station or conveyor furnace with reducing atmosphere should be used.
- No fluxes should be utilized.
- Coefficient of thermal expansion matching is critical for long-term reliability.
- Devices must be stored in a dry nitrogen atmosphere.

Component placement and adhesive attachment assembly notes:

- Vacuum pencils and/or vacuum collets are the preferred method of pick up.
- Air bridges must be avoided during placement.
- The force impact is critical during auto placement.
- Organic attachment can be used in low-power applications.
- Curing should be done in a convection oven; proper exhaust is a safety concern.
- Microwave or radiant curing should not be used because of differential heating.
- Coefficient of thermal expansion matching is critical.

Interconnect process assembly notes:

- Thermosonic ball bonding is the preferred interconnect technique.
- Force, time, and ultrasonics are critical parameters.
- Aluminum wire should not be used.
- Discrete FET devices with small pad sizes should be bonded with 0.0007-inch wire.
- Maximum stage temperature is $200 \square C$.

GaAs MMIC devices are susceptible to damage from Electrostatic Discharge. Proper precautions should be observed during handling, assembly and test.

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